

**TOWN OF  
CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL  
FINANCIAL REPORT**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED  
JUNE 30, 2018**

Prepared by:

Patricia M. Anderson

Treasurer

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**  
**COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

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# TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN

## INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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Patricia M. Anderson  
Treasurer  
PAnderson@CharlestownRI.org



TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN

4540 South County Trail  
Charlestown  
Rhode Island, 02813  
Phone (401) 364-1235  
Fax (401) 364-1238

December 14, 2018

To the Honorable Town Council:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Town of Charlestown is hereby submitted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, in accordance with the Town Charter, Section C-72. Responsibility for the accuracy of data, and completeness of the presentation, including disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate and representative of the financial position of the Town of Charlestown. It clearly reflects the operation of the Town as measured by the financial activity of its various funds.

This document provides a summary of related costs for providing services to its citizenry, as well as changes in fund balance and financial resources for the year ended June 30, 2018. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is a joint effort between Town Management and our auditing firm, Cayer Caccia, LLP Certified Public Accountants.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections. The introductory section is not audited and includes this letter of transmittal; an organizational chart and a listing of the Town of Charlestown's principal elected and appointed officials. The financial section includes the Government-wide Financial Statements, the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Activities, Business Activities statements and all required supplemental information including the Management Discussion and Analysis as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34.

A single audit section relating to federal financial assistance is not required for the 2018 fiscal year. In 1996, the US Office of Management and Budget issued Circular A-133 rescinding Circular A-128 as it related to Audits of State and Local Governments. The Single Audit applies in years that the Town of Charlestown expends \$750,000 or more in federal funds.

Copies of this report are on file in the Town Clerk's Office and the Cross Mills Public Library for public inspection. Individuals wishing to obtain a copy may do so by submitting a written request to the Treasurer's Office at 4540 South County Trail, Charlestown, Rhode Island 02813. This report is forwarded to the Rhode Island Auditor General's Office, as prescribed by state law, and to state, local and other miscellaneous agencies such as the Town's financial advisors.

## Community Description

The Town of Charlestown, incorporated on August 22, 1738, is a seaside community located in the southwest portion of Rhode Island. It encompasses thirty-six square miles of land, six miles of inland water and approximately six miles of coastline along Block Island Sound. The Town is a physically diverse community with flourishing beach colonies, unique village centers, and large tracts of open space. The Town is a perennial vacation and tourist location offering exceptional swimming, camping and fishing opportunities. Consequently, between the months of May to September the Town's population swells to more than twenty thousand, including seasonal inhabitants.

Charlestown's year-round population, according to the year 2010 census was 7,827, a decrease of 32 from the year 2000. In 1970, year-round residents totaled 3,200, 1980 totaled 4,800, an increase of 1,600 residents. In 1990, the population of year-round residents had grown to 6,478, increasing another 1,678, or 35%. The 2000 census showed an increase of 21% to a total year-round resident count of 7,851. In 2010, the population dropped to 7,827 or a decrease of 0.3%.

The Town of Charlestown has operated under a Council-Administrator government since November 1980. Pursuant to the Charter and subject only to the limitations imposed by the State Constitution, all powers of the Town, except those vested in the Financial Town Meeting, are vested in the Town Council, the governing body. The Town Council determines policies, enacts laws, and appoints the Town Administrator. The Town Administrator executes the laws, and controls the government under the authority of the Town Council. The Town Council consists of five members, elected at large. They serve a term of two years and thereafter until their successors are elected and qualified.

## Major Initiatives

The government's staff and committees, following specific direction of the Governing Council and Administrator, were involved in a variety of projects throughout the year.

The Governing Council identifies needs to meet citizen's demands for services and to safeguard the environment with conformity to applicable local, state and federal law. Following is a list of undertakings initiated, or completed, during the 2017-2018 fiscal year:

The Town of Charlestown began a program in FY16 to promote public awareness of the profligate consumption of single-use plastic bags, and the environmental impact of plastic waste. The Charlestown Town Council held two public discussions pertaining to this matter which prompted the town to ban single-use plastic bags on municipal properties only, and to otherwise focus on reducing consumption at retail outlets by promoting reusable tote bags. The council appropriated funds toward weaning shoppers from plastic by subsidizing reusable washable tote bags. The bags, made of natural fiber, were to be provided to local merchants at about half the cost incurred by the town, on the condition that they would be resold to customers without markup. Each bag is embossed with an attractive logo, created by the town GIS office that identifies the bag as a product of the Town of Charlestown and its "Green Consumer Initiative". The bags come with a similarly embossed bumper sticker

to promote the initiative. Merchants were invited to advertise their voluntary participation in the program by posting the sticker for prominent display at their place of business. The Town continued to promote this program during Fiscal Year 2018.

The Charlestown Police Department continued its program of compliance with the Rhode Island Police Accreditation Commission (RIPAC) requirements. This police accreditation process involves the agency adopting industry best practices and policies in pursuit of excellence in delivery of law enforcement services in the community.

During this time period, the department also underwent a change of leadership following the retirement of the Chief of Police and the promotion from within the agency of a senior administrative officer to assume the position of Chief of Police. In addition, after extensive testing and evaluation, the department made multiple promotions to fill several vacant command staff positions and hired three new police officers to bring the agency staffing to a full complement of twenty sworn officers.

Several capital purchases during the fiscal year resulted in modernizing the equipment within the department including; two administrative vehicles, one fully equipped patrol vehicle, a new all-terrain vehicle (ATV), upgrades to radar units, and the addition of several security weapon lockers in the patrol fleet and the purchase and implementation of several pieces of evidence processing equipment.

ChurchWoods a twenty-four unit, over age 55, affordable housing project at 4110 Old Post Road, was officially opened with a ribbon cutting ceremony. Funding for the project was provided by the Charlestown Affordable Housing Bond, Building Homes Rhode Island Fund, and Superstorm Sandy CDBG Disaster Recovery Funds.

The Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) issued a Record of Decision (ROD) for proposed improvements to the Northeast Corridor (NEC) rail line. The Town Council was pleased to announce the FRA has removed the section, commonly known as the "Old Saybrook CT to Kenyon RI Bypass" from the Plan. This action effectively kept the rail line within the existing right-of-way in Charlestown. This insured that Charlestown's private residences, farms, conservation and tribal lands will be protected.

The Town received notice from the U.S. Federal Emergency Agency (FEMA) that its Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan had been formally approved. With the approval, Charlestown continues to be eligible to apply for state and federal grants administered through FEMA and the Rhode Island Emergency Management Agency (RIEMA). Charlestown will also be eligible for an upgraded score for the National Flood Insurance Program's Community Rating System (CRS).

Coastal Resources Management Council Policy (CRMC) notified the Town that their \$1.7 million project application "Improving Coastal Habitat & Community Resiliency in Quonochontaug Pond, Charlestown & Westerly RI" was approved. The funds, from the National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) will utilize dredge material from the existing navigation channel, new sediment basin and new eel grass restoration areas for

placement on derogated salt marsh areas for enhanced resiliency. This is a very similar project to the one that the CRMC just completed in Ninigret Pond this past spring. CRMC has contracted with consulting engineers at Fuss & O'Neill to prepare the project specifications for a spring 2018 bid. After the bids are reviewed and awarded, it is anticipated the work would be completed during the "dredge window" between November 2018 and March 2019. CRMC indicated there would be a request for the Town Council to authorize approximately \$250,000 toward the required project matching funds with supplemental funds from the CRMC State Restoration Fund

The Town has contracted with Blum Shapiro Consulting to review our current information technology capacity and make recommendations for future operational needs. Over the past several years, the Town's use of technology has grown in size and complexity. While we continue to provide high quality services, we have now reached a critical point where we need to analyze existing IT operations and infrastructure within the Town to better utilize technologies and serve the entire organization and departments more efficiently and effectively. The success of this project depends on input and participation from all levels. The first step involved several interview sessions with staff that identified and reviewed the processes, procedures, roles and responsibilities associated with IT service delivery, including obstacles and limitations of existing information technology, systems, and services. The Blum Shapiro team has met with staff and reviewed our existing hardware and software configurations. A draft document has been presented to the town for review.

The land evidence software continues to be updated through ACS.

The Town has continued to work on crack sealing and stone sealing the Town's roads. Sixteen roads were crack sealed and another sixteen were stone sealed. Rubberized asphalt chip seal and asphalt stone seal was completed on Old Coach Road and part of Buckeye Brook Road.

The Public Works Department completed the survey and engineering work for the replacement of the Kings Factory Road box culvert and reconstruction of Old Mill Road. In addition, the design, planning and engineering of the replacement generator and Transfer Switch Upgrade for the Town Hall has been completed.

The Town has continued to replace the DPW vehicles on a regular cycle with the purchase of a new heavy duty dump truck, a Vacuum Sweeper and a Tilt Trailer to provide for a compact, low entry carry equipment trailer to facilitate the safe and efficient moving of the Town's asphalt roller. The Town also purchased two vehicles for use by the Building Official and the Tax Assessor's offices.

Overhead doors at the Charlestown Residential Collection Center (CRCC) have been replaced to provide electrically operating doors.

The Crosspatch Road and Marion Drive Drainage Improvement Project has been completed. This involved the installation of a diversion structure to replace an existing catch basin on Charlestown Beach Road and the replacement of drainage structures on Crosspatch and

Marion Drive. This project is part of the overall Stormwater management program to address the total maximum daily load analysis for Green Hill Pond, Ninigret Pond, Factory Pond Stream and Teal Pond Stream for South Kingstown and Charlestown. The new structure will divert the first inch of runoff collected at the Marion Drive catch basin to an existing pond at the western end of Marion Drive. This approach will divert the water quality volume, but still allow overflow to the original Green Hill Pond outflow during larger storms. The project was presented to and endorsed by the RI Department of Environmental Management (RI DEM) and Coastal Resources Management Council (CRMC). The project was put out to bid in the spring of 2018 and was awarded to D'Ambra Construction Co., Inc. for a total cost of \$185,750.00.

On May 1, 2015 the town was accepted into the Community Rating System [CRS] by the Federal Emergency Management Agency [FEMA]. The CRS Program is a voluntary program that recognizes communities for floodplain management activities that exceed the minimum National Flood Insurance Program [NFIP] standards. Property owners in the Town of Charlestown receive discounts on their Flood Insurance Premiums based on the "Class" rating in the CRS Program. The Town achieved a Class 7 rating, the first in the State of Rhode Island, and the second community to receive such a great rating in the entire northeast. The Class 7 rating qualifies all property owners having a "standard" flood insurance policy with a 15% discount on their flood insurance premiums. The CRS program requires an annual review and recertification followed by a 5 year complete re-application process. To date, the Town has continued to implement the activities credited by the program to maintain the Class 7 rating. Additionally, on July 25, 2017, after 2 years of vigorous work by the Natural Hazard Mitigation Committee, the Hazard Mitigation Plan has been completed and officially approved by FEMA. The adoption of a Hazard Mitigation Plan is an essential part of maintaining the Town's CRS rating. Currently, there are 688 Flood Insurance Policies in effect in the Town of Charlestown with the Class 7 rating saving property owners in Charlestown a total of \$171,814 per year.

The GIS Manager and the Wastewater Manager/Environmental Scientist prepared an application for U.S. Department of Interior restoration Grant for resiliency programs along the coastline. The Town of Charlestown was awarded \$3,250,000. The project will restore and enhance approximately 30 acres of degraded salt marsh habitat within Ninigret Pond barrier and coastal lagoon complex by the placement and dispersal of dredged material on the marsh surface to increase surface elevations. Increasing marsh surface elevations and replanting the restored areas will in turn enhance salt marsh vegetation, increasing the lifespan and resiliency of the marsh complex from future coastal storms and increased rates of sea level rise induced by climate change. This will allow the marsh to continue to function as a storm surge buffer and flood storage area. It will also preserve and extend the marsh's many functions and values that support the tourism, recreation, fishing and boating industries that are crucial to the economic wellbeing of the surrounding communities. Funds may also be used to assess opportunities for additional projects in two other ponds. The state will provide \$423,650 in matching funds for this project.

Rising sea levels are degrading the barrier-marsh complex and negatively affecting many of the species that rely on the marsh habitat. Marshes are not only essential for wildlife, but

also provide a significant natural buffer between the open ocean developments around the Salt Ponds. The marshlands, as a buffer and the wildlife that rely on the marshes as well as the beach and the Coastal Ponds are arguably one of the most important economic draws for the Town of Charlestown. This grant provides a means to rebuild the degraded marsh areas with material provided by the necessary and required maintenance dredging of the entrapped sediments from the Charlestown Breachway into Ninigret pond, thus protecting and enhancing these important habitats.

Dredging of the Charlestown Breachway's existing sedimentation basin, a secondary sedimentation basin and relief channel was last completed in February of 2016 during the Ninigret Pond Salt Marsh Elevation Enhancement project. Due to storm events and increased sedimentation rates observed through data collected by the Town's GIS Office, the existing primary sedimentation basin is at capacity and will need dredging in the 2018-2019 dredge window in order to limit sedimentation and impairment of the pond. The Town is resuming maintenance dredging in the spring 2019 RICRMC established dredging window.

Dredging and placement of dredged material on the beach within the intertidal zone, which was conducted during previous maintenance dredging activities has an estimated cost of \$1.5 million.

The Parks and Recreation Department saw an increase in program revenues and attendance generated through summer camp, beaches, youth basketball and other new programs. The tennis courts and girls fast pitch softball field in the Harry Wicklund Park were renovated. A new fence, by the playground, replaced the existing one. In Ninigret Park, additional playground equipment was added. The department sponsored many special events including the Columbia Heights Block Party and the Deerfoot 5K race.

The Senior Community Center kitchen floor was replaced and a generator was installed. The parking lot lighting project that began in 2017 has been completed. Attendance has been high at all fitness programs and center related programs.

The Town started using a Lockbox with The Washington Trust Company for tax payments. Tax payments are sent to the bank instead of the town hall. The payments are deposited into the town's general fund account that day and a file is prepared by the bank that is sent to the town to be uploaded into the Vision software to record the payments to the individual taxpayers' account. This ensures accuracy and timely deposits.

The Town's Onsite Wastewater Management Program is widely recognized as a model for local groundwater protection programs and continues to be a benchmark for state and municipal programs.

The Town continued to manage all of the Town facilities at the lowest possible cost to the taxpayers of Charlestown. The Town maintained sound capital investment in new equipment and improved Town facilities as allotted for within the 2018 budget.

On July 1, 2000 the town opened a newly constructed Residential Collection Center that replaced the previous Landfill Facility. The Town then initiated the capping and covering of the closed facility. In fiscal year 2001, \$435,000 was allocated for this closure from the unreserved General Fund in lieu of bonding the project. On June 30, 2006, the capping of the landfill was at a standstill due to a problem found by RIDEM with the covering used to cap the landfill. The Town had entered into a Consent Agreement with RIDEM whereby the Town agreed to remove a portion of the initial covering and replace it with appropriate material. As of June 30, 2009, the Town had performed the proper remediation and was determined by RIDEM to be in compliance with its order. On June 20, 2008, RIDEM issued a Release and Discharge of Violation to finalize the closure of the landfill.

The Town continued to maintain an excellent working relationship with all units representing employees within the structure of government for the Town. Bargaining agreements with all of the Town's unions and the professional management group expire as of June 30, 2018. The Town has met with all bargaining units and new agreements have been negotiated with expiration dates of June 30, 2021.

Charlestown owes much of its identity to the unparalleled caliber of its recreational virtues. The Town boasts of a vast catalog of federal, state, local and non-profit facilities intended to both preserve and provide public access to open space.

The Town owns and operates two public beaches; a one-hundred and seventy-two acre multi-faceted park complete with professional bicycle course, walking trails, basketball and tennis courts, fresh and salt water access, softball and soccer fields, a playground, festival area and a multi-purpose trail. The festival area accommodates seasonal family-oriented activities. Other significant facilities include:

- a. US Fish & Wildlife Refuge Area
- b. Burlingame State Park
- c. Ninigret Conservation Area
- d. Quonochontaug Breachway
- e. Kimball Wildlife Refuge
- f. Wicklund and Columbia Parks
- g. Cross Mills Library
- h. School House Pond
- i. South Farm

### Community Development

Charlestown is very mindful of its current physical and economic assets and recognizes that various outstanding needs must be met. Consequently, the Town attempts to address issues that it feels are vital to its future. The Town has a substantial investment in maintaining affordable housing in the community. Since 1996 Charlestown has been awarded more than \$1.3 million through the Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG), a federally funded program. A portion of each of the grants, distributed through the Community Development Consortium of East Greenwich, is allocated to housing rehabilitation for low and moderate-income families. The Town continues to contract with the Consortium to handle all aspects of these grants, except the writing thereof.

Mr. Geoffrey Marchant, who heads the Consortium, is also in charge of the Shannock Village Revitalization project between the Towns of Charlestown and Richmond. This project has been awarded approximately \$1.2 million since 2000. Additionally, Mr. Marchant is coordinating the improvement and expansion of the Shannock Water District for Charlestown and Richmond. Additional federal funds of approximately \$1.8 million were obtained for use by the Shannock Water District. Mr. Marchant has also received approximately \$4.4 million dollars from CDBG-DR for the “Churchwoods” affordable housing project.

### Financial Management

The Town's Management is responsible for maintaining and establishing internal controls designed to ensure that the government's assets are protected from loss or misuse and to provide financial accountability that conforms to accepted accounting principles. An internal control structure provides reasonable accountability for the everyday operation of the government and its various departments. Reasonable accountability recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control does not exceed the benefit; and (2) valuation of costs and benefits requires judgment on the part of management.

The Treasurer's department manages all funds for the Town of Charlestown. The General Fund, primarily funded with tax dollars and miscellaneous departmental revenues, includes the operation of all departments within the Town except for the two enterprise funds that are self-funded through an established fee structure. Financial statements are issued monthly to the governing Council and management and are on record in the Treasurer's office for public inspection. Cash and investments are monitored weekly and reported monthly. The unassigned fund balance, which the Town has maintained over several years, enables a smooth transition from one fiscal year to another, as cash flow is maintained at a level sufficient for governmental operation before tax collections. The Town has many special revenue funds in which revenue deposited is restricted for particular expenditures.

Management also maintains extensive budgetary controls to ensure that the monies allocated through tax dollars are expended in the manner for which they were intended.

### Risk Management

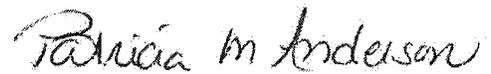
During 2018 the Town experienced minimal losses on insurance claims and the Town anticipates a similar situation in 2019. The Town has taken steps to maintain adequate and cost effective insurance coverage for all related municipal services and facilities. Our insurance carrier reviews all Town facilities each year so that we minimize exposure to any risk of liability. In addition, the Town is subject to an annual review by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) to detect any existing or potential hazards to municipal employees or citizens while on Town property.

In July of 1991 the Town entered into an insurance contract with Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust for all of its insurance needs. The Trust is a member owned and operated insurance alternative; it has 128 member municipalities, schools, and special purpose districts. The Trust monitors and evaluates existing and developing risk exposure for all the municipalities it covers. Through the Trust, local governments jointly self-insure risks arising from worker's compensation and liability claims. The Town's member deductible per occurrence is \$2,500 except for Public Officials' Liability of \$5,000 per occurrence. Worker's compensation coverage has no deductible.

### Independent Audit

State law requires an annual audit of Town finances by an independent certified public accountant. The accounting firm of Cayer Caccia, LLP was awarded the bid to conduct the Town's audit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 through 2019 in response to the Town's request for proposal issued in 2017.

Sincerely,



Patricia M. Anderson  
Treasurer

**MUNICIPAL OFFICERS**

Town Council

---

**Virginia Lee, President**  
**Julie A. Carroccia, Vice President**  
**Denise Rhodes**  
**Bonnie Van Slyke**  
**Steven J. Williams**

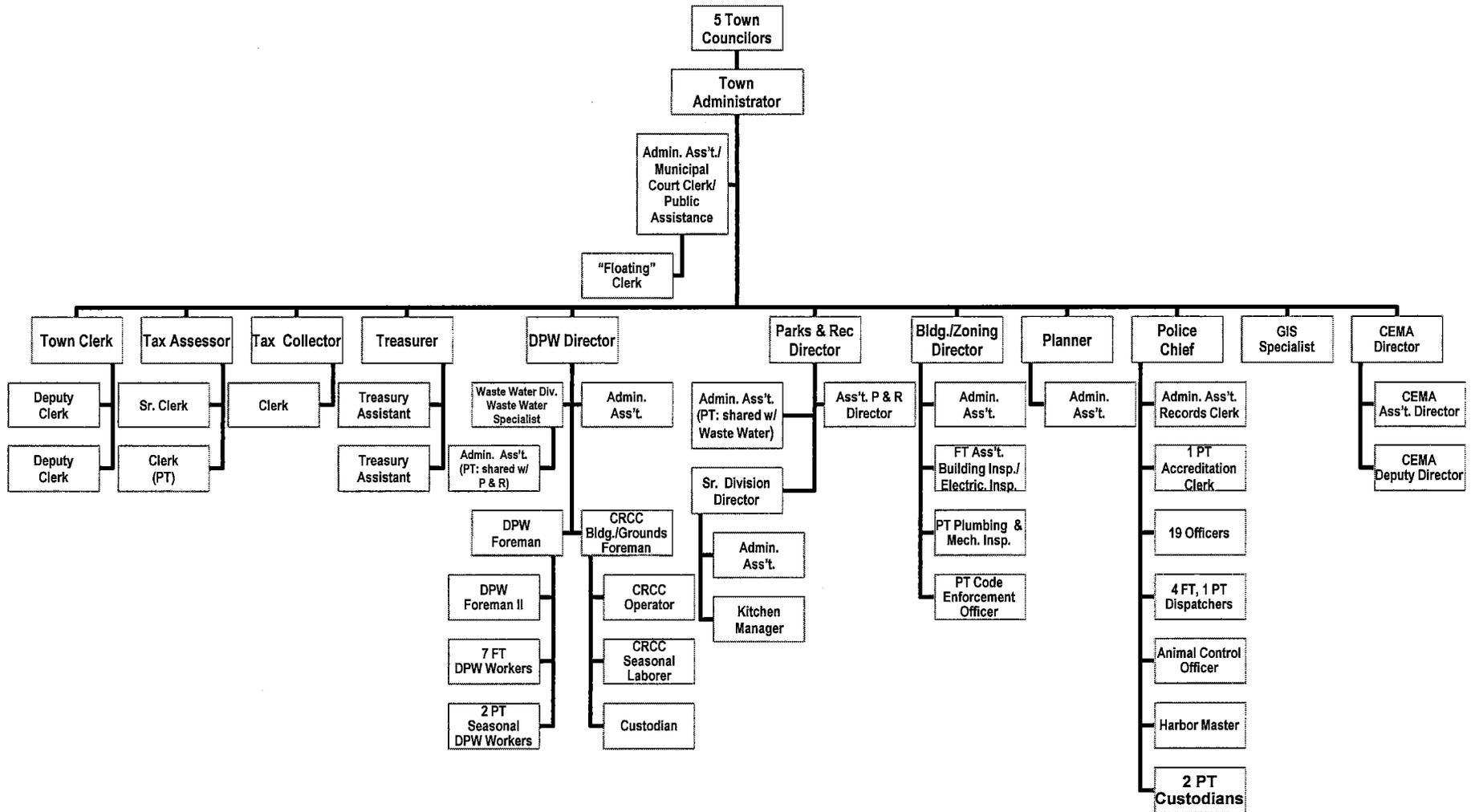
Town Officials

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Town Administrator  
Chief of Police  
Town Clerk  
Treasurer  
Tax Assessor  
Tax Collector  
Building & Zoning Official  
Public Works Director  
Parks & Recreation Director  
Town Planner  
Animal Control Officer  
Harbormaster  
Town Solicitor  
Probate Solicitor  
Solicitor Indian Affairs  
Emergency Management  
Town Moderator  
Sealer of Weights & Measures  
Custodian of Cemeteries  
Public Assistance  
GIS

Mark S. Stankiewicz  
Michael Paliotta  
Amy Rose Weinreich  
Patricia M. Anderson  
Kenneth J. Swain  
Jo-Anne Santos  
Joseph Warner  
Alan A. Arsenault  
Vicky Hilton  
Jane Weidman  
Kathy M. McA'Nulty  
Justin Vail  
Peter Ruggiero  
Robert Craven  
Joseph Larisa, Jr.  
Kevin Gallup  
Leo Mainelli  
Bernard Augustine  
Francis Fenner  
Michele Voislow  
Steven McCandless

# Charlestown, RI Government Organizational Chart



# TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN

## FINANCIAL SECTION

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**Cayer Caccia**

**Gerard R. Cayer**  
CPA, MST

**Mark V. Caccia**  
CPA, MST

**Donna T. Caccia**  
CPA, MST, CFP™

## ***INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT***

To the Honorable Town Council  
Charlestown, Rhode Island

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### ***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### ***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### ***Opinions***

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### ***Other Matters***

#### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, historical pension and other post-employment benefit information, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 17 and 77 through 91 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### ***Other Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Tax Collector's Annual Report, and Annual Supplemental Transparency Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Tax Collector's Annual Report, and Annual Supplemental Transparency Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Tax Collector's Annual Report, and Annual Supplemental Transparency Report are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2018, on our consideration of the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Cayer Caccia, LLP*

December 14, 2018

## **Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island**

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

The Town of Charlestown's Management Discussion and Analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant issues. It provides an overview of the Town's financial activity and changes in financial position for the current year only. Since the Management Discussion and Analysis (M D & A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter and the Financial Statements (beginning on page 18).

#### **Highlights**

##### **Financial Highlights**

The Town's net position increased by \$2,598,170 (or 10.0%). Governmental net position increased by \$2,584,279, (or 10.0%), while the business-type activities net position increased by \$13,891, (or 7.0%). In 2017, governmental net position increased by \$2,823,033 (or 12.3%), while the business-type activities net position decreased by \$278, (or 0.1%).

Governmental activities revenues for the year ending June 30, 2018 totaled \$28,835,054 including charges for services at \$1,511,658, operating grants and contributions at \$2,457,051, capital grants and contributions at \$3,748 with the balance of revenue from property taxes, revenue sharing, investment interest, and contributions not restricted to specific programs of \$24,862,597.

Business-type activities revenues for the year ending June 30, 2018 totaled \$263,414 including charges for services of \$237,735, investment income of \$679, and transfers in of \$25,000.

Governmental fund expenditures for the fiscal year totaled \$26,250,775. Business-type activities expenses for the fiscal year totaled \$249,523.

On the GAAP basis, expenditures and other financing uses were \$26,940,241 for the general fund; \$1,388,923 for the non-major governmental funds; and \$249,523 for business-type funds.

## **Use of the Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 18 through 20) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 21. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

The financial statement focus is on both the Town as a whole and its government-wide funds, as well as its business type activities. All these perspectives allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis for comparison, and enhance the accountability.

### **Reporting the Town as a whole:**

One of the most important questions asked about Town finances is "Is the Town as a whole better or worse financially as a result of this year's activities"? The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities reports information in a way that gives the reader the answer to the above question. Statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual method of accounting, similar to that of private business. All current revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes therein. The Town's net position is the difference between actual assets and liabilities against said assets. This measures the Town's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decrease in net position are an indicator of whether the financial health of the Town is improving or declining. Other non-financial factors to consider are changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of town roads and buildings when assessing the overall financial picture. In the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities the Town is divided into two sections: Governmental and Business-type (Enterprise) activities.

### **Significant Funds**

The analysis of the Town's most significant fund begins on page 21. The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information on the general fund, not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law or by bond covenants. However, the Town Council mainly through the Financial Town Referendum establishes other funds to help control and manage money for a particular purpose or project. Individual funds track costs more closely than in the general everyday use of funds (i.e. road paving, engineering) or to show that all legal responsibilities for using certain grants, and other miscellaneous funds donated or sent to the Town through other sources than property taxes.

Proprietary funds are those that the Town charges its customers for a service it provides – such as the Collection Center where taxpayers deliver their rubbish and recyclables or Coastal Ponds for the registration and use of pond moorings for ocean front property owners. Proprietary funds are like little businesses and are accounted for individually in order to know whether the funding for the service is adequate for the service provided.

The Town may be a trustee for certain types of funds or a fiduciary for certain activities. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. At the present time the Town has only one fiduciary fund for the other post-employment benefit trust fund.

### Town as a Whole

#### Analysis as a Whole

Included below is a condensed Statement of Net Position for the Town. The condensed format allows the reader to view the overall financial position of the Town.

#### Governments Wide Statements Statement of Net Position As of June 30:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$15,463,670	\$15,124,583	\$ 77,708	\$ 54,456	\$15,541,378	\$15,179,039
Capital Assets	26,446,942	26,110,726	160,652	166,506	26,607,594	26,277,232
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>41,910,612</b>	<b>41,235,309</b>	<b>238,360</b>	<b>220,962</b>	<b>42,148,972</b>	<b>41,456,271</b>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,977,784	2,002,020	0	0	2,977,784	2,002,020
Current Liabilities	1,716,474	2,883,378	8,845	11,938	1,725,319	2,895,316
Long Term Liabilities	13,039,114	13,439,943	16,963	10,363	13,056,077	13,450,306
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>14,755,588</b>	<b>16,323,321</b>	<b>25,808</b>	<b>22,301</b>	<b>14,781,396</b>	<b>16,345,622</b>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,793,167	1,158,646	0	0	1,793,167	1,158,646
Net Investment in Capital Assets	21,204,961	20,246,216	160,652	166,506	21,365,613	20,412,722
Restricted for Other Purpose	6,350,197	5,498,817	10,000	10,000	6,360,197	5,508,817
Unrestricted	784,483	10,329	41,900	22,155	826,383	32,484
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>\$28,339,641</b>	<b>\$25,755,362</b>	<b>\$212,552</b>	<b>\$198,661</b>	<b>\$28,552,193</b>	<b>\$25,954,023</b>

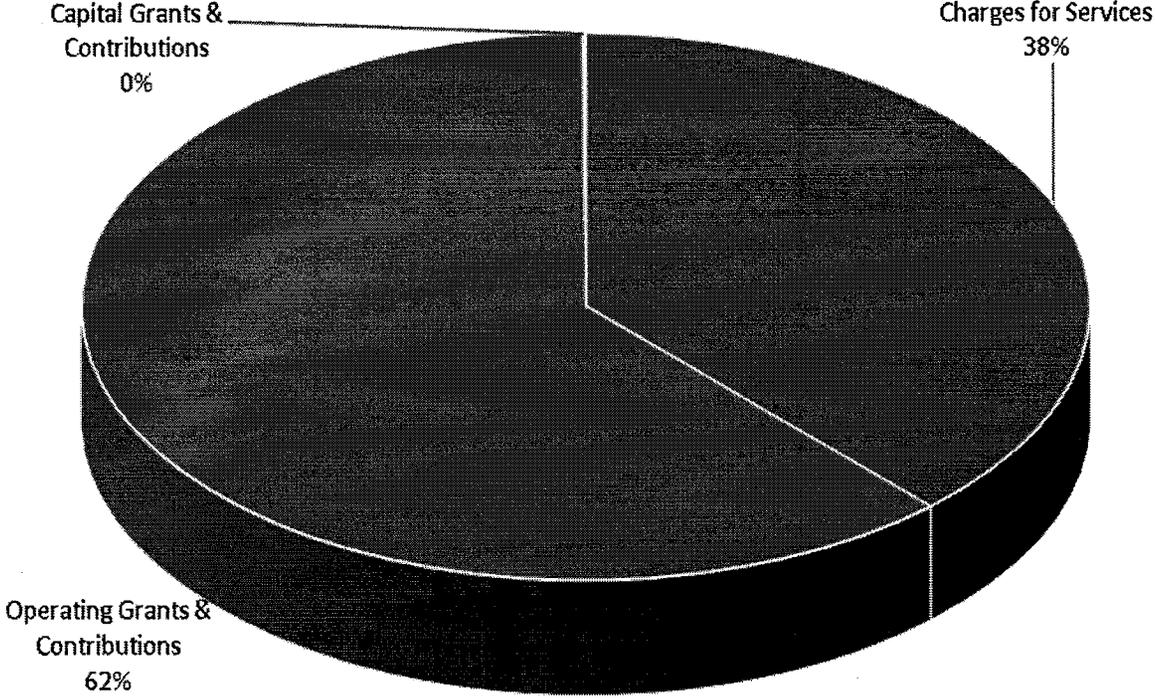
Net Position equals Total Assets plus Deferred Outflows of Resources less Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources.

**Changes in Net Position  
For fiscal Year Ended  
June 30:**

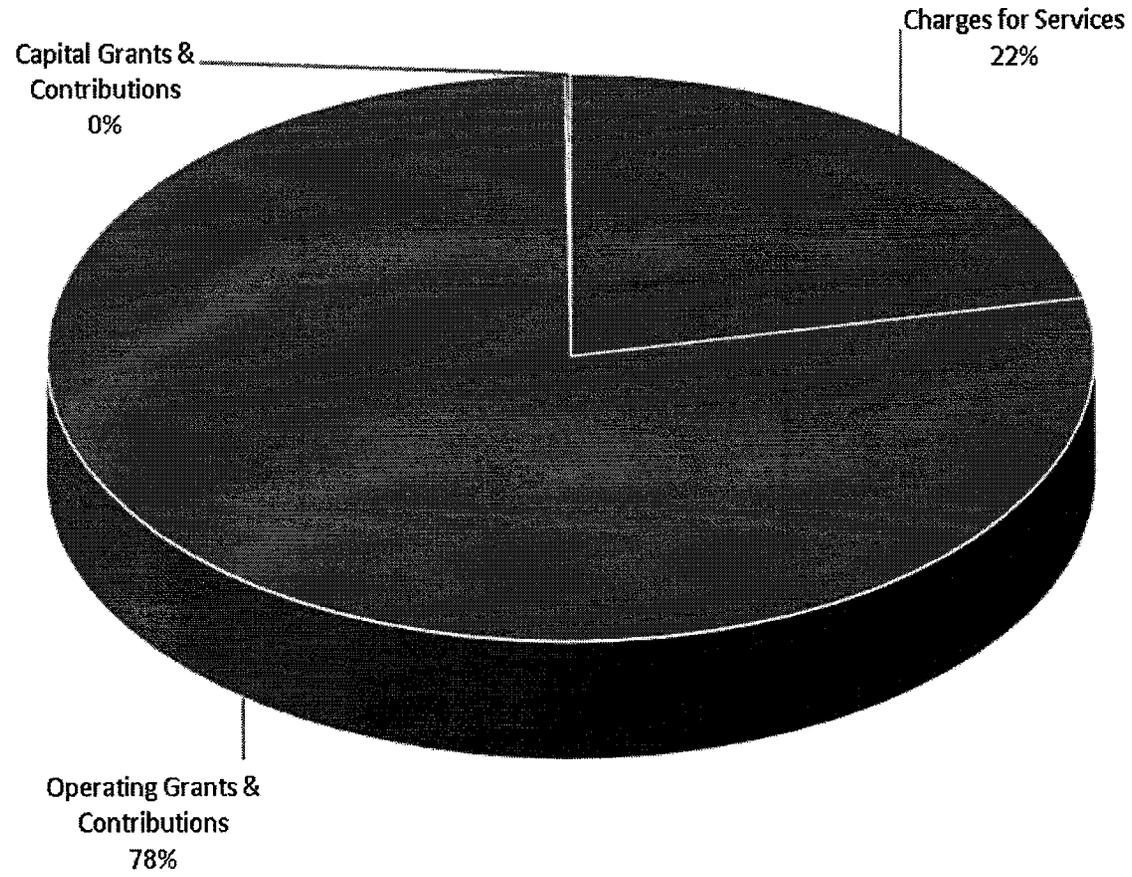
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
<b>Revenue:</b>						
Program Revenue:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,511,658	\$ 1,432,958	\$ 237,735	\$ 212,924	\$ 1,749,393	\$ 1,645,882
Operating Grants & Contributions	2,457,051	5,892,369			2,457,051	5,892,369
Capital Grants & Contributions	3,748	11,119			3,748	11,119
<b>Total Program Revenue</b>	<b>3,972,457</b>	<b>7,336,446</b>	<b>237,735</b>	<b>212,924</b>	<b>4,210,192</b>	<b>7,549,370</b>
<b>General Revenue:</b>						
Property Tax	24,781,050	24,175,022			24,781,050	24,175,022
Gain on sale of Capital Asset	21,500				21,500	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	60,047	45,648	679	572	60,726	46,220
Contributions not restricted to specific programs		180,621				180,621
<b>Total General Revenue</b>	<b>24,862,597</b>	<b>24,401,291</b>	<b>679</b>	<b>572</b>	<b>24,863,276</b>	<b>24,401,863</b>
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>28,835,054</b>	<b>31,737,737</b>	<b>238,414</b>	<b>213,496</b>	<b>29,073,468</b>	<b>31,951,233</b>
<b>Expenses:</b>						
General Government	1,998,134	1,844,562			1,998,134	1,844,562
Public Safety	3,005,609	3,059,957			3,005,609	3,059,957
Public Works	2,168,260	2,117,436			2,168,260	2,117,436
Education	14,144,970	14,135,172			14,144,970	14,135,172
Parks & Recreation	855,424	806,072			855,424	806,072
Public Health & Asst	442,213	427,547			442,213	427,547
Community Development	551,241	3,728,827			551,241	3,728,827
Other	2,904,702	2,596,478	249,523	238,774	3,154,225	2,835,252
Interest on Long Term Debt	155,222	173,653			155,222	173,653
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>26,225,775</b>	<b>28,889,704</b>	<b>249,523</b>	<b>238,774</b>	<b>26,475,298</b>	<b>29,128,478</b>
<b>Excess (deficiency) Of Revenue Over Expenditures Before Transfers</b>	<b>2,609,279</b>	<b>2,848,033</b>	<b>( 11,109)</b>	<b>( 25,278)</b>	<b>2,598,170</b>	<b>2,822,755</b>
Transfers	(25,000)	(25,000)	25,000	25,000		
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	<b>2,584,279</b>	<b>2,823,033</b>	<b>13,891</b>	<b>(278)</b>	<b>2,598,170</b>	<b>2,822,755</b>
<b>Net Position Beginning</b>	<b>25,755,362</b>	<b>22,932,329</b>	<b>198,661</b>	<b>198,939</b>	<b>25,954,023</b>	<b>23,131,268</b>
<b>Net Position Ending</b>	<b>\$ 28,339,641</b>	<b>\$ 25,755,362</b>	<b>\$ 212,552</b>	<b>\$ 198,661</b>	<b>\$ 28,552,193</b>	<b>\$ 25,954,023</b>

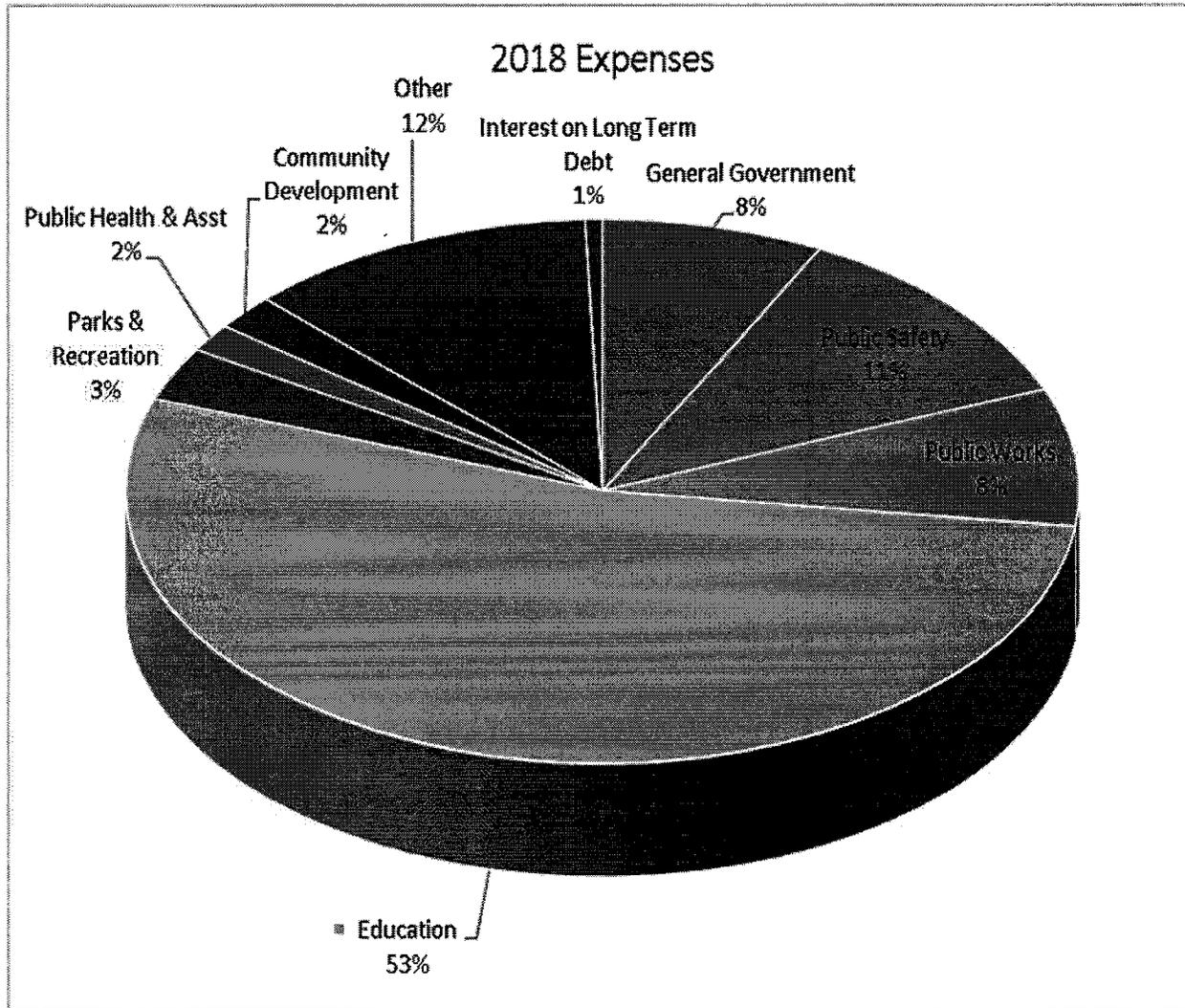
The following pie charts delineate the preceding chart by percentages. Sometimes it is easier to envision the totals when looking at it as pie slices.

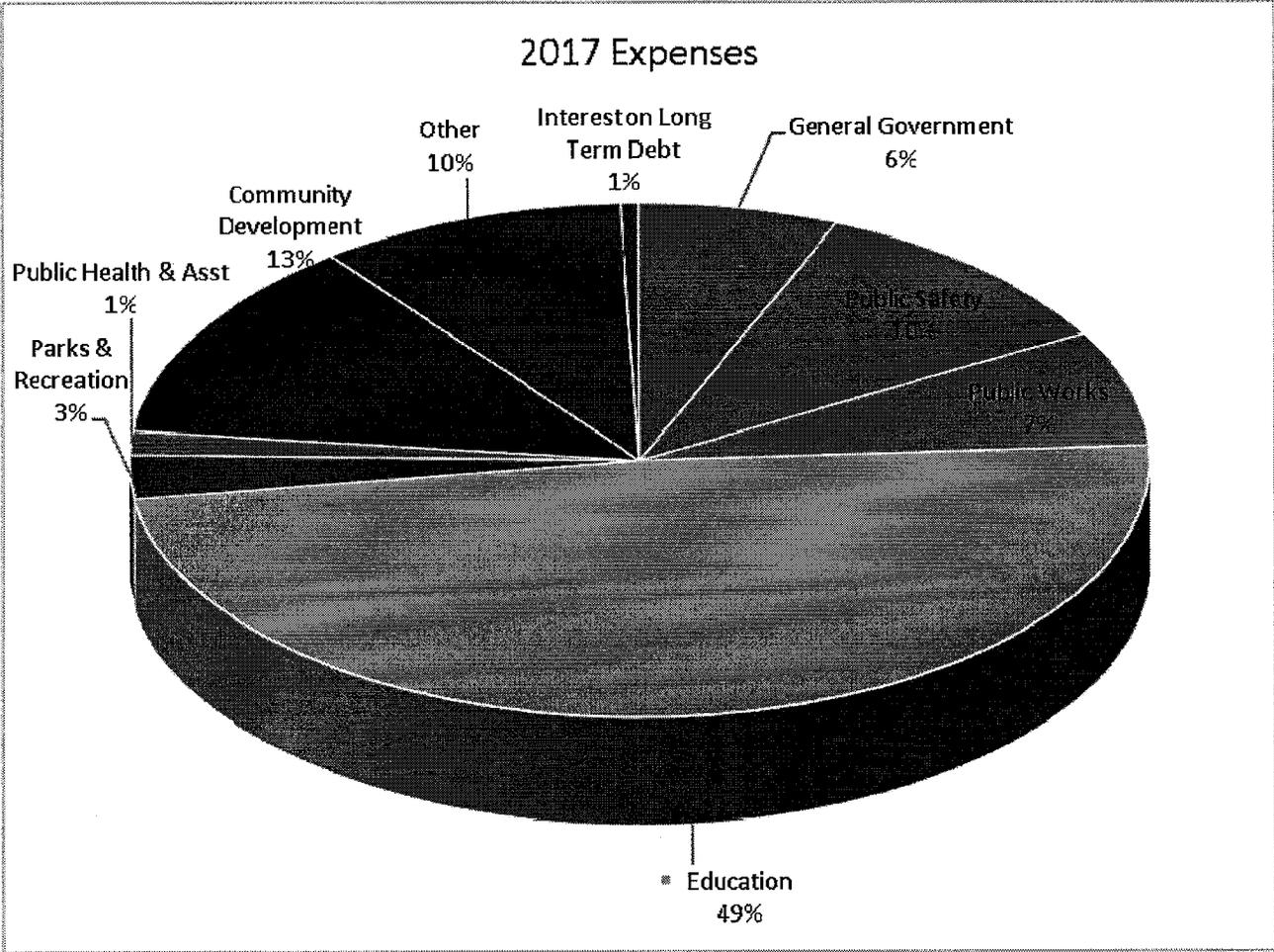
# 2018 Program Revenues



## 2017 Program Revenues







**Normal Impact:**

There are six basic transactions that affect comparability of Net Position.

1. Net results of activities – will increase or decrease current and unrestricted
2. Borrowing of Capital – increases current assets and long term debt
3. Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital – reduces current assets and increases capital. Also, a second impact occurs – increase in the net investment in capital assets and an increase in related net debt – note the investment in capital assets will not change the capital asset net of debt.
4. Spending of non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital – will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) reduce unrestricted net assets and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.
5. Principal Payment on Debt – a) reduce current assets and long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted assets and increase invested capital assets, net of debt.
6. Reduction of Assets through Depreciation – reduces capital assets and invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Changes in net position of the Town's activities as a whole (includes governmental and business-type activities) was \$2,598,170 and \$2,822,755 for fiscal year 2018 and 2017, respectively, resulting from the difference between expenses and revenues. For fiscal year 2018, expenses net of their pertinent revenues were \$22,265,106, while revenue not attributed to any activity in the government were \$24,863,276, therefore netting an increase of \$2,598,170 in net position. For fiscal year 2017, expenses net of their pertinent revenues was \$21,579,108, while revenues not attributed to any activity in the government were \$24,401,863, therefore netting an increase of \$2,822,755 in net position.

**Business-type Activities:**

The change in net position for the business-type activities for fiscal year 2018 and 2017 was \$13,891 and \$(278), respectively.

## **Town's Funds:**

### **General Fund & Other Governmental funds:**

The Town implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54) in fiscal year 2011. GASB 54 establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies the definitions for governmental funds. GASB 54 defines the following five categories of fund balance:

Nonspendable – items that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – items that are restricted by external parties or imposed by grants, laws or legislation.

Committed – items that have been committed by formal action by the entity's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned – items that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose.

Unassigned – items that have no restrictions placed on them.

At the end of June 2018, the general fund balance sheet showed a fund balance of \$9,886,486. This figure results from all assets allocated to the fund less its liabilities, as presented on page 21. Of this total, \$1,309,642 was nonspendable for tax sale property and prepaid expenditures, \$1,272,108 was restricted mainly for employee severance benefits and general government expenditures, and \$6,935,171 was unassigned. The Town was also required to show any other major funds which are determined by criteria listed by the GASB. Other governmental funds had a fund balance of \$3,733,055 of which \$1,540 was nonspendable for perpetual care, \$4,052,857 was restricted mainly for capital projects, community development, and general government expenditures, \$145,999 was committed mainly for parks and recreation and \$(467,341) was unassigned. The total fund balance for the aforementioned funds is \$13,619,541. See Schedule B-1.

The Town maintains certain funds that have been reclassified to the Town General Fund under GASB 54. The ending fund balance of these funds was \$1,286,837 at June 30, 2018.

At the end of June 2017, the general fund balance sheet showed a fund balance of \$8,794,931. Of this total, \$587,204 was nonspendable for tax sale property and prepaid expenditures, \$1,197,288 was restricted mainly for employee severance benefits and general government expenditures, and \$7,010,439 was unassigned. The Town was also required to show any other major funds which are determined by criteria listed by the GASB. The CDBG – Disaster Recovery Fund has been designated a major fund. Other governmental funds had a fund balance of \$3,776,185 of which \$1,540 was nonspendable for perpetual care, \$4,006,185 was restricted mainly for capital projects, community development, and general government expenditures, \$129,257 was committed mainly for parks and recreation and \$(360,797) was unassigned. The total fund balance for the aforementioned funds is \$12,571,116.

The Town maintains certain funds that have been reclassified to the Town General Fund under GASB 54. The ending fund balance of these funds was \$1,195,013 at June 30, 2017.

**Business-type Activities:**

The business-type activities for the Town are the Residential Collection Center and the Coastal Pond Management. These two entities combined had total net position of \$212,552 at June 30, 2018, of which \$160,652 is the net investment in capital assets, \$10,000 is restricted and \$41,900 is unrestricted. At June 30, 2017, these two entities combined had total net position of \$198,661 of which \$166,506 was the net investment in capital assets, \$10,000 was restricted and \$22,155 was unrestricted.

**Required Supplemental Information**

In addition to this MD&A and the basic financial statements, this report also presents certain Required Supplemental Information. For the Town of Charlestown, this Required Supplemental Information includes the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund that can be found on “Schedule E-6” on page 85. The presentation under GASB 34 requires disclosure of both the original and final budget. The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations and other legally authorized legislative and executive changes applicable to the fiscal year.

## **Analysis of Significant Budget Variations in the General Fund**

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the general fund revenues exceeded budget projections by \$255,213, or 0.9%. The general fund expenditures were less than the budget by \$744,518, or 2.7%. This resulted in a \$999,731 budgetary surplus in the general fund for the year ending June 30, 2018.

The most significant revenue variances are the tax collection in the amount of \$(100,667), Motor Vehicle Phase Out in the amount of \$121,975, Transfer Stamps of \$78,033, beach receipts of \$52,130 and Police receipts of \$36,969. The most significant expense variances were savings in the Public Works department for highway and public building and grounds and the Police Department.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the general fund revenues exceeded budget projections by \$462,616, or 1.7%. The general fund expenditures were less than the budget by \$476,122, or 1.7%. This resulted in a \$938,738 budgetary surplus in the general fund for the year ending June 30, 2017.

The most significant revenue variances are the tax collection and interest on delinquent taxes in the amount of \$(31,163), beverage/meals tax of \$81,188, transfer stamps of \$62,921, and investment income of \$36,693. The most significant expense variances were savings in the Public Works department for highway and public building and grounds and the Police Department, WasteWater and the Tax Collector's Office.

## **Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt**

### **Capital Assets**

The Town of Charlestown's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 amounted to \$26.6 and \$26.3 million, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation). This net investment in capital assets includes construction-in-progress, land, buildings and improvements, motor vehicles, equipment and infrastructure.

The presentation below for the current fiscal year lists the major categories of capital assets for governmental activities and business-type activities. Infrastructure assets, assets that are long-lived and can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets and that normally are stationary in nature such as streets, sidewalks and curbing are subject to different rules under the standards established by GASB 34.

**Capital Assets at June 30:**  
**(In Millions)**

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		<b>Business-Type Activities</b>		<b>Totals</b>	
	<b><u>2018</u></b>	<b><u>2017</u></b>	<b><u>2018</u></b>	<b><u>2017</u></b>	<b><u>2018</u></b>	<b><u>2017</u></b>
Motor Vehicles	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.4			\$ 3.7	\$ 3.4
Equipment	1.3	1.2	\$0.3	\$0.3	1.6	1.5
Infrastructure	48.4	47.8			48.4	47.8
Buildings and Improvements	9.6	9.5			9.6	9.5
Land and Land Improvements	10.9	10.6	0.2	0.2	11.1	10.8
Construction-in-progress	0.2	0.1			0.2	0.1
Total Assets	74.1	72.6	0.5	0.5	74.6	73.1
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(47.7)	(46.5)	(0.3)	(0.3)	(48.0)	(46.8)
Net Capital Assets	\$26.4	\$26.1	\$0.2	\$0.2	\$26.6	\$26.3

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 was \$74.6 million less accumulated depreciation of \$48.0 million for a net investment in capital assets of \$26.6 million

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017 was \$73.1 million less accumulated depreciation of \$46.8 million for a net investment in capital assets of \$26.3 million.

Major capital asset additions during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$ 615,163 for Infrastructure
- \$ 554,891 for Vehicles
- \$ 340,162 for Construction in Progress
- \$ 300,221 for Land Improvements
- \$ 113,750 for Equipment

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found on Note 13 on page 64 – 65 of this report.

## **Long-Term Debt**

As of June 30, 2018, the Town had total long-term liabilities of \$6.3 million. Of that, \$4.9 million related to bonded debt guaranteed by the Town's assets, \$0.1 related to landfill monitoring costs; \$0.9 million related to compensated absences; and \$0.4 million related to leases payable

As of June 30, 2017, the Town had total long-term liabilities of \$6.9 million. Of that, \$5.4 million related to bonded debt guaranteed by the Town's assets, \$0.1 related to landfill monitoring costs; \$1.0 million related to compensated absences; and \$0.4 million related to leases payable.

The business-type activities had long-term liabilities \$16,963 at June 30, 2018. This is related to compensated absences.

The business-type activities had long-term liabilities \$10,363 at June 30, 2017. This is related to compensated absences.

The Town's bond ratings are as follows:

- Moody's: Aa2

## **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Office of the Treasurer at the Town of Charlestown, 4540 South County Trail, Charlestown, RI 02813.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN

BASIC  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLANDSTATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
<b>ASSETS:</b>			
<b>Current assets:</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,924,583	\$ 931,386	\$ 12,855,969
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		15,980	15,980
Investments	2,740		2,740
Receivables:			
Taxes, net	622,147		622,147
Other receivables	64,432	3,838	68,270
Internal balances	873,496	(873,496)	
Due from other governments	952,580		952,580
Prepaid expenses	738,619		738,619
Tax sale property	285,073		285,073
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>15,463,670</b>	<b>77,708</b>	<b>15,541,378</b>
<b>Noncurrent assets:</b>			
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	9,948,270	99,500	10,047,770
Depreciable, net	16,498,672	61,152	16,559,824
<b>Total noncurrent assets</b>	<b>26,446,942</b>	<b>160,652</b>	<b>26,607,594</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>41,910,612</b>	<b>238,360</b>	<b>42,148,972</b>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,688,007		2,688,007
Deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits	283,342		283,342
Deferred expense on refunding bonds	6,435		6,435
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>2,977,784</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,977,784</b>
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>			
<b>Current liabilities:</b>			
Accounts payable	346,224	8,845	355,069
Retainage payable	14,853		14,853
Accrued interest	20,485		20,485
Due to other governments	30,848		30,848
Current portion of long-term debt	478,350		478,350
Unearned revenue	726,839		726,839
Other liabilities	98,875		98,875
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>1,716,474</b>	<b>8,845</b>	<b>1,725,319</b>
<b>Noncurrent liabilities:</b>			
Long-term debt, net	5,791,620	16,963	5,808,583
Net pension liability	5,383,936		5,383,936
Net other post-employment benefit liability	1,863,558		1,863,558
<b>Total noncurrent liabilities</b>	<b>13,039,114</b>	<b>16,963</b>	<b>13,056,077</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>14,755,588</b>	<b>25,808</b>	<b>14,781,396</b>

(CONTINUED)

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLANDSTATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,325,414		1,325,414
Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits	467,753		467,753
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>1,793,167</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,793,167</b>
<b>NET POSITION:</b>			
Net investment in capital assets	21,204,961	160,652	21,365,613
Restricted - nonexpendable	1,025,232	10,000	1,035,232
Restricted for:			
Community development	88,499		88,499
Education	384,721		384,721
Capital projects	3,428,636		3,428,636
Employee severance benefits	526,339		526,339
Special purposes	896,770		896,770
Unrestricted	784,483	41,900	826,383
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 28,339,641</b>	<b>\$ 212,552</b>	<b>\$ 28,552,193</b>

(CONCLUDED)

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLANDSTATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Functions/Programs:	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
<b>Governmental activities:</b>							
General government	\$ 1,998,134	\$ 818,917	\$ 486,044		\$ (693,173)		\$ (693,173)
Public safety	3,005,609	89,343	8,127	\$ 2,748	(2,905,391)		(2,905,391)
Public works	2,168,260				(2,168,260)		(2,168,260)
Education	14,144,970		1,660,642		(12,484,328)		(12,484,328)
Parks and recreation	855,424	603,398	25,997	1,000	(225,029)		(225,029)
Public health and assistance	442,213				(442,213)		(442,213)
Community development	551,241		276,241		(275,000)		(275,000)
Other	2,904,702				(2,904,702)		(2,904,702)
Interest on long-term debt	155,222				(155,222)		(155,222)
<b>Total governmental activities</b>	<b>26,225,775</b>	<b>1,511,658</b>	<b>2,457,051</b>	<b>3,748</b>	<b>(22,253,318)</b>		<b>(22,253,318)</b>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>							
Residential Collection Center	193,011	177,595				\$ (15,416)	(15,416)
Coastal Pond Management	56,512	60,140				3,628	3,628
<b>Total business-type activities</b>	<b>249,523</b>	<b>237,735</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(11,788)</b>	<b>(11,788)</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 26,475,298</b>	<b>\$ 1,749,393</b>	<b>\$ 2,457,051</b>	<b>\$ 3,748</b>	<b>(22,253,318)</b>	<b>(11,788)</b>	<b>(22,265,106)</b>
<b>General revenues:</b>							
Property taxes					24,781,050		24,781,050
Unrestricted investment earnings					60,047	679	60,726
Gain on sale of capital asset					21,500		21,500
<b>Transfers</b>					(25,000)	25,000	
<b>Total general revenues and transfers</b>					<b>24,837,597</b>	<b>25,679</b>	<b>24,863,276</b>
<b>Change in net position</b>					<b>2,584,279</b>	<b>13,891</b>	<b>2,598,170</b>
<b>Net Position - beginning</b>					<b>25,755,362</b>	<b>198,661</b>	<b>25,954,023</b>
<b>Net Position - ending</b>					<b>\$ 28,339,641</b>	<b>\$ 212,552</b>	<b>\$ 28,552,193</b>

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**BALANCE SHEET  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>ASSETS:</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,475,690	\$ 448,893	\$ 11,924,583
Investments		2,740	2,740
Receivables:			
Taxes, net	622,147		622,147
Other	64,432		64,432
Due from:			
Other funds	1,571,348	3,884,745	5,456,093
Other governments	100,787	851,793	952,580
Prepaid expenditures	1,024,569		1,024,569
Tax sale property	285,073		285,073
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 15,144,046</b>	<b>\$ 5,188,171</b>	<b>\$ 20,332,217</b>
<b>LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES:</b>			
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>			
Accounts payable	\$ 240,522	\$ 105,702	\$ 346,224
Retainage payable	10,995	3,858	14,853
Due to:			
Other funds	3,884,745	697,852	4,582,597
Other governments	30,848		30,848
Unearned revenues	151,556	575,283	726,839
Other liabilities	26,454	72,421	98,875
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>4,345,120</b>	<b>1,455,116</b>	<b>5,800,236</b>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	912,440	0	912,440
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>912,440</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>912,440</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES:</b>			
Nonspendable	1,309,642	1,540	1,311,182
Restricted	1,272,108	4,052,857	5,324,965
Committed	369,565	145,999	515,564
Unassigned	6,935,171	(467,341)	6,467,830
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>9,886,486</b>	<b>3,733,055</b>	<b>13,619,541</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>\$ 15,144,046</b>	<b>\$ 5,188,171</b>	<b>\$ 20,332,217</b>

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET (B-1)  
TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (A-1)  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position differ because:**

<b>Total Fund Balance (B-1)</b>		\$ 13,619,541
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets	74,105,620	
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(47,658,678)</u>	26,446,942
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.		
		2,688,007
Contributions to the other post-employment benefit plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.		
		283,342
Net other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability is not reported in the governmental funds. This amount represents accumulated plan contributions in excess of annual OPEB costs.		
		(1,863,558)
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and related deferred outflows of resources, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental bonds payable	(4,845,000)	
Prepayment on bonds payable	(285,950)	
Leases payable	(351,602)	
Premium	(54,463)	
Current year amortization	9,084	
Deferred expense on refunding bonds	7,719	
Current year amortization	(1,284)	
Compensated absences	(933,009)	
Landfill closure and post-closure care costs	<u>(94,980)</u>	(6,549,485)
Net pension liability is not reported in the governmental funds.		
		(5,383,936)
Pension related deferrals are not reported in the governmental funds.		
		(1,325,414)
Other post-employment benefit related deferrals are not reported in the governmental funds.		
		(467,753)
Certain deferred inflows of resources in governmental funds are susceptible to full accrual on the entity-wide statements.		
		912,440
Accrued interest payable is recorded in governmental activities, but is not recorded in the funds.		
		(20,485)
<b>Total Net Position (A-1)</b>		<u><u>\$ 28,339,641</u></u>

(CONCLUDED)

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>REVENUES:</b>			
General property taxes	\$ 24,248,296		\$ 24,248,296
Intergovernmental	2,261,358	\$ 370,258	2,631,616
Departmental	1,411,158		1,411,158
Investment income	59,585	462	60,047
Other	1,399	101,460	102,859
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>27,981,796</b>	<b>472,180</b>	<b>28,453,976</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>			
<b>Current:</b>			
General government	1,703,833	121,517	1,825,350
Public safety	2,699,614	5,315	2,704,929
Public works	1,466,870		1,466,870
Education	14,121,237		14,121,237
Parks and recreation	598,308	3,863	602,171
Public health and assistance	442,213		442,213
Community development		551,241	551,241
Other	2,669,491		2,669,491
<b>Debt Service:</b>			
Principal	525,000		525,000
Interest and other costs	261,960		261,960
<b>Capital:</b>			
Capital outlay	1,099,402	656,987	1,756,389
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>25,587,928</b>	<b>1,338,923</b>	<b>26,926,851</b>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>2,393,868</b>	<b>(866,743)</b>	<b>1,527,125</b>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>			
Transfers in	50,000	873,613	923,613
Transfers out	(1,348,613)	(50,000)	(1,398,613)
Landfill monitoring	(3,700)		(3,700)
<b>NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>(1,302,313)</b>	<b>823,613</b>	<b>(478,700)</b>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>1,091,555</b>	<b>(43,130)</b>	<b>1,048,425</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>8,794,931</b>	<b>3,776,185</b>	<b>12,571,116</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 9,886,486</b>	<b>\$ 3,733,055</b>	<b>\$ 13,619,541</b>

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES,  
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (B-2)  
TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (A-2)  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

<b>Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (B-2):</b>	<b>\$ 1,048,425</b>
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	336,216
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included in the Statement of Activities.	505,426
The governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures when paid. However, in the Statement of Activities, differences between OPEB plan contributions and OPEB costs for the year are reported as an OPEB liability.	569,620
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences.	684,569
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.	359,578
Adjustment to accrued interest payable related to long-term liabilities which is required to be recorded for government-wide financial statement presentation.	5,493
Pension expense reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.	(740,637)
Other post-employment benefit expense reported in the Statement of Activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(184,411)
<b>Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities (A-2)</b>	<b><u>\$ 2,584,279</u></b>

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION  
 PROPRIETARY FUNDS  
 JUNE 30, 2018**

	Residential Collection Center	Coastal Pond Management	Totals
<b>ASSETS:</b>			
<b>Current Assets:</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 623,876	\$ 307,510	\$ 931,386
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		15,980	15,980
Receivables, net	3,838		3,838
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>627,714</b>	<b>323,490</b>	<b>951,204</b>
<b>Noncurrent Assets:</b>			
Net capital assets	130,732	29,920	160,652
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	<b>130,732</b>	<b>29,920</b>	<b>160,652</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>758,446</b>	<b>353,410</b>	<b>1,111,856</b>
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>			
<b>Current Liabilities:</b>			
Accounts payable	7,131	1,714	8,845
Due to other funds	638,048	235,448	873,496
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>645,179</b>	<b>237,162</b>	<b>882,341</b>
<b>Noncurrent Liabilities:</b>			
Accrued compensated absences	16,963		16,963
<b>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</b>	<b>16,963</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>16,963</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>662,142</b>	<b>237,162</b>	<b>899,304</b>
<b>NET POSITION:</b>			
Net investment in capital assets	130,732	29,920	160,652
Restricted for endowment		10,000	10,000
Unrestricted	(34,428)	76,328	41,900
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 96,304</b>	<b>\$ 116,248</b>	<b>\$ 212,552</b>

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION  
 PROPRIETARY FUNDS  
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Residential Collection Center	Coastal Pond Management	Totals
<b>OPERATING REVENUES:</b>			
Charges for usage and service	\$ 177,595	\$ 60,140	\$ 237,735
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	<u>177,595</u>	<u>60,140</u>	<u>237,735</u>
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES:</b>			
Operations	84,864	20,876	105,740
Personnel	107,732	30,197	137,929
Depreciation	415	5,439	5,854
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<u>193,011</u>	<u>56,512</u>	<u>249,523</u>
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	<u>(15,416)</u>	3,628	<u>(11,788)</u>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES:</b>			
Investment income	448	231	679
<b>Total Nonoperating Revenues</b>	<u>448</u>	<u>231</u>	<u>679</u>
<b>INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS</b>	<u>(14,968)</u>	3,859	<u>(11,109)</u>
<b>TRANSFERS IN</b>	<u>25,000</u>	0	<u>25,000</u>
<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</b>	10,032	3,859	13,891
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING</b>	<u>86,272</u>	<u>112,389</u>	<u>198,661</u>
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING</b>	<u>\$ 96,304</u>	<u>\$ 116,248</u>	<u>\$ 212,552</u>

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
PROPRIETARY FUNDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Residential Collection Center	Coastal Pond Management	Totals
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Cash received from customers	\$ 178,105	\$ 60,140	\$ 238,245
Cash paid to suppliers	(84,698)	(23,135)	(107,833)
Cash paid to employees	(101,132)	(30,197)	(131,329)
<b>Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities</b>	<b>(7,725)</b>	<b>6,808</b>	<b>(917)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Transfers from General Fund	25,000		25,000
Increase in due to other funds	81,715	31,521	113,236
<b>Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities</b>	<b>106,715</b>	<b>31,521</b>	<b>138,236</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Interest on investments	448	231	679
<b>Net cash provided by investing activities</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>679</b>
<b>NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>99,438</b>	<b>38,560</b>	<b>137,998</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>524,438</b>	<b>284,930</b>	<b>809,368</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 623,876</b>	<b>\$ 323,490</b>	<b>\$ 947,366</b>
<b>Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:</b>			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (15,416)	\$ 3,628	\$ (11,788)
Adjustments to reconcile:			
Depreciation	415	5,439	5,854
Decrease in receivables, net	510		510
Decrease in prepaid expenses	1,000		1,000
Decrease in accounts payable	(834)	(2,259)	(3,093)
Increase in accrued compensated absences	6,600		6,600
<b>Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities</b>	<b>\$ (7,725)</b>	<b>\$ 6,808</b>	<b>\$ (917)</b>

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION  
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS  
 JUNE 30, 2018

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	Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund
	<u>                    </u>
<b>ASSETS:</b>	
Investments, at fair value	\$ 6,260,890
<b>Total assets</b>	<u>6,260,890</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	<u>0</u>
<b>NET POSITION:</b>	
Held in trust for other post-employment benefits	<u>\$ 6,260,890</u>

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SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION  
FIDUCIARY FUNDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	<u>Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund</u>
<b>ADDITIONS:</b>	
<b>Contributions:</b>	
Employer contributions	\$ 450,000
<b>Total contributions</b>	<u>450,000</u>
<b>Investment income:</b>	
Interest and dividends	499,020
<b>Total investment income</b>	<u>499,020</u>
<b>Total additions</b>	<u>949,020</u>
<b>DEDUCTIONS:</b>	
Benefits	0
Administrative expenses	0
<b>Total deductions</b>	<u>0</u>
<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</b>	949,020
<b>NET POSITION - BEGINNING</b>	5,311,870
<b>NET POSITION - ENDING</b>	<u><u>\$ 6,260,890</u></u>

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**1. REPORTING ENTITY**

In accordance with the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the accompanying basic financial statements present the Town of Charlestown (the primary government).

The Town complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Proprietary funds also apply the same principles. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

***Primary Government***

The Town is a municipal corporation governed by a Council/Town Administrator form of government with a five-member Town Council headed by a Council President. The Town provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, highway and streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning, zoning and inspection, and general administrative services.

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made through the application of GASB criteria. Under GASB, the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. GASB defines component units as legally separate entities that meet any one of the following three tests:

Test 1 - The primary government appoints the voting majority of the board of the potential component unit and;

- \* is able to impose its will on the potential component unit and/or
- \* is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit;

Test 2 - The potential component unit is fiscally dependent upon the primary government; or

Test 3 - The financial statements would be misleading if data from the potential component unit were not included.

Potential component unit:

- \* Chariho Regional School District. Education services are provided to the Town by the Chariho School District. The District serves the Towns of Charlestown, Richmond and Hopkinton, and is a separate legal entity from its member Towns with no financial interdependency. The District has a separately elected governing authority, and a separate designation of management. In addition, the Town has no ability to significantly influence operations and no accountability over fiscal matters of the School District. As a result, the Town has no oversight responsibilities and the School District's separate financial statements are not included herein.

For the purpose of these financial statements, the financial reporting entity includes only the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island. No other organizations satisfy the criteria necessary to be categorized as component units under the requirements of GASB. The potential component unit discussed above has not been included within the Town's reporting entity due to the Town's lack of financial accountability and inability to significantly influence the operations of the Chariho Regional School District.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2018**

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**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

***Recently Issued Accounting Standards***

The Town implemented the following pronouncements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

- GASB Statement No. 85 – Omnibus 2017.
- GASB Statement No. 86 – Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues.

The adoption of these Statements did not have an impact on the Town's financial position or results of operations.

The Town will adopt the following new accounting pronouncements in future years:

- GASB Statement No. 83 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.
- GASB Statement No. 84 – Fiduciary Activities, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.
- GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.
- GASB Statement No. 88 – Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.
- GASB Statement No. 89 – Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, effective for the Town's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Management is in the process of determining the impact of these pronouncements on the Town's financial statements.

***Basis of Presentation***

***Government-Wide Financial Statements***

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, receivables and payables.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

*Fund Financial Statements*

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and
- b) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

***Governmental Funds***

**General Fund**

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

**Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain purposes.

**Capital Project Funds**

Capital Project Funds are used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

**Permanent Funds**

Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town pursuant to a trust agreement. The principal portion of these funds must remain intact, but the earnings may be used to achieve the objectives of the fund.

***Proprietary Funds***

Proprietary funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. Operating revenues of the Proprietary Funds consist of customer/taxpayer charges for uses and services and certain other miscellaneous revenues. All other revenues of the Proprietary Funds are considered non-operating sources of revenue.

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

***Fiduciary Funds (Not included in government-wide statements)***

**Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Funds**

Other post-employment benefit trust funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust for the payment of benefits other than pensions. The Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund accumulates resources for future retiree health benefits for eligible retirees.

**Agency Funds**

Agency funds account for assets held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e. assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The Town did not have any agency funds at June 30, 2018.

***Major and Non-Major Funds***

The funds are further classified as major or non-major as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Brief Description</u>
<b>Major:</b>	
General:	See above for description
Proprietary:	Residential Collection Center: accounts for the operation and maintenance of the Residential Collection Center.  Coastal Pond Management: accounts for the operation of the Coastal Pond Management Fund.
<b>Non-Major:</b>	
Special Revenue:	Senior Community Activities, Police Grants – JAG, MEDS Grant - R.I. Dept. of Health, Frisbee Golf Course, School Impact Fees, Friends of Ninigret, Operation Blue Riptide, CDBG-Disaster Recovery, Flagpole Gardens Accessible Playground, Animal Spaying/Neutering, Ninigret Park Fund, Bicentennial Fund, FEMA, Developer Bond Deposits, Open Space Fees, CH-Arts, Opioid Grant, Naval Airfield Memorial, Police Forfeiture, Municipal Planning, Affordable Housing Initiatives, US EPA, Birthday Committee, Affordable Housing Acquisitions, Community Development Block Grant, Police Evidence Property, Historical and Vital Records, Ninigret Dog Park, Roof Drainage System Performance Bond, Comprehensive Planning Grant, Special Donations, On-Site Wastewater Treatment Systems, and Project Review.
Capital Projects:	Open Space 2016, Asphalt Resurfacing, Stormwater Elimination Project, Burdickville Road Improvement, Town Capital Maintenance Fund, Kings Factory Road Culvert, DPW Road Engineering, Recreation Bond 2016, Web Based GIS, and Pond and Beach Preservation.
Permanent:	Zenis Ellis Trust and Cemetery Fund

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018

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2. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

**Measurement Focus**

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item (b) below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- (a) All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period. The Town considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.
- (b) All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- (c) Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

**Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds and agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided and operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

***Accounts Receivable***

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based on historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. The allowance for uncollectible accounts totaled \$520,000 for property taxes. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes and intergovernmental grants and aid. Business-type activities report service fees as its major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as property taxes and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Proprietary fund material receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible receivables are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

***Encumbrances***

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in certain governmental funds. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities under generally accepted accounting principles. The Town did not have any encumbrances as of June 30, 2018.

***Investments***

Investments are stated at fair value. For purposes of the statements of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. The Town's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Substantially all of the Town's cash and cash equivalents are held in public deposit institutions.

***Short-term Interfund Receivables/Payables***

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

***Advances to Other Funds***

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

***Interfund Transfers***

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

***Long-Term Debt***

In the governmental-wide financial statements, long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond premiums, included in long-term debt, are amortized using the effective interest method over the respective life of the associated bond issues. Amortization of bond premiums, which are charged against interest expense, totaled \$9,084 for fiscal year 2018.

Bond issuance costs are recorded as operating expenses when incurred. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 resulted in the write-off of bond issuance costs as of July 1, 2013.

Prepaid bond insurance costs are reported as an asset and are recognized as an expense over the duration of the related debt using the straight-line method. The Town did not have any prepaid bond insurance costs at June 30, 2018.

Governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, in the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Interest is reported as an expenditure in the period in which the related payment is made.

The total bond premiums at June 30, 2018 were \$89,281, while the accumulated amortization was \$43,902.

***Amount Deferred on Refunding***

During periods of declining interest rates, the Town has refunded certain bond obligations reducing aggregate debt service. The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded bonds is recorded as an amount deferred on refunding. The deferred amount on refunding is amortized over the remaining life of the refunded bonds, or the life of the new bonds, whichever is shorter. The amortization amount is a component of interest on bonds, and the unamortized balances are recorded as deferred outflows or inflows on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

***Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources***

In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension/OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

***Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources (Continued)***

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports deferred inflow of resources related to pension/OPEB in the government-wide financial statements. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension/OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

***Materials and Supplies***

The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

***Prepaid Items***

Prepaid items are accounted for under the allocation method whereby a prepaid asset is established at the date of payment and subsequently amortized over the accounting periods expected to benefit from the initial payment. Prepaid expenditures on the fund financial statements consist primarily of debt service prepayments.

***Property, Plant and Equipment***

The accounting treatment for property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

**Government-Wide Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, all capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Infrastructure, such as streets and drainage systems, are capitalized. The capitalization threshold is any individual item with a total cost equal to or greater than \$5,000.

Prior to July 1, 2002, governmental funds infrastructure assets were not capitalized. During fiscal year 2007, the Town conducted a detailed study of all infrastructure assets in order to have a complete inventory of its infrastructure assets and be in compliance with GASB Statement No. 34. As of June 30, 2007, the government-wide financial statements include all infrastructure assets in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

***Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)***

**Government-Wide Statements (Continued)**

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

<u>Classes</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings and improvements .....	15 - 50 years
Land improvements.....	10 - 15 years
Equipment .....	3 - 30 years
Vehicles.....	5 - 10 years
Infrastructure .....	20 - 50 years

**Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

***Interfund Transactions***

Interfund activity within and among the funds of the Town have been classified and reported as follows:

Reciprocal interfund activities:

- Interfund loans are reported as interfund receivables in the lending fund and interfund payables in borrower funds.

Non-reciprocal interfund activities:

- Interfund transfers are reported in governmental funds as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

***Compensated Absences***

The Town's policy is to recognize the cost of sick leave and vacation pay in governmental funds at the time payments are made. Vested sick leave and accumulated vacation pay for governmental fund employees at June 30, 2018 amounted to \$933,009. The amount of earned but unpaid vacation and sick leave relating to governmental fund employees is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The liability is calculated at the rate of pay in effect at June 30, 2018.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

***Pensions***

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) of Rhode Island and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

***Budgets***

The Town is required to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and for major individual special revenue funds for which annual budgets are adopted. As such, budgetary schedules have been prepared for the General Fund. The practices used in the preparation of the budget differ in certain respects from the presentation of the actual results of operations prepared in accordance with GAAP. The actual results of operations, for purposes of the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Budget and Actual - General Fund has been adjusted to a basis consistent with the Town's budget. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Town Council. All annual budget appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The adjustments necessary to reconcile actual revenues and expenditures reported on a budgetary basis to actual revenues and expenditures reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles are as follows:

	<u>Revenues and Transfers</u>	<u>Expenditures and Transfers</u>
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund		
Balance (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Budget and Actual (E-6) ..	\$27,979,814	\$26,980,083
Activity of funds classified with the General Fund for purposes of GASB Statement No. 54 .....	<u>51,982</u>	<u>(39,842)</u>
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund		
Balance (B-2) .....	<u>\$28,031,796</u>	<u>\$26,940,241</u>

***Use of Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

***Equity Classifications***

**Government-Wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- (a) Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- (b) Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (c) Unrestricted net position - All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

**Fund Statements**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

***Nonspendable*** - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

***Restricted*** - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

***Committed*** - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Town Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those accounts.

***Assigned*** - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Town Council or a management official delegated that authority by formal Town Council action.

***Unassigned*** - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2018**

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**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

***Net Position Flow Assumption***

The Town occasionally funds outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. To determine the amounts to be reported as restricted and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted as they are needed.

***Fund Balance Flow Assumption***

The Town may fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted (total committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances) resources. To calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

***Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities***

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense". The details of this \$336,216 difference are as follows:

Capital outlays.....	\$ 1,803,097
Depreciation expense.....	<u>(1,466,881)</u>
Net adjustment.....	<u>\$ 336,216</u>

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

JUNE 30, 2018

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

***Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities (Continued)***

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes financial resources of governmental funds". The details of this \$684,569 difference are as follows:

Bonds payable.....	\$520,000
Add: prepayment of bonds payable at June 30, 2017 .....	245,000
Less: prepayment of bonds payable at June 30, 2018 .....	(240,000)
Bond premium.....	9,084
Deferred outflow of resources.....	(1,284)
Capital leases payable .....	93,445
Compensated absences .....	51,189
Landfill monitoring .....	7,135
Net adjustment.....	<u>\$684,569</u>

**3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

***Deposits***

Custodial Credit Risk, Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned. The Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk.

The Town maintains deposits at local financial institutions. At year end, the carrying amount of such deposits was \$3,247,333 while the bank balance was \$3,774,301 of which \$499,605 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$3,274,696 was collateralized. The Town also had nonnegotiable certificates of deposit totaling \$1,004,159 which were FDIC insured under the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) at June 30, 2018. In addition, at June 30, 2018 the Town had deposits of \$8,618,032 held through an Insured Cash Sweep Service (ICS) agreement between the Town and its banks. The ICS places Town funds at other FDIC insured banks in amounts that do not exceed the FDIC insured maximum. Through the ICS program the Town can exclude specific banks to insure the FDIC insured limit is never exceeded at the destination banks.

Rhode Island General Law 35-10.1 requires that public deposits which are time deposits with maturities greater than 60 days be insured or pledged by collateral. In addition, collateral must be insured or pledged for depository institutions, which do not meet minimum capital standards. The Town of Charlestown was in compliance with this law at June 30, 2018.

The carrying value of the Town's cash and cash equivalents related to the Town's Statement of Net Position (A-1) totals as follows:

Unrestricted cash deposits.....	\$ 3,231,353
Restricted cash deposits .....	15,980
Insured Cash Sweep .....	8,618,032
Petty cash.....	2,425
Certificate of deposit, 1.5%, dated March 22, 2018, due September 20, 2018.....	1,004,159
<b><i>Total cash and cash equivalents – (A-1)</i></b> .....	<b><u>\$12,871,949</u></b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

***Investments***

The Town accounts for its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," which requires that investments be reported at fair value. Fair values are established by quoted market values. Unrealized gains and losses from changes in fair value are recognized as investment income.

Investments included in the fiduciary fund for the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) trust fund are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the latest reported sales prices.

Interest rate risk - The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Town minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in short-term, highly liquid investments.

The Town does not hold long-term investments other than those managed by the trustee of the OPEB trust fund. Managed investments are subject to interest rate risk. The risk associated with OPEB investments is mitigated by evaluation of the portfolio performance by the Town's Trust Investment Consortium. The Town receives monthly investment performance reports from the OPEB trust fund trustee and the Consortium meets quarterly to evaluate the trust's activity in comparison to the investment performance policies set forth in the OPEB trust investment policy statement.

Custodial Credit Risk, Investments - The Town does not have a formal custodial credit risk policy. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of financial institution failure, the Town's investments may not be returned or the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Concentration of Credit Risk - At June 30, 2018, the Town's non-fiduciary fund investments consisted entirely of a U.S. Series HH Bond.

In accordance with the Home Rule Charter of the Town, the responsibility for conducting investment transactions resides with the Town Treasurer after consultation with the Town Administrator. As outlined in the Town's investment manual, funds of the Town may be invested in the following instruments:

- U.S. Treasury Bills
- Short term obligations of U.S. Government agencies
- Treasury bills and notes maturing within one (1) year
- Insured or collateralized certificates of deposit
- Repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities
- State investment pools
- Money market mutual funds whose portfolios consist of a majority of U.S. Government securities or in broadly diversified money market instruments which are based in Rhode Island
- A1/P1 rated commercial paper secured by an irrevocable line of credit
- BBB (S&P) and higher rated bonds issued by corporations and utilities

Investments Of The Retiree Healthcare Fund (The OPEB Trust) - Effective October 1, 2015, all OPEB Trust Investments are held in the Public Agencies Retirement Services (PARS) Post-Retirement Health Care Plan Trust by its trustee, US Bank. Vanguard Advisors, Inc. is contracted to manage the portfolio in accordance with the Trust Documents and Vanguard Discretionary Advisory Agreement as approved by the Town Council. The Vanguard Agreement Schedule B requires that portfolio assets be allocated across broad asset and subasset classes in accordance with the guidelines including equities, fixed income, and REITS.

Custodial Credit Risk - The OPEB Trust does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk, but as of June 30, 2018, all investments are registered in the name of the Town of Charlestown PARS Post-Retirement Health Care Plan Trust in a master trust custodial agreement.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

***Investments (Continued)***

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Vanguard agreement addresses concentration limits on a manager basis. As of June 30, 2018, the OPEB Trust’s investments were all registered in the Trust’s name.

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

Investments included in The Trust’s OPEB Fiduciary Fund consisted of the following at June 30, 2018:

	<u>June 30, 2018</u>	<u>Fair Value Measurements Using</u>		
		<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>
Investments by fair value level:				
Mutual funds.....	\$6,260,890	\$6,260,890		
<b>Total OPEB Trust</b>	<b>\$6,260,890</b>	<b>\$6,260,890</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>

As of June 30, 2018, investments other than those included in the Fiduciary Fund included:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maturity</u>
Certificate of deposit .....	\$ 2,240	3.0%	5/30/22
Series HH Bond .....	500	N/A	N/A
<b>Total investments (A-1) .....</b>	<b>\$ 2,740</b>		

**4. TAXES RECEIVABLE**

Taxes are assessed each December 31, and the levy thereon may be paid in full or quarterly, without penalty, at the taxpayer's option. A 12% penalty is imposed for all taxes in an overdue status.

Taxes are due in equal quarterly installments on August 1, November 1, February 1, and May 1 during the fiscal year although they may be paid in full by September 1, at the option of the taxpayer.

Unpaid property taxes at June 30, 2018 include delinquent installments of the current and prior years. The Town does not record interest earned on delinquent taxes until payment is received. Delinquent installments which are not received within sixty days after the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unavailable revenue.

Net property taxes levied for the fiscal year 2018 were based on an assessed value of approximately \$2,505,604,851 at December 31, 2016 and amounted to \$24,288,458. Collections through June 30, 2018 amounted to \$23,913,671 which represents 98.5% of the total tax levy.

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**4. TAXES RECEIVABLE (Continued)**

The Town recognizes property tax revenues in accordance with Section P70, "Property Taxes" of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Unpaid property taxes as of June 30, 2018 of \$1,142,147 are recorded as a receivable, net of an allowance for uncollectible property taxes of \$520,000. Those net property taxes receivable which were not collected within the 60 days immediately following June 30, 2018 are recorded as unavailable revenue and amounted to \$516,267 at June 30, 2018. Property taxes recognized as revenue for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 (due to their collection within the 60 days immediately following June 30, 2018) amounted to \$105,880.

**5. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES**

Intergovernmental receivables and payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2018:

	<u>Due From</u>	<u>Due To</u>
<b>Governmental activities:</b>		
<b>State of Rhode Island:</b>		
<b>Major funds:</b>		
General Fund .....	\$100,787	\$30,848
<b>Non-major Funds</b> .....	80,663	0
<b>Total</b> .....	<u>181,450</u>	<u>30,848</u>
<b>Federal government:</b>		
<b>Non-major funds</b> .....	771,130	
<b>Total</b> .....	<u>771,130</u>	0
<b>Total governmental activities</b> .....	<u>\$952,580</u>	<u>\$30,848</u>

**6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

**General Information about the Pension Plan**

**Plan Description**

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) – an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at [www.ersri.org](http://www.ersri.org).

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**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

**General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)**

**Benefits Provided**

General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

**Salary:** Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under IRC Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

**Service:** Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

**Final Average Compensation (FAC):** Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable FAC will be the greater of the member's highest three year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.

Subsequent to June 30, 2015, litigation challenging the various pension reform measures enacted in previous years by the General Assembly (2009, 2010, and 2011) was settled. The final settlement approved by the Court on July 8, 2015 also included enactment of the pension settlement provisions by the General Assembly. These amended benefit provisions have been included in the determination of the total pension liability at the June 30, 2015 measurement date and are reflected in the summary of benefit provisions described below.

**General Employees**

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012 described above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

**General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)**

**General Employees (Continued)**

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with 33 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

**Police and Fire Employees**

Members are eligible to retire when they are at least 50 years old and have a minimum of 25 years of contributing service or if they have 27 years of contributing service at any age. Members with less than 25 years of contributing service are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age.

Members who, as of June 30, 2012, had at least 10 years of contributing service, had attained age 45, and had a prior Retirement Date before age 52 may retire at age 52.

Active members on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date, as described in this section, and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members designated as police officers or firefighters were eligible for retirement at or after age 55 with credit for at least 10 years of service or at any age with credit for 25 or more years of service. Members were also eligible to retire and receive a reduced benefit if they are at least age 50 and have at least 20 years of service. If the municipality elected to adopt the 20-year retirement provisions for police officers and/or firefighters, then such a member was eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

**General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)**

**Police and Fire Employees (Continued)**

A monthly benefit is paid equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service, up to 37.5 years (75% of FAC maximum).

If the optional 20-year retirement provisions were adopted by the municipality prior to July 1, 2012: benefits are based on 2.50% of the member's FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 2.00% of the member's FAC for each year of service after July 1, 2012. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC.

Active members (including future hires), members who retire after July 1, 2015 and after attaining age 57 with 30 years of service will have a benefit equal to the greater of their current benefit described in (a) and (b) above and one calculated based on a 2.25% multiplier for all years of service.

**Other benefit provisions**

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA (age 55 for members designated as police officers and/or firefighters). When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

- (a) The COLA will be suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%; however, an interim COLA may be granted in four-year intervals while the COLA is suspended. The first interim COLA may begin January 1, 2018.
- (b) Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%
- (c) The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on the every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$25,000 for 2013, \$25,000 for 2014, \$25,168 for 2015, \$25,855 for 2016, and \$26,098 for 2017.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

**Employees covered by benefit terms**

At the June 30, 2016 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	<u>General Employees</u>	<u>Police Employees</u>
Retirees and Beneficiaries	13	15
Inactive, Nonretired Members	13	2
Active Members	46	20
Total	72	37

**Contributions**

The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 2% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.25%. Public safety employees are required to contribute 10% of their salaries. The Town of Charlestown contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The Town of Charlestown contributed \$181,185 in the year ended June 30, 2018 for general employees and \$324,241 for public safety employees, which was 7.37% and 24.46% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

**Net Pension Liability (Asset)**

The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2016 and rolled forward to June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

<b>Summary of Actuarial Assumptions Used in the Valuations to determine the Net Pension Liability at the June 30, 2017 measurement date (June 30, 2016 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2017)</b>	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal - the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodology is used.
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll – Closed
Actuarial Assumptions	
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Projected Salary Increases	General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50% ; Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Mortality	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Male Employees, MERS General and MERS P&amp;F: 115% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.</li><li>• Female Employees, MERS General and MERS P&amp;F: 95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.</li></ul>
Cost of Living Adjustments	A 2% COLA is assumed after January 1, 2014.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**JUNE 30, 2018**

**6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

**Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)**

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2016 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2016 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2016 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

<b><u>Asset Class</u></b>	<b><u>Long-Term Asset Allocation</u></b>	<b><u>Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return</u></b>
<b>Global Equity</b>		
U.S. Equity	20.60%	6.85%
International Developed Equity	15.90%	6.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	3.50%	8.91%
<b>Private Growth</b>		
Private Equity	11.30%	9.62%
Non-Core RE	2.20%	5.17%
OPP Private Credit	1.50%	9.62%
<b>Income</b>		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	4.26%
REITS	1.00%	5.17%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	4.26%
Private Credit	3.20%	4.26%
<b>Crisis Protection Class</b>		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.83%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	3.81%
<b>Inflation Protection</b>		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.17%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.57%
TIPs	1.00%	1.72%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.98%
<b>Volatility Protection</b>		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.12%
Absolute Return	6.50%	3.81%
Cash	3.00%	0.83%

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

**Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)**

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<b>Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - General Employees</b>			
	<b>Increase (Decrease)</b>		
	<b>Total Pension Liability</b>	<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b>	<b>Net Pension Liability</b>
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$ 7,348,304	\$ 6,666,321	\$ 681,983
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	204,691		204,691
Interest on the total pension liability	548,930		548,930
Changes in benefits			
Difference between expected and actual experience	51,503		51,503
Changes of assumptions	314,400		314,400
Employer contributions		203,506	(203,506)
Employee contributions		84,753	(84,753)
Net investment income		794,141	(794,141)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(263,172)	(263,172)	
Administrative expense		(7,503)	7,503
Other changes		(18)	18
Net changes	856,352	811,707	44,645
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$ 8,204,656	\$ 7,478,028	\$ 726,628

<b>Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Police Employees</b>			
	<b>Increase (Decrease)</b>		
	<b>Total Pension Liability</b>	<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b>	<b>Net Pension Liability</b>
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$ 12,291,560	\$ 8,351,756	\$ 3,939,804
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	261,944		261,944
Interest on the total pension liability	910,596		910,596
Changes in benefits			
Difference between expected and actual experience	239,204		239,204
Changes of assumptions	745,559		745,559
Employer contributions		332,416	(332,416)
Employee contributions		136,572	(136,572)
Net investment income		980,094	(980,094)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(562,502)	(562,502)	
Administrative expense		(9,260)	9,260
Other changes		(23)	23
Net changes	1,594,801	877,297	717,504
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$ 13,886,361	\$ 9,229,053	\$ 4,657,308

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

**Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)**

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate.** The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

	<b>1.00% Decrease (6.0%)</b>	<b>Current Discount Rate (7.0%)</b>	<b>1.00 Increase (8.0%)</b>
General Employees	\$1,657,587	\$ 726,628	\$ 33,556
Police Employees	\$6,246,407	\$4,657,308	\$3,474,151

**Pension plan fiduciary net position** - detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

***Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions***

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer recognized pension expense of \$136,819 for the general employees. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u><b>General Employees</b></u>	
	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences in experience	\$ 44,185	\$412,867
Differences in assumptions	269,724	18,762
Excess (deficit) investment returns	432,894	323,182
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	<u>181,185</u>	<u>0</u>
Total	<u>\$927,988</u>	<u>\$754,811</u>

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

***Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)***

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$181,185 related to pensions resulting from the Town of Charlestown's contributions in fiscal year 2018 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
2019	\$(38,935)
2020	49,441
2021	(7,979)
2022	(90,199)
2023	53,939
Thereafter	<u>25,725</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ (8,008)</u></b>

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer recognized pension expense of \$604,127 for the police employees. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Police Employees</u>	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences in experience	\$ 272,768	\$124,361
Differences in assumptions	615,369	47,709
Excess (deficit) investment returns	547,641	398,533
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	<u>324,241</u>	<u>          </u>
Total	<b><u>\$1,760,019</u></b>	<b><u>\$570,603</u></b>

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

***Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)***

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$324,241 related to pensions resulting from the Town of Charlestown's contributions in fiscal year 2018 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Net Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>
2019	\$181,401
2020	293,880
2021	207,274
2022	72,690
2023	116,794
Thereafter	<u>(6,864)</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$865,175</u></b>

**7. OTHER PENSION PLANS**

***Defined Contribution Plan***

Certain employees participating in the defined benefit plan, as described above, may also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Contribution rates for general employees, public safety employees, and the employer were as follows for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018:

	<u>Employee Contribution</u>	<u>Employer Contribution</u>
General employees with more than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012	No DC plan contributions after July 1, 2015	
General employees that had less than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012	5%	1% to 1.5% depending on years of service
Public safety employees	No DC plan participation	

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2018**

**7. OTHER PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

**Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)**

Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The Town of Charlestown recognized pension expense of \$18,945, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at <http://www.ersri.org>.

**Town Funded Retirement Benefits**

During fiscal year 2018, the Town provided retirement benefits to the spouse of one former employee. This pension is self-funded by the Town on a pay-as-you-go basis. The pension has a June 30, 1987 base amount of \$9,000 and is increased annually by 3%. Since the retiree predeceased his spouse, the surviving spouse is entitled to 50% of the benefits for the remainder of the spouse's life or until the spouse remarries. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the total cost to the Town for providing retirement benefits amounted to \$10,960.

**8. INTERFUND BALANCES**

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	<u>Due From Other Funds</u>	<u>Due To Other Funds</u>
<b>Governmental activities:</b>		
<b>Major funds:</b>		
General Fund .....	\$1,571,348	\$3,884,745
<b>Non-major funds</b> .....	<u>3,884,745</u>	<u>697,852</u>
<b>Total governmental activities</b> .....	<u>\$5,456,093</u>	<u>\$4,582,597</u>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>		
<b>Major funds:</b>		
Residential Collection Center .....		\$638,048
Coastal Pond Management .....		<u>235,448</u>
<b>Total business-type activities</b> .....	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$873,496</u>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2018**

**9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

**(a) Long-Term Liability Activity**

**2013 Series A Bonds**

On August 22, 2013, the Town issued the 2013 Series A Bonds, with term bonds of \$2,190,000 at rates varying from 2.00% to 4.50%. The term bonds mature at various dates from July 1, 2014 through July 1, 2033. Bond proceeds of \$1,190,000 were used to finance the construction and furnishings of permanent beach structures at Charlestown Beach and Blue Shutters Beach. A portion of the remaining \$1,000,000 of bond proceeds has been used for financing affordable housing initiatives consistent with the approved Charlestown affordable housing plan.

**2013 Series B Refunding Bonds**

On August 22, 2013, the Town issued the 2013 Series B Refunding Bonds with term bonds of \$1,520,000 at rates varying from 2.00% to 3.00%. The term bonds mature at varying dates from January 1, 2014 through July 1, 2023.

The Town issued the 2013 Series B Refunding Bonds to fully defease the 2004 Series A General Obligation Open Space Bonds. Upon delivery of the 2013 Series B Refunding Bonds, the Town established an irrevocable escrow trust fund pursuant to a Refunding Trust Agreement between the Town and U.S. Bank National Association. Under terms of the Refunding Trust Agreement, the proceeds of the 2013 Series B Refunding Bonds were deposited into escrow funds established for each series of refunded bonds which were invested in investment obligations maturing in amounts and bearing interest at rates sufficient to pay, when due, interest, and upon maturity or prior redemption on the earliest available redemption date, the outstanding principal of the refunded bonds. The escrow fund is pledged solely for the benefit of holders of the applicable series of refunded bonds.

The Town completed the August 22, 2013 refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next ten years by \$133,953 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$90,350. The deferred charge is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Since those bonds have, in effect, been redeemed under the defeasance, they are no longer outstanding under the Town's bond resolution and therefore, the liability for those bonds and related escrow funds are not reflected in the June 30, 2018 financial statements.

The outstanding principal of the Town's defeased bonds is summarized below:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Defeased Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2018</u>
2004 Series A Open Space Bonds	\$0

The 2004 Open Space Bonds were redeemed February 1, 2014.

**2014 Series A Bonds**

On July 7, 2014, the Town issued the 2014 Series A Bonds, with term bonds of \$2,000,000 at an interest rate of 2.15%. The term bonds mature at various dates from July 15, 2015 through July 15, 2024. Bonds proceeds of \$2,000,000 were used to reimburse the General Fund for the purchase of approximately 78 acres of land known as the "Whalerock Property" (a.k.a. Charlestown Moraine Preserve) for preservation of open space.

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2018**

**9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)**

**(a) Long-Term Liability Activity (Continued)**

**2016 Series A Bonds**

On November 23, 2016, the Town issued the 2016 Series A Bonds, with term bonds of \$1,000,000 at an interest rate of 2.58%. The term bonds mature at various dates from November 15, 2017 through November 15, 2026. Bonds proceeds were used to finance the construction and furnishings of recreational facilities at Ninigret Park.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Amounts Due Within One Year</u>
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>					
<b>Long-term debt:</b>					
General obligation debt.....	\$5,365,000		\$ 520,000	\$4,845,000	\$285,000
Leases payable.....	445,047		93,445	351,602	88,435
Subtotal.....	5,810,047	\$ 0	613,445	5,196,602	373,435
Plus: bond premium, net of amortization .....	54,463		9,084	45,379	
<b>Total long-term debt .....</b>	<b>5,869,510</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>622,529</b>	<b>5,241,981</b>	<b>373,435</b>
<b>Other long-term liabilities:</b>					
Compensated absences .....	984,198	626,290	677,479	933,009	97,000
Landfill monitoring costs .....	102,115		7,135	94,980	7,915
<b>Total other long-term liabilities.....</b>	<b>1,086,313</b>	<b>626,290</b>	<b>684,614</b>	<b>1,027,989</b>	<b>104,915</b>
<b>Governmental activities:</b>					
Long-term liabilities .....	<u>\$6,950,823</u>	<u>\$ 626,290</u>	<u>\$1,307,143</u>	<u>\$6,269,970</u>	<u>\$478,350</u>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>					
<b>Other long-term liabilities:</b>					
Compensated absences .....	\$ 10,363	\$ 13,156	\$ 6,556	\$ 16,963	\$ 0
<b>Business-type activities:</b>					
Long-term liabilities .....	<u>\$ 10,363</u>	<u>\$ 13,156</u>	<u>\$ 6,556</u>	<u>\$ 16,963</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

All debt of the governmental activities is general obligation debt. Payments on all long-term debt and other long-term liabilities that pertain to the Town's governmental activities are made by the general fund.

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)**

**(b) Debt Maturity**

At June 30, 2018, the Town had \$2,000,000 of remaining authorized unissued bond authority.

Annual principal and interest requirements on long-term liabilities are as follows:

<u>Year ending June 30:</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2019 .....	\$ 285,000	\$ 95,045	\$ 380,045
2020 .....	535,000	128,607	663,607
2021 .....	540,000	115,326	655,326
2022 .....	545,000	101,941	646,941
2023 .....	555,000	87,583	642,583
2024 .....	565,000	72,394	637,394
2025 .....	430,000	58,998	488,998
2026 .....	220,000	49,790	269,790
2027 .....	225,000	42,838	267,838
2028 .....	120,000	37,275	157,275
2029 .....	125,000	32,675	157,675
2030 .....	130,000	27,575	157,575
2031 .....	135,000	22,275	157,275
2032 .....	140,000	16,425	156,425
2033 .....	145,000	10,012	155,012
2034 .....	150,000	3,375	153,375
<b>Totals</b> .....	<b>\$4,845,000</b>	<b>\$902,134</b>	<b>\$5,747,134</b>

At June 30, 2018, the Town was in compliance with Rhode Island General Law 45-12-2 which places a 3% cap on the ratio of the Town's maximum aggregate indebtedness, excluding debt in the enterprise funds, to taxable property.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Town incurred the following interest expense:

2013 Series A bond.....	\$ 68,300
2013 Series B bond (Refunding bond).....	26,050
2014 Series A bond.....	33,110
2016 Series A bond.....	<u>24,991</u>
<b>Total</b> .....	<b><u>\$152,451</u></b>

(CONTINUED)



**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)**

**(d) Deferred Outflows of Resources**

When the Town refunds or advance refunds its bonds, it calculates the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. The resulting accounting gain or loss is then amortized over the remaining life of the refunding bonds, or the life of the new bonds, whichever is shorter. The net unamortized excess of reacquisition price over the net carrying value of the defeased bonds is recorded in deferred outflows of resources on the Statements of Net Position.

Excess of reacquisition price over net carrying value of defeased bonds was as follows at June 30, 2018:

Beginning balance of deferred outflows of resources .....	\$ 7,719
Additions .....	0
Reductions .....	<u>(1,284)</u>
<b>Ending balance of deferred outflows of resources ..</b>	<b><u>\$ 6,435</u></b>

**(e) Capital Leases**

The Town has several lease agreements for financing the acquisition of various public works and public safety equipment.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

**Governmental Activities**

	<u>Public Safety</u>	<u>Public Works</u>
<b>Assets:</b>		
Vehicles and equipment.....	\$ 544,616	\$ 1,719,076
Less: accumulated depreciation.....	<u>(484,944)</u>	<u>(1,260,722)</u>
<b>Total.....</b>	<b><u>\$ 59,672</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 458,354</u></b>

The following schedule summarizes the future minimum lease payments under those capital leases, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2018:

Fiscal year ending <u>June 30:</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
2019 .....	\$100,971
2020 .....	100,971
2021 .....	80,350
2022 .....	80,350
2023 .....	<u>21,372</u>
<b>Total minimum lease payments.....</b>	<b>384,014</b>
Less: amount representing interest.....	<u>(32,412)</u>
<b>Present value of future minimum lease payments</b>	<b><u>\$351,602</u></b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

***Affordable Housing***

In March 2013, the Town entered into a funding agreement with the Washington County Community Development Corporation (WCCDC), South County Habitat for Humanity and the Church Community Housing Corporation for the development of seven affordable housing units and with WCCDC for two housing projects totaling thirty-five affordable units (24 senior and 11 families). The Town's total commitment for these projects is \$950,000, including \$800,000 for land acquisition and \$150,000 for preconstruction costs. The total cost of the projects is currently estimated at \$7,250,000 with additional funding expected from Community Development Block Grants (CDBG), Rhode Island Housing HOME program funds, possible low-income housing tax credits and the Housing Resources Commission's Building Homes Rhode Island program.

In January 2013, the Town Council approved a resolution authorizing the issuance of a \$1,000,000 general obligation bond previously approved by vote of the electorate on November 7, 2006 to finance affordable housing initiatives in the Town consistent with the Town's approved affordable housing plan. The bond proceeds were received in August 2013 as part of the Town's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2013A totaling \$2,190,000.

The Town received funding from the federal government through the Town's Community Development Block Grant to construct 24 affordable housing units. The original contract was for \$4,494,960. Expenditures incurred through June 30, 2018 totaled \$2,789,640.

The Town has no ownership rights in the land acquisitions or future housing units but the projects will meet the requirements of affordable housing under the State's 10% Affordable Housing mandate.

***Grants***

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives are required and, consequently, certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate, and result in reimbursement to the grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies could not be determined at this time. Town officials believe that such disallowances, if any, would not be material.

***Litigation***

The Town is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Town's attorneys, the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

**11. LANDFILL ENTERPRISE FUND - CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS**

The Town accounts for its closure and postclosure care costs under GASB Statement No. 18. This Statement is based on the October 9, 1991, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) rule, "Solid Waste Disposal Facility Criteria," which establishes closure requirements for all municipal solid waste landfills (MSWLF's) that receive solid waste after October 9, 1991. The EPA rule also establishes thirty-year postclosure care requirements for MSWLF's that accept solid waste after October 9, 1993. The effect of the EPA rule and similar state laws or regulations is to obligate MSWLF owners and operators to perform certain closing functions and postclosure monitoring and maintenance functions as a condition for the right to operate the MSWLF in the current period.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**11. LANDFILL ENTERPRISE FUND - CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS (Continued)**

State and federal laws and regulations require the Town to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the Town reported a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The Town closed the Landfill effective June 30, 2000. General Fund postclosure costs incurred during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 totaled \$3,700. Postclosure monitoring costs were originally estimated at \$50,000 to \$100,000 per year. Based upon revised estimates from an independent consultant, the costs should approximate \$7,915 annually for the remaining 12 years. These estimates are based on an independent evaluation of the cost to perform postclosure monitoring. In fiscal year 2010, the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management approved a reduction in the scope of the Town's postclosure monitoring activities resulting in the associated cost reductions. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in applicable laws and regulations. Annual postclosure monitoring costs are expected to be funded through General Fund appropriations.

**12. FUND EQUITY**

**(a) Fund Balance Constraints**

The constraints on fund balance as reported in aggregate in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet are detailed below according to fund balance classification.

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Nonspendable:</b>			
Perpetual care .....		\$ 1,540	\$ 1,540
Tax sale property .....	\$ 285,073		285,073
Prepaid expenditures .....	1,024,569		1,024,569
<b>Restricted for:</b>			
General government .....	493,743	292,416	786,159
Public safety .....		99,096	99,096
Parks and recreation .....	2,026	9,489	11,515
Community development ..		88,499	88,499
Education .....	250,000	134,721	384,721
Capital projects .....		3,428,636	3,428,636
Employee severance benefits .....	526,339		526,339
<b>Committed to:</b>			
Parks and recreation .....		145,999	145,999
Subsequent year's budget.	369,565		369,565
<b>Unassigned</b> .....	<b>6,935,171</b>	<b>(467,341)</b>	<b>6,467,830</b>
<b>Total Fund Balances</b> ....	<b><u>\$9,886,486</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 3,733,055</u></b>	<b><u>\$13,619,541</u></b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**12. FUND EQUITY (Continued)**

**(b) Net Position**

Restriction of net position at June 30, 2018 was as follows:

**Enterprise Funds:**

Restriction for endowment .....	\$ 10,000
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**(c) Fund Deficits**

The following funds had cumulative deficits at June 30, 2018:

**Non-major Governmental Funds:**

Affordable Housing Initiatives.....	\$ 5,736
US EPA.....	\$ 38,028
Open Space 2016.....	\$ 423,577

The deficit in the Affordable Housing Initiatives Fund will be funded by a General Fund contribution. The deficit in the US EPA Fund will be funded by grant proceeds. The deficit in the Open Space 2016 Fund will be funded by proceeds from general obligation bonds.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**13. CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
<b>Governmental activities:</b>				
<b>Capital assets not being depreciated:</b>				
Land .....	\$ 9,714,871	\$ 79,616		\$ 9,794,487
Construction-in-progress.....	86,551	340,162	\$(272,930)	153,783
<b>Total capital assets not being depreciated .</b>	<u>9,801,422</u>	<u>419,778</u>	<u>(272,930)</u>	<u>9,948,270</u>
<b>Other capital assets:</b>				
Buildings and improvements.....	9,516,760	72,224		9,588,984
Land improvements .....	841,912	300,221		1,142,133
Equipment.....	1,164,286	113,750		1,278,036
Vehicles.....	3,430,268	554,891	(276,705)	3,708,454
Infrastructure.....	47,824,580	615,163		48,439,743
<b>Total other capital assets.....</b>	<u>62,777,806</u>	<u>1,656,249</u>	<u>(276,705)</u>	<u>64,157,350</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements.....	(3,243,797)	(270,934)		(3,514,731)
Land improvements .....	(126,689)	(128,623)		(255,312)
Equipment.....	(847,387)	(89,386)		(936,773)
Vehicles.....	(2,275,691)	(316,838)	276,705	(2,315,824)
Infrastructure.....	(39,974,938)	(661,100)		(40,636,038)
<b>Total accumulated depreciation.....</b>	<u>(46,468,502)</u>	<u>(1,466,881)</u>	<u>276,705</u>	<u>(47,658,678)</u>
<b>Other capital assets, net.....</b>	<u>16,309,304</u>	<u>189,368</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>16,498,672</u>
<b>Governmental activities capital assets, net .....</b>	<u>\$26,110,726</u>	<u>\$ 609,146</u>	<u>\$ (272,930)</u>	<u>\$26,446,942</u>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>				
<b>Capital assets not being depreciated:</b>				
Land .....	\$ 99,500			\$ 99,500
<b>Total capital assets not being depreciated ..</b>	<u>99,500</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>99,500</u>
<b>Other capital assets:</b>				
Buildings.....	18,550			18,550
Land improvements .....	113,684			113,684
Machinery and equipment.....	304,357			304,357
<b>Total other capital assets.....</b>	<u>436,591</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>436,591</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings.....	(18,550)			(18,550)
Land improvements .....	(113,684)			(113,684)
Machinery and equipment.....	(237,351)	(5,854)		(243,205)
<b>Total accumulated depreciation.....</b>	<u>(369,585)</u>	<u>(5,854)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(375,439)</u>
<b>Other capital assets, net.....</b>	<u>67,006</u>	<u>(5,854)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>61,152</u>
<b>Business-type activities capital assets, net .....</b>	<u>\$ 166,506</u>	<u>\$(5,854)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 160,652</u>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**13. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

<b>Governmental activities:</b>	
General government .....	\$ 88,423
Public safety .....	257,406
Recreation .....	202,444
Public works .....	894,875
Education .....	23,733
<b>Total governmental activities .....</b>	<b><u>\$1,466,881</u></b>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>	
Residential Collection Center .....	\$ 415
Coastal Pond Management .....	5,439
<b>Total business type activities .....</b>	<b><u>\$ 5,854</u></b>

**14. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The Town offers its municipal employees a deferred compensation plan established in accordance with the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all municipal employees, permits the deferral of a portion of their salary. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The Town Council is responsible for establishing or amending the Plan's provisions and establishing or amending contribution requirements. The defined contribution Plan is currently administered by Vantagepoint.

The Town has implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement No. 32, "Accounting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans." All assets and income of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. As a result, deferred compensation investments and the respective liability have not been included in the Town's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018. Employees are allowed to make contributions to the Plan up to IRC limits, currently \$18,500 (\$24,500 if age 50 or older). There is no Town required contribution and no additional obligation incurred by the Town as a result of the employee contributions. Employee contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$29,890. The Town has an obligation to prudently manage these monies.

**15. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Town of Charlestown is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As a result, the Town participates in a non-profit, public entity risk pool (Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust, Inc.) which provides coverage for property/liability claims and workers' compensation claims. Upon joining the Trust, the Town signed a participation agreement, which outlines the rights and responsibilities of both the Trust and the Town. The agreement states that for premiums paid by the Town, the Trust will assume financial responsibility for the Town's losses up to the maximum amount of insurance purchased, minus the Town's deductible amounts. The Trust provides this insurance coverage through a pooled, self-insurance mechanism which includes reinsurance purchased by the Trust to protect against large, catastrophic claims above the losses the Trust retains internally for payment from the pooled contributions of its Members. Under the participation agreement, the Town is insured for a maximum of \$5,000,000 per occurrence. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the Trust Coverage in any of the past twenty-three fiscal years.

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2018**

**15. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

The Trust is obligated to make payments on the Town's behalf without any further obligation of the Town, unless the Town's applicable limit of liability was exhausted by the size of the loss or the nature of the loss would fall outside the parameters of the Trust policy. As of June 30, 2018, the Town believes there is minimal, if any, potential exposure for outstanding claims which would fall outside the parameter of the Trust policy.

**16. COMMUNITY SEPTIC LOAN PROGRAM**

On June 9, 1999, the Town entered into an agreement with the Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank (formerly the Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency) to finance the Town's Community Septic System Loan Program. The loan agreement provides the Town with a non-restoring line-of-credit. The proceeds of the loan shall be used by the Town for the establishment and operation of a Community Septic System Loan Program. The Program provides for the Town to make loans to property owners of the Town for the repair or replacement of failed or failing septic systems. The individual loans made to property owners shall be underwritten by the Town with the assistance of the Rhode Island Housing Mortgage Finance Corporation (RIHMFC). RIHMFC, on behalf of the Town shall perform all administrative functions related to servicing the individual loans, including disbursing loans to property owners and collecting and remitting borrower loan payments. The loan has a zero interest rate to the Town and 4% to property owners. The Town is only required to make principal repayments in the event that individual property owners default on their loans. As of June 30, 2018, the amount of loans outstanding under this program was approximately \$393,045.

**17. INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Interfund transfers for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
<b>Governmental activities:</b>		
<b>Major funds:</b>		
General Fund .....	\$ 50,000	\$1,348,613
<b>Non-major funds</b> .....	<u>873,613</u>	<u>50,000</u>
<b>Total governmental activities</b> .....	<u>\$923,613</u>	<u>\$1,398,613</u>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>		
<b>Major funds:</b>		
Residential Collection Center .....	<u>\$ 25,000</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
<b>Fiduciary funds:</b>		
Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund .....	<u>\$450,000</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**18. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

***Plan Description***

The Town of Charlestown's OPEB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan offering individual or two-party (spousal) health insurance to police retirees and retirees of the Charlestown Professional Management Association (CPMA). Police and CPMA retirees vest for OPEB when they vest for pension benefits.

***Summary of Plan Provisions***

***Eligibility***

**Police:**

A police officer retiring, who is at least 60 years old, or who has completed at least 20 years of service regardless of age (25 years of service if hired on or after July 1, 2011) and eligible for pension benefits under the State of Rhode Island, Optional Retirement for Members of Police Force and Firefighters, shall be eligible to continue health insurance coverage for self and spouse.

**CPMA:**

Eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is based on the members' social security retirement age with a proportional downward adjustment based on years of service as of June 30, 2012. The minimum retirement age is 59.

**Teamsters:**

Teamsters retiring before the age of 65 in accordance with the Rhode Island Municipal Employees Retirement System with the COLA provision.

***Cost Sharing***

**Police:**

Retiring on or after July 1, 2012 but before June 30, 2014:

Pre-65            85% Town-paid for retiree and spouse.

Post-65           85% Town-paid for retiree and spouse (BC Plan 65);  
Medicare Part B reimbursement for retiree and spouse.

Retiring on or after June 30, 2014:

Pre-65            80% Town-paid for retiree and spouse.

Post-65           80% Town-paid for retiree and spouse (BC Plan 65);  
Medicare Part B reimbursement for retiree and spouse.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**18. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)**

**Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)**

**Cost Sharing (Continued)**

**CPMA:**

Hired prior to July 1, 1996:

Pre-65            80% Town-paid for retiree and spouse.

Post-65          80% Town-paid for retiree and spouse (BC Plan 65).

Hired on or after July 1, 1996:

Not eligible for Town-paid Post Retirement Health Benefits.

**Teamsters:**

Retirees must pay 100% of the health premium for self and spouse.

The latest actuarial valuation was performed as of July 1, 2017. The post-retirement plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters**

**Basis of Accounting**

In fiscal year 2009, the Town established an OPEB trust fund to fund future OPEB liabilities. The OPEB trust fund financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal budgetary commitments and contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized when earned and expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

**Classes of Employees Covered**

As of July 1, 2017 (date of the last actuarial valuation) membership data consisted of the following:

	<u>CPMA</u>	<u>Police</u>	<u>Total</u>
Active employees	3	19	22
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	<u>6</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>28</u>
<b>Total</b>	<u>9</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>50</u>

**Benefit Provisions**

The Town plan provides for medical benefits for all eligible Police and CPMA retirees and their spouses. Benefits and contributions are established by contract and may be amended by union negotiations. Administration costs are financed from investment earnings.

**Employer Contributions**

The Town's contributions are actuarially determined on a three-year cycle using the level percent amortization method. Contributions made during fiscal year 2018 totaling \$450,000 consist of the current year general fund appropriation of \$450,000.

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018

18. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

**Summary Financial Information**

The Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust summary financial information reported in the financial statements is as follows:

**STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION  
OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUND  
JUNE 30, 2018**

<b>Assets:</b>	
Investments, at fair value.....	\$ 6,260,890
<b>Liabilities</b> .....	
	0
<b>Net Position:</b>	
Held in trust for OPEB benefits.....	\$ 6,260,890

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION  
OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUND  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

<b>Additions:</b>	
Employer contributions .....	\$ 450,000
Investment income, net of investment expenses .....	499,020
<b>Total additions</b> .....	<u>949,020</u>
<b>Deductions:</b>	
Benefits .....	0
Administration .....	0
<b>Total deductions</b> .....	<u>0</u>
<b>Change in Net Position</b> .....	949,020
<b>Net Position - July 1, 2017</b> .....	<u>5,311,870</u>
<b>Net Position - June 30, 2018</b> .....	<u>\$ 6,260,890</u>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**JUNE 30, 2018**

**18. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)**

**Rate of Return**

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 8.64% for Police and 8.89% for CPMA. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

**Net OPEB Liability of the Town**

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	<u>CPMA</u>	<u>Police</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$670,401	\$7,454,047	\$8,124,448
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>598,999</u>	<u>5,661,891</u>	<u>6,260,890</u>
Town's net OPEB liability	<u>\$ 71,402</u>	<u>\$1,792,156</u>	<u>\$1,863,558</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	89.35%	75.96%	77.06%

The Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are per Milliman Inc.'s Financial Reporting Valuation as of June 30, 2017.

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Index</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
US Cash	BAML: 3-Mon Tbill	1.40%	0.52%	0.51%
US Core Bonds	Barclays Gvt/Credit	19.60%	2.50%	2.34%
US Mortgages	Barclays MBS	0.20%	2.87%	2.76%
Non-US Bonds	JPM GBI Global xUS	2.90%	1.01%	0.45%
US Equity Market	Russell 3000	55.70%	4.86%	3.57%
Non-US Equity	MSCI ACWI xUS NR	20.20%	6.06%	4.35%
Assumed Inflation – Mean			2.70%	2.70%
Assumed Inflation – Standard Deviation			1.85%	1.85%
Portfolio Real Mean Return			4.46%	3.67%
Portfolio Nominal Mean Return			7.18%	6.46%
Portfolio Standard Deviation				12.56%
<b>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</b>				<b>7.25%</b>

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**JUNE 30, 2018**

**18. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)**

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

**Changes in the Net OPEB Liability:**

	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>	<u>Police Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>	<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$ 7,161,368	\$ 4,776,773	\$ 2,384,595
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	174,579		174,579
Interest on the total pension liability	541,851		541,851
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	260,191		260,191
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(457,304)		(457,304)
Employer contributions		661,638	(661,638)
Net investment income		450,118	(450,118)
Benefit payments	(226,638)	(226,638)	
Administrative expense			
Net changes	<u>292,679</u>	<u>885,118</u>	<u>(592,439)</u>
Balances as of June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 7,454,047</u>	<u>\$ 5,661,891</u>	<u>\$ 1,792,156</u>

	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>	<u>CPMA Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>	<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$ 583,680	\$ 535,097	\$ 48,583
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	651		651
Interest on the total pension liability	42,272		42,272
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	16,466		16,466
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	69,515		69,515
Employer contributions		57,183	(57,183)
Net investment income		48,902	(48,902)
Benefit payments	(42,183)	(42,183)	
Administrative expense			
Net changes	<u>86,721</u>	<u>63,902</u>	<u>22,819</u>
Balances as of June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 670,401</u>	<u>\$ 598,999</u>	<u>\$ 71,402</u>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**18. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)**

***OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB***

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer recognized OPEB expense of \$31,286 for the general employees. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<b><u>General Employees</u></b>	
	<b><u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u></b>	<b><u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u></b>
Differences in experience	\$ 44,688	
Differences in assumptions	10,585	
Excess (deficit) investment returns	<u>          </u>	\$ <u>6,557</u>
Total	\$ <u>55,273</u>	\$ <u>6,557</u>

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<b><u>Year Ending June 30</u></b>	<b><u>Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources</u></b>
2019	\$29,069
2020	22,926
2021	(1,639)
2022	<u>(1,640)</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$48,716</u></b>

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**18. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)**

**OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)**

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer recognized OPEB expense of \$302,326 for the police employees. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Police Employees</u>	
	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences in experience		\$400,847
Differences in assumptions	\$228,069	
Excess (deficit) investment returns	_____	<u>60,349</u>
Total	<u>\$228,069</u>	<u>\$461,196</u>

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>Net Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>
2019	\$ (39,422)
2020	(39,422)
2021	(39,422)
2022	(39,423)
2023	(24,335)
Thereafter	<u>(51,103)</u>
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$(233,127)</u></b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

**18. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)**

***Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate***

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

	<b><u>1% Decrease</u></b> <b><u>6.25%</u></b>	<b><u>Current Discount</u></b> <b><u>7.25%</u></b>	<b><u>1% Increase</u></b> <b><u>8.25%</u></b>
Net OPEB Liability - Police	\$2,952,648	\$1,792,156	\$697,213
Net OPEB Liability - CPMA	\$ 145,360	\$ 71,402	\$ 9,710

***Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates***

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

	<b><u>1% Decrease</u></b>	<b><u>Healthcare Cost</u></b> <b><u>Trend Rates</u></b>	<b><u>1% Increase</u></b>
Net OPEB Liability - Police	\$ 564,859	\$1,792,156	\$3,142,386
Net OPEB Liability - CPMA	\$ 4,325	\$ 71,402	\$ 151,064

***Funded Status and Funding Progress***

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**18. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)**

***Actuarial Methods and Assumptions***

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the July 1, 2017 funding valuation:

Discount Rate.....	7.25%
Actuarial Cost Method.....	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method .....	Level Percent
Amortization Growth.....	3.00%
Amortization Period at July 1, 2017...	10 years
Valuation Type .....	Closed Group
Initial medical inflation rate.....	5.2%
Ultimate medical inflation rate.....	4.6%
Years until ultimate inflation rate reached .....	68 years
Asset Valuation Method .....	Actuarial Value
Inflation.....	2.7%
Salary Increase .....	3.5%

**19. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL**

***The Health Pool***

The Town participates in a public entity risk pool through the Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust (the Trust) entitled the Health Pool (the Pool), formerly known as The Governmental Health Group of Rhode Island, Inc. (through June 22, 2010). The Pool is part of a not-for-profit organization (the Trust) formed to provide programs of liability, workers compensation, and health insurance coverage to Rhode Island cities, towns and other governmental units. The Pool is governed by the Trust Board of Directors (Board).

Upon joining the Pool, members execute a member agreement. That document, pursuant to which the Pool was established and operates, outlines the rights and responsibilities of both the members and the Pool. Members of the Pool participate in the Pool's health insurance plan administered through the Trust and Blue Cross Blue Shield of Rhode Island (BCBSRI).

Using the rate calculations prepared by the Trust, the Trust sets annual contribution rates for the subscribers of each member for each program offered. The Pool agreement requires that those contribution rates be set 1) at a level sufficient, in the aggregate, to satisfy the funding requirements of the Pool, and 2) with the intent that over the long term each member is contributing its fair share. The contributions of each member are used to pay for claims, reinsurance and all administrative expenses. The Pool agreement provides for an annual independent audit of its financial statements.

A member's share of surplus or deficit is equal to the ratio of the member's subscribers (employees and retirees) participating in the Pool's plan for each month of a policy year divided by the sum of all subscribers in the Pool for the same period.

The Pool agreement provides the Trust's Board a discretionary, fully allocable assessment feature with respect to specified circumstances.

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**19. PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL (Continued)**

***The Health Pool (Continued)***

After it has been a member of the Pool for an initial three-year period, a member may withdraw from participation in the Pool at its discretion, but a withdrawal may only be effective on June 30<sup>th</sup> of any year. Any election to terminate participation in the Pool requires a written notification to the Trust of such intent to withdraw no later than May 1<sup>st</sup> or two (2) months prior to the policy expiration date, whichever date is earlier. Liquidated damages would be assessed at the time of departure prior to the initial three-year period. The Trust may terminate a member's coverage for failure to pay amounts due.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, unaudited results indicate that the Pool generated \$128,051,277 in revenues and had a change in net position, revenues less expenses, of \$428,540. The Pool had \$56,378,529 in total assets and \$30,783,379 in total equity as of June 30, 2018.

The Pool retains certain levels of insurance risk. Specific losses in excess of \$1 million to a limit of \$2 million are covered by a Health Excess Claims Stoploss Account internal to the Trust that is funded by annual Stoploss Account payments from the Health Pool. As of June 30, 2018, the Pool's membership consisted of 47 cities, towns or other governmental units.

Separate financial statements are available at the RI Interlocal Risk Management Trust, 501 Wampanoag Trail, Suite 301, East Providence, RI 02915.

(CONCLUDED)

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TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY  
INFORMATION

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TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS**

	<b>General Employees</b>			
	<u>Year Ended June 30, 2017</u>	<u>Year Ended June 30, 2016</u>	<u>Year Ended June 30, 2015</u>	<u>Year Ended June 30, 2014</u>
<b>A. Total pension liability</b>				
1. Service Cost	\$ 204,691	\$ 198,767	\$ 187,950	\$ 188,698
2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability	548,930	537,624	521,066	491,136
3. Changes of benefit terms	0	0	102,265	0
4. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability	51,503	(320,845)	(346,031)	0
5. Changes of assumptions	314,400	0	0	(55,194)
6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	<u>(263,172)</u>	<u>(272,370)</u>	<u>(227,375)</u>	<u>(223,033)</u>
7. Net change in total pension liability	856,352	143,176	237,875	401,607
8. Total pension liability – beginning	<u>7,348,304</u>	<u>7,205,128</u>	<u>6,967,253</u>	<u>6,565,646</u>
9. Total pension liability – ending (a)	<u>8,204,656</u>	<u>7,348,304</u>	<u>7,205,128</u>	<u>6,967,253</u>
<b>B. Plan fiduciary net position</b>				
1. Contributions – employer	203,506	222,768	218,126	210,455
2. Contributions – employee	84,753	80,033	43,108	50,998
3. Net investment income	794,141	(2,314)	155,713	860,546
4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(263,172)	(272,370)	(227,375)	(223,033)
5. Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(7,503)	(6,225)	(6,244)	(5,389)
6. Other	<u>(18)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3,872</u>
7. Net change in plan fiduciary net position	811,707	21,892	183,330	897,449
8. Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	<u>6,666,321</u>	<u>6,644,429</u>	<u>6,461,099</u>	<u>5,563,650</u>
9. Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	<u>7,478,028</u>	<u>6,666,321</u>	<u>6,644,429</u>	<u>6,461,099</u>
<b>C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)</b>	<u>\$ 726,628</u>	<u>\$ 681,983</u>	<u>\$ 560,699</u>	<u>\$ 506,154</u>
<b>D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability</b>	91.14%	90.72%	92.22%	92.74%
<b>E. Covered employee payroll</b>	\$ 2,369,105	\$ 2,253,594	\$ 2,155,394	\$ 2,087,371
<b>F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll</b>	30.67%	30.26%	26.01%	24.25%

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLANDSCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOSPolice Employees

	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2016	Year Ended June 30, 2015	Year Ended June 30, 2014
<b>A. Total pension liability</b>				
1. Service Cost	\$ 261,944	\$ 260,761	\$ 241,600	\$ 237,878
2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability	910,596	880,676	800,834	765,642
3. Changes of benefit terms	0	0	372,401	0
4. Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability	239,204	(194,211)	153,052	0
5. Changes of assumptions	745,559	0	0	(80,385)
6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(562,502)	(535,251)	(490,580)	(420,969)
7. Net change in total pension liability	1,594,801	411,975	1,077,307	502,166
8. Total pension liability – beginning	12,291,560	11,879,585	10,802,278	10,300,112
9. Total pension liability – ending (a)	13,886,361	12,291,560	11,879,585	10,802,278
<b>B. Plan fiduciary net position</b>				
1. Contributions – employer	332,416	330,618	341,485	274,357
2. Contributions – employee	136,572	140,033	112,078	116,698
3. Net investment income	980,094	(2,899)	197,358	1,101,220
4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(562,502)	(535,251)	(490,580)	(420,969)
5. Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(9,260)	(7,798)	(7,916)	(6,896)
6. Other	(23)	5,601	920	1,706
7. Net change in plan fiduciary net position	877,297	(69,696)	153,345	1,066,116
8. Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	8,351,756	8,421,452	8,268,107	7,201,991
9. Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	9,229,053	8,351,756	8,421,452	8,268,107
<b>C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)</b>	<b>\$ 4,657,308</b>	<b>\$ 3,939,804</b>	<b>\$ 3,458,133</b>	<b>\$ 2,534,171</b>
<b>D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability</b>	66.46%	67.95%	70.89%	76.54%
<b>E. Covered employee payroll</b>	<b>\$ 1,365,715</b>	<b>\$ 1,404,962</b>	<b>\$ 1,398,956</b>	<b>\$ 1,399,280</b>
<b>F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll</b>	341.02%	280.42%	247.19%	181.11%

(CONCLUDED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLANDSCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS**Municipal Employees' Retirement System - General Employees**

	<u>Fiscal 2018</u>	<u>Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Fiscal 2015</u>
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 181,185	\$ 203,197	\$ 214,918	\$ 218,126
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(181,185)	(203,197)	(214,918)	(218,126)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,458,391	\$ 2,369,105	\$ 2,253,594	\$ 2,155,394
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.37%	8.58%	9.54%	10.12%

**Municipal Employees' Retirement System - Police Employees**

	<u>Fiscal 2018</u>	<u>Fiscal 2017</u>	<u>Fiscal 2016</u>	<u>Fiscal 2015</u>
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 324,241	\$ 332,416	\$ 330,618	\$ 341,485
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(324,241)	(332,416)	(330,618)	(341,485)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,325,594	\$ 1,365,715	\$ 1,404,962	\$ 1,398,956
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	24.46%	24.34%	23.53%	24.41%

**Notes:**

- 1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year end.
- 2.) The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.
- 3.) Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-21-42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLANDSCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

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***Changes in benefit provisions:***

The June 30, 2015 measurement date determination of the net pension liability for the ERS and MERS plans reflect changes in benefit changes resulting from the settlement of litigation challenging the various pension reform measures enacted in previous years by the General Assembly. The final settlement approved by the Court on July 8, 2015 also included enactment of the pension settlement provisions by the General Assembly. These amended benefit provisions, are summarized below:

- Employees with more than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012 will increase their employee contribution rates to 11% for state employees and municipal general employees will contribute 8.25% (9.25% for units with a COLA provision) and participate solely in the defined benefit plan going forward – service credit accruals will increase from 1% to 2% per year.
- Members are eligible to retire upon the attainment of: age 65 with 30 years of service, 64 with 31 years of service, 63 with 32 years of service, or 62 with 33 years of service. Members may retire earlier if their RIRSA date is earlier or are eligible under a transition rule.
- MERS public safety employees may retire at age 50 with 25 years of service, or any age with 27 years of service. MERS public safety employees will contribute 9.00% (10.00% for units with a COLA provision)
- Employees with more than 10 but less than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012 will receive an increased employer contribution to the defined contribution plan based on the members years of service (an additional .25% for members with 10-15 years of service and .50% for members with 15-20 years of service) . Also, members who earn less than \$35,000 per year will not be required to pay the administrative fees to the defined contribution plan.
- Members who retired from a COLA eligible plan before 7/1/2012 will receive a one-time cost of living adjustment of 2% of the first \$25,000 paid as soon as administratively possible.
- Retirees as of June 30, 2015 will receive two \$500 stipends; the interim cost of living increases will occur at 4 year rather than 5 year intervals.
- The COLA formula was adjusted to: 50% of the COLA is calculated by taking the previous 5-year average investment return, less 5.5% (5yr return - 5.5%, with a max of 4%) and 50% calculated using previous year's CPI-U (max of 3%) for a total max COLA of 3.5%. This COLA is calculated on the first \$25,855, effective 1/1/16, and indexed as of that date as well. (The indexing formula is run annually regardless of funding level each year.)
- Minor adjustments were made to the actuarial reduction for employees choosing to retire early.

(CONCLUDED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS  
OPEB TRUST FUND  
LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS\***

	<b>General Employees</b>		<b>Police Employees</b>	
	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017
<b>Total OPEB liability</b>				
Service cost	\$ 651	\$ 737	\$ 174,579	\$ 175,113
Interest on the total OPEB liability	42,272	42,128	541,851	506,894
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	69,515	0	(457,304)	0
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	16,466	0	260,191	0
Differences between expected and actual experience	0	0	0	0
Benefit payments	(42,183)	(39,575)	(226,638)	(204,506)
Net change in total OPEB liability	86,721	3,290	292,679	477,501
Total OPEB liability - beginning	583,680	580,390	7,161,368	6,683,867
Total OPEB liability - ending	670,401	583,680	7,454,047	7,161,368
<b>Plan fiduciary net position</b>				
Contributions - employer	57,183	54,575	661,638	639,506
Contributions - retired members	0	0	0	0
Net investment income	48,902	60,251	450,118	520,668
Benefit payments	(42,183)	(39,575)	(226,638)	(204,506)
OPEB plan administrative expense	0	0	0	0
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	63,902	75,251	885,118	955,668
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	535,097	459,846	4,776,773	3,821,105
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	598,999	535,097	5,661,891	4,776,773
<b>Net pension liability (asset) - ending</b>	<b>\$ 71,402</b>	<b>\$ 48,583</b>	<b>\$ 1,792,156</b>	<b>\$ 2,384,595</b>
<b>Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability</b>	89.35%	91.68%	75.96%	66.70%
<b>Covered employee payroll</b>	<b>\$ 242,125</b>	<b>\$ 242,125</b>	<b>\$ 1,408,128</b>	<b>\$ 1,408,128</b>
<b>Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll</b>	29.49%	20.07%	127.27%	169.35%

\*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND****SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS  
OPEB TRUST FUND  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

<b>General Employees</b>										
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
Actuarially determined contribution (1)	\$ 11,376	\$ 11,376	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 52,000	\$ 52,000	\$ 52,000	\$ 78,000	\$ 75,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	57,183	54,575	48,000	110,420	45,000	59,000	56,000	117,000	104,625	130,000
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (45,807)</u>	<u>\$ (43,199)</u>	<u>\$ (28,000)</u>	<u>\$ (90,420)</u>	<u>\$ (25,000)</u>	<u>\$ (7,000)</u>	<u>\$ (4,000)</u>	<u>\$ (65,000)</u>	<u>\$ (26,625)</u>	<u>\$ (55,000)</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 242,125	\$ 242,125	\$ 232,000	\$ 232,000	\$ 232,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	23.62%	22.54%	20.69%	47.59%	19.40%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Police Employees</b>										
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>
Actuarially determined contribution (1)	\$ 438,528	\$ 438,528	\$ 486,000	\$ 486,000	\$ 486,000	\$ 475,000	\$ 475,000	\$ 475,000	\$ 323,000	\$ 310,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	661,638	639,506	527,000	501,580	493,000	491,000	475,000	449,000	344,375	506,782
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (223,110)</u>	<u>\$ (200,978)</u>	<u>\$ (41,000)</u>	<u>\$ (15,580)</u>	<u>\$ (7,000)</u>	<u>\$ (16,000)</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 26,000</u>	<u>\$ (21,375)</u>	<u>\$ (196,782)</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,408,128	\$ 1,408,128	\$ 1,265,000	\$ 1,265,000	\$ 1,265,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	46.99%	45.42%	41.66%	39.65%	38.97%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(1) Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS  
OPEB TRUST FUND  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

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**Notes to Schedule:**

Valuation date: July 1, 2017  
 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

The Town of Charlestown has disclosed OPEB liabilities under GASB 75 for the current valuation.

**Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:**

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Discount rate	7.25%
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Amortization period at July 1, 2017	10 years
Amortization growth rate	3.00%
Asset valuation method	Actuarial value of assets
Smoothing period	5 years
Inflation	2.70%
Salary Increases	3.50%
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Healthcare trend rates	5.20% - 4.60% over 68 years

(CONCLUDED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS  
OPEB TRUST FUND  
LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS\***

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	<u>General Employees</u>		<u>Police Employees</u>	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	8.89%	12.72%	8.64%	12.34%

\* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (NON GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

**GENERAL FUND  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Originally Adopted Budget	Final Approved Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES:</b>				
General property taxes	\$ 24,393,094	\$ 24,393,094	\$ 24,248,296	\$ (144,798)
Intergovernmental	2,036,676	2,036,676	2,210,775	174,099
Investment income	25,000	25,000	59,585	34,585
Departmental	1,219,831	1,219,831	1,411,158	191,327
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>27,674,601</b>	<b>27,674,601</b>	<b>27,929,814</b>	<b>255,213</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>				
<b>Current:</b>				
General government	1,685,415	1,719,686	1,661,119	58,567
Public safety	2,729,516	2,729,516	2,550,240	179,276
Public works	1,763,007	1,618,487	1,466,870	151,617
Education	14,121,237	14,121,237	14,121,237	0
Recreation	668,732	668,732	598,308	70,424
Public health and assistance	442,508	442,508	442,213	295
Miscellaneous	2,930,625	2,894,078	2,666,691	227,387
<b>Debt service:</b>				
Principal	525,000	525,000	525,000	0
Interest and other costs	262,589	262,589	261,960	629
<b>Capital:</b>				
Capital improvements	802,422	928,638	984,082	(55,444)
<b>Total expenditures</b>	<b>25,931,051</b>	<b>25,910,471</b>	<b>25,277,720</b>	<b>632,751</b>
<b>Excess of revenues over expenditures</b>	<b>1,743,550</b>	<b>1,764,130</b>	<b>2,652,094</b>	<b>887,964</b>
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>				
Transfers in	50,000	50,000	50,000	0
Transfers out	(1,781,550)	(1,802,130)	(1,698,663)	103,467
Landfill monitoring	(12,000)	(12,000)	(3,700)	8,300
<b>Net other financing sources (uses)</b>	<b>(1,743,550)</b>	<b>(1,764,130)</b>	<b>(1,652,363)</b>	<b>111,767</b>
<b>Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>999,731</b>	<b>\$ 999,731</b>
Add: excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses of funds classified with the General Fund for purposes of GASB Statement No. 54			91,824	
<b>Fund balance, beginning of year</b>			<b>8,794,931</b>	
<b>Fund balance, end of year</b>			<b>\$ 9,886,486</b>	

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLANDGENERAL FUND**SCHEDULE OF BUDGET ESTIMATES AND ACTUAL REVENUES  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Revenues	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Property taxes:</b>			
Current and prior years	\$ 24,213,094	\$ 24,112,427	\$ (100,667)
Interest on delinquent taxes	180,000	135,869	(44,131)
<b>Total property taxes</b>	<b>24,393,094</b>	<b>24,248,296</b>	<b>(144,798)</b>
<b>Intergovernmental revenues:</b>			
<b>State of Rhode Island including:</b>			
Beach parking fees	18,000	24,748	6,748
School aid	1,653,819	1,660,642	6,823
Beverage/meals tax	177,798	203,026	25,228
Hotel tax	35,000	51,040	16,040
Public service corporation tax	100,263	98,143	(2,120)
Motor vehicle phaseout	44,097	166,072	121,975
DEM PILOT	7,699	7,104	(595)
<b>Total intergovernmental revenues</b>	<b>2,036,676</b>	<b>2,210,775</b>	<b>174,099</b>
<b>Departmental revenues:</b>			
Town Clerk:			
Business licenses and fees	20,000	17,470	(2,530)
Non-business licenses and fees	5,200	11,441	6,241
Transfer stamps	180,000	258,033	78,033
Probate fees	13,000	19,471	6,471
Tax certificates	10,000	10,890	890
Recording fees	100,000	119,075	19,075
Building inspector	280,670	261,885	(18,785)
Municipal court	30,000	15,183	(14,817)
Police department	45,000	81,969	36,969
Recreation	90,000	99,751	9,751
Town beach parking and concessions	130,307	143,947	13,640
Beach passes	90,000	106,561	16,561
Blue Shutters parking and concessions	170,307	192,236	21,929
Animal control	4,000	6,669	2,669
Ninigret Park	10,000	11,557	1,557
Planning Board	4,000	5,665	1,665
Zoning Board and Review	5,000	4,225	(775)
Senior/Community Center	26,347	23,514	(2,833)
Other revenues	6,000	21,616	15,616
<b>Total departmental revenues</b>	<b>1,219,831</b>	<b>1,411,158</b>	<b>191,327</b>
<b>Investment income</b>	<b>25,000</b>	<b>59,585</b>	<b>34,585</b>
<b>Other financing sources:</b>			
Transfers in	50,000	50,000	0
<b>Total other financing sources</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Total revenues and other financing sources</b>	<b>\$ 27,724,601</b>	<b>\$ 27,979,814</b>	<b>\$ 255,213</b>

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLANDGENERAL FUND**SCHEDULE OF APPROPRIATIONS AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Original Budget	Budget Amendments	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures and Transfers	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis	Expenditures and Transfers on Budgetary Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>General Government:</b>							
Central services	\$ 304,144		\$ 304,144	\$ 287,893		\$ 287,893	\$ 16,251
Town clerk	190,930		190,930	191,109		191,109	(179)
Treasurer	219,671	\$ 2,420	222,091	220,971		220,971	1,120
Town administrator	188,199	2,885	191,084	189,976		189,976	1,108
Tax assessor	158,494		158,494	156,437		156,437	2,057
Building inspector	206,268	27,660	233,928	233,898		233,898	30
Tax collector	118,296	1,306	119,602	119,589		119,589	13
Town planner	127,393		127,393	121,695		121,695	5,698
Town council	28,450		28,450	18,579		18,579	9,871
Elections unit	6,975		6,975	5,850		5,850	1,125
Boards, agencies, and committees	27,900		27,900	21,480		21,480	6,420
GIS	101,495		101,495	86,946		86,946	14,549
Municipal court	7,200		7,200	6,696		6,696	504
<b>Total general government</b>	<b>1,685,415</b>	<b>34,271</b>	<b>1,719,686</b>	<b>1,661,119</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>1,661,119</b>	<b>58,567</b>
<b>Public Safety:</b>							
Police department	2,564,484		2,564,484	2,397,401		2,397,401	167,083
Animal control	99,293		99,293	93,275		93,275	6,018
Civil preparedness	65,739		65,739	59,564		59,564	6,175
<b>Total public safety</b>	<b>2,729,516</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,729,516</b>	<b>2,550,240</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,550,240</b>	<b>179,276</b>
<b>Public Works:</b>							
Highway department	1,148,788	(125,000)	1,023,788	897,254		897,254	126,534
Public buildings and grounds	329,538		329,538	305,560		305,560	23,978
Administration	157,066	1,060	158,126	157,183		157,183	943
Wastewater management	127,615	(20,580)	107,035	106,873		106,873	162
<b>Total public works</b>	<b>1,763,007</b>	<b>(144,520)</b>	<b>1,618,487</b>	<b>1,466,870</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,466,870</b>	<b>151,617</b>

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLANDGENERAL FUND**SCHEDULE OF APPROPRIATIONS AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Budget Amendments</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual Expenditures and Transfers</u>	<u>Adjustments to Budgetary Basis</u>	<u>Expenditures and Transfers on Budgetary Basis</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
<b>Recreation:</b>							
Participation recreation	286,525		286,525	279,572		279,572	6,953
Senior/Community Center	135,898		135,898	119,169		119,169	16,729
Blue Shutters Beach	97,156		97,156	79,228		79,228	17,928
Town Beach	108,690		108,690	92,030		92,030	16,660
Ninigret Park	40,463		40,463	28,309		28,309	12,154
<b>Total recreation</b>	<b>668,732</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>668,732</b>	<b>598,308</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>598,308</b>	<b>70,424</b>
<b>Public Health and Assistance:</b>							
Cross Mills Library	232,708		232,708	232,708		232,708	0
Ambulance services	166,800		166,800	166,800		166,800	0
South County Home Health	2,000		2,000	2,000		2,000	0
Gateway Healthcare, Inc.	3,500		3,500	3,500		3,500	0
Wood River Health	5,000		5,000	5,000		5,000	0
Public Assistance	5,000		5,000	4,705		4,705	295
Warm Shelter	1,000		1,000	1,000		1,000	0
Southern RI Volunteers	1,500		1,500	1,500		1,500	0
Thundermist Health Center of South County	2,500		2,500	2,500		2,500	0
The Samaritans	500		500	500		500	0
RI CAN	4,500		4,500	4,500		4,500	0
Washington County Coalition Children	1,000		1,000	1,000		1,000	0
Neighbors Helping Neighbors	2,000		2,000	2,000		2,000	0
Community 2000 Education Foundation	2,000		2,000	2,000		2,000	0
Wildlife Rehabilitators of Rhode Island	1,500		1,500	1,500		1,500	0
Memorial Day Parade	500		500	500		500	0
Charlestown Memorial Parade	5,000		5,000	5,000		5,000	0
Charlestown Historical Society	2,500		2,500	2,500		2,500	0
Chamber of Commerce	3,000		3,000	3,000		3,000	0
<b>Total public health and assistance</b>	<b>442,508</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>442,508</b>	<b>442,213</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>442,213</b>	<b>295</b>

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLANDGENERAL FUND**SCHEDULE OF APPROPRIATIONS AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Budget Amendments</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual Expenditures and Transfers</u>	<u>Adjustments to Budgetary Basis</u>	<u>Expenditures and Transfers on Budgetary Basis</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
<b>Education:</b>							
Chariho Regional School District	14,121,237	0	14,121,237	14,121,237		14,121,237	0
<b>Debt Service:</b>							
General Obligation Bond:							
Principal	525,000		525,000	525,000		525,000	0
Interest	152,451		152,451	152,451		152,451	0
Capital leases	110,138		110,138	109,509		109,509	629
<b>Total debt service</b>	<b>787,589</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>787,589</b>	<b>786,960</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>786,960</b>	<b>629</b>
<b>Miscellaneous:</b>							
Employee insurance and benefits	2,221,425	(58,497)	2,162,928	2,104,149		2,104,149	58,779
Council contingency	65,000		65,000	16,442		16,442	48,558
Town insurance	225,000	21,950	246,950	243,350		243,350	3,600
Auditing/Technology	77,000		77,000	86,068		86,068	(9,068)
Legal services	342,200		342,200	216,682		216,682	125,518
<b>Total miscellaneous</b>	<b>2,930,625</b>	<b>(36,547)</b>	<b>2,894,078</b>	<b>2,666,691</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,666,691</b>	<b>227,387</b>
<b>Capital Improvements Program:</b>							
Public safety	143,297	(9,636)	133,661	133,651		133,651	10
Public works	342,800	140,145	482,945	586,432		586,432	(103,487)
Parks and recreation	240,820	(1,730)	239,090	191,059		191,059	48,031
CRCC	11,505	2,232	13,737	13,737		13,737	0
General government	64,000	(4,795)	59,205	59,203		59,203	2
<b>Total capital improvements</b>	<b>802,422</b>	<b>126,216</b>	<b>928,638</b>	<b>984,082</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>984,082</b>	<b>(55,444)</b>

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLANDGENERAL FUNDSCHEDULE OF APPROPRIATIONS AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Budget Amendments</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual Expenditures and Transfers</u>	<u>Adjustments to Budgetary Basis</u>	<u>Expenditures and Transfers on Budgetary Basis</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
<b>Other financing uses:</b>							
<b>Transfers out:</b>							
Special revenue funds - Revaluation	50,000		50,000	50,000		50,000	0
Special revenue funds - Reserve for Severance	150,000		150,000	150,000		150,000	0
Special revenue funds - Health Care Reserve	450,000		450,000	450,000		450,000	0
Special revenue funds - Pond and Beach Preservation	250,000		250,000	250,000		250,000	0
Special revenue funds - Reserve for Legal Fees	130,050		130,050	130,050		130,050	0
Special revenue funds - Landfill Monitoring	20,000		20,000	20,000		20,000	0
Special revenue funds - On-site Wastewater Treatment	0	20,580	20,580	20,580		20,580	0
Special revenue funds - CH-Arts	0		0	25		25	(25)
Capital project funds - Kings Factory Road Culvert	120,000		120,000	120,000		120,000	0
Capital project funds - Burdickville Road Improvement	160,000		160,000	160,000		160,000	0
Capital project funds - Town Capital Maintenance	50,000		50,000	50,000		50,000	0
Capital project funds - Asphalt Resurfacing	250,000		250,000	186,558		186,558	63,442
Capital project funds - DPW Road Engineering	126,500		126,500	86,450		86,450	40,050
Enterprise funds - Residential Collection Center	25,000		25,000	25,000		25,000	0
<b>Total transfers out</b>	<b>1,781,550</b>	<b>20,580</b>	<b>1,802,130</b>	<b>1,698,663</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,698,663</b>	<b>103,467</b>
<b>Other:</b>							
Landfill monitoring	12,000		12,000	3,700		3,700	8,300
<b>Total other</b>	<b>12,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>12,000</b>	<b>3,700</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3,700</b>	<b>8,300</b>
<b>Total expenditures</b>	<b>\$ 27,724,601</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 27,724,601</b>	<b>\$ 26,980,083</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 26,980,083</b>	<b>\$ 744,518</b>

(CONCLUDED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**BUDGETARY TO GAAP BASIS RECONCILIATION**

The following reconciliation summarizes the differences for the Town's General Fund between budgetary and GAAP basis for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis).....	\$ 999,731
Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses of funds classified with the General Fund for purposes of GASB Statement No. 54.....	<u>91,824</u>
Excess of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP)...	<u>\$1,091,555</u>

# TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN

## OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# Town Of Charlestown

## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

#### Senior Community Activities

This fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to activities at the Senior/Community Center.

#### Police Grants - JAG

The purpose of this fund is to account for police grants received from the Governor's Justice Commission.

#### MEDS Grant – RI Dept. of Health

The purpose of this fund is to account for a grant received from the RI Department of Health to develop and maintain a Medical Emergency Distributions System (MEDS) Point of Dispensing (POD) Plan. The Town will be required to develop and maintain a MEDS POD plan that describes how the Town will activate and execute the mass distribution of antibiotics or mass administration of a vaccine.

#### Frisbee Golf Course

This fund accounts for the donations and expenses in establishing a Frisbee Golf Course at Ninigret Park.

#### School Impact Fees

This fund accounts for fees collected from new construction to be used for school facilities.

#### Friends of Ninigret

This fund accounts for donations being made to the improvements at Ninigret Park.

#### Operation Blue Riptide

This fund accounts for grant revenues and expenses associated with the police department's efforts to control driving under the influence of alcohol

#### CDBG – Disaster Recovery

This fund accounts for funds allocated to the Town of Charlestown to build affordable housing. This fund will account for all grant expenditures and revenues.

(CONTINUED)

# Town Of Charlestown

## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### Flagpole Gardens Accessible Playground

Funds are being raised to build a handicap accessible playground in Ninigret Park. This fund is tracking the funds as they are being deposited and will eventually account for expenses to build the playground

#### Animal Spaying/Neutering

This fund accounts for surcharges collected on dog licenses issued by the Town to fund low-cost spay/neuter programs.

#### Ninigret Park Fund

This fund accounts for revenues generated at the Ninigret Park recreational facility.

#### Bicentennial Fund

This fund accounts for donations which are restricted to cover costs associated with the Town's next Bicentennial Celebration.

#### FEMA

This fund accounts for storm related expenditures and reimbursements from FEMA.

#### Developer Bond Deposits

This fund accounts for activity related to construction deposits held by the Town.

#### Open Space Fees

This fund accounts for fees charged to developers which are to be set aside for future open space and recreational facilities.

#### CH-Arts

This fund accounts for the revenues and expenses of the Charlestown Art Show.

#### Opioid Grant

This fund accounts for grant revenue related to the opioid epidemic.

#### Naval Airfield Memorial

This fund accounts for donations received by the Town which will be used to build a monument at the old Naval Air Base in the Town of Charlestown.

#### Police Forfeiture

The Police Forfeiture Fund accounts for funds received from drug related indictments.

(CONTINUED)

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# Town Of Charlestown

## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### Municipal Planning

The purpose of this fund is to account for monies set-aside for municipal planning.

#### Affordable Housing Initiatives

This fund will account for the initiative grants for affordable housing.

#### US EPA

This fund will account for grant revenue and expenditures related to the EPA Grant.

#### Birthday Committee

This fund accounts for donations received by the Town which will be used for the Town's Centennial celebrations.

#### Affordable Housing Acquisitions

This fund will account for the acquisition grants for affordable housing.

#### Community Development Block Grants

This fund accounts for funds obtained through the Community Development Block Grant Program and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, which are restricted for specific purposes or programs.

#### Police Evidence Property

This fund accounts for any cash evidence that is confiscated during an arrest.

#### Historical and Vital Records

This fund is to account for fees collected for the filing of state documents and recording fees. The revenue received is to be used for the preservation of public records of historical value maintained by the municipal clerk.

#### Ninigret Dog Park

This fund accounts for donations to create a dog park at Ninigret Park.

#### Roof Drainage System Performance Bond

This fund tracks the bonds deposited by the Town to ensure that the drainage system is properly constructed.

(CONTINUED)

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# Town Of Charlestown

## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### Comprehensive Planning Grant

The Planning and Land Use Grant fund accounts for monies received from the state to be used by the Town in preparation of its comprehensive plans.

#### Special Donations

This fund accounts for donations received from various sources to support specific programs such as Kiducation.

#### On-Site Wastewater Treatment Systems

This fund will account for the activity related to the on-site wastewater treatment systems.

#### Project Review

This fund accounts for the expenditures related to the review of the Dollar General Store looking to locate in Charlestown.

(CONTINUED)

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# Town Of Charlestown

## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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### CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

#### Open Space 2016

This fund accounts for the expenses related to the purchase of open space land with bond funds.

#### Asphalt Resurfacing

This fund accounts for the expenses associated with the cost to resurface Town roads.

#### Stormwater Elimination Project

This fund accounts for the cost associated with the elimination of stormwater discharge into Alan's Cove.

#### Burdickville Road Improvement

This fund accounts for improvements to Burdickville Road.

#### Town Capital Maintenance Fund

This fund was created to reserve funds for Town-wide capital maintenance projects and renovations.

#### Kings Factory Road Culvert

This fund will account for the improvements to Kings Factory Road Culvert.

#### DPW Road Engineering

This fund accounts for costs related to road engineering.

#### Recreation Bond 2016

This fund accounts for the expenses related to recreation expenses with bond funds.

#### Web Based GIS

This fund will account for the cost to purchase a web based GIS system.

#### Pond and Beach Preservation

This fund accounts for the expenditures associated with dredging of the ponds. The Town has set aside funds and the State will be providing funds for this project.

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# Town Of Charlestown

## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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### PERMANENT FUNDS

The Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town pursuant to a trust agreement. The principal portion of these funds must remain intact, but the interest may be used to achieve the objective of the funds.

#### Zenis Ellis Trust

The Zenis Ellis Fund accounts for monies provided by a private donor for the benefit of the Narragansett Indian Sunday School of Charlestown. The principal amount of the gift is to be maintained intact and invested. Investment earnings are given to the Sunday School.

#### Cemetery Fund

The Cemetery Fund accounts for monies provided by individuals to be used for the perpetual care of Town cemeteries.

(CONCLUDED)

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**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Senior Community Activities	Police Grants - JAG	MEDS Grant - RI Dept of Health	Frisbee Golf Course	School Impact Fees	Friends of Ninigret
<b>ASSETS:</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents					\$ 134,721	
Investments						
Due from:						
Other funds	\$ 4,818		\$ 7,350	\$ 1,803		\$ 1,147
Other governments		\$ 6,310				
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 4,818</b>	<b>\$ 6,310</b>	<b>\$ 7,350</b>	<b>\$ 1,803</b>	<b>\$ 134,721</b>	<b>\$ 1,147</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:</b>						
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>						
Accounts payable		\$ 3,246				
Retainage payable						
Due to other funds		3,064				
Unearned revenues						
Other liabilities						
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>6,310</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES:</b>						
Nonspendable:						
Perpetual care						
Restricted for:						
General government						
Public safety			7,350			
Parks and recreation				1,803		1,147
Community development						
Education					134,721	
Capital projects						
Committed for:						
Parks and recreation	4,818					
Unassigned						
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>4,818</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>7,350</b>	<b>1,803</b>	<b>134,721</b>	<b>1,147</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>\$ 4,818</b>	<b>\$ 6,310</b>	<b>\$ 7,350</b>	<b>\$ 1,803</b>	<b>\$ 134,721</b>	<b>\$ 1,147</b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Operation Blue Riptide	CDBG - Disaster Recovery	Flagpole Gardens Accessible Playground	Animal Spaying/ Neutering	Ninigret Park Fund	Bicentennial Fund	FEMA
<b>ASSETS:</b>							
Cash and cash equivalents					\$ 141,181		
Investments						\$ 2,240	
Due from:							
Other funds			\$ 480	\$ 6,242			
Other governments		\$ 124,552					\$ 74,552
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	\$0	\$ 124,552	\$ 480	\$ 6,242	\$ 141,181	\$ 2,240	\$ 74,552
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:</b>							
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>							
Accounts payable		\$ 1,143					
Retainage payable							
Due to other funds		76,798					\$ 74,552
Unearned revenues							
Other liabilities		46,611					
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	\$0	124,552	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	74,552
<b>FUND BALANCES:</b>							
Nonspendable:							
Perpetual care							
Restricted for:							
General government							
Public safety				6,242			
Parks and recreation			480			2,240	
Community development							
Education							
Capital projects							
Committed for:							
Parks and recreation					141,181		
Unassigned							
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	0	0	480	6,242	141,181	2,240	0
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	\$0	\$ 124,552	\$ 480	\$ 6,242	\$ 141,181	\$ 2,240	\$ 74,552

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Developer Bond Deposits	Open Space Fees	CH-Arts	Opioid Grant	Naval Airfield Memorial	Police Forfeiture	Municipal Planning
<b>ASSETS:</b>							
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 53,963			\$ 1,294	\$ 9,448	
Investments							
Due from:							
Other funds	\$ 9,908			\$ 5,000			\$ 79,119
Other governments							
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 9,908</b>	<b>\$ 53,963</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$ 5,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,294</b>	<b>\$ 9,448</b>	<b>\$ 79,119</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:</b>							
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>							
Accounts payable							
Retainage payable							
Due to other funds							
Unearned revenues				\$ 5,000			
Other liabilities	\$ 9,908						
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>9,908</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>5,000</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES:</b>							
Nonspendable:							
Perpetual care							
Restricted for:							
General government		53,963					79,119
Public safety						9,448	
Parks and recreation					1,294		
Community development							
Education							
Capital projects							
Committed for:							
Parks and recreation							
Unassigned							
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>53,963</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,294</b>	<b>9,448</b>	<b>79,119</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>\$ 9,908</b>	<b>\$ 53,963</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$ 5,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,294</b>	<b>\$ 9,448</b>	<b>\$ 79,119</b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Affordable Housing Initiatives	US EPA	Birthday Committee	Affordable Housing Acquisitions	Community Development Block Grant	Police Evidence Property	Historical and Vital Records
<b>ASSETS:</b>							
Cash and cash equivalents						\$ 3,901	
Investments							
Due from:							
Other funds			\$ 1,906	\$ 53,173	\$ 80		\$ 132,250
Other governments		\$ 632,726			13,653		
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 632,726</b>	<b>\$ 1,906</b>	<b>\$ 53,173</b>	<b>\$ 13,733</b>	<b>\$ 3,901</b>	<b>\$ 132,250</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:</b>							
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>							
Accounts payable							\$ 570
Retainage payable							
Due to other funds	\$ 5,736	\$ 114,125					
Unearned revenues		556,629			\$ 13,654		
Other liabilities						\$ 3,901	
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>5,736</b>	<b>670,754</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>13,654</b>	<b>3,901</b>	<b>570</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES:</b>							
Nonspendable:							
Perpetual care							
Restricted for:							
General government							131,680
Public safety							
Parks and recreation			1,906				
Community development				53,173	79		
Education							
Capital projects							
Committed for:							
Parks and recreation							
Unassigned	(5,736)	(38,028)					
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>(5,736)</b>	<b>(38,028)</b>	<b>1,906</b>	<b>53,173</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>131,680</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 632,726</b>	<b>\$ 1,906</b>	<b>\$ 53,173</b>	<b>\$ 13,733</b>	<b>\$ 3,901</b>	<b>\$ 132,250</b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

	Special Revenue Funds						Capital Project Funds
	Ninigret Dog Park	Roof Drainage System Performance Bond	Comprehensive Planning Grant	Special Donations	On-site Wastewater Treatment Systems	Project Review	Open Space 2016
<b>ASSETS:</b>							
Cash and cash equivalents			\$ 27,378	\$ 76,056			
Investments							
Due from:							
Other funds	\$ 619	\$ 12,000			\$ 35,247	\$ 1,060	
Other governments							
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 619</b>	<b>\$ 12,000</b>	<b>\$ 27,378</b>	<b>\$ 76,056</b>	<b>\$ 35,247</b>	<b>\$ 1,060</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:</b>							
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>							
Accounts payable			\$ 784				
Retainage payable							
Due to other funds							\$ 423,577
Unearned revenues							
Other liabilities		\$ 12,000					
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 12,000</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>423,577</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES:</b>							
Nonspendable:							
Perpetual care							
Restricted for:							
General government			26,594			1,060	
Public safety				76,056			
Parks and recreation	619						
Community development					35,247		
Education							
Capital projects							
Committed for:							
Parks and recreation							
Unassigned							(423,577)
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>619</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>26,594</b>	<b>76,056</b>	<b>35,247</b>	<b>1,060</b>	<b>(423,577)</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>\$ 619</b>	<b>\$ 12,000</b>	<b>\$ 27,378</b>	<b>\$ 76,056</b>	<b>\$ 35,247</b>	<b>\$ 1,060</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

	Capital Project Funds					
	Asphalt Resurfacing	Stormwater Elimination Project	Burdickville Road Improvement	Town Capital Maintenance Fund	Kings Factory Road Culvert	DPW Road Engineering
<b>ASSETS:</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents						
Investments						
Due from:						
Other funds	\$ 345,687	\$ 103,089	\$ 1,198,787	\$ 56,452	\$ 165,965	\$ 216,885
Other governments						
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 345,687</b>	<b>\$ 103,089</b>	<b>\$ 1,198,787</b>	<b>\$ 56,452</b>	<b>\$ 165,965</b>	<b>\$ 216,885</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:</b>						
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>						
Accounts payable				\$ 26,648		
Retainage payable						
Due to other funds						
Unearned revenues						
Other liabilities						
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>26,648</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES:</b>						
Nonspendable:						
Perpetual care						
Restricted for:						
General government						
Public safety						
Parks and recreation						
Community development						
Education						
Capital projects	345,687	103,089	1,198,787	29,804	165,965	216,885
Committed for:						
Parks and recreation						
Unassigned						
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>345,687</b>	<b>103,089</b>	<b>1,198,787</b>	<b>29,804</b>	<b>165,965</b>	<b>216,885</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>\$ 345,687</b>	<b>\$ 103,089</b>	<b>\$ 1,198,787</b>	<b>\$ 56,452</b>	<b>\$ 165,965</b>	<b>\$ 216,885</b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
JUNE 30, 2018**

	Capital Project Funds			Permanent Funds		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
	Recreation Bond 2016	Web Based GIS	Pond and Beach Preservation	Zenis Ellis Trust	Cemetery Fund	
<b>ASSETS:</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents				\$ 951		\$ 448,893
Investments					\$ 500	2,740
Due from:						
Other funds	\$ 243,588	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,200,000		90	3,884,745
Other governments						851,793
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 243,588</b>	<b>\$ 2,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,200,000</b>	<b>\$ 951</b>	<b>\$ 590</b>	<b>\$ 5,188,171</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:</b>						
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>						
Accounts payable	\$ 73,311					\$ 105,702
Retainage payable	3,858					3,858
Due to other funds						697,852
Unearned revenues						575,283
Other liabilities				\$ 1		72,421
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>77,169</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>1,455,116</b>
<b>FUND BALANCES:</b>						
Nonspendable:						
Perpetual care				950	590	1,540
Restricted for:						
General government						292,416
Public safety						99,096
Parks and recreation						9,489
Community development						88,499
Education						134,721
Capital projects	166,419	2,000	1,200,000			3,428,636
Committed for:						
Parks and recreation						145,999
Unassigned						(467,341)
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>166,419</b>	<b>2,000</b>	<b>1,200,000</b>	<b>950</b>	<b>590</b>	<b>3,733,055</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>\$ 243,588</b>	<b>\$ 2,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,200,000</b>	<b>\$ 951</b>	<b>\$ 590</b>	<b>\$ 5,188,171</b>

(CONCLUDED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Senior Community Activities	Police Grants- JAG	MEDS Grant - RI Dept of Health	Frisbee Golf Course	School Impact Fees	Friends of Ninigret
<b>REVENUES:</b>						
Intergovernmental		\$ 6,310	\$ 3,350			
Investment income					\$ 163	
Other	\$ 687			\$ 500	34,248	
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<u>687</u>	<u>6,310</u>	<u>3,350</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>34,411</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>						
<b>Current:</b>						
General government						
Public safety		3,562	648			
Parks and recreation	887					
Community development						
<b>Capital:</b>						
Capital outlay		2,748				
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>887</u>	<u>6,310</u>	<u>648</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<u>(200)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,702</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>34,411</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>						
Transfers in						
Transfers out					(50,000)	
<b>NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(50,000)</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b>	<u>(200)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2,702</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>(15,589)</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	5,018	0	4,648	1,303	150,310	1,147
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR</b>	<u>\$ 4,818</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 7,350</u>	<u>\$ 1,803</u>	<u>\$ 134,721</u>	<u>\$ 1,147</u>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Operation Blue Riptide	CDBG - Disaster Recovery	Flagpole Gardens Accessible Playground	Animal Spaying/ Neutering	Ninigret Park Fund	Bicentennial Fund	FEMA
<b>REVENUES:</b>							
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,105	\$ 267,829					
Investment income					\$ 147	\$ 25	
Other			\$ 1,000	\$ 705	24,247		
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>1,105</b>	<b>267,829</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>24,394</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>\$0</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>							
<b>Current:</b>							
General government							
Public safety	1,105						
Parks and recreation							
Community development		267,829					
<b>Capital:</b>							
Capital outlay			8,557		7,452		
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>1,105</b>	<b>267,829</b>	<b>8,557</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>7,452</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(7,557)</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>16,942</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>							
Transfers in							
Transfers out							
<b>NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(7,557)</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>16,942</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8,037</b>	<b>5,537</b>	<b>124,239</b>	<b>2,215</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 480</b>	<b>\$ 6,242</b>	<b>\$ 141,181</b>	<b>\$ 2,240</b>	<b>\$0</b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Developer Bond Deposits	Open Space Fees	CH-Arts	Opioid Grant	Naval Airfield Memorial	Police Forfeiture	Municipal Planning
<b>REVENUES:</b>							
Intergovernmental							
Investment income		\$ 47			\$ 4		
Other		2,500	\$ 1,085				
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>2,547</b>	<b>1,085</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>							
<b>Current:</b>							
General government							
Public safety							
Parks and recreation			1,623		652		
Community development							
<b>Capital:</b>							
Capital outlay							
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,623</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>652</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,547</b>	<b>(538)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(648)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>							
Transfers in			25				
Transfers out							
<b>NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,547</b>	<b>(513)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(648)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>51,416</b>	<b>513</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,942</b>	<b>9,448</b>	<b>79,119</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$ 53,963</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$ 1,294</b>	<b>\$ 9,448</b>	<b>\$ 79,119</b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Affordable Housing Initiatives	US EPA	Birthday Committee	Affordable Housing Acquisitions	Community Development Block Grant	Police Evidence Property	Historical and Vital Records
<b>REVENUES:</b>							
Intergovernmental		\$ 83,252			\$ 8,412		
Investment income							
Other							\$ 15,649
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>83,252</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>8,412</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>15,649</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>							
<b>Current:</b>							
General government		110,180					
Public safety							
Parks and recreation							
Community development				275,000	8,412		
<b>Capital:</b>							
Capital outlay							
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>110,180</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>275,000</b>	<b>8,412</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(26,928)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(275,000)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>15,649</b>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>							
Transfers in							
Transfers out							
<b>NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(26,928)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(275,000)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>15,649</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>(5,736)</b>	<b>(11,100)</b>	<b>1,906</b>	<b>328,173</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>116,031</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ (5,736)</b>	<b>\$ (38,028)</b>	<b>\$ 1,906</b>	<b>\$ 53,173</b>	<b>\$ 79</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$ 131,680</b>

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Special Revenue Funds					Capital Project Funds	
	Ninigret Dog Park	Roof Drainage System Performance Bond	Comprehensive Planning Grant	Special Donations	On-site Wastewater Treatment Systems	Project Review	Open Space 2016
<b>REVENUES:</b>							
Intergovernmental				\$ 76			
Investment income							
Other	\$ 562			110	\$ 14,667	\$ 5,500	
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<u>562</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>186</u>	<u>14,667</u>	<u>5,500</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>							
<b>Current:</b>							
General government			6,897			4,440	
Public safety							
Parks and recreation	701						
Community development							
<b>Capital:</b>							
Capital outlay							79,616
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<u>701</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6,897</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4,440</u>	<u>79,616</u>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<u>(139)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(6,897)</u>	<u>186</u>	<u>14,667</u>	<u>1,060</u>	<u>(79,616)</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>							
Transfers in					20,580		
Transfers out							
<b>NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>20,580</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b>	<u>(139)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(6,897)</u>	<u>186</u>	<u>35,247</u>	<u>1,060</u>	<u>(79,616)</u>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<u>758</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>33,491</u>	<u>75,870</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(343,961)</u>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR</b>	<u>\$ 619</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$ 26,594</u>	<u>\$ 76,056</u>	<u>\$ 35,247</u>	<u>\$ 1,060</u>	<u>\$ (423,577)</u>

(CONTINUED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Capital Project Funds					
	Asphalt Resurfacing	Stormwater Elimination Project	Burdickville Road Improvement	Town Capital Maintenance Fund	Kings Factory Road Culvert	DPW Road Engineering
<b>REVENUES:</b>						
Intergovernmental						
Investment income						
Other						
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>						
<b>Current:</b>						
General government						
Public safety						
Parks and recreation						
Community development						
<b>Capital:</b>						
Capital outlay		210,844		258,502		
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>210,844</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>258,502</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(210,844)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(258,502)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>						
Transfers in	186,558		160,000	50,000	120,000	86,450
Transfers out						
<b>NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>186,558</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>160,000</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>120,000</b>	<b>86,450</b>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>186,558</b>	<b>(210,844)</b>	<b>160,000</b>	<b>(208,502)</b>	<b>120,000</b>	<b>86,450</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>159,129</b>	<b>313,933</b>	<b>1,038,787</b>	<b>238,306</b>	<b>45,965</b>	<b>130,435</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 345,687</b>	<b>\$ 103,089</b>	<b>\$ 1,198,787</b>	<b>\$ 29,804</b>	<b>\$ 165,965</b>	<b>\$ 216,885</b>

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

	Capital Project Funds			Permanent Funds		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
	Recreation Bond 2016	Web Based GIS	Pond and Beach Preservation	Zenis Ellis Trust	Cemetery Fund	
<b>REVENUES:</b>						
Intergovernmental						\$ 370,258
Investment income						462
Other						101,460
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>472,180</b>
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>						
<b>Current:</b>						
General government						121,517
Public safety						5,315
Parks and recreation						3,863
Community development						551,241
<b>Capital:</b>						
Capital outlay	89,268					656,987
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>89,268</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,338,923</b>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>(89,268)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(866,743)</b>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):</b>						
Transfers in			250,000			873,613
Transfers out						(50,000)
<b>NET OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>250,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>823,613</b>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES</b>	<b>(89,268)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>250,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(43,130)</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>255,687</b>	<b>2,000</b>	<b>950,000</b>	<b>950</b>	<b>590</b>	<b>3,776,185</b>
<b>FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 166,419</b>	<b>\$ 2,000</b>	<b>\$ 1,200,000</b>	<b>\$ 950</b>	<b>\$ 590</b>	<b>\$ 3,733,055</b>

(CONCLUDED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND**

**TAX COLLECTOR'S ANNUAL REPORT  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

**Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes**

Fiscal Year End	Balance July 1, 2017	Current year Assessment	Additions	(Abatements)	Refunds and Adjustments	Amount to be Collected	Collections	Balance June 30, 2018
2018		\$ 24,288,458	\$ 158	\$ 149,682	\$ 76,979	\$ 24,215,913	\$ 23,913,671	\$ 302,242
2017	\$ 328,924		74	355	2,830	2,549	219,522	111,951
2016	116,929			97	(1,666)	115,166	26,434	88,732
2015	75,472			177	(3)	75,292	9,623	65,669
2014	62,150					62,150	6,039	56,111
2013	59,511				500	60,011	3,887	56,124
2012	46,546				2,331	48,877	9,061	39,816
2011	39,846				1,624	41,470	929	40,541
2010	27,805				142	27,947	1,705	26,242
2009	27,283					27,283	710	26,573
2008 and prior	332,615					332,615	4,469	328,146
	1,117,081	\$ 24,288,458	\$ 232	\$ 150,311	\$ 82,737	\$ 25,009,273	\$ 24,196,050	1,142,147
Less: estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts	(481,300)							(520,000)
Net property taxes	\$ 635,781							\$ 622,147

**Schedule of Most Recent Net Assessed Property Value by Category**

Description of Property	Rates	Assessed Valuations	Levy
Real-Property- Residential	\$ 9.59	\$ 2,360,823,900	\$ 22,413,255
Real-Property-Commercial/Industrial	9.59	74,634,200	712,479
Motor Vehicles	13.08	87,237,615	976,062
Tangible and Personal Property	10.21	20,151,699	186,662
<b>Total</b>		<u>2,542,847,414</u>	<u>\$ 24,288,458</u>
Exemptions		(37,242,563)	
<b>Net Assessed Values</b>		<u>\$ 2,505,604,851</u>	

**Reconciliation of Current Year Property Tax Revenue**

Current year collections	\$ 24,196,050
<b>Adjustments and reversals</b>	
Add: Revenue collected 60 days subsequent to fiscal year ended June 30, 2018	105,880
Less: Prior year revenue collected 60 days subsequent to fiscal year ended June 30, 2017	(105,927)
Less refunds and adjustments	(83,576)
Current year property tax revenue	<u>\$ 24,112,427</u>

Town of Charlestown  
Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)  
Fiscal Year Ended  
June 30, 2018

<u>REVENUE</u>	<u>Municipal</u>	<u>Education Department</u>
Current Year Levy Tax Collection	\$ 23,830,096	\$ -
Last Year's Levy Tax Collection	219,522	-
Prior Years Property Tax Collection	62,809	-
Interest & Penalty	135,869	-
PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection	7,104	-
Other Local Property Taxes	-	-
Licenses and Permits	23,184	-
Fines and Forfeitures	19,471	-
Investment Income	59,585	-
Departmental	1,316,705	-
Rescue Run Revenue	-	-
Police & Fire Detail	56,805	-
Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues	-	-
Tuition	-	-
Impact Aid	-	-
Medicaid	-	-
Federal Stabilization Funds	-	-
Federal Food Service Reimbursement	-	-
CDBG	-	-
COPS Grants	-	-
SAFER Grants	-	-
Other Federal Aid Funds	-	-
MV Excise Tax Reimbursement & Phase-out	166,072	-
State PILOT Program	-	-
Distressed Community Relief Fund	-	-
Library Resource Aid	-	-
Library Construction Aid	-	-
Public Service Corporation Tax	98,142	-
Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax	254,067	-
LEA Aid	-	-
Group Home	-	-
Housing Aid Capital Projects	-	-
Housing Aid Bonded Debt	-	-
State Food Service Revenue	-	-
Incentive Aid	-	-
Property Revaluation Reimbursement	50,583	-
Other State Revenue	1,660,642	-
Other Revenue	21,140	-
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-
Rounding	-	-
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>\$ 27,981,796</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds	\$ -	\$ -
Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds	50,000	-
Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds	-	-
Financing Sources: Other	-	-
Rounding	-	-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	<b>\$ 50,000</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

Town of Charlestown  
Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)  
Fiscal Year Ended  
June 30, 2018

EXPENDITURES	General		Social	Centralized		Public	Parks and	Police	
	Government	Finance	Services	IT	Planning	Works	Rec	Department	
Compensation- Group A	\$ 477,332	\$ 464,681	\$ 65,612	\$ -	\$ 347,158	\$ -	\$ 782,491	\$ 337,242	\$ 1,434,357
Compensation - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87,998
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A	-	63	-	-	3,047	-	49,821	10,492	257,679
Overtime - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	244
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Police & Fire Detail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131,495
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	97,599	96,254	-	-	44,652	-	165,667	71,446	309,050
Active Medical Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,515
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Active Dental insurance- Group A	6,869	6,775	-	-	3,173	-	11,661	5,029	21,752
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,303
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payroll Taxes	38,842	38,307	5,571	-	18,872	-	65,932	28,434	130,363
Life Insurance	2,213	1,771	-	-	821	-	3,048	1,315	6,027
State Defined Contribution- Group A	5,468	5,393	784	-	1,408	-	9,282	4,003	-
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,037
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group A	36,805	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	168,393
Other Benefits- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	-	-	1,091	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	52,092	51,374	7,471	-	23,805	-	88,422	38,133	182,265
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,883
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased Services	298,566	85,706	43,189	-	71	-	237,291	31,303	43,795
Materials/Supplies	19,023	15,117	1,912	-	2,019	-	98,102	46,704	29,372
Software Licenses	13,992	37,333	6,295	-	4,842	-	-	779	-
Capital Outlays	7,739	142,930	1,110	-	11,807	-	718,703	5,665	170,112
Insurance	243,350	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maintenance	-	-	2,356	-	-	-	53,195	181,414	47,776
Vehicle Operations	48	1,273	-	-	3,424	-	67,433	5,020	49,975
Utilities	8,090	5,082	11,717	-	3,017	-	91,457	4,173	72,721
Contingency	9,933	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,517	-	-
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	106,886	-	-
Trash Removal & Recycling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Support	38,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Operation Expenditures	51,742	21,174	1,649	-	5,994	232,708	28,515	73,415	103,709
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Qualified OPEB Trust Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>\$ 1,407,703</b>	<b>\$ 973,233</b>	<b>\$ 147,666</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 475,201</b>	<b>\$ 232,708</b>	<b>\$ 2,589,423</b>	<b>\$ 844,567</b>	<b>\$ 3,277,821</b>

Town of Charlestown  
Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)  
Fiscal Year Ended  
June 30, 2018

EXPENDITURES	Fire Department	Centralized Dispatch	Public Safety Other	Education Appropriation	Debt	OPEB	Total Municipal	Education Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 123,185	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,032,058	\$ -
Compensation - Group B	-	84,960	-	-	-	-	172,958	-
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A	-	-	1,567	-	-	-	322,669	-
Overtime - Group B	-	26,488	-	-	-	-	26,732	-
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Police & Fire Detail	-	-	-	-	-	-	131,495	-
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	-	-	45,571	-	-	-	830,239	-
Active Medical Insurance- Group B	-	18,306	-	-	-	-	36,821	-
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Active Dental insurance- Group A	-	-	3,277	-	-	-	58,536	-
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	-	1,288	-	-	-	-	2,591	-
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payroll Taxes	-	7,285	20,706	-	-	-	354,312	-
Life Insurance	-	337	839	-	-	-	16,371	-
State Defined Contribution- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,338	-
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,037	-
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	205,198	-
Other Benefits- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	2,547	-	-	-	3,638	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	882	-	-	-	-	882	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	24,260	-	-	-	467,822	-
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	8,401	-	-	-	-	18,284	-
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased Services	-	51	12,105	-	-	-	752,077	-
Materials/Supplies	-	-	18,680	-	-	-	230,929	-
Software Licenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,241	-
Capital Outlays	-	-	24,847	-	-	-	1,082,913	-
Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	243,350	-
Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	284,741	-
Vehicle Operations	-	-	7,991	-	-	-	135,164	-
Utilities	-	-	4,243	-	-	-	200,500	-
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,933	-
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,517	-
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	106,886	-
Trash Removal & Recycling	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Support	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,000	-
Other Operation Expenditures	-	132	178,548	-	-	-	697,586	-
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	14,121,237	-	-	14,121,237	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	525,000	-	525,000	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	152,451	-	152,451	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	223,630	223,630	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	792	792	-
OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Qualified OPEB Trust Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 148,130</b>	<b>\$ 468,366</b>	<b>\$ 14,121,237</b>	<b>\$ 677,451</b>	<b>\$ 224,422</b>	<b>\$ 25,587,928</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

Financing Uses: Transfer to Capital Funds	\$ 516,558	\$ -
Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds	835,755	-
Financing Uses: Payment to Bond Escrow Agent	-	-
Financing Uses: Other	-	-
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>	<b>\$ 1,352,313</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>1,091,555</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Fund Balance<sup>1</sup>- beginning of year</b>	<b>\$8,794,931</b>	<b>\$0</b>
Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS)	-	-
Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS)	-	-
Prior period adjustments	-	-
Misc. Adjustment	-	-
<b>Fund Balance<sup>1</sup> - beginning of year adjusted</b>	<b>8,794,931</b>	<b>-</b>
Rounding	-	-
<b>Fund Balance<sup>1</sup> - end of year</b>	<b>\$ 9,886,486</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

<sup>1</sup> and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Town of Charlestown  
Combining Schedule of  
Reportable Government Services with  
Reconciliation to MTP2  
Municipal  
Fiscal Year Ended  
June 30, 2018

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description	Total Revenue	Total Other Financing Sources	Total Expenditures	Total Other Financing Uses	Net Change in Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>	Beginning Fund Fund Balance* (Deficit)	Prior Period Adjustment	Restated Beginning Fund Balance* (Deficit)	Ending Fund Balance* (Deficit)
Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2017						\$ 8,794,931	-	\$ 8,794,931	
<i>No funds removed from RGS for fiscal 2017</i>						-	-	-	
<i>No funds added to RGS for Fiscal 2017</i>						-	-	-	
<i>No misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2017</i>						-	-	-	
Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2017 adjusted						<u>\$ 8,794,931</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 8,794,931</u>	
General Fund	\$ 27,981,796	\$ 50,000	\$ 25,587,928	\$ 1,352,313	\$ 1,091,555	\$ 8,794,931	\$ -	\$ 8,794,931	\$ 9,886,486
Totals per audited financial statements	<u>\$ 27,981,796</u>	<u>\$ 50,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,587,928</u>	<u>\$ 1,352,313</u>	<u>\$ 1,091,555</u>	<u>\$ 8,794,931</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,794,931</u>	<u>\$ 9,886,486</u>
<b>Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2</b>									
Rounding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Totals Per MTP2	<u>\$ 27,981,796</u>	<u>\$ 50,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,587,928</u>	<u>\$ 1,352,313</u>	<u>\$ 1,091,555</u>	<u>\$ 8,794,931</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,794,931</u>	<u>\$ 9,886,486</u>

<sup>1</sup> and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

**NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – ANNUAL SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT (MTP2)  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation**

The *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* is a supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-22.2 and 44-35-10. This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General, and the Department of Education.

**NOTE 2. Reportable Government Services**

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

**NOTE 3. Allocations**

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the City's (or Town's) budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the City (or Town) made allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

**NOTE 4. Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs**

Compensation includes salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing allowance/maintenance, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses.

For Public Safety departments (i.e., police, fire, and centralized dispatch), compensation and most benefits costs are reported in the following employee groupings:

Group A: This group consists of employees who serve the primary function of the department.

- Police Department - police officers (e.g., uniform personnel - including, leadership positions)
- Fire Department - fire fighters (e.g., uniform personnel - including, leadership positions)
- Centralized Dispatch Department - civilian dispatchers only
- For the remaining departments - all employees' compensation and benefits are reported under Group A

Group B: For Police and Fire Departments, compensation and benefits paid to its administrative employees and civilian dispatch employees are reported under Group B.

(CONTINUED)

**TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN, RHODE ISLAND****NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – ANNUAL SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT (MTP2)  
JUNE 30, 2018**

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**NOTE 4. Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs (Continued)**

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are not reported by employee groups on the MTP2. They are reported in total as either (1) contributions to a qualified OPEB trust or (2) the amount paid for medical and dental insurance for retirees when an OPEB trust fund has not been established.

The Town of Charlestown is a member of the Chariho Regional School District. Chariho provides education services to the Town and is a separate legal entity.

*Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: <http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/>.*

(CONCLUDED)

TOWN OF CHARLESTOWN

REPORT IN ACCORDANCE WITH  
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

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**Gerard R. Cayer**  
CPA, MST

**Mark V. Caccia**  
CPA, MST

**Donna T. Caccia**  
CPA, MST, CFP™

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S  
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING  
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS  
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH  
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Honorable Town Council  
Charlestown, Rhode Island

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2018.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Charlestown, Rhode Island's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Cayer Caccia, LLP*

December 14, 2018