TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

180 High Street Wakefield, RI 02879 Tel. 401-789-9331

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

December 30, 2022

To the Citizens of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is hereby submitted as mandated by both State statutes and the Town charter. State laws require that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants licensed to practice in the State of Rhode Island.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of South Kingstown. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of South Kingstown has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of South Kingstown's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Since the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of South Kingstown's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, I assert that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of South Kingstown's financial statements have been audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of South Kingstown for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town of South Kingstown's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section on page 1 of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of South Kingstown was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special

emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are included in the Single Audit section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of South Kingstown's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors beginning on page 4.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The Town of South Kingstown established in 1658 and incorporated as a town in 1723, is a diversified community in a rural, suburban area of southern Rhode Island approximately 30 miles from Providence. The geography of the Town includes farmland, wetlands, salt marshes, waterfront areas, woodland, and many natural and scenic attractions. The total area is 62.3 square miles, consisting of 56.8 square miles of land and 5.5 square miles of inland water. The Town, fronting on the Atlantic Ocean, is part of the "South County" summer vacation area. The Town is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. The Town is also authorized to assess and collect excise taxes on registered motor vehicles and trailers.

The Town has a home-rule charter and operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The Town Council is elected by popular vote every two years and is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting a budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the Town Manager and Town Solicitor. The Town Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies of the Town Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Town, and for appointing all other employees, except for School Department personnel.

The Town provides a full range of municipal services including public safety protection, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure, libraries, recreational activities, planning and zoning, education and administrative services. In addition, the Town operates water, sewer and solid waste utility systems.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of South Kingstown's financial planning and control. All departments of the Town are required to submit requests for appropriation and revenue estimates to the Town Manager on or before the last day of January each year. The Town Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. It is the responsibility of the Town Manager to submit a proposed budget for the following fiscal year to the Town Council on or before March 1st of each year. The Town Council holds several budget work sessions in March to discuss the details the Manager's proposed budget document. The Town Council may revise and adopt a preliminary budget not later than March 22nd of each year. Two public hearings are required to be conducted on the preliminary budget prior to April 18th.

Following adoption of the preliminary budget by the Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting the Council to increase or decrease by any amount any item of expenditure in the said budget or to insert a new item of expenditure. The Council, before final adoption of the budget, shall consider and vote upon each such petition(s) which were submitted on or before April 21st containing no less than twenty-five (25) valid signatures of qualified electors of the Town.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT (Continued)

The Council shall, on or before May 1st of each year, complete its consideration of any petitions and make any final changes in the preliminary budget it may deem advisable, and give final approval to the budget by a vote of a majority of all the members of the Council. Following final approval of the budget by the Town Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting that a referendum be held on the appropriation for the general fund or the school fund in the budget as approved. Such petition may propose a reduction or increase in the total appropriation for said funds.

The Town Clerk shall cause a referendum by ballot to be held on all budget changes requested on petitions provided that each such petition shall contain signatures of no less than two hundred of the qualified electors of the Town and shall request an increase or decrease of a sum of at least \$250,000.00. The qualified electors shall be instructed to vote either for the original total or for one (1) of the proposed increases or reductions thereof. The appropriation receiving the most votes shall be declared to have been adopted.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, major program function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers within a major program function may be made by the Town Manager, provided that proper notification is given to the Town Council. Contingency funds available at year-end are authorized by resolution of the Town Council to cover any deficits within general classifications.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for the general fund and the school unrestricted fund on pages 90-92 and page 93 respectively as part of the basic financial statements.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town of South Kingstown operates.

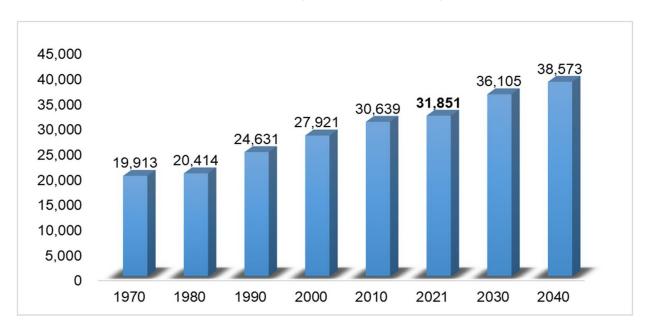
Population, Housing, and Industry Characteristics: The current population of South Kingstown is estimated to be 31,851.¹ While statewide trends show slow population growth, the population of South Kingstown is projected to increase steadily over the next 20 years, with as many as 38,573 persons living in South Kingstown in 2040.²

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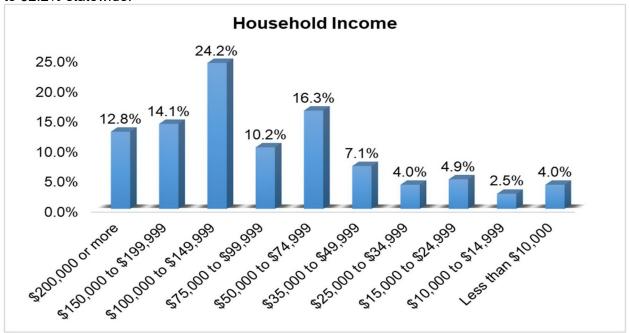
¹ 2021 U.S. Census Quick Facts. U.S. Census Bureau.

² City and Town Population Projections. Rhode Island Statewide Planning Program. Website, http://www.planning.ri.gov/documents/census/tp162.pdf. Accessed 12/21/2022.

Population Change in South Kingstown



As of 2019, the median household income in South Kingstown was \$102,242,3 which represents an approximate 43.61% increase from the 2010 median household income of \$71,192.4 Additionally, 51.1% of all South Kingstown households earn over \$100,000 annually.5 Over 94.6% of South Kingstown's population are high school graduates or higher, compared to 89.5% statewide. Over 42.1% of the population holds a bachelor's degree or higher, compared to 32.2% statewide.6



³ 2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. U.S. Census Bureau.

⁴ 2010 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. U.S. Census Bureau.

⁵ 2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. U.S. Census Bureau.

⁶ 2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. U.S. Census Bureau.

The median sales price for a single-family home has continued to improve since the crash in the late 2000s. The median single-family home sales price value increased to \$487,950 in 2021. In 2016, median single-family home sales price in South Kingstown was \$305,000. The five-year comparison for South Kingstown indicates a 60% increase in single family home prices. Median home sale prices have exceeded the 2006 high of \$374,500.8

As of March-2022, the Rhode Island seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 3.4%, down from 7.0% in March 2021. At June 2022, the Rhode Island seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 2.8%, down from 52.5% in the prior year, due to the continued economic recovery, following the COVID-19 pandemic. South Kingstown's not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 2.4% as of March 2022, down from 4.8% in March 2021. South Kingstown's not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate at June 2022 was 2.2%⁹

Between 2017 and 2021, the average annual employment in South Kingstown decreased from 16,152 to an average annual employment of 15,923, a decrease of 229 (1.4%) jobs. From 2020 to 2021, the average annual employment increased by 712 (4.7%), further illustrating the economic recovery following the covid 19 pandemic.

In 2021, the top five employment sectors in South Kingstown were government (3,578 employees), down by 195 or -5.2% since 2016, health care and social assistance (2,888 employees) has increased over this timeframe by 82 or 2.9%, accommodations and food service (1,484 employees) has increased over the same time frame by 37 or 2.6%, retail trade (1,220 employees), has decreased over the same time frame by 59 or -4.6%, and construction (548 employees) has increased over the same time frame by 200 or 57.5%.

Local economy: South Kingstown's economy is heavily influenced by the University of Rhode Island (URI), which had an enrollment of 17,584 students, including online students, for the 2021-2022 academic year, this represents a slight decrease from the 17,649 of the 2020-2021 annual enrollment. This enrollment is supported by a faculty of 1,254 (full time teaching faculty of 754 and part time teaching faculty of 500). The University has a full-time support staff of 1,765 and part time support staff of 131. Of the student population, approximately 5,200 students live on campus. There is 139,104 alumni living in 113 countries around the world, of which 58,193 (42%) are living in Rhode Island.

The University's total budget for the most recent fiscal year was \$840.5 million. The University has invested, or is in the process of investing, more than \$975 million in capital improvements and projects since 2007, across all four campuses.

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⁷ 2021 Housing Fact Book - HousingWorksRI at RWU.

⁸ 2006 Housing Fact Book - HousingWorksRI at RWU.

⁹ Local Area Unemployment Statistics. RI Department of Labor and Training. http://www.dlt.ri.gov/lmi/laus/town/town.htm.

¹⁰ University of Rhode Island. RIBOE2020 & RIBOE21. Website, https://web.uri.edu/ir/data/enrollment-data/.

¹¹ University of Rhode Island. Website, https://www.uri.edu/about/facts/.

¹² University of Rhode Island. Website, https://www.uri.edu/about/facts/.

At the University, capital project development has continued over the past year. Based on information found in URI's Capital Improvement Program for FY 2021-2025, the University anticipates investing over \$550 million in capital projects in the next eight (8) years. Major projects under development or substantially completed in 2020-2021:

- Health & Counseling Center. This proposed facility will enhance the availability of seamless care in meeting the psychological and physical wellbeing of students that will contribute positively to retention, graduation, and life success.
- Memorial Union Renovation & Addition. The Memorial Union, a 133,000 sq. ft., four-story building, was constructed in 1953 with subsequent additions in 1963 and 1991. The University proposes to renovate the building, including a small 9,000 sf. addition, and improve adjacent parking and landscaping.
- Narragansett Bay Campus Renewal Phase II. This proposed project is focused on the replacement of Horn Laboratories and the construction of the Ocean Technology Research and Education Center.

Local Development Activity: Over the past calendar year, South Kingstown continued to witness an increase in development activity in both the residential and commercial building sectors. Multiple projects are under construction and several have received at least one stage of approval, including:

- South Shore Country Club, a condominium development composed of a golf course and 303 manufactured homes for persons aged 55 and over is under construction. Over 70 of the homes have been sold. Homes are available from \$431,000 to \$500,000+. Construction is ongoing at this project. The golf course associated with this development has started construction.
- <u>1860 Kingstown Road</u>, received all their approvals from the Town and has opened a new store (Dollar General) at that location
- <u>Hillside Commons</u>, proposed development of 18 residential units, including a combination of detached structures has received Preliminary Plan approval and has completed their Final Plan submission.
- Village at Curtis Corner, a proposed Comprehensive Permit subdivision to create twenty-four (24) parcels at 55 Curtis Corner Road containing a total of thirty-two (32) dwelling units of which 8 units will be rented to Low and a Moderate Income (LMI) families received final plan approval and is under construction, the first few homes were ready for occupancy in December.
- <u>Tower Hill Landings Annex</u>, a 11-unit multi-household structure at 2095 Kingstown Road was constructed and has been occupied.
- <u>Shepard's Run</u>, received its final approvals, the vineyard has been planted and the facility (Inn, Winery, and Event Center) is up and running.
- <u>Matunuck Beach Road Condominiums</u>, an application for a Comprehensive Permit to create 12 units in 6 buildings received Preliminary Plan approval for this Major Land Development project.
- <u>Plant Based Compassionate Care, Inc.</u> received a Zoning Permit and opened an office and consultation facility at their Pershing Ave site for medical marijuana. The facility offers delivery service to all clients.

- <u>North Woods Subdivision</u>, currently under Preliminary Plan review for a sixteen (16) lot Flexible Design Residential Project (FDRP) with seventeen (17) dwelling units (3 of which are deed restricted affordable).
- <u>Fieldstone Farm Subdivision</u>, currently under Preliminary Plan review for a thirty-nine (39) lot subdivision with twenty-nine (29) market rate lots and ten (10) deed restricted affordable).
- **South County Commons**, District 5 Apartments currently under Conceptual Master Plan review for a 70-unit apartment complex on Route 1.
- Other notable residential projects include, the Magnolia Lane multihousehold development (two duplexes with 2-units each); the Residences on Holley (six duplexes with 2-units each); as well as Owl Acre and Hemmerle Subdivisions (both 2-lot subdivisions.
- Other notable commercial projects, include Burger King (construction of a 2nd drive-thru with stormwater and landscaping improvements), 1965 Kingstown Road (conversion from automotive service to marine electronics installation), and 471 High Street (conversion from retail store to personal storage and office space).

The Planning Board also received and reviewed a host of smaller 2-6 lot single family subdivision applications throughout the year.

Long-term capital financial planning. As a part of the annual budget process, the Town Manager prepares and presents a six-year capital improvement plan. This plan identifies costs and financing methods for those capital projects that the Town anticipates funding over the next six years. The 2022-2023 fiscal year capital improvement plan projects needs through fiscal year 2027-2028. The plan provides for the needs of the general government and addresses such issues as infrastructure, major equipment replacement, school facilities, public safety, recreation and open space purchases.

This plan estimates total project costs over the six-year period of approximately \$121,422,285. Financing, net of third party funding sources for these projects by debt issuance, approximates \$86,160,000. In addition, \$27,753,705 in capital projects to be funded on a "pay as you go" basis is projected over the same six-year period. The total estimated cost of the two components of the six-year capital improvement plan is \$149,214,991.

Major projects planned in the capital improvement program include: recreational fields and open space programs, affordable housing, village infrastructure, and senior services for \$1,692,410; neighborhood guild renovations for \$1,125,000; town beach and marina improvements for \$938,755; general municipal improvements for \$13,739,923; school improvements for \$103,765,197; and harbor patrol equipment replacement for \$200,000.

Cash management policies and practices. It is the policy of the Town to invest funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return, with the maximum amount of security, while meeting the daily cash flow needs of the Town and conforming to all state statutes governing the investment of municipal funds. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and money market mutual funds. In addition, some trust funds held corporate stocks and bonds in their investment portfolios. Investment income includes appreciation in the fair value of investments. Increases in fair value during the current year, however, do not necessarily represent trends that will continue; nor is it

always possible to realize such amounts, especially in the case of temporary changes in the fair value of investments that the government intends to hold to maturity.

The Town engaged the services of an Investment Advisor to assist the Town and the Finance Director with the Town's first written investment policy that complies with the Government Finance Officers' Association recommendation that municipalities create an investment policy as a best practice. This policy provides for future opportunities with longer term investment durations in US Treasuries and Federal Agency obligations for the Town's pooled cash, 'core' funds and Town's pooled cash liquidity 'cushion' funds which are short term or within FDIC. The 2020-2021 fiscal year recognized a decrease in the average investment rate of 0.96%; from 1.96% in the prior year to 1.0%.

Pension and other post-employment benefits. The Town of South Kingstown participates in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (MERS), an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan for all permanent employees, who work in excess of 20 hours per week, except for certified school department employees. As a matter of policy, the Town of South Kingstown fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by the actuary. The actuarial assumptions and methods used in the actuary's report comply with the parameters for disclosure that appear in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment to GASB Statement No. 68.

The Town of South Kingstown also provides postretirement healthcare benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. As of the end of the current fiscal year, there were 81 retired School Department and Town employees receiving these benefits. The Town has completed their required update of the OPEB obligations with a valuation date of June 30, 2021. The Town has established an irrevocable trust fund for the funding of Other Post-Employment Benefits and as such the financial statements include an OPEB Trust Fund and the related disclosure requirements and required supplementary information in accordance with GASB Statement No.74 and No. 75.

Additional information on the Town of South Kingstown's pension arrangements and postemployment benefits can be found in Note 11 on pages 50-64 and Note 12 on pages 64-70, respectively, in the notes to the financial statements.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of South Kingstown for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The Town of South Kingstown has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last thirty-two consecutive fiscal

years (fiscal years ended June 30, 1990-2021). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. In addition, I would like to individually recognize Deputy Finance Director Rosalie Bouchard for her dedication and commitment to ensuring the operational excellence of the Finance Department. I sincerely appreciate the efforts of the entire Department in assisting with the preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report.

Finally, I would like to express my appreciation to the Town Manager and the Town Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Town in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Brian Silvia

Brian M. Silvia Finance Director

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND TOWN OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2022

TOWN COUNCIL

Rory H. McEntee, President

Abel G. Collins, Vice President Deborah J. Kelso Deborah D. Bergner Jessica L. Rose

TOWN MANAGER

James L. Manni

TOWN ATTORNEYS PROBATE JUDGE

Michael A. Ursillo Andrew Teitz Peter Skwirz Amy Goins Terrence G. Simpson

DEPARTMENT HEADS

James P. Howe

Building Inspection Official James G. Gorman Finance Director Brian Silvia Leisure Services Director, Interim Theresa L. Murphy **Library Director** Laurel A. Clark Planning Director James D. Rabbitt Police Chief Matthew C.Moynihan **Public Services Director** Jon R. Schock Tax Assessor Mark Capuano Susan M. Flynn Town Clerk



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of South Kingstown Rhode Island

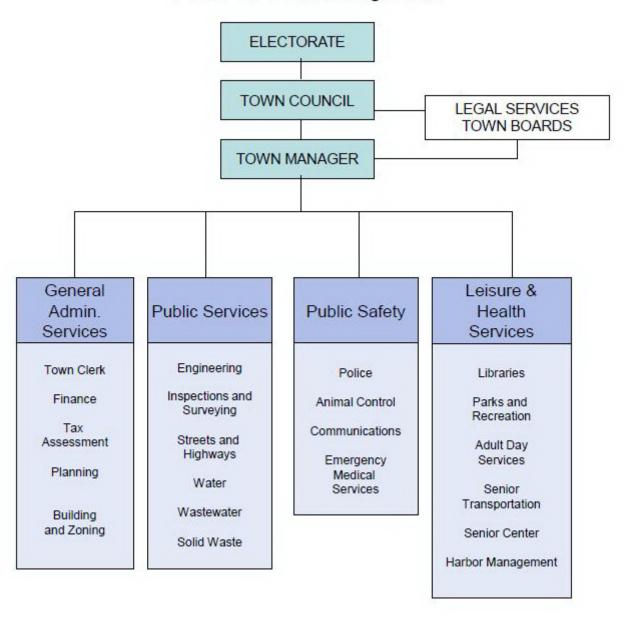
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Town of South Kingstown







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Town Council Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island adopted new accounting guidance for leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use lease asset and a corresponding lease liability and lessors to recognize a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources for all leases with lease terms greater than twelve months. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and Other Postemployment Benefit schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Annual Supplemental Transparency Report and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Annual Supplemental Transparency Report and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section, and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2022, on our consideration of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut December 30, 2022

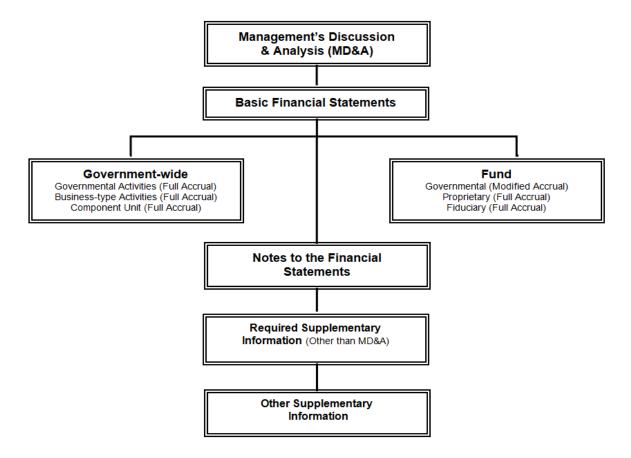
As management of the Town of South Kingstown (the Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-ix of this report as well as the Town's basic financial statements that follow this section. All amounts in the tables in this MD&A are expressed in thousands. All amounts in the narrative portion are expressed in real dollars.

Financial Highlights

- At the end of the fiscal year, the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$113,914,037, or 5.8%, from the prior year's amount of \$107,695,084. Net position was comprised mainly of \$90,256,628 attributable to the Town's net investment in capital assets, \$29,143,859 restricted, and (\$5,486,450) unrestricted.
- The governmental activities total net position increased by \$4,206,595, an increase of 5.9% over the prior year due to positive operating results. Business-type activities net position increased by \$2,012,358 an increase of 5.6% over the prior year.
- The Town's unrestricted deficit decreased by \$16,089,060.
- The Town has significant investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$70,018,987. Approximately 22.3% of this total amount, \$15,625,093, is available for use at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- The remaining fund balance of \$54,393,894 includes \$906,269 in nonspendable funds, \$23,396,838 in restricted funds and \$30,090,787 in committed funds.
- The Town's total bonded debt increased by \$5,457,169 during the current fiscal year. Government activities increased by \$5,662,000 and Business-type activities decreased by \$204,831.
- Long-term liabilities reported a decrease of \$21,855,102 which is the result of a net increase in general obligation bonds and bond premiums of \$5,872,067, decrease of compensated absence liability of \$6,599, decrease of net pension liability of \$27,503,985, and a decrease in claims and judgements liability of \$67,097.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of South Kingstown's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) introductory, 2) financial, and 3) statistical. As illustrated in the following chart, the financial section of this report consists of five components: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary.



The Town's financial statements present a focus on the Town as a whole (government-wide) as well as the major individual funds. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the Town government, reporting the operations of the Town in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives, government-wide and individual fund, allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis for comparisons year to year or government to government and enhance the Town's accountability.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of South Kingstown's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Government-wide financial reporting consists of two statements: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Town's assets, both short-term and long-term, while the Statement of Activities reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses as soon as the underlying event for recognition occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows, and provides a clearer picture of how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Revenues and expenses are reported in the statement of activities for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Over time, the increase or decreases in the Town's net position can be an indicator of the Town's financial condition. ACFR users should also consider additional nonfinancial factors in assessing the overall health of the Town. The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits I and II of this report.

The Town's government-wide financial statements are divided into three categories:

- Governmental Activities Most of the Town's basic services including general government, public safety, streets and highways, planning, libraries, education and recreation are reported here. The majority of these activities are supported by property taxes, other local taxes and federal and state funding.
- Business-Type Activities The Town's water, wastewater operations, solid waste and school
 cafeteria funds are reported here. Fees charged to customers to help cover the costs of providing
 these services.
- Component Unit Included as a blended component unit is the Friends of South Kingstown Parks and Recreation Fund. Although legally separate, this component unit is part of the Primary Government's operations.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Town's most significant funds and not the Town as a whole. Funds are an accounting tool that the Town uses to track resources that are segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Other funds are established to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the Town is using specific revenue sources such as taxes and grants for their intended purposes. The Town has three types of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

• Governmental Funds – The General Fund, School Trust Fund, Debt Service Fund, School Improvement Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Special Revenue Funds are governmental funds. Most of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. The School Unrestricted Fund has been included in the General Fund, in the basic governmental financial statements. These funds' statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Additional information is provided accompanying these statements that explains the relationship between the long-term focused government-wide statements and the short-term focused governmental fund statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits III through IV of this report.

- Proprietary Funds Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Like the government-wide statements, proprietary funds statements provide both long-and short-term financial information. The Town maintains two types of proprietary funds:
 - Enterprise Funds Similar to business-type activities included in the government-wide statements, the enterprise fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash-flow.

Internal Service Funds – The Town uses internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities. This is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses three types of internal service funds: (1) for medical costs incurred by persons covered by the health insurance plans and for plan administrative expenses, (2) accounting for accrued sick and vacation time for various governmental funds, and (3) for future purchases and/or replacements of nonmajor information technology (IT) systems and equipment to keep the Town's infrastructure up-to-date and within industry best practices. Because these funds predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in Exhibits V through VII of this report.

- **Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These fiduciary activities are excluded from the Town's government-wide financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town maintains three fiduciary funds:
 - Private Purpose Trust Funds Provides for resources legally held in trust for use by parties outside of the Town, and cannot be used at the Town's discretion or to support the Town's general operations. The activities are utilized for the care and maintenance of cemeteries within the Town.
 - OPEB Trust Funds Provides postemployment benefits for all vested full-time employees such as health, dental and life insurance for the Town and School retirees.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in Exhibits VIII and IX of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide information that is essential for a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes also present certain required supplementary information. Included in the notes is the information pertaining to the Town's funding obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-74 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This section includes budgetary comparison schedules, a reconciliation between the statutory fund balance for budgetary purposes and the fund balances for the General Fund and School Fund, as presented in the governmental fund financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 75-86 of this report following the notes to the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 87-107.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Town of South Kingstown's combined net position, assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities by \$113,914,037 (government and business-type activities), at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in 000s)

	Governmental Activities					Busine: Activ	e	Total				
		2022		2021		2022		2021	2022			2021
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net of	\$	92,097	\$	82,081	\$	14,996	\$	14,527	\$	107,093	\$	96,608
Accumulated Depreciation		83,865		84,361		24,716		22,982		108,581		107,343
Total Assets		175,962		166,442		39,712		37,509		215,674		203,951
Deferred Outflows of Resources		17,744		17,999		-		-		17,744		17,999
Current Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities		13,710		9,140		1,143		1,095		14,853		10,235
Outstanding		61,696		83,335		361		576		62,057		83,911
Total Liabilities	1	75,406		92,475		1,504		1,671		76,910		94,146
Deferred Inflows of Resources		42,236		20,109		358		-		42,594		20,109
Net Position:												
Net Investment in Capital Assets		65,949		72,555		24,308		22,369		90,257		94,924
Restricted		29,137		34,414		6		6		29,143		34,420
Unrestricted		(19,022)		(35,112)		13,536		13,463		(5,486)		(21,649)
Total Net Position	\$	76,064	\$	71,857	\$	37,850	\$	35,838	\$	113,914	\$	107,695

FY 2022, total assets for the Primary Government were \$215,673,577, an increase from prior year total assets by \$11,722,446. Total assets for only governmental activities were \$175,961,626, an increase of \$9,519,216 or 5.7%. Total assets from business-type activities increased by \$2,203,230. The largest portion of the Town's net position, 79.2%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Total liabilities were \$76,909,791, a decrease of \$17,236,124 from \$94,145,915 in FY 2021. Total liabilities associated with governmental type activities decreased by \$17,069,382 or 18.5% while total liabilities associated with business-type activities decreased \$166,742 or 10% when compared to FY 2021.

A portion of the Town's net position (25.6% or \$29,143,859) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. This includes the \$20,769,589 restricted recreational and educational purposes of which \$19,922,586 represents the School Trust Fund.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown, with one exception, is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The reported deficit for the unrestricted portion of net position decreased by approximately \$16,161,988. Unrestricted net position represents the portion of net position that has no related liabilities or restriction as to use.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in 000s)

	Governmental Activities					Busine: Activ		е	Total			
		2022	ritios	2021		2022	ritios	2021		2022	i	2021
Revenues:	-											
Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services	\$	7,526	\$	6,429	\$	7,846	\$	5,834	\$	15,372	\$	12,263
Operating Grants and Contributions		9,851		13,103		1,361		724		11,212		13,827
Capital Grants and Contributions		1,555		935		· -		7		1,555		942
General Revenues:												
Property Taxes		77,574		77,281		_		-		77,574		77,281
Motor Vehicle Phase-Out Taxes		1,370		322		-		-		1,370		322
Telephone and Hotel Taxes		289		122		-		-		289		122
Grants not Restricted to Specific												-
Programs		1,341		1,200		-				1,341		1,200
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		(3,936)		5,518		(411)		7		(4,347)		5,525
Total Revenues		95,570		104,910		8,796		6,572		104,366		111,482
Expenses:												
General Government		5,313		6,800		-		-		5,313		6,800
Public Safety		11,460		12,473		-		-		11,460		12,473
Public Works		4,785		4,333		-		-		4,785		4,333
Human Service		655		700		-		-		655		700
Public Libraries		1,491		1,997		-		-		1,491		1,997
Education		63,379		65,664		-		-		63,379		65,664
Recreation		3,874		4,788		-		-		3,874		4,788
Interest on Long-Term Debt		402		194		-		-		402		194
Wastewater		-		-		3,907		3,849		3,907		3,849
Solid Waste		-		-		781		642		781		642
Water		-		-		974		1,128		974		1,128
School Cafeteria						1,126		738		1,126		738
Total Expenses		91,359		96,949		6,788		6,357		98,147		103,306
Change in Net Position Before Transfers		4,211		7,961		2,008		215		6,219		8,176
Transfers		(4)		(4)		4		4				
Change in Net Position		4,207		7,957		2,012		219		6,219		8,176
Net Position - Beginning of Year		71,857		63,900		35,838		35,619		107,695		99,519
Net Position - End of Year	\$	76,064	\$	71,857	\$	37,850	\$	35,838	\$	113,914	\$	107,695

Activities

In FY 2022, the Town's net position increased by \$6,218,953. Primary Government revenues decreased from the prior year by \$7,115,310 or 6.4% to \$104,367,008. Program revenues (charges for services, grants and contributions) of \$28,140,648 accounted for 27% of all Primary Government revenues, while property and state taxes attributable to governmental activities accounted for \$79,233,164, 75.9%, of which property taxes is a major revenue source accounting for \$77,574,212. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs account for an additional \$1,341,359 while unrestricted investment earnings account for (\$4,348,163).

Governmental Activities

Total revenues for all governmental activities were \$95,569,785. Governmental Activities' program revenues of \$18,932,239 accounted for 19.8%.

- Property tax revenues recorded for the 2022 fiscal year increased by \$292,855 or 0.4% over prior year.
 This increase is due to an increase in the amount of current and prior year taxes received.
- The Town's tax rate of \$14.45 per thousand dollars of assessed valuation remained level from the prior. The growth in the total assessed value of taxable property, excluding motor vehicles, was 0.5%. Total net assessed value of all taxable property increased by \$16,797,213 from \$5,245,913,828 to \$5,262,711,041.
- Motor vehicle values decreased by \$8,673,175 over the prior year, from \$145,574,064 to \$136,900,889 and assumed utilizing an exemption value of \$5,000 per vehicle. Motor vehicle values are assessed at a rate of \$18.71 per thousand dollars of assessed value. This rate has been frozen by the State since FY1998. The impact of the decreases in value for all taxable property is directly related to the adopted Governor's FY 2017-2018 Recommended State Budget which changes the assessment criteria for determining vehicle value prior to calculating the motor vehicle excise tax beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year. The budget article proposes to reduce assessment values from 100% of National Automobile Dealers Association (NADA) clean retail value to 70% similar to the approach used by the State of Connecticut. The proposal does not change municipal vehicle exemption amounts or tax rates.
- Charges for services increased by \$1,096,544. The increase was the result of increased recreation fees (post-pandemic), increased tuition fees from other towns as well as increased Medicaid reimbursement, increased fair share fees, and increased rental fees as compared to the prior year. Annual variances in several other functions were reported.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$3,251,558 or 24.8% from the previous fiscal year. \$871,665 of this decrease was in general government. In FY21, \$1,427,133 in Covid Relief Funding was received that was not received in FY22, but the decrease was offset by additional asset forfeiture revenue in the amount of \$125,702, opioid settlement revenue of \$150,781, ARPA revenue of \$147,237, additional State PILOT funding of \$121,478, and \$61,020 in additional miscellaneous grants. \$2,455,798 of the decrease was in educational activities. This figure is attributable to an adjustments to on-behalf State pension contributions and Town pensions in the amount of \$2,816,475 year over year offset in part by additional State and Federal grants in the amount of \$238,467
- Unrestricted investment earnings for the 2022 fiscal year were (\$3,936,977), representing an decrease of \$9,455,970 when compared to the prior fiscal year. The School Trust Fund experienced investment income of (\$2,848,688). A decrease of \$7,804,693 over the prior year. The decrease was due to market volatility in the latter half of fiscal year 2022.

Total expenses for Primary Government were \$98,148,055. Five activities: general government, public safety, public works, education, and business-type activities accounted for the majority of the expenses, as depicted in the following amounts and percentages: \$5,312,803 (5.4%), \$11,459,722 (11.7%), \$4,784,769 (4.9%), \$63,379,148 (64.6%) and \$6,788,865 (6.9%), respectively. The Changes in Net Position table is provided for the Town's government-wide activities for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. Major expense factors included:

- Governmental activities expenses decreased by \$5,590,059 from \$96,949,249 to \$91,359,190, (5.7%). Overall decreases in spending for all governmental activities except for public works, and interest and fiscal charges. The increase for these programs are reflective of increased Community Block Grant activity and the issuance of bonds respectively.
- General government expenses within governmental activities decreased by \$1,486,761. The decrease was primarily due to a pension adjustment of \$1,574,487, a reduced OPEB contribution of \$175,000, offset in part by increased property revaluation expenses of \$56,896 and ARPA project spending of \$136,148.
- Public safety expenses within governmental activities have decreased by \$1,013,614. The decrease
 was due primarily to a pension adjustment of 1,407,309, an OPEB adjustment of 490,525 and
 decreased grant activity of \$81,967, offset by an increase in salary and benefits of \$542,204 and
 depreciation expense of \$458,236.
- Public works expenses within governmental activities increased \$451,659. Expenses related to Community Development Block Grant administration increased by \$692,994, while the cost for street lighting decreased by \$122,181, In addition, expenses related to the recognition of depreciation, OPEB, and the accounting for compensated absences balances from the prior year decreased \$75,422.
- Human service expenses within governmental activities decreased \$45,108. The decrease in expenses can be attributable to a reduction in human service agencies of \$25,000 and a reduction in affordable housing expenses of \$11,726
- Public libraries expenses within governmental activities decreased \$505,332. A substantial portion
 of the decrease is attributable to the recognition of depreciation expense, the addition of capital
 assets, and accounting for compensated absences balances from the prior year in the amount of
 \$501,844. Operating expenses decreased approximately \$3,488 when compared to the prior year.
- Educational expenses within governmental activities decreased by \$2,285,223 primarily due to adjustments to pension and OPEB offset in part by increased depreciation expense as well as the accounting for additional compensated absences liability. Operating expenses decreased approximately \$1,884,280 while grant expenses increased \$1,103,482.
- Recreation expenses within governmental activities decreased \$913,593. Operating expenses increased approximately \$188,283 when compared to the prior year. The majority of the decrease in overall expenses is due to a decrease in the recognition of depreciation expense, the addition of capital assets, and accounting for compensated absences balances from the prior year in the amount of \$1,101,876.

Business-type activities. Net position in business-type activities increased by \$2,012,358 resulting in a 5.6% increase in business-type net position.

Charges for services for business-type activities accounted for 85.2% of the total program revenue sources. The balance of revenues for business-type activities was from operating grants and contributions.14.8%.

• Charges for services for business-type activities increased from \$5,834,354 to \$7,847,093, an increase of \$2,012,739, 34.49%. The School Cafeteria program accounted for \$34,829 of the overall increase in this category as a transition was made from remote learning to the classrooms following the pandemic. Operating grants and contributions recognized an increase of \$637,103 in the School Cafeteria program. A review of the school cafeteria fund reports a positive change in net position of \$271,250 for the fiscal year, thus increasing the total net position from \$80,599 to \$351,849. The Town will continue to monitor the school cafeteria operations since a deficit has been reported in prior fiscal years.

Wastewater treatment expenses account for approximately 57.6% of the total expenses within the business-type activities of the Town. The school cafeteria fund, water fund and solid waste fund expenses account for 16.6%, 14.3%, and 11.5% respectively of the total business-type activities expenses for the 2022 fiscal year.

- Expenses in the wastewater fund increased by \$58,363 due to increased capital improvement and general materials and supply expenses. The \$154,240 decrease in water fund expenses was related to decreased capital, maintenance, and purchased water expenses. The \$139,802 increase in the solid waste fund is attributable to increased tipping fees and contractual obligations.
- Costs to operate the cafeteria fund increased by \$388,074 as a result of a return to in-person education following COVID-19 pandemic.

As noted earlier, the Town of South Kingstown uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town of South Kingstown's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of South Kingstown's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$70,018,987. Of this amount, \$15,625,093 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned) within the Town. The remaining fund balance of \$54,393,894 includes \$1,511,535 committed to help finance the 2022-2023 town and school operating budgets. The remaining amount of \$51,882,659 consists of nonspendable fund balance of \$906,269, restricted fund balance of \$23,396,838 and committed fund balance of \$28,579,252.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The School Unrestricted Fund is used to report all financial transactions of the South Kingstown School Department but is considered a department of the Town since its major source of revenue is property tax dollars and is not a separate taxing authority. Therefore, the School Unrestricted Fund is reported within the Town Operating Fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, excluding the School Fund amount, the total General Fund balance was \$17,199,923 which represents a decrease of \$148,290 over the prior year. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund budgeted expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 17.9% of the 2023 FY Adopted General Fund Expenditure Budget, while total fund balance represents 22.8% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the Town of South Kingstown's General Fund, excluding the School Fund, decreased by \$148,290 as compared to the June 30, 2021 fund balance. This decrease is the result of negative operating results in the General Fund. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- The Town committed \$1,320,208 of fund balance to help finance the 2021-2022 General Fund budget. The planned drawdown of fund balance was an increase of \$959,147 from the prior year commitment of fund balance. The difference between the GAAP basis of accounting and the budgetary basis of accounting is the result of recognizing the fund balance commitment of \$1,320,208, as a revenue source under the budgetary basis but not the GAAP basis.
- On a budgetary basis, the operating surplus in the General Fund was \$1,862,578 for 2021-2022. Expenditures under budget contributed \$1,473,494 to the surplus, while revenues finished the fiscal year with a \$600,238 surplus. Other financing sources (uses) over budget decreased the surplus by \$3,423.
- The deferral of filling vacant positions and/or the decision to eliminate a position through attrition allowed the Town to achieve personnel savings. In addition, the Town abides by conservative spending guidelines when seeking to purchase commodities and other services. Favorable expenditure variances of significance, when compared to the budget, included savings in public safety \$351,504, public works \$490,083, and general government \$332,012. Recreation and public libraries, and miscellaneous expenditures recognized a combined savings of \$299,895.
- Tax collections resulted in a positive budget variance in property taxes of \$304,096. The Town's collection rate remained high. Meals and beverage taxes and hotel taxes, were higher than budgeted, while state motor vehicle phase-out revenue were lower than the budget by \$101,305, \$100,067 and (\$1,867) respectively. Departmental revenues exceeded the budget by \$52,719. Business licenses and fees of contributed \$183,292 to the budgetary surplus. Short term investment income reduced the surplus by \$133,779. Positive variances were recognized in four of the five revenue categories.

The fund balance of the School Unrestricted Fund decreased by \$781,771 as compared to the June 30, 2021 fund balance. Key factors in this decrease are as follows:

- The School department committed \$493,202 of fund balance to help finance the 2021-2022 school's operating budget. The planned drawdown of fund balance was not recognized in the current fiscal year.
- On a budgetary basis, the operating deficit in the School Fund was \$244,558 for 2021-2022. Revenues and use of fund balance finished the fiscal year with a \$321,326 deficit which was partially offset by expenditures savings of \$75,895 and other financing sources (uses) of \$873.
- A decrease in revenue of \$321,326 was reported for the fiscal year. Also, \$330,354 from use of fund balance was not recognized. The surplus in expenses of \$75,895 was primarily attributed to savings in purchased services of \$41,870, 55.2%, and supplies and materials of \$34,034, 44.8%.

The school fund has a total fund balance of \$2,687,123 of which \$31,130 is committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period, and \$247,927 is committed to help finance the 2022-2023 fiscal year budget. The remaining balance of \$2,408,066 is available to help finance future years' school budgets.

The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund increased by \$888,981 as compared to the June 30, 2021 fund balance. The increase was due to a transfer in from other funds of \$2,346,829 that exceeded the deficiency of revenue over expenditures of \$1,457,848.

The fund balance of the School Improvement Fund increased by \$288,524. The increase was the result of \$350,266 school housing aid received offset by \$61,741 in project spending.

The fund balance for the Solid Waste and Water Funds decreased by \$64,756 and increased by \$79,906 respectively. The change in these fund balances are attributed to the increase in operating expenses for the Solid Waste Fund and decreased cost of repairs for the Water Fund. Solid Waste Fund increased \$142,822 and the Water Fund decreased \$154,240. The operating revenues for the Solid Waste and the Water Funds increased \$28,682 and decreased \$17,026 respectively.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of South Kingstown's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position in the wastewater fund at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$8,752,440 a decrease of \$292,154 over the prior year. Unrestricted net position in the water fund increased by \$292,382 to a total of \$4,189,156. The school cafeteria operation maintains a surplus position of \$351,849 of which \$347,768 is unrestricted while the solid waste fund finished the year with unrestricted net position of \$246,642 which was a decrease in value of \$200,536 mainly attributed to fees associated with the closed West Kingston and Rose Hill landfills and increased tipping fee expense. The restricted fund balance of \$6,186 is related to grant revenues received by Rhode Island Resource Recovery for the purpose of training and educating residents on the importance of recycling in our community, the balance remains unchanged from the prior year. The Town has been actively educating the importance of the recycling program.

Other factors concerning the finances of these four funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of South Kingstown's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Overall, the Town finished the 2021-2022 fiscal year with a \$1,618,020 budgetary surplus (excess of revenues over expenditures). Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget involved transferring funds from departments with expenditure surpluses to departments with expenditure deficits. In order to effectively manage the unassigned fund balance and support the financing of capital projects and multi-year obligations, at the end of each fiscal year the Town Manager and Finance Director request the Town Council to transfer unexpended balances to specific capital projects or multi-year obligation accounts. Due to the outcome of financial projections created by the Interim Finance Director in consultation with Department Heads, no such transfer was recommended to Town Council at the end of FY2022. The Emergency Medical Services division within Public Safety experienced a net negative variance in the amount of \$94,824 mainly due to overtime costs associated with unfilled full-time positions.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of South Kingstown's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2022 amounts to \$108,581,192 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The 2022 fiscal year resulted in a increase in value of investment in capital assets of \$1,238,387. The total increase in the Town of South Kingstown's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.2%. Depreciation expense as compared to the amount of capitalized assets recognized in the 2022 fiscal year, specifically, the amount of new capital assets being depreciated was \$1,289,293 for the governmental activities, however, the amount of depreciation expense was \$4,801,390, in comparison to the prior year of new capital assets of \$4,269,784 and depreciation expense of \$4,735,506.

Town of South Kingstown's Capital Assets

(Net of accumulated depreciation) in 000s

	Govern Activ	nment ⁄ities	al	Business-Type Activities					Total					
	2022	2021		2022		2021		2022			2021			
Land	\$ 14,170	\$	14,170	\$	1,587	\$	1,587	\$	15,757	\$	15,757			
Construction in Progress	5,072		2,040		3,614		3,401		8,686		5,441			
Land Improvements	8,421		8,644		1,643		1,688		10,064		10,332			
Buildings	16,786		17,526		1,977		2,162		18,763		19,688			
Building Improvements	17,210		18,606		3,698		1,427		20,908		20,033			
Equipment	2,150		2,264		1,565		1,832		3,715		4,096			
Right to Use Lease Equipment	204		-		-		-		204		-			
Vehicles	2,730		2,745		129		149		2,859		2,894			
Infrastructure	16,940		18,162		10,378		10,646		27,318		28,808			
Intangibles	 182		204		125		90		307		294			
Total	\$ 83,865	\$	84,361	\$	24,716	\$	22,982	\$	108,581	\$	107,343			

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Town-wide purchases of new vehicles and equipment accounted for \$932,777 during the fiscal year these were mainly attributed to public safety, 33.7%, public services, 38.5%, parks and recreation, 9.6%, and libraries 6.8%. Public safety vehicles and equipment include six new vehicles and an EMS trailer. Public services vehicles include a new payloader and dump truck. Recreation equipment includes a new tri-deck mower.
- Town building improvements accounted for \$2,433,261 of improvements. The majority of this was \$2,386,826 in improvements to the sewer treatment plant and pump stations.

In FY2022, the Town implemented a new asset management software system to better track service requests and preventive maintenance of town-owned equipment at a cost of \$90,000.

Additional information on the Town of South Kingstown's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 42-43 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown had total bonded debt outstanding of \$17,534,321, entirely backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. Bonds authorized but unissued totaled an additional \$4,090,000.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation bonded debt a town can issue to 3% of net assessed property values. However, all bonds approved through State enabling legislation and voter referendums are exempt from the limit. At June 30, 2022, the Town had a debt limit of \$157,881,331. Of the Town's \$17,534,321 in debt outstanding, \$2,149,157 is subject to the Town's legal debt limit. A balance of \$155,732,174 exists within the legal limit for additional bonds to be issued.

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Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds in 000s

	Governmental Activities					Busines Activ	٠.	pe	Total			
		2022		2021	2022		2021		2022		2021	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	17,126	\$	11,464	\$	408	\$	613	\$	17,534	\$	12,077

The Town's total bonded debt increased by \$5,457,169, 45.2% during the 2022 fiscal year.

There were an issuance of \$7,015,000 in general obligation debt during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. It should be noted, on December 22, 2021, the Town Manager and Finance Director met with the Town's bond rating agency, Moody's Investors Services, to affirm the Town's Aa1 rating which is the highest local municipal rating in the State. In their credit opinion report issued on January 6, 2022, Moody's noted the Town's "moderately sized tax base with favorable wealth levels, stable financial position with healthy reserves and strong liquidity, and low debt burden" as credit strengths when determining the basis for their review and consideration. South Kingstown is one of only five Rhode Island communities that have a bond rating of Aa1. The Moody's credit report cited the following additional factors for the affirmation:

- The population, economy and tax base is anchored by the state flagship University of Rhode Island (Aa3 stable), the town's coastal amenities, and its proximity to the metro-Providence labor market. The full value tax base of \$5.3 billion (2022) is diverse with the Top 10 taxpayers accounting for a small 3.7% of the tax base; and includes student housing, a utility, as well as office and corporate facilities. The tax base has grown at an annual compound growth rate of 2.8% over the past 5 years, benefitting from several commercial and residential developments as well as a revaluation completed in 2020.
- Despite being skewed downward by its large student population, the town's wealth and income levels are strong, with local median family income equivalent to 131% of the state and 146% of the national level. The town's full value per capita is above average at \$171,692. As of Oct 2021, the town's unemployment rate was a low 2.9% and is better than the state and national levels of 4.1% and 4.3% respectively.

Additional information on the Town of South Kingstown's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 46-48 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- As of June 2022, the labor force in South Kingstown was 16,983 with employment at 16,615 yielding an unemployment rate of 2.2%, a decrease of 2.4% from the prior fiscal year. It should be noted that the reduction in unemployment show a return to a pre-pandemic employment level.
- The final budget for 2023 was adopted in the amount of \$87,399,921 which represents an increase of \$1,347,778, or 1.6% from the prior fiscal year. The FY2023 budget was based on a full property revaluation.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

• Property tax revenues for the fiscal year 2023 reflect an increase in the Town's tax levy of \$866,765 (excluding motor vehicles) or 1.2% higher than the previous fiscal year. The property tax rate dropped to \$10,95 per thousand dollars of assessed value in response to the full property revaluation. Total taxable property increased by \$1,757,515,740 from \$5,262,711,039 to \$7,020,226,779.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance in the General Fund decreased to \$17,199,923. The Town of South Kingstown has committed \$1,263,608 of this amount for spending in the 2023 fiscal year budget, \$32,935 is committed for future municipal planning projects and \$263,271 is committed for outstanding purchase orders at June 30, 2022. \$1,016 is recognized as nonspendable for prepaid expenditures. The Town maintains an unassigned fund balance of \$15,639,093 to use at its discretion.

Requests for Information: This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of South Kingstown's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 180 High Street, Town Hall, Wakefield, Rhode Island, 02879.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	43,329,593	\$	4,557,289	\$	47,886,882
Investments		37,475,284	Ψ	8,567,885	Ÿ	46,043,169
Receivables. Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles		5,934,985		1,299,234		7,234,219
Due from Federal and State Governments		959,642		132,891		1,092,533
Internal Balances						1,092,333
		(438,254)		438,254		4.040
Prepaid Items		1,016				1,016
Total Current Assets		87,262,266		14,995,553		102,257,819
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Net Pension Asset		1.523.485		_		1,523,485
Net OPEB Asset		3,311,081		_		3,311,081
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated or Amortized		19,242,207		5,200,487		24,442,694
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization						
·		64,622,587		19,515,911		84,138,498
Total Noncurrent Assets		88,699,360		24,716,398		113,415,758
Total Assets	1	75,961,626		39,711,951		215,673,577
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Charge on Refunding		96,738		_		96,738
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions		13,787,863		_		13,787,863
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB		3,859,676		_		3,859,676
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		17,744,277				17,744,277
Total Deletted Outilows of Resources		17,744,277		-		17,744,277
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		1,224,208		468,134		1,692,342
Accrued Liabilities		3,737,104		203,382		3,940,486
Due to Federal and State Governments		175.501				175,501
Unearned Revenue		4,828,495		171,175		4,999,670
				171,173		
Deposits Held in Custody of Others		193,966		-		193,966
Current Maturities of Long-Term Obligations		3,550,833		300,128		3,850,961
Total Current Liabilities		13,710,107		1,142,819		14,852,926
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Due in More Than One Year		61,695,616		361,249		62,056,865
Total Liabilities		75,405,723		1,504,068		76,909,791
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		, ,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,
DEFERRED IN LOWG OF REGOGRACES						
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions		30,640,541		-		30,640,541
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB		6,991,759		-		6,991,759
Deferred Grant Revenue		_		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases		4,490,908		357,614		4,848,522
Advance Property Tax Collections		113,204		· -		113,204
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		42,236,412		357,614		42,594,026
NET POSITION		,,				,,.
<u></u>						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		65,948,551		24,308,077		90,256,628
Restricted for:						
Pension and OPEB		4,834,566		-		4,834,566
Trust Purposes:						
Expendable		1,922,869		-		1,922,869
Nonexpendable		906,269		-		906,269
Student Activity		291,143		-		291,143
Unused Grants and Donations		413,237		6,186		419,423
Recreational and Educational				0,100		
		20,769,589		40 500 000		20,769,589
Unrestricted	(19,022,456)		13,536,006		(5,486,450)
Total Net Position	\$	76,063,768	\$	37,850,269	\$	113,914,037
Total Not Footboll	<u> </u>	. 0,000,100	¥	01,000,200		110,017,001

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Revenue (Expense) and

		Program Revenues			Changes in Net Position				
Function/Program Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General Government	\$ 5,312,803	\$ 1,163,044	\$ 721,492	\$ -	\$ (3,428,267)	\$ -	\$ (3,428,267)		
Public Safety	11,459,722	1,674,818	70,023	Ψ -	(9,714,881)	Ψ -	(9,714,881)		
Public Works	4,784,769	1,252,030	70,020	1,204,889	(2,327,850)		(2,327,850)		
Human Service	655,320	122,177	216,473	1,204,009	(316,670)		(316,670)		
Public Libraries	1,491,220	7,529	288,988	_	(1,194,703)	_	(1,194,703)		
Education	63,379,148	1,469,340	8,548,029	350,266	(53,011,513)	-	(53,011,513)		
Recreation	3,874,122	1,836,855	6,222	330,200	(2,031,045)	-	(2,031,045)		
			0,222	-	* ' ' '	-			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	402,086	64	0.054.007	4 555 455	(402,022)		(402,022)		
Total Governmental Activities	91,359,190	7,525,857	9,851,227	1,555,155	(72,426,951)	-	(72,426,951)		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Wastewater	3,907,438	5,901,434	-	-	-	1,993,996	1,993,996		
Solid Waste	781,322	731,957	-	-	-	(49,365)	(49,365)		
Water	973,915	1,177,578	-	-	-	203,663	203,663		
School Cafeteria	1,126,190	36,124	1,361,316	-	-	271,250	271,250		
Total Business-Type Activities	6,788,865	7,847,093	1,361,316			2,419,544	2,419,544		
Total	\$ 98,148,055	\$ 15,372,950	\$ 11,212,543	\$ 1,555,155	(72,426,951)	2,419,544	(70,007,407)		
	GENERAL REVENU	IES							
	Property Taxes				77,574,212	-	77,574,212		
	Motor Vehicle Pha				1,369,885	-	1,369,885		
	Telephone and Ho				289,067	-	289,067		
		butions not Restricted	to Specific Programs		1,341,359	-	1,341,359		
	Unrestricted Inves	tment Earnings			(3,936,977)	(411,186)	(4,348,163)		
	TRANSFERS				(4,000)	4,000			
	Total Gen	eral Revenues and Tra	ansfers		76,633,546	(407,186)	76,226,360		
	CHANGE IN NET PO	OSITION			4,206,595	2,012,358	6,218,953		
	Net Position - Beginn	ning of Year, as Resta	ted		71,857,173	35,837,911	107,695,084		
	NET POSITION - EN	ID OF YEAR			\$ 76,063,768	\$ 37,850,269	\$ 113,914,037		

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	General	School Trust Fund	Debt Service Fund	School Improvement Fund	ARPA Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts and Other Receivable, Net Due from Federal and State Governments Due from Other Funds Lease Receivable Prepaid Items	\$ 35,563,885 12,079,314 1,335,186 103,665 533,245 4,560,838 1,016	\$ 1,958,974 18,377,262 - - - - -	\$ - - - 2,658,395 - -	\$ - - - 411,174 - -	\$ - - - - 4,393,789 - -	\$ 4,222,574 7,018,708 4,086 855,977 15,883,472 34,875	\$ 41,745,433 37,475,284 1,339,272 959,642 23,880,075 4,595,713 1,016
Total Assets	\$ 54,177,149	\$ 20,336,236	\$ 2,658,395	\$ 411,174	\$ 4,393,789	\$ 28,019,692	\$ 109,996,435
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to State and Federal Governments Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Deposits Held in Custody of Others Total Liabilities	\$ 836,061 3,434,905 166,904 24,106,021 337,064 182,130 29,063,085	\$ - 417	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 2,201 3,213 - 4,388,375 - 4,393,789	\$ 383,550 142,968 8,597 229,219 103,056 11,836 879,226	\$ 1,221,812 3,581,503 175,501 24,335,240 4,828,495 193,966 34,336,517
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue - Other Receivable Advance Property Tax Collections Deferred Inflow - Leases Deferred Grant Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	656,753 113,204 4,457,061 - 5,227,018	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	380,066 - 33,847 - 413,913	656,753 380,066 113,204 4,490,908 - 5,640,931
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total Fund Balances	1,016 - 4,246,937 15,639,093 19,887,046	413,233 19,922,586 - - 20,335,819	2,658,395 - 2,658,395	411,174 - 411,174	- - - - -	492,020 3,474,252 22,774,281 (14,000) 26,726,553	906,269 23,396,838 30,090,787 15,625,093 70,018,987
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 54,177,149	\$ 20,336,236	\$ 2,658,395	\$ 411,174	\$ 4,393,789	\$ 28,019,692	\$ 109,996,435

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit III)	\$	70,018,987
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Governmental Capital Assets		179,639,292
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(95,774,498)
Net Capital Assets		83,864,794
Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:		
Property Tax Receivables Greater than 60 Days		656,753
Other Receivables		380,066
Net Pension Asset		1,523,485
Net OPEB Asset		3,311,081
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions		13,787,863
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB		3,859,676
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of		
the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities		
in the statement of net position.		1,598,675
cancer. c position		.,000,010
Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due		
and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in		
the funds:		
Bonds Payable		(17,126,000)
Deferred Charges on Refunding		96,738
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions		(30,640,541)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB		(6,991,759)
Unamortized Bond Issue Premium		(886,981)
Interest Payable on Bonds		(155,601)
Compensated Absences		(4,971,277)
Net Pension Liability		(41,048,263)
Lease Liability Claims and Judgments		(207,459)
Ciaims and Judgments	_	(1,006,469)
Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement		
of Net Position	\$	76,063,768

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General	School Trust Fund	Debt Service Fund	School Improvement Fund	ARPA Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Property Taxes, Interest, and Lien Fees	\$ 77,584,903	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 77,584,903
Intergovernmental Revenues	8,273,920	-	241,547	-	147,237	4,751,608	13,414,312
Licenses and Fees	2,131,533	-	-	350,266	-	944,700	3,426,499
Investment Income	(547,297)	(2,848,688)	-	-	-	(543,341)	(3,939,326)
Fines and Charges	65,902	-	-	-	-	2,000,375	2,066,277
Departmental	1,122,400	-	-	-	-	-	1,122,400
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	180,182	180,182
State On-Behalf Pension Contribution	2,993,805	-	-	-	-	-	2,993,805
Other Revenues	651,297	24,233	-	-	-	28,384	703,914
Total Revenues	92,276,463	(2,824,455)	241,547	350,266	147,237	7,361,908	97,552,966
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	5,515,162	121,675	1,000	-	136,148	338,811	6,112,796
Public Safety	12,728,217	-	-	-	11,089	427,985	13,167,291
Public Works	2,645,453	-	-	-	-	739,722	3,385,175
Human Service Agency Contribution	85,000	-	-	-	-	570,320	655,320
Public Libraries	1,265,945	-	-	-	-	24,545	1,290,490
Education	64,878,259	-	-	-	-	3,523,675	68,401,934
Recreation	1,892,618	-	-	-	-	1,316,757	3,209,375
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement	84,304	-	1,353,000	-	-	-	1,437,304
Interest and Other Charges	-	-	345,395	-	-	-	345,395
Capital Outlay	291,763			61,742		3,842,129	4,195,634
Total Expenditures	89,386,721	121,675	1,699,395	61,742	147,237	10,783,944	102,200,714
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	2,889,742	(2,946,130)	(1,457,848)	288,524	-	(3,422,036)	(4,647,748)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	7,500,751	7,500,751
Issuance of Leases	291,763	-	-	-	-	-	291,763
Transfers In from Other Funds	1,039,282	-	2,346,829	-	-	3,730,241	7,116,352
Transfers Out to Other Funds	(5,150,848)	(587,957)				(1,381,547)	(7,120,352)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,819,803)	(587,957)	2,346,829			9,849,445	7,788,514
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(930,061)	(3,534,087)	888,981	288,524	-	6,427,409	3,140,766
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Restated	20,817,107	23,869,906	1,769,414	122,650		20,299,144	66,878,221
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 19,887,046	\$ 20,335,819	\$ 2,658,395	\$ 411,174	\$ -	\$ 26,726,553	\$ 70,018,987

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit IV)	\$ 3,140,766
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	4,321,800
Depreciation Expense	(4,801,390)
Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets	(16,622)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(10.001)
Property Taxes Collected After 60 Days	(10,691)
Other Receivables	380,066
Change in Net ODER Asset	941,225
Change in Net OPEB Asset Change in Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(2,535,888) (841,569)
Change in Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB	1,553,446
Change in Deletted Outliews of Nessources Netated to Of EB	1,000,440
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are	
deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of	
these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Bond Issuance	(7,015,000)
Premium on Bond Issuance	(485,751)
Principal Payments	1,353,000
Issuance of Leases	(291,763)
Principal Payments on Leases	84,304
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(33,198)
Amortization of Deferred Charges in Refunding Change in Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(33, 196)
Change in Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	2,564,781
Amortization of Bond Premiums	70,853
Accrued Interest	(94,199)
Change in Long-Term Compensated Absences	(7,789)
Change in Net Pension Liability	27,503,985
Change in Claims and Judgments	67,097
The net expense of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(483,771)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement	
of Activities	\$ 4,206,595

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Business-T	ype Activities - Enter	prise Funds		Activities
		Major Funds		Nonmajor		
		Solid		School		Internal
	Wastewater	Waste	Water	Cafeteria	Total	Service Funds
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,038,838	\$ -	\$ 1,517,951	\$ 500	\$ 4,557,289	\$ 1,584,160
Investments	5,671,376	320,304	2,576,205	-	8,567,885	-
Accounts and Other Receivables, Net	585,781	60,484	284,748	-	931,013	-
Due from Federal and State Governments	-	-	-	132,891	132,891	-
Due from Other Funds	1,560	17,771	-	419,842	439,173	320,018
Leases Receivable	_	_	368,221	-	368,221	-
Total Current Assets	9,297,555	398,559	4,747,125	553,233	14,996,472	1,904,178
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated or Amortized	3,078,220	1,005,003	1,117,264	-	5,200,487	-
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated						
Depreciation and Amortization	14,549,760	1,639,451	3,322,619	4,081	19,515,911	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	17,627,980	2,644,454	4,439,883	4,081	24,716,398	-
Total Assets	26,925,535	3,043,013	9,187,008	557,314	39,712,870	1,904,178
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	169,055	120,030	55,664	123,385	468,134	2,396
Accrued Liabilities	149,427	2,093	51,862	-	203,382	-
Due to Other Funds	_	_	919	-	919	303,107
Unearned Revenue	89,095	_	-	82,080	171,175	-
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	56,116	5,268	28,424	-	89,808	-
Current Portion of Bonds Payable	29,000	181,320	· -	-	210,320	-
Total Current Liabilities	492,693	308,711	136,869	205,465	1,143,738	305,503
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Compensated Absences	81,422	18,340	63,486	-	163,248	-
Bonds Payable After One Year	30,000	168,001	-	-	198,001	-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	111,422	186,341	63,486		361,249	
Total Liabilities	604,115	495,052	200,355	205,465	1,504,987	305,503
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Inflow - Leases	-	-	357,614	-	357,614	-
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	17,568,980	2,295,133	4,439,883	4,081	24,308,077	-
Restricted For Grants	-	6,186	-	-	6,186	-
Unrestricted	8,752,440	246,642	4,189,156	347,768	13,536,006	1,598,675
Total Net Position	\$ 26,321,420	\$ 2,547,961	\$ 8,629,039	\$ 351,849	\$ 37,850,269	\$ 1,598,675

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							Governmental Activities			
		Major Funds					_					Activities
						Nonmajor					leater on a l	
		14444		Solid		10/-4		School		T-4-1		Internal
		Vastewater		Waste		Water		Cafeteria	_	Total	Se	rvice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES												
Charges for Services	\$	5,813,073	\$	704,892	\$	1,168,075	\$	36,124	\$	7,722,164	\$	156,117
Other		88,361		-		9,503		-		97,864		-
Total Operating Revenues		5,901,434		704,892		1,177,578		36,124		7,820,028		156,117
OPERATING EXPENSES												
Wells		-		-		235,082		-		235,082		_
Pumping		688,960		_		22,364		-		711,324		_
Distribution		· -		_		22,699		_		22.699		_
Treating and Sludge		2,104,134		_		-		_		2,104,134		_
Transportation and Disposal		_,,		472,052		_		_		472,052		_
Administrative and General		262,790		101,389		460,541		_		824,720		_
Depreciation and Amortization		697,544		41,050		221,887		1,986		962,467		_
Repairs and Maintenance		14,994		- 11,000		11,342		19,862		46,198		_
Health Care Management		14,554		_		11,042		13,002		40,130		2,800
Compensated Absences		_						_		_		581,752
School Cafeteria Operations		-		-		-		1,104,342		1,104,342		301,732
Other Operating		137,496		160,005		-		1,104,342		297,501		57,685
		3,905,918		774,496		973,915		1,126,190				
Total Operating Expenses	-	3,905,918		774,496		973,915		1,126,190		6,780,519		642,237
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		1,995,516		(69,604)		203,663		(1,090,066)		1,039,509		(486,120)
NONOPERATING REVENUES												
(EXPENSES)												
Income (Loss) on Investments		(272,038)		(15,391)		(123,757)		-		(411,186)		2,349
Other Revenue		-		27,065		-		-		27,065		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		1,361,316		1,361,316		-
Interest Expense		(1,520)		(6,826)						(8,346)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues												
(Expenses)		(273,558)		4,848		(123,757)		1,361,316	_	968,849		2,349
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS		1,721,958		(64,756)		79,906		271,250		2,008,358		(483,771)
Transfers In		4,000				_		_		4,000	_	_
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,725,958		(64,756)		79,906		271,250		2,012,358		(483,771)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	_	24,595,462		2,612,717		8,549,133		80,599		35,837,911		2,082,446
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	26,321,420	\$	2,547,961	\$	8,629,039	\$	351,849	\$	37,850,269	\$	1,598,675

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

												vernmental
	_		N //		Гуре А	ctivities - Enter						Activities
	-		IVI	ajor Funds Solid				Nonmajor School				Internal
	V	Vastewater		Waste		Water		Cafeteria		Total		rvice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		vasiewater		Waste		Water	_	Galetena		Total	- 00	vice i unas
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$	5,767,102	\$	700,597	\$	1,162,338	\$	34,987	\$	7,665,024	\$	-
Receipts from Providing Services	·	_	•	-		-		-		-	·	1,491,523
Payments to Suppliers		(3,279,686)		(675,117)		(731,097)		(1,404,806)		(6,090,706)		(57,685)
Payments for Claims		-		-		-		-		-		(584,552)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		2,487,416		25,480		431,241		(1,369,819)		1,574,318		849,286
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING												
ACTIVITIES												
Transfers In from Other Funds		4,000		-		-		-		4,000		-
Nonoperating Grants Received		-		-		-		1,361,316		1,361,316		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing												
Activities		4,000		-		-		1,361,316		1,365,316		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES												
Additions to Property, Plant, and Equipment		(2,687,656)				(9,411)				(2,697,067)		
				(176 021)		(9,411)		-				-
Principal Paid on Bonds		(28,000)		(176,831)		-		-		(204,831)		-
Interest Paid on Bonds		(1,520)		(6,826)						(8,346)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(2,717,176)		(183,657)		(9,411)		-		(2,910,244)		_
CASH ELONG EDOM INVESTING ACTIVITIES												
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		0.044		07.000		0.000				70.740		
Sales of Investments		6,811		67,029		2,909		-		76,749		- 0.240
Interest on Investments										70.740		2,349
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		6,811		67,029		2,909				76,749		2,349
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(218,949)		(91,148)		424,739		(8,503)		106,139		851,635
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		3,257,787		91,148		1,093,212		9,003		4,451,150		732,525
	_		_		_		_		_		_	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	3,038,838	\$		\$	1,517,951	\$	500	\$	4,557,289	\$	1,584,160
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES												
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,995,516	\$	(69,604)	\$	203,663	\$	(1,090,066)	\$	1,039,509	\$	(486,120)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash												
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:												
Depreciation and Amortization		697,544		41,050		221,887		1,986		962,467		-
Change in Assets and Liabilities:												
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(106,332)		(4,295)		(4,633)		-		(115,260)		-
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Governments		-		-		-		(31,186)		(31,186)		-
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		(2,847)		(17,770)		-		(283,867)		(304,484)		1,349,113
(Increase) Decrease in Lease Receivable		-		-		(368,221)		-		(368,221)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable												
and Accrued Items		(33,213)		78,904		1,473		34,451		81,615		(5,707)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		-		-		(4,211)		-		(4,211)		(8,000)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenue		(28,000)		-		-		(1,137)		(29,137)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(35,252)		(2,805)		23,669		-		(14,388)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows		-		-		357,614		-		357,614		-
Total Adjustments		491,900		95,084		227,578		(279,753)		534,809		1,335,406
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	\$	2,487,416	\$	25,480	\$	431,241	\$	(1,369,819)	\$	1,574,318	\$	849,286
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING												
ACTIVITIES												
Capital Assets Contributed by Capital Projects Fund	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	F F	netery Care Private - Purpose ust Funds	OPEB Trust Fund
ASSETS		_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments:	\$	119,209	\$ -
Mutual Funds			20,621,190
Total Assets		119,209	20,621,190
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		2,900	-
NET POSITION			
Restricted for Care and Maintenance		116,309	-
Restricted for OPEB Benefits			20,621,190
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	116,309	\$ 20,621,190

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ADDITIONS	Cemetery Care Private - Purpose Trust Funds	OPEB Trust Fund
Employer Contributions	\$ -	\$ 1,653,565
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments	<u>-</u>	(3,597,181)
Interest and Dividends	305	499,717
Other Revenues	3,000	<u> </u>
Total Additions	3,305	(1,443,899)
DEDUCTIONS Benefit Payments Operating Expenses in Accordance with Agreement Administrative Expense Total Deductions	11,451 11,451	1,353,977 - 60,371 1,414,348
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(8,146)	(2,858,247)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	124,455	23,479,437
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 116,309	\$ 20,621,190

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island (the Town). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

B. Reporting Entity

The Town was incorporated in 1723. The Town operates under a council/town manager form of government, with a five-member Town Council headed by a Council President. The Town Manager exercises the executive power of the Town government and is responsible to the Town Council for day-to-day operations of the Town's affairs. All legislative powers of the Town are vested in the Town Council.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America(GAAP) require that the reporting entity include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A government is financially accountable for a legally separate organization if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the government. These criteria have been considered and have resulted in the inclusion of the component units as detailed below.

Blended Component Unit

Friends of South Kingstown Parks and Recreation is a nonprofit entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The management of the Town has operational responsibility for the component unit. The operations of the component unit exclusively benefit the Town even though it does not provide services directly to it. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, the blended component unit is appropriately presented as a fund of the primary government.

Fiduciary Component Unit

The Town has established a postretirement health care benefits (OPEB) plan to provide retirement benefits and post-retirement health care benefits primary to employees and their beneficiaries. The Town performs the duties of a governing board for the OPEB plan and is required to make contributions to the OPEB plan.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Fiduciary Component Unit (Continued)

The financial statements of the fiduciary component unit are reported as OPEB Trust fund in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the fiduciary component unit.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and transit functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *School Trust Fund* accounts for the activity of various trust funds established for recreational and educational purposes. The fund's major source of revenue comes from donations and investment income.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The School Improvement Fund is used to account for the construction costs of various school improvements. The fund is primarily supported through the issuance of debt

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The ARPA Fund is used to account for the activity of the expenditure of grant funding received through the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recover Funds program.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Fund is a proprietary (enterprise) fund used to account for the operation and maintenance of the regional wastewater treatment facility, which is owned by the Town and is primarily supported through charges to customers.

The Solid Waste Fund is a proprietary (enterprise) fund used to account for solid waste disposal operations of the Town. The fund is primarily supported through charges to customers.

The *Water Fund* is a proprietary (enterprise) fund used to account for the supply of public water to the South Shore and Middlebridge area of the Town. The fund is primarily supported through charges to customers.

The Town also reports a nonmajor proprietary (enterprise) fund, the *School Cafeteria Fund*, which is an enterprise fund used to account for the provision of meals.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* are used to account for the Town's self-insurance program for medical and dental health insurance coverage for persons covered by the health benefit plan of the Town and for payment of accrued compensated absences that arise and are not included in the annual budget. They also account for funds set aside for nonmajor technological improvements made to the Town.

The *Private Purpose Trust Funds* are used to account for resources legally held in trust for use by parties outside of the Town and cannot be used at the Town's discretion or to support the Town's general operations. The activities of the Town's private purpose trust fund are utilized for the care and maintenance of cemeteries within the Town.

The *OPEB Trust Fund* is used to account for funding of future other postemployment benefits such as health, dental and life insurance for the Town's and School Department's retirees.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the Town the right to use lease assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary, other postemployment benefit trust, and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

F. Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In June 2017, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and as inflows of resources or outflows of resources recognized based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this standard, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

The Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2021 and has applied the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption.

G. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments for the government are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices).

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of donated commodities are stated at fair market value. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangible, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

As the government constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets, the measurement of which is discussed below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs that are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets and that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, the right to use lease equipment, and infrastructure of the government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	15 Years
Buildings	30 to 50 Years
Building Improvements	10 to 40 Years
Equipment	5 to 15 Years
Vehicles	3 to 10 Years
Right-to-Use Lease Equipment	5 Years
Infrastructure	20 to 50 Years

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Leases (Lessee)

The Town determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in right-to-use lease assets and lease liabilities in the statements of net position.

Right-to-use lease assets represent the Town's control of the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Right-to-use lease assets are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. Right-to-use lease assets are amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lease liabilities represent the Town's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, less any lease incentives. Interest expense is recognized ratably over the contract term.

The lease term may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Town will exercise that option.

The Town has elected to recognize payments for short-term leases with a lease term of twelve months or less as expenses as incurred, and these leases are not included as lease liabilities or right-to-use lease assets on the statements of net position.

The individual lease contracts do not provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the Town has elected to use their incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of expected lease payments.

The Town accounts for contracts containing both lease and nonlease components as separate contracts when possible. In cases where the contract does not provide separate price information for lease and nonlease components, and it is impractical to estimate the price of such components, the Town treats the components as a single lease unit.

Leases (Lessor)

The Town determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Leases are included in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources in the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

Lease receivables represent the Town's claim to receive lease payments over the lease term, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Lease receivables are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of expected lease payments over the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

<u>Leases (Lessor) (Continued)</u>

Deferred inflows of resources related to leases are recognized at the commencement date based on the initial measurement of the lease receivable, plus any payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term.

Amounts to be received under residual value guarantees that are not fixed in substance are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources if (a) a guarantee payment is required and (b) the amount can be reasonably estimated. Amounts received for the exercise price of a purchase option or penalty for lease termination are recognized as a receivable and an inflow of resources when those options are exercised.

The Town has elected to recognize payments received for short-term leases with a lease term of twelve months or less as revenue as the payments are received. These leases are not included as lease receivables or deferred inflows on the statements of net position and fund financial statements.

The individual lease contracts do not provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, the Town has elected to use their incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of expected lease payments.

The Town accounts for contracts containing both lease and nonlease components as separate contracts when possible. In cases where the contract does not provide separate price information for lease and nonlease components, and it is impractical to estimate the price of such components, the Town treats the components as a single lease unit.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension/OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension/OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees).

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)</u>

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections and deferred inflows related to leases in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet. In addition, the Town reports deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension/OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension/OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements, business type activities and fiduciary funds is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

Equity (Continued)

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The Town Council is the highest level of decision-making authority and utilizes Town Ordinances as a formal procedure to commit fund balance.

Assigned Fund Balance – This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Town Manager which has been delegated authority by the Town Council.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Policies

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property. Current tax collections for the Town, including the 60-day collections, were approximately 99.07% of the total 2021 levy. The Town's fiscal 2021-2022 property taxes were levied on July 1, 2021 on assessed valuation as of December 31, 2020. Upon levy, taxes are due and payable on August 1 or may be paid in equal quarterly installments on August 1, November 1, February 1, and May 1 following the levy date. The taxpayer may elect to pay the taxes in full by September 1, annually. Taxes due and unpaid after the respective due dates are subject to interest at a rate of 12% per annum calculated on the unpaid portion of the total tax. Property taxes levied are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy.

The Town completed a full revaluation of real and tangible personal property on December 31, 2012 and statistical revaluation performed on December 31, 2018. The latest assessed values were effective for the property tax levy beginning with fiscal year 2019-2020. The Town is required to perform two statistical updates every three years within the nine-year timeframe requirement of a full valuation.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town received \$1,369,885 from the state of Rhode Island as payment in accordance with legislation regarding the phase-out of motor vehicle tax. Motor vehicle values are assessed at a rate of \$18.71 per thousand dollars of assessed value. This rate has been frozen by the State since fiscal year 1998. In addition to freezing the tax rate, the State instituted a program to phase-out the taxation of motor vehicles over a 10-year period, by replacing the loss of motor vehicle tax income with State revenue. This program was restructured in fiscal year 2010-2011 whereby State reimbursement was limited to a maximum of \$500 per vehicle. In addition, the Town provides and additional \$2,500 exemption.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) and Employees' Retirement System plan (ERS) of Rhode Island and additions to/deductions from MERS' and ERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS and ERS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, OPEB Trust Fund and additions to/deductions from OPEB Trust Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Trust Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

Vacation and Sick Leave

The government's policy permits certain employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick benefits. Upon retirement, termination or death, these employees are compensated for unused vacation and sick leave (subject to certain limitations) at their current rates of pay. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. For governmental activities, the General Fund is used to satisfy year this liability as it becomes due, while each enterprise fund accounts for all its settlement of business-type liabilities for compensated absences. The liability for compensated absences is accrued at varying amounts based on the collective bargaining unit contracts of the various unions and includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. The Compensated Absences Reserve Fund was established in June 2008 to account for the accrued liability. It is the recommendation of management to build assets in this reserve fund until 50% of the recorded liabilities are held in reserve. It is the intention of management to minimize property tax requirements to fund these benefits and, as such, transfers from the operating budgets have been recommended.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (Continued)

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the wastewater fund, solid waste fund, water fund, school cafeteria fund and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

I. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

It is the responsibility of the Town Manager to submit a proposed budget for the following fiscal year to the Town Council on or before March 1 of each year. The Town Council may revise and adopt a recommended budget no later than March 22 of each year. Two public hearings are required to be conducted on the preliminary budget prior to April 18.

Following adoption of the preliminary budget by the Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting the Council to increase or decrease by any amount any item of expenditure in the said budget or to insert a new item of expenditure. The Council, before final adoption of the budget, shall consider and vote upon each such petition(s) that were submitted on or before April 21 containing no less than 25 valid signatures of qualified electors of the Town.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

The Council shall, on or before May 1 of each year, complete its consideration of any petitions and make any final changes in the preliminary budget it may deem advisable, and give final approval to the budget by a vote of a majority of all the members of the Council.

Following final approval of the budget by the Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting that a referendum be held on the appropriation for the General Fund or the School Unrestricted Fund in the budget as approved. Such petition may propose a reduction or increase in the total appropriation for said funds.

The Town Clerk shall cause a referendum by ballot to be held on all budget changes requested on petitions, provided that each such petition shall contain signatures of no less than 200 of the qualified electors of the Town and shall request an increase or decrease of a sum of at least \$250,000. The qualified electors shall be instructed to vote either for the original total of for one of the proposed increases or reductions thereof. The appropriation receiving the most votes shall be declared to have been adopted.

The Town Manager may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balances among departments within a major program function and shall report such transfers to the Council in writing in a timely manner. Major program functions within the General Fund are as follows:

- Town general government
- Public safety program
- Public works program
- Human service agency contributions
- Recreation department
- Library services
- Insurances, fund contingency and employment benefits program
- Capital improvement program
- Debt services program
- Transfer to schools

Based on State Statutes, the School Committee is also authorized to spend funds up to the total amount appropriated for the School Unrestricted Fund, which is considered the fund level. The budget of the School Unrestricted Fund is prepared annually and submitted to the School Committee for approval. The amount of the annual transfer from the Town's General Fund to the School Unrestricted Fund is ultimately determined through the adoption of the General Fund budget.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for the General Fund and the School Unrestricted Fund. The Capital Projects Fund is appropriated on a project-length basis. Other special revenue funds and the permanent funds do not have appropriated budgets since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards and endowment requirements) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

NOTE 3 CASH DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

A. Deposits

Substantially all of the Town's cash and cash equivalents are held in public deposit institutions. Pursuant to Section 35-10.1 of the Rhode Island General Laws, as of October 1, 1991, public deposit institutions are required to insure accounts that hold public funds in excess of the \$250,000 which is guaranteed by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). At times, the Town pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash and maximize investment returns.

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk in the case of deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. Rhode Island public law requires 100% of public deposits in a qualified public depository with maturities greater than sixty (60) days are collateralized with either bank segregated assets, in a trust department or in custodial accounts at a Federal Reserve Bank or federal home loan bank. The Town has adopted a "statement of investment objectives, goals and policy guidelines" for investments held in the School Trust Fund. In addition, the Town has guidelines for deposits authorized by Town Code Sec. 4233.H. As such, the entire bank balance of the Town as of June 30, 2022 of \$46,817,527 was insured or collateralized.

NOTE 3 CASH DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (CONTINUED)

B. Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. As of June 30, 2022, the cash equivalent amounted to \$1,957,593. The cash equivalents consisted of certificates of deposit and money market mutual funds held at banking institutions and were not rated.

NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS

State statutes and the Town Charter authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. In addition, the Town has an investment policy that provides for future opportunities longer term investment durations in U.S. Treasuries and Federal Agency obligations for the town's pooled cash, "core" funds and Town's pooled cash liquidity "cushion" funds, which are short term or within FDIC limits.

			Investment Maturities (Years)									
	Credit	Fair		Less				More				
Investment Type	Rating	 Value		Than 1		1 - 10		Than 10				
Interest-Bearing Investments:												
U.S. Government Securities	Aaa	\$ 8,849,551	\$	-	\$	8,849,551	\$	-				
U.S. Government Agencies	Aaa	15,061,996		-		15,061,996		-				
Corporate Bonds	Aaa	 2,014,703		-		2,014,703		-				
Total		25,926,250	\$	_	\$	25,926,250	\$					
Other Investments:						_		_				
Common Stock		43,212										
Real Estate - Public REITs												
Mutual Funds		31,988,242										
Exchange Traded Funds		8,706,655										
Tangible Assets												
Total Investments		\$ 66,664,359										

Interest Rate Risk

Approximately 39% of the Town's investments are in long-term corporate bonds, government bonds, asset-backed securities and certificate of deposits that have interest rates that are fixed for long periods and are subject to more variability in their fair value as a result of future changes in interest rates. The remaining approximately 64% of the investments are held in common stock, mutual funds and alternative investments. These investments do not specify year an interest rate; rather, the rate of return is dependent on operating results and economic conditions.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in U.S. Treasury bills, U.S. Treasury notes and bonds, U.S. Agency obligations, certificate of deposits, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, money market mutual funds and money market mutual funds. It is the government's policy to limit its investments in these investment types.

NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2022, the Town had a diversified portfolio and was not deemed to be concentrated in any one investment category. Although approximately 61% of the investments were held in common stock and mutual funds, these investments were in a wide range of companies and various industries enabling the Town to minimize its risk.

The Town has adopted a "statement of investment objectives, goals and policy guidelines" for investments held in the School Trust Fund, which is where approximately 30% of the Town's investments are maintained. The Town has an investment policy that provides for future opportunities for longer term investment durations in U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency Obligations for the Town's pooled cash, "core" funds and the Town's pooled cash liquidity "cushion" funds which are short term or FDIC insured.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not believe that it has a significant custodial credit risk as substantially all investment securities are registered and held in the name of the Town.

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

		June 30,	Fair Value Measurements Using									
		2022		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3				
Investments by Fair Value Level:												
U.S. Government Securities	\$	8,849,551	\$	8,849,551	\$	-	\$	-				
U.S. Government Agencies		15,061,996		15,061,996		-		-				
Corporate Bonds		2,014,703		-		2,014,703		-				
Common Stock		43,212		43,212		-		-				
Mutual Funds		31,988,242		31,988,242		-		-				
Exchange Traded Funds		8,706,655		8,706,655				<u>-</u>				
Total Investments by Fair												
Value Level	\$	66,664,359	\$	64,649,656	\$	2,014,703	\$					

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

NOTE 5 RECEIVABLES

Amounts are aggregated into one accounts receivable line (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts) and for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is the detail of receivables for each major governmental fund and the aggregate remaining funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

		School										
		Trust				Solid			N	onmajor		
	 General	Fund	Wastewater		Waste		Water		Funds		Total	<u> </u>
Receivables:	 											
Accounts	\$ 390,220	\$ _	\$	556,845	\$	60,484	\$	285,748	\$	4,086	\$ 1,297	,383
Property Taxes	1,276,600	-		-		-		-		-	1,276	,600
Tax Liens	372,926	-		-		-		-		-	372	,926
Other Governments	103,665	-		-		-		-		988,868	1,092	,533
Special Assessments	-	-		46,436		-		-		-	46	,436
Lease Receivable	4,560,838	-		-		-		368,221		34,875	4,963	,934
Gross Receivables	 6,704,249	-		603,281		60,484		653,969		1,027,829	9,049	,812
Less: Allowance for												
Uncollectibles	(704,560)	-		(17,500)		-		(1,000)		-	(723	,060)
Net Total	 											
Receivables	\$ 5,999,689	\$ -	\$	585,781	\$	60,484	\$	652,969	\$ ^	1,027,829	\$ 8,326	,752

NOTE 6 LEASE RECEIVABLES

The Town, acting as lessor, leases real property under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2051 if all renewal options are exercised. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized \$148,427 and \$22,822 in lease revenue and interest revenue, respectively, pursuant to these contracts.

Total future minimum lease payments to be received under lease agreements are as follows:

		Governmen	pe Activities							
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Principal Interest			F	Principal		nterest
2023	\$	274,003	\$	143,648	\$	152,803	\$	9,055		
2024		257,997		133,683		133,792		4,437		
2025		179,292		125,720		81,626		721		
2026		169,191		119,854		-		-		
2027		153,450		114,918		-		-		
2028-2032		932,351		492,177		-		-		
2033 and Thereafter		2,629,429		674,512		<u>-</u> _				
Total	\$	4,595,713	\$	1,804,514	\$	368,221	\$	14,213		

NOTE 7 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	\$ 2,658,395
Wastewater Fund	General Fund	1,560
Solid Waste Fund	General Fund	17,771
School Cafeteria	General Fund	419,842
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	320,018
ARPA Fund	General Fund	4,393,789
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	15,883,472
School Improvement Fund	General Fund	411,174
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	303,107
General Fund	Water Fund	919
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	229,219
Total		\$ 24,639,266

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from advances from one fund (primarily the General Fund) to another fund. The advances may represent balances resulting from operating advances or reimbursement for expenditures paid by one fund on behalf of another fund.

B. Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

				Tra	nsfers In						
			Debt				Internal		Nonmajor		Total
	General	Service		Wastewater		astewater Servi		G	overnmental		Transfers
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds		Out
Transfers Out:											
General Fund	\$ -	\$	1,945,232	\$	4,000	\$	-	\$	3,201,616	\$	5,150,848
School Trust Fund	59,332		-		-		-		528,625		587,957
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 979,950		401,597		-	_			-	_	1,381,547
	 <u>.</u>						<u>.</u>				
Transfers In	\$ 1,039,282	\$	2,346,829	\$	4,000	\$	_	\$	3,730,241	\$	7,120,352

During the year, transfers are used to provide a financing source to various funds that may not have the ability to cover all operating costs with revenue generated by the fund.

NOTE 8 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 for governmental activity was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		djustments/ ncreases*	ustments/ ecreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							<u>.</u>
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated and Amortized:							
Land	\$	14,170,066	\$	-	\$ -	\$	14,170,066
Construction in Progress		2,039,634		3,062,507	 30,000		5,072,141
Total Capital Assets Not Being					 		
Depreciated		16,209,700		3,062,507	30,000		19,242,207
Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized:							
Land Improvements		12,449,965		-	-		12,449,965
Buildings		37,826,872		-	-		37,826,872
Building Improvements		47,068,327		60,905	-		47,129,232
Equipment		7,291,660		254,755	50,894		7,495,521
Vehicles		7,468,790		636,195	525,563		7,579,422
Infrastructure		47,061,887		15,675	-		47,077,562
Right-to-Use Lease Equipment		-		291,763	-		291,763
Intangibles		516,748		30,000	-		546,748
Total Capital Assets Being					 		
Depreciated		159,684,249		1,289,293	576,457		160,397,085
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization for:							
Land Improvements		3,806,450		222,586	-		4,029,036
Buildings		20,301,000		739,931	-		21,040,931
Building Improvements		28,460,874		1,459,169	-		29,920,043
Equipment		5,028,115		363,377	45,908		5,345,584
Vehicles		4,723,328		639,864	513,927		4,849,265
Infrastructure		28,900,310		1,237,361	-		30,137,671
Right-to-Use Lease Equipment		-		87,423	-		87,423
Intangibles		312,866		51,679	-		364,545
Total Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		91,532,943		4,801,390	559,835		95,774,498
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
and Amortized, Net	_	68,151,306	_	(3,512,097)	16,622	_	64,622,587
Governmental Activities Capital							
Assets, Net	\$	84,361,006	\$	(449,590)	\$ 46,622	\$	83,864,794

^{*}Adjustments/Increases during the year ended June 30, 2022 include amounts related to the implementation of GASB Statements No. 87.

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to the functions of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Governmental	l Activities:
--------------	---------------

General Government	\$ 319,307
Public Safety	458,236
Public Works	1,527,293
Public Libraries	113,586
Education	1,702,419
Recreation	680,549
Total	\$ 4,801,390

NOTE 8 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 for business-type activity was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	djustments/ Increases	ljustments/ ecreases	Ending Balance		
Business-Type Activities:		 				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:						
Land	\$ 1,586,530	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,586,530	
Construction in Progress	3,400,545	2,655,239	2,441,827		3,613,957	
Total Capital Assets Not Being					•	
Depreciated	4,987,075	2,655,239	2,441,827		5,200,487	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:						
Land Improvements	2,682,148	-	-		2,682,148	
Buildings	10,563,287	-	-		10,563,287	
Building Improvements	3,241,676	2,386,826	-		5,628,502	
Equipment	7,207,777	9,411	-		7,217,188	
Vehicles	489,728	32,417	20,975		501,170	
Infrastructure	20,843,425	-	-		20,843,425	
Intangibles	199,692	55,000	-		254,692	
Total Capital Assets Being						
Depreciated	45,227,733	2,483,654	20,975		47,690,412	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Land Improvements	993,771	45,496	-		1,039,267	
Buildings	8,400,992	185,647	-		8,586,639	
Building Improvements	1,814,547	114,623	-		1,929,170	
Equipment	5,375,757	276,046	-		5,651,803	
Vehicles	340,808	52,522	20,975		372,355	
Infrastructure	10,197,262	268,164	-		10,465,426	
Intangibles	109,872	19,969	-		129,841	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	27,233,009	962,467	20,975		28,174,501	
Total Capital Assets Being						
Depreciated, Net	 17,994,724	 1,521,187	 		19,515,911	
Business-Type Activities Capital						
Assets, Net	\$ 22,981,799	\$ 4,176,426	\$ 2,441,827	\$	24,716,398	

Depreciation and amortization was charged to the following business-type activities of the primary government as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	
Wastewater	\$ 697,544
Solid Waste	41,050
Water	221,887
Cafeteria	 1,986
Total	\$ 962,467

NOTE 9 FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

TOIIOWS:								
		School		Debt	School		Nonmajor	
	General	Trust		Service	Improvement	(Governmental	
	 Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund	_	Funds	Total
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable for:								
Prepaids	\$ 1,016	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,016
Endowment for Recreation and Education	_	413,233		-	-			413,233
Permanent Funds	_	_		_	-		492,020	492,020
Restricted for:					-		. ,	. , .
Recreational and Educational	_	19,922,586		_	-		847,003	20,769,589
Asset forfeiture	_	-		_	_		297,968	297,968
Libraries Operations	_	_		_	_		1,643,183	1,643,183
K-9 Grant							11,241	11,241
	-	-		-	-		55,896	55,896
Recycling Program	-	-		-	-			
Miscellaneous Donations Fund	-	-		-	-		48,132	48,132
Student Activity	-	-		-	-		291,143	291,143
Human Services	-	-		-	-		279,686	279,686
Committed to:								
Debt Service	-	-		2,658,395	-			2,658,395
Open Space Acquisition	-	-		-	-		1,154,256	1,154,256
General Government - Encumbrances	8,388	-		-	-		-	8,388
Public Safety Department - Encumbrances	186,600	-		-	-		-	186,600
Public Works - Encumbrances	67,276	-		-	-		-	67,276
Libraries - Encumbrances	500	-		-	-		-	500
Recreation - Encumbrances	507	-		-	-		-	507
Municipal Planning	32,935	-		-	-		-	32,935
To Balance Future Budgets - Town	1,263,608	-		-	-		-	1,263,608
To Balance Future Budgets - Schools	247,927	-		-	-		-	247,927
School Surplus Committed for Town	· -	_		-	-		-	· -
Education Encumbrances	31,130	_		_	-		_	31,130
Education	2,408,066	_		_	_		_	2,408,066
Affordable Housing	_,,	_		_	_		113,614	113,614
Animal Shelter Renovations	_	_		_	_		456,792	456,792
Elderly Services							333,719	333,719
Public Safety Support	_	_		_	_		1,706,560	1,706,560
Operation of Peacedale Office Building	-	-		-	-			
	-	-		-	-		228,015	228,015
Property Revaluation	-	-		-	-		193,216	193,216
Maintenance of South Road School	-	-		-	-		349,180	349,180
Municipal Planning Services Grant	-	-		-	-		30,346	30,346
School Restricted	-	-		-	-		66,510	66,510
Community Development	-	-		-	-		35,884	35,884
Capital Equipment Acquisitions	-	-		-	-		4,034,460	4,034,460
Data Processing Improvements	-	-		-	-		245,232	245,232
Neighborhood Guild	-	-		-	-		1,192,685	1,192,685
Park Construction and Maintenance	-	-		-	-		29,685	29,685
Library Improvements	-	-		-	-		149,503	149,503
Public Safety Building Improvement	-	-		-	-		494,249	494,249
Public Service Office Building Improvements	-	-		-	-		46,282	46,282
Infrastructure Improvements	-	-		-	-		3,911,194	3,911,194
Recreation Facility Improvement	_	_		_	-		1,336,228	1,336,228
Maintenance of Historical Records	_	_		_	-		140,532	140,532
School Improvement	_	_		_	411,174		_	411,174
Library	_	_		_			108,275	108,275
Kingstown Recreation Fund	_	_		_	_		203,790	203,790
Senior Services Center Construction	_	=		_	_		108,412	,
Village Infrastructure	-	-		-	-			108,412
S .	-	-		-	-		20,000	20,000
Wastewater Construction	-	-		-	-		5,524,267	5,524,267
Town Hall Improvements	-	-		-	-		251,093	251,093
300th Anniversary	-	-		-	-		19,900	19,900
Opioid Settlement	-	-		-	-		150,781	150,781
School Capital	-	-		-	-		139,621	139,621
Unassigned	 15,639,093		_				(14,000)	 15,625,093
Total Fund Balances	\$ 19,887,046	\$ 20,335,819	\$	2,658,395	\$ 411,174	\$	26,726,553	\$ 70,018,987

Major encumbrances of \$294,401 are reported in the committed fund balance of the General Fund and represent action taken by the governing body, Town Council, to commit future resources for the settlement of these commitments.

NOTE 9 FUND BALANCE (CONTINUED)

Endowments Received

	School
	Trust
	 Fund
Original Principal Received	\$ 413,233
Net Appreciation on Investments	 19,922,586
Total Value	\$ 20,335,819

The original principal remains in the net position on the Statement of Activities and is restricted for the trust principal on the balance sheet – governmental funds. The net appreciation of \$19,922,586 can be authorized for expenditure by the Trustees of South Kingstown School Funds. Income is distributed in keeping with the provisions of the appropriate deed of gift.

The Trustees of the South Kingstown School Funds is a corporation which was created by an Act of the General Assembly at its January Session in 1911. Section 2 of the Act established that the Corporation is authorized to receive and manage all school and educational funds which are placed in its care.

The policy for authorizing and spending investment income is outlined in section III of the Statement of Investment Objectives, Goals and Policy Guidelines for The Trustees. A target spend rate of up to 5% of the portfolio using a trailing 20-quarter average of the market value and to preserve and enhance the future purchasing power of the assets after considering the spending policy.

NOTE 10 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. General Obligation Bonds

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year with maturities that range from 15 to 20 years. General obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

NOTE 10 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

A. General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue		Balance Outstanding Ine 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:						
General Obligation Bonds:						
School Improvement Series 2009 A	11/12/09	11/01/29	2.55% - 5.00%	\$ 1,200,000	\$	480,000
Advance Refunding	11/13/12	06/15/24	1.90%	4,263,000		361,000
Advance Refunding	04/08/15	06/15/27	2.00% - 4.00%	6,935,000		1,545,000
Community Gymnasium / School Imp.						
Series 2017	08/16/17	08/15/37	2.00% - 4.00%	5,420,000		4,240,000
School Improvement Series 2020 A	05/12/20	05/15/40	2.75% - 4.00%	3,875,000		3,485,000
Series 2022 General Obligation Bonds	03/03/22	03/01/42	3.00%-4.00%	7,015,000		7,015,000
Total Governmental Activities				28,708,000		17,126,000
Business Type Activities:						
General Obligation Bonds:						
Wastewater Fund - GO Bond	11/13/02	09/01/23	1.38%	500,000		59,000
Solid Waste Fund - GO Bond	09/03/02	09/01/22	1.14%	2,000,000		128,321
Solid Waste Fund - GO Bond	11/22/05	09/01/25	1.34%	950,000		221,000
Total Business-Type Activities				3,450,000		408,321
Total Outstanding				\$ 32,158,000	\$	17,534,321

The Wastewater bonds payable presented in the financial statements as direct liabilities of the Wastewater and Solid Waste funds are general obligations of the Town backed ultimately by its taxing power. Because the proceeds of the bonds are used entirely for the benefits of the Wastewater and Solid Waste Funds, the liabilities and the related debt service of these bonds are accounted for in these funds. The Wastewater bonds are considered direct placement debt held by the Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank. The agreements do not contain any financial covenants or specify any significant events of default or termination events with finance-related consequences or acceleration clauses.

B. Legal Debt Margin

Of the Town's \$17,534,321 total bonds payable (including bonds payable for the wastewater and solid-waste enterprise funds), approximately \$2,149,157 is subject to its legal debt limits. The \$2,149,157 outstanding does not exceed the Town's legal debt limit of \$157,881,331 which is 3% of the assessed value (\$5,262,711,039) of taxable property of the Town as of December 31, 2020. The total long-term debt bond obligations of the Town of \$17,534,321 represent approximately 0.33% of the assessed value of the taxable property of the Town at June 30, 2022 (assessment date December 31, 2020).

NOTE 10 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

C. Authorized But Unissued Bond Authority

The Town has the following remaining authorized but unissued bond authority as of June 30, 2022:

Purpose	Authorized Amount	Issued	-	Authorized nd Unissued
School Capital Improvements	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 3,980,000	\$	20,000
Town Hall Improvements	300,000	-		300,000
Municipal Land Bank Reserve	750,000	-		750,000
School/Community Gymnasium	4,150,000	4,055,000		95,000
Capital Transportation Improvement	400,000	385,000		15,000
Open Space	3,000,000	700,000		2,300,000
Neighborhood Guild	1,000,000	940,000		60,000
School Improvements	4,000,000	3,875,000		125,000
Town Infrastructure	6,500,000	6,075,000		425,000
Total	\$ 24,100,000	\$ 20,010,000	\$	4,090,000

D. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the government's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

		eginning		A 1 177	_			Ending		Due Within
		Balance	_	Additions	Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds Payable:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1	1,464,000	\$	7,015,000	\$	1,353,000	\$	17,126,000	\$	1,483,000
Issuance Premium on Bonds		472,083		485,751		70,853		886,981		112,422
Total Bonds Payable	1	1,936,083		7,500,751		1,423,853		18,012,981		1,595,422
Compensated Absences		4,963,488		1,777,731		1,769,942		4,971,277		1,801,297
Net Pension Liability	6	8,552,248		-		27,503,985		41,048,263		-
Lease Liability		-		291,763		84,304		207,459		87,016
Claims and Judgments		1,073,566		-		67,097		1,006,469		67,098
Total Governmental		,		,				,		
Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$ 8	6,525,385	\$	9,570,245	\$	30,849,181	\$	65,246,449	\$	3,550,833
Business-Type Activities:										
Bonds Payable:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	613,152			\$	204,831	\$	408,321	\$	210,320
Compensated Absences		267,444		85,025		99,413		253,056		89,808
Total Business-Type										
Activities Long-Term										
Liabilities	\$	880,596	\$	85,025	\$	304,244	\$	661,377	\$	300,128

NOTE 10 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

D. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Compensated absences are normally liquidated by the General Fund inclusive of the School Department. Claims and judgments are liquidated by Solid Waste Fund. The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund inclusive of the School Department.

The debt service requirements for the government's bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		nterest	
2023	\$	1,483,000	\$	530,678	\$	210,320	\$	5,834	
2024		1,358,000		480,686		84,001		3,112	
2025		1,330,000		432,869		55,000		1,722	
2026		1,175,000		388,069		59,000		589	
2027		930,000		349,991		-		-	
2028-2032		4,310,000		1,298,607		-		-	
2032-2036		3,970,000		668,388		-		-	
2037-2041		2,570,000		142,950		<u> </u>			
Total	\$	17,126,000	\$	4,292,238	\$	408,321	\$	11,257	

E. Lease Liability

The Town leases equipment as well as certain operating and office facilities for various terms under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2025.

Total future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal	Ir	nterest				
2023	\$	87,016	\$	3,762				
2024		89,620		963				
2025		30,823						
Total	\$	\$ 207,459		4,725				

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – General, Police and EMT

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time town, noncertified school department general employees, police and emergency medical technicians participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) – an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan – provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at www.ersri.org.

Benefits Provided

General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

Salary – Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under Internal Revenue Code Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

Service – Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – General, Police and EMT (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Final Compensation – Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable FAC will be the greater of the member's highest three-year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five-year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. Monthly benefits are based on 1/12 of this amount.

General Employees:

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012 as described above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – General, Police and EMT (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

General Employees (Continued):

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

Police and EMT Employees:

Members are eligible to retire when they are at least 50 years old and have a minimum of 25 years of contributing service or if they have 27 years of contributing service at any age. Members with less than 25 years of contributing service are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age.

Members who, as of June 30, 2012, had at least 10 years of contributing service, had attained age 45, and had a prior Retirement Date before age 52 may retire at age 52.

Active members on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date, as described in this section, and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members designated as police officers or firefighters were eligible for retirement at or after age 55 with credit for at least 10 years of service or at any age with credit for 25 or more years of service. Members were also eligible to retire and receive a reduced benefit if they are at least age 50 and have at least 20 years of service. If the municipality elected to adopt the 20-year retirement provisions for police officers and/or firefighters, then such a member was eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

A monthly benefit is paid equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service, up to 37.5 years (75% of FAC maximum).

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – General, Police and EMT (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

If the optional 20-year retirement provisions were adopted by the municipality prior to July 1, 2012: benefits are based on 2.50% of the member's FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 2.00% of the member's FAC for each year of service after July 1, 2012. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC.

Active members (including future hires), members who retire after July 1, 2015 and after attaining age 57 with 30 years of service will have a benefit equal to the greater of their current benefit described in (a) and (b) above and one calculated based on a 2.25% multiplier for all years of service.

Other Benefit Provisions:

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Postretirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA (age 55 for members designated as police officers and/or firefighters). When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

- A. The COLA will be suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%; however, an interim COLA may be granted in four-year intervals while the COLA is suspended. The first interim COLA may begin January 1, 2018.
- B. Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%.

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – General, Police and EMT (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

C. The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$25,000 for 2013, \$25,000 for 2014, \$25,168 for 2015, \$25,855 for 2016, and \$26,098 for 2017.

Special Provisions-Rhode Island General Law § 45-21.2-6.1, § 45-21.2-5(5) and § 45-21.2-14(d)

Under these special provisions, the member receives a retirement allowance which is a life annuity terminable at the death of the annuitant, and is an amount equal to the sum of 2.5% of final compensation multiplied by the years of service accrued after July 1, 1993 and 2% of final compensation multiplied by the years of service accrued prior to July 1, 1993. The annual retirement allowance in no event shall exceed 75% of final compensation. The member contribution rate between July 1, 1985 and June 30, 2012 was 8.00%, plus 1.00% for the adoption of the optional COLA, for a total of 9.00%. For service after July 1, 2012, the member contribution rate is 9% plus 1.00% for the adoption of the optional COLA, for a total of 10.00%.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the June 30, 2020 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	<u> Municipal</u>	Police	EMT
Retirees and Beneficiaries	232	51	5
Inactive, Nonretired Members	171	12	15
Active Members	281	53	19
Total	684	116	39

Contributions

The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 2% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 9.25%. Public safety employees are required to contribute 10% of their salaries. The Town contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The Town contributed \$2,773,132 in the year ended June 30, 2022 which was 15.20% of annual covered payroll.

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – General, Police and EMT (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The total pension liability (asset) was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions Used in the Valuations to determine the Net Pension Liability (Asset) at the June 30, 2021 measurement date (June 30, 2020 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021):

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal - the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost

methodology is used.

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll - Closed

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Projected Salary Increases General Employees - 3.50% to 7.25%; Police and Fire

Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Inflation 2.50%

Mortality Mortality - variants of the PUB (10) Tables for Healthy and

Disabled Retirees, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

2019 and 2020 were 1.86% and 1.56%, respectively, and this was reflected in the June 30, 2019 valuation. All future COLAs were assumed to be 2.1% per annum for all MERS

units with the COLA provision.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2021 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2021 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – General, Police and EMT (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Continued)

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Type of Investments	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity:		
U.S. Equity	23.20%	5.83%
International Developed Equity	11.80	6.35
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00	8.04
Private Growth:		
Private Equity	11.25	9.47
Non-Core Real Estate	2.25	5.32
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.50	9.47
Income:		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00	3.19
REITS	1.00	5.32
Equity Options	2.00	5.59
EMD (50/50 Blend)	2.00	1.96
Liquid Credit	2.80	3.19
Private Credit	3.20	3.19
Crisis Protection Class:		
Treasury Duration	5.00	-0.32
Systematic Trend	5.00	3.39
Inflation Protection Class:		
Core Real Estate	3.60	5.32
Private Infrastructure	2.40	5.81
TIPs	2.00	0.30
Volatility Protection:		
IG Fixed Income	3.25	1.14
Securitized Credit	3.25	1.14
Absolute Return	6.50	3.39
Cash	2.00	-0.32
Total	100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – General, Police and EMT (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liabilities (Assets)

Municipal Employee	e's Retireme	ent System - Ger	neral E	Employees				
			Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability			lan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability			
Balances as of July 1, 2021	\$	72,263,589	\$	59,286,469	\$	12,977,120		
Changes for the Year								
Service Cost		1,117,484		-		1,117,484		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		4,948,741		-		4,948,741		
Changes in Benefits		-		-		-		
Difference Between Expected and								
Actual Experience		(101,089)		-		(101,089)		
Changes in Assumptions		-		-		-		
Employer Contributions		-		1,655,036		(1,655,036)		
Employee Contributions		-		370,253		(370,253)		
Net Investment Income		-		15,575,156		(15,575,156)		
Benefit Payments, Including								
Employee Refunds		(4,252,067)		(4,252,067)		-		
Administrative Expense		-		(59,345)		59,345		
Other Changes		-		(563,682)		563,682		
Net Changes		1,713,069		12,725,351		(11,012,282)		
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	73,976,658	\$	72,011,820	\$	1,964,838		

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – General, Police and EMT (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liabilities (Assets) (Continued)

·	Increase (Decrease)								
	T	otal Pension Liability		lan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability				
Balances as of July 1, 2021	\$	35,410,429	\$	25,787,524	\$	9,622,905			
Changes for the Year									
Service Cost		766,679		-		766,679			
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		2,439,151		-		2,439,151			
Changes in Benefits		-		-		-			
Difference Between Expected and									
Actual Experience		97,398		-		97,398			
Changes in Assumptions		-		-		-			
Employer Contributions		-		1,080,517		(1,080,517)			
Employee Contributions		-		389,375		(389,375)			
Net Investment Income		-		6,991,367		(6,991,367)			
Benefit Payments, Including									
Employee Refunds		(1,897,520)		(1,897,520)		-			
Administrative Expense		·		(26,639)		26,639			
Other Changes		-		-		-			
Net Changes		1,405,708		6,537,100		(5,131,392)			
Balances as of June 30, 2022	_\$_	36,816,137	\$	32,324,624	\$	4,491,513			

Municipal Employee's Retirement System - EMT

·		Š	Increa	ase (Decrease)			
	To	otal Pension Liability		an Fiduciary let Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)		
Balances as of July 1, 2021	\$	4,247,678	\$	\$ 4,829,938		(582,260)	
Changes for the Year							
Service Cost		220,708		-		220,708	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		300,383		-		300,383	
Changes in Benefits		-		-		-	
Difference Between Expected and							
Actual Experience		10,548		_		10,548	
Changes in Assumptions		-		_		-	
Employer Contributions		-		37,579		(37,579)	
Employee Contributions		-		108,297		(108,297)	
Net Investment Income		-		1,334,293		(1,334,293)	
Benefit Payments, Including						,	
Employee Refunds		(133,691)		(133,691)		-	
Administrative Expense		-		(5,084)		5,084	
Other Changes		-		(2,221)		2,221	
Net Changes		397,948		1,339,173		(941,225)	
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	4,645,626	\$	6,169,111	\$	(1,523,485)	

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – General, Police and EMT (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

				Current Discount			
		1% Decrease (6.0%)		Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)		
General Employees	\$	8,402,643	\$	1,964,838	\$	(6,252,169)	
Police EMT		7,676,905 (1,130,387)		4,491,513 (1,523,485)		426,004 (2,025,036)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the employer recognized pension revenue of \$203,030. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Municipal		Police			EMT	Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Difference Between Expected and Actual								
Experience	\$	150,161	\$	423,864	\$	49,687	\$	623,712
Changes of Assumptions		-		753,451		79,628		833,079
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual								
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		1,253,689		533,043		94,926		1,881,658
Town Contributions Subsequent to the								
Measurement Date		1,603,790		1,115,687		42,813		2,762,290
Total Deferred Outflows of								
Resources	\$	3,007,640	\$	2,826,045	\$	267,054	\$	6,100,739
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Difference Between Expected and Actual								
Experience	\$	591,756	\$	1,113,969	\$	420,219	\$	2,125,944
Changes of Assumptions	Ψ	339,253	Ψ	-	Ψ	28,099	Ψ	367,352
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		000,200				20,000		00.,002
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		9.324.275		4,205,820		804.674		14,334,769
Total Deferred Inflows of				, ,				, ,
Resources	\$	10,255,284	\$	5,319,789	\$	1,252,992	\$	16,828,065

Total of the Town contributions subsequent to measurement date of \$2,762,290 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions above will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period.

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – General, Police and EMT (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Municipal		Police		EMT	
2023	\$	(2,221,028)	\$	(752,336)	\$	(264,810)
2024		(2,183,956)		(748,380)		(256,956)
2025		(2,131,391)		(1,005,411)		(254,556)
2026		(2,315,059)		(1,119,372)		(240,593)
2027		-		16,068		(14,002)
Thereafter						2,166
Total	\$	(8,851,434)	\$	(3,609,431)	\$	(1,028,751)

B. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island - Teachers

Plan Description

All full-time teachers, principals, school nurses and certain other school officials (including the superintendent) in the town's school system must participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan – the Employees' Retirement System plan – administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries

The System issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – Teachers (Continued)

Eligibility and Plan Benefits

The level of benefits provided to participants is established by Chapter 36-10 of the General Laws, which is subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Member benefit provisions vary based on service credits accumulated at dates specified in various amendments to the General Laws outlining minimum retirement age, benefit accrual rates and maximum benefit provisions. In general, members accumulate service credits for each year of service subject to maximum benefit accruals of 80% or 75%. For those hired after June 30, 2012, the benefit accrual rate is 1% per year with a maximum benefit accrual of 40%. Members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at any age. The retirement eligibility age increases proportionately for other members reflecting years of service and other factors until it aligns with the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, which applies to any member with less than five years of service as of July 1, 2012. Members are vested after five years of service.

The plan provides for survivor's benefits for service-connected death and certain lump sum death benefits. Joint and survivor benefit provision options are available to members.

Cost of living adjustments are provided but are currently suspended until the collective plans administered by ERSRI reach a funded status of 80%. Until the plans reach an 80% funded status, interim cost of living adjustments are provided at four-year intervals commencing with the plan year ended June 30, 2016.

The plan also provides nonservice-connected disability benefits after five years of service and service-connected disability benefits with no minimum service requirement.

Contributions

The funding policy, as set forth in the General Laws, Section 16-16-22, provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions to the plan. For fiscal 2019, full-time teachers, principals, school nurses and certain other school officials were required to contribute 3.75% of their annual covered salary, except for teachers with 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 must contribute 11% of their annual covered salary. The State and the School are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, 40% of which is to be paid by the state and the remaining 60% is to be paid by the School; the rates were 10.94% and 14.78% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 for the state and School, respectively. The School contributed \$4,049,647, \$3,976,714, and \$3,760,382 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – Teachers (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$2,993,805 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

At June 30, 2022, the School reported a liability of \$34,591,912 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for contributions made by the state. The amount recognized by the School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School were as follows:

School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension

Liability \$ 34,591,912

State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Lability

Associated with the School 25,653,004
Total Net Pension Liability \$ 60,244,916

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the School's proportion was 1.47%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School recognized gross pension expense of \$1,352,839 and revenue of \$638,900 for support provided by the State in Exhibit II. At June 30, 2022, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – Teachers (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 347,211
Changes of Assumption	1,448,558
Changes in Proportionate Share of Employer	
Contributions	1,841,708
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	4,049,647
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 7,687,124
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 1,117,339
Change of Assumptions	760,713
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual	
Earning on Pension Plan Investments	8,096,647
Changes in Proportionate Share of Employer	
Contributions	3,837,777
0 0 1 11 12 11 10 11	-,,
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 13,812,476

The \$4,049,647 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School contributions in fiscal year 2022 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2023	\$ (2,360,577)
2024	(2,229,024)
2025	(2,446,726)
2026	(2,702,173)
2027	(488,490)
Thereafter	 51,991
Total	\$ (10,174,999)

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – Teachers (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 3.0% to 13.0%

Investment Rate of Return 7.0%

Mortality – variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables – for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2021 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 39 sources. The June 30, 2021 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – Teachers (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Type of Investments	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity:		
U.S. Equity	23.20%	5.83%
International Developed Equity	11.80	6.35
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00	8.04
Private Growth:		
Private Equity	11.25	9.47
Non-Core Real Estate	2.25	5.32
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.50	9.47
Income:		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00	3.19
REITS	1.00	5.32
Equity Options	2.00	5.59
EMD (50/50 Blend)	2.00	1.96
Liquid Credit	2.80	3.19
Private Credit	3.20	3.19
Crisis Protection Class:		
Treasury Duration	5.00	-0.32
Systematic Trend	5.00	3.39
Inflation Protection Class:		
Core Real Estate	3.60	5.32
Private Infrastructure	2.40	5.81
TIPs	2.00	0.30
Volatility Protection:		
IG Fixed Income	3.25	1.14
Securitized Credit	3.25	1.14
Absolute Return	6.50	3.39
Cash	2.00	-0.32
Total	100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island – Teachers (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

		Current	
		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(6.0%)	(7.0%)	(8.0%)
Teachers	\$ 43,686,936	\$ 34,591,912	\$ 22,984,063

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

C. Aggregated Pension Information

The Town recognized the following amounts related to pension plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022:

		RS icipal	MERS Police	 MERS EMT	ERS	 Total
Net Pension Asset	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,523,485	\$ _	\$ 1,523,485
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Related to Pensions	3,0	007,640	2,826,045	267,054	7,687,124	13,787,863
Net Pension Liability	1,9	964,838	4,491,513	-	34,591,912	41,048,263
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Related to Pensions	10,2	255,284	5,319,789	1,252,992	13,812,476	30,640,541
Pension Expense		49,788	(37,860)	(214,958)	713,939	510,909

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. State and TIAA-CREF Administered Defined Contribution Benefit Plan Covering Teachers in ERS and Certain Municipal Employees Participating in MERS

Plan Description

Employees participating in the defined benefit plan with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012, as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute between 1% and 1.5% of annual covered salary depending on the employee's total years of service as of June 30, 2012. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service (IRS) guidelines for such plans.

Teachers that Contribute to Social Security

Plan Funding Policy

The funding policy is outlined in RIGL chapter 36-10.3 (which can be amended by the Rhode Island General Assembly). Contribution rates are:

	Employee Contribution	Employer Contribution			
ERS - teachers - contribute to Social Security - less than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012	5%	1% to 1.5% depending on years of service			
ERS - teachers - more than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012	No DC plan contribu employer) after July	` · ·			

The System issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for all of the plans it administers. The reports can be obtained at www.ersri.org.

The plan members and town contributed \$1,472,809 and \$339,315, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 for teacher plan members.

NOTE 11 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. State and TIAA-CREF Administered Defined Contribution Benefit Plan Covering Teachers in ERS and Certain Municipal Employees Participating in MERS (Continued)

General Employees in MERS that Contribute to Social Security

Plan Funding Policy

The funding policy is outlined in RIGL chapter 36-10.3 (which can be amended by the Rhode Island General Assembly. The contribution rates are:

	Employee Contribution	Employer Contribution
MERS - general employees who contribute to Social Security - and had less than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012	5%	1% to 1.5% depending on years of service
MERS - general employees - more than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012	No DC plan contribu employer) after July	itions (employee and 1, 2015

The plan members and town contributed \$381,971 and \$84,842, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 for town plan members.

The System issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for all of the plans it administers. The reports can be obtained at www.ersri.org.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

A. The Town of South Kingstown OPEB Trust (the Trust)

Plan Description

The Trust is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Town. Most full-time employees of the Town and School Department are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees. The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

The Trust Fund investments are managed by Vanguard Institutional Advisory Services (VIAS) and services are administered by Public Agency Retirement Services. All costs for management and administration are paid by the assets in the Trust Fund.

Benefits Provided

The Trust provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

A. The Town of South Kingstown OPEB Trust (the Trust) (Continued)

Eligibility

General Employees

Members who have retired under the Municipal Employee Retirement System, shall be eligible to receive medical benefits for self and spouse. Eligibility for retirement is the earlier of completion of 30 years of service regardless of age, or age 58 with 10 years of service.

Police and EMT

Members who have retired under the Municipal Employees Retirement System for police and emergency management technicians shall be eligible to receive medical benefits for self and spouse. Minimum eligibility for retirement is completion of 20 years of service regardless of age. A member of the police department may retire provided they have earned a retirement allowance of at least 50%.

Teachers and Administrators

Members who have retired under the Employees' Retirement System of Rhode Island, with a minimum of 10 years of service with the South Kingstown School Department, shall be eligible to receive medical and dental benefits for self and spouse. If vested by July 1, 2005 (Schedule A), eligibility is the earlier of 28 years of service, or age 60 with 10 years of service. If vested after July 1, 2005 (Schedule B) normal retirement age is the earlier of age 65 with 10 years of service, or age 59 with 29 years of service. Early retirement is age 55 with 20 years of service.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Participants
Active Employees	615
Retirees	72_
Total	687

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

A. The Town of South Kingstown OPEB Trust (the Trust) (Continued)

Contributions

Town Employees hired before July 1, 2006

30 years of service: For four years, the Town shall pay \$5,500 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

25 years of service: For three years, the Town shall pay \$4,500 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

20 years of service: For three years, the Town shall pay \$2,500 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible.

Town Employees hired after July 1, 2006

30 years of service: For three years, the Town shall pay \$4,000 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

25 years of service: For three years, the Town shall pay \$2,666 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

20 years of service: For three years, the Town shall pay \$1,333 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible.

Police Employees

The Town is obligated to provide health insurance coverage until the retiree reaches age 65, or until the retiree or spouse obtains an alternative health insurance plan. Employees retiring on or after July 1, 2007 shall contribute 70% of the health care premium co-share that they were paying as an active employee at the time of their retirement.

EMT Employees

The Town pays \$4,000 per year towards health insurance for employees who have 30 years or more of service or until Medicare eligible; \$2,666 per year for 25 years of service and \$1,333 for 20 years of service. The benefit is paid for three years for eligible employees.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

A. The Town of South Kingstown OPEB Trust (the Trust) (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Public Works Employees hired before July 1, 2005

These employees will receive the same medical insurance plan and shall be subject to the same premium co-payment as active employees covered under the collective bargaining agreement until age 65. Further, members who retire due to disability after July 1, 2005 will be eligible to receive health care for a 60-month period from the date of retirement or until age 65, whichever comes first. If any such retired employee or his or her spouse has an alternative medical plan available for said retiree, then this provision shall not apply.

Public Works Employees hired after July 1, 2005

30 years of service: For three years, the Town shall pay \$4,000 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

25 years of service: For three years, the Town shall pay \$2,666 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

20 years of service: For three years, the Town shall pay \$1,333 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible.

School Employees

The Town of South Kingstown School Department pays 100% of the cost of life, dental and health insurance benefits for teachers and administrator retirees who retired prior to September 1, 2008 for a period of up to five years after retirement or until the retiree reaches the age of 70. Teacher and administrator retirees who retired after September 1, 2008 pay the amount of their employee cost-share at the time of their retirement, for health insurance only, for the five-year period.

To be eligible for postemployment benefits, the employee must be eligible to retire under the MERS.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, town and school plan members contributed \$185,275 of premium payments. The Town is required to contribute the balance of the current premium cost and may contribute an additional amount as determined by the Town in order to prefund benefits.

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

A. The Town of South Kingstown OPEB Trust (the Trust) (Continued)

<u>Investments</u>

Investment Policy

The Trust's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the VIAS discretionary investment management agreement approved and singed by the Town's plan administrator and any other investment policy established by the Town. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduced risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Town's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over a short-term span.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was -14.32%. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Asset of the Town

The components of the net OPEB asset of the Town at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 17,310,109
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	20,621,190
Town's Net OPEB Asset	\$ (3,311,081)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability

119.1%

The Town's net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.20% per year

Projected Salary Increases 3.25% Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Initial rate of 7.50% decreasing by 0.50% annually to an

ultimate rate of 4.50%

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

A. The Town of South Kingstown OPEB Trust (the Trust) (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)</u>

Mortality rates were based on the following:

- Healthy School NEA (Teachers) Participants: SOA Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.
- Healthy IBPO/EMT Participants: SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.
- All Other Healthy Participants: SOA Pub-2010 General Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.
- Surviving Spouses: SOA Pub-2010 Continuing Survivor Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.
- Disabled IBPO/EMT Participants: SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety Disabled Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.
- All Other Disabled Participants: SOA Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is assumed to be 6.50%. This was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These expected real future rates are then combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting them based on the target asset allocation percentage and by adding in expected inflation (2.20%). The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB Plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	33.00 %	6.50 %
Non-U.S. Equity	21.00	8.40
U.S. Aggregate Bonds	15.00	4.00
Intermediate-Term Credit	10.00	4.60
Short-Term Credit	5.00	4.20
Intermediate-Term TIPS	10.00	3.70
REITs	6.00	6.40
Total	100.00 %	

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

A. The Town of South Kingstown OPEB Trust (the Trust) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 and 2021 was 6.50% and 6.25%, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

		Increase (Decrease)						
	Total OPEB Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net OPEB Liability (Asset)			
Balances as of July 1, 2021	\$	17,632,468	\$	23,479,437	\$	(5,846,969)		
Changes for the Year								
Service Cost		652,493		-		652,493		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		1,101,140		-		1,101,140		
Changes in Benefits		135,876		-		135,876		
Changes in Assumptions		(88,865)		-		(88,865)		
Difference Between Expected and								
Actual Experience		(769,026)		-		(769,026)		
Employer Contributions		-		1,653,565		(1,653,565)		
Retired Members Contributions		-		-		-		
Net Investment Income		-		(3,097,464)		3,097,464		
Benefit Payments		(1,353,977)		(1,353,977)		-		
Administrative Expense		-		(60,371)		60,371		
Other Changes		-						
Net Changes		(322,359)		(2,858,247)		2,535,888		
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	17,310,109	\$	20,621,190	\$	(3,311,081)		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset (Liability) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset (liability) of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	e Discount	1% Increase	
	(5.50%)	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	
Net OPEB Asset (Liability)	\$ (2,158,11	6) \$ (3,311,081)	\$ (4,379,919)	

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

A. The Town of South Kingstown OPEB Trust (the Trust) (Continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset (Liability) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend</u> Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset (liability) of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

			Hea	althcare Cost			
	1% Decrease		Trend Rates		1% Increase		
	`	(6.50% Decreasing to 3.50%)		(7.50% Decreasing to 4.50%)		(8.50% Decreasing to 5.50%)	
Net OPEB Asset (Liability)	\$	(4,664,505)	\$	(3,311,081)	\$	(1,764,340)	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$71,226. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows s of Resources
Difference Between Expected and		
Actual Experience	\$	- \$ (6,910,973)
Changes of Assumptions	2,037,97	(80,786)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	1,821,69	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 3,859,67	(6,991,759)

NOTE 12 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

A. The Town of South Kingstown OPEB Trust (the Trust) (Continued)

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
	Outflow (Inflow)
Year Ending June 30,	of Resources
2023	\$ (408,762)
2024	(386,704)
2025	(419,484)
2026	207,063
2027	(707,396)
Thereafter	(1,416,800)
Total	\$ (3,132,083)

NOTE 13 TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2022, the Town provides tax abatements through multiple programs:

- Welcome House of South County
- The Jewish Children's Home of Rhode Island
- South Kingstown Land Trust
- South County Hospital

The Welcome House of South County Program (Welcome House Program) provides real property tax abatements to encourage emergency shelter, transitional and permanent supportive housing to homeless men, women and families in Washington County. Authority for the Welcome House Program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 2003, Chapter 220). Eligibility requirements for the Welcome House Program are that guests are required to complete community service weekly, refrain from any drug or alcohol use, actively seek employment, meet weekly with a case manager, save income and look to better their lives. The abatement is granted on 75% of the taxes and are assessed at the 25% remaining value excluding the administrative building and homeless shelter which are tax exempt. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, taxes abated through this program total \$37,118. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program, however any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

NOTE 13 TAX ABATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Jewish Children's Home of Rhode Island Program (Camp JORI) provides real property tax abatements for the provision of a summer camp for disadvantaged Jewish children including full-pay tuition. Authority for the Camp JORI abatement program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 2003, Chapter 220). Eligibility requirements for the Camp JORI are that the program provide disadvantaged children with opportunities and allows the children cultural enrichment. The abatement is granted on the excess land value generally assessed as "open space" and carrying a value of \$500 to \$5,000 per acre. A payment in lieu of taxes is made annually and is based on the current year tax rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, taxes abated through this program total \$61,476. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program; however, any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

The South Kingstown Land Trust Abatement Program (SK Land Trust) provides real property tax abatements to encourage the conservation of natural resources of the Town through preservation and stewardship of open spaces. Authority for the SK Land Trust Program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 2003, Chapter 220). Eligibility requirements are that the recipient provides lasting protection of the Town's open spaces, wildlife habitats, farm and forest lands, aquifers and recharge areas and coastal ecosystems. The abatement is granted on 50% of the property value. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, taxes abated through this program total \$4,134. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program, however any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

The South County Hospital Abatement Program (So Co Hospital) provides real property tax abatements to property owned by So Co Hospital and leased to for-profit business corporations in order to encourage the construction of such facilities. Authority for the So Co Hospital Abatement Program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 1997, Chapter 245). Eligibility requirements are that the property being leased in the aforementioned manner is not to exceed 85% of the space. The abatement is granted on 100% of the property value being leased to the commercial entities with a payment in lieu of taxes made instead that is based on an agreed-upon value modified by the current tax rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, taxes abated through this program total \$637,326. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program; however, any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

NOTE 14 SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Community Septic System Loan Program

On August 30, 2002, the Town entered into an agreement with the Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency to finance the Town's Community Septic System Loan Program. The loan agreement provides the Town with a \$300,000 nonrestoring line of credit. The proceeds of the loan shall be used by the Town for the establishment of an operation of a Community Septic System Loan Program. The Program provides for the Town to make loans to property owners of the Town for the repair or replacement of failed or failing septic systems. The individual loans to be made to property owners shall be underwritten by the Town with the assistance of the Rhode Island Housing Mortgage Finance Corporation (RIHMFC). RIHMFC, on behalf of the Town, shall perform all administrative functions related to servicing the individual loans, including disbursing loans to property owners and collecting and remitting borrower loan payments. The loan has a zero interest rate to the Town and 4% to property owners. The Town is only required to make principal repayments in the event that individual property owners default on their loans. Accordingly, the potential liability has not been accrued (reported) in the Town's financial statements. As of June 30, 2022, there are \$300,000 in loans issued and an available (nonrestoring) line-of-credit balance of \$-0-.

In June 2005, the Town Council authorized and entered into a second agreement with Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency to finance the Town's Community Septic System Loan Program. The loan agreement provides the Town with an additional \$1,000,000 nonrestoring line of credit that will be funded in three increments of \$300,000 and a final increment of \$100,000. Each increment will be funded only upon the complete drawdown of all prior increments. The proceeds of the loan shall be used by the Town towards the operation of the community Septic System Loan Program. The terms of the loan program are consistent with the terms described in the above-noted paragraph except that the new agreement has a 2% (versus 4%) interest rate to property owners. As of June 30, 2022, there are \$1,000,000 in loans issued and an available (nonrestoring) line-of-credit balance of \$-0-.

In August 2010, the Board of Directors of the Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency, pursuant to policies and procedures adopted in accordance with Title VI of the Federal Clean Water Act and Chapter 12.2 of the Rhode Island General Laws, notified the Town that it has been approved for an additional \$1,000,000 of funding for the Community Septic System Loan Program. The loan total will be funded in three increments of \$300,000 and a final increment of \$100,000. As of June 30, 2022, there is an available line-of-credit balance of \$148.017.

NOTE 15 RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Rhode Island Inter-Local Risk Management Trust

The Town is a member of the Rhode Island Inter-Local Risk Management Trust. This cooperative pool with other Rhode Island cities and towns provides insurance coverage for the Town's risks of loss.

The Town became a member on July 1, 1988. The Trust provides all property, liability and workers' compensation insurance coverage for the Town. Property and liability claims are subject to a \$2,500 deductible with the exception of public officials' liability claims, which are subject to a \$5,000 deductible. The Trust's self-insured retention levels range from \$10,000 to \$1,000,000 depending on the type of coverage provided. In addition to the self-insurance provided by the Trust, there is also reinsurance through third-party sources for claims up to \$5,000,000.

The Trust is a nonprofit organization that is governed by a Board of Trustees composed of officials of member organizations or their representatives. In addition to insurance coverage, the Trust provides risk management services with emphasis on loss control, risk management, education and training, claims administration and other services to its members.

Upon joining the trust, members sign a participation agreement that outlines the rights and responsibilities of both the members and the Trust. The agreement states that for premiums paid by members, the Trust will assume financial responsibility for members' losses up to the maximum amount of insurance purchased, minus members' deductible amounts. Additionally, should a member decide to withdraw from the Trust, the participation agreement requires three months' notice and the payment of a severance penalty.

There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the previous year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage since becoming a member of the Trust on July 1, 1988.

NOTE 16 CONTINGENCIES

Liabilities for legal cases and other claims against governmental funds are recorded in the governmental funds when the ultimate liability can be estimated, and such cases are expected to be settled with available expendable financial resources.

The Town has been notified by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that two former landfills have been placed on the Superfund list. The Rose Hill Regional Landfill was previously operated by the towns of South Kingstown and Narragansett, Rhode Island. A Record of Decision (ROD) was issued in December 1999, which delineates EPA's approved remediation strategy for the site. Consent Decree negotiations with EPA began in November 2000 and were completed in January 2003. The towns have paid \$4,125,000 to settle all past and future federal liabilities associated with the Rose Hill site. South Kingstown's \$2,000,000 payment to the Federal Government was funded with a 20-year general obligation bond sold in September 2002 at an interest rate of 1.648%. Repayment of the

NOTE 16 CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

debt service associated with this bond will be provided from funds held in reserve within the Solid Waste Fund and from property taxes. The Town also paid \$504,932 for state natural resource damages and \$62,500 for its share of federal natural resource damages. The Consent Decree also requires reimbursement of 30% of the state of Rhode Island costs associated with the remediation of this landfill site and ongoing operation and maintenance costs. This cost of \$3,941,566 will also be shared equally between the two towns. The remaining balance of the Town's share of the estimated cost of reimbursing the State is \$1,006,468 at June 30, 2022. Accordingly, this amount has been reported as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. This balance will be paid off during fiscal year ending 2037.

In addition to the above, the government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, management does not anticipate that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

The Town has received grants from various federal and state agencies for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Town officials are of the opinion that such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (BUDGETARY BASIS)

				Variance with Final Budget -	
	Budge	ted Amounts		Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Property Tax Revenues	\$ 77,280,801	\$ 77,280,801	\$ 77,584,897	\$ 304,096	
Intergovernmental Revenues	8,042,356	8,042,356	8,226,188	183,832	
Licenses, Fees, Tuition, and Rent	1,695,522	1,787,522	1,981,505	193,983	
Other Local Revenues	1,934,583	2,129,556	2,056,911	(72,645)	
Use of Fund Balance	1,813,410	1,650,562	1,320,208	(330,354)	
Total Revenues	90,766,672	90,890,797	91,169,709	278,912	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	4,964,741	4,902,262	4,570,250	332,012	
Public Safety	12,921,770	· · ·	12,728,606	351,504	
Public Works	3,202,209		2,712,426	490,083	
Human Service Agency Contribution		79,000	79,000	, -	
Recreation	2,046,299	·	1,893,126	190,444	
Public Libraries	1,329,464		1,266,446	63,018	
Education	61,919,646		61,968,758	75,895	
Pension and Other Employee Benefits	989,251		945,118	46,433	
Total Expenditures	87,373,380	87,713,119	86,163,730	1,549,389	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	3,393,292	3,177,678	5,005,979	1,828,301	
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers In	1,223,921	1,218,226	1,225,676	7,450	
Transfers Out	(4,603,635	(4,603,635)	(4,613,635)	(10,000)	
Total Other Financing Uses	(3,379,714	(3,385,409)	(3,387,959)	(2,550)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES	\$ 13,578	\$ (207,731)	1,618,020	\$ 1,825,751	
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures is different net change in fund balance because of the following reco					
Use of Fund Balance is Not a GAAP Revenue			(1,320,208)		
Cancellation of Prior Year Encumbrances is Not a GAAF			(8,442)		
Reimbursement of Fund Balance from School Dept to To	own-Prior Year		(537,213)		
Recognition of Fair Market Value of Investments			(744,798)		
Change in Encumbrances			62,580		
Total Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP Basis			\$ (930,061)		

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Difference Between Expected and Actual	\$ 1,117,484 4,948,741	\$ 1,152,324 4,917,590	\$ 1,203,577 4,749,160	\$ 1,218,311 4,576,056	\$ 1,188,057 4,486,906	\$ 1,177,994 4,294,016	\$ 1,178,841 4,112,669 1,025,090
Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of	(101,089) -	(916,985) (605,921)	315,654 -	308,036	213,561 3,074,881	388,521 -	(897,943) -
Employee Contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(4,252,067) 1,713,069	(3,917,097) 629,911	<u>(3,756,129)</u> 2,512,262	(3,488,130) 2,614,273	(3,375,303) 5,588,102	(3,212,066) 2,648,465	<u>(2,788,503)</u> 2,630,154
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	72,263,589	71,633,678	69,121,416	66,507,143	60,919,041	58,270,576	55,640,422
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 73,976,658	\$ 72,263,589	\$ 71,633,678	\$ 69,121,416	\$ 66,507,143	\$ 60,919,041	\$ 58,270,576
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employee Net Investment Income (Loss) Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions Pension Plan Administrative Expense Other Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 1,655,036 370,253 15,575,156 (4,252,067) (59,345) (563,682) 12,725,351	\$ 1,616,179 388,409 2,164,425 (3,917,097) (59,635) 266,883 459,164	\$ 1,574,009 398,154 3,642,487 (3,756,129) (56,923) (246,782) 1,554,816	\$ 1,454,110 416,695 4,285,588 (3,488,130) (57,052) 116,920 2,728,131	\$ 1,481,417 431,900 5,792,423 (3,375,303) (54,725) 36,837 4,312,549	\$ 1,392,328 420,375 (6,478) (3,212,066) (57,861) (79,911) (1,543,613)	\$ 1,420,102 246,747 1,213,363 (2,788,503) (48,275) 293,093 336,527
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	59,286,470	58,827,306	57,272,490	54,544,359	50,231,810	51,775,423	51,438,896
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	72,011,821	59,286,470	58,827,306	57,272,490	54,544,359	50,231,810	51,775,423
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,964,837	\$ 12,977,119	\$ 12,806,372	\$ 11,848,926	\$ 11,962,784	\$ 10,687,231	\$ 6,495,153
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	97.34%	82.04%	82.12%	82.86%	82.01%	82.46%	88.85%
Covered Payroll	\$ 13,271,777	\$ 13,290,936	\$ 13,373,078	\$ 12,946,981	\$ 12,761,089	\$ 12,335,012	\$ 12,266,819
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.80%	97.64%	95.76%	91.52%	93.74%	86.64%	52.95%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total Pension Liability:							
Service Cost	\$ 766,679	\$ 778,731	\$ 753,057	\$ 712,220	\$ 611,529	\$ 600,941	\$ 553,069
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,439,151	2,390,723	2,320,873	2,169,463	2,164,555	2,186,552	2,031,908
Changes of Benefit Terms Difference Between Expected and Actual	-	-	-	-	-	-	948,578
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	97,398	(1,151,920)	(265,606)	1,045,056	(687,204)	(1,391,195)	163,450
Changes of Assumptions	97,390	(1,151,920)	(200,000)	1,045,056	1,737,944	(1,391,195)	103,450
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of	-	330,030	-	-	1,737,944	-	-
Employee Contributions	(1,897,520)	(1,859,146)	(1,787,461)	(1,780,867)	(1,710,279)	(1,679,490)	(1,638,543)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,405,708	717,038	1,020,863	2,145,872	2,116,545	(283,192)	2,058,462
Tet orlange in Total Tension Elability	1,400,700	717,000	1,020,000	2,140,072	2,110,040	(200, 102)	2,000,402
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	35,410,429	34,693,391	33,672,528	31,526,656	29,410,111	29,693,303	27,634,841
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 36,816,137	\$ 35,410,429	\$ 34,693,391	\$ 33,672,528	\$ 31,526,656	\$ 29,410,111	\$ 29,693,303
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:							
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,080,517	\$ 1,045,441	\$ 819,275	\$ 786,772	\$ 825,285	\$ 794,657	\$ 712,921
Contributions - Employee	389,375	382,105	367,885	346,748	328,146	319,163	251,692
Net Investment Income (Loss)	6,991,367	941,449	1,565,078	1,814,095	2,453,239	(7,368)	511,433
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of	2,02.,02.	,	,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_, ,	(1,000)	211,122
Employee Contributions	(1,897,520)	(1,859,146)	(1,787,461)	(1,780,867)	(1,710,279)	(1,679,490)	(1,638,543)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(26,639)	(25,939)	(24,458)	(24,150)	(23,177)	(19,819)	(19,499)
Other	-	27,120	92,649	, ,	2,262	(5,036)	416
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	6,537,100	511,030	1,032,968	1,142,598	1,875,476	(597,893)	(181,580)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	25,787,524	25,276,494	24,243,526	23,100,928	21,225,452	21,823,345	22,004,925
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	32,324,624	25,787,524	25,276,494	24,243,526	23,100,928	21,225,452	21,823,345
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 4,491,513	\$ 9,622,905	\$ 9,416,897	\$ 9,429,002	\$ 8,425,728	\$ 8,184,659	\$ 7,869,958
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage							
of the Total Pension Liability	87.80%	72.82%	72.86%	72.00%	73.27%	72.17%	73.50%
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,893,748	\$ 3,821,056	\$ 3,678,831	\$ 3,467,480	\$ 3,284,260	\$ 3,213,589	\$ 3,128,217
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of							
Covered Payroll	115.35%	251.84%	255.98%	271.93%	256.55%	254.69%	251.58%
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^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS EMT LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	 2022	2021	2020		2019		2018	2017	2016
Total Pension Liability: Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Changes of Benefit Terms	\$ 220,708 300,383	\$ 210,513 284,831 -	\$ 177,617 290,630	\$	157,663 278,283	\$	152,115 257,163	\$ 144,725 245,078 -	\$ 144,842 219,726 180,010
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience of the Total Pension Liability Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of	10,548	(102,946) (39,995)	(435,897) -		(111,537) -		97,946 192,403	(119,389) -	(85,523)
Employee Contributions	 (133,691)	 (136,960)	 (126,334)		(189,661)		(121,882)	(104,062)	(137,877)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	397,948	215,443	(93,984)		134,748		577,745	166,352	321,178
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 4,247,678	 4,032,235	 4,126,219		3,991,471		3,413,726	 3,247,374	 2,926,196
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 4,645,626	\$ 4,247,678	\$ 4,032,235	\$	4,126,219	\$	3,991,471	\$ 3,413,726	\$ 3,247,374
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:									
Contributions - Employer	\$ 37,579	\$ 68,073	\$ 41,620	\$	26,042	\$	39,491	\$ 41,920	\$ 49,050
Contributions - Employee	108,297	99,722	83,742		74,194		80,103	77,657	65,837
Net Investment Income (Loss)	1,334,293	176,331	283,247		321,512		434,255	(1,271)	85,550
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(133,691)	(136,960)	(126,334)		(189,661)		(121,882)	(104,062)	(137,877)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(5,084)	(4,858)	(4,426)		(4,280)		(4,103)	(3,419)	(3,431)
Other	(2,221)	52,965	(1)		(20,290)		(4,103)	(1)	(3,431)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 1,339,173	255,273	 277,848	_	207,517	_	427,855	10,824	59,130
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 4,829,801	 4,574,528	 4,296,680		4,089,163		3,661,308	 3,650,484	 3,591,354
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	 6,168,974	 4,829,801	 4,574,528		4,296,680		4,089,163	 3,661,308	 3,650,484
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ (1,523,348)	\$ (582,123)	\$ (542,293)	\$	(170,461)	\$	(97,692)	\$ (247,582)	\$ (403,110)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	132.79%	113.70%	113.45%		104.13%		102.45%	107.25%	112.41%
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,082,963	\$ 997,221	\$ 837,419	\$	741,945	\$	801,028	\$ 778,090	\$ 822,966
Net Pension Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	140.66%	58.37%	64.76%		22.97%		12.20%	31.82%	48.98%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,603,790	\$ 1,655,036	\$ 1,616,179	\$ 1,574,009	\$ 1,454,110	\$ 1,481,417	\$ 1,392,328
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	1,603,790	1,655,036	1,616,179	1,574,009	1,454,110	1,481,417	1,392,328
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 13,590,407	\$ 13,271,777	\$ 13,290,936	\$ 13,373,078	\$ 12,946,981	\$ 12,761,089	\$ 12,335,012
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	11.80%	12.47%	12.16%	11.77%	11.23%	11.61%	11.29%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020 Measurement Date: June 30, 2021

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 17 years

Asset Valuation Method Five-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.00% to 14.00% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2017 valuation.

Mortality Male: RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Males with Blue Collar adjustments, projected with the ultimate values of the MP Scale (through 2019).

Female: RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Females, projected with the ultimate values of the MP Scale (through 2019).

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,115,687	\$ 1,080,517	\$ 1,045,441	\$ 819,275	\$ 786,772	\$ 825,285	\$ 794,657
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	1,115,687	1,080,517	1,045,441	819,275	786,772	825,285	794,657
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,283,856	\$ 3,893,748	\$ 3,821,056	\$ 3,678,831	\$ 3,467,480	\$ 3,284,260	\$ 3,213,589
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	26.04%	27.75%	27.36%	22.27%	22.69%	25.13%	24.73%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020 Measurement Date: June 30, 2021

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 17 years

Asset Valuation Method Five-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.00% to 14.00% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2017 valuation.

Mortality Male: RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Males with Blue Collar adjustments, projected with the ultimate values of the MP Scale (through 2019).

Female: RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Females, projected with the ultimate values of the MP Scale (through 2019).

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS EMT LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020		2019		2018	2018 2017		17 2016	
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 42,813	\$ 37,579	\$	68,073	\$	41,620	\$ 26,042	\$	39,491	\$	41,920
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	 42,813	37,579		68,073		41,620	26,042		39,491		41,920
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,053,157	\$ 1,082,963	\$	997,221	\$	837,419	\$ 741,945	\$	801,028	\$	778,090
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	4.07%	3.47%		6.83%		4.97%	3.51%		4.93%		5.39%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020 Measurement Date: June 30, 2021

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 21 years

Asset Valuation Method Five-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.00% to 14.00% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2017 valuation.

Mortality Male: RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Males with Blue Collar adjustments, projected with the ultimate values of the MP Scale (through 2019).

Female: RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Females, projected with the ultimate values of the MP Scale (through 2019).

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Town's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	1.47%	1.44%	1.54%	1.49%	1.56%	1.66%	1.62%
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 34,591,912	\$ 45,952,223	\$ 49,057,890	\$ 47,392,970	\$ 49,047,536	\$ 49,461,027	\$ 44,674,781
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with the School District	25,653,004	34,143,627	36,749,440	35,351,752	37,068,153	33,873,541	30,520,408
Total	\$ 60,244,916	\$ 80,095,850	\$ 85,807,330	\$ 82,744,722	\$ 86,115,689	\$ 83,334,568	\$ 75,195,189
Town's Covered Payroll	\$ 29,498,488	\$ 29,195,257	\$ 27,832,994	\$ 28,005,990	\$ 26,970,899	\$ 26,698,936	\$ 25,552,372
Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	117.27%	157.40%	176.26%	169.22%	181.85%	185.25%	174.84%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	66.50%	54.30%	54.60%	54.30%	54.00%	54.06%	57.55%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 4,049,647	\$ 3,976,714	\$ 3,760,382	\$ 3,838,124	\$ 3,629,676	\$ 3,636,144	\$ 3,739,438
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	4,049,647	3,976,714	3,760,382	3,838,124	3,629,676	3,636,144	3,739,438
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 29,498,488	\$ 29,195,257	\$ 27,832,994	\$ 28,005,990	\$ 26,970,899	\$ 26,698,936	\$ 25,552,372
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	13.73%	13.62%	13.51%	13.70%	13.46%	13.62%	14.63%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes:

1) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020 Measurement Date: June 30, 2021

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 17 years at June 30, 2020

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Teachers - 3.0% to 13.0%

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Mortality State employees and teachers: Variants of the PUB (10) Tables for Health and Disabled Retirees, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

		2022	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
Total OPEB Liability: Service Cost Interest on the Total OPEB Liability Changes of Benefit Terms Changes of Assumptions Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	652,493 1,101,140 135,876 (88,865) (769,026)	\$ 624,785 1,176,031 - 277,949 (1,229,973)	\$	734,058 1,368,716 - 120,308 (2,962,117)	\$	719,293 1,411,561 - - (1,530,172)	\$	719,381 1,283,580 25,908 2,214,123 (1,155,474)	\$	719,382 1,199,145 - - (214,423)	\$	820,802 1,416,126 - 788,258 (3,006,059)
Benefit Payments Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(322,359)	 (1,347,422)	_	(1,324,528) (2,063,563)	_	(1,178,252)	_	(1,204,160) 1,883,358	_	(1,142,035) 562,069	_	(1,127,619)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning Total OPEB Liability - Ending		17,632,468 17,310,109	\$ 18,131,098 17,632,468	\$	20,194,661	\$	20,772,231	\$	18,888,873	\$	18,326,804 18,888,873	\$	19,435,296 18,326,804
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Contributions - Employer Contributions - Retired Members Net Investment Income Benefit Payments OPEB Plan Administrative Expense Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,653,565 (3,097,464) (1,353,977) (60,371) (2,858,247)	\$ 2,100,581 4,352,851 (1,347,422) (53,448) 5,052,562	\$	1,909,528 994,076 (1,324,528) (38,206) 1,540,870	\$	2,778,252 1,120,738 (1,178,252) (34,629) 2,686,109	\$	2,704,160 828,458 (1,204,160) (29,855) 2,298,603	\$	1,742,035 1,143,920 (1,142,035) (38,915) 1,705,005		1,727,619 (62,732) (1,127,619) (55,503) 481,765
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	:	23,479,437	 18,426,875	_	16,886,005		14,199,896	_	11,901,293		10,196,288	_	9,714,523
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)		20,621,190	 23,479,437		18,426,875		16,886,005		14,199,896		11,901,293		10,196,288
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$	(3,311,081)	\$ (5,846,969)	\$	(295,777)	\$	3,308,656	\$	6,572,335	\$	6,987,580	\$	8,130,516
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		119.13%	133.16%		101.63%		83.62%		68.36%		63.01%		55.64%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	43,238,322	\$ 45,574,729	\$	42,866,121	\$	44,236,539	\$	43,253,947	\$	42,186,979	\$	40,859,060
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		-7.66%	-12.83%		-0.69%		7.48%		15.19%		16.56%		19.90%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2021 2020 20		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Actuarially Determined Contribution (1)	\$ 1,353,977	\$ 1,347,422	\$ 1,392,198	\$ 1,857,859	\$ 1,829,061	\$ 1,863,644	\$ 1,812,425	\$ 1,665,055	\$ 1,722,851	\$ 1,878,000	
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	1,653,565	2,100,581	1,909,528	2,778,252	2,704,160	1,742,035	1,727,619	4,859,217	2,948,054	2,896,704	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (299,588)	\$ (753,159) \$ (517,330)	\$ (920,393)	\$ (875,099)	\$ 121,609	\$ 84,806	\$ (3,194,162)	\$ (1,225,203)	\$ (1,018,704)	
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 43,238,322	\$ 45,574,729	\$ 42,866,121	\$ 44,236,539	\$ 43,253,947	\$ 42,186,979	\$ 40,859,060	\$ 42,546,253	\$ 42,546,253	\$ 43,016,000	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	3.82%	4.61%	% 4.45%	6.28%	6.25%	4.13%	4.23%	11.42%	6.93%	6.73%	

⁽¹⁾ Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2022 Measurement Date: June 30, 2022

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary.

Discount Rate 6.50% and will be updated annually to reflect market conditions

Payroll Level percentage of payroll, closed

Asset Valuation Method Market value of assets Inflation 2.20% per year

Salary Increases For amortization purposes: 3.25%

For valuation purposes: 14.0%-4% for IBPO/EMT and 7.25%-3.25% for all others

Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Healthcare Trend Rates Initial 8.50% decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 5.50%

Disability/Termination/Retirement

Rates Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions.

Mortality SOA Pub-2010 tables varying by participant group using scale MP-2019.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS RETURNS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return,							
Net of Investment Expense	-14.32%	20.81%	5.60%	7.13%	12.24%	6.87%	6.64%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund utilizes the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The School Unrestricted Fund is used to report all financial transactions of the South Kingstown School Department, which is not legally required to be accounted for separately.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2022

		General Fund	U	School Inrestricted Fund	E	Eliminations	Total General Fund
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts and Other Receivable, Net Due from Federal and State Governments Due from Other Funds Lease Receivable Prepaid Items	\$	35,563,685 12,079,314 1,282,477 25,416 315,694 4,560,838 1,016	\$	200 - 52,709 78,249 5,760,208 - -	\$	- - - (5,542,657) - -	\$ 35,563,885 12,079,314 1,335,186 103,665 533,245 4,560,838 1,016
Total Assets	\$	53,828,440	\$	5,891,366	\$	(5,542,657)	\$ 54,177,149
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	304,906	\$	531,155	\$	-	\$ 836,061
Accrued Liabilities		1,230,054		2,204,851		-	3,434,905
Due to State and Federal Governments		166,904		-		- (5.540.057)	166,904
Due to Other Funds		29,152,563		496,115		(5,542,657)	24,106,021
Unearned Revenue		364,942		(27,878)		-	337,064
Deposits Held In Custody of Others Total Liabilities		182,130 31,401,499		3,204,243		(5,542,657)	 182,130 29,063,085
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		656,753		_		_	656,753
Deferred Inflow - Leases		4,457,061		-		-	4,457,061
Advance Property Tax Collections		113,204		_		-	113,204
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,227,018		-		-	5,227,018
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		1,016		-		-	1,016
Committed		1,559,814		2,687,123		-	4,246,937
Unassigned		15,639,093					 15,639,093
Total Fund Balances	_	17,199,923		2,687,123		-	 19,887,046
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	53,828,440	\$	5,891,366	\$	(5,542,657)	\$ 54,177,149

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

DEVENUE		General Fund		School Inrestricted Fund	Eliminations		Total General Fund
REVENUES	¢	77 504 002	¢.		\$ -	Φ	77 504 002
Property Taxes, Interest, and Lien Fees	\$	77,584,903	\$	- 4,774,058	Φ -	\$	77,584,903 8,273,920
Intergovernmental Revenues Licenses and Fees		3,499,862		, ,	-		, ,
		1,926,398		205,135	-		2,131,533
Investment Income		(548,577)		1,280	-		(547,297)
Fines and Charges for Services		1 122 100		65,902	-		65,902
Departmental		1,122,400		2 002 005	-		1,122,400
State on Behalf Pension Contribution		-		2,993,805	-		2,993,805
Other Local Revenues				651,297			651,297
Total Revenues		83,584,986		8,691,477	-		92,276,463
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General Government		5,515,162		_	_		5,515,162
Public Safety		12,728,217		_	_		12,728,217
Public Works		2,645,453		_	_		2,645,453
Human Service Agency Contribution		85,000		_	_		85,000
Public Libraries		1,265,945		_	_		1,265,945
Education		- 1,200,010		64,878,259	_		64,878,259
Recreation		1,892,618		-	_		1,892,618
Debt Service:		1,002,010					1,002,010
Principal Retirement				84,304			84,304
Interest and Other Charges		-		04,304	-		04,304
· ·		-		204 762	-		204.762
Capital Outlay		04.400.005		291,763			291,763
Total Expenditures		24,132,395		65,254,326			89,386,721
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		59,452,591		(56,562,849)	-		2,889,742
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Issuance of Leases				291,763			291,763
Transfers In from Other Funds		1,007,527		56,026,528	(55,994,773)		1,039,282
Transfers Out to Other Funds		(60,608,408)		(537,213)	55,994,773		(5,150,848)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(59,600,881)		55,781,078			(3,819,803)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(148,290)		(781,771)	-		(930,061)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		17,348,213		3,468,894			20,817,107
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	17,199,923	\$	2,687,123	\$ -	\$	19,887,046

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (BUDGETARY BASIS)

Positive Positive		-					Fin	riance with al Budget -
REVENUES AND USE OF IND BALANCE Property Taxes S			ted Amo					Positive
Property Taxes: Current Taxes \$75,978,007 \$75,978,007 \$76,280,384 \$282,377 Prior Taxes \$530,000 \$530,000 \$451,288 \$78,772 Prior Taxes \$75,978,007 \$75,578,007 \$76,711,172 \$203,6865 Prior Federal Aid \$8,000 \$8,000 \$7,658 \$(342) FEMA - COVID Revenue \$-1	REVENUES AND USE OF FUND BALANCE	Original		Final		Actual	(I	Negative)
Section Sect								
Prior Taxes		\$ 75.978.00	7 \$	75.978.007	\$	76.260.384	\$	282.377
Pilot - Federal Aid					•		•	
Interest on Taxes	Total Taxes Current and Prior	76,508,00	7	76,508,007		76,711,672		203,665
Interest on Taxes	Pilot - Federal Aid	8,00	0	8,000		7,658		(342)
Payment In Lieu of Taxes	FEMA - COVID Revenue		-	-		-		-
Total Property Taxes	Interest on Taxes	348,25	0	348,250		417,357		69,107
State Aid - Town: General State Aid 207,000 207,000 209,069 2,069 Telephone Tax 382,796 382,796 365,054 (17,742) Meals and Beverage Tax 875,000 875,000 976,305 101,305 State Library General Aid 226,088	Payment In Lieu of Taxes	416,54	4	416,544		448,210		31,666
Ceneral State Aid	Total Property Taxes	77,280,80	1	77,280,801		77,584,897		304,096
Telephone Tax	State Aid - Town:							
Meals and Bewerage Tax 875,000 875,000 976,305 101,305 State Library General Aid 226,088 226,088 226,088 2.6 6.662 1.662 1.5 1.662 1.6662 1.6662 1.6662 1.6662 1.6662 1.6662 1.00 1.380,885 (1.867) 1.380,885 (1.867) 1.00 1	General State Aid	207,00	0	207,000		209,069		2,069
State Library General Aid 226,088 226,088 226,088 -	Telephone Tax	382,79	6	382,796		365,054		(17,742)
State Library Endowment Aid 16,662 16,662 16,662 16,662 16,662 1,369,885 1,367,162 1,369,885 1,367,162 1,369,885 1,367,162 1,369,885 1,367,162 1,369,885 1,367,162 1,369,885 1,367,162 1,369,885 1,367,162 1,369,885 1,367,162 1,369,885 1,369,885 1,367,162 1,369,885 1,369,885 1,369,885 1,369,885 1,369,885 1,369,885 1,362,130 183,832 1,369,885 1,3	Meals and Beverage Tax	875,00	0	875,000		976,305		101,305
State Motor Vehicle Phase-Out	State Library General Aid	226,08	8	226,088		226,088		-
Hotel Tax State CRF Distribution Total State CRF Distribution Total State Aid - Town 3,268,298 3,268,298 3,452,130 183,832	•			16,662				-
State CRF Distribution 3,268,298 3,268,298 3,452,130 183,832	State Motor Vehicle Phase-Out	, ,						,
Total State Aid - Town 3,268,298 3,268,298 3,452,130 183,832		189,00	0	189,000		289,067		100,067
Description				-		-		-
Business Licenses and Fees 503,030 503,030 686,322 183,292 Nonbusiness Licenses and Fees 466,800 466,800 429,402 (37,398) Real Estate Conveyance Fees 155,000 155,000 169,189 14,189 Rental of Town Properties 421,805 421,805 455,092 33,287 Total Licenses, Fees, and Rents 1,546,635 1,546,635 1,740,005 193,370 Investment Income - Short-Term 330,000 30,000 196,221 (133,779) Departmental Revenues: 283,720 283,720 242,519 (41,201) Police Department Revenue 31,000 31,000 28,749 (2,251) Town Beach Parking 249,160 249,160 217,813 (31,347) Boat and Mooring 36,000 36,000 42,933 6,933 Animal Control Fees 1,400 1,400 475 (925) Library Fines and Miscellaneous 594 594 4,408 3,814 Dog/Cat Licenses and Fines 4,000 4,000 4,687	Total State Aid - Town	3,268,29	8	3,268,298		3,452,130		183,832
Nonbusiness Licenses and Fees 466,800 468,800 429,402 (37,398) Real Estate Conveyance Fees 155,000 155,000 169,189 14,189 Rental of Town Properties 421,805 421,805 455,092 33,287 Total Licenses, Fees, and Rents 1,546,635 1,546,635 1,740,005 193,370 Investment Income - Short-Term 330,000 330,000 196,221 (133,779) Departmental Revenues: 283,720 283,720 242,519 (41,201) Park Rental Revenue 31,000 31,000 28,749 (2,251) Town Beach Parking 249,160 249,160 217,813 (31,347) Boat and Mooring 36,000 36,000 42,933 6,933 Animal Control Fees 1,400 1,400 4,75 (925) Library Fines and Miscellaneous 594 594 4,408 3,814 Dog/Cat Licenses and Fines 4,000 4,000 4,687 687 Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5								
Real Estate Conveyance Fees 155,000 155,000 169,189 14,189 Rental Of Town Properties 421,805 421,805 421,805 455,092 33,287 Total Licenses, Fees, and Rents 1,546,635 1,546,635 1,740,005 193,370 Investment Income - Short-Term 330,000 330,000 196,221 (133,779) Departmental Revenues: 283,720 283,720 242,519 (41,201) Park Rental Revenue 31,000 31,000 28,749 (2,251) Town Beach Parking 249,160 249,160 217,813 (31,347) Boat and Mooring 36,000 36,000 42,933 6,933 Animal Control Fees 1,400 1,400 475 (925) Library Fines and Miscellaneous 594 594 4,408 3,814 Dog/Cat Licenses and Fines 4,000 4,000 4,687 687 Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5,007) Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 177,359 37								
Rental of Town Properties 421,805 421,805 455,092 33,287 Total Licenses, Fees, and Rents 1,546,635 1,546,635 1,740,005 193,370 Investment Income - Short-Term 330,000 330,000 196,221 (133,779) Departmental Revenues: 283,720 283,720 242,519 (41,201) Park Rental Revenue 31,000 31,000 28,749 (2,251) Town Beach Parking 249,160 249,160 217,813 (31,347) Boat and Mooring 36,000 36,000 42,933 6,933 Animal Control Fees 1,400 1,400 475 (925) Library Fines and Miscellaneous 594 594 4,00 4,687 687 Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5,007) Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 140,000 177,359 37,359 Planning Department 5,000 5,000 7,960 2,960 Communications Department Revenue 1,500 15,000 3,194 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>				,		,		
Total Licenses, Fees, and Rents	•							
Departmental Revenues: Police Department Revenue 283,720 283,720 242,519 (41,201) Park Rental Revenue 31,000 31,000 28,749 (2,251) Town Beach Parking 249,160 249,160 217,813 (31,347) Boat and Mooring 36,000 36,000 42,933 6,933 Animal Control Fees 1,400 1,400 475 (925) Library Fines and Miscellaneous 594 594 4,408 3,814 Dog/Cat Licenses and Fines 4,000 4,000 4,687 687 Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5,007) Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 140,000 177,359 37,359 Planning Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported -	·							
Departmental Revenue	Total Licenses, Fees, and Rents	1,546,63	5	1,546,635		1,740,005		193,370
Police Department Revenue 283,720 283,720 242,519 (41,201) Park Rental Revenue 31,000 31,000 28,749 (2,251) Town Beach Parking 249,160 249,160 217,813 (31,347) Boat and Mooring 36,000 36,000 42,933 6,933 Animal Control Fees 1,400 1,400 475 (925) Library Fines and Miscellaneous 594 594 4,08 3,814 Dog/Cat Licenses and Fines 4,000 4,000 4,687 687 Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5,007) Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 140,000 177,359 37,359 Planning Department 5,000 5,000 7,960 2,960 Communications Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) <	Investment Income - Short-Term	330,00	0	330,000		196,221		(133,779)
Park Rental Revenue 31,000 31,000 28,749 (2,251) Town Beach Parking 249,160 249,160 217,813 (31,347) Boat and Mooring 36,000 36,000 42,933 6,933 Animal Control Fees 1,400 1,400 475 (925) Library Fines and Miscellaneous 594 594 4,408 3,814 Dog/Cat Licenses and Fines 4,000 4,000 4,687 687 Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5,007) Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 140,000 177,359 37,359 Planning Department 5,000 5,000 7,960 2,960 Communications Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - 801 801 Geographic	•							
Town Beach Parking 249,160 249,160 217,813 (31,347) Boat and Mooring 36,000 36,000 42,933 6,933 Animal Control Fees 1,400 1,400 475 (925) Library Fines and Miscellaneous 594 594 4,008 3,814 Dog/Cat Licenses and Fines 4,000 4,000 4,687 687 Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5,007) Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 140,000 177,359 37,359 Planning Department 5,000 5,000 7,960 2,960 Communications Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - 801 801 <td< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td> ,</td></td<>	•							,
Boat and Mooring 36,000 36,000 42,933 6,933 Animal Control Fees 1,400 1,400 475 (925) Library Fines and Miscellaneous 594 594 4,408 3,814 Dog/Cat Licenses and Fines 4,000 4,000 4,687 687 Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5,007) Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 140,000 177,359 37,359 Planning Department 5,000 5,000 7,960 2,960 Communications Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Na								
Animal Control Fees 1,400 1,400 475 (925) Library Fines and Miscellaneous 594 594 4,408 3,814 Dog/Cat Licenses and Fines 4,000 4,000 4,687 687 Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5,007) Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 140,000 177,359 37,359 Planning Department 5,000 5,000 7,960 2,960 Communications Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944	<u> </u>							
Library Fines and Miscellaneous 594 594 4,408 3,814 Dog/Cat Licenses and Fines 4,000 4,000 4,687 687 Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5,007) Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 140,000 177,359 37,359 Planning Department 5,000 5,000 7,960 2,960 Communications Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944	<u> </u>							
Dog/Cat Licenses and Fines 4,000 4,000 4,687 687 Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5,007) Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 140,000 177,359 37,359 Planning Department 5,000 5,000 7,960 2,960 Communications Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td>								, ,
Recreation Department 108,300 108,300 103,293 (5,007) Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 140,000 177,359 37,359 Planning Department 5,000 5,000 7,960 2,960 Communications Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -								
Recreation Self-Support Program 140,000 140,000 177,359 37,359 Planning Department 5,000 5,000 7,960 2,960 Communications Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -								
Planning Department 5,000 5,000 7,960 2,960 Communications Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,125,857 1,125,857 1,178,576 52,719 Use of Fund Balance 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -	•							
Communications Department Revenue 1,500 1,500 2,958 1,458 Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,125,857 1,125,857 1,178,576 52,719 Use of Fund Balance 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -								
Copy Charges 15,000 15,000 3,194 (11,806) Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,125,857 1,125,857 1,178,576 52,719 Use of Fund Balance 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -								
Recreation Department - Outside Sponsors 6,100 6,100 1,583 (4,517) Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,125,857 1,125,857 1,178,576 52,719 Use of Fund Balance 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -	•							
Stepping Stone - Creative 74,583 74,583 60,334 (14,249) Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,125,857 1,125,857 1,178,576 52,719 Use of Fund Balance 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Stepping Stone - Self Supported - - - 801 801 Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,125,857 1,125,857 1,178,576 52,719 Use of Fund Balance 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -	·							. , ,
Geographic Information Systems Program 200 200 266 66 Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,125,857 1,125,857 1,178,576 52,719 Use of Fund Balance 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -	· · · · ·	74,50	-	74,303				
Narragansett - Dog Pound 70,500 70,500 70,500 - Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 208,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,125,857 1,125,857 1,178,576 52,719 Use of Fund Balance 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -	•	20	n	200				
Miscellaneous - Town 98,800 98,800 203,744 109,944 Total Departmental Revenues 1,125,857 1,125,857 1,178,576 52,719 Use of Fund Balance 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -								-
Total Departmental Revenues 1,125,857 1,125,857 1,178,576 52,719 Use of Fund Balance 1,320,208 1,320,208 1,320,208 -	0 0							109 944
							-	
Total Revenues and Use of Fund Balance 84,871,799 84,871,799 85,472,037 600,238	Use of Fund Balance	1,320,20	8	1,320,208		1,320,208		
	Total Revenues and Use of Fund Balance	84,871,79	9	84,871,799		85,472,037	_	600,238

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (CONTINUED) BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (BUDGETARY BASIS)

							Fin	riance with al Budget -
		Budgeted	l Amo					Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(1	Negative)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government:					_			0 = 40
Town Council	\$	28,597	\$	28,597	\$	25,857	\$	2,740
Financial Town Meeting		10,167		10,167				10,167
Legal Staff		215,658		215,658		208,453		7,205
Probate Judge		7,535		7,535		7,535		-
Town Clerk		467,926		467,926		447,491		20,435
Canvassing Authority		92,985		92,985		85,803		7,182
Town Manager's Office		449,479		449,479		418,356		31,123
Personnel Administration		128,460		128,460		128,137		323
Town Hall Operations		576,971		576,971		553,842		23,129
Finance Department		851,003		862,390		737,494		124,896
Tax Assessor's Office		386,132		386,132		313,752		72,380
Information Technology		535,570		535,570		533,176		2,394
Geographic Information Systems		152,610		155,410		134,749		20,661
Planning Department		455,340		455,340		453,996		1,344
Conservation Commission		650		650		-		650
Zoning/Building Inspection		438,882		438,882		436,167		2,715
Outside Agencies		166,776		90,110		85,442		4,668
Total General Government		4,964,741		4,902,262		4,570,250		332,012
Public Safety:								
Police Department		8,586,671		8,780,004		8,419,447		360,557
Police Civilians		582,847		582,847		586,372		(3,525)
Police Dispatch		879,074		879,074		852,133		26,941
Animal Control - RD/Shelter		361,193		361,193		318,488		42,705
Communications		302,937		302,937		283,287		19,650
Harbor Patrol		37,271		_		-		_
Emergency Medical Services		2,171,777		2,174,055		2,268,879		(94,824)
Total Public Safety		12,921,770		13,080,110		12,728,606		351,504
Public Works:								
Public Works Administration		464,062		464,062		448,585		15,477
Streets and Highway		2,613,349		2,563,599		2,139,430		424,169
Tree Warden/Street Lighting		124,798		174,848		124,411		50,437
Total Public Works	-	3,202,209		3,202,509		2,712,426		490,083
However Oversites Assessed Oversites there		, ,		, ,				,
Human Service Agency Contributions:				00.000		00.000		
Johnnycake Center		-		30,000		30,000		-
Cane Day Care Center		-		9,000		9,000		-
Welcome House of South County		-		-		-		-
Domestic Violence Resource Center		-		5,000		5,000		-
Education Exchange		-		15,000		15,000		-
Boys and Girls Club		-		20,000		20,000		
Total Human Service Agency Contributions		-		79,000		79,000		-
Recreation:								
Recreation Department		2,046,299		2,083,570		1,893,126		190,444

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (CONTINUED) BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (BUDGETARY BASIS)

							Fin	riance with al Budget -
		Budgeted	Amo					Positive
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)		Original		Final	-	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)								
Public Libraries	\$	1,329,464	\$	1,329,464	\$	1,266,446	\$	63,018
Miscellaneous:								
Unemployment Insurance		13,000		13,000		20,634		(7,634)
Insurance		453,990		453,990		477,834		(23,844)
Contingency		55,820		58,120		30,939		27,181
OPEB Funding		250,000		250,000		250,000		-
Workers' Compensation		216,441		216,441		165,711		50,730
Total Miscellaneous		989,251		991,551		945,118		46,433
Debt Service		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		25,453,734		25,668,466		24,194,972		1,473,494
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		59,418,065		59,203,333		61,277,065		2,073,732
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In:								
From Special Revenue Funds		1,166,344		1,166,344		1,166,344		-
From School Trust Funds		21,000		21,000		27,577		6,577
Transfers Out:		•		•				•
Wastewater Fund		(4,000)		(4,000)		(4,000)		-
Elderly Services		(483,703)		(483,703)		(483,703)		_
Tax Transfer to School		(55,994,773)		(55,994,773)		(55,994,773)		_
Tax Transfer to Debt Service		(1,945,232)		(1,945,232)		(1,945,232)		-
Tax Transfer to Comm Rec Ctr		(361,000)		(361,000)		(361,000)		-
Transfers to Other Funds		-		-		(10,000)		(10,000)
To Capital Project Funds		(1,809,700)		(1,809,700)		(1,809,700)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(59,411,064)		(59,411,064)		(59,414,487)		(3,423)
EXCESS OF REVENUES, OTHER SOURCES AND USES OF FUND BALANCE OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	7,001	\$	(207,731)		1,862,578	\$	2,070,309
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures is different to net change in fund balance because of the following reconcilinus of Fund Balance is Not a GAAP Revenue Cancellation of Prior Year Encumbrances is Not a GAAP Encumbrances are reported in the year the order is placed but in the Year received for financial reporting purposes Recognition of Fair Market Value of Investments	iling i Reved for	GAAP tems: enue		S		(1,320,208) (8,442) 62,580 (744,798)		
Total Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP Basis					\$	(148,290)		

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL SCHOOL UNRESTRICTED FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (BUDGETARY BASIS)

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts			Fina	riance with al Budget - Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(1)	legative)
REVENUES AND DESIGNATED FUND BALANCE	•	4 77 4 050	•	4 77 4 050	•	4 77 4 050	•	
State Aid	\$	4,774,058	\$	4,774,058	\$	4,774,058	\$	-
Tuition		148,887		240,887		241,500		613
Investment Income		470 700		1,280		1,280		- 0.445
Miscellaneous		478,726		672,419		680,834		8,415
Total Revenues		5,401,671		5,688,644		5,697,672		9,028
Use of Fund Balance		493,202		330,354				(330,354)
Total Revenues and Use of Fund Balance		5,894,873		6,018,998		5,697,672		(321,326)
EXPENDITURES								
Salaries		33,901,987		33,866,827		33,867,510		(683)
Employee Benefits		14,701,421		14,004,463		14,003,789		674
Purchased Services		11,915,214		12,309,657		12,267,787		41.870
Supplies and Materials		1,401,024		1,863,706		1,829,672		34,034
Total Expenditures		61,919,646		62,044,653		61,968,758		75,895
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(56,024,773)		(56,025,655)		(56,271,086)		(245,431)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In:								
Town of South Kingstown General Fund		55,994,773		55,994,773		55,994,773		-
Trust Fund Income		30,000		30,882		31,755		873
Total Other Financing Sources		56,024,773		56,025,655		56,026,528		873
EXCESS OF REVENUES, OTHER SOURCES AND USES OF FUND BALANCE OVER EXPENDITURES AND			•			(0.11.770)	•	(0.4.4.==0)
OTHER FINANCING USES	\$		\$			(244,558)	\$	(244,558)
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures is different on the change in fund balance because of the following reconciliations.								
Reimbursement of Fund Balance from School Department Change in Encumbrances	to To	wn - Prior Year	•			(537,213)		
Total Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP Basis					\$	(781,771)		

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditure for particular purposes. The following special revenue funds are reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

TOWN FUNDS

Community Development Block Grant - This fund is used to account for revenues received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development. These funds are restricted for the various objectives of the Community Development Block Grant Program.

Elderly Services – This fund is used to account for the operations of the Senior Services Center, and for the transportation, nutrition, and adult day care programs for senior citizens residents.

EMS Billing Services - This fund is used to account for revenues received from billing services for the Emergency Medical Services Department.

Narragansett Library Association - This fund is used to account for funds restricted for library operation expenditures.

Neighborhood Guild – This fund is used to account for operations of the Neighborhood Guild facility. The Guild offers numerous recreational programs for Town residents of all ages.

Peace Dale Office Building - This fund is used to account for the operation of the Peace Dale Office Building.

Property Revaluation Reserve Fund - This fund is used to account for the periodic revaluation of property for tax assessment as mandated by State law.

RI Resource Recovery Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues received from RI Resource Recovery Corporation. These funds are restricted to the Town's recycling program.

Other Town Funds - Outlined below are the remaining Special Revenue Funds that are restricted for various programs maintained by the Town.

Affordable Housing Animal Shelter Benefit Asset Forfeiture Fund Community Recreation Center Public Safety Grants Drug Free Community Grant

Friends of SK Parks and Recreation

300th Anniversary Fund

Miscellaneous Donations Fund

Municipal Planning Services Reserve Fund

Statewide Planning Grant

Substance Abuse

Historical and Vital Recording Fees

K-9 Grant Fund

ARPA Fund

Miscellaneous Donations Fund

SCHOOL FUNDS

Nancy Brown Memorial Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds to construct and maintain a playground at Wakefield Elementary School in memory of Nancy Brown.

School Restricted Funds - These funds are financed by grants from various state and federal agencies and are restricted for specific educational programs.

Student Activities Fund – To account for all funds held in various school programs.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds. Funding sources include debt proceeds, intergovernmental sources, third-party contributions and General Fund transfers. The following capital project funds are reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

Capital Equipment and Replacement Fund – This fund is used to account for major capital equipment acquisitions in the Town that are funded over a multi-year period.

Fair Share Development Fund – This fund is used to account for the fees collected from subdivision developers for future school and recreational capital improvements.

Library Building Construction – This fund is used to account for building renovations to the three Town libraries.

Guild Renovation Fund – This fund is used to account for improvements to the Neighborhood Guild facility.

Open Space Reserve Fund – This fund is used to account for real estate conveyance taxes held for the purchase of open space.

Public Safety Improvement Fund – This fund was established to account for the construction and maintenance of the South Kingstown Public Safety Building.

Public Services Office Building Improvement – This fund was established to account for improvements to the Public Service Office Building.

Public Works Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for various improvements to the Town's infrastructure system.

Recreation Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for various restoration projects to the Town's recreational facilities.

Recreation Minor Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for improvements to the Town's recreational facilities.

Senior Services Center Construction – This fund is used to account for the construction costs of the Senior Services Center.

South Road School Reserve Fund – This fund is used to account for construction costs associated with South Road School.

Recreation Center Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction costs of the South Kingstown Recreation Center.

Technology Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for major enhancements to the Town's data processing system.

Town Hall Improvement Fund – This fund is used to account for construction improvement projects at the Town Hall.

Wastewater Construction Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction of new wastewater facilities.

PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The following permanent funds are reported as nonmajor governmental funds:

Hazard Memorial Trust – To account for funds available for the operations of the Peace Dale library.

Irving Knowles Trust – To account for funds available for the operations of the Peace Dale library.

Oliver Watson Home Fund – To account for the operations of the Watson Home, which was established in 1938 to provide shelter and care for elderly town residents.

Walter W. Watson Trust – To account for funds available to assist the poor and needy of South Kingstown.

Kingston Free Library Trust Fund – To account for funds available for the operations of the Kingston Free library.

								S	pecial	Revenue Fun	ds							
400570		Affordable Housing		Animal Shelter Benefit Fund		Asset Forfeiture Fund		Community evelopment Block Grant		Community Recreation Center		Elderly Services		EMS Billing Services		300th niversary	а	listorical and Vital ecording Fees
ASSETS																		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts and Other Receivables	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	740 - -	\$	- - -	\$	120,882 - -	\$	347,501 - 3,000	\$	868,955 836,889 -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Lease Receivable Due from Federal and State Governments Due from Other Funds Prepaids		- 117,154		- - 471,283		2,330 295,498		- 35,884		- - 139,970		- - 7,077		6,340		- 19,900		- 143,135
Total Assets	\$	117,154	\$	471,283	\$	298,568	\$	35,884	\$	260,852	\$	357,578	\$	1,712,184	\$	19,900	\$	143,135
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																		
LIABILITIES																		
Accounts Payable	\$	3,540	\$	475	\$	600	\$	_	\$	24,101	\$	1,717	\$	5,624	\$	_	\$	2,603
Retainage Payable	•	-	•	_	·	_	•	_	·	-	•	, -	•	-	·	_	·	-
Accrued Liabilities		_		11,371		_		_		11,033		16,190		_		_		_
Due to Federal and State Governments		_		2,645		_		_		-		5,952		_		_		_
Due to Other Funds		_		_,-,		_		_		_		-		_		_		_
Unearned Revenue		_		_		_		_		54,913		_		_		_		_
Deposits Held in Custody of Others		_		_		_		_		· -		_		_		_		_
Deferred Inflow of Resources		-		_		_		_		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		3,540		14,491		600		-		90,047		23,859		5,624		-		2,603
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Other Receivables Deferred Inflow Related to Leases		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES																		
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		297,968		-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		113,614		456,792		-		35,884		170,805		333,719		1,706,560		19,900		140,532
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned																		
Total Fund Balances		113,614		456,792		297,968		35,884		170,805		333,719		1,706,560		19,900		140,532
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	117,154	\$	471,283	\$	298,568	\$	35,884	\$	260,852	\$	357,578	\$	1,712,184	\$	19,900	\$	143,135

	 	Special Revenue Funds													
ASSETS	arragansett Library	Ne	ighborhood Guild		eace Dale Office Building	R	Property devaluation Reserve Fund		RI Resource Recovery Grant		Public Safety Grants	Substance Abuse	Drug Free Community Grant	M	Nancy Brown lemorial Fund
AGGETG															
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 65,515	\$	284,131	\$	244,243	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$ -	\$	3,415
Investments	43,212		-		-		-		-		-				-
Accounts and Other Receivables	-		-		1,086		-		-		-				-
Lease Receivable	-		-		34,875		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Federal and State Governments	-		-		-		-		-		3,478		-		-
Due from Other Funds	-		102		-		235,616		55,896		-				-
Prepaids	 						-						<u> </u>		
Total Assets	\$ 108,727	\$	284,233	\$	280,204	\$	235,616	\$	55,896	\$	3,478	\$	- \$ -	\$	3,415
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
LIABILITIES															
Accounts Payable	\$ 75	\$	14,628	\$	11,165	\$	42,400	\$	_	\$	-	\$	- \$ -	. \$	_
Retainage Payable	_		· -		_		_		_		-				_
Accrued Liabilities	-		6,374		4,538		_		-		1,304				-
Due to Federal and State Governments	-		-		-		_		_		_				-
Due to Other Funds	377		_		1,527		_		_		2,174				_
Unearned Revenue	-		44,231		1,112		_		_		· -				_
Deposits Held in Custody of Others	-		_		-		_		_		_				_
Deferred Inflow of Resources	-		_		_		_		_		_				_
Total Liabilities	452		65,233		18,342		42,400		-		3,478				-
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES															
Unavailable Revenue - Other Receivables															
Deferred Inflow Related to Leases	-		-		33,847		-		-		-				-
FUND BALANCES															
Nonspendable	-		_		_		_		_		_				_
Restricted	-		_		-		-		55,896		-				3,415
Committed	108,275		219,000		228,015		193,216		-		-				-
Assigned	-		-		-				-		-				-
Unassigned	-		-		-		-		_		-				-
Total Fund Balances	108,275		219,000		228,015		193,216		55,896						3,415
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 108,727	\$	284,233	\$	280,204	\$	235,616	\$	55,896	\$	3,478	\$	- \$ -	. \$	3,415

						Special Rev	/enue	Funds				
	F	Municipal Planning Services Reserve Fund	F	School Restricted Fund	Student Activity Funds	scellaneous Donations Fund		K-9 Grant Fund	 Opioid Settlement	5	Friends of SK Parks I Recreation	Total Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts and Other Receivables Lease Receivable Due from Federal and State Governments Due from Other Funds Prepaids	\$	- - - - 30,346	\$	- - - 335,688 76,273	\$ 302,979 - - - - - -	\$ - - - 50,726	\$	- - - - 11,278	\$ - - 380,066 150,781	\$	30,185	\$ 2,268,546 880,101 4,086 34,875 721,562 1,847,259
Total Assets	\$	30,346	\$	411,961	\$ 302,979	\$ 50,726	\$	11,278	\$ 530,847	\$	30,185	\$ 5,756,429
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable Retainage Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Federal and State Governments Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Deposits Held in Custody of Others	\$	- - - -	\$	32,941 - 92,158 - 217,552 2,800	\$ - - - - - 11,836	\$ 2,594	\$	37 - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	500	\$ 143,000 - 142,968 8,597 221,630 103,056 11,836
Deferred Inflow of Resources		-		-		_		-	-		-	-
Total Liabilities		-		345,451	11,836	2,594		37	-		500	631,087
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Other Receivables Deferred Inflow Related to Leases		-		-	-	-		-	380,066		-	380,066 33,847
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		30,346 - -		- - 66,510 - -	291,143	48,132 - - -		11,241 - - -	- 150,781 - -		- 29,685 - -	707,795 4,003,634 -
Total Fund Balances		30,346		66,510	 291,143	 48,132		11,241	 150,781		29,685	 4,711,429
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	30,346	\$	411,961	\$ 302,979	\$ 50,726	\$	11,278	\$ 530,847	\$	30,185	\$ 5,756,429

							(Capita	al Project Fund	ls					
		Capital Equipment and eplacement		echnology provement		air Share evelopment	Library Building onstruction		Open Space Reserve		Public Safety provement	Public Services Office Building provement	lm	Public Works nprovement	Recreation Minor provement
ASSETS	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 145,890	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Investments		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Accounts and Other Receivables		115,665		_			-		_			-		_	_
Lease Receivable		3,950,458		245,232		843,588	67,500		1,154,256		508,719	46,282		4,001,445	894,312
Due from Federal and State Governments Due from Other Funds		-				-	-		-, 10 1,200		-			-	-
Prepaids							 					 			
riepalus	\$	4,066,123	\$	245,232	\$	843,588	\$ 213,390	\$	1,154,256	\$	508,719	\$ 46,282	\$	4,001,445	\$ 894,312
Total Assets	===	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,		· ·	·		<u> </u>	·
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
LIABILITIES	\$	31,663	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 63,887	\$	-	\$	14,470	\$ -	\$	90,251	\$ -
Accounts Payable		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Retainage Payable		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Accrued Liabilities		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Due to Federal and State Governments		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Deposits Held in Custody of Others		-		-		-			-		-	-		-	
Deferred Inflow of Resources Total Liabilities		31,663		-		-	63,887		-		14,470	-		90,251	-
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES															
Unavailable Revenue - Other Receivables															
Deferred Inflow Related to Leases		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
FUND BALANCES															
Nonspendable		-		-		042 500	-		-		-	-		-	-
Restricted		4,034,460		245,232		843,588	- 149,503		- 1,154,256		- 494,249	- 46,282		3,911,194	- 894,312
Committed		4,034,400		240,232		-	149,503		1,104,200		494,249	40,262		3,911,194	094,312
Assigned		-		-		-	-		-		-	-		-	-
Unassigned		4,034,460		245,232	_	843,588	 149,503		1,154,256	_	494,249	 46,282	_	3,911,194	 894,312
Total Fund Balances		-1,007,700	-	240,202		040,000	170,000		1,104,200		757,273	 70,202		0,011,104	 004,012
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,066,123	\$	245,232	\$	843,588	\$ 213,390	\$	1,154,256	\$	508,719	\$ 46,282	\$	4,001,445	\$ 894,312

				Permane	ent Fu	unds						
	Hazard Memorial Trust	Irving Knowles Trust		Oliver Watson Home		Walter W. Watson Trust		Kingston Free Library Trust		Total Permanent Funds		Total
ASSETS												
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts and Other Receivables Lease Receivable	\$ 265,875 251,461 -	\$ 32,820 459,914 -	\$	- 168,063 - -	\$	- 199,140 - -	\$	60,056 985,149 -	\$	358,751 2,063,727 -	\$	4,222,574 7,018,708 4,086 34,875
Due from Federal and State Governments Due from Other Funds	-	- - -		- - -		- - -		-		-		855,977 15,883,472
Prepaids	 	 	_		_		_		_		_	
Total Assets	\$ 517,336	\$ 492,734	\$	168,063	\$	199,140	\$	1,045,205	\$	2,422,478	\$	28,019,692
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	383,550
Retainage Payable	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued Liabilities	-	-		-		-		-		-		142,968
Due to Federal and State Governments	-	-		-		-		-		-		8,597
Due to Other Funds	-	-		5,000		2,589		-		7,589		229,219
Unearned Revenue	-	-		-		-		-		-		103,056
Deposits Held in Custody of Others	-	-		-		-		-		-		11,836
Deferred Inflow of Resources	 	<u> </u>										
Total Liabilities	-	-		5,000		2,589		-		7,589		879,226
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES												000 000
Unavailable Revenue - Other Receivables												380,066 33,847
Deferred Inflow Related to Leases	-	-		-		-		-		-		33,047
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable	20,000	2,000		39,000		40,928		390,092		492,020		492,020
Restricted	497,336	490,734		124,063		155,623		655,113		1,922,869		3,474,252
Committed	-	-		-		-		-		-		22,774,281
Assigned	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	-	-		-				-				(14,000)
Total Fund Balances	 517,336	 492,734		163,063		196,551	_	1,045,205	_	2,414,889		26,726,553
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 517,336	\$ 492,734	\$	168,063	\$	199,140	\$	1,045,205	\$	2,422,478	\$	28,019,692

				S	pecial Revenue Fur	nds			
	Affordable Housing	Animal Shelter Benefit Fund	Asset Forfeiture Fund	Community Development Block Grant	Community Recreation Center	Elderly Services	EMS Billing Services	300th Anniversary	Historical and Vital Recording Fees
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 135,454	\$ 739,721	\$ 14,183	\$ 101,548	\$ -	\$ 10,500	\$ -
Licenses and Fees	· -	17,051	-	-	-	-	· -	-	36,104
Fines and Charges	-	-	_	-	223,761	78,595	1,239,405	-	-
Investment Income (Loss)	-	_	_	-	362	1,012	(39,322)	-	-
Contributions	-	6,437	_	_	-	-	-	_	-
Other Revenue	-	14,973	3,030	_	_	-	_	_	-
Total Revenues		38,461	138,484	739,721	238,306	181,155	1,200,083	10,500	36,104
EXPENDITURES									
Education	-	_	-	-	-	_	_		-
Recreation	-	_	-	-	538,489	-	-		-
Other Expenditures	10,119	2,377	41,877	739,722	, <u>-</u>	560,201	317,318	600	39,453
Capital Outlay	· -	· -	· -	· -	-	-	· -		-
Total Expenditures	10,119	2,377	41,877	739,722	538,489	560,201	317,318	600	39,453
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES	(10,119)	36,084	96,607	(1)	(300,183)	(379,046)	882,765	9,900	(3,349)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	37,500	-	-	-	361,000	488,703	-	10,000	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	-	(40,000)	(900,000)	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	37,500	-			361,000	448,703	(900,000)	10,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	27,381	36,084	96,607	(1)	60,817	69,657	(17,235)	19,900	(3,349)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Restated	86,233	420,708	201,361	35,885	109,988	264,062	1,723,795		143,881
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 113,614	\$ 456,792	\$ 297,968	\$ 35,884	\$ 170,805	\$ 333,719	\$ 1,706,560	\$ 19,900	\$ 140,532

					Special Rev	enue Funds			
	Narragansett Library	Neighborhood Guild	Peace Dale Office Building	Property Revaluation Reserve Fund	RI Resource Recovery Grant	Public Safety Grants	Substance Abuse	Drug Free Community Grant	Nancy Brown Memorial Fund
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 664	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,586	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2
Licenses and Fees	-	-	-	-	· ·	-	-	-	-
Fines and Charges	-	272,152	98,862	_	_	_	_	-	-
Investment Income (Loss)	(4,961)	380	571	-	_	-	_	-	-
Contributions	46,238	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue	, <u>-</u>	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Total Revenues	41,277	272,532	100,097	-	-	63,586	-	-	2
EXPENDITURES									
Education	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
Recreation	-	687,146	71,792	_	-	_	_	-	-
Other Expenditures	76	-	-	252,448	-	63,586	_	-	-
Capital Outlay	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	-
Total Expenditures	76	687,146	71,792	252,448		63,586	-		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER EXPENDITURES	41,201	(414,614)	28,305	(252,448)	-	-	-	-	2
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	5,222	528,625	-	30,000	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(51,439)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(46,217)	528,625	_	30,000		-	-	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5,016)	114,011	28,305	(222,448)	-	-	-	-	2
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Restated	113,291	104,989	199,710	415,664	55,896				3,413
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 108,275	\$ 219,000	\$ 228,015	\$ 193,216	\$ 55,896	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,415

								Special Rev	enue F	unds						
REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenues	P S	Municipal Planning Services Reserve Fund		School Restricted Fund		Student Activity Funds		Miscellaneous Donations Fund		K-9 Grant Fund		Opioid Settlement		iends of K Parks Recreation	_	Total Special Revenue Funds
Licenses and Fees																
Fines and Charges	\$	-	\$ 2	2,888,594	\$	193,641	\$	-	\$	313		150,781	\$	-	\$	4,298,987
Investment Income (Loss)		-		-				-						-		53,155
Contributions		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,912,775
Other Revenue		-		-				-						97		(41,861)
Total Revenues		-		52,834				68,451						6,222		180,182
														<u>-</u>		18,003
EXPENDITURES		-		2,941,428		193,641		68,451		313		150,781		6,319		6,421,241
Education																
Recreation				2,874,918		251,165										3,126,083
Other Expenditures		-		2,074,910		251,165		-						- 16,915		1,314,342
Capital Outlay		_		_				46,310		2,827				10,515		2,076,914
Total Expenditures		_		_				-0,510		2,021				_		2,070,514
·		_		2,874,918		251,165		46,310		2,827		_		16,915		6,517,339
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		_		66,510		(57,524)		22,141		(2,514)		150,781		(10,596)		(96,098)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				, .		(- /- /		,		(/- /		,		(-,,		(,,
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds																
Transfers In		-		-				-						-		
Transfers Out		-		-				-						-		1,461,050
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)																(991,439)
																469,611
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		66,510		(57,524)		22,141		(2,514)		150,781		(10,596)		373,513
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Restated		30,346				348,667		25,991		13,755				40,281		4,337,916
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	30,346	\$	66,510	\$	291,143	\$	48,132	\$	11,241	\$	150,781	\$	29,685	\$	4,711,429

	Capital Project Funds																	
	Ed	Capital Equipment and Replacement		Technology Improvement		Fair Share Development		Library Building Construction		Open Space Reserve		Public Safety Improvement		Public Services Office Building Improvement		Public Works Improvement		creation Minor rovement
REVENUES																		
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	146,665	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	204,871	\$	_
Licenses and Fees	,	-	*	_	•	315,612	•	_	•	575,933	•	_	*	-	•	-	•	_
Fines and Charges		-		_		_		_		-		_		_		_		_
Investment Income (Loss)		-		_		_		428		_		_		-		_		_
Contributions		-		-		_		_		-		-		-		_		-
Other Revenue		_		-		_		-		_		-		_		_		-
Total Revenues		146,665		-		315,612		428		575,933		-		-		204,871		-
EXPENDITURES																		
Education		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other Expenditures		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		859,225		84,014		-		195,719		_		53,939		-		2,151,553		13,480
Total Expenditures		859,225		84,014		-		195,719		-		53,939				2,151,553		13,480
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES																		
OVER EXPENDITURES		(712,560)		(84,014)		315,612		(195,291)		575,933		(53,939)		-		(1,946,682)		(13,480)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																		
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds		2,200,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,850,751		375,000
Transfers In		719,500		83,200		-		35,000		-		65,000		-		690,000		100,000
Transfers Out		-				(142,694)				(297,500)								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,919,500		83,200		(142,694)		35,000		(297,500)		65,000		-		4,540,751		475,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2,206,940		(814)		172,918		(160,291)		278,433		11,061		-		2,594,069		461,520
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Restated		1,827,520		246,046		670,670		309,794		875,823		483,188		46,282		1,317,125		432,792
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	4,034,460	\$ 2	245,232	\$	843,588	\$	149,503	\$	1,154,256	\$	494,249	\$	46,282	\$	3,911,194	\$	894,312

					Capital Pr	oject Funds				
						South				
				Senior		Road				Total
				Services	Recreation	School	Town	Village		Capital
	Guild	Recreation	School	Center	Center	Reserve	Hall	Infrastructure	Wastewater	Project
	Renovation	Improvement	Capital	Construction	Fund	Fund	Improvement	Fund	Construction	Funds
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ -	\$ 18,750	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,598	\$ 79,737	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 452,621
Licenses and Fees	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	Ψ 2,000	-	-	<u>-</u>	891,545
Fines and Charges	_	_	_	_	_	45,000	_	_	42,600	87,600
Investment Income (Loss)	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	(196,304)	(195,876)
Contributions	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(100,001)	(100,010)
Other Revenue	_	10,381	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,381
Total Revenues	-	29,131	-	-	-	47,598	79,737	-	(153,704)	1,246,271
EXPENDITURES										
Education	_	_	397,592	-	_	_	_	-	_	397,592
Recreation	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Other Expenditures	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Capital Outlay	26,315	43,802	_	6,592	_	39,298	368,192	_	_	3,842,129
Total Expenditures	26,315	43,802	397,592	6,592		39,298	368,192			4,239,721
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	(26,315)	(14,671)	(397,592)	(6,592)	-	8,300	(288,455)	-	(153,704)	(2,993,450)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds	1,000,000	75,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,500,751
Transfers In	-	-	537,213	40,000	-	_	87,000	10,000	-	2,366,913
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	-	(8,903)	-	-	-	(449,097)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,000,000	75,000	537,213	40,000	-	(8,903)	87,000	10,000		9,418,567
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	973,685	60,329	139,621	33,408	-	(603)	(201,455)	10,000	(153,704)	6,425,117
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Restated	(14,000)	210,782		75,004	203,790	349,783	452,548	10,000	5,677,971	13,175,118
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 959,685	\$ 271,111	\$ 139,621	\$ 108,412	\$ 203,790	\$ 349,180	\$ 251,093	\$ 20,000	\$ 5,524,267	\$ 19,600,235

	Permanent Funds															
REVENUES	Hazard Memorial Trust		Irving Knowles Trust		Oliver Watson Home		Walter W. Watson Trust		Kingston Free Library Trust		Total Permanent Funds		Eliminations			Total
Intergovernmental Revenues																
Licenses and Fees	\$		\$		\$		Ф		\$	_	Ф		\$		\$	4,751,608
Fines and Charges	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	\$	-	Ф	-	\$	-	Ф	-	Ф	944,700
Investment Income (Loss)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,000,375
Contributions		(37,191)		(81,692)		(8,365)		(9,792)		- (168,564)		(305,604)		-		(543,341)
Other Revenue		(37,191)		(61,092)		(6,303)		(9,792)		(100,504)		(303,004)		-		180,182
Total Revenues		_		_		-		-		_		-		-		28,384
		(37,191)		(81,692)		(8,365)		(9,792)		(168,564)		(305,604)			_	7,361,908
EXPENDITURES		(37,131)		(01,032)		(0,000)		(3,732)		(100,504)		(505,004)				7,501,500
Education																
Recreation		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		3,523,675
Other Expenditures		_		_		715		1,700		_		2,415		_		1,316,757
Capital Outlay		18,108		_				-,,,,,,		6,361		24,469		_		2,101,383
Total Expenditures		-		_		_		_		-		,		_		3,842,129
		18,108		_		715		1,700		6,361		26,884		_		10,783,944
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(55,299)		(81,692)		(9,080)		(11,492)		(174,925)		(332,488)				(3,422,036)
		(55,299)		(61,692)		(9,080)		(11,492)		(174,925)		(332,400)		-		(3,422,036)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Issuance of General Obligation Bonds		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		7,500,751
Transfers In		_		_				_		_				(97,722)		3,730,241
Transfers Out		_		(5,222)		(5,000)		_		(28,511)		(38,733)		97,722		(1,381,547)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_		(5,222)		(5,000)				(28,511)		(38,733)		-		9,849,445
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(55,299)		(86,914)		(14,080)		(11,492)		(203,436)		(371,221)		-		6,427,409
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year, as Restated		572,635		579,648		177,143		208,043		1,248,641		2,786,110				20,299,144
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	517,336	\$	492,734	\$	163,063	\$	196,551	\$	1,045,205	\$	2,414,889	\$		\$	26,726,553

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for and finance certain health care costs of the Town in addition to nonmajor technology investments. The Internal Service Funds are as follows:

Health Care Management Fund – To account for health care management costs for the Town.

Compensated Absences Fund – To account for compensated absences administration for the Town.

Nonmajor Technology Reserve Fund – To account for all funds held for the purposes of nonmajor technology purchases.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

ACCETO	Health Care Management Fund		Compensated Absences Fund		Nonmajor Technology Reserve Fund		Total
ASSETS							
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Funds	\$ 669,230 -	\$	914,930 -	\$	- 320,018	\$	1,584,160 320,018
Total Assets	669,230		914,930		320,018		1,904,178
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	-		-		2,396		2,396
Due to Other Funds	1,400		301,707		· -		303,107
Total Liabilities	1,400		301,707		2,396		305,503
NET POSITION							
Unrestricted	\$ 667,830	\$	613,223	\$	317,622	\$	1,598,675

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Health Care Management Fund	Compensated Absences Fund	Nonmajor Technology Reserve Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES	*	•	AFO 447	Φ 450 447
Charges for Services	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 156,117	\$ 156,117
Total Operating Revenues	-	-	156,117	156,117
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Health Care Management	2,800	-	-	2,800
Compensated Absences	-	581,752	-	581,752
Public Works	-	-	-	-
Human Service Agency Contribution	-	-	-	-
Public Libraries	-	-	-	-
Education	-	-	-	-
Contribution to OPEB Trust Fund	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	57,685	57,685
Total Operating Expenses	2,800	581,752	57,685	642,237
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(2,800)	(581,752)	98,432	(486,120)
NONOPERATING INCOME				
Income on Investments	787	1,562		2,349
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,013)	(580,190)	98,432	(483,771)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	669,843	1,193,413	219,190	2,082,446
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 667,830	\$ 613,223	\$ 317,622	\$ 1,598,675

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 alth Care nagement Fund	ompensated Absences Fund	Te	onmajor chnology erve Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from Providing Services	\$ (8,000)	\$ 1,441,838	\$	57,685	\$ 1,491,523
Payments to Suppliers	-	-		(57,685)	(57,685)
Payments for Claims	 (2,800)	(581,752)		-	 (584,552)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(10,800)	860,086		-	849,286
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest on Investments	 787	 1,562			 2,349
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	 787	 1,562			 2,349
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH					
EQUIVALENTS	(10,013)	861,648		-	851,635
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	679,243	 53,282			 732,525
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 669,230	\$ 914,930	\$		\$ 1,584,160
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (2,800)	\$ (581,752)	\$	98,432	\$ (486,120)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Change in Assets and Liabilities:					
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds	-	1,441,838		(92,725)	1,349,113
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Items				(5,707)	(5,707)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	 (8,000)				 (8,000)
Total Adjustments	(8,000)	1,441,838		(98,432)	1,335,406
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (10,800)	\$ 860,086	\$		\$ 849,286

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Year	Mill Rate	Property Taxes Receivable July 1, 2021	 Current Year Assessment	ransfers ddendums (Net)	atements and justments	Amount to be Collected	Collections Net of Refunds	R	Property Taxes eceivable e 30, 2022
2021	14.450		\$ 76,628,505	\$ 188,045	\$ 71,339	\$ 76,745,211	\$ 76,019,345	\$	725,866
2020	14.450	788,334	-	137	3,642	784,829	586,592		198,237
2019	15.680	202,555	-	-	1,985	200,570	106,081		94,489
2018	15.310	64,159	-	-	2,685	61,474	12,637		48,837
2017	15.090	45,720	-	-	3,003	42,717	6,677		36,040
2016	15.520	46,621	-	-	281	46,340	5,672		40,668
2015	15.482	36,797	-	-	59	36,738	3,532		33,206
2014	15.470	36,957	-	-	31	36,926	2,239		34,687
2013	14.501	32,703	-	-	85	32,618	680		31,938
2012	14.510	32,879	-	-	44	32,835	203		32,632
2011	14.190	34,086	 	 	34,082	 4	 4		-
Subtotal		1,320,811	\$ 76,628,505	\$ 188,182	 117,236	\$ 78,020,262	\$ 76,743,662		1,276,600
Less: Estimated Allowance for Uncollectable Accounts		333,166							331,634
101 Official abid Accounts		000,100							001,004
Net Property Taxes Receivable	5	\$ 987,645						\$	944,966

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Year	July - August 2020 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY20 Accrual	September - June 2021 Collections	Total FY 2021 Collections	July - August 2021 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY21 Accrual
2021	\$ -	\$ 76,019,345	\$ 76,019,345	\$ 240,129
2020	275,018	311,574	586,592	39,810
2019	39,607	66,474	106,081	-
2018	1,265	11,372	12,637	2,620
2017	952	5,725	6,677	3,088
2016	1,676	3,996	5,672	1,651
2015	1,220	2,312	3,532	344
2014	465	1,774	2,239	571
2013	-	680	680	-
2012	-	203	203	-
2011		4	4	
Total	\$ 320,203	\$ 76,423,459	\$ 76,743,662	\$ 288,213

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Schedule of Net Asses Assessed	sed Property Val December 31, 20	, ,	,		Reconciliation of Current Year Property	/ Tax Reve	nue
Description of Property	V	aluations		Levy	Current Year Collections	\$	76,743,662
Real Property Motor Vehicle	,	,082,937,500 229,007,988	\$	73,448,447 4,284,739	Revenue Received 60 Days Subsequent to Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020		288,213
Tangible Property		107,007,815		1,546,263	Subtotal		77,031,875
Total	5,	,418,953,303		79,279,449	Prior Year Revenue Received in Current Year (2019 60-Day Rule)		(320,203)
Exemptions and Adjustments		156,242,262		2,650,944	Current Year Property Tax Revenue	¢	76,711,672
Net Assessed Value	\$ 5.	262 711 041	\$	76.628.505	Guilent real Property Tax Nevenue	Ψ	70,711,072

THE ANNUAL SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND GENERAL LA § 45-12-22.2 AND § 44-35-10

- Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Revenue
- Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Expenditures
- Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Municipal
- Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Education Department
- Notes to Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>revenue</u>	Municipal	Education Department
Current Year Levy Tax Collection	\$ 76,257,475	\$ -
Last Year's Levy Tax Collection	357,049	· -
Prior Years Property Tax Collection	94,239	_
Interest & Penalty	420,271	_
PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection	448,210	
Other Local Property Taxes	440,210	_
Licenses and Permits	1,471,306	
Fines and Forfeitures	5,039	
		_
Investment Income Departmental	(571,627)	-
'	1,553,753	_
Rescue Run Revenue	1,239,406	-
Police & Fire Detail	1,023	-
Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues	502,824	-
Tuition	-	241,500
Impact Aid	-	-
Medicaid	-	556,404
Federal Stabilization Funds	-	-
Federal Food Service Reimbursement	-	1,304,667
CDBG	-	-
COPS Grants	-	-
SAFER Grants	-	-
Other Federal Aid Funds	7,658	2,108,019
COVID - ESSER	=	606,091
COVID - CRF	-	-
COVID - CDBG	-	-
COVID - FEMA	-	-
COVID - Other	-	-
COVID - ARPA	147,237	-
MV Excise Tax Reimbursement	142,445	-
State PILOT Program	209,069	-
Distressed Community Relief Fund	-	-
Library Resource Aid	242,750	-
Library Construction Aid	-	-
Public Service Corporation Tax	365,054	-
Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax	1,265,372	-
LEA Aid	-	4,774,058
Group Home	-	-
Housing Aid Capital Projects	-	-
Housing Aid Bonded Debt	241,547	-
State Food Service Revenue	-	13,934
Incentive Aid	-	-
Property Revaluation Reimbursement	-	-
Other State Revenue	-	174,479
Motor Vehicle Phase Out	1,227,440	-
Other Revenue	-	440,068
Local Appropriation for Education	-	55,994,773
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-
Rounding	-	-
Total Revenue	\$ 85,627,540	\$ 66,213,993
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds	\$ -	\$ -
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds	۶ - 541,277	
_	341,277	-
Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds Financing Sources: Other	406 472	-
Rounding	496,472	-
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,037,749	\$ -
	, ,,-	

Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>expenditures</u>	General Government	Finance	Social Services	Centralized IT	Planning	Libraries	Public Works	Parks and Rec	Police Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ 985,513	\$ 822,075	\$ 296,072	\$ 282,145	\$ 677,972	\$ 754,819	\$ 1,171,808	\$ 1,321,492	\$ 4,295,820
Compensation - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	395,855
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A	6,457	4,028	291	-	1,375	-	51,750	28,467	671,764
Overtime - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,452
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Police & Fire Detail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Active Medical Insurance - Group A Active Medical Insurance- Group B	194,499 -	94,935	71,729	48,287	84,869 -	105,850 -	195,396 -	172,881 -	784,474 100,912
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Active Dental insurance- Group A	10,585	5,292	4,440	2,081	6,780	4,895	11,984	10,735	43,686
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,325
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payroll Taxes	72,677	62,222	21,478	20,661	51,753	56,653	91,142	89,868	384,795
Life Insurance	1,454	1,129	501	302	909	951	1,488	1,328	6,765
State Defined Contribution- Group A	9,249	8,130	3,060	3,608	6,784	6,102	11,746	9,657	-
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,511
State Defined Contribution - Group C	42.44	2.071		-	7.55	2 222	-	-	24.450
Other Benefits- Group A	12,411	2,074	9,337	617	7,567	2,333	57,665	49,874	24,168
Other Benefits- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	958
Other Benefits- Group C Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	118,082	95,882	34,355	34,941	79,472	- 78,927	143,921	112,036	1,115,687
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	110,002	55,002	54,555	34,341	75,472	70,327	143,321	112,030	49,020
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C									43,020
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Purchased Services	282,372	41,350	6,873	16,568	65,363	61,396	380,069	502,880	37,885
Materials/Supplies	8,408	6,311	4,193	1,275	4,893	98,064	109,889	111,248	42,621
Software Licenses	2,813	1,554	3,887	98,726	7,739	10,531	17,793	6,906	66,171
Capital Outlays	445	19,650	29,186	1,294	1,359	-	8,379	10,874	8,587
Insurance	532,377	-						-	· -
Maintenance	13,565	-	7,278	-	293	12,603	7,367	28,352	19,327
Vehicle Operations	7,227	300	5,330	-	3,041	-	149,221	52,458	327,134
Utilities	35,262	1,566	38,611	10,512	1,895	46,495	67,835	97,530	102,000
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,398	-	-
Revaluation	-	252,448	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	116,511	-	-
Trash Removal & Recycling	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,279	-	-
Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Support	149,616	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Operation Expenditures	56,042	23,976	4,764	4,974	19,961	22,873	28,386	130,626	182,454
Tipping Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Principal Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rounding	-	_	_	_		_	_	_	
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,499,054	\$ 1,442,922	\$ 541,385	\$ 525,991	\$ 1,022,025	\$ 1,262,492	\$ 2,666,027	\$ 2,737,212	\$ 8,671,371

Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

EXPENDITURES	Fire Department	Centralized Dispatch	Public Safety Other	Education Appropriation	Debt	ОРЕВ	Total Municipal	Education Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ -	\$ 445,633	\$ 1,508,754	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,562,103	\$ 26,948,562
Compensation - Group B	-	÷ 445,035	J 1,308,734 -	-		, - -	395,855	3,576,263
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-		-	-	4,394,187
Compensation -Volunteer	-	420 770		-		-	- 4.65.403	-
Overtime- Group A Overtime - Group B	-	139,770	561,591	-		-	1,465,493 2,452	-
Overtime - Group C	-	-						101,349
Police & Fire Detail	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	-	85,305	316,065	-		-	2,154,290	3,747,905 382,574
Active Medical Insurance- Group B Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-		-	-		-	100,912	1,216,461
Active Dental insurance- Group A	-	4,189	14,611	-		-	119,278	234,643
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-		-	5,325	25,080
Active Dental Insurance- Group C Payroll Taxes	-	43,175	149,150	-		-	- 1,043,574	77,058 2,614,368
Life Insurance	_	512	2,300	_		_	17,639	233,387
State Defined Contribution- Group A	-	4,880	2,952	-		-	66,168	160,621
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-		-	3,511	36,589
State Defined Contribution - Group C Other Benefits- Group A	-	1 110	- 17,924	-		-	185,080	40,711 465,109
Other Benefits- Group B	-	1,110	17,924	-		-	958	403,109
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	- 53,351	80,765	-		-	1,947,419	3,872,371
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-		-	49,020	522,937
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-		-	-	485,730
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Purchased Services Materials/Supplies		755 1,360	336,841 25,316				1,732,352 413,578	13,013,319 1,033,611
Software Licenses	-	7,731	10,731	-		-	234,582	36,703
Capital Outlays	-	-	12,866	-		-	92,640	427,013
Insurance	-	-		-		-	532,377	297,753
Maintenance Vehicle Operations	-	2,635	11,332 58,773	-		-	102,752 603,484	543,571 5,040
Vehicle Operations Utilities	-	11,413	31,683	-		-	444,802	986,123
Contingency	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-		-	22,398	-
Revaluation Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-	-	-		-	252,448	-
Trash Removal & Recycling	-		-	-		-	116,511 21,279	-
Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-		-	,	97,998
Community Support	-	-	-	-		-	149,616	-
Other Operation Expenditures	-	7,369	49,592	-		-	531,017	361,900
Tipping Fees Local Appropriation for Education	-			- 55,994,773		-	55,994,773	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-		-	738,471	-	738,471	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	150,072	-	150,072	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	614,529	-	614,529	-
School Debt- Interest Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	195,323	-	195,323	539,808
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	_	-	-	_		_	_	34,490
OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-		728,832	728,832	60,688
Rounding		-	-	-	-		<u> </u>	
Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$ 809,188	\$ 3,191,246	\$ 55,994,773	\$ 1,698,395	\$ 728,832	\$ 83,790,913	\$ 66,573,921
		Financing Uses Financing Uses			t		\$ 1,849,700 340,000	\$ - - -
		Financing Uses Total Other Fire					\$ 2,189,700	\$ -
		Net Change in	Fund Balance ¹				684,676	(359,928)
		Fund Balance1	- beginning of y	ear			\$21,626,137	\$3,892,094
				ole Government			-	-
				vernment Servic	es (RGS)		-	-
		Prior period ad Misc. Adjustme	-				-	(1)
			- beginning of y	ear adjusted			21,626,137	3,892,093
		Rounding Fund Balance ¹	- end of year				\$ 22,310,813	\$ 3,532,165

 $^{^{1}\,\}mathrm{and}\,\mathrm{Net}\,\mathrm{Position}$ if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Municipal Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description	Total Revenue	Total Other Financing Sources	Total Expenditures	Total Other Financing Uses	Net Change in Fund Balance ¹	Beginning Fund Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Prior Period Adjustment	Restated Beginning Fund Balance [±] (Deficit)	Ending Fund Balance [†] (Deficit)
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2021 No funds removed from RGS for fiscal 2021 No funds added to RGS for Fiscal 2021 No misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2021 Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2022 adjusted					- -	\$ 21,626,137 - - - - \$ 21,626,137	- - - -	\$ 21,626,137 - - - \$ 21,626,137	<u>-</u>
General Fund Debt Service Elderly (Senior) Services EMS Billing Neighborhood Guild Property Revaluation ARPA	\$ 83,584,986 : 241,547	\$ 1,007,527 \$ 2,346,829 488,703 - 528,625 30,000 -	\$ 24,132,395 \$ 1,699,395	60,608,408 - 40,000 900,000 	\$ (148,290) 888,981 69,657 (17,235) 114,011 (222,448)	\$ 17,348,213 1,769,414 264,062 1,723,795 104,989 415,664	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ 17,348,213 1,769,414 264,062 1,723,795 104,989 415,664	2,658,395 333,719 1,706,560 219,000
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 85,627,540	\$ 4,401,684 \$	\$ 27,796,140 \$	61,548,408	\$ 684,676	\$ 21,626,137	\$ -	\$ 21,626,137	\$ 22,310,813
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2									
Reclassify transfer of municipal appropriation to Education Department as expenditure on MTP2 Eliminate transfers between Funds reported on MTP2: - from General Fund to Debt Service - from General Fund to Senior Services - from EMS Billing to General Fund - from General Fund to Property Revaluation Rounding	\$ - !	(1,945,232) (488,703) (900,000) (30,000)	\$ 55,994,773 \$ - - - - - - -	(55,994,773) - (1,945,232) (488,703) (900,000) (30,000)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - -
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 85,627,540	\$ 1,037,749 \$	\$ 83,790,913 \$	2,189,700	\$ 684,676	\$ 21,626,137	\$ -	\$ 21,626,137	\$ 22,310,813

 $^{^{\,1}}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Education Department Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description	Total Revenue	Total Other Financing Sources	Total Expenditures	Total Other Financing Uses	Net Change in Fund Balance ¹	Beginning Fund Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Prior Period	l	estated Beginning Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Ending Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2021 Misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2021 Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2022 adjusted						\$ 3,892,094 (1) \$ 3,892,093	_	\$ 	3,892,094 (1) 3,892,093	
						3,032,033	=	<u> </u>	3,032,033	
School Unrestricted Fund	\$ 8,691,477			\$ 537,213			\$ -	\$	3,468,894	
Enterprise Fund1	1,397,440		1,126,190	-	271,250	80,599	-		80,599	351,849
School Special Revenue Funds	2,941,428		2,874,918	-	66,510	-	-		-	66,510
School Special Revenue Funds-Student Activity Funds	193,641		251,165	-	(57,524)	348,667	-		348,667	291,143
School Capital Project Fund		537,213	397,592	-	139,621	-	-		-	139,621
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 13,223,986	\$ 56,855,504	\$ 69,904,191	\$ 537,213	\$ (361,914)	\$ 3,898,160	\$ -	\$	3,898,160	\$ 3,536,246
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2										
Municipal appropriation for Education reported as a transfer on financial statements but a revenue on MTP2	\$ 56,026,528	\$ (56,026,528) \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -
State contributions on behalf of teacher pensions are reported as revenue and										
expenditures on financial statements only	(2,993,805) -	(2,993,805)		-	-	-		-	-
Depreciation expense recognized on financials not on MPT2	-	-	(1,986)		1,986	(6,067)	-		(6,067)	(4,081)
LessCommodities reported from GAAP finanicals-not in MPT2	(42,716	-	(42,716)	-	-	-	-		-	-
GASB 87 leases reported as Revenue, capital outlay & expenses on Audit, Revenue on MTP	_	(291,763) (291,763)	_	_	-	_		_	_
elimination of transfers between school funds	-	(537,213		(537,213)	-	-	_		-	-
Rounding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 66,213,993	\$ -	\$ 66,573,921	\$ -	\$ (359,928)	\$ 3,892,093	\$ -	\$	3,892,093	\$ 3,532,165
Reconciliation from MTP2 to UCOA										
Miscellaneous variance between MTP2 & UCOA	3	<u>-</u>		-						
Totals per UCOA Validated Totals Report - Dated 11/23/22	\$ 66,213,996		\$ 66,573,921	=						

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO ANNUAL SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT (MTP2) JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) is a supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-22.2 and 44-35-10. This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report* (MTP2) was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General and the Department of Education.

NOTE 2 REPORTABLE GOVERNMENT SERVICES

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

NOTE 3 ALLOCATIONS

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the City's (or Town's) budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the City (or Town) made allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE GROUPS

Compensation includes salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing allowance/maintenance, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses.

For Public Safety departments (i.e., police, fire, and centralized dispatch) and the Education Department, compensation and most benefits costs are reported in the following employee groupings:

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO ANNUAL SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT (MTP2) JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 EMPLOYEE GROUPS (CONTINUED)

Group A: This group consists of employees who serve the primary function of the department.

- Police Department police officers (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Fire Department fire fighters (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Centralized Dispatch Department civilian dispatchers only
- Education Department professional staff providing direct services to students
- For the remaining departments all employees' compensation and benefits are reported under Group A

Group B: For Police and Fire Departments, compensation and benefits paid to its administrative employees and civilian dispatch employees are reported under Group B. The Education Department reports compensation and benefits paid to executive/mid-level educational administration employees under Group B.

Group C: This group is only used for the Education Department and it includes administrative and support staff.

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are not reported by employee groups on the MTP2. They are reported in total as either (1) contributions to a qualified OPEB trust or (2) the amount paid for medical and dental insurance for retirees when an OPEB trust fund has not been established. The detail employee group information for the Education Department can be found on the State's Municipal Transparency portal website.

NOTE 5 EDUCATION REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

The revenues and expenditures presented on the MTP2 under the Education Department is consistent with existing Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCOA) guidelines. Each MTP account code has been mapped to the corresponding UCOA code or group of UCOA codes to facilitate the preparation of the MTP reporting.

Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/.

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION INFORMATION

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
						Restated	Restated	Restated		
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
O										
Governmental Activities:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 65,948,551	\$ 72,554,859	\$ 77,139,083	\$ 75,386,786	\$ 72,453,601	\$ 77,888,860	\$ 70,479,567	\$ 67,772,956	\$ 65,788,311	\$ 67,088,741
Restricted	29,137,673	34,413,830	21,882,796	2,749,974	2,688,675	2,509,938	2,788,004	17,686,826	17,649,052	15,968,722
Unrestricted	(19,022,456)	(35,111,516)	(35,488,094)	(17,219,511)	(16,739,201)	(25,186,040)	(17,776,078)	(30,877,110)	(54,454,652)	35,089,366
Total Governmental Activities										
Net Position	76,063,768	71,857,173	63,533,785	60,917,249	58,403,075	55,212,758	55,491,493	54,582,672	28,982,711	118,146,829
Business-Type Activities:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	24,308,077	22,368,647	22,430,731	20,395,273	21,099,965	21,560,136	20,764,646	20,379,758	20,653,037	21,169,022
Restricted	6,186	6,186	,, -	.,,	,,	, ,	-, - ,	.,,	-,,	,,.
Unrestricted	13,536,006	13,463,078	13,188,340	12,793,391	11,148,345	10,316,138	9,590,963	8,602,953	7,806,604	7,020,437
Total Business-Type Activities	10,000,000	10,100,010	10,100,010	12,100,001	11,110,010	10,010,100	0,000,000	0,002,000	7,000,001	1,020,101
Net Position	37,850,269	35,837,911	35,619,071	33,188,664	32,248,310	31,876,274	30,355,609	28,982,711	28,459,641	28,189,459
	01,110,211	,,	,,	,,	,- : -, - : -	,	,,		,,	,,
Primary Government:										
Net Investment In Capital Assets	90,256,628	94,923,506	99,569,814	95,782,059	93,553,566	99,448,996	91,244,213	88,152,714	86,441,348	88,257,763
Restricted	29,143,859	34,420,016	2,804,762	2,257,954	2,196,655	2,509,938	2,295,984	17,686,826	17,649,052	15,968,722
Unrestricted	(5,486,450)	(21,648,438)	(3,221,720)	(4,426,120)	(5,590,856)	(14,869,902)	(8,185,115)	(22,274,157)	(46,648,048)	42,109,803
Total Primary Government	(3, 100, 100)	(= :, 3 :0, :00)	(=,==1,720)	(1,120,120)	(2,300,000)	(11,300,002)	(2,100,110)	(==,=: 1,101)	(12,310,010)	:=, :00,000
Net Position	\$ 113,914,037	\$ 107,695,084	\$ 99,152,856	\$ 93,613,893	\$ 90,159,365	\$ 87,089,032	\$ 85,355,082	\$ 83,565,383	\$ 57,442,352	\$ 146,336,288
INCLI OSILIOII	ψ 113,914,031	ψ 101,093,004	ψ 99,132,030	ψ 90,010,090	ψ 30,139,303	Ψ 01,009,032	ψ 00,000,002	ψ 00,000,000	Ψ 31,442,332	ψ 1+0,000,200

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
EXPENSES										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 5,312,803	\$ 6,799,564	\$ 6,439,271	\$ 5,566,611	\$ 5,485,016	\$ 6,009,770	\$ 4,959,774	\$ 4,132,116	\$ 4,841,301	\$ 10,084,503
Public Safety	11,459,722	12,473,336	12,853,296	11,889,791	12,533,561	11,959,463	13,020,538	10,223,505	10,045,222	7,077,376
Public Works	4,784,769	4,333,110	4,617,718	4,395,606	2,925,740	3,287,040	3,084,179	4,621,350	4,299,775	3,648,193
Human Service Agency Contributions	655,320	700,428	907,803	1,005,331	840,591	950,422	943,812	928,691	923,218	145,400
Public Libraries	1,491,220	1,996,552	1,432,553	1,487,098	1,832,064	1,813,159	1,506,903	1,282,647	1,231,188	1,051,446
Education	63,379,148	65,664,371	66,487,416	66,456,058	65,482,766	66,089,552	65,100,240	61,776,176	61,622,756	62,189,433
Recreation	3,874,122	4,787,715	3,812,750	4,003,871	4,699,805	4,428,491	4,135,318	2,648,392	2,723,576	2,264,670
Interest on Long-Term Debt	402,086	194,173	416,130	289,363	413,293	245,795	321,314	819,950	860,844	730,633
Total Governmental Activities	91,359,190	96,949,249	96,966,937	95,093,729	94,212,836	94,783,692	93,072,078	86,432,827	86,547,880	87,191,654
Business-Type Activities:										
Wastewater	3,907,438	3,849,075	3,741,834	3,726,503	3,394,506	3,355,328	3,105,813	3,223,580	2,829,421	2,768,557
Solid Waste	781,322	641,520	589,050	613,073	559,798	500,390	498,920	477,057	457,313	474,459
Water	973,915	1,128,155	1,042,448	917,238	970,691	896,198	818,052	927,477	845,888	768,278
School Cafeteria	1,126,190	738,116	758,394	1,026,582	1,020,300	985,643	983,204	939,795	973,067	957,920
Total Business-Type Activities	6,788,865	6,356,866	6,131,726	6,283,396	5,945,295	5,737,559	5,405,989	5,567,909	5,105,689	4,969,214
Total Primary Government Expense	\$ 98,148,055	\$ 103,306,115	\$ 103,098,663	\$ 101,377,125	\$ 100,158,131	\$ 100,521,251	\$ 98,478,067	\$ 92,000,736	\$ 91,653,569	\$ 92,160,868
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government	\$ 1,163,044	\$ 714,333	\$ 612.142	\$ 559,679	\$ 495,600	\$ 626,747	\$ 561,391	\$ 538,276	\$ 3,188,727	\$ 3,447,815
Public Safety	1,674,818	1,588,164	1,480,139	1,542,615	1,468,888	1,260,869	1,391,139	1,358,084	348,997	1,169,260
Human Service	1,252,030	1,201,770	1,125,256	960,699	1,065,694	882,677	754,636	908,990	139,704	1,100,200
Public Works	122,177	90,668	161,627	234,328	174,401	142,466	162,652	123,738	.00,707	324,340
Public Libraries	7,529	3,842	10,265	17,740	22,001	23,267	20,855	21,686	24,491	24,283
Education	1,469,340	1,097,662	897,537	881,720	631,480	670,514	833,574	883,368	791,124	824,591
Interest and Fiscal Charges	64	1,037,002	031,001	001,720	031,400	070,514	000,014	000,000	731,124	024,551
Recreation	1,836,855	1,732,874	1,694,592	1,811,103	1,677,624	1,618,619	1,609,412	1,585,138	1,015,206	958,750
Operating Grants and Contributions	9,851,227	13,102,785	11,403,108	11,861,271	13,065,446	13,491,181	14,611,427	12,940,772	13,186,891	13,639,256
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,555,155	934,766	1,129,967	829,442	1,799,851	2,276,533	3,217,518	524,381	92,439	107,725
Total Governmental Activities	1,000,100	004,700	1,120,001	020,112	1,700,001	2,210,000	0,217,010	024,001	02,400	107,720
Program Revenues	18,932,239	20,466,864	18,514,633	18,698,597	20,400,985	20,992,873	23,162,604	18,884,433	18,787,579	20,496,020
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Wastewater	5,901,434	3,965,456	5,552,428	3,949,473	3,608,923	4,052,754	3,285,671	3,494,268	3,049,347	3,251,827
Solid Waste	731,957	672,999	661,902	638,302	561,226	501,178	506,858	528,250	492,264	544,766
Water	1,177,578	1,194,604	1,168,413	1,171,727	1,137,826	1,139,920	1,158,964	1,141,522	1,010,389	973,530
School Cafeteria	36,124	1,295	437,990	615,381	619,381	579,252	560,875	579,529	601,848	633,393
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,361,316	724,213	308,295	391,410	413,975	402,182	427,718	432,055	368,165	325,227
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	7,472	,	,	18,069	- ,	,	- ,	,	, -
Total Business-Type Activities	9,208,409	6,566,039	8,129,028	6,766,293	6,359,400	6,675,286	5,940,086	6,175,624	5,522,013	5,728,743
Total Primary Government										
Program Revenues	\$ 28,140,648	\$ 27,032,903	\$ 26,643,661	\$ 25,464,890	\$ 26,760,385	\$ 27,668,159	\$ 29,102,690	\$ 25,060,057	\$ 24,309,592	\$ 26,224,763

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
NET REVENUE (EXPENSE)										
Governmental Activities	\$ (72,426,951)	\$ (76,482,385)	\$ (78,452,304)	\$ (76,395,132)	\$ (73,811,851)	\$ (73,790,819)	\$ (69,909,474)	\$ (67,548,394)	\$ (67,760,301)	\$ (66,695,634)
Business-Type Activities	2,419,544	209,173	1,997,302	482,897	414,105	937,727	534,097	607,715	416,324	759,529
Total Primary Government										
Net Expense	\$ (70,007,407)	\$ (76,273,212)	\$ (76,455,002)	\$ (75,912,235)	\$ (73,397,746)	\$ (72,853,092)	\$ (69,375,377)	\$ (66,940,679)	\$ (67,343,977)	\$ (65,936,105)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER										
CHANGES IN NET POSITION										
Governmental Activities:										
Property Taxes	\$ 77,574,212	\$ 77,281,357	\$ 76,896,488	\$ 74,364,196	\$ 72,166,222	\$ 70,994,758	\$ 69,126,888	\$ 66,953,388	\$ 66,953,388	\$ 66,659,301
Motor Vehicle Phase-Out Taxes	1,369,885	321,889	772,534	353,601	483,828	142,445	139,730	170,945	170,945	165,446
Telephone and Hotel Taxes	289,067	121,584	229,153	195,877	199,400	164,020	159,174	509,604	509,604	495,631
Grants and Aid not Restricted for a										
Specific Program	1,341,359	1,200,125	1,317,593	1,338,723	1,663,617	1,353,836	1,340,500	1,837,885	1,837,885	1,663,378
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	(3,936,977)	5,518,993	2,357,925	2,375,895	1,971,233	1,940,657	193,395	2,568,515	2,568,515	1,990,301
Transfers	(4,000)	(4,200)	(12,833)	(18,986)	25,848	(591,612)	(803,982)	163,057	163,057	357,608
Total Governmental Activities	76,633,546	84,439,748	81,560,860	78,609,306	76,510,148	74,004,104	70,155,705	72,203,394	72,203,394	71,331,665
Business-Type Activities:										
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	(411,186)	5,467	420,272	438,471	(16,221)	(8,674)	34,819	16,915	16,915	20,351
Transfers	4,000	4,200	12,833	18,986	(25,848)	591,612	803,982	(163,057)	(163,057)	(357,608)
Total Business-Type Activities	(407,186)	9,667	433,105	457,457	(42,069)	582,938	838,801	(146,142)	(146,142)	(337,257)
Total Primary Government	\$ 76,226,360	\$ 84,449,415	\$ 81,993,965	\$ 79,066,763	\$ 76,468,079	\$ 74,587,042	\$ 70,994,506	\$ 72,057,252	\$ 72,057,252	\$ 70,994,408
CHANGE IN NET POSITION										
Governmental Activities	\$ 4,206,595	\$ 7,957,363	\$ 3,108,556	\$ 2,514,174	\$ 2,698,297	\$ 213,285	\$ 246,231	\$ 4,655,000	\$ 4,443,093	\$ 4,636,031
Business-Type Activities	2,012,358	218,840	2,430,407	940,354	372,036	1,520,665	1,372,898	461,573	270,182	422,272
Business-Type Activities	2,012,330	210,040	2,400,407	340,334	312,030	1,020,000	1,572,090	401,373	210,102	422,212
Total Primary Government	\$ 6,218,953	\$ 8,176,203	\$ 5,538,963	\$ 3,454,528	\$ 3,070,333	\$ 1,733,950	\$ 1,619,129	\$ 5,116,573	\$ 4,713,275	\$ 5,058,303

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Fund:										
Restricted	\$ 1,016	\$ 8,969	\$ 1,200	\$ 27,529	\$ 9,598	\$ 36,956	\$ 15,726	\$ 38,193	\$ 63,678	\$ 21,926
Unrestricted	19,886,030	20,808,138	21,267,506	17,025,520	16,346,328	16,077,082	15,570,027	14,984,306	15,914,055	15,443,286
Total General Fund	\$ 19,887,046	\$ 20,817,107	\$ 21,268,706	\$ 17,053,049	\$ 16,355,926	\$ 16,114,038	\$ 15,585,753	\$ 15,022,499	\$ 15,977,733	\$ 15,465,212
All Other Governmental Funds: Restricted Unrestricted, Reported in:	\$ 24,302,091	\$ 27,975,769	\$ 24,567,695	\$ 23,968,163	\$ 23,333,520	\$ 22,102,238	\$ 22,090,114	\$ 22,901,688	\$ 27,111,926	\$ 25,031,275
Special Revenue Funds	6,662,029	5,458,247	3,056,898	2,821,443	2,565,363	2,206,848	2,498,058	2,345,147	2,399,180	2,246,126
Capital Project Funds	19,167,821	12,627,098	11,077,659	8,968,301	11,640,433	5,128,522	9,518,148	9,525,428	3,931,006	4,140,305
Total All Other Governmental	4 50 404 044		4 00 700 050	4 05 757 007		A 00 407 000	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	A 04 770 000		A 04 447 700
Funds	<u>\$ 50,131,941</u>	\$ 46,061,114	\$ 38,702,252	\$ 35,757,907	\$ 37,539,316	\$ 29,437,608	\$ 34,106,320	\$ 34,772,263	\$ 33,442,112	\$ 31,417,706

Notes:

^{*} Town and School fund balances were combined for reporting purposes beginning 6/30/12 in accordance with the audit firm's interpretation of GASB 54.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
REVENUES										
Property Taxes and Interest	\$ 77,584,903	\$ \$ 77,235,788	\$ 76,736,260	\$ 74,523,011	\$ 72,138,721	\$ 71,023,350	\$ 69,170,273	\$ 68,282,410	\$ 67,434,952	\$ 66,626,623
Intergovernmental Revenues	13,414,312	11,635,447	10,434,074	11,559,695	13,084,043	14,124,443	14,224,265	13,519,811	13,313,778	13,809,380
Licenses, Fees, and Rents	3,426,499		2,479,459		2,220,604	2,027,110	1,800,653	2,091,978	1,936,129	2,122,082
Interest on Investments	(3,939,326	5,517,805	2,348,787	2,356,901	1,959,452	1,940,088	192,667	661,351	2,562,349	1,913,743
Fines and Charges	2,066,277	,	1,887,213		1,934,102	1,454,328	1,668,007	1,685,331	1,720,729	1,707,372
Department Revenue	1,122,400		1,099,591		1,085,472	1,382,810	1,319,990	1,153,858	1,131,332	924,693
Other Revenue	884,096		856,695		921,296	834,428	853,428	777,521	765,504	1,812,880
State On-Behalf Pension	2,993,805		2,793,656		2,666,045	2,683,099	2,449,310	2,369,227	2,185,581	2,119,728
Total Revenues	97,552,966		98,635,735		96,009,735	95,469,656	91,678,593	90,541,487	91,050,354	91,036,501
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government	6,112,796	6,177,625	5,102,639	5,274,466	3,839,267	3,751,923	3,776,694	3,571,502	3,632,029	2,660,861
Public Safety	13,167,291	12,679,075	12,338,588	11,510,894	11,265,691	10,897,960	10,559,201	9,639,003	9,281,517	6,672,979
Public Services	3,385,175	2,858,094	3,034,100	3,051,979	2,935,749	3,627,204	2,984,847	2,735,979	2,491,439	2,398,155
Public Health Contributions	655,320	700,428	994,947	1,020,829	964,008	950,422	940,061	125,400	147,400	145,400
Recreation	3,209,375	3,021,092	3,180,928	3,187,746	2,957,302	2,924,312	2,658,792	2,572,574	2,358,758	2,035,546
Public Libraries	1,290,490		1,364,380		1,259,498	1,210,348	1,180,796	1,173,634	1,134,945	914,695
Educational	68,401,934		62,641,377		63,976,130	63,158,612	62,196,819	61,834,589	60,988,629	61,524,508
Capital Improvements	4,195,634		4,822,247		2,806,741	10,161,698	3,508,744	3,011,018	2,906,979	1,842,708
Miscellaneous	.,,	,,	.,,		1,191,713	1,040,289	967,255	928,093	2,361,875	7,550,463
Debt Service: (2)					1,101,110	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	,	_,,	.,,
Principal	1,437,304	1,370,000	1,694,000	1,842,000	1,682,000	1,710,000	2,044,000	2,371,000	2,680,000	2,981,000
Interest	345,395		424,824		378,262	257,434	334,933	618,393	592,913	717,211
Total Expenditures	102.200.714		95,598,030		93,256,361	99,690,202	91,152,142	88,581,185	88,576,484	89,443,526
·	102,200,111	0.,000,020	00,000,000	00,000,001	00,200,001	00,000,202	01,102,112	00,001,100	30,070,101	30,110,020
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER										
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(4,647,748	6,720,439	3,037,705	(1,065,300)	2,753,374	(4,220,546)	526,451	1,960,302	2,473,870	1,592,975
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Proceeds from Borrowing	7,500,751		4,135,130	-	5,639,374	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of Leases	291,763	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of Refunding Bonds		-		-	-	-	-	6,935,000	-	4,263,000
Payment to Refunding Debt Escrow		-		-	-	-	-	(7,218,900)	-	(4,207,856)
Transfers In	7,116,352		5,486,875		5,523,866	5,700,651	5,860,074	5,996,250	4,571,217	3,907,648
Transfers Out	(7,120,352	(7,623,629)	(5,499,708	(5,716,081)	(5,573,018)	(5,710,706)	(6,489,214)	(5,892,553)	(4,508,160)	(3,880,040)
Total Other Financing Sources										
(Uses)	7,788,514	(179,200)	4,122,297	(18,986)	5,590,222	(10,055)	(629,140)	(180,203)	63,057	82,752
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,140,766	\$ 6,541,239	\$ 7,160,002	\$ (1,084,286)	\$ 8,343,596	\$ (4,230,601)	\$ (102,689)	\$ 1,780,099	\$ 2,536,927	\$ 1,675,727
Debt Service as a Percentage										
of Noncapital Expenditures (1)	1.829	6 1.84%	2.349	6 2.28%	1.97%	2.61%	3.37%	3.70%	4.13%	4.67%

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ The percentage calculation uses the capital outlay figure from Note 1. This differs from the Capital Improvements figure due to capitalizable items included within other functional categories of current expenditures.

⁽²⁾ Debt Service is broken out into principal and interest and other costs beginning with fiscal year 2003. Bond issuance costs and bank fees are further broken out from interest beginning fiscal year 2011.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND ASSESSED VALUES AND ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						A	ssessed Value				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	_	Residential Property	 Commercial Property	Inc	dustrial/Utility Property		Tangible Personal Property	Motor Vehicles	 Less Tax Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2022	\$	4,527,996,100	\$ 512,059,900	\$	42,881,500	\$	107,007,815	\$ 136,900,889	\$ 64,135,163	\$ 5,262,711,041	\$ 14.56
2021		4,494,020,600	510,107,200		42,881,500		114,464,194	145,574,064	61,133,730	5,245,913,828	14.56
2020		4,453,849,000	502,741,200		42,881,500		114,091,164	168,826,026	63,902,393	5,218,486,497	14.59
2019		3,941,833,700	407,514,885		74,711,715		113,421,110	175,178,185	59,619,313	4,653,040,282	15.79
2018		3,902,377,700	406,099,681		73,106,419		112,676,078	184,249,032	60,393,721	4,618,115,189	15.45
2017		3,874,286,600	417,248,697		74,538,903		113,800,099	198,929,263	61,210,855	4,617,592,707	15.25
2016		3,663,352,700	388,285,575		75,493,525		113,540,016	194,264,022	60,187,116	4,374,748,722	15.66
2015		3,528,766,791	493,273,045		73,836,764		106,473,897	187,325,550	61,825,012	4,327,851,035	15.48
2014		4,327,013,284	420,199,912		40,682,402		117,242,736	185,876,659	793,673,400	4,297,341,593	15.47
2013		4,434,004,364	476,108,659		41,715,054		202,728,309	182,251,511	810,728,300	4,526,079,597	14.50

Source: Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island Assessor

Notes:

Prior to the adoption of Senate Bill - 3050 Sub A at the close of the 2006 legislative session, Rhode Island had a 5.5% cap on property tax growth in all cities and towns. The State's enactment of the 2006 amendments to the local property tax cap provisions revised the tax cap to apply only to the prior year levy beginning in FY 2007-2008 and to further reduce the cap to 4% by FY 2012-2013 in 0.25% increments. The tax cap was 4% for fiscal year 2020.

The Town had a full revaluation of real property as of December 31, 2012, effective for the 2013-14 fiscal year. The full revaluation is required by state law every 9 years. Statistical updates are required every 3 years. A statistical update of real property was completed as of December 31, 2015 for the 2016-2017 fiscal year. Property is assessed at actual value, therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Inventory taxes were phased out under RI General Law 44-3-29.1. Under the law, 2008 was the final year of inventory taxation.

Total Direct Rate represents the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the Town. Prior to 2000, all property was taxed at the same rate. At that time, the motor vehicle tax rate was frozen at \$18.71. For fiscal year 2021, the property tax rate, exclusive of motor vehicles, was \$14.45.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND ASSESSED VALUES AND ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (CONTINUED) CALCULATION OF TOTAL DIRECT TAX RATE FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note: Excludes Exempt Property

Category	Assessed Value		Assessed Value	Direct Rate Per \$1000	otal Tax Levy	
Real Estate Less: Exemptions Net Real Estate Tangible/Personal Inventory	\$ 5,082,937,5 64,135,1		5,018,802,335 107,007,815	\$ 14.4500 14.4500	\$	72,521,676 1,546,260
Motor Vehicle Less: Exemptions Net Motor Vehicle	229,007,9 92,107,0		136,900,889	18.71		2,560,570
		\$	5,262,711,039		\$	76,628,505
	Total Assessed Val Divided by Total Le (Times 10	evy:	5,262,711,039 76,628,505			
		\$	14.56	Weighted Avg/Total [Direct Ra	ate

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2022		2013			
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	
Harbor Village Apts (formerly Grandville)	\$41,536,600	1	0.79%	\$ -		0.00%	
Narragansett Electric	31,942,705	2	0.61%	23,598,315	3	0.52%	
SCC Investments II, LLC	28,938,300	3	0.55%	13,124,800	7	0.29%	
BH Brightview Commons, LLC (formerly SHP III)	25,845,990	4	0.49%	-		0.00%	
Schneider Electric (formerly APC)	21,061,287	5	0.40%	-		0.00%	
BKD South Bay LLC (Brookdale Senior Living)	15,724,819	6	0.30%	-		0.00%	
Jerry Brown Farm Association	14,573,200	7	0.28%	13,634,300	6	0.30%	
Tower Hill Landings, LLC	12,508,743	8	0.24%	-		0.00%	
Wakefield Mall, LLC	12,483,200	9	0.24%	12,823,700	8	0.28%	
Belmont Shoppers Park Inc.	10,487,889	10	0.20%				
American Power Conversion				48,739,403	1	1.08%	
Grandville At The Commons LP				34,714,600	2	0.77%	
SHP III South Kingstown LLC				16,856,450	4	0.37%	
HCP HB2 South Bay Manor LLC				14,017,600	5	0.31%	
SCC Investments, LLC				9,944,900	9	0.22%	
Hallkeen CDT Kingston LTD Part				9,920,900	10	0.22%	
Total	\$ 215,102,733		4.09%	\$ 197,374,968		4.36%	

Source: Town of South Kingstown Assessor

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Ac	dendums	Ab	atements	ents Uncollected (2)						
Fiscal	Actual	Gross		and		and			E	nd of Year	Percent of	As of	Percent of
Year	Tax Rate	 Levy	Ac	ljustments	Ac	ljustments		Net Levy		Levy (1)	Net Levy	 8/30/21	Net Levy
2021-22	14.45	\$ 76,628,505	\$	188,182	\$	108,695	\$	76,707,992	\$	725,864	0.95%	\$ 485,735	0.63%
2020-21	14.45	76,422,435		105,518		21,523		76,506,430		788,334	1.03%	513,316	0.67%
2019-20	14.45	76,125,309		149,486		33,221		76,241,574		908,690	1.19%	590,391	0.77%
2018-19	15.68	73,489,680		159,788		64,966		73,584,502		765,373	1.04%	417,857	0.57%
2017-18	15.31	71,328,981		134,783		28,622		71,435,142		109,041	0.15%	93,753	0.13%
2016-17	15.09	70,398,298		78,533		55,227		67,698,861		70,486	0.10%	66,310	0.10%
2015-16	15.52	68,504,982		93,912		43,927		65,885,154		48,649	0.07%	47,689	0.07%
2014-15	15.48	67,607,641		114,775		23,555		65,199,289		41,358	0.06%	41,087	0.06%
2013-14	15.47	67,082,117		175,914		348,216		64,231,377		36,625	0.06%	36,382	0.06%
2012-13	14.50	66,399,782		99,701		372,420		66,127,063		36,367	0.05%	36,089	0.05%

Source: Town of South Kingstown Tax Collector

Notes:

- (1) Reflects current year tax collection through 60 days after the close of the fiscal year.
- (2) Uncollected @ 6/30/10 is net of the following adjustments: write off of uncollectible real estate, tangible and motor vehicle taxes for tax years 1994, 1995, 1998, and 1999 in the amount of \$70,258; and a reclassification of Town-held tax liens in the amount of \$5,704.

Uncollected @ 6/30/11 is net of the following adjustments: write off of uncollectible real estate, tangible and motor vehicle taxes for tax years 1998-2009 in the amount of \$21,898; and a reclassification of Town-held tax liens in the amount of \$750.

Uncollected @ 6/30/12 is net of the following adjustments: write off of uncollectible tangible and motor vehicle taxes for tax years 1997-2001 and misc. taxes for tax years 2006-2009 in the amount of \$30,015; reclassification of 2010 and 2011 Town-held tax liens in the amount of \$270.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Bo	onded Debt						
Fiscal Year June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Bonds Premiums	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Taxable Assessed Value	(2010 is actual) U.S. Census Estimated Population	Per Capita	
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013	\$17,126,000 11,464,000 12,834,000 10,653,000 12,495,000 8,757,000 10,467,000 12,511,000 14,967,000 17,647,000	\$886,981 369,362 427,981 478,687 529,392 360,675 400,412 440,149 96,209 128,650	\$ 5,262,711,041 5,245,913,828 5,218,486,497 4,653,040,282 4,618,115,189 4,617,592,707 4,374,748,722 4,327,851,035 4,297,341,593 4,526,079,597	0.33% 0.22% 0.25% 0.23% 0.27% 0.19% 0.24% 0.29% 0.35% 0.39%	31,851 30,454 30,348 30,650 30,788 30,791 30,826 30,750 30,615 30,363	\$ 538 376 423 348 406 284 340 407 489 581	
Business-Ty	ype Activities						
Fiscal Year June 30,	Wastewater Bonds	Solid Waste Bonds	Water Bonds	Total Primary Government	Total Personal Income	Percent of Personal Income *	Per Capita
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	\$59,000 87,000 115,000 142,000 169,000 195,000 221,000 246,000	\$349,321 526,152 698,587 866,719 1,030,638 1,190,432 1,346,185 1,498,979	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ 18,421,302 12,446,514 14,075,568 12,140,406 14,224,030 10,503,107 12,434,597 14,696,128	1,284,933,042 Not Available Not Available 1,193,112,550 1,110,492,372 1,101,763,562 1,044,569,836 1,002,204,000	1.43% Not Available Not Available 1.02% 1.28% 0.95% 1.19% 1.47%	\$ 578 409 464 396 462 341 403 478

84,000

Notes:

2014

2013

Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements.

1,647,896

1,793,014

271,000

295,000

16,982,105

19,947,664

1,030,776,435

1,088,665,365

1.65%

1.83%

555

657

^{*} See Schedule 11 for personal income and population data used to calculate these ratios.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(RATE PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

							Overlap	ping Rates		
Fiscal		Total Dire	ct Tax Rat	ie						
Year	Rea	Estate /								
Ended	Pe	ersonal			Uni	on Fire	India	an Lake	Kir	ngston
June 30	Pi	roperty	Motor Vehicle		District		Fire District		Fire District	
2022	\$	14.45	\$	18.71	\$	0.77	\$	1.26	\$	0.95
2021		14.45		18.71		0.76		1.33		0.94
2020		14.45		18.71		0.77		1.22		0.94
2019		15.68		18.71		0.87		1.30		1.02
2018		15.31		18.71		0.86		1.22		1.00
2017		15.09		18.71		0.85		1.22		0.97
2016		15.52		18.71		0.88		1.38		0.98
2015		15.48		18.71		0.82		1.38		0.96
2014		15.47		18.71		0.79		1.13		0.92
2013		14.50		18.71		0.71		0.95		0.87

Notes:

Beginning in the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the Town's basic tax rate increase cannot exceed 4% of the prior year's rate unless the state of Rhode Island approves such increase.

Overlapping rates are those of local fire districts that apply to property owners within the Town of South Kingstown. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Town of South Kingstown property owners. For example, although the Town's direct property tax rates apply to all Town property owners, a fire district tax applies only to those Town properties located within that district.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30											
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		
Total Assessed Value Rhode Island General Law Debt	\$ 5,262,711,041	\$ 5,245,913,828	\$ 5,218,486,497	\$ 4,653,040,282	\$ 4,618,115,189	\$ 4,617,592,707	\$ 4,374,748,722	\$ 4,327,851,035	\$ 4,297,341,593	\$ 4,526,079,597		
Limitation as % of Assessed Value	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%		
Debt Limit	157,881,331	157,377,415	156,554,595	139,591,208	138,543,456	138,527,781	131,242,462	129,835,531	128,920,248	135,782,388		
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit	2,149,157	2,669,751	3,189,898	3,873,337	4,315,645	3,875,854	4,362,607	4,745,677	5,443,192	4,299,513		
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 155,732,174	\$ 154,707,664	\$ 153,364,697	\$ 135,717,872	\$ 134,227,810	\$ 134,651,927	\$ 126,879,855	\$ 125,089,854	\$ 123,477,056	\$ 131,482,875		
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	1.36%	1.70%	2.04%	2.77%	3.12%	2.80%	3.32%	3.66%	4.22%	3.17%		

Notes:

The State Legislature may by special act permit the Town to incur indebtedness outside the limitations imposed by the 3% debt limit.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Dor	ESTIMATED Total		
		Per Capita	Total Personal		
Fiscal Year	(3)	Personal	Income (1)	School	Unemployment
June 30,	Population	Income (1)	(thousands)	Enrollment	Rate (2)
2022	31,851	\$ 40,342.00	\$ 1,284,933	2,398	2.2%
2021	30,454	Not Available	Not Available	2,708	6.9%
2020	30,348	Not Available	Not Available	2,853	3.1%
2019	30,650	38,927	1,193,113	2,931	3.6%
2018	30,788	36,069	1,110,492	3,043	3.9%
2017	30,791	35,782	1,101,764	3,111	4.9%
2016	30,826	33,886	1,044,570	3,249	5.4%
2015	30,750	32,592	1,002,204	3,275	6.9%
2014	30,615	33,669	1,030,776	3,397	8.7%
2013	30,363	35,855	1,088,665	3,357	9.1%
2012	30,378	34,007	1,033,065	3,443	9.7%

- (1) Per Bureau of Economic Analysis Washington County. The income data released in April 2012 represents 2010 data. Personal income is only available at the county level. The Town's population is 24% of the County. Most recent Per Capita Personal Income per the US Census Bureau, 2015-2019 ACS 5-Year Estimate for FY 2019. Provided by RI Department of Labor and Training. FY22 Per Capita Income in past 12 months (in 2020 dollars), 2016-2020, per Census.gov Quickfacts.
- (2) Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training; as of June 2022
- (3) The non-census year statistics are estimates provided RI Department of Labor and Training by the RI Division of Planning. The 2010 fiscal year census statistic is actual U.S. census figure. The 2022 fiscal year census statistic is the Population Estimate as of July 1, 2021, U.S. Census Bureau QuickFacts.

2.3%

91.5%

10

311

12,295

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2022 (1) 2013 (1) Percentage of Percentage of **Total Town** Total Town **Employment Sector** Employees Rank Employment **Employment Sector** Employees Rank Employment Government 3,578 28.0% Government 3,802 28.3% 1 1 Health Care and Social Assistance 2,888 2 22.6% Health Care and Social Assistance 2,760 2 20.5% 3 Accommodation and Food Services 1,484 3 11.6% Accommodation and Food Services 1,431 10.6% Retail Trade 1,220 9.5% Retail Trade 1,276 9.5% 4 4 Construction 548 5 4.3% Wholesale Trade 771 5 5.7% 6 6 Other Services (except Public Administration) 508 4.0% Other Services (except Public Administration) 708 5.3% 7 Manufacturing 426 7 3.3% Manufacturing 569 4.2% Wholesale Trade 419 8 3.3% Professional and Technical Services 342 8 2.5% Professional and Technical Services 9 2.4% 398 9 3.1% Construction 325

Administrative Support and Waste Management

Total

2.8%

92.5%

NOTES

Educational Services

Total

362

11,831

Data by individual employer has been unavailable since 2010. Therefore, beginning with the 2012 CAFR, the principal employer data will be displayed by sector.

10

⁽¹⁾ RI Department of Labor and Training Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, City and Town Summary - previous year.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2022 (1)	2021 (1)	2020 (1)	2019 (1)	2018 (1)	2017 (1)	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Government:	51	47	35	35	35	36	33	33	33	33
Public Safety:										
Police - Officers	58	55	54	54	54	54	53	52	51	51
Police - Civilians	20	20	17	18	18	18	19	22	22	22
Emergency Medical Services	22	21	19	17	17	17	15	17	17	17
Communications	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total Public Safety	102	98	92	91	91	91	89	93	92	92
Public Works:										
Streets and Highways	19	19	19	20	20	19	17	18	17	17
Administration	7	7	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Total Public Works	26	26	23	24	24	23	21	22	21	21
			20							
Parks and Recreation	19	20	19	19	18	18	11	11	11	11
Libraries	11_	10	11	9	9	9	10	10	10	10
Total General Fund	209	201	180	178	177	177	164	169	167	167
Water	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Wastewater	17	16	18	15	15	15	14	14	17	17
Neighborhood Guild	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Senior Services	4	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7
Other	4	6	6	6	6	6	1	1	1	1
Public Education:										
Certified	297	290	291	313	308	316	313	316	323	341
Noncertified	142	133	137	149	150	154	154	153	158	174
Administrative	21	22	22	24	24	24	25	24	24	24
Total Public Education	460	445	450	486	482	494	492	493	505	539
Total	702	683	671	701	696	708	686	692	706	740

Source: Town Budgets and School Department Budgets

NOTES

(1) Employee counts now reflect budgeted positions not actual staff.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Function/Program										
Police:										
Physical Arrests	375	410	381	526	545	555	545	530	645	626
Traffic Violations	2,091	2,304	2,067	2,706	1,975	1,862	2,021	1,751	2,696	2,764
Parking Violations	639	848	1,375	1,301	1,195	1,984	2,428	1,152	1,257	742
Emergency Medical Services:										
Number of Calls Answered	3,908	3,364	3,241	3,325	3,112	3,034	2,930	2,750	2,852	2,807
Animal Control:										
Number of Complaints	801	905	898	1,022	1,141	1,032	1,281	1,188	1,357	1,260
Number of Impoundments	216	253	252	339	401	336	341	201	318	383
Communications:										
Fire Alarm Activations	52	41	48	32	23	30	64	202	227	262
Streets and Highways:										
Street Sweeping (Miles)	145	145	145	151	151	151	148	151	151	151
Road Regrading (Miles)	10	14	14	19	19	31	44	45	45	45
Street Plowing/Deicing (OT Hours)	950	922	375	818	1,422	1,588	1,055	2,814	1,568	1,965
Culture and Recreation:										
Programs/Classes (Enroll/Attend)	44,134	18,302	44,839	27,650	26,377	28,125	28,168	30,349	30,550	28,745
Libraries:										
Volumes in Collection	88,233	87,360	90,750	76,460	80,115	79,701	69,999	69,301	70,599	68,916
Volumes Borrowed	242,464	195,459	225,480	262,068	218,461	216,904	247,197	257,137	267,491	262,456
Reference Requests Filled	20,471	15,562	21,969	28,777	27,480	26,263	25,907	26,158	29,025	28,136
Water:										
New Connections (Net)	4	9	9	8	8	12	7	10	12	4
Average Daily Consumption (1)	309	410	399	337	327	329	391	250	324	315
(Thousands of Gallons)										
Wastewater:										
Average Daily Sewage Treatment	2,710	2,481	2,676	3,031	2,653	2,469	2,430	2,368	2,589	2,520
(Thousands of Gallons)										
Senior Services:										
Adult Day Care Services (Client Days)	_ ***	- *	-,	3,370	3,379	3,004	3,408	3,034	2,961	3,554
Senior Transportation (Trips)	3,779 **** 7,584 ****			7,409	5,883	5,868	5,758	7,042	6,246	7,730
Congregate Meals Served	7,584 ****	* 30,875	16,989	10,219	10,075	11,273	9,831	9,375	9,648	11,149

Sources: Various Town departments

Notes:

Indicators are not available for the general government function.

- * The Adult Day Care Center ceased operations March 13, 2020.
 - Newly announced RI Department of Health regulations call for significant operational adjustments in the Adult Day Setting, including a reduction in the number of participants per day to be allowed in our small facility. Because of these necessary changes, it has been determined that the program is financially unsustainable and the Town has made the difficult decision to delay re-opening until further notice. Presently the Town is committed to reopening the building and is currently seeking a third-party Adult Day Services agency to operate the facility going forward.
- ** For FY2021 Senior transportation was almost exclusively for delivery of meals due to COVID-19.
- In July 2021, The Town entered into a three-year lease agreement with Saint Elizabeth Community for a fee of \$1.00/year, with an option to extend the agreement for 5 additional years; for the provision of a licensed Adult. Day Services Program to be located at 283 Post Road.
- **** Includes trips to and from the Center as well as shopping trips.
- ***** Delivered meals stopped during this time period. Meals were either in-house or grab 'n go. The delivered meals stopped because the Center was in full operation after COVID and we were offering in-house dining. The bus which was used to deliver the meals was now back to transporting participants to the Center and shopping errands.
- (1) Purchased water not customer consumed water.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Function/Program Police: **Stations** Patrol Units Public Works: Streets (Miles) Culture and Recreation: Park Acreage **Tennis Courts Community Centers** Libraries Water: Water Mains (Miles) Fire Hydrants Storage Capacity (Thousands of Gallons - Treated) Wastewater: Sanitary Sewers (Miles) Storm Drains (Miles) WWTF Average Daily Design Flow (Thousands of Gallons) 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000

Sources: Various town departments

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

FEDERAL SINGLE AUDIT

This section contains information regarding federal grant activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, which was audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the he audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients		Federal ditures
United States Department of Agriculture Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster: Summer Food Service Program for Children Total United States Department of Agriculture	10.559		\$ 1,083,475	\$ 1,083,475
United States Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Health: Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases	93.323			92,298
United States Department of the Treasury Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Treasury: COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027			147,238
United States Department of Education Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Education:				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027 84.173		1,053,465 25,561	1,079,026
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010			390,599
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367			204,216
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424			39,645
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048			49,980
Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Total Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D 84.425D 84.425D		37,041 566,493 25,557	629,091
Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371			226,155
Total United States Department of Education				2,618,712
United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Office of Housing and Community Development:				
Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Total United States Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.228 14.228		349,670 390,050	739,720

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures		
United States Department of Transportation					
Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Transportation:					
Highway Safety Cluster:					
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		4,875		
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		988		
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		5,045		
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		799		
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		16,193		
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616		6,362		
			2,918		
				\$ 37,180	
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		4,674		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		18,452		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		867		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	-	3,780	27,773	
Total United States Department of Transportation		\$ -		64,953	
United States Department of Homeland Security					
Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Emergency Management:					
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036			82,483	
United States Department of Justice					
Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Justice:					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738		2,330		
Law Enforcement Assistance Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Laboratory Analysis	16.001		4,353		
Law Enforcement Assistance Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Laboratory Analysis	16.001	-	10,927		
Total United States Department of Justice				17,610	
Total Federal Awards		\$ -		\$ 4,846,489	

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in fund balance, changes in net position or cash flows of Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island.

Basis of Accounting

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance for all awards with exception of assistance listing 21.027, which follows criteria determined by the Department of Treasury for allowability of costs. Under these principles certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 INDIRECT COST RECOVERY

The Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate provided under Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 NONCASH AWARDS

Donated commodities in the amount of \$42,715 are included in the Department of Agriculture's National School Lunch Program, assistance listing #10.555. The amount represents the market value of commodities received.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Town Council
Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut December 30, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Town Council
Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative* Requirements, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

West Hartford, Connecticut December 30, 2022

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results Financial Statements Unmodified 1. Type of auditors' report issued: 2. Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? ____ yes <u>x</u> no ____x none reported Significant deficiency(ies) identified? _____yes 3. Noncompliance material to financial _____ yes statements noted? <u>x</u> no Federal Awards 1. Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? <u>x</u> no _____ yes _____ yes • Significant deficiency(ies) identified? x none reported 2. Type of auditors' report issued on Unmodified compliance for federal programs: 3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? ____x no ____yes Identification of Major Federal Programs **Assistance Listing Number(s)** Name of Federal Program or Cluster 10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster 84.425D COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund -Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? ____ x yes ____ no

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs – Major Federal Programs

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).