# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



# Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Year Ended June 30, 2019

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# Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island

# ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island (Town) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, general fund and school unrestricted budgetary comparison information, and supplementary pension and other post-employment benefit information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island's financial statements. The Combining Non-Major Fund financials statements, the supplementary tax collector's annual report, and the annual supplemental transparency portal (MTP2) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining Non-Major Fund financials statements, the supplementary tax collector's annual report, and the annual supplemental transparency portal (MTP2) are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Non-Major Fund financials statements, the supplementary tax collector's annual report, and the annual supplemental transparency portal (MTP2) are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2020, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Haque, Sahady 2 Co. PC

Fall River, Massachusetts January 31, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Management of the Town of Lincoln (the Town) provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Town's Annual Financial Report for the readers of the Town's financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial statements of the Town is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Town's audited basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the authoritative standard setting body that provides guidance on how to prepare financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Users of these financial statements (such as investors and rating agencies) rely on the GASB to establish consistent reporting standards for all governments in the United States. This consistent application is the only way users (including citizens, the media, legislators and others) can assess the financial condition of one government compared to others.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$7,312,835 or 9.03% of total budgeted revenues of \$81,012,649. This is a decrease of \$1,232,842 from prior year fund balance.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$6,105,778, or 9.3% of fiscal year 2019 budgeted expenditures and transfers to other funds. This is a decrease of \$1,570,000 over the prior year unassigned General Fund balance.

The Town's General Fund had an operating deficit of \$1,232,842. The School Department operations resulted in an operating deficit of \$1,699,637.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements:

As reported in the government-wide financial statements, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$36,674,802.

The Town's total net position increased by \$256,604 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The total debt related to bonds, and notes of the Town of Lincoln increased by \$22,839,324. This increase is due to a bond anticipation note of \$25,000,000.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. These basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town as a whole. The fund financial statements focus the individual components of the Town's government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both presentations (government-wide and fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison and enhance the Town's accountability. An additional part of the basic financial statements are the notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other required supplementary information, and supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position - the difference between the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources -is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Town, additional non-financial factors should be considered, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town, which can be found on pages 14 through 17 of this report, are divided into two categories:

- *Governmental activities* Most of the Town's basic services are included here, such as education, police, library, public works and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services and state funding finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The Town charges fees to customers to cover the costs of certain services it provides. The Town's water system, sewer system, and police special detail are included here.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the Town government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. It is important to note that these fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

*Governmental funds* – Most of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains many governmental funds. Two governmental funds are considered major funds for presentation purposes; that is, each major fund is presented in a separate column in the governmental fund financial statements. The Town's two major governmental funds are the General Fund and the School Unrestricted Funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 and 20 of this report.

**Proprietary funds** – The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund (Enterprise Fund). Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its water operation, sewer operations and police special details.

The basic proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 22-25 of this report.

*Fiduciary funds* – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 26-27 of this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the basic financial statements.

The notes can be found on pages 28-83 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**Required Supplementary Information** - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Such information includes budgetary comparison schedules and reconciliations of the statutory fund balance for budgetary purposes and the fund balances for the General Fund as presented in the governmental fund financial statements. Also included in required supplementary information are schedules concerning the Town's other postemployment benefits and pension liabilities. Required supplementary information follows the notes to the financial statements.

**Supplementary Information** - In addition to the required supplementary, this report also presents other supplementary information, State law requires the presentation of the Tax Collector's Annual Report, and the MTP2 Municipal Transparency Portal. This other supplementary information can be found immediately following the required supplementary information.

#### Relationship of Statements and Schedules Included in this Report

Table 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and how they relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, the Town has included a section with combining statements that provide details about the Town's non-major governmental funds and fiduciary funds, which are added together and presented in a single column in the basic financial statements.

()		MD&A		
Basic Fina Statements		Government-wide Statements		
: Fina nents	20	(Major) Fund Financial Statements		
& nc		Notes to Financial Statements		
<u></u>		RSI other than MD&A		
		Info. on nonmajor funds & other supplementary info. not required		

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Relationship of Statements and Schedules Included in this Report (Continued)

Table 2 summarizes the major features of the Town's financial statements, including the portion of the Town government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

			Fund Statements	
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire town government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Town that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, rescue and DPW.	Activities the Town operates similar to private businesses such as the water system.	Instances in which the Town is the trustee or the agent for someone else's resources.
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet, statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.	Statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary, net position, statement of changes in fiduciary net position.
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.
Type of assets/ liability information	All assets and liabilities both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term.	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Town's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenue and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may over time serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$36,674,802 at June 30, 2019.

Net investment in capital assets, comprises \$92,556,774. This represents the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles and vessels), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in capital assets is report net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

A portion of the Town's net position totaling \$423,740, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining net position, totaling \$(56,305,712), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

	Government	al Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Assets							
Current assets	\$ 40,804,528	\$ 37,968,807	\$ 7,909,597	\$ 7,740,828	\$ 48,714,125	\$ 45,709,635	
Non current assets	91,072,343	81,039,063	32,953,511	32,952,854	124,025,854	113,991,917	
Total assets	131,876,871	119,007,870	40,863,108	40,693,682	172,739,979	159,701,552	
Deferred outflows of resources							
Pension related outflows	11,604,290	18,184,400	16,057	18,242	11,620,347	18,202,642	
OPEB related activity	2,451,822	1,604,466	-	-	2,451,822	1,604,466	
Other deferred outflows	973,355	983,438			973,355	983,438	
Total deferred outflows of resources	15,029,467	20,772,304	16,057	18,242	15,045,524	20,790,546	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	11,678,381	23,368,261	698,976	941,945	12,377,357	24,310,206	
Long-term liabilities	124,516,652	100,865,350	5,036,431	5,391,420	129,553,083	106,256,770	
Total liabilities	136,195,033	124,233,611	5,735,407	6,333,365	141,930,440	130,566,976	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Pension related inflows	6,806,109	10,914,127	10,136	11,690	6,816,245	10,925,817	
OPEB related inflows	2,356,426	2,367,218	-	-	2,356,426	2,367,218	
Other deferred inflows		184,114	7,590	28,137	7,590	212,251	
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,162,535	13,465,459	17,726	39,827	9,180,261	13,505,286	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	64,837,136	53,688,547	27,719,638	30,298,060	92,556,774	83,986,607	
Restricted	423,740	4,957,582	-	-	423,740	4,957,582	
Unrestricted	(63,712,106)	(56,565,025)	7,406,394	4,040,672	(56,305,712)	(52,524,353)	
Total net position	\$ 1,548,770	\$ 2,081,104	\$ 35,126,032	\$ 34,338,732	\$ 36,674,802	\$ 36,419,836	

An additional portion of the Town's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

#### Year Ended June 30, 2019

# **Changes in Net Position**

The government's total net position increased by \$254,966 during the current fiscal year.

	<b>Changes in Net Position</b>							
	Governmen	tal Activities		Business-Ty	pe Ac	tivities	Т	otal
	2019	2018		2019	_	2018	2019	2018
Revenues								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for service	\$3,046,248	\$3,424,532	\$	5,310,725	\$	5,244,751	\$ 8,356,973	\$ 8,669,283
Operating grants & contributions	5,584,504	5,165,827		1,038,216		1,073,939	6,622,720	6,239,766
Capital grants & contributions	209,189	495,811		-		-	209,189	495,811
General Revenues:								
Property taxes	55,888,421	54,590,279		-		-	55,888,421	54,590,279
State aid to town	2,540,314	2,466,037		-		-	2,540,314	2,466,037
State aid to education	13,244,280	13,518,855		-		-	13,244,280	13,518,855
Other revenue	8,148,638	8,376,499		128,474		-	8,277,112	8,376,499
Earnings on invesments	910,389	434,032		19,639		74,699	930,028	508,731
Total revenues	89,571,983	88,471,872		6,497,054		6,393,389	96,069,037	94,865,261
Expenses								
General government	498,738	2,089,502		-		-	498,738	2,089,502
Financial administration	1,340,809	1,069,992		-		-	1,340,809	1,069,992
Public library	1,941,382	1,857,441		-		-	1,941,382	1,857,441
Public safety	10,618,070	11,329,093		-		-	10,618,070	11,329,093
Public services	12,111,327	10,427,754		-		-	12,111,327	10,427,754
Education	63,147,871	55,360,659		-		-	63,147,871	55,360,659
Interest on debt	473,621	992,939		-		-	473,621	992,939
Water	-	-		3,589,715		3,784,195	3,589,715	3,784,195
Sewer	-	-		1,142,494		1,166,959	1,142,494	1,166,959
Police detail	-	-		950,044		950,621	1,423,665	1,943,560
Total expenses	90,131,818	83,127,380		5,682,253		5,901,775	96,287,692	90,022,094
Increase(decrease) in net position								
before transfers	(559,835)	5,344,492		814,801		491,614	254,966	5,836,106
Transfers between funds	27,501	26,978		(27,501)		(26,978)		
Increase(decrease) in net position	(532,334)	5,371,470		787,300		464,636	254,966	5,836,106
Net position, July 1	2,081,104	(3,290,366)		34,338,732	3	3,874,096	36,419,836	30,583,730
Net position, June 30	\$1,548,770	\$2,081,104	\$	35,126,032	\$ 3	34,338,732	\$36,674,802	\$ 36,419,836

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the Town's net position by \$532,334.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$787,300.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance- related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds:

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near - term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2019, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,213,047, a decrease of \$9,604,944 in comparison with the prior year. The unassigned fund balance of \$3,375,881 or 64.76% of the total fund balance is available for spending at the Town's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is committed, restricted, assigned or non-spendable to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,105,778. As a measure of General Fund liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 8.2% of total General Fund budgeted expenditures.

The Town's General Fund balance decreased by \$1,232,842 during the current fiscal year as a result of revenues exceeding expenditures, including transfers to the School Department of \$41,786,267.

#### **Proprietary Funds:**

The Town's proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at June 30, 2019 totaled \$7,406,394, with the Water Fund making up \$6,589,072 of the total. The Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and Police Detail Fund had changes in net position of \$842,184, (\$96,800), and \$41,916 respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The Financial Town meeting held in May 2018 approved an operating budget of \$81,012,649.

The general fund ended the year with revenue recorded in the amount of \$3,345,780 in excess of the budget. Local revenues were higher than budgeted by \$849,023. The Town also had \$2,254,569 more than budgeted in intergovernmental transactions and \$197,528 more than budgeted for interest and investment income.

The expenditures ended the year with an unfavorable variance of \$1,777,604 The most significant deficit amount includes overspent public service of \$1,851,641 and underspent municipal resolution of \$589,000.

#### **School Department Budgetary Highlights**

The School Unrestricted fund budgetary deficit of \$1,699,637 resulted in part from employee benefit over budget by \$1,017,857 and purchase services of \$883,954.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets: The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$119,820,924 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery & equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. The net increase in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current year was \$9,692,953.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Land	\$ 15,328,174	\$ 15,328,174	\$ 177,452	\$ 177,452	\$ 15,505,626	\$ 15,505,626		
Construction in progress	10,520,942	169,263	-	2,541,870	10,520,942	2,711,133		
Infrastructure, net	15,603,692	14,921,522	30,860,802	28,382,187	46,464,494	43,303,709		
Building & improvements, net	42,715,440	43,965,106	467,116	498,715	43,182,556	44,463,821		
Machinery and equipment, net	842,932	1,004,763	1,208,607	1,177,359	2,051,539	2,182,122		
Vehicles, net	1,856,233	1,786,289	239,534	175,271	2,095,767	1,961,560		
Total	\$ 86,867,413	\$ 77,175,117	\$ 32,953,511	\$ 32,952,854	\$ 119,820,924	\$ 110,127,971		

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration (Continued)

**Long-term debt:** At the end of the fiscal year, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of \$25,388,650. General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the Town, including the Town's power to levy additional taxes to ensure repayment of the debt. The Town issued a two years bond anticipation note of \$25,000,000 on September 25, 2018 with maturity date 09/15/2020.All general obligation debt currently outstanding was approved by a vote of the citizens.

The Town has an Aa2 rating from Moody's Investors Service and an AA rating from Fitch Investors Service.

State statute limits the amount of bonds a governmental entity can issue to 3% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$88,959,529.

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Т	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Bonds and notes	\$20,220,000	\$22,595,000	\$5,168,650	\$5,504,650	\$25,388,650	\$ 28,099,650		
Bond premium	2,425,332	1,751,903	-	-	2,425,332	1,751,903		
Capital lease	-	123,105	-	-	-	123,105		
BAN	25,000,000	-	-	-	25,000,000	-		
Total	\$47,645,332	\$24,470,008	\$5,168,650	\$5,504,650	\$52,813,982	\$ 29,974,658		

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The latest published unemployment rate as of December 2019 for the Town is 2.9 percent. This compares favorably to the State's average unemployment rate of 3.5 percent and the national rate of 3.5 percent. Per capita and median family incomes remain some of the highest in the State.

At the Annual Town Financial Meeting in May 2019, the voters approved a budget for fiscal year 2020 of \$85,418,445. This budget is 5.4 % higher than the fiscal year 2019 budget. The Town's municipal departments increase was 4.4%; the School Department increase was 4.3% and Debt Service and the Resolutions funded through capital reserve funds net increase was 24.1%.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 100 Old River Road, Lincoln, Rhode Island 02865.

## Statement of Net Position

#### June 30, 2019

	Primary Government					
		Governmental	Business-Type			
		Activities	Activities	_	Total	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,368,558	\$ 6,093,629	\$	24,462,187	
Investments		15,521,767	-		15,521,767	
Receivables, net						
Personal property taxes		2,968,063	-		2,968,063	
User charges		-	971,196		971,196	
Intergovernmental		1,258,616	-		1,258,616	
Departmental and other		2,554,540	-		2,554,540	
Internal Balances		(457,094)	457,093		(1)	
Intra entity payable		97,476			97,476	
Other assets		492,602	387,679		880,281	
Net pension asset		4,204,930	-		4,204,930	
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable assets		25,849,116	177,452		26,026,568	
Depreciable assets, net		61,018,297	32,776,059		93,794,356	
Total capital assets		86,867,413	32,953,511		119,820,924	
Total assets		131,876,871	40,863,108		172,739,979	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related outflows		11,604,290	16,057		11,620,347	
OPEB related outflows		2,451,822	-		2,451,822	
Loss on debt refunding		973,355			973,355	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	146,906,338	\$ 40,879,165	\$	187,785,503	

## Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019	9	201	30.	June
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	June	30, 2019						
	Primary Government							
	G	overnmental	Bus	iness-Type				
		Activities	A	Activities		Total		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	7,762,597	\$	291,451	\$	8,054,048		
Accrued interest		358,300		58,525		416,825		
Incurred but not reported claims		454,139		-		454,139		
Current portion of bonds and loans payable		2,930,826		349,000		3,279,826		
Current portion of compensated absences		172,519		-		172,519		
Portion due or payable in more than one year:								
Bonds and loans payable		19,714,506		4,819,650		24,534,156		
BAN Payable		25,000,000		-		25,000,000		
Compensated absences		4,140,463		-		4,140,463		
Other post-employment benefit liability		13,602,574		-		13,602,574		
Net pension liability		62,059,109		216,781		62,275,890		
Total liabilities		136,195,033		5,735,407		141,930,440		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related inflows		6,806,109		10,136		6,816,245		
OPEB related inflows		2,356,426		-		2,356,426		
Other deferred revenue		-		7,590		7,590		
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,162,535		17,726		9,180,261		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		64,837,136	2	7,719,638		92,556,774		
Restricted		423,740		-		423,740		
Unrestricted		(63,712,106)		7,406,394		(56,305,712		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows or resources		146.006.000		0.070.167		100 000 500		
and net position	\$	146,906,338	\$ 4	0,879,165	\$	187,785,503		

#### Statement of Activities

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Net (Expense) Re	venue and Changes	in Net Position
			Program Revenu	es		Primary Governme	ent
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$ 498,738	\$ 292,965	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (205,773)	\$ -	\$ (205,773)
Financial administration	1,340,809	-	-	-	(1,340,809)	-	(1,340,809)
Public library	1,941,382	9,936	-	-	(1,931,446)	-	(1,931,446)
Public safety	10,618,070	-	157,597	-	(10,460,473)	-	(10,460,473)
Public services	12,109,689	2,743,347	148,212	-	(9,218,130)	-	(9,218,130)
Education	60,503,913	-	2,634,737	209,189	(57,659,987)	-	(57,659,987)
State contribution to teachers pension plan	2,643,958	-	2,643,958	-	-	-	-
Interest on debt	473,621				(473,621)		(473,621)
Total governmental activities	90,130,180	3,046,248	5,584,504	209,189	(81,290,239)		(81,290,239)
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>							
Water fund	3,589,715	3,277,325	1,026,100	-	-	713,710	713,710
Sewer fund	1,142,494	1,013,939	12,116	-	-	(116,439)	(116,439)
Police detail fund	950,044	1,019,461				69,417	69,417
Total business-type activities	5,682,253	5,310,725	1,038,216			666,688	666,688
Total Town of Lincoln	\$ 95,812,433	\$ 8,356,973	\$ 6,622,720	\$ 209,189	\$ (81,290,239)	\$ 666,688	\$ (80,623,551)

#### Statement of Activities

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Primary Government					
Total Town of Lincoln		overnmental Activities		usiness-Type Activities		Total
		\$ (81,290,239)		666,688	\$	(80,623,551)
General revenues						
Real estate and personal property, net of reserve for abatements		55,888,421		-		55,888,421
Meals and hotel tax		919,712		-		919,712
Video lottery		6,243,096		-		6,243,096
Table game commissions		1,178,123		-		1,178,123
Public service corporation tax		271,180	-			271,180
School housing aid		921,114		-		921,114
Interest received		910,389		128,474		1,038,863
State aid to education		12,323,166		-		12,323,166
Motor vehicle phase out		910,043		-		910,043
Library aid		202,908		-		202,908
Airport aid		25,000		-		25,000
Medicaid		710,559		-		710,559
Miscellaneous		228,331		19,639		247,970
Total general revenues		80,732,042		148,113		80,880,155
Special items and transfers						
Transfers between funds		27,501		(27,501)	_	-
Total general revenues, special items, and transfers		80,759,543		120,612		80,880,155
Changes in net position		(530,696)		787,300		256,604
Net position - July 1, 2018, restated		2,079,466		34,338,732		36,418,198
Net position - June 30, 2019	\$	1,548,770	\$	35,126,032	\$	36,674,802

#### Governmental Funds

#### Balance Sheet

## June 30, 2019

	Majoi	Fund	Non-Major	Total
	General	School	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Unrestricted	Funds	Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$10,104,092	\$ 911,412	\$ 7,353,054	\$ 18,368,558
Investments	6,144,493	-	9,377,274	15,521,767
Receivables:				
Property taxes, net	2,968,063	-	-	2,968,063
Intergovernmental	160,957	39,664	1,057,995	1,258,616
Other	2,050,342	504,198	-	2,554,540
Due from other funds	468,371	3,472,871	9,503,472	13,444,714
Prepaid items	487,352		5,250	492,602
Total assets	22,383,670	4,928,145	27,297,045	54,608,860
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred outflows	-		-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$22,383,670	\$ 4,928,145	\$ 27,297,045	\$ 54,608,860
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,998,052	5,133,545	631,001	7,762,598
BAN payable	-	-	25,000,000	25,000,000
Due to other funds	10,249,385	112,818	3,442,128	13,804,331
Total liabilities	12,247,437	5,246,363	29,073,129	46,566,929
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred property taxes	2,602,706	-	-	2,602,706
Other deferred revenue	220,692	-	5,486	226,178
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,823,398		5,486	2,828,884
Fund balance				
Nonspendable	487,352	-	5,250	492,602
Restricted	-	-	423,740	423,740
Committed	219,705	-	201,119	420,824
Assigned	500,000	-	-	500,000
Unassigned	6,105,778	(318,218)	(2,411,679)	3,375,881
Total fund balance	7,312,835	(318,218)	(1,781,570)	5,213,047
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,				
and fund balance	\$22,383,670	\$ 4,928,145	\$ 27,297,045	\$ 54,608,860

#### Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

#### to the Statement of Net Position

#### June 30, 2019

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 5,213,047
Assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets, net	86,867,413
TSB net pension asset	4,204,930
Other long-term revenues are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	2,828,884
Other long-term assets related to net pension and OPEB activity and therefore, are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	(9,162,535)
Other long-term liabilities related to net pension and OPEB activity and therefore, are deferred outflows of resources in the funds.	14,056,112
Long term liabilities relating to bond refunding amortized over the life of the bond	973,355
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding	
long-term debt whereas in governmental funds interest is not	
reported until due.	(358,300)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds	
Bonds and notes payable	(22,645,332)
Compensated absences	(4,312,982)
Other postemployment benefits	(13,602,574)
Town net pension liability	(14,217,768)
ERS net pension liability	(45,182,730)
MERS net pension liability	(2,658,611)
Other commitments	(454,139)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,548,770

#### Governmental Funds

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Major Fund		Non-Major	Total
	General	School	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Unrestricted	Funds	Funds
Revenues				
General property taxes and interest	\$55,655,076	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,655,076
Other local and departmental revenue	3,046,248	-	-	3,046,248
Intergovernmental	10,734,243	12,323,166	2,782,949	25,840,358
Interest received	582,528	2,481	325,380	910,389
State contribution to pension plan	-	2,556,945	-	2,556,945
Medicaid	-	710,559	-	710,559
Other revenue		163,296	368,754	532,050
Total revenue	70,018,095	15,756,447	3,477,083	89,251,625
Expenditures				
General government	929,776	-	7,938	937,714
Financial administration	984,274	-	-	984,274
Public library	1,209,575	-	-	1,209,575
Public safety	6,997,209	-	211,674	7,208,883
Public services	7,375,918	-	3,234,436	10,610,354
Grants and contributions	62,500	-	-	62,500
Other expenditures	5,357,306	-	-	5,357,306
Education	-	56,685,406	11,168,727	67,854,133
State contribution to pension plan	-	2,556,945	-	2,556,945
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service				
Principal	2,145,000	-	-	2,145,000
Interest	875,136			875,136
Total expenditures	25,936,694	59,242,351	14,622,775	99,801,820
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	44,081,401	(43,485,904)	(11,145,692)	(10,550,195)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Bond Proceeds	3,620,000	-	-	3,620,000
Bond issuance premium	342,847	-	-	342,847
BAN issuance premium	-	-	917,750	917,750
Payment to escrow agent	(3,962,847)	-	-	(3,962,847)
Transfers in	27,501	41,786,267	3,555,477	45,369,245
Transfers out	(45,341,744)			(45,341,744)
Other financing sources (uses)	(45,314,243)	41,786,267	4,473,227	945,251
Excess of revenue and other sources over				
expenditures and other uses	(1,232,842)	(1,699,637)	(6,672,465)	(9,604,944)
Fund balance, July 1, 2018 restated	8,545,677	1,381,419	4,890,895	14,817,991
Fund balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 7,312,835	\$ (318,218)	\$ (1,781,570)	\$ 5,213,047

# Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (9,604,944)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays including dispositions exceeded depreciation in the current period.	9,692,296
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are fully deferred in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Therefore, the recognition of revenue for various types of accounts receivable (i.e., real estate and personal property, motor vehicle excise, etc.) differ between the two statements. This amount represents the net change in deferred inflows of resources.	233,345
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	1,824,676
Bond refunding of long term debt are amortized over the course of the payable but are not reported as an expenditure on governmental fund statements	(10,083)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in governmental funds interest, is not reported until due.	34,415
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	105,915
The other postemployment benefit expense reported in the Statement of Activities requires the use of current financial resources and is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds	598,855
The deferred salary and other commitments expense reported in the Statement of Activities requires the use of current financial resources and is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds	(316,901)
The net pension liability expense reported in the Statement of Activities requires the use of current financial resources and is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds	 (3,088,270)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (530,696)

# Proprietary Funds

#### Statement of Net Position

#### June 30, 2019

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Police Detail Fund	Total
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,801,919	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,801,919
Restricted cash	3,291,710	-	-	3,291,710
Due from other funds	231,116	195,974	30,003	457,093
Receivables, net:				-
User fees, net	667,105	103,689	200,402	971,196
Inventory	88,460	-	-	88,460
Other assets	4,080	295,139		299,219
Total current assets	7,084,390	594,802	230,405	7,909,597
Non-current assets				
Nondepreciable	177,452	-	-	177,452
Depreciable, net	20,917,639	11,755,540	102,880	32,776,059
Total non-current assets	21,095,091	11,755,540	102,880	32,953,511
Total assets	28,179,481	12,350,342	333,285	40,863,108
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension related outflows	16,057			16,057
Total assets and deferred outflows of	10,037			10,037
resources	28,195,538	12,350,342	333,285	40,879,165
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	276,868	14,583	-	291,451
Accrued interest payable	23,882	34,643	-	58,525
Current portion of bonds & notes payable	186,000	163,000	-	349,000
Total current liabilities	486,750	212,226		698,976
Non-current liabilities:				
Bonds and loans payable	2,074,150	2,745,500	-	4,819,650
Net pension liability	216,781	-	-	216,781
Total non-current liabilities	2,290,931	2,745,500		5,036,431
Total liabilities	2,777,681	2,957,726		5,735,407
				2,722,107
Deferred inflows of resources	10.106			10.126
Pension related inflows	10,136	-	-	10,136
Unearned revenue	7,590			7,590
Total deferred inflows of resources	17,726			17,726
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	18,811,059	8,805,699	102,880	27,719,638
Unrestricted	6,589,072	586,917	230,405	7,406,394
Total net position	\$25,400,131	\$ 9,392,616	\$ 333,285	\$35,126,032

# Proprietary Funds

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Police Detail	
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	Total
Operating revenues				
User fees and charges	\$ 3,277,325	\$ 1,013,939	\$ 1,019,461	\$ 5,310,725
Other revenues	1,026,100	12,116	-	1,038,216
Interest and penalties		19,639		19,639
Total operating revenues	4,303,425	1,045,694	1,019,461	6,368,580
Operating expenses				
Administrative	900,370	42,603	891,531	1,834,504
Maintenance and servicing	2,186,032	385,413	-	2,571,445
Operating supplies	-	200,660	-	200,660
Depreciation and amortization	447,438	397,636	58,513	903,587
Total operating expenses	3,533,840	1,026,312	950,044	5,510,196
Operating income (loss)	769,585	19,382	69,417	858,384
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment income	128,474	-	-	128,474
Investment expense	(55,875)	(116,182)		(172,057)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	72,599	(116,182)		(43,583)
Income (loss) before transfers	842,184	(96,800)	69,417	814,801
Transfers				
Transfers out - operating			(27,501)	(27,501)
Total Transfers			(27,501)	(27,501)
Change in net position	842,184	(96,800)	41,916	787,300
Net position, July 1, 2018	24,557,947	9,489,416	291,369	34,338,732
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$25,400,131	\$ 9,392,616	\$ 333,285	\$35,126,032

# Proprietary Funds

#### Statement of Cash Flows

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Police Detail	
Cash flows from operating activities	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	Total
Cash neceived from customers	\$ 4,317,575	\$ 750,556	\$ 944,932	\$ 6,013,063
Cash received from (to) other funds	¢ 4,317,375 10,765	¢ 750,550 272,541	<sup>(4)</sup> 39,055	\$ 0,013,003 322,361
Payments to suppliers and employees	(3,324,262)	(680,683)	(891,531)	(4,896,476)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,004,078	342,414	92,456	1,438,948
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Transfers in (out)			(27,501)	(27,501)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities			(27,501)	(27,501)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition of capital assets	(465,868)	(358,485)	(64,955)	(889,308)
Principal paid on capital debt	(178,000)	(158,000)	-	(336,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	(57,694)	(111,782)	-	(169,476)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(701,562)	(628,267)	(64,955)	(1,394,784)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest and dividends	128,474	-	-	128,474
Net cash used by investing activities	128,474			128,474
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	430,990	(285,853)	-	145,137
Balances-beginning of the year	5,662,639	285,853		5,948,492
Balances-end of the year	\$ 6,093,629	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,093,629
Displayed as: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,093,629	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 6,093,629

# Proprietary Funds

#### Statement of Cash Flows

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Water Fund		Police Detail Sewer Fund Fund		Total		
Operating income (loss)	\$	769,585	\$	19,382	\$ 69,417	\$	858,384
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash							
provided (used) by operating activities:							
Depreciation expense		447,438		382,699	58,513		888,650
Change in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in user charges receivables, net		18,498		22,895	(74,529)		(33,136)
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		1,424		(295,139)	-		(293,715)
(Increase) decrease in other assets		(15,065)		-	-		(15,065)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		10,765		272,541	39,055		322,361
Increase (decrease) accounts payable and							
accrued expenses		(222,852)		(37,070)	-		(259,922)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(1,364)		-	-		(1,364)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		(4,351)		(22,894)	-		(27,245)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,004,078	\$	342,414	\$ 92,456	\$	1,438,948

# Fiduciary Funds

#### Statement of Net Position

## June 30, 2019

	Employee Benefit Trust Funds	oyee Benefit Private Purpose ast Funds Trust Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 34,009	\$ 577,201
Investments Accounts receivable	33,326,617		374,411
Total assets	33,326,617	34,009	951,612
<b>Deferred outflows of resources</b> None			<u> </u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	33,326,617	34,009	951,612
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits held	-	-	25,969 97,476 828,167
Total liabilities	-	-	951,612
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b> None			
Net Position			
Restricted for pension trust Restricted for OPEB trust Restricted for private purposes	27,252,464 6,074,153	34,009	- - -
Total net position	33,326,617	34,009	-
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 33,326,617	\$ 34,009	\$ 951,612

# Fiduciary Funds

#### Statement of Changes in Net Position

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	-	oloyee Benefit `rust Funds	Private Purpos Trust Funds		
Additions					
Employer contributions	\$	3,727,847	\$	-	
Plan member contributions		333,249		-	
Investment income (net of related fees)		2,331,586		71	
Total additions		6,392,682		71	
Deductions					
Benefits paid		2,963,817		-	
Administrative expenses		14,222		-	
Total deductions		2,978,039		-	
Changes in fund equity held in trust					
for individuals, organizations, and					
other governments		3,414,643		71	
Net position, July 1, 2018		29,911,974		33,938	
Net position, June 30, 2019	\$	33,326,617	\$	34,009	

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The basic financial statements of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental entities. In certain instances, summaries of the Town's significant accounting policies have been presented throughout the notes to the financial statements in conjunction with other disclosures to which they relate.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town was founded in 1871. The Town is governed largely under the 1958 Home Rule Charter, which provides for a Council-Administrator form of government. The Town provides various services including education, water, libraries, public safety (police and rescue), public works, (engineering, highway, recycling, sewer, public buildings, parks and recreation), social services and general government services.

The elected Town Administrator serves as chief administrative agent over all municipal services including public safety (police and rescue), public works (highway, maintenance, and sanitation), social services, parks and recreation, planning, zoning and inspection, and general administrative services. The Superintendent of Schools, appointed by the School Committee, serves as the chief administrative agent for the School Department, which provides elementary and secondary education to Town residents. The Superintendent of the Water Commission, appointed by the Board of Water Commissioners, serves as the Chief Administrative Agent for the Water Commission, a quasi-municipal agency/department of the Town.

The Town complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), including all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 61. Under GASB Statement No. 61, a legally separate entity is required to be included as a component unit if it is fiscally dependent upon the primary government and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship present. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints the voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A potential component unit has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the primary government if, for example, any one of the following conditions exists:

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

- a. The primary government is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources.
- b. The primary government is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization.
- c. The primary government is obligated for the debt of the organization.

The Town has identified no component units through the application of GASB Statement No. 61.

#### Accounting Pronouncements Implemented in the Current Year:

GASB Statement 88, Certain Disclosures related to Debt, including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in the notes to the government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. This statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, including unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral for the debt, and terms specified in debt agreement related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences and significant subjective acceleration clauses. The Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island has implemented this standard in FY2019 and expects an impact to the financial reporting framework related specifically to note disclosures.

#### Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements not yet Effective:

**GASB Statement 84**, *Fiduciary Activities* is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria should present a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a business-type activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for three months or less. The Town of Lincoln is in the process of evaluating this statement and expects an impact to the financial reporting framework in Fiscal Year 2020.

*GASB Statement No.* 87, *Leases*, will be effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. This Statement requires a lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use leased assets. The lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Town of Lincoln is in the process of evaluating this statement and expects an impact to the financial accounting and reporting framework in Fiscal Year 2021.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements not yet Effective (Continue)** 

**GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period** The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Town of Lincoln is in the process of evaluating this statement and does not expects an impact to the financial accounting and reporting framework in Fiscal Year 2021.

**GASB Statement 90**, *Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61* is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component units. The Town of Lincoln has evaluated this standard and does not expect an impact to the financial reporting framework.

GASB Statement 91, Conduit Debt Obligations - is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. A conduit debt obligation is defined as a debt instrument having *all* of the following characteristics: (a) There are at least three parties involves: (1) an issuer, (2) a third-party obligor and (3) a debt holder or a debt trustee; (b) The issuer and the third party obligor are not within the same financial reporting entity; (c) The debt obligation is not a parity bond of the issuer, not is it cross-collateralized with other debt of the issuer; (d) The third party obligor or its agent, not the issuer, ultimately receives the proceeds from the debt issuances; and (5) The third party obligor, not the issuer, is primarily obligated for the payment of all amounts associated with the debt obligation (debt service payments.) This Statement also addresses arrangements-often characterized as leases-that are associated with conduit debt obligations. The Town of Lincoln is in the process of evaluating this Statement and will complete their evaluation prior to the required implementation date of Fiscal Year 2022.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **B.** Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the Town as a whole. They include all funds of the Town except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenue for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Program revenues include a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Town are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primaryoperating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Fund types used by the Town and a description of the funds comprising each are as follows:

#### Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are used to account for operations that supply basic government services. The Town uses the following governmental funds:

*General Fund* - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

*Special Revenue Funds* - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

*Capital Projects Funds* - Capital projects funds are used to account for and report resources restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

#### Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public (enterprise funds) or within the government (internal service funds). These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The Town considers all enterprise funds to be major funds for financial statement purposes even though they may not qualify under the GASB guidelines. The Town's proprietary funds consist of the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and the Police Detail Fund. The Town has no internal service funds.

#### Fiduciary Funds (not included in government wide financial statements):

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held by the Town in a trustee or agency capacity and, therefore, cannot be used to support the Town's own programs. The following fiduciary funds are used by the Town:

*Pension Trusts Fund* - Pension trust funds account for contributions made by the Town and its participating employees to provide retirement benefits to the participating employees.

*OPEB Trust Fund* - OPEB trust fund is used to account for funds to be used to provide postretirement benefits.

*Private Purpose Trust Fund* - The Town's private purpose trust accounts for resources legally held in trust for use by an outside committee to provide awards and scholarships in accordance with a donor's instructions. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on investments, may be used. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital.

Agency Funds - Agency funds are established when the Town holds assets in custody for others in an agency capacity.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciaryfund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued):

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are susceptible to accrual. Susceptibility occurs when revenues are both measurable and available for liquidating liabilities of the current period. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (sixty days). Revenues not considered to be available are recorded as unavailable revenues (deferred inflows of resources). Expenditures, including capital outlays, are recognized when a liability has been incurred, except for those involving debt service and other long-term obligations that are recognized when paid.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, interest and charges for services. Fines, licenses and permit revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash and thus are recognized when received. Rescue service fees receivable, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts, are reported as deferred inflows of resources and considered unavailable in the fund statements.

Recognition of grant revenues is based on the susceptibility of accrual as determined by the legal and contractual requirements established by each grantor. For grants not restrictive as to specific purposes and revocable only for failure to comply with general prescribed requirements, revenues are recognized when received. Where expenditure is the prime factor in determining eligibility, grant revenue is recognized as allowable expenditures are made provided, they are collected during the year or estimated to be collected in the following fiscal year. Prior to expenditure, proceeds received in advance are recorded as unearned revenues.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds consist of charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

#### Use of estimates:

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Property taxes:

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year they are levied and become available. Taxes are levied on July 1 on (a) one hundred percent of the full and fair value of real and tangible personal property owned within the Town the previous December 31; and, (b) the value, as determined by the Rhode Island Vehicle Valuation Commission, of vehicles registered within the Town the previous calendar year, prorated for the actual number of days so registered. Taxes levied on July 1 are payable July 31 or may be paid quarterly on July 31, October 31, January 31, and April 30. Failure to make payments by March 10 will result in a lien on the taxpayer's property.

#### Intergovernmental revenues:

State aid and other intergovernmental revenue is recognized in the year in which the funds are appropriated by the Rhode Island General Assembly, provided they are collected during the fiscal year.

#### Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, time and demand deposits and short-term investments maturing within three months from the date of acquisition.

Under Rhode Island general laws, depository institutions must insure deposits of municipalities or pledge eligible collateral equal to 100% of deposits maturing in greater than 60 days. Any institution not meeting certain federally prescribed minimum capital standards must insure deposits or provide collateral regardless of date of maturity. The Town complied with these requirements. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk or other risks.

#### Investments:

Investments are reported at fair value, based on quotations from applicable national securities exchanges. Unrealized gains and losses from changes in fair value are recognized as investment income. The Town does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk or other risks other than those relating to its pension trust fund. The Town's investment commission is responsible for the supervision of the investment of the Town's Pension Trust Fund investments, with the objective of preserving capital and investing with care to minimize the risk of large losses.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Inter-fund transactions:

Transactions between funds have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements but fully presented within the governmental fund financial statements with no elimination made between or within funds. Reimbursements are accounted for as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and reductions to expenditures in the reimbursed fund. All other inter-fund transactions in the governmental fund financial statements are operating transfers on the operating statements of the funds involved.

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due from/to other funds" (current portion) or "advances from/to other funds" (noncurrent portion). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due from/to other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financialstatements as "internal balances".

#### Capital assets:

In the government-wide financial statements all capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The ranges of estimated useful lives by of asset are as follows:

	Years
Land improvements	20
Building improvements	20-60
Furniture and equipment	2-30
Motor vehicles	5-10
Water mains, valves, tanks, hydrants and services	10-100
	20-60

Capital assets acquired by governmental funds may be accounted for as capital outlay expenditures.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Bond issuance costs:

Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

#### Compensated absences:

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

In the governmental fund financial statements, vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

#### Long-term obligations:

In the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long- term obligations (including compensated absences and accrued claims and judgments) are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the related debt using the effective interest method.

In the governmental fund financial statements, long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. Bond premiums are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses.

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pensions in this category. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (continued):

The deferred outflows applicable to pensions related to contributions made by the Town after the measurement date, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments and changes in actuarial assumptions. The deferred outflows related to contributions will be recognized in the following year while the deferred outflows related to projected and actual earnings will be amortized over the average remaining service life of all plan members.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance collections and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in this category. The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions is the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment and changes in actuarial assumptions. These deferred inflows will be amortized over the average remaining services life of all plan members.

#### Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for fund expenditures and/or expense are recorded in order to reserve portions of applicable appropriations, is employed in the governmental and business-type funds.

#### Fund equity:

Government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements:

#### Net position:

The Town's net position has been segregated into the following three components:

Net investment in capital assets - represents the net book value of all capital assets less the outstanding balances of bonds and other debt used to acquire, construct or improve these assets.

Restricted - those that have been limited to uses specified either externally by creditors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or internally by enabling legislation or law.

Unrestricted - a residual category for the balance of net position.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Fund Equity (Continued):

The Town's fund balance is reported in the following categories:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - amounts that have been restricted to specific purposes either by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions orenabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Town, using its highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes internally by the Town.

Commitments will only be used for specific purposes pursuant to a formal action of the · Town Council. Town Council Resolution is required to approve, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. At June 30, 2019, committed fund balance of the General Fund consisted of encumbrances totaling \$219,705. Assigned fund balance - amounts that are intended by the Town to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. At June 30, 2019, assigned fund balance of the General Fund consisted of a health care reserve of \$500,000.

The Town Council delegates to the Town Administrator or designee the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such assignments cannot exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund. Unassigned fund balance - amounts available for any purpose.

Expenditures may be incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available. Composition of the ending fund balance will be determined by applying the following: In those instances, where both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, restricted amounts will be considered to have been spent first (as allowed and in compliance with stated and specified terms or requirements), followed by committed amounts, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### Other post -employment benefits:

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's plan and additions to/deductions from Town's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Town. For this purpose, the Town recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Pensions:

Employees; Retirement System Plan (ERS)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Employees' Retirement System plan (ERS) and the additions to/deductions from ERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) of Rhode Island and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan (TSB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Survivors Benefit plan (TSB) and the additions to/deductions from TSB fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSB. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Town Private Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Private plan (TPP) and the additions to/deductions from TPP fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TPP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note to the Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2019

#### Note 2. Fund Deficits

The following individual funds had unassigned fund deficits as of June 30, 2019:

Town Special Revenue	
DCF Grant	\$ 8,700
BYRNE JAG	350
Operation Riptide	2,592
Senior Center Programs	 713
Total Fund Deficit	\$ 12,355
School Special Revenue	
Pilot Mini Grant	\$ 21
ELL Grant	4,194
Various Funds	29,065
RI Kindergarden Project	 5,859
Total Fund Deficit	\$ 39,139

These deficits will be funded through bond proceeds, sales of property, or transfers from other funds.

#### Note 3. Cash and cash equivalents

The Town maintains deposits in various financial institutions that are carried at market value except for those amounts which are carried as petty cash. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents".

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits and cash held by fiduciary funds was \$25,073,397 while the bank balance was approximately \$26,824,181. Of the bank balance approximately \$22,343,874 was insured and / or collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution in the Town's name.

At June 30, 2019, deposits are categorized as follows:

	Insured/			
	Collaterized in	Total Bank	Carrying	
	Town's Name	Balance		Amount
Deposits:				
Demand deposits & savings	\$ 21,397,150	\$ 24,909,058	\$	23,156,454
Short-term CD's	120,483	120,483		120,483
Money market	303,784	1,272,183		1,272,183
RICWFA	522,457	522,457		524,277
	\$ 22,343,874	\$ 26,824,181	\$	25,073,397

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 3. Cash and cash equivalents (Continued)

#### Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

#### Note 4. Investments

Investment of all idle funds is made through national banks or trust companies, providing that the financial conditions and integrity of these institution or institutions are verifiable and can be monitored. The investment of funds is in direct obligations of the United States Government and "money market instruments" rated "A" or better. Investments in any one institution cannot exceed five (5) percent of that institutions capital and surplus as set forth in the institutions most recent audited financial statements. All investments are made as would be done by prudent men of discretion and intelligence in such matters who are seeking a reasonable income and preservation of their capital. The Town follows the guidance of the fair value measurement and disclosures in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application". The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted priced in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for asset or liability (supported by little or no market activity). Level 3 inputs include management's own assumption about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization to debt securities. The Town's formal investment policy for its Pension Trust Fund states that no security can be purchased that is rated below B by Moody's Investor Services or Standard & Poor's Ratings Group. The pension investment policy also states that no more than 10% of the portfolio's fixed income allocation may be invested in securities rated below investment grade. The pension portfolio may not invest in or use synthetic securities or derivatives of any kind. The Town does not have a formal policy that limits investment choices for its other funds.

#### Concentration of credit risk:

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the investment in a single issuer. The Town's formal investment policy for its Pension Trust Fund states that nomore than 5% of the portfolio's value may be invested in the securities of any one issuer except for securities of the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities. The Town does not have a formal policy that limits the amount that the Town may invest in one issuer for its other funds.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 4. Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk:

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not believe that it has significant custodial credit risk with regard to its investments as substantially all investment securities are registered and held in the name of the Town.

Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The Town does not have a formal policy for foreign currency risk. There was no foreign currency risk noted at June 30, 2019.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

*Mutual funds:* Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held by the Town are open-ended mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

*Fixed income securities:* Valued using market quotations or prices obtained from independent pricing sources which may employ various pricing methods to value the investments, including matrix pricing based on quoted prices for securities with similar coupons, ratings and maturities.

The following table summarizes the assets of the Town for which fair values are determined on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2019.

		Fair Value Measurement						
	June 30,	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs				
Investment at Fair Value	2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
Mutual Funds								
Black Rock Equity Fund	\$ 12,735,737	\$ 12,735,737	\$ -	\$ -				
International Growth	1,842,921	1,842,921	-	-				
International Value	1,784,889	1,784,889	-	-				
Multi-Manager Core Fixed Income	1,348,329	1,348,329	-	-				
Multi-Manager Small Cap Growth	752,382	752,382	-	-				
Multi-Manager Small Cap Value	752,342	752,342	-	-				
REIT Fund	1,769,581	1,769,581	-	-				
Vanguard	6,074,153	6,074,153	-	-				
Fixed Income Securities	6,266,283	6,266,283	-	-				
Government Banking Investment	15,022,827	15,022,827	-	-				
Long-term CD's	498,940	-	-	498,940				
	\$ 48,848,384	\$ 48,349,444	\$ -	\$ 498,940				

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note 4. Investments (Continued)

Pension Trust Fund and OPEB Trust Fund investments:

	Carrying
	Amount
Mutual Funds	\$ 20,986,181
Fixed Income	12,340,436
Total investments:	\$ 33,326,617

#### **Note 5. Interfund Transactions**

Inter-fund receivables and payables at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Due from Other Funds		Due to Other Funds		Other Financing Sources		er Financing Uses
<u> Major Governmental Funds</u>							
General fund	\$ 468,371	\$	10,249,385	\$	27,501	\$	45,341,744
School unrestricted fund	3,472,871		112,818		41,786,267		-
<u>Non-Major Governmental Funds</u>							
Town special revenue	390,910		12,355		-		-
School special revenue	685,685		864,292		-		-
Capital projects	8,426,877		2,565,481		3,555,477		-
<b>Proprietary Funds</b>							
Water fund	231,116		-		-		-
Sewer fund	195,974		-		-		-
Police detail fund	30,003		-		-		27,501
Fiduciary Funds							
Agency fund	 		97,476				-
Totals	\$ 13,901,807	\$	13,901,807	\$	45,369,245	\$	45,369,245

The principal purpose of interfund transfers is to provide a financing source to various funds that may not have the ability to cover all operating costs or capital expenditures with revenue generated by the fund.

### Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

### Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 15,328,174 169,263	\$ - 10,351,679	\$ - 	\$ 15,328,174 10,520,942
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	15,497,437	10,351,679		25,849,116
Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements and infrastructure Buildings & improvements Machinery & equipment Motor Vehicles	23,543,777 65,030,652 5,106,581 4,540,312	1,610,967 327,659 30,116 251,753	- - - 44,000	25,154,744 65,358,311 5,136,697 4,748,065
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	98,221,322	2,220,495	44,000	100,397,817
Less accumulated depreciation: Land improvements and infrastructure Buildings & improvements Machinery & equipment Motor Vehicles	8,622,255 21,065,546 4,101,818 2,754,023	928,797 1,577,325 191,947 181,809	- - - 44,000	9,551,052 22,642,871 4,293,765 2,891,832
Total accumulated depreciation:	36,543,642	2,879,878	44,000	39,379,520
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Governmental activites capital assets, net	61,677,680 \$77,175,117	(659,383) \$ 9,692,296		<u>61,018,297</u> \$ 86,867,413
•				

For the year ended June 30, 2019, depreciation was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 129,055
Public safety	386,128
Public works	718,064
Library	342,017
Recreation	55,724
Education	 1,204,890
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 2,835,878

### Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

## Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 177,452	\$ -	\$-	\$ 177,452	
Construction in progress	2,541,870		2,541,870		
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	2,719,322		2,541,870	177,452	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings & improvements	1,214,181		-	1,214,181	
Infrastructure	44,729,963	3,070,798	-	47,800,761	
Machinery & equipment	1,857,270	209,809	-	2,067,079	
Motor Vehicles	1,020,217	119,575		1,139,792	
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	48,821,631	3,400,182		52,221,813	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings & improvements	715,466	31,599	-	747,065	
Infrastructure	16,347,776	592,183	-	16,939,959	
Machinery & equipment	679,911	178,561	-	858,472	
Motor Vehicles	844,946	55,312	-	900,258	
Total accumulated depreciation:	18,588,099	857,655		19,445,754	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	30,233,532	2,542,527		32,776,059	
Business-type activites capital assets, net	\$ 32,952,854	\$ 2,542,527	\$ 2,541,870	\$ 32,953,511	

For the year ended June 30, 2019, depreciation was charged to the following functions:

Business-type activities	
Water Fund	\$ 443,957
Sewer Fund	382,699
Police Detail	 30,999
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 857,655

#### Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

### Note 7. Long-Term Obligation

#### General obligation bonds, notes and loans payable:

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund previously outstanding general obligation bonds.

Rhode Island general laws cap the amount of each municipality's general obligation bonds that may be outstanding to 3% of its assessed property values. Exceptions apply to bonds financed from nontax revenues and special exemptions are granted for other purposes as well. The assessed value of the Town's properties at December 31, 2018 was \$2,965,317,648, limiting the amount of non-excepted general obligation bonds outstanding to \$88,959,529. At June 30, 2019, bonds outstanding totaled \$45,220,000.

On September 25, 2018, the Town issued 33,620,000 in general obligation bond to refund on a current basis, 33,850,000 of the outstanding GOB – Open Space and Improvement to Municipal Buildings, 2007 and 2008 bonds. The net carrying value of the old debt exceed the reacquisition price by 112,847 which is being amortized over the new debt's life.

#### Defeasance of debt:

On July 1, 2003, the Town issued \$18,770,000 in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 3.83% to refund in advance \$6,980,000 in 1996 bonds and \$11,360,000 in 1993 bonds. The note proceeds were used to purchase U.S. Government securities which were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1996 bonds and the redemption of the 1993 bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for defeased bonds are not included in the Town's financial statements. On June 30, 2019, the outstanding balance of defeased bonds is \$16,780,000.

A summary of long-term obligations at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total		
General obligation bonds	\$	20,220,000	\$ -	\$	20,220,000	
BANS		25,000,000	-		25,000,000	
Premium on bond issuance		2,425,332	-		2,425,332	
Total bonds payable		47,645,332	 -		47,645,332	
Loans payable		-	5,168,650		5,168,650	
Capital leases		-	-		-	
MERS Pension		2,658,611	-		2,658,611	
ERSRI Pension		45,182,730	-		45,182,730	
Police Pension		14,217,768	-		14,217,768	
OPEB obligation		13,602,574	-		13,602,574	
Accrued compensated absences		4,312,982	-		4,312,982	
		127,619,997	 5,168,650		132,788,647	
Less portion due within one year		3,103,345	349,000		3,452,345	
Total long term debt	\$	124,516,652	\$ 4,819,650	\$	129,336,302	

#### Note to the Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2019

## Note 7. Long-Term Obligation (Continued)

Governmental Activities	Amount of	Date	Interest	Maturity	Balance,		Refunding/	Balance,	Amounts Due Within
Purpose	Original Issue	Issued	Rate	Date	July 1, 2018	New Issues	Retired	June 30, 2019	One Year
General obligation bonds									
Open space	\$ 3,000,000	06/15/07	4.13-5.50%	06/15/27	\$ 1,350,000	\$ -	\$ 1,350,000	\$ -	\$-
Improvements to municipal buildings	5,000,000	07/01/08	3.75-4.75%	07/01/28	2,750,000	-	2,750,000	-	-
Refunding - School construction & renovation	22,055,000	06/25/15	3.00-5.00%	08/01/26	18,495,000	-	1,715,000	16,780,000	1,780,000
Refunding of 2007 Bonds	1,285,000	09/25/18	4.125-4.250%	06/30/27	-	1,285,000	175,000	1,110,000	140,000
Refunding of 2008 Bonds	2,335,000	09/25/18	4.00-4.375%	06/30/29	-	2,335,000	5,000	2,330,000	235,000
Total general obligation bonds	33,675,000				22,595,000	3,620,000	5,995,000	20,220,000	2,155,000
BANS									
General obligation BANs 2018 Series 1	25,000,000	09/25/18	3.50-5.00%	09/15/20	-	25,000,000	-	25,000,000	-
Total BANS	25,000,000				-	25,000,000	-	25,000,000	-
Premium on bond issuance					1,751,903	1,260,597	587,168	2,425,332	775,826
Total bonds payable	58,675,000				24,346,903	29,880,597	6,582,168	47,645,332	2,930,826
Capital lease									
Type 1 Ambulance Ford F-550	235,420	06/05/17	3.07%	06/05/19	81,423	-	81,423	-	-
Trash Truck	202,123	06/30/14	1.57%	06/18/19	41,682		41,682		
Total capital leases	\$ 437,543				\$ 123,105	\$-	\$ 123,105	\$-	\$ -
Others:									
Net pension liability - MERS					\$ 3,006,569	\$ -	\$ 347,958	\$ 2,658,611	\$-
Net pension liability - ERS					45,057,871	124,859	-	45,182,730	-
Town pension liability					13,256,277	961,491	-	14,217,768	-
Net OPEB liability					13,343,281	259,293	-	13,602,574	-
Accrued compensated absences					4,418,897	-	105,915	4,312,982	172,519
Total long-term obligations					\$ 103,552,903	\$ 31,226,240	\$ 7,159,146	\$ 127,619,997	\$3,103,345

#### Note to the Financial Statements

J	une	30.	2019

## Note 7. Long-Term Obligation (Continued)

Business-type activites:	Amount of	Date	Interest	Maturity	Balance,			Balance,	Amounts Due Within
Purpose	Original Issue	Issued	Rate	Date	July 1, 2018	New Issues	Retired	June 30, 2019	One Year
Loans payable									
Enterprise fund, Sewer									
Rhode Island Clean Water									
Finance Agency									
Sewer system improvements	\$ 2,902,500	03/29/11	1.45-4.35%	09/01/31	\$ 2,257,500	\$-	\$ 120,000	\$ 2,137,500	\$ 124,000
Sewer system improvements	849,000	07/30/15	1.33-2.96%	09/01/34	809,000	-	38,000	771,000	39,000
Enterprise fund, Water									
Rhode Island Clean Water									
Finance Agency									
Water system improvements	300,000	04/19/04	3.50%	09/01/24	48,583	-	6,000	\$ 42,583	7,000
Water system improvements	1,800,000	03/01/07	3.03-3.40%	09/01/27	1,065,000	-	89,000	\$ 976,000	93,000
Water system improvements	1,500,000	11/06/09	0.55-4.15%	09/01/29	1,070,000	-	67,000	\$ 1,003,000	69,000
Water system improvements	362,568	02/12/10	0.36-4.09%	09/01/30	254,567		16,000	\$ 238,567	17,000
Total long-term obligations	\$ 7,714,068				\$ 5,504,650	\$-	\$ 336,000	\$ 5,168,650	\$ 349,000

Note to the Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2019

#### Long-Term Obligation (Continued) Note 7.

At June 30, 2019, annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds, loans payable and capital leases are as follows:

General obligation bonds:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	2,155,000	856,875	3,011,875
2021	2,230,000	766,150	2,996,150
2022	2,325,000	656,025	2,981,025
2023	2,415,000	541,225	2,956,225
2024-2028	10,875,000	1,041,313	11,916,313
2029	220,000	5,500	225,500
	\$20,220,000	\$3,867,088	\$24,087,088
BAN			
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	25,000,000	500,000	25,500,000
	\$25,000,000	\$ 500,000	\$25,500,000
Loans payable:			
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	349,000	166,246	515,246
2021	362,000	155,837	517,837
2022	375,000	144,574	519,574
2023	388,000	132,508	520,508
2024-2028	2,155,582	458,359	2,613,941
2029-2035	1,539,068	125,314	1,664,382

\$ 5,168,650

\$ 1,182,838

\$ 6,351,488

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 8. ERS Pension Plans

All eligible employees of the Town are covered by one of four pension plans: The Town of Lincoln Retirement Plan (Town Plan), the Laborers' International Union of North America Pension Fund (Union Plan), the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (Teachers' Plan), and the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Municipal Plan).

#### Employees' Retirement System Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan description* - Certain employees of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island (Lincoln) participate in a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Employees' Retirement System plan administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a costsharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

**Benefit provisions** – The level of benefits provided to participants is established by Chapter 36-10 of the General Laws, which is subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Member benefit provisions vary based on service credits accumulated at dates specified in various amendments to the General Laws outlining minimum retirement age, benefit accrual rates and maximum benefit provisions. In general, members accumulate service credits for each year of service subject to maximum benefit accruals of 80% or 75%. For those hired after June 30, 2012, the benefit accrual rate is 1% per year with a maximum benefit accrual of 40%. Members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at any age. The retirement eligibility age increases proportionately for other members reflecting years of service and other factors until it aligns with the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, which applies to any member with less than 5 years of service as of July 1, 2012. Members are vested after 5 years of service.

The plan provides for survivor's benefits for service-connected death and certain lump sum death benefits. Joint and survivor benefit provision options are available to members.

Cost of living adjustments are provided but are currently suspended until the collective plans administered by ERSRI reach a funded status of 80%. Until the plans reach an 80% funded status, interim cost of living adjustments is provided at four-year intervals commencing with the plan year ending June 30, 2016.

The plan also provides nonservice-connected disability benefits after five years of service and service-connected disability benefits with no minimum service requirement.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 8. ERS Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Employees' Retirement System Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

**Contributions** - The funding policy, as set forth in the General Laws, Section 16-16-22, provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions to the plan. For fiscal 2019, Town teachers were required to contribute 3.75% of their annual covered salary, except for teachers with twenty or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 must contribute 11% of their annual covered salary. The state and the Town are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, 40% of which is to be paid by the state and the remaining 60% is to be paid by Town; the rates were 10.6% and 13.45% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 for the state and Town, respectively. The Town contributed \$3,456,070, \$3,295,583 and \$3,340,370 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported a liability of \$45,182,730 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for contributions made by the state. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town proportionate share of net pension liability	\$45,182,730
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	33,703,071
Total net pension liability	\$78,885,801

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The Town proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018 the Town proportion was 1.42207116%.

Note to the Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2019

#### Note 8. ERS Pension Plan (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the Town recognized gross pension expense of \$5,851,429 and revenue of \$2,643,958 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description of Outflows/Inflows		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	660,867	\$	861,776	
Changes of assumptions		3,282,005		531,706	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		539,689		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between System contributions and proportionate share contributions		-		3,518,355	
System contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date		3,456,070		-	
	\$	7,938,631	\$	4,911,837	
Net amount of deferred outflows and (inflows) excluding Town contributions subsequent to measurement date			\$	(429,276)	

\$3,456,070 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town contributions in fiscal year 2019 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 402,375
2021	(149,099)
2022	(935,798)
2023	(146,034)
2024	264,586
Thereafter	 134,694
	\$ (429,276)

Actuarial Assumptions - the total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% to 13.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 8. ERS Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Employees' Retirement System Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Mortality – variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2018 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2018 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
GROWTH		
Global equity:		
U.S. Equity	20.80%	6.43%
International Developed Equity	14.40%	6.72%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.80%	8.90%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Growth		
Private Equity	11.30%	9.08%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.20%	5.03%
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.50%	9.08%
Sub-total	15.00%	
INCOME		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.81%
REITS	1.00%	5.03%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.81%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
STABILITY		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.61%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	4.00%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.03%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.61%
TIPs	1.00%	1.75%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.14%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.00%
Cash	3.00%	0.61%
Sub-total	21.00%	
	100.00%	

Note to the Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2019

#### Note 8. ERS Pension Plan (Continued)

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

#### Employees' Retirement System Defined Benefit Pension Plan

**Discount rate** - the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

*Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate* - the following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

1.00% Decrease		<b>Current Discount</b>		1.00% Increase	
	(6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)		(8.0%)	
\$	56,847,613	\$	45,182,730	\$	36,494,455

**Pension plan fiduciary net position -** detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

#### Note 9. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

#### **Defined Contribution Plan Description:**

Employees participating in the defined benefit plan with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012, as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute between 1% and 1.5% of annual covered salary depending on the employee's total years of service as of June 30, 2012. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island recognized pension expense of \$596,224, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 9. Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

#### Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan Description* - The Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) – an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at <u>www.ersri.org</u>

**Benefits provided** – General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

Salary: Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under IRC Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

Service: Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

Final Compensation: Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable FAC will be the greater of the member's highest three year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.

Note to the Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2019

Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

#### General employees

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012 as described above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with 33 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

#### Police and Fire employees

Members are eligible to retire when they are at least 50 years old and have a minimum of 25 years of contributing service or if they have 27 years of contributing service at any age. Members with less than 25 years of contributing service are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age.

Members who, as of June 30, 2012, had at least 10 years of contributing service, had attained age 45, and had a prior Retirement Date before age 52 may retire at age 52.

Active members on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date, as described in this section, and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members designated as police officers or firefighters were eligible for retirement at or after age 55 with credit for at least 10 years of service or at any age with credit for 25 or more years of service. Members were also eligible to retire and receive a reduced benefit if they are at least age 50 and have at least 20 years of service. If the municipality elected to adopt the 20-year retirement provisions for police officers and/or firefighters, then such a member was eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

A monthly benefit is paid equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service, up to 37.5 years (75% of FAC maximum).

If the optional 20-year retirement provisions were adopted by the municipality prior to July 1, 2012: benefits are based on 2.50% of the member's FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 2.00% of the member's FAC for each year of service after July 1, 2012. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC.

Active members (including future hires), members who retire after July 1, 2015 and after attaining age 57 with 30 years of service will have a benefit equal to the greater of their current benefit described in (a) and (b) above and one calculated based on a 2.25% multiplier for all years of service.

#### Other benefit provisions

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA (age 55 for members designated as police officers and/or firefighters). When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

Note to the Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2019

#### Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

a. The COLA will be suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%; however, an interim COLA may be granted in four-year intervals while the COLA is suspended. The first interim COLA may begin January 1, 2018.

b. Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%

c. The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on the every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$25,000 for 2013, \$25,000 for 2014, \$25,168 for 2015, \$25,855 for 2016, and \$26,098 for 2017.

#### Employees covered by benefit terms.

At the June 30, 2017 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	General	Rescue
	Employees	Employees
Retirees and Beneficiaries	6	9
Inactive, Nonretired Members	11	4
Active Members	16	16
Total	33	29

*Contributions* - The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 1% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.25%. Public safety employees are required to contribute 9% of their salaries. The Town contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The Town contributed \$79,456 to their general employee MERS plan in the year ended June 30, 2018 which was 8.80% of annual covered payroll and contributed \$169,008 to their rescue employee MERS plan in the year ended June 30, 2018 which was 18.96% of annual covered payroll.

Note to the Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2019

#### Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

**Net Pension Liability (Asset)** - The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions Used in the Valuations to determine the Net Pension Liability at the June 30, 2018 measurement date (June 30, 2017 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2018)					
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal - the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodology is used.				
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll – Closed				
Actuarial Assumptions					
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%				
Projected Salary Increases	General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%; Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%				
Inflation	2.5 %				
Mortality	Mortality – variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.				
Cost of Living Adjustments	A 2% COLA is assumed after January 1, 2014.				

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2018 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2018 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note to the Financial Statements

June	30,	2019
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#### Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

	Target Asset	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset class	Allocation	<b>Rate of Return</b>
GROWTH		
Global equity:		
U.S. Equity	20.80%	6.43%
International Developed Equity	14.40%	6.72%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.80%	8.90%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Growth		
Private Equity	11.30%	9.08%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.20%	5.03%
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.50%	9.08%
Sub-total	15.00%	
INCOME		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.81%
REITS	1.00%	5.03%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.81%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
STABILITY		
<b>Crisis Protection Class</b>		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.61%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	4.00%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.03%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.61%
TIPs	1.00%	1.75%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.14%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.00%
Cash	3.00%	0.61%
Sub-total	21.00%	
	100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis

*Discount rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

### Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

## Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - General Employees

	In	crease (Decrease)	
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$ 2,866,946	\$ 2,175,572	\$ 691,374
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	103,895	-	103,895
Interest on the total pension liability	200,726	-	200,726
Changes in benefits	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(44,870)	-	(44,870)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Employer contributions	-	130,511	(130,511)
Employee contributions	-	11,546	(11,546)
Net investment income	-	187,052	(187,052)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(102,764)	(102,764)	-
Administrative expense	-	(2,490)	2,490
Other changes		100,330	(100,330)
Net changes	156,987	324,185	(167,198)
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$ 3,023,933	\$ 2,499,757	\$ 524,176

## Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Rescue Employees

Increase (Decrease)

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$ 5,989,402	\$ 3,674,207	\$2,315,195
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	171,482	-	171,482
Interest on the total pension liability	414,749	-	414,749
Changes in benefits	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(238,456)	-	(238,456)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Employer contributions	-	152,968	(152,968)
Employee contributions	-	87,109	(87,109)
Net investment income	-	291,985	(291,985)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(300,304)	(300,304)	-
Administrative expense	-	(3,887)	3,887
Other changes			
Net changes	47,471	227,871	(180,400)
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$ 6,036,873	\$ 3,902,078	\$2,134,795

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

*Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate*. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

#### General Employee Plan

10/	D		Current	10	( Τ
1% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)			6 Increase (8.00%)
\$	868,104	\$	524,176	\$	268,117

Rescue Employee Plan

	Current	
1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
\$ 2,832,475	\$ 2,134,795	\$ 1,615,258

*Pension plan fiduciary net position* - detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

#### **General Employees Plan**

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the employer recognized pension expense of \$64,563. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflov of Resources	
Differences in assumptions	\$	78,144	\$	91,705
Difference between expected and actual experience		32,895		2,787
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,239		-
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		97,456		-
	\$	209,734	\$	94,492
Net amount of deferred outflows and (inflows) excluding contributions				
subsequent to measurement date			\$	17,786

Note to the Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2019

## Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 50,574
2021	1,729
2022	(28,523)
2023	 (5,994)
	\$ 17,786

#### **Rescue Employees Plan**

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the employer recognized pension expense of \$278,802. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 d Outflows sources		rred Inflows Resources
Differences in assumptions	\$ 312,855	\$	12,810
Difference between expected and actual experience	192,226		334,864
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	20,042		-
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	 169,008		-
	\$ 694,131	\$	347,674
Net amount of deferred outflows and (inflows) excluding contributions		¢	177 440
subsequent to measurement date		>	177,449

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 73,983
2021	41,746
2022	(5 <i>,</i> 475)
2023	26,582
2024	43,047
Thereafter	(2,434)
	\$ 177,449

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 11. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

#### **Defined Contribution Plan Description:**

Certain employees participating in the defined benefit plan, as described above, may also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 1 to 1.5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute 5% of annual covered salary. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The Town of Lincoln recognized pension expense of \$54,905, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

#### Note 12. Teacher Survivors (TSB) Benefit Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

*Plan description* - Certain employees of the Town of Lincoln (Town) participate in a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan - the Teachers' Survivors Benefit plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in Social Security.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

*Eligibility and plan benefits* - the plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in the plan. Specific eligibility criteria and the amount of the benefit is subject to the provisions of Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Spouse, parents, family and children's benefits are payable following the death of a member. A spouse shall be entitled to benefits upon attaining the age of sixty (60) years. Children's benefits are payable to the child, including a stepchild or adopted child of a deceased member if the child is unmarried and under the age of eighteen (18) years or twenty-three (23) years and a full time student, and was dependent upon the member at the time of the member's death. Family benefits are provided if at the time of the member's death the surviving spouse has in his or her care a child of the deceased member if the member did not leave a widow, widower, or child who could ever qualify for monthly benefits on the member's wages and the parent has reached the age of 60 years, has not remarried, and received support from the member.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 12. Teacher Survivors (TSB) Benefit Plan (Continued)

In January, a yearly cost-of-living adjustment for spouse's benefits is paid and based on the annual social security adjustment.

Survivors are eligible for benefits if the member has made contributions for at least six months prior to death or retirement.

The TSB plan provides benefits based on the highest salary at the time of retirement of the teacher. Benefits are payable in accordance with the following table:

	Basic Monthly
Highest Annual Salary	Spouses's Benefit
\$17,000 or less	\$ 825.00
\$17,001 to \$25,000	\$ 962.50
\$25,001 to \$33,000	\$ 1,100.00
\$33,001 to \$40,000	\$ 1,237.50
\$40,001 and over	\$ 1,375.00

Benefits payable to children and families are equal to the spousal benefit multiplied by the percentage below:

	Parent and 2	One Child	Two	Three or more	
Parent and 1	or more	Alone	Children	Children	Dependent
Child	Children		Alone	Alone	Parent
150%	175%	75%	150%	175%	100%

**Contributions** - The contribution requirements of active employees and the participating school districts were established under Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws, which may be amended by the General Assembly. The cost of the benefits provided by the plan are two percent (2%) of the member's annual salary up to but not exceeding an annual salary of \$11,500; one-half (1/2) of the cost is contributed by the member by deductions from his or her salary, and the other half (1/2) is contributed and paid by the respective school district by which the member is employed. These contributions are in addition to the contributions required for regular pension benefits.

The Town contributed \$33,479, \$35,063 and \$27,552 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

#### Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2019 the Town reported an asset of \$4,204,930 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset related to its participation in TSB. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The Town proportion of the net pension asset was based on its share of contributions to the TSB for fiscal year 2016 relative to the total contributions of all participating employers for that fiscal year. At June 30, 2018 the Town proportion was 4.71249896%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the Town recognized pension expense of (90,187) – an increase in the net pension asset. At June 30, 2019 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note to the Financial Statements

June	30.	2019
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#### Note 12. Teacher Survivors (TSB) Benefit Plan (Continued)

Description of Outflows/Inflows	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and			<i>.</i>	
actual experience	\$	716,444	\$	705,619
Changes of assumptions		554,038		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		95,428		-
Changes in proportion and differences between System contributions and proportionate share contributions		238,102		36,817
System contributions subsquent				
to the measurement date		33,479		-
	\$	1,637,491	\$	742,436
Net amount of deferred outflows and				
(inflows) excluding Town contributions				
subsequent to measurement date			\$	861,576

\$33,479 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town contributions in fiscal year 2018 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 345,776
2021	206,024
2022	427
2023	114,311
2024	142,777
Thereafter	 52,261
	\$ 861,576

Actuarial Assumptions - the total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% to 13.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Note to the Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2019

#### Note 12. Teacher Survivors (TSB) Benefit Plan (Continued)

Mortality – variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

Cost of living adjustment – eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment – for valuation purposes, a 2.5% cost of living adjustment is assumed.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2018 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target Asset	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset class	Allocation	Rate of Return
GROWTH		
Global equity:		
U.S. Equity	20.80%	6.43%
International Developed Equity	14.40%	6.72%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.80%	8.90%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Growth		
Private Equity	11.30%	9.08%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.20%	5.03%
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.50%	9.08%
Sub-total	15.00%	
INCOME		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.81%
REITS	1.00%	5.03%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.81%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
STABILITY		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.61%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	4.00%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.03%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.61%
TIPs	1.00%	1.75%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.14%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.00%
Cash	3.00%	0.61%
Sub-total	21.00%	
	100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 12. Teacher Survivors (TSB) Benefit Plan (Continued)

**Discount rate** - the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

*Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate* - the following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

1.0	0% Decrease	<b>Current Discount</b>		1.00% Increase		
	(6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)		(8.0%)		
\$	(2,918,005)	\$	(4,204,930)	\$	(5,163,061)	

*Pension plan fiduciary net position* - detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

#### Note 13. Town Pension Plan

#### Plan description:

The Town Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all Town and School Department employees not covered by other plans, as well as eligible firefighters employed by two fire districts: Lonsdale Fire and Saylesville Fire. Employees who work twenty hours or more per week for more than five months are eligible to participate. The Town Plan is reported as a Pension Trust Fund in the Town's financial statements.

#### Plan membership:

At June 30, 2019, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	104
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	28
Active plan members	122
Subtotal	254

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 13. Town Pension Plan (Continued)

#### **Benefit provisions:**

The Town Plan provides retirement and survivor benefits. The following benefit provisions were established and may be amended by Town ordinance or union contract:

• Any participant, who has attained his or her normal retirement date, as defined in the Town Plan, is eligible for a normal retirement benefit. The monthly benefit payable upon normal retirement is based on average monthly salary multiplied by credited service as follows:

Police and Lonsdale Firefighters	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> % of average monthly salary multiplied by credited service up to 20 years, plus 2% of average monthly salary multiplied by up to five additional years of credited service.
Saylesville Firefighters	2 ½ % of average monthly salary multiplied by credited service up to 20 years, plus 2% of average monthly salary multiplied by up to ten additional years of credited service.
All other employees	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> % of average monthly salary multiplied by credited service, with maximum benefit of 60% of average monthly salary.

Average monthly salary equals the average compensation during the highest three consecutive years out of the final ten years of employment. Salary includes base compensation plus holiday and longevity pay, but not overtime. Payments commence on the first day of the month following the date of an employee's retirement.

- Participants who terminate employment before completing ten years of service are refunded their employee contributions with annual interest credited at 5% after 1997 and 3 /1 2% before 1998. Participants who terminate employment after completing ten years of service have the option of either a refund of their employee contribution or a monthly benefit, as described above, at the normal retirement date.
- The beneficiary of a participant who dies prior to retirement receives the participant's accumulated contributions. In lieu of this benefit, the surviving spouse can elect to receive a benefit equal to 50% of the participant's benefit accrued to the date of death, payable at the participant's normal retirement date.
- For participants other than police and firefighters, the normal form of benefit is a monthly life annuity. For the police and firefighters, the normal form of benefit is a monthly joint and 67/1 2% survivor annuity. Optional forms of monthly benefits are available and are determined to be actuarially equivalent to the normal form of benefit.
- Police department employees who retire after June 30, 2004 receive an automatic 3% annual compounded Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) to their monthly pension benefit.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

# Note 13. Town Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Funding policy and contributions:

Contribution requirements are established and may be amended by Town Council ordinance or union contract.

Employees are required to contribute 4% of their salary; police and firefighters must contribute 8% and 6%, respectively.

The Town is required to contribute an amount determined in accordance with the actuarial valuation. Administrative costs are paid from plan assets. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$1,730,042.

#### Actuarial method and significant assumptions:

The annual required contribution (ARC) was determined as part of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation using the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Under this method, the excess of the entry age actuarial accrued liability over the actuarial value of plan assets is amortized over a 20-year closed period as a level % of pay. The actuarial accrued liability, which is re-determined for each active participant as of each valuation date, represents the theoretical accumulation of all prior years' normal costs for the present participants as if the Town Plan had always been in effect. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability represents the excess of the actuarial accrued liability over the Plan's assets, which are valued using the actuarial value of the assets using a five-year smoothing of appreciation and/or depreciation.

Inflation	2.10 percent
Salary increases	3.00-6.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 blue collar mortality with social security generational improvement scale from 2006.

# Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions:

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported liability \$14,217,768 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2019, the Town's proportion was 93.67%, which is a decrease of .14% from the its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended, June 30, 2019, the Town recognized pension expense of \$2,715,171. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note to the Financial Statements

## June 30, 2019

## Note 13. Town Pension Plan (Continued)

	0	Deferred Putflows of Resources	 rred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	75,818	\$ 146,254
Changes in assumptions		1,048,485	79,682
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investmets		-	 483,735
Total deferred outflows / (inflows)	\$	1,124,303	\$ 709,670
Total			\$ 414,632

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ 113,378
2021	71,060
2022	257,167
2023	 (26,973)
	\$ 414,632

## **Investment Policy:**

Investments shall be made solely in the interest of the Plan with an emphasis on long-term growth of principal while avoiding excessive risk, primarily through asset diversification. Investments of the Plan shall be so diversified as to minimize the risk of large losses, unless under the circumstances it is clearly prudent not to do so. The Plan shall be diversified by maturity, issuer and class of security in order to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets. Consistent with their respective investment styles and philosophies, investment managers should make reasonable efforts to preserve capital, understanding that losses may occur in individual securities.

## Rate of Return:

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the annual money-weighted weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan expense was 7.58%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for changing amounts actually invested.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

## Note 13. Town Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Long-term expected rate of return:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic fixed income	2.20%
Domestic equities	5.07%
International equities	5.88%
Real estate	5.39%
Group annuity contract	3.00%
Cash	0.69%

## Long-term expected rate of return (continued):

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic fixed income	5%
Domestic equities	47%
International equities	12%
Real estate	6%
Group annuity contract	30%
Total	100%

#### Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

## Note 13. Town Pension Plan (Continued)

#### Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
Net Pension Liability	\$20,268,579	\$14,217,769	\$9,350,049

## Net Pension Liability:

The components of the net pension liability of the participating entities at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$41,470,232
Plan fiduciary net position	(27,252,464)
Net pension liability	\$14,217,768
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total pension liability	65.72%

#### **Aggregate Pension Amounts Reported in the Financial Statements:**

As required by GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension and amendment of GASB Statement No. 34 the table below presents the aggregate amount of pension expense, pension liabilities (assets), and deferred inflows and outflows for the defined benefit plans of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island.

	MERS General	MERS Rescue		ERS	TSB	T	own Plan - Police	Total
Net Pension Asset	\$ -	\$-	:	\$-	\$ 4,204,930	\$	-	\$ 4,204,930
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	209,734	694,131		7,938,631	1,637,491		1,124,303	11,604,290
Deferred Inflows of Resoures - Pension	94,492	347,674		4,911,837	742,436		709,670	6,806,109
Net Pension Liability	524,176	2,134,795		45,182,730	-		14,217,768	62,059,469
Pension Expense	 64,563	278,802		5,851,429	(90,187)		2,715,171	8,819,778
	\$ 892,965	\$ 3,455,402		\$ 63,884,627	\$ 6,494,670	\$	18,766,911	\$ 93,494,575

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

# Note 14. Union Plan

## Plan description:

The Town of Lincoln Town Hall, Public Works, Library and Water union employees participate in the Laborer's International Union of North America Pension Fund, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Financial statements for the Union Plan are issued separately and may be obtained from the Laborers National (Industrial) Pension Fund, 905 165th Street, NW., Washington, D.C. 20006-1765 or by calling (202) 737-1664.

Employees can retire on a regular pension if they have attained at least age 62, earned at least five years of Pension Credit, and earned at least one year of Pension Credit during the period that their employer is contributing to the Pension Fund. The amount of regular pension benefits payable to eligible participants is determined by the highest contribution rate at which they earned Pension Credit and they years of Pension Credits they earned (up to a maximum of 30 years of Pension Credits). Vesting of benefits is attained for participants who have five or more years of vesting credit (without a permanent break in service). The fund also provides death and disability benefits.

## Contributions required and contributions made:

The Town's required contribution is negotiated with the local union. The Town's contribution was based upon \$2.62 per hour for Town Hall employees, \$2.47 per hour for Library employees, \$3.07 for hour for Public Works employees, and \$14.75 per day for Water employees participating in the Union plan for the period of July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019. Participating employees are not required to contribute. The Town's required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$326,724 as follows: Public Works (including sewer dept.) \$195,866, Town Hall \$86,077, and Library \$44,781.

## Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits

## **Plan Description**

The Town of Lincoln administers a single-employer, defined benefit post-employment health insurance plan. The plan provides medical and dental insurance for eligible retirees and their dependents through the Town's group health and dental insurance plans, which cover both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established and amended by the union contracts through negotiations between the Town and the respective unions. The plan is reported as a Trust Fund in the Town's financial statements. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2017 on a retroactive basis.

The plan provides the following benefits based on employee group:

Police - Officers are eligible for lifetime retiree health benefit at 20 years of service with mandatory retirement at 25 years of service. There are no age requirements to get retiree health benefits. All Other Town Employees - COBRA coverage at retirement.

For All School Employees – Certified Teachers and certain Administrators positions are eligible for retiree health benefits until Medicare eligibility once they meet the retirement eligibility requirements of Rhode Island Employees Retirement System (RI ERS). The above benefit provisions reflect changes implemented since the last valuation.

Note to the Financial Statements

Inne	30	2019
June	50,	2019

## Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

As of June 30, 2019, the plan membership data is as follows:

	Inactive or			
	Beneficiaries			
	Active	Receiving		
Description	Employees	Benefits	Total	
Number	455	59	514	

## Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are negotiated between the Town and the respective unions. The Town is required to contribute the cost of medical and dental benefits, less the amount of any applicable employee share of medical or dental premiums. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Town contributed \$1,948,878 to the plan, which is 53.23% of the annual determined contribution.

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

## Investment policy

The Town's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the committee by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduced risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The following was the Town's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2019:

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
U.S. Equity	37.10%
Non-U.S. Equity	15.90%
U.S. Aggregate Bonds	12.00%
Intermediate-Term Credit	7.20%
Short-Term Credit	4.80%
Intermediate-Term TIPS	15.00%
REITs	8.00%
Total	100.00%

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

## **Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)**

Rate of Return:

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense was 4.11%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### Net OPEB Liability of the Town

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$19,676,727
Plans fiduciary net position	6,074,153
Town's net OPEB liability	\$13,602,574
Plan net position as a percentage	
of the total OPEB liability	30.87%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to theactuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

# Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Valuation Date: Actuarial Cost Method: Asset-Valuation Method:	June 30, 2019 with no adjustments to get to June 30, 2019 measurement date. Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary method. Market Value.
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.75% as of June 30, 2019.
Medical inflation	8.00% decreasing 0.5% per year, to an ultimate rate of 5.00%.
Inflation:	2.50% per year.
Salary Increases:	3.50% annually as of June 30, 2019 and for future periods.
Mortality	Healthy actives and retirees:
·	Police: SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2018
	School: SOA Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2018
	Disabled retirees:
	Police only: SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety Disabled Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2018
Assumed rate of retirement:	School support staff
	Retirement rates are based on the assumptions used in the RI MERS actuarial valuation report as of June 30, 2018, which is a flat 20% per year retirement probability for members eligible for unreduced retirement. A 35% retirement probability at first eligibility will be applied if they have reached age 65 or with at least 25 years of service.
	School teachers and administration
	Retirement rates are based on the assumptions used in the RI ERS actuarial valuation report as of June 30, 2016, which is a flat 25% per year retirement probability for members eligible for unreduced retirement. A 60% retirement probability at first eligibility will be applied if they have reached age 65 or with at least 25 years of service. <b>Town police officers</b>
	Retirement rates are based on Town of Lincoln Police pension actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019.
Marriage assumptions	Spousal coverage and age for current retirees is based on actual data.
	Active employees who currently elect spousal coverage are assumed to elect spousal coverage at retirement. Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives.

Note to the Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2019

#### Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term
	Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	5.90%
Non-U.S. Equity	6.30%
U.S. Aggregate Bonds	1.60%
Intermediate-Term Credit	2.20%
Short-Term Credit	1.90%
Intermediate-Term TIPS	0.70%
REITs	4.70%

#### Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	l Total OPEB Liability	e) Net OPEB Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$18,287,384	\$ 4,944,103	\$ 13,343,281	
Service cost	490,133	-	490,133	
Interest on net OPEB liability and service cost	1,226,993	-	1,226,993	
Differences between actual and expected experience	1,415,712	-	1,415,712	
Changes in assumptions	(523,899)	-	(523,899)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,219,596)	(1,219,596)	-	
Administrative expenses	-	(14,222)	14,222	
Contributions - employer	-	1,948,878	(1,948,878)	
Net investment income		414,990	(414,990)	
Net changes	1,389,343	1,130,050	259,293	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$19,676,727	\$ 6,074,153	\$13,602,574	

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

## Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Impact of 1% Change in Discount Rate					
		Current				
	1% Decrease	discount rate	1% Increase			
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)			
Total OPEB liability	16,008,413	13,602,574	11,607,309			

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (7.0 percent decreasing to 3.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.0 percent decreasing to 5.5 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Impact of 1% Change in Healthcare Trend Rate						
	1% Decrease Current trend Current trend						
	(7.00% rate (8.00% rate (9.00%						
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to				
	3.50%)	4.50%)	5.50%)				
Total OPEB liability	11,455,633	13,602,574	16,212,169				

OPEB expense and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$1,350,875. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$1,179,760	\$(1,838,825)
Changes in assumptions	1,272,062	(436,582)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings in OPEB plan investments		(81,019)
	2,451,822	(2,356,426)
Total		\$ 95,396

Note to the Financial Statements

Inno	30	2019	
June	50,	2019	

#### **Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)**

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2020	\$ (23,859)
2021	(23,861)
2022	(963)
2023	(4,559)
2024	 148,638
Total	\$ 95,396

#### Note 16. Risk Management

Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust, Inc.:

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As a result, the Townparticipates in a nonprofit, public entity risk pool (Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust, Inc.) (Trust) which provides coverage for property/liability claims. Upon joining the Trust, the Town signed a participation agreement which outlines the rights and responsibilities of boththe Trust and the Town. The agreement states that for premiums paid by the Town, the Trust will assume financial responsibility for the Town's losses up to the maximum amount of insurance purchased, minus the Town's deductible amounts. The Trust provides this insurance coverage through a pooled, self-insurance mechanism which includes reinsurance purchased by the Trust to protect against large, catastrophic claims above the losses the Trust retains internally for payment from the pooled contributions of its members. Under the participation agreement, the Town isinsured for a maximum of \$2,000,000 per occurrence. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the Trust coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year ended June 30, 2019.

## Note 17. Commitment and Contingencies

#### Rhode Island Municipal Insurance Corporations:

The Town is a member of the Rhode Island Municipal Insurance Corporation (RIMIC), a not-for- profit organization formed to jointly administer healthcare related matters for Rhode Island cities,towns, and other governmental units that elect to participate. RIMIC negotiates with qualifiedhealthcare companies/third-party administrators to provide healthcare related administrativeservices and to provide healthcare benefits and claims services directly to members for the members' employees and retirees. RIMIC is governed by a Board of Directors (Board) thatconsists of one Board position from each municipality or other governmental unit that is a member.

Upon joining RIMIC, members execute member and adoption agreements. This document, pursuant to which RIMIC was established and operates, outlines the rights and responsibilities of both the members and RIMIC. Members of RIMIC participate in a health insurance plan administered through Blue Cross Blue Shield of Rhode Island (BCBSRI).

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 17. Commitment and Contingencies (Continued):

Each member is solely responsible for separately and directly contracting with the qualified healthcare provider/third party administrator chosen by RIMIC and for paying any and all healthcare-related claims directly to the provider. In addition, each member is responsible for determining the types and levels of self-insured healthcare benefits offered, as well as the amount of stop-loss insurance deemed appropriate. The Town purchases stop-loss insurance to cover claims in excess of \$160,000. At June 30, 2018, the incurred but not reported claims, as determined by RJMIC's health benefit advisors based on prior history, were estimated to approximate \$621,515 (\$230,149 Town and \$391,366 School) and are included in accrued expenses of the governmental activities. The RIMIC agreement provides for an annual independent audit of its financial statements. A copy of the latest audit report can be obtained by contacting RIMIC, c/o Rodio & Ursillo, 86 Weybosset St., Providence, RI 02903.

RIMIC members can withdraw from the program effective June 30th of any year provided they give a 90day written notice of their intention to withdraw prior to June 30th. Failure to provide such notice automatically results in a member's participation and membership in RIMIC for an additional year.

#### Claims and judgments:

The following matters have been asserted and are outstanding:

The Town is a party to various claims, legal actions and complaints. It is not presently possible to determine the outcome of these cases; therefore, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. In the opinion of the Town's management and Town Solicitor, these matters cannot be estimated, nor can the likelihood of a favorable outcome be made at this time.

#### Other contingencies:

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amountsalready collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### Note 18. Tax abatements

The Town has tax incentive financing agreements in place at year end.

Owner	Authority	Parcel ID	True	True Assessment Address		rue Assessment Address TSA Payment			A Payment	True	Tax 12/31/17	Difference
Fleet National Bank	RIGL 42-64-1	Lot 49, Plat 30	\$	8,416,965	670 George Washington Highway	\$	192,580	\$	229,783	\$ (37,203)		

This agreement was signed on May 29, 2017 and terminates on December 31, 2027. This agreement provides for the annual tax liability to be calculate at a mil rate of \$22.88 and an assessed value of \$8,416,965 for the initial five years period and increases each five years by 15%.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

#### Note 19. Restatement

The governmental fund has been reclassified to separate the activities of School Special Revenue from School Unrestricted:

	<b>Governmental Funds</b>			
	School Unrestricted	School Special Revenue		
Beginning balance, July 1, 2018	\$ 1,692,891	\$ -		
To reclassify Special Revenue activities from School Unrestricted Funds	(311,472)	311,472		
Beginning balance, July 1, 2018, restated	\$ 1,381,419	\$311,472		

## Note 20. Fund Balance Classification

	Major Funds Non-Major Funds					
	General	School	Town Special	School	Capital	
	Fund	Unrestricted	Revenue	Department	Projects	Total
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid and inventory	\$ 487,352	\$-	\$ -	\$ 5,250	\$-	\$ 492,602
<b>Restricted</b> for						
Grants	-	-	26,259	397,481	-	423,740
Committed to						
Encumbrances	219,705	-	-	-	-	219,705
School field project	-	-	201,119	-	-	201,119
Assigned						
Health care reserve	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000
Unassigned	6,105,778	(318,218)	282,790	(39,139)	(2,655,330)	3,375,881
	\$ 7,312,835	\$ (318,218)	\$ 510,168	\$ 363,592	\$ (2,655,330)	\$ 5,213,047

# Note 21. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the financial statements, January 31, 2020. No material events have occurred that require disclosures.

**Required Supplementary Information** 

# Required Supplementary Information

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual General Fund

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget					
	Encumbrances Carried in to FY2019	Budget as Adopted	Total Available	Actual	Encumbrances Carried in to FY2020	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues						
Taxes	\$-	\$55,610,416	\$55,610,416	\$55,655,076	\$ -	\$ 44,660
Intergovernmental	-	8,479,674	8,479,674	10,734,243	-	2,254,569
Local revenues	-	2,197,225	2,197,225	3,046,248	-	849,023
Interest and investment income		385,000	385,000	582,528		197,528
Total revenues		66,672,315	66,672,315	70,018,095		3,345,780
Expenditures						
General government	4,174	915,200	919,374	929,776	6,392	(16,794)
Financal administration	4,254	1,001,893	1,006,147	984,274	1,729	20,144
Public library	44,161	1,187,577	1,231,738	1,209,575	879	21,284
Public safety	28,295	6,770,290	6,798,585	6,997,209	8,483	(207,107)
Public service	285,200	5,441,299	5,726,499	7,375,918	202,222	(1,851,641)
Municipal resolutions	-	589,000	589,000	-	-	589,000
Grants and contributions	-	62,500	62,500	62,500	-	-
Other expenditures	-	5,024,814	5,024,814	5,357,306	-	(332,492)
Debt Service:						
Principal payments	-	2,145,000	2,145,000	2,145,000	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges		875,138	875,138	875,136		2
Total expenditures	366,084	24,012,711	24,378,795	25,936,694	219,705	(1,777,604)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(366,084)	42,659,604	42,293,520	44,081,401	(219,705)	5,123,384
Other financing sources and (uses)						
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	3,620,000	-	3,620,000
Bond premium	-	-	-	342,847	-	342,847
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	-	(3,962,847)	-	(3,962,847)
Transfers from other funds	-	1,511,000	1,511,000	27,501	-	(1,483,499)
Transfers to other funds		(44,170,604)	(44,170,604)	(45,341,744)		(1,171,140)
		(42,659,604)	(42,659,604)	(45,314,243)		(2,654,639)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and						
other sources over expenditures						
and other uses, budgetary basis	\$ (366,084)	\$ -	\$ (366,084)	\$ (1,232,842)	\$ (219,705)	\$ 2,468,745
Adjustment of budgetary basis to U.S. GAAP						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses, GAAP basis				(1,232,842)		
Fund balance, July 1, 2018				8,545,677		
Fund balance, June 30, 2019						
runu balance, June 30, 2019				\$ 7,312,835		

# Required Supplementary Information

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual School Unrestricted

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original	Budget				
	Emcumbrances Carried to FY 19	Budget As Adopted	Total Available	Actual	Encumbrances Carried to FY 20	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues						<u> </u>
State aid for education	\$ -	\$ 11,929,334	\$ 11,929,334	\$ 12,323,166	\$-	\$ 393,832
Medicaid	-	900,000	900,000	710,559	-	(189,441)
Miscellaneous	-		-	165,777	-	165,777
Total revenues	-	12,829,334	12,829,334	13,199,502	-	370,168
Expenditures						
Salaries	-	30,880,152	30,880,152	31,096,061	-	(215,909)
Employee benefits	-	11,593,728	11,593,728	12,611,585	-	(1,017,857)
Purchased services	-	10,456,764	10,456,764	11,340,718	-	(883,954)
Supplies and materials	-	1,483,939	1,483,939	1,359,994	-	123,945
Other	-	69,141	69,141	67,246	-	1,895
Capital outlay	19,268	131,877	151,145	209,802	-	(58,657)
Total expenditures	19,268	54,615,601	54,634,869	56,685,406		(2,050,537)
Excess of expenditures over revenues, budgetary basis	(19,268)	(41,786,267)	(41,805,535)	(43,485,904)		(1,680,369)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Appropriation from Town's general fund		41,786,267	41,786,267	41,786,267		
Total other financing sources (uses)		41,786,267	41,786,267	41,786,267		
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses, budgetary basis	\$ (19,268)	<u>\$-</u>	\$ (19,268)	\$ (1,699,637)	\$ -	\$ (1,680,369)
Adjustment of budgetary basis to U.S. GAAP basis						
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses, U.S. GAAP basis				(1,699,637)		
Fund balance, July 1, 2018				1,381,419		
Fund balance, June 30, 2019				\$ (318,218)		

Required Supplementary Information

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

## **NOTE 1: Budget Data and Budgetary Compliance**

In accordance with the Town Charter, the Town Administrator must present to the Budget Board a recommended annual budget for the operations of all municipal departments no later than February 15 of each fiscal year. The recommended budget must include an appropriation to fund schoolexpenditures. At least three weeks after the receipt of the budget from the Town Administrator, the Budget Board holds a public hearing thereon. The Budget Board completes its consideration of thebudget thirty days prior to the date of the financial town meeting. The financial town meeting mayincrease or decrease items of the budget as presented by the Budget Board. The final recommended budget is legally adopted at the annual financial town meeting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The General Fund and the School Department annual operating budgets are in conformity with the legally enacted budgetary basis. The legally enacted budgetary basis differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP) in several regards. Budgets are adopted on themodified accrual basis with certain exceptions. Budgetary revenues may include re-appropriationsfrom fund equity previously recognized under U.S. GAAP. Budgetary expenditures and expenses are recognized when legally binding orders (encumbrances) are placed. Enterprise fund budgetary expenses include expenses for fixed asset additions, debt service issuance costs and debt serviceprincipal payments not recognized under U.S. GAAP but exclude depreciation and amortization, U.S. GAAP basis expenses.

Costs of operations for all departments, offices and agencies established within the Town Charter must be appropriated through an annual budget ordinance. These departments are presented within the General Fund and the School Department Municipal budgetary control is legally enforced at the department level. Appropriation transfers between departments require approval by the Town Council. Other appropriation increases require both the establishment of a funding source and passage of a budget amendment ordinance. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at fiscal year- ended.

Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Revenues and Other Financing Sources and Expenditures and Other Financing Uses and GAAP Revenues and Other Financing Sources and Expenditures and Other Financing Use

	School
	Unrestricted
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over	
expenditures and other uses	\$ (1,699,637)
State contribution to teachers' pension plan revenue on behalf	(2,556,945)
State contribution to teacher's pension plan expense on behalf	2,556,945
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over	
expenditures and other uses (GAAP)	\$ (1,699,637)

# Required Supplementary Information

## Other Post-Employment Benefits - Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

# Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 490,133	\$ 486,994	\$ 494,754
Interest	1,226,993	1,268,985	1,283,840
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,415,712	(1,172,388)	(1,850,157)
Changes in assumptions	(523,899)	-	2,226,107
Benefit payments	(1,219,596)	(1,198,427)	(727,240)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,389,343	(614,836)	1,427,304
Total OPEB liability - beginning	18,287,384	18,902,220	17,474,916
Total OPEB liability - ending	19,676,727	18,287,384	18,902,220
OPEB fiduciary net position			
Benefit payments	(1,219,596)	(1,198,427)	(727,240)
Trust administrative expenses	(14,222)	(10,350)	(9,932)
Contributions - employer	1,948,878	1,804,537	1,534,402
Net investment income	414,990	276,633	362,250
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,130,050	872,393	1,159,480
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	4,944,103	4,071,710	2,912,230
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	6,074,153	4,944,103	4,071,710
Plan's net pension liability - ending	\$ 13,602,574	\$ 13,343,281	\$ 14,830,510

Actuarial	Fiduciary	<b>Total OPEB</b>	Net OPEB			NOL as a %
Valuation	Net	Liability	Liability	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Position	(TOL)	(NOL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
6/30/2019	\$6,074,153	\$19,676,727	\$13,602,574	30.87%	\$33,645,972	40.43%
6/30/2018	\$4,944,103	\$18,287,384	\$13,343,281	27.04%	\$32,927,613	40.52%
6/30/2017	\$4,071,710	\$18,902,220	\$14,830,510	21.54%	\$31,814,119	46.62%

\*Third year of implementation of GASB74/75, therefor only three years of the ten required data is available

# Required Supplementary Information

## Other Post-Employment Benefits - Schedule of Contributions

Last 10 Years

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Actuarial determined contribution	\$ 1,271,875	\$ 1,333,965	\$ 1,352,133	\$ 1,322,413	\$ 1,343,607	\$ 1,384,923	\$ 1,430,251	\$ 2,170,685	\$ 2,181,418	\$ 1,992,852
Contributions in relation to the										
actuarially determined contribution	1,948,878	1,804,537	1,534,402	1,170,316	1,349,652	1,407,376	1,647,621	762,617	1,007,394	885,332
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (677,003)</u>	<u>\$ (470,572)</u>	<u>\$ (182,269)</u>	\$ 152,097	<u>\$ (6,045)</u>	<u>\$ (22,453)</u>	<u>\$ (217,370)</u>	\$ 1,408,068	\$ 1,174,024	<u>\$ 1,107,520</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$33,645,972	\$32,927,613	\$31,814,119	\$31,685,123	\$30,610,535	\$30,793,333	\$29,752,013	unavailable	\$26,745,543	\$24,943,572
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	5.79%	5.48%	4.82%	3.69%	4.41%	4.57%	5.54%	unavailable	3.77%	3.55%

\*\*Actuarial determined contributions are based on the Annual Required Contributions calculated in the prior GASB45 actuarial valuations.

# Required Supplementary Information

# Other Post-Employment Benefits - Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Last 10 Years\*

	June 30	). 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Annual money-weighted rate		,	<u>suite 00,2010</u>	Juii 200, 2017
net of investment expense	4.1	1%	6.79%	12.43%
* Third year of implementation	on of GASB 74/75, there	fore only	three years of the	ten required data is available.
Notes to Required Supplemen	tary Information:			
Valuation Date:	June 30, 2019 with no	adjustme	nts to get to June 30	), 2019 measurement date.
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal Lev	-	-	
Asset-Valuation Method:	Market Value.		Ş	
Actuarial Assumptions:				
Discount Rate	6.75% as of June 30, 2	2019.		
Medical inflation	8.00% decreasing 0.59	% per yea	r, to an ultimate rate	e of 5.00%.
Inflation:	2.50% per year.			
Salary Increases:	3.50% annually as of J		019 and for future p	periods.
Mortality	Healthy actives and			
				Veighted Mortality Table
	fully generational	-		
	School: SOA Pub-20		•	hted Mortality Table
	fully generational	using Sca	e MP-2018	
	Disabled retirees:	2010 0		177 1
			ublic Safety Disable	d Headcount Weighted IP-2018
Assumed rate of retirement:	School support staff			
	Retirement rates are b	ased on tl	ne assumptions used	in the RI MERS actuarial
	valuation report as of .	June 30, 2	2018, which is a flat	20% per year retirement
		-		rement. A 35% retirement
		•	ll be applied if they	have reached age 65 or with at
	least 25 years of servi			
	School teachers and			
			-	in the RI ERS actuarial
	-			25% per year retirement
		-		rement. A 60% retirement
		-	ll be applied if they	have reached age 65 or with at
	least 25 years of servi	ce.		
	Town police officers	1 7		
	as of January 1, 2019.		own of Lincoln Pol	ice pension actuarial valuation
Marriage assumptions	Spousal coverage and	age for cu	rrent retirees is bas	ed on actual data.
	Active employees who	currently	y elect spousal cove	rage are assumed to elect
		tirement.	Husbands are assur	ned to be three years older
	than wives.			

# Required Supplementary Information

# Employees' Retirement System

#### Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last	10	Years*
Labi	10	1 curb

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	1.42207116%	1.43163923%	1.52732535%	1.52994437%	1.63791472%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$45,182,730	\$45,057,871	\$45,568,936	\$42,119,410	\$39,866,851
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the school district Total	33,703,071 \$78,885,801	34,052,925 \$79,110,796	31,208,030 \$76,776,966	28,774,659 \$70,894,069	27,338,536 \$67,205,387
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$25,416,949	\$24,703,975	\$24,449,295	\$24,308,607	\$24,062,206
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	310.37%	320.24%	314.03%	173.27%	165.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.30%	54.00%	54.06%	57.55%	61.40%

#### Notes:

1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

3.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

# Required Supplementary Information

## Employees' Retirement System

#### Schedule of Contributions

Last 10 Years	*	;
---------------	---	---

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 3,456,070	\$ 3,475,182	\$ 3,340,370	\$ 3,445,181	\$ 3,286,406
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	3,456,070	3,475,182	3,340,370	3,445,181	3,286,406
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$-
Covered-employee payroll	\$25,416,949	\$24,703,975	\$24,449,295	\$24,308,607	\$24,062,206
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	13.60%	14.07%	13.66%	14.17%	13.66%

#### Notes:

1.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

# Required Supplementary Information

# Municipal Employees' Retirement System

# Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

# General Employee Plan

Last 10 Years\*

	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2016	Year Ended June 30, 2015	Year Ended June 30, 2014
A. Total pension liability					
1. Service Cost	\$ 103,895	\$ 97,917	\$ 92,977	\$ 90,123	\$ 84,067
2. Interest on the total pension liability	200,726	197,823	184,662	159,472	151,700
3. Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	2,927	-
4. Difference between expected and actual experience					
of the Total Pension Liability	(44,870)	(110,743)	1,134	186,180	-
5. Changes of assumptions	-	146,156	-	-	(32,372)
6. Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(102,764)	(105,764)	(105,764)	(102,767)	(102,825)
7. Net change in total pension liability	156,987	225,389	173,009	335,935	100,570
8. Total pension liability – beginning	2,866,946	2,641,557	2,468,548	2,132,613	2,032,043
9. Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$ 3,023,933	\$ 2,866,946	\$ 2,641,557	\$ 2,468,548	\$ 2,132,613
B. Plan fiduciary net position					
1. Contributions – employer	\$ 130,511	\$ 129,264	\$ 128,161	\$ 128,464	\$ 102,118
2. Contributions – employee	11,546	10,772	10,092	9,882	9,159
3. Net investment income	187,052	231,038	(386)	45,319	247,030
4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(102,764)	(105,764)	(105,764)	(102,767)	(102,825)
5. Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(2,490)	(2,183)	(2,070)	(1,817)	(1,547)
6. Other	100,330	(4,893)	(46,510)	1	212,009
7. Net change in plan fiduciary net position	324,185	258,234	(16,477)	79,082	465,944
8. Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	2,175,572	1,917,338	1,933,815	1,854,733	1,388,789
9. Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,499,757	\$ 2,175,572	\$ 1,917,338	\$ 1,933,815	\$ 1,854,733
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 524,176	\$ 691,374	\$ 724,219	\$ 534,733	\$ 277,880
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension lia		75.88%	72.58%	78.34%	86.97%
E. Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,060,156	\$ 1,077,196	\$ 1,006,242	\$ 988,187	\$ 927,888
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	49.44%	64.18%	71.97%	54.11%	29.95%

#### Required Supplementary Information

# Municipal Employees' Retirement System

#### Schedule of Contributions

# General Employee Plan

## Last 10 Years

	Fiscal 2019	Fiscal 2018	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 97,456	\$ 130,511	\$ 129,264	\$ 128,161	\$ 128,464
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	97,456	130,511	129,264	128,161	128,464
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,107,863	\$ 1,060,156	\$ 1,077,196	\$ 1,006,242	\$ 988,187
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.80%	12.31%	12.00%	12.74%	13.00%

## Notes:

1.) Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-

21-42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

# Required Supplementary Information

# Municipal Employees' Retirement System

# Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

# Rescue Employee Plan

Last 10 Years

	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2016	Year Ended June 30, 2015	Year Ended June 30, 2014
A. Total pension liability					
1. Service Cost	\$ 171,482	\$ 170,422	\$ 168,655	\$ 148,381	\$ 148,084
2. Interest on the total pension liability	414,749	370,389	358,289	321,600	302,186
3. Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	199,797	-
4. Difference between expected and actual experience					
of the total pension liability	(238,456)	263,444	(187,182)	(32,356)	-
5. Changes of assumptions	-	428,763	-	-	(39,710)
6. Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions	(300,304)	(193,838)	(164,793)	(151,960)	(151,747)
7. Net change in total pension liability	47,471	1,039,180	174,969	485,462	258,813
8. Total pension liability – beginning	5,989,402	4,950,222	4,775,253	4,289,791	4,030,978
9. Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$ 6,036,873	\$ 5,989,402	\$ 4,950,222	\$ 4,775,253	\$ 4,289,791
B. Plan fiduciary net position					
1. Contributions – employer	\$ 152,968	\$ 175,174	\$ 172,028	\$ 179,605	\$ 144,073
2. Contributions – employee	87,109	94,281	94,536	71,166	73,273
3. Net investment income	291,985	390,188	(1,181)	77,451	417,750
4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(300,304)	(193,838)	(164,793)	(151,960)	(151,747)
5. Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(3,887)	(3,686)	(3,177)	(3,105)	(2,616)
6. Other		(190,244)		(4,765)	
7. Net change in plan fiduciary net position	227,871	271,875	97,413	168,392	480,733
8. Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	3,674,207	3,402,332	3,304,919	3,136,527	2,655,794
9. Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$ 3,902,078	\$ 3,674,207	\$ 3,402,332	\$ 3,304,919	\$ 3,136,527
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,134,795	\$ 2,315,195	\$ 1,547,890	\$ 1,470,334	\$ 1,153,264
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liabil E. Covered employee payroll	i 64.64% \$ 853,146	61.35% \$ 960,666	68.73% \$ 952,317	69.21% \$ 889,575	73.12% \$ 898,567
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 855,140 250.23%	\$ 900,000 241.00%	\$ 952,517 162.54%	\$ 889,373 165.28%	\$ 898,307 128.34%
r		/ .		- 301-070	

#### Required Supplementary Information

# Municipal Employees' Retirement System

#### Schedule of Contributions

# Rescue Employee Plan

Last 10 Years

	Fiscal 2019	Fiscal 2018	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 169,008	\$ 152,968	\$ 175,174	\$ 172,028	\$ 179,605
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	169,008	152,968	175,174	172,028	179,605
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	<u>\$</u> -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 891,538	\$ 853,146	\$ 960,666	\$ 952,317	\$ 889,575
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.96%	17.93%	18.23%	18.06%	20.19%

## Notes:

1.) Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-21-

42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

# Required Supplementary Information

# Teachers' Survivors

#### Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset

## Last 10 Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension asset	4.71249896%	4.67075334%	4.78468663%	4.90497735%	4.97709490%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 4,204,930	\$ 3,863,946	\$ 4,764,203	\$ 4,579,071	\$ 6,187,561
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$25,416,949	\$24,703,975	\$24,449,295	\$24,308,607	\$24,062,206
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	16.54%	15.64%	19.49%	18.84%	25.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	136.1%	136.1%	153.3%	146.6%	173.3%

#### Notes:

1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

# Required Supplementary Information

## Teacher's Survivors Benefit Plan

#### Schedule of Contributions

#### Last 10 Years

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Statutorily determined contribution	\$	33,479	\$	35,063	\$	27,552	\$	30,731	\$	28,406
Contributions in relation to the statutorily determined contribution		33,479		35,063		27,552		30,731		28,406
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$25	,416,949	\$24	4,703,975	\$24	1,449,295	\$24	1,308,607	\$24	,062,206
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.13%		0.14%		0.11%		0.13%		0.12%

#### Notes:

1.) Employers participating in the Teachers' Survivor's Benefit Plan contribute at a rate established by the RI General Laws,

Required Supplementary Information

Notes to ERS, MERS, and TSB Plans

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year end.

The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years – additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-21-42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Employers participating in the Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan contribute at a rate established by RI General Laws, Section 16-16-35.

## June 30, 2018 measurement date –

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

## June 30, 2017 measurement date -

As part of the 2017 Actuarial Experience Investigation Study for the six-year period ending June 30, 2016 as approved by the System Board on May 15, 2017, certain assumptions were modified and reflected in the determination of the net pension liability (asset) at the June 30, 2017 measurement date. The following summarizes the more significant changes in assumptions:

- Decreased the general inflation assumption from 2.75% to 2.50%;
- Decreased the nominal investment return assumption from 7.50% to 7.00%;
- Decreased the general wage growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%;
- Decreased salary increases assumptions; and
- Updated the post-retirement mortality tables to variants of the RP-2014 table. For the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

## June 30, 2016 measurement date -

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2016 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

Required Supplementary Information

## Notes to ERS, MERS, and TSB Plans

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# June 30, 2015 measurement date –

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2015 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2014 measurement date

The June 30, 2015 measurement date determination of the net pension liability for the ERS and MERS plans reflects changes in benefit changes resulting from the settlement of litigation challenging the various pension reform measures enacted in previous years by the General Assembly. The final settlement approved by the Court on July 8, 2015 also included enactment of the pension settlement provisions by the General Assembly. These amended benefit provisions, are summarized below:

- Employees with more than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012 will increase their employee contribution rates to 11% for state employees and municipal general employees will contribute 8.25% (9.25% for units with a COLA provision) and participate solely in the defined benefit plan going forward service credit accruals will increase from 1% to 2% per year.
- Members are eligible to retire upon the attainment of: age 65 with 30 years of service, 64 with 31 years of service, 63 with 32 years of service, or 62 with 33 years of service. Members may retire earlier if their RIRSA date is earlier or are eligible under a transition rule.
- MERS public safety employees may retire at age 50 with 25 years of service, or any age with 27 years of service. MERS public safety employees will contribute 9.00% (10.00% for units with a COLA provision)
- Employees with more than 10 but less than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012 will receive an increased employer contribution to the defined contribution plan. Also, members who earn less than \$35,000 per year will not be required to pay the administrative fees to the defined contribution plan.
- Members who retired from a COLA eligible plan before July 1, 2012 will received a one-time cost of living adjustment of 2% of the first \$25,000 paid as soon as administratively possible.
- Retirees as of June 30, 2015 will receive two \$500 stipends; the interim cost of living increases will occur at 4 year rather than 5 year intervals.
- The COLA formula was adjusted to: 50% of the COLA is calculated by taking the previous 5-year average investment return, less 5.5% (5yr Return 5.5%, with a max of 4%) and 50% calculated using previous year's CPI-U (max of 3%) for a total max COLA of 3.5%. This COLA is calculated on the first \$25,855, effective 01/01/16, and indexed as of that date as well. (The indexing formula is run annually regardless of funding level each year.)
- Minor adjustments were made to the actuarial reduction for employees choosing to retire early.

**Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan** – the employee and employer contribution rates were applied to the first \$11,500 of member salary for fiscal 2018. In fiscal 2017 and prior the rate was applied to salary up to \$9,600. Covered employee payroll is the full amount of employee payroll for plan members and not just the capped salary amount to which the contribution rate is applied.

# Required Supplementary Information

## Town Pension Plan

## Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

## Last 10 Years\*

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$ 868,930	\$ 809,348	\$ 792,134	\$ 763,850	\$ 599,159	\$ 605,377
Interest	2,284,042	2,450,033	2,482,561	2,498,226	1,956,043	2,111,291
Changes of benefit terms	-	(3,977)	-	(26,249)	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	12,667	(92,415)	167,575	(505,472)	(258,433)	77,724
Changes of assumptions	1,397,980	(58,519)	(118,482)	(18,060)	5,028,770	312,459
Benefit payments, including refunds of participant contributions	(1,744,221)	(1,654,290)	(1,592,331)	(1,592,333)	(1,606,958)	(1,446,432)
Net change in total pension liability	2,819,398	1,450,180	1,731,457	1,119,962	5,718,581	1,660,419
Total pension liability - beginning	38,650,834	37,200,654	35,469,197	34,349,235	28,630,654	26,970,235
Total pension liability - ending	\$41,470,232	\$38,650,834	\$37,200,654	\$ 35,469,197	\$34,349,235	\$28,630,654
Pension fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,778,969	\$ 1,700,406	\$ 1,522,833	\$ 1,289,255	\$ 1,151,809	\$ 1,146,450
Contributions - employee	333,249	312,334	312,264	290,824	273,935	277,602
Net investment income	1,916,596	1,956,480	2,248,866	642,654	302,238	2,760,209
Benefit payments, including refunds of participant contributions	(1,744,221)	(1,654,290)	(1,592,331)	(1,592,333)	(1,606,958)	(1,446,432)
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	2,284,593	2,314,930	2,491,632	630,400	121,024	2,737,829
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	24,967,871	22,617,053	20,587,995	19,957,595	19,836,571	17,098,742
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$27,252,464	\$24,967,871	\$23,079,627	\$ 20,587,995	\$19,957,595	\$19,836,571
Town's net pension liability - ending	\$14,217,768	\$13,682,963	\$14,121,027	\$ 14,881,202	\$14,391,640	\$ 8,794,083

# Required Supplementary Information

# Town Pension Plan

# Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Years\*

	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Total pension liability	\$41,470,232	\$38,650,834	\$37,200,654	\$35,469,197	\$34,349,235	\$28,630,654
Plan fiduciary net position	27,252,464	24,967,871	23,079,627	20,587,995	19,957,595	19,836,571
Town's net pension liability (asset)	\$14,217,768	\$13,682,963	\$14,121,027	\$14,881,202	\$14,391,640	\$ 8,794,083
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.72%	64.60%	62.04%	58.04%	58.10%	69.28%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,453,717	\$ 5,450,472	\$ 5,323,702	\$ 5,142,178	\$ 5,073,432	\$ 5,139,367
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	260.70%	251.04%	265.25%	289.39%	283.67%	171.11%

# Required Supplementary Information

## Town Pension Plan

## Schedule of Contributions

# Last 10 Years\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$1,729,370	\$1,700,406	\$1,522,833	\$1,374,183	\$1,227,757	\$1,222,045	\$1,086,389	\$ 644,463	\$ 644,615	\$ 618,012
actuarially determined contribution	1,729,370	1,700,406	1,522,833	1,393,880	1,227,757	1,222,045	1,226,051	513,931	736,776	479,429
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ (19,697)	\$-	\$-	\$ (139,662)	\$ 130,532	\$ (92,161)	\$ 138,583
Covered-employee payroll	\$5,425,686	\$5,275,079	\$4,868,352	\$5,073,432	\$5,139,367	\$5,068,754	\$4,916,103	\$4,988,272	\$5,414,398	\$4,943,482
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	31.87%	32.23%	31.28%	27.47%	23.89%	24.11%	24.94%	10.30%	13.61%	9.70%

# Required Supplementary Information

## Town Pension Plan

## Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

## Last 10 Years\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	93.67%	93.81%	94.67%	94.59%	93.81%	93.81%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$14,217,768	\$13,682,963	\$14,121,027	\$14,881,202	\$14,391,640	\$8,794,083
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,453,717	\$ 5,450,472	\$ 5,323,702	\$ 5,142,178	\$ 5,073,432	\$5,139,367
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	260.70%	251.04%	265.25%	289.39%	283.67%	171.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.72%	64.60%	62.04%	58.04%	58.10%	69.28%

Required Supplementary Information

Town Pension Plan

#### Schedule of Investment Returns and Notes

J	une 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 201				
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	7.58%	8.56%	10.92%	3.30%	4.65%	16.60%				
L.										
Notes to the Schedule:										
Valuation Date:										
Actuarially determined contributi	on rates are	calculated as o	f June 30, 2019	)						
Methods and assumptions used to										
Discount rate	7.00									
Expected Long Term Rate of Ret										
Municipal bond	N/A	70								
Inflation	2.10	%								
Pre and post retirement mortality			P-2014 Blue Co	ollar Mortality	with fully					
		Police and Fire - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality with fully generational improvements from 2006 based on assumptions								
	-	-	al Security Trus		·······					
			ries - RP-2014	-	y with fully					
			ements from 2							
	from	the 2018 Soci	al Security Trus	stee's Report						
Withdrawal	T-2.	Illustrative ann	ual rates of wit	hdrawals as fol	lows:					
			ge	Male						
			25	5% - 10						
			30	3.5% - '						
			35	2.5% - :						
			40 45	1.5% - 3 1% - 2						
			50 50	.50% - 2						
			5	.30% - 0						
				00% - 0						
		6	D()							
Cost of living increases	3.00		50 ssumed for Pol		er June 30, 200	94.				
Cost of living increases		% increase is a	ssumed for Pol	ice retiring afte						
Cost of living increases	Offic	% increase is a cers hired after		ice retiring after ill receive a 3.0	00% compound	led COLA				
Cost of living increases	Offic capp	% increase is a cers hired after ed 18 years afte	ssumed for Pol July 1, 2015 w	ice retiring afte ill receive a 3.0 etirement. This	00% compound	led COLA				
	Offic capp on te	% increase is a cers hired after ed 18 years after rms of the coll	ssumed for Pol July 1, 2015 w er the date of re ective bargainin	ice retiring after fill receive a 3.0 etirement. This ng agreement.	00% compound assumption is l	led COLA based				
Cost of living increases Changes since prior report	Offic capp on te The 1	% increase is a cers hired after ed 18 years afte rms of the coll nortality table	ssumed for Pol July 1, 2015 w er the date of re ective bargaining used to measur	ice retiring after ill receive a 3.0 etirement. This ng agreement. e funding liabil	00% compound assumption is l	led COLA based changed				
	Offic capp on te The 1 from	% increase is a cers hired after ed 18 years after rms of the coll nortality table using fully gen	ssumed for Pol July 1, 2015 w er the date of re ective bargainin used to measur- merational impro-	ice retiring after ill receive a 3.0 etirement. This ng agreement. e funding liabil ovement scale b	00% compound assumption is b ites have been o based on assum	led COLA based changed ptions				
	Offic capp on te The 1 from from	% increase is a cers hired after ed 18 years after rms of the coll mortality table using fully gen the 2017 Trus	ssumed for Pol July 1, 2015 w er the date of re ective bargainin used to measur herational impro- tees' Report to	ice retiring after ill receive a 3.0 etirement. This ng agreement. e funding liabil ovement scale b the improveme	00% compound assumption is b ites have been o based on assum nt scale based	led COLA based changed aptions on				
	Offic capp on te The 1 from from assu	% increase is a cers hired after ed 18 years after rms of the coll nortality table using fully gen the 2017 Trus nptions from th	ssumed for Pol July 1, 2015 w er the date of re ective bargainin used to measur- merational impro-	ice retiring after ill receive a 3.0 etirement. This ng agreement. e funding liabil- ovement scale l the improveme es' Report. The	00% compound assumption is b ites have been o based on assum nt scale based respective mon	led COLA based changed ptions on rtality				
	Offic capp on te The 1 from assu table	% increase is a cers hired after ed 18 years after rms of the coll nortality table using fully gen the 2017 Trus nptions from the s (RP-2017 Bl	ssumed for Pol July 1, 2015 w er the date of re- ective bargainin used to measur- merational impro- tees' Report to he 2018 Trustee	ice retiring after ill receive a 3.0 etirement. This ng agreement. e funding liabil ovement scale b the improveme es' Report. The ap-2014 Total)	00% compound assumption is b ites have been o based on assum nt scale based respective mon and the year in	led COLA based changed ptions on rtality which				

Supplementary Information

# Supplementary Information

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combined Balance Sheet

	Town Special Revenue	School Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$137,474	\$ 109,580	\$ 7,106,000	\$ 7,353,054
Investments	-	-	9,377,274	9,377,274
Prepaid	-	5,250	-	5,250
Due from other governments	-	1,057,995	-	1,057,995
Due from other funds	390,910	685,685	8,426,877	9,503,472
Total assets	528,384	1,858,510	24,910,151	27,297,045
<b>Deferred outflows of resources</b> Deferred outflows	-	-	_	_
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	528,384	1,858,510	24,910,151	27,297,045
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	375	630,626	-	631,001
BAN payable	-	-	25,000,000	25,000,000
Due to other funds	12,355	864,292	2,565,481	3,442,128
	12,730	1,494,918	27,565,481	29,073,129
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unearned revenue	5,486	-	-	5,486
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,486	-	-	5,486
Fund balance				
Nonspendable	-	5,250	-	5,250
Restricted	26,259	397,481	-	423,740
Committed	201,119	-	-	201,119
Unassigned	282,790	(39,139)	(2,655,330)	(2,411,679)
Total fund balance	510,168	363,592	(2,655,330)	(1,781,570)
Town liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and				
fund balances	\$528,384	\$1,858,510	\$24,910,151	\$ 27,297,045

# Non-Major Governmental Funds Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

	Town Special Revenue	School Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Federal and state grant income	\$148,212	\$2,634,737	\$ -	\$ 2,782,949
Other revenue	157,583	1,982	209,189	368,754
Investment income	14	-	325,366	325,380
Total revenue	305,809	2,636,719	534,555	3,477,083
Expenditures				
General government	7,938	-		7,938
Public safety	23,037	-	188,637	211,674
Public services	235,116	2,584,599	414,721	3,234,436
Education			11,168,727	11,168,727
Total Expenditures	266,091	2,584,599	11,772,085	14,622,775
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	39,718	52,120	(11,237,530)	(11,145,692)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	3,555,477	3,555,477
Premium on BAN	-	-	917,750	917,750
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		4,473,227	4,473,227
Excess of revenue and other sources over				
expenditures and other uses	39,718	52,120	(6,764,303)	(6,672,465)
Fund balance, July 1, 2018	470,450	311,472	4,108,973	4,890,895
Fund balance, June 30, 2019	\$510,168	\$ 363,592	\$(2,655,330)	\$ (1,781,570)

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Town Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2019

	ership for Iccess	DCF G	Frant	Substance Abuse	CDBG	Rental Rehab
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$11,829	\$12,106
Due from other funds	 5,000		-		28,932	
Total assets	 5,000		-		40,761	12,106
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
None	 -		-	-		
Total outflows of resources and assets	 5,000		-		40,761	12,106
Liabilities						
Due to other funds	-	8	,700	-	-	-
Other	-		-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	 -		-			
Total liabilities	 -	8	,700			
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows	 -		-		-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -		-			
Fund Balances						
Restricted	-	(8	,700)	-	-	-
Committed	-		-	-	-	-
Unassigned	 5,000		-	-	40,761	12,106
Total fund balances (deficits)	 5,000	(8	,700)		40,761	12,106
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 5,000	\$	-	\$-	\$40,761	\$12,106

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Town Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2019

	HRH erage	Ani mal Care	Child Seatbelt	Friends of Whiteman	Holiday Basket
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,485	\$42,916
Due from other funds	 114	64,541	387		
Total assets	 114	64,541	387	17,485	42,916
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
None	 -				
Total outflows of resources and assets	 114	64,541	387	17,485	42,916
Liabilities					
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	40	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	 -				
Total liabilities	 -	40			
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
None	 -				
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -				
Fund Balances					
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	 114	64,501	387	17,485	42,916
Total fund balances (deficits)	 114	64,501	387	17,485	42,916
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 114	\$64,541	\$ 387	\$ 17,485	\$42,916

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Town Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2019

	Lincoln Days	norial Day Parade	ice Vest Frant	Police Forfeiture		or Center onations	N1 Clinic Grant
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$6,503	\$ 23,309	\$ -	\$ 12,567	\$	-	\$ -
Due from other funds		 -	 1,809	2,544		67,234	 8,855
Total assets	6,503	 23,309	 1,809	15,111		67,234	 8,855
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
None	-	 -	 -			-	 -
Total outflows of resources and assets	6,503	 23,309	 1,809	15,111		67,234	 8,855
Liabilities							
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-		-	-
Other	-	-	-	-		-	-
Unearned revenue		 -	 1,222			-	 -
Total liabilities		 -	 1,222				 -
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Uneraned revenue		 -	 			-	 -
Total deferred inflows of resources		 -	 -		. <u> </u>	-	 -
Fund Balances							
Restricted	-	-	587	15,111		-	8,855
Committed	-	-	-	-		-	-
Unassigned	6,503	 23,309	 -			67,234	 -
Total fund balances (deficits)	6,503	 23,309	 587	15,111		67,234	 8,855
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$6,503	\$ 23,309	\$ 1,809	\$ 15,111	\$	67,234	\$ 8,855

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Town Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2019

	Drug eiture	ue Grants Donations	MEDS	RNE 2009	nthside ilding
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,593
Due from other funds	 -	 2,456	25,391	 	 -
Total assets	 18	 2,456	25,391	 -	 6,593
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
None	 _	 -		 _	 -
Total outflows of resources and assets	 18	 2,456	25,391	 -	 6,593
Liabilities					
Due to other funds	-	-	-	350	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	 -	 -	4,264	 -	 -
Total liabilities	 -	 -	4,264	 350	 -
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
None	 -	 -		 	 -
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -	 -		 -	 -
Fund Balances					
Restricted	-	-	-	-	6,593
Committed	-	-	21,127	(350)	-
Unassigned	 18	 2,456		 -	 -
Total fund balances (deficits)	 18	 2,456	21,127	 (350)	 6,593
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 18	\$ 2,456	\$25,391	\$ -	\$ 6,593

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Town Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2019

	Senior Center	Operation Riptide	Town Clerk Technician	Historical Records	Senior Center Programs	Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,148	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$137,474
Due from other funds	-		134,758	48,889		390,910
Total assets	4,148		134,758	48,889		528,384
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
None						-
Total outflows of resources and assets	4,148		134,758	48,889		528,384
Liabilities						
Due to other funds	-	2,592	-	-	713	12,355
Other	335	-	-	-	-	375
Unearned revenue						5,486
Total liabilities	335	2,592			713	18,216
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
None	-	-				-
Total deferred inflows of resources						
Fund Balances						
Restricted	3,813	-	-	-	-	26,259
Committed	-	(2,592)	134,758	48,889	(713)	201,119
Unassigned		-				282,790
Total fund balances (deficits)	3,813	(2,592)	134,758	48,889	(713)	510,168
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 4,148	\$ -	\$ 134,758	\$ 48,889	\$ -	\$528,384

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – Town Special Revenue Funds

	ership for uccess	DCF Grant Substan		stance Abuse CDBG		Rental Rehab
Revenues						
Grant Revenue	\$ 7,181	\$ 113,347	\$	3,881	\$ -	\$ -
Other revenue	 5,000			-		
Total revenues	 12,181	113,347		3,881		
Expenditures						
General government	-	-		-	-	-
Public safety	-	-		-	-	-
Public service	 24	119,245		-		81
Total expenditures	 24	119,245		-		81
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	12,157	(5,898)		3,881	-	(81)
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b> Transfers (to) other funds	 					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures		(7.000)				
and other uses	12,157	(5,898)		3,881	-	(81)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	 (7,157)	(2,802)		(3,881)	40,761	12,187
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 5,000	\$ (8,700)	\$		\$40,761	\$12,106

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – Town Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	HRH lerage	Animal Care	Child Seatbelt	Friends of Whiteman	Holiday Basket
Revenues					
Grant Revenue	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
Other revenue	 -	12,500	774	346	20,624
Total revenues	 -	12,500	774	346	20,624
Expenditures					
General government	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	256	-	-	-
Public service	 -			820	11,252
Total expenditures	 -	256		820	11,252
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	-	12,244	774	(474)	9,372
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b> Transfers from (to) other funds	 -				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		12,244	774	(474)	9,372
	-	12,277	,,+	(+/+)	,512
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	 114	52,257	(387)	17,959	33,544
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 114	\$64,501	\$ 387	\$ 17,485	\$42,916

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – Town Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Lincoln Days	Memorial Day Parade	Police Vest Grant	Police Forfeiture	Senior Center Donations	H1N1 Clinic Grant
Revenues						
Grant Revenue	\$-	\$ -	\$ 2,400	\$ 9,224	\$ -	\$ -
Other revenue	2,245	21,269			10,000	-
Total revenues	2,245	21,269	2,400	9,224	10,000	
Expenditures						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public service	6,405	16,593	2,860	16,248		
Total expenditures	6,405	16,593	2,860	16,248		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(4,160)	4,676	(460)	(7,024)	10,000	-
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b> Transfers from (to) other funds						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures						
and other uses	(4,160)	4,676	(460)	(7,024)	10,000	-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	10,663	18,633	1,047	22,135	57,234	8,855
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$6,503	\$ 23,309	\$ 587	\$ 15,111	\$ 67,234	\$ 8,855

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – Town Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Drug eiture	ue Grants Donations	MEDS	BYRNE MEDS JAG 2009		arthside uilding
Revenues						
Grant Revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,000	\$ -	\$	-
Other revenue	 -	 -		12,455		14
Total revenues	 -	 	3,000	12,455		14
Expenditures						
General government	-	-	-	-		-
Public safety	-	1,000	-	12,455		-
Public service	 -	 				
Total expenditures	 -	 1,000		12,455		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	-	(1,000)	3,000	-		14
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b> Transfers from (to) other funds	 -	 				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures						
and other uses	-	(1,000)	3,000	-		14
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	 18	 3,456	18,127	(350)		6,579
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 18	\$ 2,456	\$21,127	\$ (350)	\$	6,593

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – Town Special Revenue Funds

	Senior Center	Operation Riptide	Town Clerk Technician	Historical Records	Senior Center Programs	Total
Revenues						
Grant Revenue	\$ -	\$ 9,179	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$148,212
Other revenue	30,226		18,960	3,209	19,975	157,597
Total revenues	30,226	9,179	18,960	3,209	19,975	305,809
Expenditures						
General government	-	-	7,938	-	-	7,938
Public safety	-	9,326	-	-	-	23,037
Public service	42,415				19,173	235,116
Total expenditures	42,415	9,326	7,938	<u> </u>	19,173	266,091
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(12,189)	(147)	11,022	3,209	802	39,718
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b> Transfers from (to) other funds						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures						
and other uses	(12,189)	(147)	11,022	3,209	802	39,718
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	16,002	(2,445)	123,736	45,680	(1,515)	470,450
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 3,813	\$ (2,592)	\$ 134,758	\$ 48,889	\$ (713)	\$510,168

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2019

	SPED IDEA Part B	SPE IDEA P Supp	art B	SPE IDE Prescl	ĒA	Title I Part A Disadvantaged ol Youth		Title II Part A Teacher Quality		La	ïtle III anguage quisition
Assets											
Cash	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Prepaid	-		-		-		-		-		5,250
Due from other funds	-		- 38	10	-		-		-		-
Due from state or federal government	741,349				,365		194,926		66,216		17,962
Total assets	741,349		38	18,	,365		194,926		66,216		23,212
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b> Deferred outflows	-		-		_		-		-		-
Total deferred outflows of resources			-		-		-		-		-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	741,349		38	18,	,365		194,926		66,216		23,212
Liabilities											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	79,307		-	2,	,569		35,972		66,216		23,012
Due to other funds	662,042		-	15,	,796		158,747		-		-
Total liabilities	741,349		-	18,	,365		194,719		66,216		23,012
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b> Deferred infows	_		-		_		_		-		-
Total deferred inflow of resources	-		-		-		-		-		-
Fund balances											
Restricted	-		38		-		207		-		200
Unassigned	-		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balance (deficits)			38		-		207		-		200
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$741,349	\$	38	\$ 18,	,365	\$	194,926	\$	66,216	\$	23,212

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2019

	Title IV	Ti	tle V	erkins ional Even	Per Vocatio		-	'SDA FVP		Edu Jobs
Assets										
Cash	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Prepaid	-		-	-		-		-		-
Due from other funds	-		1,803	2,204		441		691		293,207
Due from state or federal government	17,922		-	 -		-		605		-
Total assets	17,922		1,803	 2,204		441		1,296		293,207
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b> Deferred outflows	-		-	-		-		-		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	_		-	 -		-		-		-
Total assets and deferred outflows of										
resources	17,922		1,803	 2,204		441		1,296		293,207
Liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-		-	_		-		-		293,207
Due to other funds	17,922		_	-		-				-
Total liabilities	17,922		-	 -		-		-		293,207
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b> Deferred infows	-		_	-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflow of resources			-	 -		-		-		-
Fund balances										
Restricted	-		1,803	2,204		441		1,296		-
Unassigned	-		-	-		-		-		-
Total fund balance (deficits)			1,803	 2,204		441		1,296	·	-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 17,922	\$	1,803	\$ 2,204	\$	441	\$	1,296	\$	293,207

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

	Pilot Mini Grant	RTIT Instructor Improv Syst	RTTT Educator Effectiveness	RIDHS Bright Stars	Legistlative Grant	Teaching American History
Assets		<b>`</b>		0		<b>`</b>
Cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Prepaid	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	400	500	2,751	2,397	21,153
Due from state or federal government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets		400	500	2,751	2,397	21,153
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b> Deferred outflows	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources		-				
Total assets and deferred outflows of						
resources		400	500	2,751	2,397	21,153
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	21	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	21	-	-	-		-
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b> Deferred infows						
Total deferred inflow of resources			-	-		
Fund balances						
Restricted	-	400	500	2,751	2,397	21,153
Unassigned	(21)		-	2,, 51		-
Total fund balance (deficits)	(21)	400	500	2,751	2,397	21,153
Total Tuliu Dalalice (deficits)	(21)	400		2,751	2,397	21,155
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$-	\$ 400	\$ 500	\$ 2,751	\$ 2,397	\$ 21,153

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

	[State ouncil	R	CAPP	_	Yellow	CTE orical 2013	I Skills nmission	Categ	CTE orical Even
Assets									
Cash	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Prepaid	-		-		-	-	-		-
Due from other funds	1,270		1,083		884	43,483	10,426		33,945
Due from state or federal government	 		-		-	 -	 -		-
Total assets	 1,270		1,083		884	 43,483	 10,426		33,945
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b> Deferred outflows	-		-		_	-	-		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	 -		-		-	 -	 -		-
Total assets and deferred outflows of									
resources	 1,270		1,083		884	 43,483	 10,426		33,945
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-		-		-	-	-		19,678
Due to other funds	-		-		-	-	-		-
Total liabilities	 -		-		-	 -	 -		19,678
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b> Deferred infows	-		-		-	-	-		_
Total deferred inflow of resources	 -		-		-	 -	 -		-
Fund balances									
Restricted	1,270		1,083		884	43,483	10,426		14,267
Unassigned	-		-		-	-	-		-
Total fund balance (deficits)	 1,270		1.083		884	 43,483	 10,426		14,267
	 1,270		1,005		007	 15,105	 10,120		11,207
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 1,270	\$	1,083	\$	884	\$ 43,483	\$ 10,426	\$	33,945

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

	CTE Course Sequence	CTE Categorical 2014	ELL Categorical	RI Kindergarden Project	Various Funds	School Lunch	Total
Assets							
Cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$109,580	\$ 109,580
Prepaid	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,250
Due from other funds	301	56,303	-	-	14,189	198,254	685,685
Due from state or federal government	-	-	612	-	-		1,057,995
Total assets	301	56,303	612		14,189	307,834	1,858,510
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b> Deferred outflows							
Total deferred outflows of resources			-		-	-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of							
resources	301	56,303	612		14,189	307,834	1,858,510
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	38,815	-	1,263	43,254	27,332	630,625
Due to other funds	-	-	4,806	4,596	-	362	864,292
Total liabilities	-	38,815	4,806	5,859	43,254	27,694	1,494,917
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b> Deferred infows							
Total deferred inflow of resources							
Fund balances							
Restricted	301	17,488	-	-	-	280,140	402,732
Unassigned	-	-	(4,194)	(5,859)	(29,065)	-	(39,139)
Total fund balance (deficits)	301	17,488	(4,194)	(5,859)	(29,065)	280,140	363,593
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 301	\$ 56,303	\$ 612	\$ -	\$ 14,189	\$307,834	\$1,858,510

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	IDEA Disadvant		tle I Part A sadvantaged Youth			Disadvantaged		Title II Part A Teacher Quality		L	Title III anguage quisition
Revenues											-
Federal and state grant income	\$826,833	\$	-	\$ 30,926	5	\$	466,873	\$	160,793	\$	27,791
Other grant income	-		-		-	_	-		-		-
Total revenues	826,833		-	30,920	5		466,873		160,793		27,791
Expenditures											
Education	826,833		-	30,920	5		466,666		160,793		27,591
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	-		-		-		207		-		200
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b> Transfers from (to) other funds			-						-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	-		-		-		207		-		200
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018			38		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ -	\$	38	\$	-	\$	207	\$	-	\$	200

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	Т	itle IV	Title V		Perkins Vocational Even		Perkins Vocational Odd		USDA FFVP			Edu Tobs
Revenues												
Federal and state grant income	\$	55,356	\$	-	\$	-	\$	82,771	\$	5,911	\$	-
Other grant income		-	_	-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		55,356		-				82,771		5,911		-
Expenditures												
Education		55,356		-		132		82,330		4,615		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		-		-		(132)		441		1,296		-
Other financing sources (uses)												
Transfers from (to) other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses		-		-		(132)		441		1,296		-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018		-		1,803		2,336	. <u> </u>	-		-	. <u> </u>	-
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	-	\$	1,803	\$	2,204	\$	441	\$	1,296	\$	-

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	Pilot Mini Grant		Instructor prov Syst	T Educator ectiveness	CIDHS ght Stars	0	istlative Grant	eaching ican History
Revenues								
Federal and state grant income Other grant income	\$	9,054	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Total revenues		9,054	 -	 -	 -		-	 -
Expenditures								
Education		9,075	 -	 -	 -		-	 -
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		(21)	-	-	-		-	-
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b> Transfers from (to) other funds		-	-	 	 -		-	 -
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other		(21)	-	-	-		-	-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018		-	 400	 500	 2,751		2,397	 21,153
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	(21)	\$ 400	\$ 500	\$ 2,751	\$	2,397	\$ 21,153

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	RI State Council RICAPP		ICAPP	0	Yellow ool Bus	CTE orical 2013	I Skills nmission	Categ	CTE orical Even	
Revenues										
Federal and state grant income Other grant income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	800	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Total revenues		-		-		800	 -	 -		
Expenditures										
Education		-				400	 -	 -		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		-		-		400	-	-		-
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b> Transfers from (to) other funds		-		-			 -	 -		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and sources over expenditures and other		-		-		400	-	-		-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018		1,270		1,083		484	 43,483	 10,426		14,267
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$	1,270	\$	1,083	\$	884	\$ 43,483	\$ 10,426	\$	14,267

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	CTE Course Sequence	CTE Categorical 2014	ELL Categorical	RI Kindergarden Project	Various Funds	School Lunch	Total
Revenues							
Federal and state grant income Other grant income	\$	\$ -	\$ 2,050	\$	\$ - 1,982	\$965,579 -	\$2,634,737 1,982
Total revenues	-	-	2,050	-	1,982	965,579	2,636,719
Expenditures			2.050	2 250	21.040	000 505	0 504 500
Education	-	-	2,050	2,378	21,949	893,505	2,584,599
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	-	-	-	(2,378)	(19,967)	72,074	52,120
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b> Transfers from (to) other funds							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and sources over expenditures and other	-	-	-	(2,378)	(19,967)	72,074	52,120
Fund Balance, July 1, 2018	301	17,488	(4,194)	(3,481)	(9,098)	208,066	311,472
Fund Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 301	\$ 17,488	\$ (4,194)	\$ (5,859)	\$ (29,065)	\$280,140	\$ 363,592

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Capital Project Funds

June 30, 2019

	-	Open Space Reserve		tal Projects Reserve	Capital Projects		Public Building	ool Capital Projects		Total
Assets								 		
Cash & cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	7,106,000	\$ -	\$	7,106,000
Investments		-		-	-		9,377,275	-		9,377,275
Due from		657,954		657,954	7,110,968		-	 -		8,426,876
Total assets		657,954		657,954	7,110,968		16,483,275	 -		24,910,151
<b>Deferred outflows of resources</b> Deferred inflows								 -		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		657,954		657,954	7,110,968		16,483,275	 -		24,910,151
Liabilities										
BAN payable		-		-	-	2	25,000,000	-		25,000,000
Due to other funds		-		-			1,996,670	 568,811		2,565,481
Total liabilities		-					26,996,670	 568,811		27,565,481
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b> None							-	 -		
Fund Balances										
Restricted		657,954		657,954	7,110,968		-	-		8,426,876
Unassigned		-		-		(1	10,513,395)	 (568,811)	(	(11,082,206)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	657,954	\$	657,954	\$ 7,110,968	\$	16,483,275	\$ -	\$	24,910,151

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Capital Project Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Open Space Reserve	Capital Projects Reserve	Capital Projects	Public Building	School Capital Projects	Total
Revenues						
Investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ 325,366	\$ -	\$ 325,366
Other					209,189	209,189
Total revenues				325,366	209,189	534,555
Expenditures						
Education	-	-	-	10,390,727	778,000	11,168,727
Public safety	-	-	188,637	-	-	188,637
Public services			414,721	-		414,721
Total expenditures			603,358	10,390,727	778,000	11,772,085
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	-	-	(603,358)	(10,065,361)	(568,811)	(11,237,530)
Other financing sources (uses)						
BAN premium Transfer from (to) other funds	657,954	657,954	2,239,569	917,750		917,750 3,555,477
Total other financing sources (uses)	657,954	657,954	2,239,569	917,750		4,473,227
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures						
and other uses	657,954	657,954	1,636,211	(9,147,611)	(568,811)	(6,764,305)
Fund balance, July 1, 2018			5,474,757	(1,365,784)		4,108,974
Fund balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 657,954	\$ 657,954	\$ 7,110,968	\$ (10,513,395)	\$ (568,811)	\$ (2,655,331)

# Supplementary Information Tax Collectors Annual Report

<u>Tax Roll Year</u>	Balance July 1, 2018	A	Assessment		lditions	tements & ljustments		nount to be collected		urrent Year Collections	ance June 80, 2019	
2018	\$ -	\$	55,943,115	\$	8,132	\$ (198,241)	\$	55,753,006	\$	53,864,990	\$ 1,888,016	
2017	1,729,156		-		1,769	4,912		1,735,837		1,508,630	227,207	
2016	284,888		-	-		(1,641)		283,247		128,192	155,055	
2015	177,336		-		-	12,450		189,786		33,483	156,303	
2014	156,173		-		-	(5,377)		150,796		15,569	135,227	
2013	128,987		-		253	(1,432)		127,808		7,331	120,477	
2012	132,878		-		-	(803)		132,075		10,947	121,128	
2011	119,343		-		-	1,792		121,135	12,76		108,375	
2010	96,503		-		-	241	241 96,744		1,137	95,607		
2009	53,090		-	-		(159)	52,931		30		52,623	
2008 and prior	202,045		-		-	 (85,595)		116,450		950	 115,500	
	\$ 3,080,399	\$	55,943,115	\$	10,154	\$ (273,853)	\$	58,759,815	\$	55,584,297	\$ 3,175,519	
Less:Allowance for												
uncollectible accounts	(443,468)										(428,380)	
	\$ 2,636,931										\$ 2,747,139	

#### Supplementary Information Tax Collectors Annual Report

June 30, 2019

#### Schedule of property valuation assessed as of December 31, 2018: Valuation Levy \$ 2,594,687,865 \$ 60,636,855 Real property Motor vehicles 206,753,559 6,339,064 Tangible personal property 163,876,224 5,756,972 2,965,317,648 Total \$ \$ 72,732,890 Less: Exemptions and motor vehicle phase out Real property (681,054,290) (15,224,050) Motor vehicles (51,067,385) (1,565,726) Total \$ 2,233,195,972 \$ 55,943,115

#### **Reconciliation of Current Year Property Tax Revenue**

Current Year Collections	\$ 55,584,297
60-day FY19 Accrual	
July-August 2019 Collections	559,576
60-day FY18 Accrual	
July-August 2018 Collections	 (620,022)
Current Year Property Tax Revenue	\$ 55,523,851

FY2019 Tax							
Collections Subject to 60- day FY18 Accrual	Sept-June 2019 Collections	Total FY 2019 Cash Collections	(FY 20) Cash Collections Subject to 60-day FY 19 Accrual				
\$ -	\$ 53,864,990	\$ 53,864,990	\$ 528,729				
589,159	919,471	1,508,630	14,967				
28,920	99,272	128,192	1,985				
168	33,315	33,483	4,820				
1,272	14,297	15,569	2,527				
242	7,089	7,331	1,360				
261	10,686	10,947	4,191				
-	12,760	12,760	715				
-	1,137	1,137	148				
-	308	308	38				
-	950	950	96				
\$ 620,022	\$ 54,964,275	\$ 55,584,297	\$ 559,576				

Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report Schedules

required by the State of Rhode Island General Law § 45-12-22.2 and § 44-35-10

Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) - Revenue Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) – Expenditures Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 – Municipal Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 – Education Department Notes to Supplementary Information – Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

# Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

REVENUE	Municipal	Education Department
Current Year Levy Tax Collection	\$ 54,555,283	\$ -
Last Year's Levy Tax Collection	928,883	-
Prior Years Property Tax Collection	170,910	-
Interest & Penalty	427,834	-
PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection	68,159	-
Other Local Property Taxes	-	-
Licenses and Permits	45,203	-
Fines and Forfeitures	67,485	-
Investment Income	154,693	-
Departmental	1,392,868	-
Rescue Run Revenue	1,250,073	-
Police & Fire Detail	1,019,461	-
Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues	222,459	-
Tuition	_	51,710
Impact Aid	-	_
Medicaid	-	710,559
Federal Stabilization Funds	-	_
Federal Food Service Reimbursement	-	460,952
CDBG	-	
COPS Grants	-	-
SAFER Grants	-	-
Other Federal Aid Funds	-	1,642,697
MV Excise Tax Reimbursement	206,198	-,
State PILOT Program	200,190	-
Distressed Community Relief Fund	-	-
Library Resource Aid	202,908	-
Library Construction Aid	202,900	-
Public Service Corporation Tax	271,180	-
Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax	919,712	-
LEA Aid	-	12,323,166
Group Home	_	
Housing Aid Capital Projects	174,279	-
Housing Aid Bonded Debt	746,835	-
State Food Service Revenue	-	11,444
Incentive Aid	_	-
Property Revaluation Reimbursement	63,067	_
Other State Revenue	7,446,220	2,850
Motor Vehicle Phase Out	703,845	2,030
Other Revenue		598,431
Local Appropriation for Education	_	41,786,267
Regional Appropriation for Education	_	-1,700,207
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	_	_
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	_	_
Other Education Appropriation	_	_
Rounding	_	_
Total Revenue	\$ 71,037,556	\$ 57,588,076
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds	\$ -	\$ -
Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds	-	-
Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds	-	-
Financing Sources: Other	-	-
Rounding Total Other Financing Sources		-
Total Otice Financing Sources	φ -	ψ -

# Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Ceneral Social Centralized Public Parks and Police													
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>	General Government	Finance	Social Services	Centralized IT	Planning	Libraries	Public Works	Parks and Rec	Police Department				
Compensation- Group A	\$ 435,575	\$ 529,192	\$ 252,203	\$ 70,699	\$ 130,394	\$ 612,080	\$ 2,084,655	\$ 277,344	\$ 2,751,097				
Compensation - Group B	• 100,070	• • • • • • • • •	0 202,200	• • • • • • • •	• 100,071	• • • • • • • • • •	• 2,00 1,000	• 277,011	155,452				
Compensation - Group C		_							155,452				
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Compensation -Volunteer	-			-	-		-	4 170					
Overtime- Group A	1,041	527	297	-	-	427	146,116	4,179	98,762				
Overtime - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Police & Fire Detail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	853,493				
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	124,815	195,219	94,739	20,802	29,438	155,831	678,779	58,875	678,779				
Active Medical Insurance - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,438				
Active Medical Insurance - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Active Dental Insurance - Group A	4,487	7,019	3,406	748	1,058	10,446	24,404	2,117	24,404				
Active Dental Insurance - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,058				
Active Dental Insurance - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Payroll Taxes	33,218	40,301	19,210	5,379	9,920	46,600	169,719	21,418	283,101				
Life Insurance	971	1,303	709	177	355	1,288	3,149	350	8,832				
State Defined Contribution- Group A	-	1,505	-		-	-		-	0,052				
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other Benefits- Group A	74,764	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other Benefits- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,339,811				
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	16,820	25,680	6,769	-	9,412	8,646	33,125	-	-				
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	34,901	57,997	13,948	5,041	5,552	50,069	217,640	14,375	9,537				
Purchased Services	294,395	53,886	43,764	38,997	8,413	39,706	32,385	-					
Materials/Supplies	39,143	33,705	17,918	36,329	3,016	246,620	72,005	44,093	125,298				
Software Licenses	5,938		- 17,910	73,151	5,010		- 12,005		123,298				
				75,151		-		-	116.044				
Capital Outlays	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,583,300	-	116,944				
Insurance	699,649	-	-	-	-	-	-		-				
Maintenance	-	-	29,873	-	-	7,805	380,575	52,265	41,974				
Vehicle Operations	-	-	7,111	-	178	-	372,103	8,118	147,389				
Utilities	20,653	16,522	37,689	2,048	4,131	33,665	41,306	33,109	19,534				
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	-	520,807	-	-				
Revaluation	-	141,834	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	256,546	-	-				
Trash Removal & Recycling	-	-	-	-	-	-	371,182	-	-				
Claims & Settlements	2,651	-	-	-	-	-		-	-				
Community Support	62,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other Operation Expenditures	44,537	547	155	1,681	1,526	1,690	12,431	-	64,397				
Tipping Fees	++,557	547	155	1,001	1,520	1,070	371,412	-	04,391				
	-	-	-	-	-	-	571,412	-	-				
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
School Debt- Interest	-	-		-		-	-	-	-				
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_				
OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Rounding	-												
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,896,057	\$ 1,103,733	\$ 527,791	\$ 255,053	\$ 203,394	\$ 1,214,873	\$ 7,371,636	\$ 516,242	\$ 6,749,300				

#### Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

EXPENDITURES	Fire Department	Centralized Dispatch	Public Safety Other	Education Appropriation	Debt	OPEB	Total Municipal	Education Department
Compensation- Group A	s -	\$ 254,951	\$ 1,074,488	s -	s -	s -	\$ 8,472,677	\$ 25,200,716
Compensation - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	155,452	1,906,369
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,862,240
Compensation - Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A Overtime - Group B	-	22,009	405,457	-	-	-	678,815	-
Overtime - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,274
Police & Fire Detail	-	-	-	-	-	-	853,493	
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	-	73,937	298,102	-	-	-	2,409,316	4,023,503
Active Medical Insurance - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,438	335,131
Active Medical Insurance - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,729,924
Active Dental Insurance - Group A	-	2,658	10,717	-	-	-	91,464	186,218
Active Dental Insurance - Group B Active Dental Insurance - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,058	11,758 103,856
Payroll Taxes	_	21,071	112,595	-	-	-	762,532	743,663
Life Insurance	-	509	1,844	-	-	-	19,487	238,235
State Defined Contribution- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	570,742
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,335
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	74,764	52,845
Other Benefits- Group B Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,529 3,337
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,339,811	2,55
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	_	-	-	-	-	-		-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	376,328
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	169,008	-	-	-	269,460	3,370,488
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	273,303
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	-	30,776	5,632	-	-	-	445,468	-
Purchased Services Materials/Supplies	-	-	74,056 71,324	-	-	-	585,602 689,451	11,834,453 824,548
Software Licenses		-	/1,524		-	-	79,089	116,835
Capital Outlays	_		83,922	_	_	_	1,784,166	178,435
Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	699,649	230,522
Maintenance	-	-	6,772	-	-	-	519,264	279,140
Vehicle Operations	-	-	51,586	-	-	-	586,485	35,691
Utilities	-	3,447	33,468	-	-	-	245,572	695,372
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	-	520,807	-
Revaluation Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-		-	-	-	-	141,834 256,546	
Trash Removal & Recycling	_	-	-	-	-	-	371,182	_
Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,651	-
Community Support	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,500	-
Other Operation Expenditures	-	-	9,548	-	-	-	136,512	320,239
Tipping Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	371,412	-
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	41,786,267	-	-	41,786,267	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	_		_	_	_	_	-	_
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	430,000	-	430,000	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	100,686	-	100,686	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	1,715,000	-	1,715,000	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	774,450	-	774,450	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	621,860
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-	-	- 1,210,646	1,210,646	
Rounding	_			-	-	1,210,040	-	
			·		· ·	· ·		
Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$ 409,359	\$ 2,408,518	\$ 41,786,267	\$ 3,020,136	\$ 1,210,646	\$ 68,673,004	\$ 59,236,889
		Financing Uses:	Transfer to Capita	l Funds			\$ 3,555,477	\$ -
		Financing Uses:	Transfer to Other	Funds			-	-
			Payment to Bond	Escrow Agent			-	-
		Financing Uses:					-	-
		Total Other Fir	nancing Uses				\$ 3,555,477	\$ -
		Net Change in l	Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>				(1,190,924)	(1,648,813)
		Fund Balance1	- beginning of yea	r			\$8,837,046	\$ 1,693,919
				overnment Service			-	-
				ment Services (RG	5)		-	-
		Prior period adju Misc. Adjustment					-	(1,028)
		Misc. Adjustmer		r adjusted			0 027 045	
			<ul> <li>beginning of yea</li> </ul>	n aujusteu			8,837,046	1,692,891
		Rounding					-	-
		Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>	- end of year				\$ 7,646,122	\$ 44,078
		1						

<sup>1</sup> and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Other Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements		Total Other Financing	Total	Total Other Financing	Net Change in Fund	Beginning Fund Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>	Prior Period	Restated Beginning Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>	Ending Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>
Fund Description	Revenue	Sources	Expenditures	Uses	Balance <sup>1</sup>	(Deficit)	Adjustment	(Deficit)	(Deficit)
Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 No funds removed from RGS for fiscal 2018 No funds added to RGS for Fiscal 2018 No misc. adjustments mode for fiscal 2018						\$ 8,837,046 - - -	-	\$ 8,837,046 - -	i
Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 adjusted					_	\$ 8,837,046	-	\$ 8,837,046	
General Fund Police Detail	\$ 70,018,095 1,019,461	\$ 27,501	\$ 25,936,694 950,044	\$ 45,341,744 27,501	\$ (1,232,840) 41,916	\$ 8,545,677 291,369		\$ 8,545,677 291,369	1 12 12 1
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 71,037,556	\$ 27,501	\$ 26,886,737	\$ 45.369.245	\$ (1,190,924)	\$ 8,837,046	\$ -	\$ 8.837.046	\$ 7,646,122
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2									
Reclassify transfer of municipal appropriation to Education Department as expenditure on MTP2 Eliminate transfers between Funds reported on MTP2:	\$-	\$-	\$ 41,786,267.00	\$ (41,786,267.00)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -
- from Police Details to General Fund Rounding	-	(27,501)	-	(27,501)	-	-	-	-	-
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 71,037,556	\$-	\$ 68,673,004	\$ 3,555,477	\$ (1,190,924)	\$ 8,837,046	\$-	\$ 8,837,046	\$ 7,646,122
1 and Mat Parisian If Esternics Fund activity is included in the transmoster sector sector									

<sup>1</sup> and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

# Other Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description	Total Revenue		Total Other Financing Sources		Total Expenditures		Total Other Financing Uses		Net Change in Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>		Beginning Fund Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> (Deficit)	Prior Period Adjustment		Restated Beginning Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> (Deficit)		Fun	Ending d Balance <sup>1</sup> Deficit)
Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 No misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2018 Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 adjusted										4	\$ 1,693,919 (1,028) \$ 1,692,891	:	-	\$ \$	1,693,919 (1,028) 1,692,891	-	
School Unrestricted Fund School Special Revenue Funds	\$	15,746,447 2,636,719	\$	41,786,267	\$	59,232,351 2,584,599	\$	-	\$ (1,699,6 52,1		\$ 1,381,419 311,472	\$	-	\$	1,381,419 311,472	\$	(318,218) 363,592
Totals per audited financial statements	\$	18,383,166	\$	41,786,267	\$	61,816,950	\$	-	\$ (1,647,5	517) \$	\$ 1,692,891	\$	-	\$	1,692,891	\$	45,374
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2																	
Municipal appropriation for Education reported as a transfer on financial statements but a revenue on MTP2 State contributions on behalf of teacher pensions are reported as revenue and expenditures on financial statements only Title III funds administered for outside school districts reported in audit, but excluded from MTP2/audit. Rounding	\$	41,786,267 (2,556,945) (24,412) -	\$	(41,786,267) - - -	\$	- (2,556,945) (23,116) -	\$	-	(1,2	- 9 - 296) -	\$	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- (1,296.00)
Totals Per MTP2	\$	57,588,076	\$	-	\$	59,236,889	\$	-	\$ (1,648,8	813) \$	\$ 1,692,891	\$	-	\$	1,692,891	\$	44,078
Reconciliation from MTP2 to UCOA No reconciling items between MTP2 and UCOA Totals per UCOA Validated Totals Report	\$	- 57,588,076			\$	-											

<sup>1</sup> and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Notes to Supplementary Information – Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

#### NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) is a supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-22.2 and 44-35-10. This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General, and the Department of Education.

#### NOTE 2. Reportable Government Services

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

#### NOTE 3. Allocations

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the City's (or Town's) budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the City (or Town) made allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

#### NOTE 4. Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs

Compensation includes salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing allowance/maintenance, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses.

For Public Safety departments (i.e., police, fire, and centralized dispatch) and the Education Department, compensation and most benefits costs are reported in the following employee groupings:

Group A: This group consists of employees who serve the primary function of the department.

- Police Department police officers (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
  - Fire Department fire fighters (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
  - Centralized Dispatch Department civilian dispatchers only
  - Education Department professional staff providing direct services to students
  - For the remaining departments all employees' compensation and benefits are reported under Group A

Group B: For Police and Fire Departments, compensation and benefits paid to its administrative employees and civilian dispatch employees are reported under Group B. The Education Department reports compensation and benefits paid to executive/mid-level educational administration employees under Group B.

Group C: This group is only used for the Education Department and it includes administrative and support staff.

Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

#### NOTE 4. Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs (continued)

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are not reported by employee groups on the MTP2. They are reported in total as either (1) contributions to a qualified OPEB trust or (2) the amount paid for medical and dental insurance for retirees when an OPEB trust fund has not been established. The detail employee group information for the Education Department can be found on the State's Municipal Transparency portal website.

#### NOTE 5. Education Revenue and Expenditures

The revenues and expenditures presented on the MTP2 under the Education Department is consistent with existing Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCOA) guidelines. Each MTP account code has been mapped to the corresponding UCOA code or group of UCOA codes to facilitate the preparation of the MTP reporting.

Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: <u>http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/</u>.

# HAGUE, SAHADY & CO., P.C.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on An Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

To the Honorable Town Council Town of Lincoln Lincoln, Rhode Island

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lincoln, RI, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Lincoln, RI's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2020.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Lincoln, RI's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lincoln, RI's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lincoln, RI's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Lincoln, RI's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Fall River, Massachusetts January 31, 2020