ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 7 and 20 during the fiscal year 2022 the Town adopted new accounting guidance Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, leases. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

• Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis budgetary comparison information, Pension and OPEB disclosure be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, Tax Collector's Annual Report, as well as the annual supplemental transparency portal (MTP2) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the annual supplemental transparency report (MTP2) are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 28, 2023, on our consideration of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Haque, Sahady 2 Co. PC

Fall River, Massachusetts April 28, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Management of the Town of Lincoln (the Town) provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Town's Annual Financial Report for the readers of the Town's financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial statements of the Town is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Town's audited basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the authoritative standard setting body that provides guidance on how to prepare financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Users of these financial statements (such as investors and rating agencies) rely on the GASB to establish consistent reporting standards for all governments in the United States. This consistent application is the only way users (including citizens, the media, legislators and others) can assess the financial condition of one government compared to others.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$10,499,557 or 14.12% of total budgeted revenues of \$74,382,140. This is a decrease of \$75,497 from prior year fund balance.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$8,253,364, or 10.77% of fiscal year 2022 budgeted expenditures and transfers to other funds. This is a decrease of \$316,061 over the prior year unassigned General Fund balance.

The Town's General Fund had an operating deficit of \$75,497. The School Department operations resulted in an operating deficit of \$164,373.

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements:

At the end of the current fiscal year the total net position of the proprietary funds was \$35,371,594, a decrease of \$836,869 over the prior year.

The water fund, sewer fund and police detail fund had net position of \$25,831,165, \$9,126,282, and 414,147, respectively, at June 30, 2022.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

As reported in the government-wide financial statements, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$68,912,951.

The Town's total net position increased by \$14,734,820 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The total debt related to bonds and notes of the Town of Lincoln decreased by \$4,690,000.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. These basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town as a whole. The fund financial statements focus the individual components of the Town's government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both presentations (government-wide and fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison and enhance the Town's accountability. An additional part of the basic financial statements are the notes to the financial statements. The report also contains other required supplementary information, and supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position - the difference between the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources -is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Town, additional non-financial factors should be considered, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town, which can be found on pages 14 through 17 of this report, are divided into two categories:

- *Governmental activities* Most of the Town's basic services are included here, such as education, police, library, public works and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services and state funding finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The Town charges fees to customers to cover the costs of certain services it provides. The Town's water system, sewer system, and police special detail are included here.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the Town government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. It is important to note that these fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently

Governmental funds – Most of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains many governmental funds. Two governmental funds are considered major funds for presentation purposes; that is, each major fund is presented in a separate column in the governmental fund financial statements. The Town's two major governmental funds are the General Fund and the School Unrestricted Funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 and 21 of this report.

Proprietary funds – The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund (Enterprise Fund). Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its water operation, sewer operations and police special details.

The basic proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 22-25 of this report.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found on pages 26-27 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the basic financial statements.

The notes can be found on pages 28-86 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Such information includes budgetary comparison schedules and reconciliations of the statutory fund balance for budgetary purposes and the fund balances for the General Fund as presented in the governmental fund financial statements. Also included in required supplementary information are schedules concerning the Town's other postemployment benefits and pension liabilities. Required supplementary information follows the notes to the financial statements.

Supplementary Information - In addition to the required supplementary, this report also presents other supplementary information, State law requires the presentation of the Tax Collector's Annual Report, and the MTP2 Municipal Transparency Portal. This other supplementary information can be found immediately following the required supplementary information.

Relationship of Statements and Schedules Included in this Report

Table 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and how they relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, the Town has included a section with combining statements that provide details about the Town's non-major governmental funds and fiduciary funds, which are added together and presented in a single column in the basic financial statements.

Basic Financial Section Statements & RS	MD&A					
		Government-wide Statements				
	(Major) Fund Financial Statements					
	Financial Section	Notes to Financial Statements				
<u>.</u>		RSI other than MD&A				
		Info. on nonmajor funds & other supplementary info. not required				

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Relationship of Statements and Schedules Included in this Report (Continued)

Table 2 summarizes the major features of the Town's financial statements, including the portion of the Town government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

			Fund Statements	
	Government-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire town government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Town that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, rescue and DPW.	Activities the Town operates similar to private businesses such as the water system.	Instances in which the Town is the trustee or the agent for someone else's resources.
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet, statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.	Statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary, net position, statement of changes in fiduciary net position.
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.
Type of assets/ liability information	All assets and liabilities both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term.	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Town's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenue and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due.	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may over time serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$68,912,951 at June 30, 2022.

Net investment in capital assets, comprises \$93,004,113. This represents the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles and vessels), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in capital assets is report net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

A portion of the Town's net position totaling \$12,758,127 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining net position, totaling \$(36,849,289), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Assets							
Current assets	\$ 37,039,218	\$ 38,873,018	\$ 9,304,368	\$ 9,475,871	\$ 46,343,586	\$ 48,348,889	
Non current assets	156,183,425	148,189,839	31,383,211	31,876,454	187,566,636	180,066,293	
Total assets	193,222,643	187,062,857	40,687,579	41,352,324	233,910,222	228,415,179	
Deferred outflows of resources							
Pension related outflows	11,066,957	11,455,747	46,074	34,684	11,113,031	11,490,431	
OPEB related activity	5,121,192	5,115,449	-	-	5,121,192	5,115,449	
Other deferred outflows	614,565	737,495			614,565	737,495	
Total deferred outflows of resources	16,802,714	17,308,691	46,074	34,684	16,848,788	17,343,375	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	10,629,119	13,774,653	1,374,278	733,284	12,003,397	14,507,937	
Long-term liabilities	146,539,824	160,802,855	3,964,880	4,331,451	150,504,704	165,134,306	
Total liabilities	157,168,943	174,577,508	5,339,158	5,064,735	162,508,101	179,642,243	
Deferred inflows of resources							
Pension related inflows	17,278,524	9,457,911	15,311	106,219	17,293,835	9,564,130	
OPEB related inflows	2,036,532	2,366,461	-	-	2,036,532	2,366,461	
Other deferred inflows			7,590	7,590	7,590	7,590	
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,315,056	11,824,372	22,901	113,809	19,337,957	11,938,181	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	65,864,360	56,981,217	27,139,753	27,361,639	93,004,113	84,342,856	
Restricted	12,714,131	13,524,770	-	-	12,714,131	13,524,770	
Unrestricted	(45,037,134)	(52,536,319)	8,231,841	8,846,825	(36,805,293)	(43,689,494)	
Total net position	\$ 33,541,357	\$ 17,969,668	\$ 35,371,594	\$ 36,208,464	\$ 68,912,951	\$ 54,178,130	

An additional portion of the Town's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Net Position

The government's total net position increased by \$14,734,820 during the current fiscal year.

		Changes in N	Changes in Net Position									
	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Tot	al						
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021						
Revenues												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for service	\$ 3,327,137	\$ 2,674,966	\$ 4,745,052	\$ 5,199,276	\$ 8,072,189	\$ 7,874,242						
Operating grants & contributions	5,931,403	7,838,540	974,981	1,141,244	6,906,384	8,979,784						
Capital grants & contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-						
General Revenues:												
Property taxes	61,437,010	57,722,415	-	-	61,437,010	57,722,415						
State aid to town	3,643,594	1,498,436	-	-	3,643,594	1,498,436						
State aid to education	20,150,336	16,217,726	-	-	20,150,336	16,217,726						
Other revenue	7,351,442	7,017,800	(277,733)	207,705	7,073,709	7,225,505						
Earnings on invesments	476,682	404,544	20,040	11,871	496,722	416,415						
Total revenues	102,317,604	93,374,427	5,462,340	6,560,096	107,779,944	99,934,523						
Expenses												
General government	2,418,329	1,887,238	-	-	2,418,329	1,887,238						
Financial administration	3,155,666	1,256,049	-	-	3,155,666	1,256,049						
Public library	1,976,675	1,471,368	-	-	1,976,675	1,471,368						
Public safety	9,182,181	8,498,643	-	-	9,182,181	8,498,643						
Public services	12,308,930	12,700,418	-	-	12,308,930	12,700,418						
Education	55,901,699	54,488,924	-	-	55,901,699	54,488,924						
Interest on debt	1,802,435	1,021,170	-	-	1,802,435	1,021,170						
Water	-	-	4,525,505	3,915,847	4,525,505	3,915,847						
Sewer	-	-	1,142,239	1,162,138	1,142,239	1,162,138						
Police detail	-	-	631,465	674,305	631,465	1,695,475						
Total expenses	86,745,915	81,323,810	6,299,209	5,752,290	93,045,124	88,097,270						
Increase(decrease) in net position												
before transfers	15,571,689	12,050,617	(836,869)	807,806	14,734,820	12,858,423						
Transfers between funds	-	28,622	-	(28,622)	-	-						
Increase(decrease) in net position	15,571,689	12,079,239	(836,869)	779,184	14,734,820	12,858,423						
Net position, July 1	17,969,668	5,890,427	36,208,463	35,429,280	54,178,131	41,319,707						
Net position, June 30	\$ 33,541,357	\$ 17,969,668	\$35,371,594	\$36,208,464	\$ 68,912,951	\$54,178,130						

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$15,571,689

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$(836,869).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance- related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near - term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2022, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,280,258, a decrease of \$1,808,523 in comparison with the prior year. The unassigned fund balance of \$7,479,160 or 33.57% of the total fund balance is available for spending at the Town's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is committed, restricted, assigned or non-spendable to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$8,253,364 As a measure of General Fund liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 14.12% of total General Fund budgeted expenditures.

The Town's General Fund balance decreased by \$75,498 during the current fiscal year as a result of revenues exceeding expenditures, including transfers to the School Department of \$42,578,175.

Proprietary Funds:

The Town's proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at June 30, 2022 totaled \$8,231,841, with the Water Fund making up \$7,266,689 of the total. The Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and Police Detail Fund had changes in net position of \$(797,638), \$(89,843), and \$50,612 respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Financial Town meeting held on May 21, 2022 approved an operating budget of \$92,008,991.

The general fund ended the year with revenue recorded in the amount of \$138,731 in excess of the budget. Local revenues were higher than budgeted by \$724,031.

The expenditures ended the year with a favorable variance of \$3,275,054. The most significant surplus amount includes underspent other expenditures of \$3,142,417 due to a system change and new accounting groupings for health insurance and underspent capital budget requests of \$1,142,069 due to amounts being included in the transfers to the capital projects funds.

School Department Budgetary Highlights

The School Unrestricted fund budgetary deficit of \$164,373 resulted in part from employee benefits higher than budget by \$261,453 and capital outlay of \$524,628.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$178,023,107 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery & equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The net increase in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current year was \$3,430,778.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Land	\$ 15,328,174	\$ 15,328,174	\$ 177,452	\$ 177,452	\$ 15,505,626	\$ 15,505,626	
Construction in progress	70,751,515	66,599,380	173,478	-	70,924,993	66,599,380	
Infrastructure, net	18,261,331	16,850,076	29,620,435	30,103,407	47,881,766	46,953,483	
Building & improvements, net	39,879,447	41,422,353	409,335	442,400	40,288,782	41,864,753	
Machinery and equipment, net	777,697	810,570	882,179	983,114	1,659,876	1,793,684	
Intangible right to use, net	116,780	-	-	-	116,780	-	
Vehicles, net	1,524,952	1,705,322	120,330	170,079	1,645,282	1,875,401	
Total	\$ 146,639,896	\$ 142,715,875	\$ 31,383,211	\$ 31,876,454	\$ 178,023,107	\$ 174,592,329	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Capital Assets and Debt Administration (Continued)

Long-term debt: At the end of the fiscal year, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of \$73,052,650. General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the Town, including the Town's power to levy additional taxes to ensure repayment of the debt.

The Town has an Aa2 rating from Moody's Investors Service and an AA rating from Fitch Investors Service.

State statute limits the amount of bonds a governmental entity can issue to 3% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$102,345,475.

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Bonds and notes Bond premium	\$68,970,000 11,756,117	\$73,285,000 12,582,409	\$4,082,650	\$4,457,650	\$73,052,650 11,756,117	\$ 77,742,650 12,582,409	
Total	\$80,726,118	\$85,867,409	\$4,082,650	\$4,457,650	\$84,808,767	\$ 90,325,059	

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The latest published unemployment rate as of December 2022 for the Town is 2.8 percent. This compares favorably to the State's average unemployment rate of 3.2 percent and the national rate of 3.5 percent. Per capita and median family incomes remain some of the highest in the State.

The Town Council approved a budget for fiscal year 2023 of \$94,701,281. This budget is 2.8 % higher than the fiscal year 2022 budget. The; the School Department increase was 1.3% and Debt Service and the Resolutions funded through capital reserve funds net increase was 91.6%.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 100 Old River Road, Lincoln, Rhode Island 02865.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	Primary Government					
		Governmental	Business-Type			
ASSETS		Activities	Activities		Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,889,145	\$ 6,616,801	\$	32,505,946	
Investments		2,152,323	-		2,152,323	
Receivables, net						
Personal property taxes		3,698,114	-		3,698,114	
User charges		-	1,048,643		1,048,643	
Intergovernmental		1,662,949	-		1,662,949	
Departmental and other		4,001,633	-		4,001,633	
Internal Balances		(988,918)	988,918		-	
Other assets		623,972	650,006		1,273,978	
Net pension asset		9,543,529	-		9,543,529	
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable assets		86,079,689	350,929		86,430,618	
Depreciable and amortized assets, net		60,560,207	31,032,282		91,592,489	
Total capital assets		146,639,896	31,383,211		178,023,107	
Total assets		193,222,643	40,687,579		233,910,222	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related outflows		11,066,957	46,074		11,113,031	
OPEB related outflows		5,121,192			5,121,192	
Loss on debt refunding		614,565	-		614,565	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	210,025,357	\$ 40,733,653	\$	250,759,010	

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2	2022
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	June	2 30, 2022				
	Primary Government					
	G	overnmental	Business-Type			
	Activities		Activities			Total
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	4,080,792	\$	825,470	\$	4,906,262
Accrued interest		547,204		160,808		708,012
Incurred but not reported claims		583,000		-		583,000
Current portion of bonds and loans payable		5,316,200		388,000		5,704,200
Current portion of compensated absences		44,653		-		44,653
Current portion of capital leases		57,270		-		57,270
Portion due or payable in more than one year:						
Bonds and loans payable		75,409,917		3,694,650		79,104,567
Capital leases		59,510		-		59,510
Compensated absences		4,520,597		-		4,520,597
Other post-employment benefit liability		15,431,789		-		15,431,789
Net pension liability		51,118,011		270,230		51,388,241
Total liabilities		157,168,943		5,339,158		162,508,101
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related inflows		17,278,524		15,311		17,293,835
OPEB related inflows		2,036,532		-		2,036,532
Other deferred revenue		-		7,590		7,590
Total deferred inflows of resources		19,315,056		22,901		19,337,957
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		65,864,360	,	27,139,753		93,004,113
Restricted		12,714,131		-		12,714,131
Unrestricted		(45,037,134)		8,231,841		(36,805,293)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows or resources	¢	210 025 255	Φ	40 722 652	¢	250 750 010
and net position	\$	210,025,357	\$ 4	40,733,653	\$	250,759,010

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Net (Expense) Re	venue and Changes	in Net Position	
			Program Revenu	es	Primary Government			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 2,418,329	\$ 322,010	\$ 72,434	\$ -	\$ (2,023,885)	\$ -	\$ (2,023,885)	
Financial administration	3,155,666	-	-	-	(3,155,666)	-	(3,155,666)	
Public library	1,976,675	95	-	-	(1,976,580)	-	(1,976,580)	
Public safety	9,182,181	995,521	-	-	(8,186,660)	-	(8,186,660)	
Public services	12,308,930	2,009,511	223,008	-	(10,076,411)	-	(10,076,411)	
Education	55,231,901	-	4,966,163	-	(50,265,738)	-	(50,265,738)	
State contribution to teachers pension plan	669,798	-	669,798	-	-	-	-	
Interest on debt	1,802,435	-			(1,802,435)		(1,802,435)	
Total governmental activities	86,745,915	3,327,137	5,931,403		(77,487,375)		(77,487,375)	
Business-Type Activities								
Water fund	4,525,505	3,031,163	974,437	-	-	(519,905)	(519,905)	
Sewer fund	1,142,239	1,031,812	544	-	-	(109,883)	(109,883)	
Police detail fund	631,465	682,077				50,612	50,612	
Total business-type activities	6,299,209	4,745,052	974,981			(579,176)	(579,176)	
Total Town of Lincoln	\$ 93,045,124	\$ 8,072,189	\$ 6,906,384	\$-	\$ (77,487,375)	\$ (579,176)	\$ (78,066,551)	

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Primary Government						
		Governmental Activities		ısiness-Type Activities	Total		
Total Town of Lincoln	\$	(77,487,375)	\$	(579,176)	\$	(78,066,551)	
General revenues							
Real estate and personal property, net of reserve for abatements		61,437,010		-		61,437,010	
Meals and hotel tax		945,676		-		945,676	
Video lottery		4,143,149		-		4,143,149	
Table game commissions		966,499		-		966,499	
Public service corporation tax		258,808		-		258,808	
School housing aid		3,927,465		-		3,927,465	
Interest received		476,682		(277,733)		198,949	
State aid to education		16,222,871		-		16,222,871	
Motor vehicle phase out		2,034,347		-		2,034,347	
Library aid		218,223		-		218,223	
Airport aid		25,000		-		25,000	
Medicaid		663,571		-		663,571	
FEMA Grant		55,250		-		55,250	
American Rescue Act		201,866		-		201,866	
Miscellaneous		1,482,647		20,040		1,502,687	
Total general revenues		93,059,064		(257,693)		92,801,371	
Special items and transfers							
Transfers between funds		-		-		-	
Total general revenues, special items, and transfers		93,059,064		(257,693)		92,801,371	
Changes in net position		15,571,689		(836,869)		14,734,820	
Net position - July 1, 2021, restated		17,969,668		36,208,463		54,178,131	
Net position - June 30, 2022	\$	33,541,357	\$	35,371,594	\$	68,912,951	

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2022

	Major Fund			Non-Major	Total	
			Public Building Bond Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,510,492	1,415,017	\$ 5,466,062	\$ 1,497,574	\$ 25,889,145	
Investments	2,152,323	-	-	-	2,152,323	
Receivables:						
Property taxes, net	3,698,114	-	-	-	3,698,114	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	1,662,949	1,662,949	
Other	2,847,562	1,154,071	-	-	4,001,633	
Due from other funds	-	1,359,459	3,297,873	9,350,900	14,008,232	
Prepaid items	577,859	43,996	-	2,116	623,971	
Total assets	26,786,350	3,972,543	8,763,935	12,513,539	52,036,367	
Deferred outflows of resources						
Deferred outflows	-	-				
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	26,786,350	3,972,543	8,763,935	12,513,539	52,036,367	
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	207,894	3,637,303	-	235,595	4,080,792	
Due to other funds	12,518,429	6,330	-	2,472,391	14,997,150	
Total liabilities	12,726,323	3,643,633		2,707,986	19,077,942	
Deferred inflows of resources						
Deferred property taxes	3,366,472	-	-	-	3,366,472	
Other deferred revenue	193,998	-	4,032,308	3,085,389	7,311,695	
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,560,470		4,032,308	3,085,389	10,678,167	
Fund balance						
Nonspendable	577,859	43,996	-	-	621,855	
Restricted	-	284,914	4,731,627	7,197,590	12,214,131	
Committed	1,168,333	-	-	296,778	1,465,111	
Assigned	500,000	-	-	-	500,000	
Unassigned	8,253,364	-	-	(774,204)	7,479,160	
Total fund balance	10,499,557	328,910	4,731,627	6,720,164	22,280,258	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,						
and fund balance	\$ 26,786,350	\$ 3,972,543	\$ 8,763,935	\$ 12,513,539	\$ 52,036,367	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

to the Statement of Net Position

	J	une	30,	2022
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Total governmental fund balances	\$ 22,280,258
Assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	146 620 806
Capital assets, net Net pension asset	146,639,896 9,543,529
Net pension asset),545,527
Other long-term revenues are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	10,678,167
Other long-term assets related to net pension and OPEB activity and therefore,	
are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	(19,315,056)
Other long-term liabilities related to net pension and OPEB activity and therefore,	
are deferred outflows of resources in the funds.	16,188,149
	- , , -
Long term liabilities relating to bond refunding amortized over	
the life of the bond	614,565
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding	
long-term debt whereas in governmental funds interest is not	
reported until due.	(547,204)
•	(***,=**)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period	
and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds	
Bonds and notes payable	(80,726,117)
Compensated absences	(4,565,250)
Other postemployment benefits	(15,431,789)
Town net pension liability	(15,400,184)
ERS net pension liability	(33,926,491)
MERS net pension liability	(1,791,336)
Other commitments	(583,000)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 33,541,357

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Major Fund			Total	
	General	School	Public Building	Governmental	Governmental	
	Fund	Unrestricted	Bond Fund	Funds	Funds	
Revenues						
General property taxes and interest	\$58,146,431	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 58,146,431	
Other local and departmental revenue	3,330,726	-	-	-	3,330,726	
Intergovernmental	12,574,417	16,222,871	-	5,493,471	34,290,759	
Interest received	469,296	3,230	4,153	3	476,682	
State contribution to pension plan	-	2,917,053	-	-	2,917,053	
Medicaid	-	663,571	-	-	663,571	
Other revenue		249,034	186,287	1,013,730	1,449,051	
Total revenue	74,520,870	20,055,759	190,440	6,507,204	101,274,273	
Expenditures						
General government	1,042,845	-	-	1,185,060	2,227,905	
Financial administration	2,703,051	-	-	-	2,703,051	
Public library	1,243,666	-	-	205,741	1,449,407	
Public safety	8,857,161	-		96,885	8,954,046	
Public services	6,658,792	-	-	5,287,891	11,946,683	
Grants and contributions	62,500	-	-	-	62,500	
Other expenditures	2,736,778	-	-	-	2,736,778	
Education	-	59,881,254	-	8,723	59,889,977	
State contribution to pension plan	-	2,917,053	-	-	2,917,053	
Capital outlay	-	-	3,967,093	53,328	4,020,421	
Debt service						
Principal	4,315,000	-	-	-	4,315,000	
Interest	1,859,975	-			1,859,975	
Total expenditures	29,479,768	62,798,307	3,967,093	6,837,628	103,082,796	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	45,041,102	(42,742,548)	(3,776,653)	(330,424)	(1,808,523)	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	42,578,175	-	2,538,425	45,116,600	
Transfers out	(45,116,600)	-		-	(45,116,600)	
Other financing sources (uses)	(45,116,600)	42,578,175		2,538,425		
Excess of revenue and other sources over expenditures and other uses	(75,498)	(164,373)	(3,776,653)	2,208,001	(1,808,523)	
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	10,575,054	493,283	8,508,280	4,512,161	24,088,778	
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$10,499,557	\$ 328,910	\$ 4,731,627	\$ 6,720,164	\$ 22,280,258	

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(1,808,523)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays including dispositions exceeded depreciation in the current period.		3,751,566
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are fully deferred in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Therefore, the recognition of revenue for various types of accounts receivable (i.e., real estate and personal property, motor vehicle excise, etc.) differ between the two statements. This amount represents the net change in deferred inflows of resources.		3,290,579
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		5,196,968
Bond refunding of long term debt are amortized over the course of the payable but are not reported as an expenditure on governmental fund statements		(122,930)
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in governmental funds interest, is not reported until due.		57,540
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(346,363)
The other postemployment benefit expense reported in the Statement of Activities requires the use of current financial resources and is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds		592,559
The deferred salary and other commitments expense reported in the Statement of Activities requires the use of current financial resources and is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds		(8,000)
The net pension liability expense reported in the Statement of Activities requires the use of current financial resources and is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds		4,968,286
Change in net position of governmental activities	_\$	15,571,689

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

			Police Detail			
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	Total		
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,734,895	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,734,895		
Restricted cash	2,881,906	-	-	2,881,906		
Escrow deposits	227,319	299,731	-	527,050		
Due from other funds	470,096	196,874	321,948	988,918		
Receivables, net:						
User fees, net	613,125	196,828	238,690	1,048,643		
Inventory	113,263	-	-	113,263		
Prepaid expenses	9,663	-	-	9,663		
Other assets	30			30		
Total current assets	8,050,297	693,433	560,638	9,304,368		
Non-current assets						
Nondepreciable	177,451	173,478	_	350,929		
Depreciable, net	20,087,978	10,855,817	88,487	31,032,282		
Deprechasic, net		10,000,017		31,032,202		
Total non-current assets	20,265,429	11,029,295	88,487	31,383,211		
Total assets	28,315,726	11,722,728	649,125	40,687,579		
Deferred outflows of resources						
Pension related outflows	46,074	-	-	46,074		
Total assets and deferred outflows of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
resources	28,361,800	11,722,728	649,125	40,733,653		
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	536,551	53,941	234,978	825,470		
Accrued interest payable	17,803	143,005	-	160,808		
Current portion of bonds & notes payable	205,000	183,000	-	388,000		
Total current liabilities	759,354	379,946	234,978	1,374,278		
Non-current liabilities:						
Bonds and loans payable	1,478,150	2,216,500	-	3,694,650		
Net pension liability	270,230	_,	-	270,230		
	·	2 216 500				
Total non-current liabilities	1,748,380	2,216,500	-	3,964,880		
Total liabilities	2,507,734	2,596,446	234,978	5,339,158		
Deferred inflows of resources						
Pension related inflows	15,311	-	-	15,311		
Unearned revenue	7,590			7,590		
Total deferred inflows of resources	22,901			22,901		
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	18,564,476	8,486,790	88,487	27,139,753		
Unrestricted	7,266,689	639,492	325,660	8,231,841		
Total net position	\$ 25,831,165	\$ 9,126,282	\$ 414,147	\$ 35,371,594		

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Police Detail Fund	Total
Operating revenues			<u> </u>	1010
User fees and charges	\$ 3,031,163	\$ 1,031,812	\$ 682,077	\$ 4,745,052
Other revenues	974,437	544	-	974,981
Interest and penalties		20,040		20,040
Total operating revenues	4,005,600	1,052,396	682,077	5,740,073
Operating expenses				
Administrative	1,558,328	48,235	562,438	2,169,001
Maintenance and servicing	2,531,843	-	26,478	2,558,321
Operating supplies	-	471,893	-	471,893
Depreciation and amortization	396,206	432,783	42,549	871,538
Total operating expenses	4,486,377	952,911	631,465	6,070,753
Operating income (loss)	(480,777)	99,485	50,612	(330,680)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Investment income	(277,733)	-	-	(277,733)
Investment expense	(39,128)	(189,328)	-	(228,456)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(316,861)	(189,328)	-	(506,189)
Income (loss) before transfers	(797,638)	(89,843)	50,612	(836,869)
Transfers				
Transfers in - operating	-	-	-	-
Transfers out - operating				
Total Transfers				
Change in net position	(797,638)	(89,843)	50,612	(836,869)
Net position, July 1, 2021	26,628,803	9,216,125	363,535	36,208,463
Net position, June 30, 2022	\$ 25,831,165	\$ 9,126,282	\$ 414,147	\$ 35,371,594

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Police Detail Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from customers	\$ 4,000,982	\$ 998,760	\$ 716,591	\$ 5,716,333
Cash received from (to) other funds	2,736	77,524	(362,653)	(282,393)
Payments to suppliers and employees	(3,792,839)	(531,248)	(353,938)	(4,678,025)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	210,878	545,036		755,915
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Transfers in (out)		-		
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition of capital assets	(92,824)	(285,471)	-	(378,295)
Principal paid on capital debt	(199,000)	(176,000)	-	(375,000)
Interest paid on capital debt	(41,247)	(83,565)	-	(124,812)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(333,071)	(545,036)		(878,107)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest and dividends	(277,733)			(277,733)
Net cash used by investing activities	(277,733)			(277,733)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(399,926)	-	-	(399,925)
Balances-beginning of the year	7,016,726			7,016,726
Balances-end of the year	\$ 6,616,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,616,801
Displayed as:				
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted	\$ 6,616,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,616,801

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Police Detail md Fund		Total		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(480,777)	\$	99,485	\$	50,612	\$	(330,680)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash									
provided (used) by operating activities:									
Depreciation expense		396,206		432,783		42,549		871,538	
Change in assets and liabilities:									
(Increase) decrease in user charges receivables, net		(4,618)		(19,702)		34,513		10,193	
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		-		(207)		-		(207)	
(Increase) decrease in other assets		3,277		-		-		3,277	
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		2,736		77,524		(362,653)		(282,393)	
Increase (decrease) accounts payable and									
accrued expenses		341,194		(11,121)		234,979		565,052	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(47,139)		-		-		(47,139)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		-		(33,726)		-		(33,726)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	210,878	\$	545,036	\$	-	\$	755,915	

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

	-	ployee Benefit Trust Funds	ite Purpose ist Funds	Custodial Funds		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivable	\$	- 44,688,909 213,628	\$ 34,096	\$	- 514,637	
Total assets		44,902,537	 34,096		514,637	
Deferred outflows of resources None		-	 -		-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		44,902,537	 34,096		514,637	
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits held		60,847 - -	- - -		- - 161,730	
Total liabilities		60,847	-		161,730	
Deferred inflows of resources None		-	-		-	
Net Position Restricted for pension trust Restricted for OPEB trust Restricted for Road Surety Restricted for private purposes Total net position		35,625,624 9,216,066 - - - 44,841,690	 - - - 34,096 - 34,096		- 352,907 - 352,907	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	44,902,537	\$ 34,096	\$	514,637	

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Employee Benefit Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Funds		C	Custodial Funds
Additions						
Employer contributions	\$	5,063,183	\$	-	\$	-
Plan member contributions		362,165		-		-
Investment income (net of related fees)		(2,129,488)		13		-
Funds received on behalf of others		-		-		128,533
Total additions		3,295,860		13		128,533
Deductions						
Funds distributed on behalf of others		-		-		66,175
Benefits paid		3,637,741		-		-
Administrative expenses		31,704		-		-
Total deductions		3,669,445		-		66,175
Changes in fund equity held in trust for individuals, organizations, and						
other governments		(373,585)		13		62,358
Net position, July 1, 2021		45,215,275		34,083		290,549
Net position, June 30, 2022	\$	44,841,690	\$	34,096	\$	352,907

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The basic financial statements of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental entities. In certain instances, summaries of the Town's significant accounting policies have been presented throughout the notes to the financial statements in conjunction with other disclosures to which they relate.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town was founded in 1871. The Town is governed largely under the 1958 Home Rule Charter, which provides for a Council-Administrator form of government. The Town provides various services including education, water, libraries, public safety (police and rescue), public works, (engineering, highway,recycling, sewer, public buildings, parks and recreation), social services and general government services.

The elected Town Administrator serves as chief administrative agent over all municipal services including public safety (police and rescue), public works (highway, maintenance, and sanitation), social services, parks and recreation, planning, zoning and inspection, and general administrative services. The Superintendent of Schools, appointed by the School Committee, serves as the chief administrative agent for the School Department, which provides elementary and secondary education to Town residents. The Superintendent of the Water Commission, appointed by the Board of Water Commissioners, serves as the Chief Administrative Agent for the Water Commission, a quasi-municipal agency/department of the Town.

The Town complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), including all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 61. Under GASB Statement No. 61, a legally separate entity is required to be included as a component unit if it is fiscally dependent upon the primary government and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship present. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints the voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A potential component unit has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the primary government if, for example, any one of the following conditions exists:

- a. The primary government is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources.
- b. The primary government is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization.
- c. The primary government is obligated for the debt of the organization.

The Town has identified no component units through the application of GASB Statement No. 61.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounting Pronouncements Implemented in the Current Year:

During the fiscal year June 30, 2022, the Town of Lincoln has adopted the following new accounting standards issued by GASB:

Statement No. 87, "Leases". GASB Statement No. 87 requires that government lessees recognize a lease liability and intangible assets representing the lessee's right to use the leased asset and report in its financial statements amortization expense for using the lease asset for the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, interest expense on the lease liability and note disclosures about the lease. The Statement also requires government lessors recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources and continue to report the leased asset in its financial statements. The revenue, recognized over the term of the lease, corresponding with the reduction of the deferred inflow, interest income on the receivable and note disclosures about the lease must also be included in the financial statements. This standard was implemented in the current year.

Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period" provides accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. It establishes guidance designed to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. There was no material impact to the financial statements.

Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates". GASB Statement No. 93 assists state and local governments in the transition away from existing interbank offered rates (IBOR) to other reference rates because of global reference rate reform, wherein the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021. The objective of this Statement is to address implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR in Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments and Statement No. 87, Leases and other accounting and financial reporting implications.

Except for GASB 87, which recognized a lease liability or a lease asset, none of the other accounting standards had an impact on the financial statements.

The Town of Lincoln is currently analyzing is accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements:

Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations". The primary objectives of GASB Statement No. 91 are to provide a single method to report conduit debt obligation and to eliminate diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations and related note disclosures. The impact of this standard will be evaluated by the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island's management for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Town of Lincoln is currently analyzing is accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements (continued):

Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements". GASB Statement No. 94 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships (PPPs) and Availability Payment Arrangements (APAs).

Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements". GASB Statement No. 96 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology (SBITAs) for government end users. Under this Statement, a government generally should recognize a right-to-use subscription asset, an intangible asset, and a corresponding subscription liability.

Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an Amendment of GFASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32". The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No.62, This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. As part of those descriptions, for (1) certain changes in accounting principles and (2) certain changes in accounting estimates that result from a change in measurement methodology, a new principle or methodology should be justified on the basis that it is preferable to the principle or methodology used before the change. That preferability should be based on the qualitative characteristics of financial reporting—understandability, reliability, relevance, timeliness, consistency, and comparability. This Statement also addresses corrections of errors in previously issued financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the Town as a whole. They include all funds of the Town except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenue for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Program revenues include a) fees, fines and chargespaid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

B. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Town are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primaryoperating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Fund types used by the Town and a description of the funds comprising each are as follows:

Governmental Funds:

Governmental funds are used to account for operations that supply basic government services. The Town uses the following governmental funds:

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively restricted to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for and report resources restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public (enterprise funds) or within the government (internal service funds). These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The Town considers all enterprise funds to be major funds for financial statement purposes even though they may not qualify under the GASB guidelines. The Town's proprietary funds consist of the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, and the Police Detail Fund. The Town has no internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds (not included in government wide financial statements):

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held by the Town in a trustee or agency capacity and, therefore, cannot be used to support the Town's own programs. The following fiduciary funds are used by the Town:

Pension Trusts Fund - Pension trust funds account for contributions made by the Town and its participating employees to provide retirement benefits to the participating employees.

OPEB Trust Fund - OPEB trust fund is used to account for funds to be used to provide postretirement benefits.

Private Purpose Trust Fund - The Town's private purpose trust accounts for resources legally held in trust for use by an outside committee to provide awards and scholarships in accordance with a donor's instructions. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on investments, may be used. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital.

Custodial Funds - Custodial funds are established when the Town holds assets in custody for others in an agency capacity.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciaryfund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued):

the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are susceptible to accrual. Susceptibility occurs when revenues are both measurable and available for liquidating liabilities of the current period. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (sixty days). Revenues not considered to be available are recorded as unavailable revenues (deferred inflows of resources). Expenditures, including capital outlays, are recognized when a liability has been incurred, except for those involving debt service and other long-term obligations that are recognized when paid.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, interest and charges for services. Fines, licenses and permit revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash and thus are recognized when received. Rescue service fees receivable, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts, are reported as deferred inflows of resources and considered unavailable in the fund statements.

Recognition of grant revenues is based on the susceptibility of accrual as determined by the legal and contractual requirements established by each grantor. For grants not restrictive as to specific purposes and revocable only for failure to comply with general prescribed requirements, revenues are recognized when received. Where expenditure is the prime factor in determining eligibility, grant revenue is recognized as allowable expenditures are made provided, they are collected duringthe year or estimated to be collected in the following fiscal year. Prior to expenditure, proceeds received in advance are recorded as unearned revenues.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds consist of charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

Use of estimates:

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Property taxes:

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year they are levied and become available. Taxes are levied on July 1 on (a) one hundred percent of the full and fair value of real and tangible personal property owned within the Town the previous December 31; and, (b) the value, as determined by the Rhode Island Vehicle Valuation Commission, of vehicles registered within the Town the previous calendar year, prorated for the actual number of days so registered. Taxes levied on July 1 are payable July 31 or may be paid quarterly on July 31, October 31, January 31, and April 30. Failure to make payments by March 10 will result in a lien on the taxpayer's property.

Intergovernmental revenues:

State aid and other intergovernmental revenue is recognized in the year in which the funds are appropriated by the Rhode Island General Assembly, provided they are collected during the fiscal year.

Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, time and demand deposits and short-term investments maturing within three months from the date of acquisition.

Under Rhode Island general laws, depository institutions must insure deposits of municipalities or pledge eligible collateral equal to 100% of deposits maturing in greater than 60 days. Any institution not meeting certain federally prescribed minimum capital standards must insure deposits or provide collateral regardless of date of maturity. The Town complied with these requirements. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk or other risks.

Investments:

Investments are reported at fair value, based on quotations from applicable national securities exchanges. Unrealized gains and losses from changes in fair value are recognized as investment income. The Town does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk or other risks other than those relating to its pension trust fund. The Town's investment commission is responsible for the supervision of the investment of the Town's Pension Trust Fund investments, with the objective of preserving capital and investing with care to minimize the risk of large losses.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Inter-fund transactions:

Transactions between funds have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements but fully presented within the governmental fund financial statements with no elimination made between or within funds. Reimbursements are accounted for as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and reductions to expenditures in the reimbursed fund. All other inter-fund transactions in the governmental fund financial statements are operating transfers on the operating statements of the funds involved.

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due from/to other funds" (current portion) or "advances from/to other funds" (noncurrent portion). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due from/to other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financialstatements as "internal balances".

Capital assets:

In the government-wide financial statements all capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets, which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The ranges of estimated useful lives by of asset are as follows:

	Years
Land improvements	20
Building improvements	20-60
Furniture and equipment	2-30
Motor vehicles	5-10
Water mains, valves, tanks, hydrants and services	10-100
	20-60

Capital assets acquired by governmental funds may be accounted for as capital outlay expenditures.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Bond issuance costs:

Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

Compensated absences:

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

In the governmental fund financial statements, vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as expenditures and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

Long-term obligations:

In the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long- term obligations (including compensated absences and accrued claims and judgments) are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the related debt using the effective interest method.

In the governmental fund financial statements, long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. Bond premiums are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses.

Leases:

A lease is a contract that conveys the control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in an exchange or exchange like transaction. The Town has contracts in which it is a lessee. Lessors recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources (not applicable to the Town). Lessees recognize an intangible right to use asset and a lease liability. These transactions are measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term using the discount rate in the lease. If the lease discount rate cannot be readily determined from the lease, the Town uses its incremental borrowing rate.

A right to use lease asset with a lease term greater than one year and an initial present value over \$50,000 are recorded as intangible assets. Right to use lease assets are amortized over the contract term of the lease. Leases that do not meet these criteria are recognized as current period revenues and expense.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pensions in this category. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (continued):

The deferred outflows applicable to pensions related to contributions made by the Town after the measurement date, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments and changes in actuarial assumptions. The deferred outflows related to contributions will be recognized in the following year while the deferred outflows related to projected and actual earnings will be amortized over the average remaining service life of all plan members.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance collections and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in this category. The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions is the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investment and changes in actuarial assumptions. These deferred inflows will be amortized over the average remaining services life of all plan members.

Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for fund expenditures and/or expense are recorded in order to reserve portions of applicable appropriations, is employed in the governmental and business-type funds.

Fund equity:

Government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements:

Net position:

The Town's net position has been segregated into the following three components:

Net investment in capital assets - represents the net book value of all capital assets less the outstanding balances of bonds and other debt used to acquire, construct or improve these assets.

Restricted - those that have been limited to uses specified either externally by creditors, contributors,

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Fund Equity (Continued):

laws or regulations of other governments or internally by enabling legislation or law.

Unrestricted - a residual category for the balance of net position.

The Town's fund balance is reported in the following categories:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - amounts that have been restricted to specific purposes either by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Town, using its highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes internally by the Town.

Commitments will only be used for specific purposes pursuant to a formal action of the \cdot Town Council. Town Council Resolution is required to approve, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. At June 30, 2022, committed fund balance of the General Fund consisted of encumbrances totaling \$1,168,333. Assigned fund balance - amounts that are intended by the Town to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. At June 30, 2022, assigned fund balance of the General Fund consisted of a health care reserve of \$500,000.

The Town Council delegates to the Town Administrator or designee the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such assignments cannot exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund. Unassigned fund balance - amounts available for any purpose.

Expenditures may be incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available. Composition of the ending fund balance will be determined by applying the following: In those instances, where both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, restricted amounts will be considered to have been spent first (as allowed and in compliance with stated and specified terms or requirements), followed by committed amounts, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Other post -employment benefits:

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's plan and additions to/deductions from Town's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Town. For this purpose, the Town recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pensions:

Employees; Retirement System Plan (ERS)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Employees' Retirement System plan (ERS) and the additions to/deductions from ERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) of Rhode Island and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan (TSB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Survivors Benefit plan (TSB) and the additions to/deductions from TSB fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSB. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Town Private Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Private plan (TPP) and the additions to/deductions from TPP fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TPP. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 2. Fund Deficits

The following individual funds had unassigned fund deficits as of June 30, 2022:

Town Special Revenue and Capital Projects									
DCF Grant	\$ 83,850								
School Capital Projects	316,787								
Police Vest Grant	4,127								
Operation Riptide	10,020								
H1N1 Clinic Grant	311,431								
Total Fund Deficit	\$726,215								
School Special Revenue									
Esser II Priority II	44,866								
NFL Play 60 Grant	3,123								
Total Fund Deficit	\$ 47,989								

These deficits will be funded through bond proceeds, sales of property, or transfers from other funds.

Note 3. Cash and cash equivalents

The Town maintains deposits in various financial institutions that are carried at market value except for those amounts which are carried as petty cash. The carrying amount of deposits is separately displayed on the balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents".

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the Town's deposits and cash held by fiduciary funds was \$32,540,042 while the bank balance was approximately \$26,947,496. Of the bank balance approximately \$20,128,245 was insured and / or collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institution in the Town's name.

At June 30, 2022, deposits are categorized as follows:

	Insured/ Collaterized in Town's Name	r	Total Bank Balance	Carrying Amount			
Deposits:							
Demand deposits & savings	\$ 13,427,952	\$	18,252,955	\$	24,265,172		
Short-term CD's	695,448		695,448		275,777		
Money market	11,733		2,005,981		2,005,981		
RIHBEC	5,466,062		5,466,062		5,466,062		
RICWFA	527,050		527,050		527,050		
	\$ 20,128,245	\$	26,947,496	\$	32,540,042		

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Town will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 4. Investments

Investment of all idle funds is made through national banks or trust companies, providing that the financial conditions and integrity of these institution or institutions are verifiable and can be monitored. The investment of funds is in direct obligations of the United States Government and "money market instruments" rated "A" or better. Investments in any one institution cannot exceed five (5) percent of that institutions capital and surplus as set forth in the institutions most recent audited financial statements. All investments are made as would be done by prudent men of discretion and intelligence in such matters who are seeking a reasonable income and preservation of their capital. The Town follows the guidance of the fair value measurement and disclosures in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application". The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted priced in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for asset or liability (supported by little or no market activity). Level 3 inputs include management's own assumption about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization to debt securities. The Town's formal investment policy for its Pension Trust Fund states that no security can be purchased that is rated below B by Moody's Investor Services or Standard & Poor's Ratings Group. The pension investment policy also states that no more than 10% of the portfolio's fixed income allocation may be invested in securities rated below investment grade. The pension portfolio may not invest in or use synthetic securities or derivatives of any kind. The Town does not have a formal policy that limits investment choices for its other funds.

Concentration of credit risk:

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the investment in a single issuer. The Town's formal investment policy for its Pension Trust Fund states that nomore than 5% of the portfolio's value may be invested in the securities of any one issuer except for securities of the U.S. Government, its agencies, or instrumentalities. The Town does not have a formal policy that limits the amount that the Town may invest in one issuer for its other funds.

Custodial credit risk:

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not believe that it has significant custodial credit risk with regard to its investments as substantially all investment securities are registered and held in the name of the Town.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 4. Investments (Continued)

Foreign currency risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The Town does not have a formal policy for foreign currency risk. There was no foreign currency risk noted at June 30, 2022.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

Mutual funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held by the Town are open-ended mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Fixed income securities: Valued using market quotations or prices obtained from independent pricing sources which may employ various pricing methods to value the investments, including matrix pricing based on quoted prices for securities with similar coupons, ratings and maturities.

The following table summarizes the assets of the Town for which fair values are determined on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2022.

		Fair	r Value Measureme	e Measurement				
		Quoted Prices in Active	Significant Other	Significant				
	June 30,	Markets for Identical Assets	Observable Inputs	Unobservable Inputs				
Investment at Fair Value	2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
Debt Securities								
US Government Obligations	\$ 959,347	\$ 959,347	\$ -	\$ -				
Mortgage Backed Securities	1,177,193	1,177,193	-	-				
Collaterized Mtg Obligations	96,036	96,036	-	-				
Asset Backed Securities	547,678	547,678	-	-				
Corporate Bonds	2,781,581	2,781,581	-	-				
Foreign Bonds and Notes	175,283	175,283	-	-				
Private Placements	112,979	112,979	-	-				
Open End MF-Fixed Inc Tax	3,912,570	3,912,570	-	-				
Equity Securities								
Common Stock	2,297,097	2,297,097	-	-				
Foreign Stock	415,080	415,080	-	-				
ADR	3,480,992	3,480,992	-	-				
Open End MF-Equity	16,346,619	16,346,619	-	-				
Real Estate Investment Trust	159,479	159,479	-	-				
Short Term Investments	3,010,909	-	-	3,010,909				
Vanguard	9,216,066	9,216,066	-	-				
Government Banking Investment	2,152,323	2,152,323	-	-				
Total Investments	\$ 46,841,232	\$ 43,830,323	\$ -	\$ 3,010,909				

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 4. Investments (Continued)

Pension Trust Fund and OPEB Trust Fund investments:

	Carrying
	Amount
Debt Securities	\$ 9,762,667
Equity Securities	25,710,176
Mutual Fund	9,216,066
Total investments:	\$ 44,688,909

Note 5. Interfund Transactions

Inter-fund receivables and payables at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds	Other Financing Sources	Other Financing Uses		
Major Governmental Funds						
General fund	\$ -	\$ 12,518,429	\$ -	\$ 45,116,600		
School unrestricted fund	1,359,459	6,330	42,578,175	-		
Public building bond fund	3,297,873	-	-	-		
Non-Major Governmental Funds						
Town special revenue	3,973,960	391,278	-	-		
School special revenue	398,361	1,788,115	-	-		
Capital projects	4,978,579	292,998	2,538,425	-		
Proprietary Funds						
Water fund	470,096	-	-	-		
Sewer fund	196,874	-	-	-		
Police detail fund	321,948	-				
Totals	\$ 14,997,149	\$ 14,997,150	\$ 45,116,600	\$ 45,116,600		

The principal purpose of interfund transfers is to provide a financing source to various funds that may not have the ability to cover all operating costs or capital expenditures with revenue generated by the fund.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 15,328,174 66,599,380	\$ - 4,152,135	\$	\$ 15,328,174 70,751,515
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	81,927,554	4,152,135		86,079,689
Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements and infrastructure Buildings & improvements Machinery & equipment Motor vehicles	28,469,975 67,266,239 5,471,866 5,012,606	2,537,311 104,328 127,403 134,370		31,007,286 67,370,567 5,599,269 5,146,976
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	106,220,686	2,903,412		109,124,098
Amortized Assets: Intangible Right to Use Leased equipment Total Amortized Asset	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Less accumulated depreciation: Land improvements and infrastructure Buildings & improvements Machinery & equipment Motor vehicles	11,619,899 25,843,886 4,661,296 3,307,284	1,126,056 1,647,234 160,276 314,740	- - -	12,745,955 27,491,120 4,821,572 3,622,024
Total accumulated depreciation:	45,432,365	3,248,306	-	48,680,671
Less accumulated amortiziation for: Leased equipment Total accumulated amortization		55,675 55,675	-	<u> </u>
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net Governmental activites capital assets, net	60,960,776 \$ 142,888,330	(400,569) \$ 3,751,566		60,560,207 \$ 146,639,896

For the year ended June 30, 2022, depreciation was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 101,329
Public safety	361,552
Public Service	970,914
Culture	335,190
Library	55,724
Education	 1,423,597
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 3,248,306
Governmental activities:	
Amoritzation	\$ 55,675
Total governmental activities amortization expense	\$ 55,675

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type Activities:	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance		
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 177,451	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 177,451		
Construction in progress		173,478	-	173,478		
Total capital assets not being depreciated:	177,451	173,478		350,929		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings & improvements	1,254,353	-	-	1,254,353		
Infrastructure	48,326,943	136,609	-	48,463,552		
Machinery & equipment	2,232,945	68,208	-	2,301,153		
Motor vehicles	1,120,019		75,543	1,044,476		
Total capital assets, being depreciated:	52,934,263	204,817	75,543	53,063,534		
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings & improvements	811,953	33,065	-	845,018		
Infrastructure	18,223,536	619,581	-	18,843,117		
Machinery & equipment	1,249,831	169,143	-	1,418,974		
Motor vehicles	949,940	28,092	53,886	924,146		
Total accumulated depreciation:	21,235,260	849,881	53,886	22,031,255		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	31,699,003	(645,064)	21,657	31,032,279		
Business-type activites capital assets, net	\$ 31,876,454	\$ (471,586)	\$ 21,657	\$ 31,383,211		

For the year ended June 30, 2022, depreciation was charged to the following functions:

Business-type activities	
Water Fund	\$ 396,206
Sewer Fund	432,782
Police Detail	20,893
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 849,881

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 7. Long-Term Obligation

General obligation bonds, notes and loans payable:

The Town issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund previously outstanding general obligation bonds.

Rhode Island general laws cap the amount of each municipality's general obligation bonds that may be outstanding to 3% of its assessed property values. Exceptions apply to bonds financed from nontax revenues and special exemptions are granted for other purposes as well. The assessed value of the Town's properties at December 31, 2020 was \$3,411,515,853, limiting the amount of non-excepted general obligation bonds outstanding to \$102,345,475. At June 30, 2022, bonds and loans outstanding totaled \$73,052,650.

Defeasance of debt:

On July 1, 2003, the Town issued \$18,770,000 in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 3.83% to refund in advance \$6,980,000 in 1996 bonds and \$11,360,000 in 1993 bonds. The note proceeds were used to purchase U.S. Government securities which were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1996 bonds and the redemption of the 1993 bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for defeased bonds are not included in the Town's financial statements. On June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance of defeased bonds is \$11,195,000.

A summary of long-term obligations at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		 Total
General obligation bonds	\$	68,970,000	\$	-	\$ 68,970,000
Premium on bond issuance		11,756,117		-	11,756,117
Total bonds payable		80,726,117	-		 80,726,117
Loans payable		-		4,082,650	4,082,650
Leases payable		116,780		-	116,780
MERS Pension		1,791,336		-	1,791,336
ERSRI Pension		33,926,491		-	33,926,491
Town Pension		15,400,184		270,230	15,670,414
OPEB obligation		15,431,789		-	15,431,789
Accrued compensated absences		4,565,250		-	4,565,250
		151,957,947		4,352,880	 156,310,827
Less portion due within one year		5,419,123		388,000	 5,807,123
Total long term debt	\$	146,538,825	\$	3,964,880	\$ 150,503,705

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 7. Long-Term Obligation (Continued)

Governmental Activities	Amount of	Data	Testamont	Madaanidaa	Delenee			т) . f /		Palamaa	Amounts								
Purpose	Amount of Original Issue	Date Issued	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance, July 1, 2021	New Issues		New Issues		New Issues		Retired				Refunding/ les Retired		Jt	Balance, me 30, 2022	ue Within One Year
General obligation bonds																				
Refunding - School construction & renovation	\$ 22,055,000	06/25/15 3.	.00-5.00%	08/01/26	\$ 13,145,000		-	\$	1,950,000	\$	11,195,000	\$ 2,050,000								
Refunding of 2007 Bonds	1,285,000	09/25/18 4.1	125-4.250%	06/30/27	830,000		-		140,000		690,000	135,000								
Refunding of 2008 Bonds	2,335,000	09/25/18 4.0	00-4.375%	06/30/29	1,860,000		-		235,000		1,625,000	230,000								
RIHEBC Series 2020B	57,450,000	06/17/20 3.	.00-5.00%	05/15/40	57,450,000		-		1,990,000		55,460,000	2,070,000								
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 83,125,000				73,285,000		-		4,315,000		68,970,000	 4,485,000								
Premium on bond issuance					12,582,410		-		826,293		11,756,117	 831,200								
Total bonds payable	\$ 83,125,000				\$ 85,867,410		-	\$	5,141,293	\$	80,726,117	\$ 5,316,200								
Others:																				
Net pension liability - MERS					\$ 3,123,583	\$	-	\$	1,332,247	\$	1,791,336	\$ -								
Net pension liability - ERS					45,190,805		-		11,264,314		33,926,491	-								
Town pension liability					11,911,747	3	,488,437		-		15,400,184	-								
Net OPEB liability					15,688,676		-		256,887		15,431,789	-								
Accrued compensated absences					4,218,887		346,364		-		4,565,250	 45,653								
Total long-term obligations					\$166,001,108	\$ 3	,834,801	\$	17,994,741	\$	151,841,167	\$ 5,361,853								

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 7. Long-Term Obligation (Continued)

Business-type activites:		mount of	Date	Interest	Maturity		Balance,						Balance,	Du	amounts ie Withi	n
Purpose	Ori	ginal Issue	Issued	Rate	Date	Ju	ly 1, 2021	Ne	w Issues		Retired	Ju	ne 30, 2022	0	ne Year	<u>.</u>
Loans payable																
Enterprise fund, Sewer																
Rhode Island Clean Water																
Finance Agency																
Sewer system improvements	\$	2,902,500	03/29/11	1.45-4.35%	09/01/31	\$	1,883,500	\$	-	\$	135,000	\$	1,748,500	\$	141,000)
Sewer system improvements		849,000	07/30/15	1.33-2.96%	09/01/34		692,000		-		41,000		651,000		42,000)
Enterprise fund, Water																
Rhode Island Clean Water																
Finance Agency																
Water system improvements		300,000	04/19/04	3.50%	09/01/24		28,583		-		7,000		21,583		7,000)
Water system improvements		1,800,000	03/01/07	3.03-3.40%	09/01/27		787,000		-		100,000		687,000		104,000)
Water system improvements		1,500,000	11/06/09	0.55-4.15%	09/01/29		862,000		-		74,000		788,000		76,000)
Water system improvements		362,568	02/12/10	0.36-4.09%	09/01/30		204,567		-		18,000		186,567		18,000)
Total loans obligations	\$	7,714,068				\$	4,457,650	\$	-	\$	375,000	\$	4,082,650	\$	388,000)
Others:																1
Town pension liability						\$	248,801	\$	21,429	\$	-	\$	270,230	\$	_	
To an pension natinty						Ψ	210,001	Ψ	21,12)	Ψ			270,230	Ψ		-
Total long-term obligations						\$	248,801	\$	21,429	\$	-	\$	270,230	\$	-	

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 7. Long-Term Obligation (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds, loans payable and capital leases are as follows:

General obligation bonds:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	4,485,000	2,869,525	7,354,525
2024	4,675,000	2,665,175	7,340,175
2025	4,860,000	2,467,313	7,327,313
2026	5,030,000	2,278,988	7,308,988
2027	5,245,000	2,042,425	7,287,425
2028-2032	14,635,000	7,826,613	22,461,613
2033-2037	17,720,000	4,276,550	21,996,550
2038-2040	12,320,000	873,450	13,193,450
	\$68,970,000	\$25,300,038	\$ 94,270,038

Loans payable:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	388,000	132,508	520,508
2024	404,000	119,772	523,772
2025	418,582	106,346	524,928
2026	427,000	92,330	519,330
2027	445,000	77,659	522,659
2028-2032	1,827,068	179,857	2,006,925
2033-2035	173,000	7,709	180,709
	\$ 4,082,650	\$ 716,182	\$ 4,798,832

Capital lease right to use:

The Town of Lincoln currently has a lease with Hewlett-Packard for laptops. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and therefore, has been recorded at the present value of their future minimum payments as of the inception date.

Schedule of payment for capital leases as June 30, 2022 were as follows :

Capital leases right to u	se:		
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 57,270	\$4,405	\$ 61,675
2024	59,510	2,165	61,675
	\$116,780	\$6,570	\$123,350

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 8. ERS Pension Plans

All eligible employees of the Town are covered by one of four pension plans: The Town of Lincoln Retirement Plan (Town Plan), the Laborers' International Union of North America Pension Fund (Union Plan), the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (Teachers' Plan), and the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (Municipal Plan).

Employees' Retirement System Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description - Certain employees of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island (Lincoln) participate in a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Employees' Retirement System plan administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a costsharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Benefit provisions – The level of benefits provided to participants is established by Chapter 36-10 of the General Laws, which is subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Member benefit provisions vary based on service credits accumulated at dates specified in various amendments to the General Laws outlining minimum retirement age, benefit accrual rates and maximum benefit provisions. In general, members accumulate service credits for each year of service subject to maximum benefit accruals of 80% or 75%. For those hired after June 30, 2012, the benefit accrual rate is 1% per year with a maximum benefit accrual of 40%. Members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at any age. The retirement eligibility age increases proportionately for other members reflecting years of service and other factors until it aligns with the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, which applies to any member with less than 5 years of service as of July 1, 2012. Members are vested after 5 years of service.

The plan provides for survivor's benefits for service-connected death and certain lump sum death benefits. Joint and survivor benefit provision options are available to members.

Cost of living adjustments are provided but are currently suspended until the collective plans administered by ERSRI reach a funded status of 80%. Until the plans reach an 80% funded status, interim cost of living adjustments is provided at four-year intervals commencing with the plan year ending June 30, 2016.

The plan also provides nonservice-connected disability benefits after five years of service and service-connected disability benefits with no minimum service requirement.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 8. ERS Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees' Retirement System Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Contributions - The funding policy, as set forth in the General Laws, Section 16-16-22, provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions to the plan. For fiscal 2022, Town teachers were required to contribute 3.75% of their annual covered salary, except for teachers with twenty or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 must contribute 11% of their annual covered salary. The state and the Town are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, 40% of which is to be paid by the state and the remaining 60% is to be paid by Town; the rates were 10.75% and 14.50% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 for the state and Town, respectively. The Town contributed \$3,940,954, \$3,890,608 and \$3,762,850 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported a liability of \$33,926,491 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for contributions made by the state. The amount recognized by the Town as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Town were as follows:

Town proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 33,926,491
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	25,159,534
Total net pension liability	\$ 59,086,025

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The Town proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021 the Town proportion was 1.44159585%.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 8. ERS Pension Plan (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the Town recognized gross pension expense of \$669,798 and revenue of \$599,399 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description of Outflows/Inflows	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	340,532	\$	1,095,846		
Changes of assumptions		1,420,693		746,079		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		7,940,898		
Changes in proportion and differences between System contributions and proportionate share contributions		784,818		1,157,518		
System contributions subsequent						
to the measurement date		3,940,954		-		
	\$	6,486,997	\$	10,940,341		
Net amount of deferred outflows and (inflows) excluding Town contributions subsequent to measurement date			\$	(8,394,298)		
subsequent to measurement date			Ψ	(0,374,270)		

\$3,940,954 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town contributions in fiscal year 2022 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows: Year ended June 30:

ar ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (2,168,983)
2024	(1,755,393)
2025	(1,957,823)
2026	(2,419,902)
2027	(133,671)
Thereafter	 41,474
	\$ (8,394,298)

Actuarial Assumptions - the total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% to 13.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 8. ERS Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees' Retirement System Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Mortality - variants of PUB (10) tables for Healthy and Disabled retirees, projected with scales Ultimate MP 16.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2021 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 39 sources. The June 30, 2021 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset class	Allocation	Rate of Return
GROWTH		
Global equity:		
U.S. Equity	23.20%	5.83%
International Developed Equity	11.80%	6.35%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	8.04%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Growth		
Private Equity	11.25%	9.47%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.25%	5.32%
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.50%	9.47%
Sub-total	15.00%	
INCOME		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.19%
REITS	1.00%	5.32%
Equity Options	2.00%	5.59%
EMD (50/50 Blend)	2.00%	1.96%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.19%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.19%
Sub-total	12.00%	
STABILITY		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	5.00%	-0.32%
Systematic Trend	5.00%	3.39%
Sub-total	10.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.32%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.81%
TIPs	2.00%	0.30%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	3.25%	1.14%
Securitized Credit	3.25%	1.14%
Absolute Return	6.50%	3.39%
Cash	2.00%	-0.32%
Sub-total	15.00%	
	100.00%	

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 8. ERS Pension Plan (Continued)

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Employees' Retirement System Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Discount rate - the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate - the following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

1.0	0% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	1.0	0% Increase
	(6.0%)	I	Rate (7.0%)		(8.0%)
\$	42,846,559	\$	33,926,491	\$	22,541,934

Pension plan fiduciary net position - detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Note 9. Defined Contribution Pension Plan: ERS

Defined Contribution Plan Description:

Employees participating in the defined benefit plan with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012, as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute between 1% and 1.5% of annual covered salary depending on the employee's total years of service as of June 30, 2012. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island recognized pension expense of \$696,077, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 9. Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) – an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at <u>www.ersri.org</u>

Benefits provided – General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

Salary: Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under IRC Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

Service: Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

Final Compensation: Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable FAC will be the greater of the member's highest three year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

General employees

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012 as described above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with 33 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

Police and Fire employees

Members are eligible to retire when they are at least 50 years old and have a minimum of 25 years of contributing service or if they have 27 years of contributing service at any age. Members with less than 25 years of contributing service are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age.

Members who, as of June 30, 2012, had at least 10 years of contributing service, had attained age 45, and had a prior Retirement Date before age 52 may retire at age 52.

Active members on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date, as described in this section, and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members designated as police officers or firefighters were eligible for retirement at or after age 55 with credit for at least 10 years of service or at any age with credit for 25 or more years of service. Members were also eligible to retire and receive a reduced benefit if they are at least age 50 and have at least 20 years of service. If the municipality elected to adopt the 20-year retirement provisions for police officers and/or firefighters, then such a member was eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

A monthly benefit is paid equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service, up to 37.5 years (75% of FAC maximum).

If the optional 20-year retirement provisions were adopted by the municipality prior to July 1, 2012: benefits are based on 2.50% of the member's FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 2.00% of the member's FAC for each year of service after July 1, 2012. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC.

Active members (including future hires), members who retire after July 1, 2015 and after attaining age 57 with 30 years of service will have a benefit equal to the greater of their current benefit described in (a) and (b) above and one calculated based on a 2.25% multiplier for all years of service.

Other benefit provisions

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA (age 55 for members designated as police officers and/or firefighters). When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

a. The COLA will be suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%; however, an interim COLA may be granted in four-year intervals while the COLA is suspended. The first interim COLA may begin January 1, 2018.

b. Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%

c. The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on the every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$25,000 for 2013, \$25,000 for 2014, \$25,168 for 2015, \$25,855 for 2016, and \$26,098 for 2017.

Employees covered by benefit terms.

At the June 30, 2021 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	General	Rescue
	Employees	Employees
Retirees and Beneficiaries	6	12
Inactive, Nonretired Members	13	5
Active Members	14	15
Total	33	32

Contributions - The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 1% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.25%. Public safety employees are required to contribute 9% of their salaries. The Town contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The Town contributed \$115,630 to their general employee MERS plan in the year ended June 30, 2021 which was 11.43% of annual covered payroll and contributed \$212,944 to their rescue employee MERS plan in the year ended June 30, 2021 which was 23.90% of annual covered payroll.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions Used in the Valuations to determine the Net Pension Liability at the
June 30, 2021 measurement date (June 30, 2020 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021)

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal - the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodology is used.
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll – Closed
Actuarial Assumptions	
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Projected Salary Increases	General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%; Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%
Inflation	2.5 %
Mortality	Mortality – variants of the PUB (10) tables for Healthy and Disabled retirees, projected with scales Ultimate MP 16
Cost of Living Adjustments	The Known COLA for certain MERS units in calendar years 2019 and 2020 were 1.86% and 1.56%, respectively and this was reflected in the June 30,2019 valuation. All future COLAs were assumed to be 2.1% per annum for all MERS units with the COLA provision

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2021 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 39 sources. The June 30, 2021 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Asset class	Target Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
GROWTH		
Global equity:		
U.S. Equity	23.20%	5.83%
International Developed Equity	11.80%	6.35%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	8.04%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Growth		
Private Equity	11.25%	9.47%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.25%	5.32%
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.50%	9.47%
Sub-total	15.00%	
INCOME		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.19%
REITS	1.00%	5.32%
Equity Options	2.00%	5.59%
EMD (50/50 Blend)	2.00%	1.96%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.19%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.19%
Sub-total	12.00%	
STABILITY		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	5.00%	-0.32%
Systematic Trend	5.00%	3.39%
Sub-total	10.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.32%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.81%
TIPs	2.00%	0.30%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	3.25%	1.14%
Securitized Credit	3.25%	1.14%
Absolute Return	6.50%	3.39%
Cash	2.00%	-0.32%
Sub-total	15.00%	
	100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - General Employees

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pensi			
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$ 3,276,465	\$ 2,814,150	\$ 462,315	
Changes for the Year				
Service cost	99,172	-	99,172	
Interest on the total pension liability	228,989	-	228,989	
Changes in benefits	-	-	-	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(67,081)	-	(67,081)	
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	
Employer contributions	-	116,798	(116,798)	
Employee contributions	-	9,685	(9,685)	
Net investment income	-	751,253	(751,253)	
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(109,573)	(109,573)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(2,862)	2,862	
Other changes		(106,028)	106,028	
Net changes	151,507	659,273	(507,766)	
Balances as of June 30, 2021	\$ 3,427,972	\$ 3,473,423	\$ (45,451)	

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Rescue Employees

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pensio			
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$ 6,938,127	\$ 4,276,859	\$2,661,268	
Changes for the Year				
Service cost	162,821	-	162,821	
Interest on the total pension liability	479,019	-	479,019	
Changes in benefits	-	-	-	
Difference between expected and actual experience	(59,327)	-	(59,327)	
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	
Employer contributions	-	208,769	(208,769)	
Employee contributions	-	85,246	(85,246)	
Net investment income	-	1,162,861	(1,162,861)	
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(352,812)	(352,812)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(4,431)	4,431	
Other changes				
Net changes	229,701	1,099,633	(869,932)	
Balances as of June 30, 2021	\$ 7,167,828	\$ 5,376,492	\$1,791,336	

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

General Employee Plan

% Decrease (6.00%) I		Current Discount te (7.00%)	% Increase (8.00%)
\$ 245,268	\$	(45,451)	\$ (416,515)

Rescue Employee Plan

	Current	
1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
\$ 2,410,088	\$ 1,791,336	\$1,001,637

Pension plan fiduciary net position - detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

General Employees Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2021 the employer recognized pension expense of \$27,413 The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			erred Inflows f Resources	
Differences in assumptions	\$	1,784	\$	99,606	
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		8,774	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		396,497	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		115,630		-	
	\$	117,414	\$	504,877	
Net amount of deferred outflows and (inflows) excluding contributions			•		
subsequent to measurement date			\$	(503,093)	

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 10. Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

\$ (187,965)
(109,392)
(94,238)
(111,498)
-
\$ (503,093)
\$

Rescue Employees Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2021 the employer recognized pension expense of \$151,210. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	rred Inflows
	of F	of Resources		Resources
Differences in assumptions	\$	381,140	\$	322,852
Difference between expected and actual experience		185,828		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		613,594
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		212,944		-
	\$	779,912	\$	936,446
Net amount of deferred outflows and (inflows) excluding contributions			¢	(260.479)
subsequent to measurement date			\$	(369,478)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (80,591)
2024	(64,127)
2025	(106,194)
2026	(143,589)
2027	34,088
Thereafter	 (9,065)
	\$ (369,478)

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 11. Defined Contribution Pension Plan: MERS

Defined Contribution Plan Description:

Certain employees participating in the defined benefit plan, as described above, may also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 1 to 1.5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute 5% of annual covered salary. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The Town of Lincoln recognized pension expense of \$40,182, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Note 12. Teacher Survivors (TSB) Benefit Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description - Certain employees of the Town of Lincoln (Town) participate in a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan - the Teachers' Survivors Benefit plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in Social Security.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Eligibility and plan benefits - the plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in the plan. Specific eligibility criteria and the amount of the benefit is subject to the provisions of Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Spouse, parents, family and children's benefits are payable following the death of a member. A spouse shall be entitled to benefits upon attaining the age of sixty (60) years. Children's benefits are payable to the child, including a stepchild or adopted child of a deceased member if the child is unmarried and under the age of eighteen (18) years or twenty-three (23) years and a full-time student, and was dependent upon the member at the time of the member's death. Family benefits are provided if at the time of the member's death the surviving spouse has in his or her care a child of the deceased member if the member did not leave a widow, widower, or child who could ever qualify for monthly benefits on the member's wages and the parent has reached the age of 60 years, has not remarried, and received support from the member.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 12. Teacher Survivors (TSB) Benefit Plan (Continued)

In January, a yearly cost-of-living adjustment for spouse's benefits is paid and based on the annual social security adjustment.

Survivors are eligible for benefits if the member has made contributions for at least six months prior to death or retirement.

The TSB plan provides benefits based on the highest salary at the time of retirement of the teacher. Benefits are payable in accordance with the following table:

	Basic Monthly
Highest Annual Salary	Spouses's Benefit
\$17,000 or less	\$ 825.00
\$17,001 to \$25,000	\$ 962.50
\$25,001 to \$33,000	\$ 1,100.00
\$33,001 to \$40,000	\$ 1,237.50
\$40,001 and over	\$ 1,375.00
\$17,000 or less \$17,001 to \$25,000 \$25,001 to \$33,000 \$33,001 to \$40,000	\$ 825.00 \$ 962.50 \$ 1,100.00 \$ 1,237.50

Benefits payable to children and families are equal to the spousal benefit multiplied by the percentage below:

	Parent and 2	One Child	Two	Three or more	
Parent and 1	or more	Alone	Children	Children	Dependent
Child	Children		Alone	Alone	Parent
150%	175%	75%	150%	175%	100%

Contributions - The contribution requirements of active employees and the participating school districts were established under Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws, which may be amended by the General Assembly. The cost of the benefits provided by the plan are two percent (2%) of the member's annual salary up to but not exceeding an annual salary of \$11,500; one-half (1/2) of the cost is contributed by the member by deductions from his or her salary, and the other half (1/2) is contributed and paid by the respective school district by which the member is employed. These contributions are in addition to the contributions required for regular pension benefits.

The Town contributed \$35,148, \$35,732, and \$34,380 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2022 the Town reported an asset of \$9,948,078 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset related to its participation in TSB. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 2021. The Town proportion of the net pension asset was based on its share of contributions to the TSB for fiscal year 2021 relative to the total contributions of all participating employers for that fiscal year. At June 30, 2021 the Town proportion was 4.85355551%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the Town recognized pension expense of (1,101,131) – an increase in the net pension asset. At June 30, 2022 the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note to the Financial Statements

Inno	30	2022
June	50,	2022

Note 12. Teacher Survivors (TSB) Benefit Plan (Continued)

Description of Outflows/Inflows	 red Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 351,990	\$ 1,019,839
Changes of assumptions	298,092	342,001
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	2,348,076
Changes in proportion and differences between System contributions and proportionate share contributions	191,855	254,630
System contributions subsquent		
to the measurement date	35,148	-
	\$ 877,085	\$ 3,964,546
Net amount of deferred outflows and (inflows) excluding Town contributions subsequent to measurement date		\$ (3,122,609)

\$35,148 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town contributions in fiscal year 2022 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset for the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (622,030)
2024	(592,712)
2025	(714,151)
2026	(842,957)
2027	(191,448)
Thereafter	 (159,310)
	\$ (3,122,609)

Actuarial Assumptions - the total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% to 13.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 12. Teacher Survivors (TSB) Benefit Plan (Continued)

Mortality – variants of the PUB (10) tables for Healthy and disabled retirees, projected with scale ultimate MP 16.

Cost of living adjustment – eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment – for valuation purposes, a 2.5% cost of living adjustment is assumed.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2021 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 39 sources. The June 30, 2021 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target Asset	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset class	Allocation	Rate of Return
GROWTH		
Global equity:		
U.S. Equity	23.20%	5.83%
International Developed Equity	11.80%	6.35%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	8.04%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Growth		
Private Equity	11.25%	9.47%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.25%	5.32%
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.50%	9.47%
Sub-total	15.00%	
INCOME		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.19%
REITS	1.00%	5.32%
Equity Options	2.00%	5.59%
EMD (50/50 Blend)	2.00%	1.96%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.19%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.19%
Sub-total	12.00%	
STABILITY		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	5.00%	-0.32%
Systematic Trend	5.00%	3.39%
Sub-total	10.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.32%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.81%
TIPs	2.00%	0.30%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	3.25%	1.14%
Securitized Credit	3.25%	1.14%
Absolute Return	6.50%	3.39%
Cash	2.00%	-0.32%
Sub-total	15.00%	
	100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 12. Teacher Survivors (TSB) Benefit Plan (Continued)

Discount rate - the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate - the following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

1.00% Decrease		Current Discount		1.00% Increase	
(6.0%)		Rate (7.0%)		(8.0%)	
\$	(8,541,593)	\$	(9,498,078)	\$	(10,719,231)

Pension plan fiduciary net position - detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Note 13. Town Pension Plan

Plan description:

The Town Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all Town and School Department employees not covered by other plans, as well as eligible firefighters employed by two fire districts: Lonsdale Fire and Saylesville Fire. Employees who work twenty hours or more per week for more than five months are eligible to participate. The Town Plan is reported as a Pension Trust Fund in the Town's financial statements.

Plan membership:

At June 30, 2022, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	114
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	46
Active plan members	136
Subtotal	296

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 13. Town Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefit provisions:

The Town Plan provides retirement and survivor benefits. The following benefit provisions were established and may be amended by Town ordinance or union contract:

• Any participant, who has attained his or her normal retirement date, as defined in the Town Plan, is eligible for a normal retirement benefit. The monthly benefit payable upon normal retirement is based on average monthly salary multiplied by credited service as follows:

Police and Lonsdale Firefighters	2 ½ % of average monthly salary multiplied by credited service up to 20 years, plus 2% of average monthly salary multiplied by up to five additional years of credited service.
Saylesville Firefighters	2 ¹ / ₂ % of average monthly salary multiplied by credited service up to 20 years, plus 2% of average monthly salary multiplied by up to ten additional years of credited service.
All other employees	1 ¹ / ₂ % of average monthly salary multiplied by credited service, with maximum benefit of 60% of average monthly salary.

Average monthly salary equals the average compensation during the highest three consecutive years out of the final ten years of employment. Salary includes base compensation plus holiday and longevity pay, but not overtime. Payments commence on the first day of the month following the date of an employee's retirement.

- Participants who terminate employment before completing ten years of service are refunded their employee contributions with annual interest credited at 5% after 1997 and 3 /1 2% before 1998. Participants who terminate employment after completing ten years of service have the option of either a refund of their employee contribution or a monthly benefit, as described above, at the normal retirement date.
- The beneficiary of a participant who dies prior to retirement receives the participant's accumulated contributions. In lieu of this benefit, the surviving spouse can elect to receive a benefit equal to 50% of the participant's benefit accrued to the date of death, payable at the participant's normal retirement date.
- For participants other than police and firefighters, the normal form of benefit is a monthly life annuity. For the police and firefighters, the normal form of benefit is a monthly joint and 67/1 2% survivor annuity. Optional forms of monthly benefits are available and are determined to be actuarially equivalent to the normal form of benefit.
- Police department employees who retire after June 30, 2004 receive an automatic 3% annual compounded Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) to their monthly pension benefit.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 13. Town Pension Plan (Continued)

Funding policy and contributions:

Contribution requirements are established and may be amended by Town Council ordinance or union contract.

Employees are required to contribute 4% of their salary; police and firefighters must contribute 8% and 6%, respectively.

The Town is required to contribute an amount determined in accordance with the actuarial valuation. Administrative costs are paid from plan assets. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$2,290,120.

Actuarial method and significant assumptions:

The annual required contribution (ARC) was determined as part of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation using the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Under this method, the excess of the entry age actuarial accrued liability over the actuarial value of plan assets is amortized over a 20-year closed period as a level % of pay. The actuarial accrued liability, which is re-determined for each active participant as of each valuation date, represents the theoretical accumulation of all prior years' normal costs for the present participants as if the Town Plan had always been in effect. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability represents the excess of the actuarial accrued liability over the Plan's assets, which are valued using the actuarial value of the assets using a five-year smoothing of appreciation and/or depreciation.

Inflation	2.10 percent
Salary increases	3.00-6.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 safety mortality table with fully generational from 2010 based on mortality improvement scale MP-19

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions:

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported liability \$15,670,414 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2022, the Town's proportion was 93.69%, which is a decrease of .12% from the its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended, June 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$2,288,190. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 13. Town Pension Plan (Continued)

	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	2010	rred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	355,532	\$	812,574
Changes in assumptions		592,411		135,052
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investmets		1,903,680		
Total deferred outflows / (inflows)	\$	2,851,623	\$	947,625
Total			\$	1,903,997

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ 477,603
2024	504,580
2025	26,184
2026	895,630
2027	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ 1,903,997

Investment Policy:

Investments shall be made solely in the interest of the Plan with an emphasis on long-term growth of principal while avoiding excessive risk, primarily through asset diversification. Investments of the Plan shall be so diversified as to minimize the risk of large losses, unless under the circumstances it is clearly prudent not to do so. The Plan shall be diversified by maturity, issuer and class of security in order to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets. Consistent with their respective investment styles and philosophies, investment managers should make reasonable efforts to preserve capital, understanding that losses may occur in individual securities.

Rate of Return:

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the annual money-weighted weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan expense was -5.05%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for changing amounts actually invested.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 13. Town Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-term expected rate of return:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Domestic fixed income	0.88%
International fixed income	1.86%
Domestic equities	4.90%
International equities	5.19%
Real estate	3.62%

Long-term expected rate of return (continued):

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Domestic fixed income	30%
Domestic equities	56%
International equities	14%
Total	100%

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 13. Town Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount	1	% Increase
	(5.75%)	Rate (6.75%)		(7.75%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 22,697,295	\$ 15,670,414	\$	10,009,482

Net Pension Liability:

The components of the net pension liability of the participating entities at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$48,722,171
Plan fiduciary net position	(33,051,757)
Net pension liability	\$15,670,414
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total pension liability	67.84%

Aggregate Pension Amounts Reported in the Financial Statements:

As required by GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension and amendment of GASB Statement No. 34 the table below presents the aggregate amount of pension expense, pension liabilities (assets), and deferred inflows and outflows for the defined benefit plans of the Town of Lincoln, Rhode Island.

	MERS General	MERS Rescue	ERS	TSB	Town Plan	Total
Net Pension Asset	\$ 45,451	\$ -	\$-	\$ 9,498,078	\$ -	\$ 9,543,529
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	117,414	779,912	6,486,997	877,085	2,851,623	11,113,031
Deferred Inflows of Resoures - Pension	504,877	936,446	10,940,341	3,964,546	947,625	17,293,835
Net Pension Liability	-	1,791,336	33,926,491	-	15,670,414	51,388,241
Pension Expense	 27,413	151,210	669,798	(1,101,131)	2,288,190	2,035,480
Total	\$ 695,155	\$ 3,658,904	\$ 52,023,627	\$ (5,757,578)	\$ 21,757,852	\$ 91,374,117

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 14. Union Plan

Plan description:

The Town of Lincoln Town Hall, Public Works, Library and Water union employees participate in the Laborer's International Union of North America Pension Fund, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Financial statements for the Union Plan are issued separately and may be obtained from the Laborers National (Industrial) Pension Fund, 905 165th Street, NW., Washington, D.C. 20006-1765 or by calling (202) 737-1664.

Employees can retire on a regular pension if they have attained at least age 62, earned at least five years of Pension Credit, and earned at least one year of Pension Credit during the period that their employer is contributing to the Pension Fund. The amount of regular pension benefits payable to eligible participants is determined by the highest contribution rate at which they earned Pension Credit and they years of Pension Credits they earned (up to a maximum of 30 years of Pension Credits). Vesting of benefits is attained for participants who have five or more years of vesting credit (without a permanent break in service). The fund also provides death and disability benefits.

Contributions required and contributions made:

The Town's required contribution is negotiated with the local union. The Town's contribution was based upon \$2.89 per hour for Town Hall employees, \$2.72 per hour for Library employees, \$3.38 for hour for Public Works employees, and \$14.75 per day for Water employees participating in the Union plan for the period of July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2022. Participating employees are not required to contribute. The Town's required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$324,726 as follows: Public Works (including sewer dept.) \$198,732, Town Hall \$84,128, and Library \$44,866.

Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

The Town of Lincoln administers a single-employer, defined benefit post-employment health insurance plan. The plan provides medical and dental insurance for eligible retirees and their dependents through the Town's group health and dental insurance plans, which cover both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established and amended by the union contracts through negotiations between the Town and the respective unions. The plan is reported as a Trust Fund in the Town's financial statements. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2017 on a retroactive basis.

The plan provides the following benefits based on employee group:

Police - Officers are eligible for lifetime retiree health benefit at 20 years of service with mandatory retirement at 25 years of service. There are no age requirements to get retiree health benefits. All Other Town Employees - COBRA coverage at retirement.

For All School Employees – Certified Teachers and certain Administrators positions are eligible for retiree health benefits until Medicare eligibility once they meet the retirement eligibility requirements of Rhode Island Employees Retirement System (RI ERS). The above benefit provisions reflect changes implemented since the last valuation.

Note to the Financial Statements

Inno	30	2022
June	30,	2022

Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the plan membership data is as follows:

	Inactive or		
		Beneficiaries	
	Active	Receiving	
Description	Employees	Benefits	Total
Number	464	76	540

Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are negotiated between the Town and the respective unions. The Town is required to contribute the cost of medical and dental benefits, less the amount of any applicable employee share of medical or dental premiums. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Town contributed \$2,773,063 to the plan, which is 44.3% of the annual determined contribution.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - The Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Investment policy

The Town's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the committee by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduced risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The following was the Town's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2022:

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
U.S. Equity	33.00%
Non-U.S. Equity	21.00%
U.S. Aggregate Bonds	15.00%
Intermediate-Term Credit	10.00%
Short-Term Credit	5.00%
Non-U.S. Bonds	10.00%
REITs	6.00%
Total	100.00%

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Rate of Return:

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense was -13.24%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability of the Town

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$24,647,856
Plans fiduciary net position	9,216,067
Town's net OPEB liability	\$15,431,789
Plan net position as a percentage	
of the total OPEB liability	37.39%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to theactuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Valuation Date: Actuarial Cost Method: Asset-Valuation Method:	July 1, 2021 with no adjustments to get to June 30, 2022 measurement date. Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary method. Market Value.
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.50% as of June 30, 2022
Inflation:	2.50% per year.
Salary Increases:	3.50% annually as of June 30, 2022 and for future periods.
Mortality	Healthy actives and retirees:
-	Police: SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021
	School: SOA Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount weighted Mortality Table
	fully generational using Scale MP-2021
	All Others: SOA Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount weighted Mortality Table
Assumed rate of retirement:	fully generational using Scale MP-2021
Assumed rate of retirement:	School support staff Detirement rates are based on the assumptions used in the DI MEDS actuarial
	Retirement rates are based on the assumptions used in the RI MERS actuarial valuation report as of June 30, 2020, which is a flat 20% per year retirement
	probability for members eligible for unreduced retirement. A 35% retirement
	probability at first eligibility will be applied if they have reached age 65 or with at least 25 years of service.
	School teachers and administration
	Retirement rates are based on the assumptions used in the RI ERS actuarial
	valuation report as of June 30, 2020, which is a flat 25% per year retirement probability for members eligible for unreduced retirement. A 60% retirement
	probability at first eligibility will be applied if they have reached age 65 or with at least 25 years of service.
	Town police officers
	Retirement rates are based on Town of Lincoln Police pension actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019.
Marriage assumptions	Spousal coverage and age for current retirees is based on actual data.
	Active employees who currently elect spousal coverage are assumed to elect
	spousal coverage at retirement. Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Note to the Financial Statements

Iune	30	2022
June	50,	2022

Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

ed Real
Return
0%
0%
0%
0%
0%
0%
0%

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total OPEB	Net OPEB			
	Liability	Net Position	Liability		
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$24,997,455	\$ 9,308,779	\$15,688,676		
Service cost	466,789	-	466,789		
Interest on net OPEB liability and service cost	1,671,478	-	1,671,478		
Differences between actual and expected experience	(1,752,743)	-	(1,752,743)		
Changes in assumptions	691,380	-	691,380		
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,426,503)	(1,426,503)	-		
Administrative expenses	-	(31,704)	31,704		
Contributions - employer	-	2,773,063	(2,773,063)		
Net investment income		(1,407,568)	1,407,568		
Net changes	(349,599)	(92,712)	(256,887)		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$24,647,856	\$ 9,216,067	\$ 15,431,789		

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

Note to the Financial Statements

Note 15. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

	Impact of 1% Change in Discount Rate					
	Current					
	1% Decrease	discount rate	1% Increase			
	(5.50%)	(6.50%)	(7.50%)			
Total OPEB liability	18,565,351	15,431,789	12,852,154			

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (7.0 percent decreasing to 3.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.0 percent decreasing to 5.5 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Impact of 1% Change in Healthcare Trend Rate						
	1% Decrease Current trend Current trend						
	(7.00%)	rate (8.00%	rate (9.00%				
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to				
	3.50%)	4.50%)	5.50%)				
Total OPEB liability	12,475,785	15,431,789	19,051,992				

OPEB expense and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022 the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$2,180,504. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$2,706,790	\$(1,861,901)
Changes in assumptions	1,636,691	(174,631)
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings in OPEB plan investments	777,711	
	5,121,192	(2,036,532)
Total		\$ 3,084,660

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2023	\$	678,931
2024		832,129
2025		682,814
2026		890,786
2027		-
Thereafter		-
Total	\$3	,084,660

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 16. Financial Statements for Individual Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds

GAAP requires that all Pension and Other Postemployment Trust Funds be combined and presented in one column in the Fiduciary Funds financial statements and that the individual financial statements for each trust fund plan are reported in the notes to the financial statements. Provided below are the individual financial statements for the pension and OPEB plan that are included in the Fiduciary Funds as Employee Benefit Trust Fund.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

	Police Pension Trust Fund	OPEB Trust Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivable	\$ - 35,472,843 213,628	\$ 9,216,066
Total assets	35,686,471	9,216,066
Deferred outflows of resources None		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	35,686,471	9,216,066
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits held	60,847	-
Total liabilities	60,847	
Deferred inflows of resources None		
Net Position Restricted for pension trust Restricted for OPEB trust	35,625,624	- 9,216,066
Restricted for private purposes		
Total net position	35,625,624	9,216,066
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 35,686,471	\$9,216,066

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 16. Financial Statements for Individual Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

		lice Pension Trust Fund	OPEB Trust		
Additions					
Employer contributions	\$	2,290,120	\$ 2,773,063		
Plan member contributions		362,165	-		
Investment income (net of related fees)		(484,178)	(1,645,310)		
Total additions	2,168,107		1,127,753		
Deductions					
Benefits paid Administrative expenses		2,211,238	1,426,503 31,704		
Total additions		2,211,238	1,458,207		
Changes in fund equity held in trust for individuals, organizations, and					
other governments		(43,131)	(330,454)		
Net position, July 1, 2021		35,668,755	9,546,520		
Net position, June 30, 2022	\$	35,625,624	\$ 9,216,066		

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 17. Risk Management

Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust, Inc.:

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. As a result, the Townparticipates in a nonprofit, public entity risk pool (Rhode Island Interlocal Risk Management Trust, Inc.) (Trust) which provides coverage for property/liability claims. Upon joining the Trust, the Town signed a participation agreement which outlines the rights and responsibilities of boththe Trust and the Town. The agreement states that for premiums paid by the Town, the Trust will assume financial responsibility for the Town's losses up to the maximum amount of insurance purchased, minus the Town's deductible amounts. The Trust provides this insurance coverage through a pooled, self-insurance mechanism which includes reinsurance purchased by the Trust to protect against large, catastrophic claims above the losses the Trust retains internally for payment from the pooled contributions of its members. Under the participation agreement, the Town isinsured for a maximum of \$2,000,000 per occurrence. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the Trust coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 18. Commitment and Contingencies

Rhode Island Municipal Insurance Corporations:

The Town is a member of the Rhode Island Municipal Insurance Corporation (RIMIC), a not-for- profit organization formed to jointly administer healthcare related matters for Rhode Island cities,towns, and other governmental units that elect to participate. RIMIC negotiates with qualified healthcare companies/third-party administrators to provide healthcare related administrativeservices and to provide healthcare benefits and claims services directly to members for the members' employees and retirees. RIMIC is governed by a Board of Directors (Board) thatconsists of one Board position from each municipality or other governmental unit that is a member.

Upon joining RIMIC, members execute member and adoption agreements. This document, pursuant to which RIMIC was established and operates, outlines the rights and responsibilities of both the members and RIMIC. Members of RIMIC participate in a health insurance plan administered through Blue Cross Blue Shield of Rhode Island (BCBSRI).

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 18. Commitment and Contingencies (Continued):

Each member is solely responsible for separately and directly contracting with the qualified healthcare provider/third party administrator chosen by RIMIC and for paying any and all healthcare-related claims directly to the provider. In addition, each member is responsible for determining the types and levels of self-insured healthcare benefits offered, as well as the amount of stop-loss insurance deemed appropriate. The Town purchases stop-loss insurance to cover claims in excess of \$175,000. At June 30, 2021, the incurred but not reported claims, as determined by RIMIC's health benefit advisors based on prior history, were estimated to approximate \$575,000 (\$181,000 Town and \$394,000 School) and are included in accrued expenses of the governmental activities. The RIMIC agreement provides for an annual independent audit of its financial statements. A copy of the latest audit report can be obtained by contacting RIMIC, c/o Rodio & Ursillo, 86 Weybosset St., Providence, RI 02903.

RIMIC members can withdraw from the program effective June 30th of any year provided they give a 90day written notice of their intention to withdraw prior to June 30th. Failure to provide such notice automatically results in a member's participation and membership in RIMIC for an additional year.

Claims and judgments:

The following matters have been asserted and are outstanding:

The Town is a party to various claims, legal actions and complaints. It is not presently possible to determine the outcome of these cases; therefore, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. In the opinion of the Town's management and Town Solicitor, these matters cannot be estimated, nor can the likelihood of a favorable outcome be made at this time.

Other contingencies:

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amountsalready collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 19. Tax abatements

The Town has tax incentive financing agreements in place at year end.

Owner	Authority	Parcel ID	True	Assessment	Address	TSA	A Payment	True	Tax 12/31/17	Difference
Fleet National Bank	RIGL 42-64-1	Lot 49, Plat 30	\$	8,416,965	670 George Washington Highway	\$	192,580	\$	229,783	\$ (37,203)

This agreement was signed on May 29, 2017 and terminates on December 31, 2027. This agreement provides for the annual tax liability to be calculate at a mil rate of \$22.88 and an assessed value of \$8,416,965 for the initial five years period and increases each five years by 15%.

Note to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Note 20. Restatement

The following is a restatement that occurred at the government wide level

	Governmental Activities			
Beginning balance, July 1, 2021	\$	17,969,668		
GASB Statement No. 87 implementation, fixed assets GASB Statement No. 87 implementation, capital leases		172,455 (172,455)		
Beginning balance, July 1, 2021, restated	\$	17,969,668		

The following is a restatement that occurred for fixed assets:

	Fixed Assets
Beginning balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 142,715,875
GASB Statement No. 87 implementation	172,455
Beginning balance, July 1, 2021, restated	\$ 142,888,330

The following is the restatement that occurred for capital leases right to use:

	-	ital Leases ght to use
Beginning balance, July 1, 2021	\$	-
GASB Statement No. 87 implementation		172,455
Beginning balance, July 1, 2021, restated	\$	172,455

Note to the Financial Statements

June	30,	2022
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Note 21. Fund Balance Classification

	Majo	r Fur	nds	Non-Major Funds								
	General	2	School	Public BuildingTown SpecialIUnrestrictedRevenue			wn Special	School	Capital			
	Fund	Uni	restricted				Department	Projects			Total	
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable												
Prepaid and inventory	\$ 577,859	\$	43,996	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	621,855
Restricted for												
Grants	-		-		4,731,627		768,806	1,462,236		4,966,548	1	1,929,217
School	-		284,914		-		-	-		-		284,914
Committed to												
Encumbrances	1,168,333		-		-		-	-		-		1,168,333
School field project	-		-		-		296,778	-		-		296,778
Assigned												
Health care reserve	500,000		-		-		-	-		-		500,000
Unassigned	8,253,364		-		-		(409,428)	(47,989)		(316,787)		7,479,160
	\$10,499,557	\$	328,910	\$	4,731,627	\$	656,156	\$ 1,414,247	\$	4,649,761	\$ 2	2,280,258

Note 22. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the financial statements, April 28, 2022. No material events have occurred that require disclosures.

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original	Budget					
D	Encumbrances Carried in from FY2021	Budget as Adopted	Total Available	Actual	Encumbrances Carried in to FY2022	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues	¢	¢ 57 765 005		¢ 50 146 421	¢	¢ 290 526	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 57,765,905	\$ 57,765,905	\$ 58,146,431	\$ -	\$ 380,526	
Intergovernmental Local revenues	-	13,564,540 2,606,695	13,564,540 2.606.695	12,574,417 3,330,726	-	(990,123) 724,031	
Interest and investment income	-	445,000	2,000,093	469,297	-	24,031	
Total revenues	-	74,382,140	74,382,140	74,520,871		138,731	
Expenditures	500	006 122	006000	1.042.045	10.6	(156.000)	
General government	500	886,433	886,933	1,042,845	486	(156,398)	
Financal administration	62,928	1,244,066	1,306,994	2,703,051	5,162	(1,401,219)	
Public library	11,793	1,255,935	1,267,728	1,243,666	-	24,063	
Public safety	12,328	7,413,468	7,425,796	8,857,161	3,725	(1,435,090)	
Public service	1,322,972	6,005,083	7,328,055	6,658,792	1,158,960	(489,697)	
Municipal resolutions Grants and contributions	-	1,219,298	1,219,298	-	-	1,219,298	
	-	62,500	62,500	62,500	-	-	
Other expenditures	-	5,798,423	5,798,423	2,736,778	-	3,061,645 1,142,069	
Capital Budget Requests Debt Service:	-	1,142,069	1,142,069	-	-	1,142,069	
		4 2 4 0 0 0 0	4 2 4 0 0 0 0	4 215 000		25,000	
Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges	-	4,340,000	4,340,000	4,315,000	-	,	
C		3,064,588	3,064,588	1,859,975		1,204,613	
Total expenditures	1,410,521	32,431,863	33,842,384	29,479,768	1,168,333	3,194,282	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(1,410,521)	41,950,277	40,539,756	45,041,103	(1,168,333)	3,333,013	
Other financing sources and (uses)							
Transfers from other funds	-	862,898	862,898	-	-	(862,898)	
Transfers to other funds		(42,813,175)	(42,813,175)	(45,116,600)		(2,303,425)	
		(41,950,277)	(41,950,277)	(45,116,600)		(3,166,323)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and							
other sources over expenditures							
and other uses, budgetary basis	\$(1,410,521)	\$ -	\$ (1,410,521)	\$ (75,497)	\$(1,168,333)	\$ 166,690	
Adjustment of budgetary basis to U.S. GAAP							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses, GAAP basis				(75,497)			
Fund balance, July 1, 2021				10,575,054			
Fund balance, June 30, 2022				\$ 10,499,557			

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget to Actual School Unrestricted

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Original Budget Emcumbrances Budget Encumbrances Variance Carried As Total Carried Favorable from FY 22 Adopted Available Actual to FY 23 (Unfavorable) Revenues State aid for education \$ \$ 16,138,953 16.222.871 \$ \$ 83.918 \$ 16,138,953 \$ _ -Medicaid 38.571 625.000 625,000 663,571 Miscellaneous 235,000 235,000 252,264 17,264 Total revenues 16,998,953 16,998,953 17,138,706 139,753 -Expenditures Salaries 33,695,395 33,695,395 33,538,505 156,890 Employee benefits 13,292,348 13,292,348 13,553,801 (261,453) Purchased services 10,501,444 10,501,444 10,300,002 43,955 157,487 Supplies and materials 1,746,230 1,746,230 1,633,267 38,981 73.982 Other 67,434 67,434 56,774 10,660 Capital outlay 274,277 274,277 798,905 106,713 (524,628) 189,649 Total expenditures -59,577,128 59,577,128 59,881,254 (387,062) Excess of expenditures over revenues, budgetary basis (42,578,175) (42,578,175) (42,742,548) (189, 649)(247, 309)Other financing sources (uses) Appropriation from Town's general fund 42,578,175 42,578,175 42,578,175 Transfer to other funds 42,578,175 42,578,175 42,578,175 Total other financing sources (uses) Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses, budgetary basis \$ \$ \$ (164, 373)\$ (189,649) \$ (247,309) \$ Adjustment of budgetary basis to U.S. GAAP basis Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses, (164, 373)U.S. GAAP basis Fund balance, July 1, 2021 493,283 Fund balance, June 30, 2022 328,910 \$

Required Supplementary Information

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1: Budget Data and Budgetary Compliance

In accordance with the Town Charter, the Town Administrator must present to the Budget Board a recommended annual budget for the operations of all municipal departments no later than February 15 of each fiscal year. The recommended budget must include an appropriation to fund schoolexpenditures. At least three weeks after the receipt of the budget from the Town Administrator, the Budget Board holds a public hearing thereon. The Budget Board completes its consideration of thebudget thirty days prior to the date of the financial town meeting. The financial town meeting mayincrease or decrease items of the budget as presented by the Budget Board. The final recommended budget is legally adopted at the annual financial town meeting. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The General Fund and the School Department annual operating budgets are in conformity with the legally enacted budgetary basis. The legally enacted budgetary basis differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP) in several regards. Budgets are adopted on themodified accrual basis with certain exceptions. Budgetary revenues may include re-appropriationsfrom fund equity previously recognized under U.S. GAAP. Budgetary expenditures and expenses are recognized when legally binding orders (encumbrances) are placed. Enterprise fund budgetary expenses include expenses for fixed asset additions, debt service issuance costs and debt serviceprincipal payments not recognized under U.S. GAAP but exclude depreciation and amortization, U.S. GAAP basis expenses.

Costs of operations for all departments, offices and agencies established within the Town Charter must be appropriated through an annual budget ordinance. These departments are presented within the General Fund and the School Department Municipal budgetary control is legally enforced at the department level. Appropriation transfers between departments require approval by the Town Council. Other appropriation increases require both the establishment of a funding source and passage of a budget amendment ordinance. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at fiscal year- ended.

Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Revenues and Other Financing Sources and Expenditures and Other Financing Uses and GAAP Revenues and Other Financing Sources and Expenditures and Other Financing Use

	 General Fund	School Unrestricted
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	\$ (75,497)	\$ (164,373)
State contribution to teachers' pension plan revenue on behalf	-	(2,917,053)
State contrubution to teachers' pension plan expense on behalf	 	2,917,053
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP)	\$ (75,497)	\$ (164,373)

Required Supplementary Information

Other Post-Employment Benefits - Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$ 466,789	\$ 466,086	\$ 453,128	\$ 490,133	\$ 486,994	\$ 494,754
Interest	1,671,478	1,369,694	1,313,614	1,226,993	1,268,985	1,283,840
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,752,743)	2,974,484	503,794	1,415,712	(1,172,388)	(1,850,157)
Changes in assumptions	691,380	1,148,354	-	(523,899)	-	2,226,107
Benefit payments	(1,426,503)	(1,548,401)	(1,360,025)	(1,219,596)	(1,198,427)	(727,240)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(349,599)	4,410,217	910,511	1,389,343	(614,836)	1,427,304
Total OPEB liability - beginning	24,997,455	20,587,238	19,676,727	18,287,384	18,902,220	17,474,916
Total OPEB liability - ending	24,647,856	24,997,455	20,587,238	19,676,727	18,287,384	18,902,220
OPEB fiduciary net position						
Benefit payments	(1,426,503)	(1,548,401)	(1,360,025)	(1,219,596)	(1,198,427)	(727,240)
Trust administrative expenses	(31,704)	(27,381)	(17,742)	(14,222)	(10,350)	(9,932)
Contributions - employer	2,773,063	1,933,780	1,886,424	1,948,878	1,804,537	1,534,402
Net investment income	(1,407,568)	1,944,460	423,511	414,990	276,633	362,250
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(92,712)	2,302,458	932,168	1,130,050	872,393	1,159,480
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	9,308,779	7,006,321	6,074,153	4,944,103	4,071,710	2,912,230
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	9,216,067	9,308,779	7,006,321	6,074,153	4,944,103	4,071,710
Plan's net pension liability - ending	\$15,431,789	\$15,688,676	\$13,580,917	\$ 13,602,574	\$ 13,343,281	\$ 14,830,510

Fiduciary	Total OPEB	Net OPEB			NOL as a %
Net	Liability	Liability	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Position	(TOL)	(NOL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
\$9,216,067	\$24,647,856	\$15,431,789	37.40%	\$34,805,098	44.30%
\$9,308,779	\$24,997,455	\$15,688,676	37.20%	\$33,628,114	46.70%
\$7,006,321	\$20,587,238	\$13,580,917	34.03%	\$29,018,945	46.80%
\$6,074,153	\$19,676,727	\$13,602,574	30.87%	\$33,645,972	40.43%
\$4,944,103	\$18,287,384	\$13,343,281	27.04%	\$32,927,613	40.52%
\$4,071,710	\$18,902,220	\$14,830,510	21.54%	\$31,814,119	46.62%
	Net Position \$9,216,067 \$9,308,779 \$7,006,321 \$6,074,153 \$4,944,103	Net Liability Position (TOL) \$9,216,067 \$24,647,856 \$9,308,779 \$24,997,455 \$7,006,321 \$20,587,238 \$6,074,153 \$19,676,727 \$4,944,103 \$18,287,384	NetLiabilityLiabilityPosition(TOL)(NOL)\$9,216,067\$24,647,856\$15,431,789\$9,308,779\$24,997,455\$15,688,676\$7,006,321\$20,587,238\$13,580,917\$6,074,153\$19,676,727\$13,602,574\$4,944,103\$18,287,384\$13,343,281	NetLiabilityLiabilityFundedPosition(TOL)(NOL)Ratio\$9,216,067\$24,647,856\$15,431,78937.40%\$9,308,779\$24,997,455\$15,688,67637.20%\$7,006,321\$20,587,238\$13,580,91734.03%\$6,074,153\$19,676,727\$13,602,57430.87%\$4,944,103\$18,287,384\$13,343,28127.04%	NetLiabilityLiabilityFundedCoveredPosition(TOL)(NOL)RatioPayroll\$9,216,067\$24,647,856\$15,431,78937.40%\$34,805,098\$9,308,779\$24,997,455\$15,688,67637.20%\$33,628,114\$7,006,321\$20,587,238\$13,580,91734.03%\$29,018,945\$6,074,153\$19,676,727\$13,602,57430.87%\$33,645,972\$4,944,103\$18,287,384\$13,343,28127.04%\$32,927,613

*Sixth year of implementation of GASB74/75, therefore only six years of the ten required data is available

Required Supplementary Information

Other Post-Employment Benefits - Schedule of Contributions

Last 10 Years*

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Actuarial determined contribution	\$ 1,445,415	\$ 1,548,401	\$ 1,264,735	\$ 1,271,875	\$ 1,333,965	\$ 1,352,133	\$ 1,322,413	\$ 1,343,607	\$ 1,384,923	\$ 1,430,251
Contributions in relation to the										
actuarially determined contribution	2,773,063	1,933,780	1,886,424	1,948,878	1,804,537	1,534,402	1,170,316	1,349,652	1,407,376	1,647,621
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (1,327,648)	\$ (385,379)	\$ (621,689)	\$ (677,003)	\$ (470,572)	\$ (182,269)	\$ 152,097	\$ (6,045)	\$ (22,453)	\$ (217,370)
Covered-employee payroll	\$34,805,098	\$33,628,114	\$29,018,945	\$33,645,972	\$32,927,613	\$31,814,119	\$31,685,123	\$30,610,535	\$30,793,333	\$29,752,013
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.97%	5.75%	6.50%	5.79%	5.48%	4.82%	3.69%	4.41%	4.57%	5.54%

**Actuarial determined contributions are based on the Annual Required Contributions calculated in the prior GASB45 actuarial valuations.

Required Supplementary Information

Other Post-Employment Benefits - Schedule of Investment Returns and Notes

Last 10 Years*

June 30, 2022 June 30, 2021 June 30, 2020 June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 June 30, 2017

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	-13.24%	10.51%	4.94%	4.11%	6.79%	12.43%
* Sixth year of implementation of GASI	B 74/75, therefor	re only six years o	f the ten required	data is available.		
Notes to Required Suppleme	ntary Informa	tion:				
Valuation Date:	July 1, 20	021 with no adju	stments to get t	o June 30, 2022	measurement	date.
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Ag	e Normal Level	% of Salary me	thod.		
Asset-Valuation Method:	Market V	alue.				
Actuarial Assumptions:						
Discount Rate	6.50% as	of June 30, 202	22			
Inflation:	2.50% pe	er year.				
Salary Increases:	3.50% ar	nually as of Jun	e 30, 2022 and	for future period	ls.	
Mortality	Police: fully School: fully All Other	generational usi SOA Pub-2010 generational usi	Public Safety H ng Scale MP-20 Teachers Head ng Scale MP-20 10 Teachers He	count weighted I 21 adcount weighte	Mortality Table	
Assumed rate of retirement:	School s	upport staff				
	valuation probabili probabili least 25 y	report as of Jun ty for members ty at first eligibi years of service.	e 30, 2020, whi eligible for unr lity will be appl	ptions used in th ich is a flat 20% educed retireme ied if they have	per year retiren nt. A 35% retire	ment ement
		eachers and ad				
	valuation probabili probabili least 25 Town po Retireme	report as of Jun ty for members ty at first eligibi years of service. lice officers	e 30, 2020, whi eligible for unr lity will be appl	ptions used in th ich is a flat 25% educed retireme ied if they have incoln Police pe	per year retiren nt. A 60% retire reached age 65	ment ement or with at
Marriage assumptions	Active er	nployees who cu overage at retire	urrently elect sp	irees is based on ousal coverage a ls are assumed to	are assumed to	

Required Supplementary Information

Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last 10 Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	1.44159585%	1.41442012%	1.41864606%	1.42207116%	1.43163923%	1.52732535%	1.52994437%	1.63791472%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$33,926,491	\$45,190,805	\$45,265,715	\$45,182,730	\$45,057,871	\$45,568,936	\$42,119,410	\$ 39,866,851
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the school district Total	25,159,534 \$ 59,086,025	33,577,875 \$78,768,680	33,908,708 \$79,174,423	33,703,071 \$78,885,801	34,052,925 \$79,110,796	31,208,030 \$76,776,966	28,774,659 \$70,894,069	27,338,536 \$ 67,205,387
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$26,664,103	\$28,926,456	\$25,780,713	\$25,416,949	\$24,703,975	\$24,449,295	\$24,308,607	\$24,062,206
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	221.59%	272.31%	307.11%	310.37%	320.24%	314.03%	173.27%	165.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.50%	54.30%	54.60%	54.30%	54.00%	54.06%	57.55%	61.40%

Notes:

1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

3.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Required Supplementary Information

Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions

Last 10 Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 3,940,954	\$ 3,890,608	\$ 3,762,851	\$ 3,621,244	\$ 3,475,182	\$ 3,340,370	\$ 3,445,181	\$ 3,286,406
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	3,940,954	3,890,608	3,762,851	3,621,244	3,475,182	3,340,370	3,445,181	3,286,406
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$26,664,103	\$28,926,456	\$25,780,713	\$25,416,949	\$24,703,975	\$24,449,295	\$24,308,607	\$24,062,206
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	14.78%	13.45%	14.60%	14.25%	14.07%	13.66%	14.17%	13.66%

Notes:

1.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

General Employee Plan

Last 10 Years*

	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Year Ended June 30, 2020	Year Ended June 30, 2019	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2016	Year Ended June 30, 2015	Year Ended June 30, 2014
Total pension liability								
1. Service Cost	\$ 99,172	\$ 96,105	\$ 101,389	\$ 103,895	\$ 97,917	\$ 92,977	\$ 90,123	\$ 84,067
2. Interest on the total pension liability	228,989	227,565	211,627	200,726	197,823	184,662	159,472	151,700
3. Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,927	-
4. Difference between expected and actual experience								
of the Total Pension Liability	(67,081)	(172,538)	20,072	(44,870)	(110,743)	1,134	186,180	-
5. Changes of assumptions	-	(26,160)	-	-	146,156	-	-	(32,372)
6. Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions	(109,573)	(102,764)	(102,764)	(102,764)	(105,764)	(105,764)	(102,767)	(102,825)
7. Net change in total pension liability	151,507	22,208	230,324	156,987	225,389	173,009	335,935	100,570
8. Total pension liability – beginning	3,276,465	3,254,257	3,023,933	2,866,946	2,641,557	2,468,548	2,132,613	2,032,043
9. Total pension liability – ending (a)	\$ 3,427,972	\$ 3,276,465	\$ 3,254,257	\$ 3,023,933	\$ 2,866,946	\$ 2,641,557	\$ 2,468,548	\$ 2,132,613
Plan fiduciary net position								
1. Contributions – employer	\$ 116,798	\$ 117,592	\$ 118,558	\$ 130,511	\$ 129,264	\$ 128,161	\$ 128,464	\$ 102,118
2. Contributions – employee	9,685	9,767	10,160	11,546	10,772	10,092	9,882	9,159
3. Net investment income	751,253	102,739	166,539	187,052	231,038	(386)	45,319	247,030
4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(109,573)	(102,764)	(102,764)	(102,764)	(105,764)	(105,764)	(102,767)	(102,825)
5. Pension Plan Administrative Expense	(2,862)	(2,831)	(2,603)	(2,490)	(2,183)	(2,070)	(1,817)	(1,547)
6. Other	(106,028)			100,330	(4,893)	(46,510)	1	212,009
 Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position – beginning 	659,273 2,814,150	124,503 2,689,647	189,890 2,499,757	324,185 2,175,572	258,234 1,917,338	(16,477) 1,933,815	79,082 1,854,733	465,944 1,388,789
9. Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$ 3,473,423	\$ 2,814,150	\$ 2,689,647	\$ 2,499,757	\$ 2,175,572	\$ 1,917,338	\$ 1,933,815	\$ 1,854,733
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (45,451)	\$ 462,315	\$ 564,610	\$ 524,176	\$ 691,374	\$ 724,219	\$ 534,733	\$ 277,880
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension lia		85.89%	82.65%	82.67%	75.88%	72.58%	78.34%	86.97%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 968,474	\$ 976,680	\$ 1,015,923	\$ 1,060,156	\$ 1,077,196	\$ 1,006,242	\$ 988,187	\$ 927,888
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-4.69%	47.34%	55.58%	49.44%	64.18%	71.97%	54.11%	29.95%

Required Supplementary Information

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions

General Employee Plan

Last 10 Years*

	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2020	Fiscal 2019	Fiscal 2018	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 115,630	\$ 116,798	\$ 117,592	\$ 118,558	\$ 130,511	\$ 129,264	\$ 128,161	\$ 128,464
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	115,630	116,798	117,592	118,558	130,511	129,264	128,161	128,464
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,012,055	\$ 968,474	\$ 976,680	\$ 1,107,863	\$ 1,060,156	\$ 1,077,196	\$ 1,006,242	\$ 988,187
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.43%	12.06%	12.04%	10.70%	12.31%	12.00%	12.74%	13.00%

Notes:

1.) Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-21-42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Rescue Employee Plan

Last 10 Years*

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Required Supplementary Information

Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions

Rescue Employee Plan

Last 10 Years*

	Fiscal 2022	Fiscal 2021	Fiscal 2020	Fiscal 2019	Fiscal 2018	Fiscal 2017	Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 212,944	\$ 208,769	\$ 205,154	\$ 168,971	\$ 152,968	\$ 175,174	\$ 172,028	\$ 179,605
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	212,944	208,769	205,154	168,971	152,968	175,174	172,028	179,605
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 890,828	\$ 852,467	\$ 903,364	\$ 891,538	\$ 853,146	\$ 960,666	\$ 952,317	\$ 889,575
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	23.90%	24.49%	22.71%	18.95%	17.93%	18.23%	18.06%	20.19%

Notes:

1.) Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-21-42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information

Teachers' Survivors

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset

Last 10 Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Employer's proportion of the net pension asset	4.85355551%	4.60912777%	4.64097503%	4.71249896%	4.67075334%	4.78468663%	4.90497735%	4.97709490%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 9,498,078	\$ 5,473,964	\$ 5,264,993	\$ 4,204,930	\$ 3,863,946	\$ 4,764,203	\$ 4,579,071	\$ 6,187,561
Employer's covered employee payroll	\$ 26,664,102	\$28,926,456	\$ 25,780,713	\$25,416,949	\$24,703,975	\$24,449,295	\$ 24,308,607	\$24,062,206
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	35.62%	18.92%	20.42%	16.54%	15.64%	19.49%	18.84%	25.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	153.1%	153.1%	150.2%	137.4%	136.1%	153.3%	146.6%	173.3%

Notes:

1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information

Teacher's Survivors Benefit Plan

Schedule of Contributions

Last 10 Years*

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016			2015
Statutorily determined contribution	\$	35,148	\$	35,732	\$	34,380	\$	34,615	\$	35,063	\$	27,552	\$	30,731	\$	28,406
Contributions in relation to the statutorily determined contribution		35,148		35,732		34,380		34,615		35,063		27,552		30,731		28,406
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$26	5,664,103	\$28	3,926,456	\$25	5,780,713	\$ 25	5,416,949	\$ 24	4,703,975	\$24	4,449,295	\$24	,308,607	\$24	,062,206
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.13%		0.12%		0.13%		0.14%		0.14%		0.11%		0.13%		0.12%

Notes:

1.) Employers participating in the Teachers' Survivor's Benefit Plan contribute at a rate established by the RI General Laws, Section 16-16-35.

2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information

Notes to ERS, MERS, and TSB Plans

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year end.

The schedules are intended to show information for 10 years – additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Employers participating in the Municipal Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 45-21-42, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Employers participating in the Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan contribute at a rate established by RI General Laws, Section 16-16-35.

June 30, 2021 measurement date –

Ther were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plan as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2020 measurement date.

June 30, 2020 measurement date –

As part of the 2020 Actuarial Experience Study for six-year period ending June 30, 2019 as approved by the System Board on May 22, 2020, certain assumptions were modified and reflected in the determination of net pension liability (asset) at the June 30, 2020 measurement date. The following summarizes the more significant changes in assumptions:

- Updated the underlying mortality tables from the RP-2014 set of tables to the public sector-based PUB (10) tables.
- Increase slightly the probabilities of turnover.
- Decreased slightly the probabilities of retirement.
- Modified slightly the probabilities of disability, including adding material incidence of disability for members in the age ranges that historically have been eligible to retire but under prospective provisions are not

June 30, 2019 measurement date -

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2019 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

June 30, 2018 measurement date –

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2017

Required Supplementary Information

Notes to ERS, MERS, and TSB Plans

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

measurement date.

June 30, 2017 measurement date –

As part of the 2017 Actuarial Experience Investigation Study for the six-year period ending June 30, 2016 as approved by the System Board on May 15, 2017, certain assumptions were modified and reflected in the determination of the net pension liability (asset) at the June 30, 2017 measurement date. The following summarizes the more significant changes in assumptions:

- Decreased the general inflation assumption from 2.75% to 2.50%;
- Decreased the nominal investment return assumption from 7.50% to 7.00%;
- Decreased the general wage growth assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%;
- Decreased salary increases assumptions; and
- Updated the post-retirement mortality tables to variants of the RP-2014 table. For the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

June 30, 2016 measurement date -

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2016 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

June 30, 2015 measurement date –

There were no changes in actuarial methods or assumptions reflected in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset) of the plans as of the June 30, 2015 measurement date compared to the June 30, 2014 measurement date

The June 30, 2015 measurement date determination of the net pension liability for the ERS and MERS plans reflects changes in benefit changes resulting from the settlement of litigation challenging the various pension reform measures enacted in previous years by the General Assembly. The final settlement approved by the Court on July 8, 2015 also included enactment of the pension settlement provisions by the General Assembly. These amended benefit provisions, are summarized below:

- Employees with more than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012 will increase their employee contribution rates to 11% for state employees and municipal general employees will contribute 8.25% (9.25% for units with a COLA provision) and participate solely in the defined benefit plan going forward service credit accruals will increase from 1% to 2% per year.
- Members are eligible to retire upon the attainment of: age 65 with 30 years of service, 64 with 31 years of service, 63 with 32 years of service, or 62 with 33 years of service. Members may retire earlier if their RIRSA date is earlier or are eligible under a transition rule.

Required Supplementary Information

Notes to ERS, MERS, and TSB Plans

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- MERS public safety employees may retire at age 50 with 25 years of service, or any age with 27 years of service. MERS public safety employees will contribute 9.00% (10.00% for units with a COLA provision)
- Employees with more than 10 but less than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012 will receive an increased employer contribution to the defined contribution plan. Also, members who earn less than \$35,000 per year will not be required to pay the administrative fees to the defined contribution plan.
- Members who retired from a COLA eligible plan before July 1, 2012 will received a one-time cost of living adjustment of 2% of the first \$25,000 paid as soon as administratively possible.
- Retirees as of June 30, 2015 will receive two \$500 stipends; the interim cost of living increases will occur at 4 year rather than 5 year intervals.
- The COLA formula was adjusted to: 50% of the COLA is calculated by taking the previous 5-year average investment return, less 5.5% (5yr Return 5.5%, with a max of 4%) and 50% calculated using previous year's CPI-U (max of 3%) for a total max COLA of 3.5%. This COLA is calculated on the first \$25,855, effective 01/01/16, and indexed as of that date as well. (The indexing formula is run annually regardless of funding level each year.)
- Minor adjustments were made to the actuarial reduction for employees choosing to retire early.

Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan – the employee and employer contribution rates were applied to the first \$11,500 of member salary for fiscal 2018. In fiscal 2017 and prior the rate was applied to salary up to \$9,600. Covered employee payroll is the full amount of employee payroll for plan members and not just the capped salary amount to which the contribution rate is applied.

Required Supplementary Information

Town Pension Plan

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Years*

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Total pension liability	·								
Service cost	\$ 1,129,755	\$ 1,044,616	\$ 918,699	\$ 868,930	\$ 809,348	\$ 792,134	\$ 763,850	\$ 599,159	\$ 605,377
Interest	3,204,440	3,171,954	2,974,238	2,284,042	2,450,033	2,482,561	2,498,226	1,956,043	2,111,291
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	(3,977)	-	(26,249)	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(1,015,717)	381,598	315,962	12,667	(92,415)	167,575	(505,472)	(258,433)	77,724
Changes of assumptions	61,481	(224,796)	1,359,201	1,397,980	(58,519)	(118,482)	(18,060)	5,028,770	312,459
Benefit payments, including refunds of participant contributions	(2,256,025)	(1,953,013)	(1,860,452)	(1,744,221)	(1,654,290)	(1,592,331)	(1,592,333)	(1,606,958)	(1,446,432)
Net change in total pension liability	1,123,933	2,420,358	3,707,648	2,819,398	1,450,180	1,731,457	1,119,962	5,718,581	1,660,419
	17 500 000	45 177 000	41 470 222	20 650 024	27.000 (54	25 460 107	24 240 225	20 (20 (51	26.070.225
Total pension liability - beginning	47,598,238	45,177,880	41,470,232	38,650,834	37,200,654	35,469,197	34,349,235	28,630,654	26,970,235
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 48,722,171	\$ 47,598,238	\$ 45,177,880	\$41,470,232	\$38,650,834	\$37,200,654	\$ 35,469,197	\$34,349,235	\$28,630,654
Pension fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$ 2,311,882	\$ 2,342,649	\$ 1,431,728	\$ 1,778,969	\$ 1,700,406	\$ 1,522,833	\$ 1,289,255	\$ 1,151,809	\$ 1,146,450
Contributions - employee	362,165	373,670	359,548	333,249	312,334	312,264	290,824	273,935	277,602
Net investment income	(3,052,756)	6,500,172	1,193,683	1,916,596	1,956,480	2,248,866	642,654	302,238	2,760,209
Benefit payments, including refunds of participant contributions	(2,256,025)	(1,933,393)	(1,834,030)	(1,744,221)	(1,654,290)	(1,592,331)	(1,592,333)	(1,606,958)	(1,446,432)
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(2,634,734)	7,283,098	1,150,929	2,284,593	2,314,930	2,491,632	630,400	121,024	2,737,829
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	35,686,491	28,403,393	27,252,464	24,967,871	22,617,053	20,587,995	19,957,595	19,836,571	17,098,742
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 33,051,757	\$ 35,686,491	\$ 28,403,393	\$27,252,464	\$24,967,871	\$23,079,627	\$ 20,587,995	\$19,957,595	\$19,836,571
Town's net pension liability - ending	\$ 15,670,414	\$ 11,911,747	\$ 16,774,487	\$14,217,768	\$13,682,963	\$14,121,027	\$ 14,881,202	\$14,391,640	\$ 8,794,083

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 year – additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information

Town Pension Plan

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Years*

	Ju	me 30, 2022	Ju	me 30, 2021	Ju	me 30, 2020	Ju	me 30, 2019	Jı	me 30, 2018	Ju	me 30, 2017	Ju	me 30, 2016	Ju	me 30, 2015	Ju	me 30, 2014
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position Town's net pension liability (asset)	\$ \$	48,722,171 33,051,757 15,670,414	\$ \$	47,598,238 35,686,491 11,911,747	\$ \$	45,177,880 28,403,393 16,774,487	\$ \$	41,470,232 27,252,464 14,217,768	\$ \$	38,650,834 24,967,871 13,682,963	\$ \$	37,200,654 23,079,627 14,121,027	\$ \$	35,469,197 20,587,995 14,881,202	\$ \$	34,349,235 19,957,595 14,391,640	\$ \$	28,630,654 19,836,571 8,794,083
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		67.84%		74.97%		62.87%		65.72%		64.60%		62.04%		58.04%		58.10%		69.28%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	6,164,184	\$	6,696,904	\$	6,267,639	\$	5,453,717	\$	5,450,472	\$	5,323,702	\$	5,142,178	\$	5,073,432	\$	5,139,367
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		254.22%		177.87%		267.64%		260.70%		251.04%		265.25%		289.39%		283.67%		171.11%

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 year – additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information

Town Pension Plan

Schedule of Contributions

Last 10 Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 2,261,259	\$ 1,907,506	\$ 1,808,739	\$1,729,370	\$1,700,406	\$1,522,833	\$1,374,183	\$1,227,757	\$1,222,045
actuarially determined contribution	2,261,259	2,279,326	1,435,705	1,729,370	1,700,406	1,522,833	1,393,880	1,227,757	1,222,045
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ (371,820)	\$ 373,034	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ (19,697)	\$-	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,705,553	\$ 6,254,322	\$ 5,476,470	\$5,425,686	\$5,275,079	\$4,868,352	\$5,073,432	\$5,139,367	\$5,068,754
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	33.72%	36.44%	26.22%	31.87%	32.23%	31.28%	27.47%	23.89%	24.11%

See independent auditors' report and notes to required supplementary information

Required Supplementary Information

Town Pension Plan

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last 10 Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	93.69%	93.57%	93.77%	93.67%	93.81%	94.67%	94.59%	93.81%	93.81%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$15,670,414	\$11,911,747	\$16,774,487	\$14,217,768	\$13,682,963	\$14,121,027	\$14,881,202	\$14,391,640	\$8,794,083
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,164,184	\$ 6,696,904	\$ 6,267,639	\$ 5,453,717	\$ 5,450,472	\$ 5,323,702	\$ 5,142,178	\$ 5,073,432	\$5,139,367
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	254.22%	177.87%	267.64%	260.70%	251.04%	265.25%	289.39%	283.67%	171.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.84%	74.97%	62.87%	65.72%	64.60%	62.04%	58.04%	58.10%	69.28%

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 year – additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See independent auditors' report and notes to required supplementary information

Required Supplementary Information

Town Pension Plan

Schedule of Investment Returns and Notes

Last	10	Years*

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return,									
net of investment expense	-5.05%	24.04%	4.36%	7.58%	8.56%	10.92%	3.30%	4.65%	16.60%

Notes to the Schedule:

Valuation Date: January 1, 2022

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, 2022.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Discount rate Expected Long Term Rate of Return Municipal bond Inflation Pre and post retirement mortality Withdrawal	 6.75% 6.75% N/A 2.10% Police and Fire - Pub 2010 Safety Mogenerational improvements from 2010 improvement scale MP-20 Other and Beneficiaries - Pub 2010 G with fully generational improvements mortality improvement scale MP-20 T-2. Illustrative annual rates of withday) based on mortal eneral Mortality from 2010 based	ity Table I on
	Age	Male	Female
	<25	5% - 10%	7.5% - 15%
	30	3.5% - 7%	5% - 10%
	35	2.5% - 5%	3.5% - 7%
	40	1.5% - 3%	2.5% - 5%
	45	1% - 2%	1.5% - 3%
	50	.50% - 1%	1% - 2%
	55	00% - 00%	.50% - 1%
	60	00% - 00%	00% - 00%
Cost of living increases	3.00% increase is assumed for Police Officers hired after July 1, 2015 will capped 18 years after the date of retire on terms of the collective bargaining a	receive a 3.00% c ement. This assum	compounded COLA
Changes since prior report	The mortality improvement scale was 2021. The underlying mortality tables (Police and Fire), Pub-Teachers 2010 General 2010 Mortality table (other domorality improvements from 2010) rein an increase in the Total Pension Lia	(PUB-Safety 202 Mortality Table (ivisions) with ful emain the same. T	10 Mortality Table (School), and Pub ly generational his change results

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 year – additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See independent auditors' report and notes to required supplementary information

Supplementary Information

Supplementary Information

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combined Balance Sheet

June 30, 2022

	Town Special Revenue	School Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 192,905	\$1,304,669	\$ -	\$ 1,497,574
Prepaid	-	2,116	-	2,116
Due from state and federal government	-	1,662,949	-	1,662,949
Due from other funds	3,973,960	398,361	4,978,579	9,350,900
Total assets	4,166,865	3,368,095	4,978,579	12,513,539
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred outflows				
	-	- 2 2 6 0 0 5	4.070.570	10 512 520
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	4,166,865	3,368,095	4,978,579	12,513,539
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	34,042	165,733	35,820	235,595
Due to other funds	391,278	1,788,115	292,998	2,472,391
	425,320	1,953,848	328,818	2,707,986
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unearned revenue	3,085,389	-	-	3,085,389
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,085,389	-		3,085,389
Fund balance				
Restricted	768,806	1,462,236	4,966,548	7,197,590
Committed	296,778	_, _,		296,778
Unassigned	(409,428)	(47,989)	(316,787)	(774,204)
Total fund balance	656,156	1,414,247	4,649,761	6,720,164
Town liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and				
fund balances	\$4,166,865	\$3,368,095	\$ 4,978,579	\$ 12,513,539

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

	Town Special Revenue	School Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues	¢ 10 7 0 00	. .	ф.	¢ 5 400 451
Federal and state grant income	\$ 497,308	\$4,996,163	\$ -	\$ 5,493,471
Other revenue	572,038	441,692	-	1,013,730
Investment income	3			3
Total revenue	1,069,349	5,437,855		6,507,204
Expenditures				
General government	230,738	-	954,321	1,185,060
Public safety	205,741	-	-	205,741
Public services	96,885	-	-	96,885
Education	-	4,971,102	316,789	5,287,891
Health and human services	8,723	-	-	8,723
Parks and recreation	53,328	-	-	53,328
Total Expenditures	595,415	4,971,102	1,271,110	6,837,628
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	473,934	466,753	(1,271,110)	(330,424)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfer from (to) other funds	-		2,538,425	2,538,425
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	2,538,425	2,538,425
Excess of revenue and other sources over				
expenditures and other uses	473,934	466,753	1,267,315	2,208,001
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	182,222	947,494	3,382,445	4,512,161
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 656,156	\$1,414,247	\$ 4,649,761	\$ 6,720,164

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Town Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2022

	ARPA	Partnership For Success		DCF Grant		SHSP Grant		CDBG	Disaster Mitigation	<u> </u>	Animal Care
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Due from other funds	3,084,167	 44,855		-		10,000		28,931	-		95,180
Total assets	3,084,167	 44,855		-		10,000		28,931	_		95,180
Deferred Outflows of Resources None		 -		-		-					-
Total outflows of resources and assets	3,084,167	 44,855		-		10,000		28,931			95,180
Liabilities											
Due to other funds	-	-	5	56,251		-		-	-		-
Other	-	\$ -		27,599		-		-	-		40
Unearned revenue	-	 -		-		-		-			-
Total liabilities	-	 -	8	3,850		-		-	-		40
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Unearned revenue	3,084,167	 -		-		-		-	-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,084,167	 -		-		-		-			-
Fund Balances											
Restricted	-	44,855		-		10,000		28,931	-		95,140
Committed	-	-		-		-		-	-		-
Unassigned		 -		83,850)		-		-	-		-
Total fund balances (deficits)	-	44,855	(8	33,850)		10,000		28,931	-		95,140
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 3,084,167	\$ 44,855	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	28,931	\$ -	\$	95,180

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Town Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2022

	S	ubstance Abuse	Holiday Basket		Lincoln Days		norial Day Parade	lice Vest Grant	Police Forfeiture	
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 55,160	\$	4,797	\$	26,537	\$ -	\$ 73,250	
Due from other funds		137,111	 		-		-	 1,819	 2,544	
Total assets		137,111	 55,160		4,797		26,537	 1,819	 75,794	
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
None		-	 -		-		-	 -	 -	
Total outflows of resources and assets		137,111	 55,160		4,797		26,537	 1,819	 75,794	
Liabilities										
Due to other funds		-	36		-		-	-	-	
Other		-	-		-		-	4,724	-	
Unearned revenue		-	 -		-		-	 -	 -	
Total liabilities		-	 36		-		-	 4,724	 -	
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unearned revenue		-	 -		-		-	 1,222	 -	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	 -		-		-	 1,222	 -	
Fund Balances										
Restricted		137,111	55,124		4,797		26,537	-	75,794	
Committed		-	-		-		-	-	-	
Unassigned		-	 -		-		-	 (4,127)	 -	
Total fund balances (deficits)		137,111	55,124		4,797		26,537	(4,127)	75,794	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$	137,111	\$ 55,160	\$	4,797	\$	26,537	\$ 1,819	\$ 75,794	

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Town Special Revenue Funds

1	11100	20	2022
J	une	50,	2022

		or Center onations	H1	N1 Clinic Grant	l Drug feiture	Rescue Grants and Donations]	MEDS	BYRNE JAG 2009		Hearthside Building	
Assets													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 17	\$	-	\$	-	\$	388	\$	6,610
Due from other funds	. <u> </u>	86,692		-	 -		1,459		64,094		525		-
Total assets		86,692		-	 17		1,459		64,094		913		6,610
Deferred Outflows of Resources													
None				-	 		-		-		-		
Total outflows of resources and assets		86,692		-	 17		1,459		64,094		913		6,610
Liabilities													
Due to other funds		-		311,431	-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-	-		-		685		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-	 -		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		311,431	 -		-		685				
Deferred Inflows of Resources													
Unearned revenue		-		-	 -		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-			 -		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances													
Restricted	\$	86,692		-	17		1,459		-		913		6,610
Committed		-		-	-		-		63,409		-		-
Unassigned		-		(311,431)	 -		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances (deficits)		86,692		(311,431)	17		1,459		63,409		913		6,610
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$	86,692	\$	-	\$ 17	\$	1,459	\$	64,094	\$	913	\$	6,610

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Town Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2022

	Affordable Housing Trust	Senior Center	-	peration Riptide	Town Clerk Technician	Historical Records	 or Center ograms	Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 28,122	\$	(1,976)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 192,905
Due from other funds	183,214	 -		-	165,850	 62,170	 5,349	 3,973,960
Total assets	183,214	 28,122		(1,976)	165,850	 62,170	 5,349	 4,166,865
Deferred Outflows of Resources None		 <u> </u>		-		 -	 -	 -
Total outflows of resources and assets	183,214	 28,122		(1,976)	165,850	 62,170	 5,349	 4,166,865
Liabilities								
Due to other funds	-	16,175		7,385	-	-	-	391,278
Other	-	335		659	-	-	-	34,042
Unearned revenue	-	 -		-	-	 -	 -	 -
Total liabilities		 16,510		8,044		 -	 -	 425,320
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unearned revenue		 -		-		 -	 -	 3,085,389
Total deferred inflows of resources		 -		-		 -	 -	 3,085,389
Fund Balances								
Restricted	183,214	11,612		-	-	-	-	768,806
Committed	-	-		-	165,850	62,170	5,349	296,778
Unassigned		 -		(10,020)		 -	 -	 (409,428)
Total fund balances (deficits)	183,214	11,612		(10,020)	165,850	62,170	5,349	656,156
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 183,214	\$ 28,122	\$	(1,976)	\$ 165,850	\$ 62,170	\$ 5,349	\$ 4,166,865

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – Town Special Revenue Funds

	ARI	PA	tnershi p Success	DC	CF Grant	SHSP Grant	CDBG	Disaster Mitigation		nimal Care
Revenues										
Grant Revenue	\$ 20	01,866	\$ -	\$	159,177	\$ -	\$ -	21,773	3	\$ -
Investment income		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Other revenue		-	 66,455		-	 -	 -			14,901
Total revenues	20)1,866	 66,455		159,177	 -	 -	21,773	3	14,901
Expenditures										
General government	20)1,866	-		-	-	-		-	-
Public safety		-	-		134,031	-	-	6,175	5	5,598
Public service		-	21,600		-	-	-		-	-
Health and human Services		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Parks and recreation		-	 -		-	 -	 -			-
Total expenditures	20	01,866	 21,600		134,031	 	 	6,175	5	5,598
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		-	44,855		25,146	-	-	15,598	3	9,303
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers (to) other funds		-	 -			 -	 -			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		-	44,855		25,146	-	-	15,598	3	9,303
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021		-	-	_	(108,996)	 10,000	 28,931	(15,598	3)	85,837
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	-	\$ 44,855	\$	(83,850)	\$ 10,000	\$ 28,931	\$	-	\$ 95,140

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – Town Special Revenue Funds

	s	ubstance Abuse	loliday Basket	 Lincoln Days	norial Day Parade	ice Vest Frant	Police orfeiture
Revenues							
Grant Revenue	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 438	\$ 50,223
Investment income		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue		137,111	 17,095	 7	 31,343	 -	 -
Total revenues		137,111	 17,095	 7	 31,343	 438	 50,223
Expenditures							
General government		-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-	-	-	-
Public service		-	18,837	870	-	5,987	14,966
Health and human Services		-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation		-	 -	 -	 29,192	 -	-
Total expenditures		-	 18,837	 870	 29,192	 5,987	 14,966
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under)							
expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		137,111	(1,742)	(863)	2,151	(5,549)	35,257
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers from (to) other funds		-	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures							
and other uses		137,111	(1,742)	(863)	2,151	(5,549)	35,257
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021		-	 56,866	 5,660	 24,386	 1,422	 40,537
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	137,111	\$ 55,124	\$ 4,797	\$ 26,537	\$ (4,127)	\$ 75,794

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – Town Special Revenue Funds

			For t	the Year En	ded Jun	ne 30, 202	22				
		or Center onations	H1	N1 Clinic Grant		Drug feiture		cue Grants Donations	MEDS	BYRNE JAG 2009	learthside Building
Revenues											
Grant Revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2)	\$	-	\$ 55,000	\$ -	\$ -
Investment income		-		-		-		-	-	-	3
Other revenue		10,000		-		-		-	 -	12,968	 -
Total revenues		10,000		-		(2)		-	 55,000	12,968	 3
Expenditures											
General government		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Public safety		-		-		-		-	30,829	11,705	-
Public service		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Health and human Services		-		8,723		-		-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-	 -	-	 -
Total expenditures		-		8,723		-		-	 30,829	11,705	 -
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under)											
expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		10,000		(8,723)		(2)		-	24,171	1,263	3
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers from (to) other funds		-		-		-		-	 -	-	 -
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures											
and other uses		10,000		(8,723)		(2)		-	24,171	1,263	3
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021	. <u> </u>	76,692		(302,708)		19		1,459	 39,238	(350)	 6,607
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	86,692	\$	(311,431)	\$	17	\$	1,459	\$ 63,409	\$ 913	\$ 6,610

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – Town Special Revenue Funds

Affordable **Town Clerk** Senior Center Senior Operation Historical Riptide Technician Housing Trust Center Records Programs Total Revenues Grant Revenue \$ \$ \$ 8,833 \$ \$ \$ \$ 497,308 3 Investment income Other revenue 183,214 41,620 26,591 4,521 26,212 572,038 -Total revenues 183,214 41,620 8,833 26,591 4,521 26,212 1,069,349 Expenditures General government 28,872 230,738 -Public safety 17,403 205,741 _ Public service 34,625 96,885 _ Health and human Services 8,723 Parks and recreation 24,136 53,328 -----Total expenditures 34,625 17,403 28,872 24,136 595,415 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses) 183,214 6,995 4,521 473,934 (8,570)(2,281)2,076 Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from (to) other funds Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses 183,214 6.995 (8,570)2,076 473,934 (2,281)4,521 Fund Balance, July 1, 2021 4,617 (1,450)168,131 57,649 3,273 182,222 62,170 Fund Balance, June 30, 2022 183,214 \$ 11,612 (10,020)\$ 165,850 \$ \$ 5,349 \$ 656,156 \$ \$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2022

	SPED IDEA Part B	SPI IDEA I Supp	Part B	Π	PED DEA school	Disa	le I Part A advantaged Youth]	fitle II Part A her Quality	La	itle III nguage uisition
Assets											
Cash	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Prepaid	-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds	99,003		38		11,048		87,267		-		-
Due from state or federal government	363,056		-		9,827		162,556		75,600		9,925
Total assets	462,059		38	. <u> </u>	20,875		249,823		75,600		9,925
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows	-		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	462,059		38		20,875		249,823		75,600		9,925
Liabilities											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-		-		-		-		1,651		537
Due to other funds	462,059		-		20,875		249,799		73,949		9,388
Total liabilities	462,059		-		20,875		249,799		75,600		9,925
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows	-		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflow of resources	-		-		-		-		-	·	-
Fund balances											
Restricted	-		38		-		24		-		-
Unassigned	-		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balance (deficits)			38		-		24		-		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 462,059	\$	38	\$	20,875	\$	249,823	\$	75,600	\$	9,925

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2022

	Title V		USDA FFVP	RIDHS Bright Stars	ESSER Grant	Legislative Grant
Assets						
Cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Prepaid	-	2,116	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	1,803	6,246	-	2,751	42,374	2,397
Due from state or federal government	-	41,658	5,020	-	-	
Total assets	1,803	50,020	5,020	2,751	42,374	2,397
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows		-				
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	-		-		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	1 002	50.000	5.020	0.751	40.074	2 207
lesources	1,803	50,020	5,020	2,751	42,374	2,397
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	42,374	-
Due to other funds	-	50,020	5,020	-		-
Total liabilities	-	50,020	5,020		42,374	
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows Total deferred inflow of resources						<u> </u>
Iotal deferred inflow of resources						
Fund balances						
Restricted	1,803	-	-	2,751	-	2,397
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balance (deficits)	1,803	-	-	2,751		2,397
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 1,803	\$ 50,020	\$ 5,020	\$ 2,751	\$ 42,374	\$ 2,397

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2022

	RI State Council	RIC	CAPP	Big Y Schoo	ellow	l Skills nmission	Categ	CTE gorical 2013	Categ	CTE orical Even	CTE Sequence
Assets											
Cash	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Prepaid	-		-		-	-		-		-	-
Due from other funds	1,270		1,083		210	10,426		33,871		-	301
Due from state or federal government	-		-		-	 -		-		5,570	 -
Total assets	1,270		1,083		210	 10,426		33,871		5,570	 301
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows	-		-		-	-		-		-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	-		-		-	 -		-		-	 -
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	1,270		1,083		210	 10,426		33,871		5,570	 301
Liabilities											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	_		_		_	_		22,882		_	_
Due to other funds	-		-		-	-		9,540		5,431	-
Total liabilities	-		-		-	 -		32,422		5,431	 -
Deferred inflows of resources											
Deferred inflows of resources	-		_		-	-		_		_	_
Total deferred inflow of resources	-	·	-		-	 -		-		-	 -
Fund balances											
Restricted	1,270		1,083		210	10,426		1,449		139	301
Unassigned	,		-			-, -		, .,			_
Total fund balance (deficits)	1,270	·	1.083		210	 10,426		1.449		139	 301
		·	-,000			 10,.20				107	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 1,270	\$	1,083	\$	210	\$ 10,426	\$	33,871	\$	5,570	\$ 301

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2022

	Title III Immigration Assistance	Perkins Secondary	ESSER II Priority II	ESSER II Priority V	ESSER II Digital Divide	ARP - ELC Grant	Emergency Connectivity Fund	STEM Mini Grant
Assets								
Cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Prepaid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from state or federal government	5,750	6,500		188,487	29,890	275	624,024	
Total assets	5,750	6,500	-	188,487	29,890	275	624,024	
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows								
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		-				
Total assets and deferred outflows of								
resources	5,750	6,500	-	188,487	29,890	275	624,024	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	606	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	5,144	6,500	-	233,353	29,890	-	624,024	-
Total liabilities	5,750	6,500	-	233,353	29,890	-	624,024	
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows Total deferred inflow of resources					<u> </u>			
Fund balances								
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	275	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	(44,866)	-	-	-	-
Total fund balance (deficits)	-		-	(44,866)	-	275	-	-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 5,750	\$ 6,500	\$ -	\$ 188,487	\$ 29,890	\$ 275	\$ 624,024	\$-

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

			June 30, 20	022			
	CTE Categorical	2014	ELL Categorical	School Lunch	LHS Scholarship	NFL Play 60 Grant	IS Student ctivities
Assets	.		.	• • • • • • • •	* * 0.0 * 0	.	1.5.4.0.0.4
Cash	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 691,304	\$ 59,858	\$ -	\$ 156,094
Prepaid Due from other funds	17	- ,488	- 538	- 62,942	-	-	-
Due from state or federal government	17	,400	556	134,811	-	-	-
-	17	400	-		-		 -
Total assets	1/	,488	538	889,057	59,858		 156,094
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred outflows of resources		-	-	-			 -
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	17	,488	538	889,057	59,858		 156,094
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		_	_	97,413	_	-	_
Due to other funds		_	-	-	-	3,123	_
Total liabilities		-		97,413		3,123	 -
Deferred inflows of resources							
Deferred inflows		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflow of resources		-			-	-	 -
Fund balances							
Restricted	17	,488	538	791,644	59,858	_	156,094
Unassigned	17	-	-			(3,123)	
Total fund balance (deficits)	17	,488	538	791,644	59,858	(3,123)	 156,094
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 17	,488	\$ 538	\$ 889,057	\$ 59,858	\$ -	\$ 156,094

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2022

Assets	L	HS Class Funds	S Student	Feinst	ein Central	Targe	t Grant	velopment ter, Inc.	<u> </u>	BM
Cash	\$	352,161	\$ 45,252	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Prepaid Due from other funds		-	-		- 11,514		231	- 1,099		- 122
Due from state or federal government		-	-		11,514		231	1,099		122
Total assets		-	 45.050		- 11 5 1 4		231	 1 000		122
lotal assets		352,161	 45,252		11,514		231	 1,099		122
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows		-	-		-		-	-		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		-	 -		-		-	 -		-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		352,161	 45,252		11,514		231	 1,099		122
Liabilities										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-	-		270		-	-		-
Due to other funds		-	-				-	-		-
Total liabilities		-	 -		270		-	 -		-
Deferred inflows of resources										
Deferred inflows		-	-		-		-	-		-
Total deferred inflow of resources		-	 -		-		-	 -		
Fund balances										
Restricted		352,161	45,252		11,244		231	1,099		122
Unassigned		-	-		-		-	-		-
Total fund balance (deficits)		352,161	 45,252		11,244		231	1,099		122
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$	352,161	\$ 45,252	\$	11,514	\$	231	\$ 1,099	\$	122

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – School Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2022

	Reading Ex	cellence		Food Dairy		RI p Stop	PTO D	onations	Amer Chemical			ations uction		Total
Assets	A		۴		٠		¢		A		۴		•	1 20 1 6 60
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,304,669
Prepaid Due from other funds		1,465		- 149		850		872		153		850		2,116 398,361
Due from state or federal government		1,405		147		850				-		850		1,662,949
Total assets		1,465		149		850		872		153		850		3,368,095
Total assets		1,403		149		830		072		155		830		5,508,095
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred outflows		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		1.465		149		850		872		153		850		3,368,095
				,										
Liabilities														
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		-		165,733
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,788,115
Total liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,953,848
Deferred inflows of resources														
Deferred inflows		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflow of resources		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fund balances														
Restricted		1,465		149		850		872		153		850		1,462,236
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		(47,989)
Total fund balance (deficits)		1,465		149		850		872		153		850		1,414,247
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of														
resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$	1,465	\$	149	\$	850	\$	872	\$	153	\$	850	\$	3,368,095

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	1011	ne reur	Enueu Ju	<i>ie</i> 50,	, 2022						
	SPED IDEA Part B	IDEA	PED Part B oport		SPED IDEA reschool	Disa	e I Part A advantaged Youth		Title II Part A her Quality	La	itle III inguage juisition
Revenues											
Federal and state grant income	\$ 856,640	\$	-	\$	25,796	\$	451,686	\$	206,064	\$	22,882
Other income	-		-		-		-		-		-
Total revenues	 856,640		-		25,796		451,686		206,064		22,882
Expenditures											
Education	 856,640	_	-		25,796	_	451,686	_	206,064		22,882
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	-		-		-		-		-		-
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers from (to) other funds	 -		-		-		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	-		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021	 -		38		-		24		-		_
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ -	\$	38	\$	-	\$	24	\$	-	\$	_

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	Titl	e V	erkins ional Even	USDA FFVP	IDHS ht Stars	ESSER Grant	islative Frant
Revenues							
Federal and state grant income	\$	-	\$ 83,251	\$ 27,983	\$ -	\$ 458,224	\$ -
Other income		-	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -
Total revenues		-	 83,251	 27,983	 -	 458,224	 -
Expenditures							
Education		-	 83,251	 27,983	 0	 458,224	 -
Excess (deficiency) of revenue							
over expenditures		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers from (to) other funds		-	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other use		-	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021		1,803	 -	 -	 2,751	 -	 2,397
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	1,803	\$ _	\$ 	\$ 2,751	\$ _	\$ 2,397

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	l State ouncil	RI	Big Yellow RI Skills ICAPP School Bus Commission C		Ca	CTE tegorical 2013	CTE Categorical Even		CT Course S			
Revenues												
Federal and state grant income Other income	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	20,502	\$	13,369	\$	-
Total revenues	 -		-		-	 -	. <u></u>	20,502		13,369		-
Expenditures												
Education	 -		-		274	 -		33,293		13,230		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	-		-		(274)	-		(12,791)		139		-
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from (to) other funds	 -		_			 		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and sources over expenditures and other	-		-		(274)	-		(12,791)		139		-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021	 1,270		1,083		484	 10,426		14,240		-		301
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 1,270	\$	1,083	\$	210	\$ 10,426	\$	1,449	\$	139	\$	301

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	Title III Immigration Assistance	Perkins Secondary	ESSER II Priority II	ESSER II Priority V	ESSER II Digital Divide	ARP - ELC Grant	Emergency Connectivity Fund	STEM Mini Grant
Revenues Federal and state grant income Other income	\$ 5,750	\$ 6,500 -	\$ 31,245	\$ 188,487	\$ 29,890	\$ 78,665	\$ 820,746	\$ 2,500
Total revenues	5,750	6,500	31,245	188,487	29,890	78,665	820,746	2,500
Expenditures Education	5,750	6,500	31,245	233,353	29,890	78,390	820,746	2,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	-	-	-	(44,866)	-	275	-	-
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from (to) other funds					<u> </u>			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and sources over expenditures and other	-	-	-	(44,866)	-	275	-	-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021				-				
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (44,866)	\$ -	\$ 275	\$ -	\$ -

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	CTE Categorical 2014		LL gorical		chool unch	Sch	LHS Scholarship		NFL Play 60 Grant		S Student ctivities
Revenues											
Federal and state grant income	\$	-	\$ -	\$1,	654,231	\$	11,752	\$	-	\$	-
Other income			 538		-		-		-		35,025
Total revenues		-	 538	1,	654,231		11,752		-		35,025
Expenditures											
Education		_	 -	1,	216,179		33,939		794		102,901
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		-	538		438,052		(22,187)		(794)		(67,876)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from (to) other funds			 		_		-		-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and sources over expenditures and other		-	538		438,052		(22,187)		(794)		(67,876)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021		17,488	 		353,592		82,045		(2,329)		223,970
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	17,488	\$ 538	\$	791,644	\$	59,858	\$	(3,123)	\$	156,094

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	L	HS Class Funds	S Student ctivities	Feins	stein Central	Targe	Target Grant		evelopment nter, Inc.	IBM	
Revenues											
Federal and state grant income	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other income		362,705	31,924		11,500		-		-		-
Total revenues		362,705	 31,924		11,500		-		-		-
Expenditures											
Education		175,938	 47,381		6,273				-		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		186,767	(15,457)		5,227		-		-		-
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from (to) other funds		-	 -		<u> </u>		-		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and sources over expenditures and other		186,767	(15,457)		5,227		-		-		-
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021		165,394	 60,709		6,017		231		1,099		122
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	352,161	\$ 45,252	\$	11,244	\$	231	\$	1,099	\$	122

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in fund Balance – School Special Revenue Funds

	Reading Excellence		Food Dairy	RI p Stop	PTO Donations		erican Il Society	Donations Instruction		Total
Revenues										
Federal and state grant income	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,996,163
Other income		-	 -	 -		-	 -	 -		441,692
Total revenues		-	 	 -		-	 	 -		5,437,855
Expenditures Education		-	-	-		-	-	-		4,971,102
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		-	 -	 -		-	 	-		466,753
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from (to) other funds			 -	 -		-	 	 -		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and sources over expenditures and other		-	-	-		-	-	-		466,753
Fund Balance, July 1, 2021		1,465	 149	 850		872	 153	 850		947,494
Fund Balance, June 30, 2022	\$	1,465	\$ 149	\$ 850	\$	872	\$ 153	\$ 850	\$	1,414,247

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet – Capital Project Funds

June 30, 2022

	Open Space Reserve	Capital Projects Reserve			Total
Assets					
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due from other funds	517,387	604,366	3,856,826		4,978,579
Total assets	517,387	604,366	3,856,826		4,978,579
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows					
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	517,387	604,366	3,856,826		4,978,579
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	493	11,538	-	23,789	35,820
Due to other funds	-			292,998	292,998
Total liabilities	493	11,538	-	316,787	328,818
Deferred inflows of resources None					
Fund Balances					
Restricted	516,894	592,828	3,856,826	-	4,966,548
Unassigned	-		-	(316,787)	(316,787)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources, and fund balances	\$ 517,387	\$ 604,366	\$ 3,856,826	\$ -	\$ 4,978,579

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Capital Project Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Open Space Reserve	Capital Projects Reserve	Town Capital Projects	School Capital Projects	Total
Revenues					
Investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other					
Total revenues					
Expenditures Education				316,787	216 799
Public safety	-	-	-		316,788
General government	566,202	325,302	62,817	-	954,321
Public services					
Total expenditures	566,202	325,302	62,817	316,787	1,271,110
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenditures	(566,202)	(325,302)	(62,817)	(316,787)	(1,271,110)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfer from (to) other funds	649,925	649,925	1,238,575		2,538,425
Total other financing sources (uses)	649,925	649,925	1,238,575		2,538,425
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures					
and other uses	83,723	324,623	1,175,758	(316,787)	1,267,316
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	433,171	268,205	2,681,068		3,382,445
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 516,894	\$ 592,828	\$ 3,856,826	\$ (316,787)	\$ 4,649,760

Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Net Position – Private Purpose Trust Funds

June 30, 2022

Assets	nice L. <u>kins Fund</u>	Rufus ins Fund	M Hi Ceme	Totals		
Cash Investments	\$ 1,507	\$ 5,992	\$	26,597	\$ 34,096	
Total assets	 1,507	 5,992		26,597	34,096	
Liabilities						
Accounts payable Due to other funds	 -	-		-		
Total liabilities	 _	 		-		
Net position Restricted for private purpose	 1,507	 5,992		26,597	34,096	
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 1,507	\$ 5,992	\$	26,597	\$ 34,096	

Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position – Private Purpose Trust Funds

		ice L.	ŀ	His	Devitt torical			
Additions	Hopku	ns Fund	Jenk	ins Fund	Cemet	tery Fund		otal
Investment income Other	\$	-	\$	3	\$	10	\$	13
Total additions		-		3		10		13
Deductions								
Per trust agreements								
Changes in fund equity held in trust for individuals, organizations, and other governments		-		3		10		13
Net position, July 1, 2021		1,507		5,989		26,587	3	4,083
Net position, June 30, 2022	\$	1,507	\$	5,992	\$	26,597	\$ 3	4,096

Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Net Position – Custodial Funds

June 30, 2022

	Road Surety
Assets	
Due from other funds	\$514,637
Total assets	514,637
Deferred outflows of resources None	
Total outflows of resources and assets	514,637
Liabilities Deposits Held	161,730
Total Liabilities	161,730
Deferred inflows of resources None	
Net Position Restricted for Road Surety	352,907
Total Net Position	
Total net position, inflows of resources and liabilities	\$514,637

Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position – Custodial Funds

	Road Surety
Additions	
Funds received on behalf of others	\$128,533
Total additions	128,533
Deductions Funds distributed on behalf of others	66 175
Funds distributed on behan of others	66,175
Total deductions	66,175
Increase (decrease) in deposits held	62,358
Net Position, July 1, 2021	290,549
Net Position, June 30, 2022	\$352,907

Supplementary Information Tax Collectors Annual Report

For the Year ended June 30, 2022

<u>Tax Roll Year</u>	Balance July 1, 2021		Assessment				oatements & Adjustments	collected		Current Year Collections		Bala	nce June 30, 2022
2021	\$	-	\$	58,128,184	\$	15,000	\$ (63,056)	\$	58,080,128	\$	56,205,082	\$	1,875,046
2020		2,238,719		-		8,413	183,768		2,430,900		1,865,590		565,310
2019		777,502		-		5,663	(3,204)		779,961		339,368		440,593
2018		271,519		-		-	18,929		290,448		55,598		234,850
2017		158,430		-		-	5,316		163,746		12,534		151,212
2016		129,724		-		-	18,252		147,976		13,369		134,607
2015		120,200		-		-	16,409		136,609		3,927		132,683
2014		101,901		-		-	18,133		120,034		1,709		118,325
2013		98,457		-		-	18,167		116,624		1,097		115,527
2012		110,235		-		-	20,110		130,345		1,538		128,807
2011 and prior		332,014		-		-	 45,032		377,046		4,127		372,919
	\$	4,338,701	\$	58,128,184	\$	29,076	\$ 277,857	\$	62,773,818	\$	58,503,939	\$	4,269,879
Less:Allowance for													

uncollectible accounts

(571,764) \$ 3,766,937 (571,764) \$ 3,698,115

Supplementary Information Tax Collectors Annual Report

For the Year ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of property valuation assessed as of December 31, 2021:

	 Valuation	 Levy
Real property	\$ 3,026,923,765	\$ 64,711,591
Motor vehicles	197,398,073	5,921,373
Tangible personal property	187,194,015	5,992,081
Total	\$ 3,411,515,853	\$ 76,625,046
Less: Exemptions and motor vehicle phase out		
Real property	(799,474,504)	(16,224,158)
Motor vehicles	 (75,756,817)	 (2,272,705)
Total	\$ 2,536,284,531	\$ 58,128,184

Reconciliation of Current Year Property Tax Revenue

Current Year Collections	\$ 58,503,939
60-day FY22 Accrual	
July-August 2022 Collections	742,707
60-day FY21 Accrual	
July-August 2021 Collections	 (1,093,193)
Current Year Property Tax Revenue	\$ 58,153,453

FY2022 T	ax Co	llections Summ	ary			
Collections Subject to 6 day FY21 Accrual		ot-June 2022 Collections		otal FY 2022 sh Collections	· ·	Y 22) Cash Collections ibject to 60-day FY 22 Accrual
\$	\$	56,205,082	\$	56,205,082	\$	655,079
982,520		883,070		1,865,590		55,109
82,979		256,389		339,368		21,275
20,843		34,755		55,598		6,874
479		12,055		12,534		3,735
623		12,746		13,369		431
2,818		1,109		3,927		164
1,733		(24)		1,709		40
100		997		1,097		-
352		1,186		1,538		-
746		3,381		4,127		-
\$ 1,093,193	\$	57,410,746	\$	58,503,939	\$	742,707

* Note current year collections excludes interest collected

Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report Schedules

required by the State of Rhode Island General Law § 45-12-22.2 and § 44-35-10

Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) - Revenue Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) – Expenditures Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 – Municipal Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 – Education Department Notes to Supplementary Information – Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

REVENUE	Municipal	Education Department
Current Year Levy Tax Collection	\$ 56,860,161	\$ -
Last Year's Levy Tax Collection	938,179	-
Prior Years Property Tax Collection	355,113	-
Interest & Penalty	455,409	-
PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection	77,195	
Other Local Property Taxes	-	
Licenses and Permits	26,320	
Fines and Forfeitures	4,336	-
Investment Income	13,888	-
Departmental	1,968,892	-
Rescue Run Revenue	995,521	
Police & Fire Detail	682,077	-
	251,443	-
Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues	251,445	206.002
Tuition	-	206,993
Impact Aid Medicaid	-	663,571
Federal Stabilization Funds		003,571
Federal Food Service Reimbursement	-	1,476,973
CDBG	-	1,470,975
COPS Grants	-	-
SAFER Grants		
Other Federal Aid Funds		1,686,552
COVID - ESSER		786,511
COVID - CRF		780,511
COVID - CDBG		
COVID - FEMA		
COVID - Other		820,746
COVID - ARPA		020,740
MV Excise Tax Reimbursement	206,198	
State PILOT Program		
Distressed Community Relief Fund		
Library Resource Aid	218,223	-
Library Construction Aid		-
Public Service Corporation Tax	258,808	-
Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax	945,672	-
LEA Aid		16,222,871
Group Home		
Housing Aid Capital Projects	1,488,004	
Housing Aid Bonded Debt	2,439,461	
State Food Service Revenue		54,371
Incentive Aid	-	,
Property Revaluation Reimbursement		
Other State Revenue	5,189,898	33,871
Motor Vehicle Phase Out	1,828,149	
Other Revenue	-	624,102
Local Appropriation for Education		42,578,175
Regional Appropriation for Education		-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education		-
Other Education Appropriation		
Rounding	-	
Total Revenue	\$ 75,202,947	\$ 65,154,736
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds	\$-	\$ -
Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds	-	-
Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds		-
Financing Sources: Other		-
Rounding		-
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ -	\$ -

Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

EXPENDITURES	General Government	Finance	Social Services	Centralized IT	Planning	Libraries	Public Works	Parks and Rec	Police Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ 452,801	\$ 572,891	\$ 249,885	s -	\$ 148,818	\$ 645,241	\$ 2,172,247	\$ 315,807	\$ 3,103,584
Compensation - Group B		-	-			-	-	-	140,685
Compensation - Group C		-	-			-	-		-
Compensation -Volunteer		-	-			-	-		
Overtime- Group A	340	217	2,509			3,396	168,182	7,218	116,322
Overtime - Group B									3,767
Overtime - Group C		-	-				-		
Police & Fire Detail		-	-				-		540,573
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	82,171	163,998	58,640		29,895	217,820	636,547	29,267	680,538
Active Medical Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,457
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Active Dental insurance- Group A	5,758	3,876	858		428	3,696	18,262	362	17,286
Active Dental Insurance- Group B									297
Active Dental Insurance- Group C									
Payroll Taxes	16,074	43,843	10,307		5,806	48,218	179,043	9,794	229,397
Life Insurance	655	1,002	462	116	231	1,079	4,468	231	9,176
State Defined Contribution - Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Defined Contribution - Group B		-							
State Defined Contribution - Group C									
Other Benefits- Group A									80,602
Other Benefits- Group B		-	-			-			
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1,691,270
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-			-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C		-	-			-			
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group A		146,516	3,189		4,084	28,732	15,657		
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B		-	-			-	-		
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C		-	-			-	-		
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	23,518	26,246	4,039		3,481	29,415	210,157	9,456	8,807
Purchased Services	220,700	44,190	34,688	100,129	8,594	30,230	58,903	21,600	-
Materials/Supplies	70,258	46,201	23,351	10,520	2,033	200,262	24,591	67,947	164,037
Software Licenses	6,000	-	-	135,332	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlays	-	-	-	-		-	169,152		63,267
Insurance	1,209,730	-	-			-	-		
Maintenance		351	16,186			9,048	355,652	77,807	11,243
Vehicle Operations	-	-	5,696	-	12	-	357,941	3,098	202,208
Utilities	-	-	36,439	2,726	-	27,360	81,300	31,934	15,003
Contingency		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Street Lighting		-	-			-	633,011		
Revaluation		262,142	-			-			
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts		-	-				301,908		
Trash Removal & Recycling		-	-			-	413,912		
Claims & Settlements	990	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Support	62,500	-				-	-		
Other Operation Expenditures	27,434	96,686	14,675	2,194	2,020	815	27,381	-	44,280
Tipping Fees		-	-	-	-	-	406,261		-
Local Appropriation for Education		-				-	-		
Regional Appropriation for Education		-				-	-		
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Education Appropriation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Principal		-	-	-	-	-	-		
Municipal Debt-Interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Principal		-	-	-	-	-	-		-
School Debt- Interest		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total		-	-	-	-	-	-		-
OPEB Contribution - Total		-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Rounding		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-									
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,178,931	\$ 1,408,158	\$ 460,924	\$ 251,016	\$ 205,401	\$ 1,245,311	\$ 6,234,577	\$ 574,523	\$ 7,125,797

Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

EXPENDITURES	Fire Department	Centralized Dispatch	Public Safety Other	Education Appropriation	Debt	OPEB	Total Municipal	Education Department
Compensation- Group A	s -	\$ 242,496	\$ 1,023,358	s -	s -	s -	\$ 8,927,126	\$ 26,761,978
Compensation - Group B	-	-	-				140,685	2,187,158
Compensation - Group C		-			-			5,480,892
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Overtime- Group A		42,672	445,908		-		786,764	
Overtime - Group B Overtime - Group C					-		3,767	201,118
Police & Fire Detail							540,573	201,118
Active Medical Insurance - Group A		90,894	344,915				2,334,687	4,115,284
Active Medical Insurance- Group B		50,054	511,515		-		3,457	328,217
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-		-	-		-	-	1,939,318
Active Dental insurance- Group A	-	2,079	7,225		-		59,82.9	206,406
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	-	-	-		-	-	297	14,185
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-		85,908
Payroll Taxes	-	23,819	56,974		-	-	623,275	861,039
Life Insurance	-	462	2,976		-	-	20,857	290,327
State Defined Contribution - Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	639,482
State Defined Contribution - Group B					-	1.1	1.1	56,595
State Defined Contribution - Group C				1.1		1.1	-	-
Other Benefits- Group A					-	1.1	80,602	391,732
Other Benefits- Group B Other Benefits- Group C					-			16,859 20,320
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A							1,691,270	20,320
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B							1,091,270	
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C								568,041
State Defined Benefit Pension-Group A			235,828				434,006	3,857,054
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B								315,071
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C								10,958
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	-	30,558	3,805	-	-	-	349,481	-
Purchased Services	-	-	59,778		-	-	578,812	10,872,304
Materials/Supplies			72,403				681,603	1,422,909
Software Licenses	-	-			-		141,332	187,012
Capital Outlays			92,069	-	-		324,488	1,788,901
Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,209,730	254,328
Maintenance			5,703		-		475,990	438,656
Vehicle Operations	-	-	78,486	-	-	-	647,441	48,735
Utilities		2,648	37,613	-	-		235,023	752,854
Contingency Street Lighting							633,011	
Revaluation							262,142	
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts							301,908	
Trash Removal & Recycling							413,912	
Claims & Settlements			-	-			990	
Community Support							62,500	
Other Operation Expenditures			2,395	-			217,879	508,444
Tipping Fees							406,261	
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	42,578,175	-	-	42,578,175	
Regional Appropriation for Education					-			
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-			-
Other Education Appropriation		-			-			
Municipal Debt- Principal				-	375,000		375,000	-
Municipal Debt- Interest School Debt- Principal					116,075 3,940,000		116,075 3,940,000	
School Debt- Interest					1,743,900		1,743,900	
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total					1,743,300		1,743,500	230,271
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total								
OPEB Contribution-Total	-				-	1,346,560	1,346,560	-
Rounding								-
Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$ 435,627	\$ 2,469,435	\$ 42,578,175	\$ 6,174,975	\$ 1,346,560	\$ 72,689,408	\$ 64,852,356
		Fin an cing Uses	: Transfer to Ca : Transfer to Otl				\$ 2,538,425	\$ -

Financing Uses: Transfer to Capital Funds	\$ 2,538,425	ş -
Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds		
Financing Uses: Payment to Bond Escrow Agent		
Financing Uses: Other		
Total Other Financing Uses	\$ 2,538,425	\$ -
Net Change in Fund Balance ¹	(24,886)	302, 380
Fund Balance1- beginning of year	\$10,938,589	\$1,451,838
Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS)		
Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS)		
Prior period adjustments		
Misc. Adjustment		(11,063)
Fund Balance ¹ - beginning of year adjusted	10,938,589	1,440,775
Rounding		
Fund Balance ¹ - end of year	\$ 10,913,703	\$ 1,743,155

¹ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Other Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description		To Total Fi Revenue S		g Total Financing in Fund Fund Balance ¹		nd Fund Balance ¹ Prior Period Fund				Ending Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)			
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2021 No funds removed from RGS for fiscal 2021 No funds added to RGS for Fiscal 2021 No misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2021 Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2022 adjusted								\$ \$	10,938,589 - - 10,938,589			10,938,589 - - - 10,938,589	
General Fund Police Detail	\$	74,520,870 682,077	s	- \$	29,479,768 \$ 631,465	45,116,600		\$	10,575,054 363,535	\$ - -		10,575,054 363,535	
Totals per audited financial statements	\$	75,202,947	\$	- \$	30,111,233 \$	45,116,600	\$ (24,886)	\$	10,938,589	\$ -	\$	10,938,589	\$ 10,913,703
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2													
Reclassify transfer of municipal appropriation to Education Department as expenditure on MTP2 Rounding	\$	-	s	- \$	42,578,175 \$ -	(42,578,175)	\$ - -	\$	-	s - -	\$	-	\$
Totals Per MTP2	s	75,202,947	s	- \$	72,689,408 \$	2,538,425	\$ (24,886)	\$	10,938,589	s -	\$	10,938,589	\$ 10,913,703

Other Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description		Total Revenue	Total Other Financing Sources		Total Expenditures	Total Other Financing Uses		Net Change in Fund Balance ¹		Beginning Fund Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Prior Period Adjustment	Restated Beginning Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)		Ending Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2021 <i>Misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2021</i> Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2022 adjusted									5	5 1,451,838 (11,063) 5 1,440,775		\$ \$	1,451,838 (11,063) 1,440,775	
School Unrestricted Fund School Special Revenue Funds	\$	20,055,759 \$ 5,437,855	42,578,175	\$	62,798,307 4,971,102	\$	-	\$ (164,37 466,75		493,283 947,492	\$ - -	\$	493,283 \$ 947,492	328,910 1,414,245
Totals per audited financial statements	s	25,493,614 \$	42,578,175	\$	67,769,409	\$	-	\$ 302,38	i0 \$	1,440,775	ş -	\$	1,440,775 \$	1,743,155
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2 Municipal appropriation for Education reported as a transfer on financial statements but a revenue on MTP2 State contributions on behalf of teacher pensions are reported as revenue and expenditures on financial statements only Rounding	\$	42,578,175 \$ (2,917,053) -	(42,578,175) - -		- (2,917,053) -	s	-		- \$ - -	; -	\$ - - -	\$	- S - -	; - - -
Totals Per MTP2	\$	65,154,736 \$	-	\$	64,852,356	\$	-	\$ 302,38	0 \$	1,440,775	\$ -	\$	1,440,775 \$	1,743,155
Reconciliation from MTP2 to UCOA Miscellaneous variances between UCOA & FS Totals per UCOA Validated Totals Report - Dated 2/16/23	\$ \$	(539) 65,154,197		\$ \$	(4,161) 64,848,195									

¹ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Notes to Supplementary Information – Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) is a supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-22.2 and 44-35-10. This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General, and the Department of Education.

NOTE 2. Reportable Government Services

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

NOTE 3. Allocations

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the City's (or Town's) budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the City (or Town) made allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

NOTE 4. Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs

Compensation includes salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing allowance/maintenance, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses.

For Public Safety departments (i.e., police, fire, and centralized dispatch) and the Education Department, compensation and most benefits costs are reported in the following employee groupings:

Group A: This group consists of employees who serve the primary function of the department.

- Police Department police officers (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Fire Department fire fighters (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Centralized Dispatch Department civilian dispatchers only
- Education Department professional staff providing direct services to students
- For the remaining departments all employees' compensation and benefits are reported under Group A

Group B: For Police and Fire Departments, compensation and benefits paid to its administrative employees and civilian dispatch employees are reported under Group B. The Education Department reports compensation and benefits paid to executive/mid-level educational administration employees under Group B.

Group C: This group is only used for the Education Department and it includes administrative and support staff.

Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4. Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs (continued)

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are not reported by employee groups on the MTP2. They are reported in total as either (1) contributions to a qualified OPEB trust or (2) the amount paid for medical and dental insurance for retirees when an OPEB trust fund has not been established. The detail employee group information for the Education Department can be found on the State's Municipal Transparency portal website.

NOTE 5. Education Revenue and Expenditures

The revenues and expenditures presented on the MTP2 under the Education Department is consistent with existing Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCOA) guidelines. Each MTP account code has been mapped to the corresponding UCOA code or group of UCOA codes to facilitate the preparation of the MTP reporting.

Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: <u>http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/</u>.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on An Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Town Council Town of Lincoln Lincoln, Rhode Island

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Lincoln, RI, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Lincoln, RI's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Lincoln, RI's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lincoln, RI's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lincoln, RI's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Lincoln, RI's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Haque, Sahady 2! Co. PC

Fall River, Massachusetts April 28, 2023