

# **GASB 45 ACTUARIAL VALUATION**

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016

# Chariho Regional School District

**Nyhart Actuary & Employee Benefits** 

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# **Table of Contents**

	Page
Certification	1
Executive Summary	3
GASB Disclosures	6
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	6
Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation	7
Schedule of Funding Progress	8
Schedule of Employer Contributions	8
Historical Annual OPEB Cost	8
Reconciliation of Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (AAL)	9
Employer Contribution Cash Flow Projections	10
Substantive Plan Provisions	11
Actuarial Methods and Assumptions	15
Summary of Plan Participants	19
Appendix	21
Comparision of Participant Demographic Information	22
Glossary	23
Decrements Exhibit (Withdrawal and Mortality Rates)	24
Retirement Rates Exhibit	25
Illustration of GASB Calculations for Non-Actuaries	26
Definitions	28



November 14, 2016

Chariho Regional School District Brian Stanley 455A Switch Road Wood River Junction, RI 02894

This report summarizes the GASB 45 actuarial valuation for the Chariho Regional School District 2015/16 fiscal year. To the best of our knowledge, the report presents a fair position of the funded status of the plan in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45 (Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions).

The information presented herein is based on the actuarial assumptions and substantive plan provisions summarized in this report and participant information furnished to us by the Plan Sponsor. We have reviewed the employee census provided by the Plan Sponsor for reasonableness when compared to the prior information provided but have not audited the information at the source, and therefore do not accept responsibility for the accuracy or the completeness of the data on which the information is based. When relevant data may be missing, we may have made assumptions we feel are neutral or conservative to the purpose of the measurement. We are not aware of any significant issues with and have relied on the data provided.

The discount rate and other economic assumptions have been selected by the Plan Sponsor. Demographic assumptions have been selected by the Plan Sponsor with the concurrence of Nyhart. In our opinion, the actuarial assumptions are individually reasonable and in combination represent our estimate of anticipated experience of the Plan. All calculations have been made in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practice.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following:

- · plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions;
- · changes in economic or demographic assumptions;
- · increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period); and
- · changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

We did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements due to the limited scope of our engagement.

To our knowledge, there have been no significant events prior to the current year's measurement date or as of the date of this report that could materially affect the results contained herein.

# nyhart

#### November 14, 2016

Neither Nyhart nor any of its employees has any relationship with the plan or its sponsor that could impair or appear to impair the objectivity of this report. Our professional work is in full compliance with the American Academy of Actuaries "Code of Professional Conduct" Precept 7 regarding conflict of interest. The undersigned meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Should you have any questions please do not hesitate to contact us.

Randy Gomez, FSA, MAAA Consulting Actuary

Evi Laksana, ASA, MAAA Valuation Actuary

# **Summary of Results**

Presented below is the summary of GASB 45 results for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 compared to the prior fiscal year.

	As of July 1, 2014	As of July 1, 2015
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 1,248,064	\$ 1,071,469
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 0	\$ 0
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 1,248,064	\$ 1,071,469
Funded Ratio	0.0%	0.0%
	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 138,751	\$ 120,846
Annual OPEB Cost	\$ 130,677	\$ 112,851
Annual Employer Contribution	\$ 132,278	\$ 85,853
	As of June 30, 2015	As of June 30, 2016
Net OPEB Obligation	\$ 160,080	\$ 187,078
		As of June 30, 2016
Total Active Participants		488
Total Retiree Participants		40

The active participants number above may include active employees who currently have no health care coverage. Refer to the Summary of Participants section for an accurate breakdown of active employees with and without coverage.

Below is a breakdown of total GASB 45 liabilities allocated for past, current, and future service for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015 compared to the prior valuation as of July 1, 2014.

	As of July 1, 2014	As of July 1, 2015
Present Value of Future Benefits	\$ 1,487,015	\$ 1,289,460
Active Employees	1,017,837	985,847
Retired Employees	469,178	303,613
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 1,248,064	\$ 1,071,469
Active Employees	778,886	767,856
Retired Employees	469,178	303,613
Normal Cost	\$ 25,479	\$ 23,535
Future Normal Cost	\$ 213,472	\$ 194,456

**Present Value of Future Benefits (PVFB)** is the total liability amount as of July 1, 2014 and July 1, 2015 and represents the amount the School District needs to fully fund its retiree health care obligations assuming all actuarial assumptions are met.

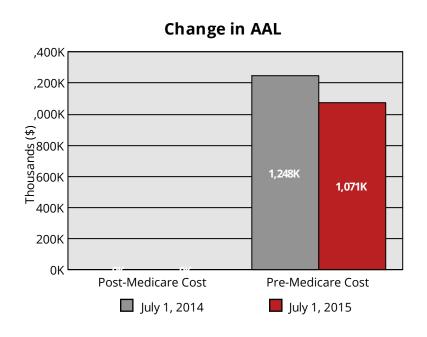
**Actuarial Accrued Liability** is the portion of PVFB considered to be accrued or earned as of July 1, 2014 and July 1, 2015. This amount is a required disclosure in the Required Supplementary Information section.

**Normal Cost** is the portion of the total liability amount that is attributed and accrued for current year active employee service by the actuarial cost method level dollar.

**Future Normal Cost** is the portion of the total liability amount that is attributed to the future employee service by the actuarial cost method level dollar.

Below is a breakdown of total GASB 45 liabilities allocated for pre and post Medicare eligibility. The liability shown below includes explicit (if any) and implicit subsidies. Refer to the Substantive Plan Provisions section for complete information on the Plan Sponsor's GASB subsidies.

Actuarial Accrued Liability (	AAL)	As of July 1, 2014	As of July 1, 2015
Total Active AAL	\$	778,886	\$ 767,856
Active Pre-Medicare		778,886	767,856
Active Post-Medicare		0	0
Total Retirees AAL	\$	469,178	\$ 303,613
Retirees Pre-Medicare		469,178	303,613
Retirees Post-Medicare		0	0
Total AAL	\$	1,248,064	\$ 1,071,469

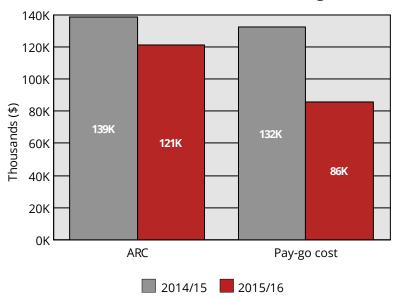


# **Development of Annual Required Contribution (ARC)**

Required Supplementary Information		FY 2014/15		FY 2015/16
Actuarial Accrued Liability as of beginning of year	\$	1,248,064	\$	1,071,469
Actuarial Value of Assets as of beginning of year		0		0
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$	1,248,064	\$	1,071,469
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)  Covered payroll	<b>\$</b>	<b>1,248,064</b> 31,754,900	<b>\$</b>	<b>1,071,469</b> 30,878,839

Annual Required Contribution	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16
Normal cost as of beginning of year	\$ 25,479	\$ 23,535
Amortization of the UAAL	107,935	92,663
Total normal cost and amortization payment	\$ 133,414	\$ 116,198
Interest to end of year	5,337	4,648
Total Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 138,751	\$ 120,846

# **Cash vs. Accrual Accounting**



Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is the annual expense recorded in the income statement under GASB 45 accrual accounting. It replaces the cash basis method of accounting recognition with an accrual method. The GASB 45 ARC is higher than the pay-as-you-go cost because it includes recognition of employer costs expected to be paid in future accounting periods.

<sup>\*2014/15</sup> covered paroll is based on 2013/14 covered payroll (\$30,830,000) increased by the payroll growth assumption (3.0%).

# **Development of Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation**

Annual employer contributions for pay-go cost are estimated figures for FY 2014/15 and FY 2015/16.

Net OPEB Obligation (NOO)	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16
ARC as of end of year	\$ 138,751	\$ 120,846
Interest on NOO to end of year	6,467	6,403
NOO amortization adjustment to the ARC	(14,541)	(14,398)
Annual OPEB cost	\$ 130,677	\$ 112,851
Annual employer contribution for pay-go cost	(132,278)	(85,853)
Annual employer contribution for pre-funding	0	0
Change in NOO	\$ (1,601)	\$ 26,998
NOO as of beginning of year	161,681	160,080
NOO as of end of year	\$ 160,080	\$ 187,078

**Pay-as-you-go Cost** is the expected total employer cash cost for the coming period based on all explicit and implicit subsidies. It is also the amount recognized as expense on the Income Statement under pay-as-you-go accounting.

**Net OPEB Obligation** is the cumulative difference between the annual OPEB cost and employer contributions. This obligation will be created if cash contributions are less than the current year expense under GASB 45 accrual rules.

The net obligation is recorded as a liability on the employer's balance sheet which will reduce the net fund balance.

The value of implicit subsidies is considered as part of cash contributions for the current period. Other cash expenditures that meet certain conditions are also considered as contributions for GASB 45 purposes.

# **Summary of GASB 45 Financial Results**

Presented below is the summary of GASB 45 results for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 compared to the prior fiscal years. Prior years fiscal information is as shown in the School District's Notes to Financial Statement for fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

# **Schedule of Funding Progress**

As of	Actuarial Accrued A Liability (AAL)		Value of (AVA)			Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll
	A	В	;		C = A - B	D = B / A	E	F = C / E
July 1, 2015	\$ 1,071,469	\$	0	\$	1,071,469	0.0%	\$ 30,878,839	3.5%
July 1, 2014	\$ 1,248,064	\$	0	\$	1,248,064	0.0%	\$ 31,754,900	3.9%
July 1, 2013	\$ 1,235,086	\$	0	\$	1,235,086	0.0%	\$ 30,830,000	4.0%

# **Schedule of Employer Contributions**

FYE	Employer Contributions		nual Required tribution (ARC)	% of ARC Contributed
	Α		В	C = A / B
June 30, 2016	\$ 85,853	\$	120,846	71.0%
June 30, 2015	\$ 132,278	\$	138,751	95.3%
June 30, 2014	\$ 121,356	\$	134,368	90.3%

# **Historical Annual OPEB Cost**

As of	As of Annual OPEB Cost % of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed		Net O	PEB Obligation	
June 30, 2016	\$	112,851	76.1%	\$	187,078
June 30, 2015	\$	130,677	101.2%	\$	160,080
June 30, 2014	\$	126,553	95.9%	\$	161,681

For Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016

The Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) is expected to change on an annual basis as a result of expected and unexpected events. Under normal circumstances, it is generally expected to have a net increase each year. Below is a list of the most common events affecting the AAL and whether they increase or decrease the liability.

#### **Expected Events**

- · Increases in AAL due to additional benefit accruals as employees continue to earn service each year
- · Increases in AAL due to interest as the employees and retirees age
- · Decreases in AAL due to benefit payments

#### **Unexpected Events**

- · Increases in AAL when actual premium rates increase more than expected. A liability decrease occurs when premium rates increase less than expected.
- · Increases in AAL when more new retirements occur than expected or fewer terminations occur than anticipated. Liability decreases occur when the opposite outcomes happen.
- · Increases or decreases in AAL depending on whether benefit provisions are improved or reduced.

	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16
AAL as of beginning of year	\$ 1,248,064	\$ 1,071,469
Normal cost as of beginning of year	25,479	23,535
Expected benefit payments during the year	(132,278)	(85,853)
Interest adjustment to end of year	48,322	42,100
Expected AAL as of end of year	\$ 1,189,587	\$ 1,051,251
(Gain) / loss due to experience	(162,753)	0
(Gain) / loss due to provisions / assumption	44,635	0
Actuarial Accrued Liability as of end of year	\$ 1,071,469	\$ 1,051,251

**Reconciliation of AAL** shows what the actuary expects the actuarial accrued liability to be at the beginning of the following fiscal year based on current assumptions and plan provisions. The expected end of year AAL will change as actual plan experience varies from assumptions. Generally, the AAL is expected to have a net increase each year.

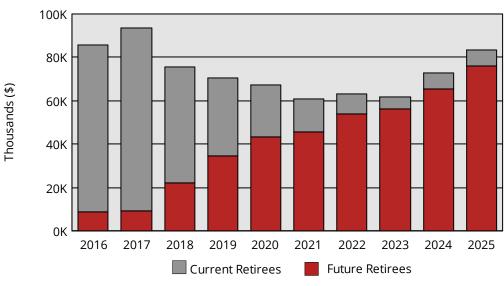
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) as of beginning of year was actuarially rolled-back from end of year AAL on a "no gain/loss" basis.

The below projections show the actuarially estimated employer subsidized contribution for retiree benefits for the next 10 years. Results below are shown separately for current/future retirees and gross claims costs/contributions. The projections include explicit and implicit subsidies, and do not take into account future new hires.

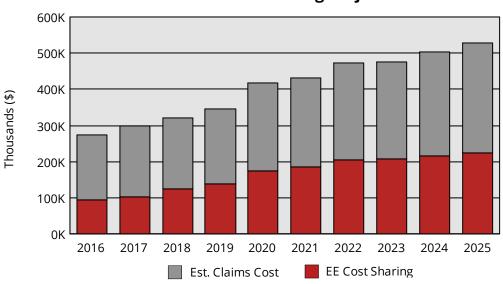
FYE	Current Retirees Future Retirees		Total		
2016	\$	77,218	\$ 8,635	\$	85,853
2017	\$	84,168	\$ 9,412	\$	93,580
2018	\$	53,200	\$ 22,180	\$	75,380
2019	\$	35,790	\$ 34,699	\$	70,489
2020	\$	24,047	\$ 43,204	\$	67,251
2021	\$	15,023	\$ 45,820	\$	60,843
2022	\$	9,122	\$ 53,991	\$	63,113
2023	\$	5,421	\$ 56,441	\$	61,862
2024	\$	7,147	\$ 65,633	\$	72,780
2025	\$	7,476	\$ 75,812	\$	83,288

FYE	stimated aims Cost	Retiree Contributions		Net Employer- Paid Costs	
2016	\$ 179,797	\$	93,944	\$	85,853
2017	\$ 195,979	\$	102,399	\$	93,580
2018	\$ 198,478	\$	123,098	\$	75,380
2019	\$ 207,668	\$	137,179	\$	70,489
2020	\$ 241,724	\$	174,473	\$	67,251
2021	\$ 245,489	\$	184,646	\$	60,843
2022	\$ 267,750	\$	204,637	\$	63,113
2023	\$ 268,240	\$	206,378	\$	61,862
2024	\$ 287,827	\$	215,047	\$	72,780
2025	\$ 305,905	\$	222,617	\$	83,288

# **Projected Employer Pay-go Cost**



# **Claims and Cost Sharing Projection**



#### Eligibility

#### **RI ERS Eligibility Requirements**

Certified teachers and support staff are eligible for retiree health benefits until Medicare eligibility once they meet the retirement eligibility requirements under Rhode Island State Employees Retirement System (RI ERS) or Rhode Island Municipal Employees Retirement System (RI MERS).

RI ERS eligibility requirements is the earlier of each employee's (a) Article 7 or (b) RIRSA eligibility dates which vary by Schedules summarized below:

Schedules	Vested with 10 years of contributing service credit as of 7/1/2005	Eligible to retire as of 9/30/2009
А	Υ	γ*
В	N	γ**
AB	Υ	N
B1	N	N
B2	Employees that became a member of	of RI ERS after 9/30/2009

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule A members were eligible to retire as of 9/30/2009 if they had (i) 28 years of service as of 9/30/2009 or (ii) had 10 years of contributing service and were age 60 as of 9/30/2009.

#### **Article 7 Eligibility Date**

There are no changes to Schedule A and Schedule B members' retirement eligibility dates. These employees may retire at any time once they met the prior RI ERS eligibility rules. The prior RI ERS eligibility rules are:

- Schedule A earlier of (i) 28 years of service or (ii) age 60 with 10 years of contributing service.
- Schedule B earlier of (i) age 65 with 10 years of contributing service or (ii) age 59 with 29 years of contributing service.

Minimum retirement age under Article 7 for Schedule AB and B1 members is 62 with "proportional downward adjustment" toward an earlier retirement age based on years of service as of 9/30/2009 (referred to as "frozen service credit").

Schedule B2 members' minimum retirement age under Article 7 is age 62 <u>without</u> "proportional downward adjustment" toward an earlier retirement age.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Schedule B members were eligible to retire as of 9/30/2009 if they had 10 years of contributing service and were age 65 as of 9/30/2009.

# RI ERS Eligibility Requirements

(Continued)

#### **RIRSA Eligibility Date**

Employees with less than five years of contributing service credit on 6/30/2012 may retire at the Social Security normal retirement age (not higher than 67).

For employees with at least five years of contributing service credit on 6/30/2012, minimum retirement age is 62 with "proportional downward adjustment" toward an earlier retirement date based on years of service prior to 7/1/2012, but not earlier than 59.

Employees with at least 10 years of contributing service credit on 6/30/2012 may retire at their Article 7 eligibility date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If they are within five years of reaching RIRSA retirement eligibility date and have at least 20 years of service, they may retire at any time.

Effective on July 1, 2015, employees are also eligible to retire upon attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with at least 33 years of service. These are <u>additional</u> eligibility requirements, which means that if employees are eligible to retire under the current eligibility requirements, they may do so.

#### **MERS Eligibility Requirements**

Employees eligible to retire as of 7/1/2012 are not impacted by the new eligibility requirements described below. Prior to 7/1/2012, employees were eligible to retire at the earlier of: (i) age 58 with 10 years of service credit or (ii) 30 years of service (no age requirement).

For employees who are not eligible to retire as of 7/1/2012:

- a) Members with less than five years of contributing service credit on 6/30/2012 may retire at their Social Security normal retirement age.
- b) Members with at least five years of contributing service credit on 6/30/2012 may retire at an individually determined age, which is the result of interpolating the member's prior Retirement Date (described in previous paragraph) and the retirement age applicable to members hired after 6/30/2012 (described in item (a) above).
- c) Members with at least ten years of contributing service credit on 6/30/2012 may retire at their prior Retirement Date (described in previous paragraph) if they continue to work and contribute until that date.

All members who are within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date (described in the paragraphs above) may retire at any time if they have at least 20 years of service.

Effective on 7/1/2015, employees are also eligible to retire upon attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with at least 33 years of service. These are <u>additional</u> eligibility requirements, which means that if employees are eligible to retire under the current eligibility requirements, they may do so.

#### **Spouse Benefit**

Surviving spouses of certified teachers (including Administrators) are able to stay on the plan at their own expense for the same duration as retirees. There is no spousal coverage available for support staff retirees.

#### **Retiree Cost Sharing**

Retirees pay the full cost of coverage except for Administrators who are eligible for stipend benefit described in the Explicit Subsidy section below.

#### **Explicit Subsidy**

The School District offers an annual stipend to Administrators. To retain the subsidy, Administrators must elect the benefit with subsidy within the first 3 years of becoming eligible for the benefit. Benefits are payable until age 65.

Administrators	Single	Family
Retire Prior to 9/1/2002	\$ 700	\$ 1,700
Retire After 9/1/2002	\$ 750	\$ 1,700

Any existing retirees currently receiving the stipend benefit will continue to receive this benefit until they turn 65.

#### **Medical Benefit**

Same benefit options are available to retirees as active employees. Chariho School District is a member of the WB Community Health ("Community"). Each participating plan sponsor is treated as a self-insured health plan (i.e. their assets are not pooled together).

The monthly premiums effective July 1, 2016 are as shown below.

Health Plans	Single	Family
Classic	\$ 611.91	\$ 1,531.67
Healthmate	\$ 581.10	\$ 1,454.31

The actuarial assumptions used in this report represent a reasonable long-term expectation of future OPEB outcomes. As national economic and School District experience change over time, the assumptions will be tested for ongoing reasonableness and, if necessary, updated.

There are no changes to the plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions since the last GASB valuation, which was for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. For the current year GASB valuation, we have updated the per capita costs, mortality table, and health care trend rates. We expect to update health care trend rates and per capita costs again in the next full GASB valuation, which will be for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

**Measurement Date** June 30, 2016 with results actuarially rolled-back to July 1, 2015 on a "no loss/no gain" basis.

Discount Rate 4.0%

Payroll Growth N/A

**Inflation Rate** 3.0% per year

**Cost Method** Entry Age Normal Level Dollar

**Employer Funding Policy** Pay-as-you-go cash basis

**Amortization** Level dollar over an open 15-year period

**Experience Study**Best actuarial practices call for a periodic assumption review and Nyhart recommends the School District to

complete an actuarial assumption review (also referred to as an experience study) before transitioning to the new GASB 75 standard for fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The actuarial assumptions for School District

have not been updated since at least the 2007 valuation.

**Census Data**Census information was provided by the School District as of August 2016. We have reviewed it for

reasonableness and no material modifications were made to the census data.

Mortality RPH-2015 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using scale MP-2015 (RPH-2015 table is based on

RPH-2014 table with 8 years of mortality improvement using scale MP-2014 backed out and projected to 2015 using scale MP-2015); prior valuation used RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table fully generational using

scale AA.

**Disability** None

#### **Turnover Rate**

Assumption used to project terminations (voluntary and involuntary) prior to meeting minimum retirement eligibility for retiree health coverage. Annual rates are based on Table T-2 of the Pension Actuary's Handbook, increased by 350% for the first three years of employment and by 175% for all years thereafter. Sample rates are as shown below:

Age	0 – 2 YOS	3+ YOS
25	18.5%	9.3%
30	17.7%	8.9%
35	16.4%	8.2%
40	12.3%	6.1%
45	6.2%	3.1%

#### **Retirement Rate**

Annual rates of retirement are as shown below:

Age	Rates
59	5%
60	10%
61	5%
62	12%
63 - 64	5%
65	100%

#### **Spousal Coverage**

Spousal coverage for current retirees is based on actual data.

70% of employees are assumed to be married at retirement. Spousal coverage for current retirees is based on actual data. Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives.

#### **Health Care Coverage Election Rate**

Administrators with current coverage: 100%

Certified active employees with current coverage: 75%

Support staff with current coverage: 20%

Active employees with no coverage: 0%

Inactive employees with current coverage: 100%

Inactive employees with no coverage: 0%

#### **Health Care Trend Rates**

FYE	Medical/Rx	FYE	Medical/Rx
2017	9.0%	2022	6.5%
2018	8.5%	2023	6.0%
2019	8.0%	2024	5.5%
2020	7.5%	2025+	5.0%
2021	7.0%		

The initial trend rate was based on a combination of employer history, national trend surveys, and professional judgment.

The ultimate trend rate was selected based on historical medical CPI information.

#### **Retiree Contributions**

#### **Per Capita Costs**

Retiree contributions are assumed to increase according to health care trend rates.

Annual per capita costs were calculated based on the premium rates effective on July 1, 2016 actuarially increased using aging factors and current enrollment. Annual per capita costs are as shown below. These costs are assumed to increase according to health care trend rates.

Age	All Plans		
<50	\$ 7,100		
50 - 54	\$ 7,600		
55 – 59	\$ 9,300		
60 – 64	\$ 11,500		

The per capita costs represent the cost of coverage for a retiree-only population.

Actuarial standards require the recognition of higher inherent costs for a retired population versus an active population.

#### **Explicit Subsidy**

The difference between (a) the premium rate and (b) the retiree contribution. Below is an example of the monthly explicit subsidies for a retired Administrators age 60 enrolled in the Healthmate plan and currently receiving a \$2,000 family coverage stipend. It has been assumed the stipend will be applied to the retiree premium.

	Premium Rate		
	Α	В	C = A - B
Retiree	\$ 581.10	\$ 414.43	\$ 166.67
Spouse	\$ 873.21	\$ 873.21	\$ 0.00

#### **Implicit Subsidy**

The difference between (a) the per capita cost and (b) the premium rate. Below is an example of the monthly implicit subsidies for a 60 – 64 retiree with spouse of the same age enrolled in the Healthmate plan.

	Per Capita Cost	Premium Rate	Implicit Subsidy
	Α	В	C = A - B
Retiree	\$ 958.33	\$ 581.10	\$ 377.23
Spouse	\$ 958.33	\$ 873.21	\$ 85.12

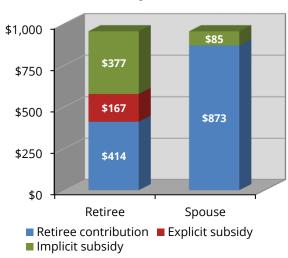
All employers that utilize premium rates based on blended active/retiree claims experience will have an implicit subsidy. There is an exception for Medicare plans using a true community-rated premium rate.

#### **GASB Subsidy Breakdown**

Below is a breakdown of the GASB 45 monthly total cost for a retired Administrator age 60 receiving a \$2,000 stipend and his spouse of the same age enrolled in the Healthmate plan.

	R	etiree	Spouse		
Retiree contribution	\$	414.43	\$	873.21	
Explicit subsidy	\$	166.67	\$	0.00	
Implicit subsidy	\$	377.23	\$	85.12	
Total monthly cost	\$	958.33	\$	958.33	

# **GASB Subsidy Breakdown**



Actives with coverage	Single	Family	Total	Avg. Age	Avg. Svc	Salary
Blue Solutions	4	8	12	46.0	15.7	\$ 888,876
Classic		3	3	60.0	29.2	\$ 72,960
Healthmate	77	297	374	48.3	14.7	\$ 23,664,244
Total actives with coverage	81	308	389	48.3	14.8	\$ 24,626,080

Actives without coverage	Total	Avg. Age	Avg. Svc	Salary
Total actives without coverage	99	46.6	9.9	\$ 6,252,759

Active employees who currently have no coverage are assumed not to elect coverage at retirement. They have been excluded from the GASB valuation.

Retirees with coverage	Single	Family	Total	Avg. Age
Healthmate	10	4	14	62.1
Total retirees with coverage	10	4	14	62.1
Retirees receiving stipend only			Total	Avg. Age
Stipend			26	62.7

# **Active Age-Service Distribution**

					Years	of Service					
Age	< 1	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & up	Total
Under 25	3	4									7
25 to 29	9	14	3								26
30 to 34		12	14	6							32
35 to 39	1	9	10	25							45
40 to 44	1	9	13	19	26	2					70
45 to 49	1	8	18	18	15	13	9				82
50 to 54	4	9	10	17	23	8	21	1			93
55 to 59	1	6	7	19	20	7	13	3			76
60 to 64	1	3	4	2	14	6	15	2	1		48
65 to 69			1	3	2		1		1		8
70 & up				1							1
Total	21	74	80	110	100	36	59	6	2	0	488

# **APPENDIX**

# **Appendix A - Comparison of Participant Demographic Information**

The active participants number below may include active employees who currently have no health care coverage. Refer to the Summary of Participants section for an accurate breakdown of active employees with and without coverage.

	As of June 30, 2014	As of June 30, 2016
Active Participants	501	488
Inactive Participants	54	40
Averages for Actives		
Age	46.9	48.0
Service	12.7	13.8
Averages for Inactives		
Age	61.0	62.5

# **GLOSSARY**

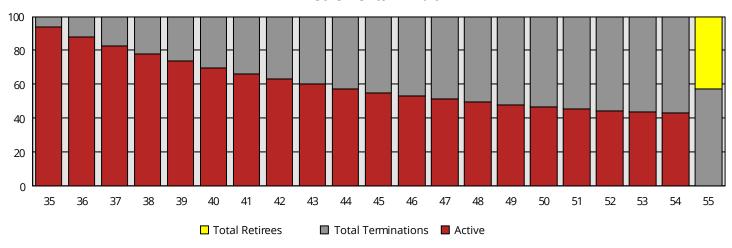
#### **Decrements Exhibit**

The table below illustrates how actuarial assumptions can affect a long-term projection of future liabilities. Starting with 100 employees at age 35, the illustrated actuarial assumptions show that 42.949 employees out of the original 100 are expected to retire and could elect retiree health benefits at age 55.

Age	# Remaining	# of Terminations	# of Retirements	Total
7.50	Employees	per Year *	per Year *	Decrements
35	100.000	6.353	0.000	6.353
36	93.647	5.751	0.000	5.751
37	87.896	5.206	0.000	5.206
38	82.690	4.716	0.000	4.716
39	77.974	4.274	0.000	4.274
40	73.700	3.876	0.000	3.876
41	69.824	3.516	0.000	3.516
42	66.308	3.190	0.000	3.190
43	63.118	2.893	0.000	2.893
44	60.225	2.623	0.000	2.623
45	57.602	2.377	0.000	2.377

Age	# Remaining Employees	# of Terminations per Year *	# of Retirements per Year *	Total Decrements
46	55.225	2.147	0.000	2.147
47	53.078	1.931	0.000	1.931
48	51.147	1.724	0.000	1.724
49	49.423	1.524	0.000	1.524
50	47.899	1.329	0.000	1.329
51	46.570	1.151	0.000	1.151
52	45.419	0.977	0.000	0.977
53	44.442	0.818	0.000	0.818
54	43.624	0.675	0.000	0.675
55	42.949	0.000	42.949	42.949



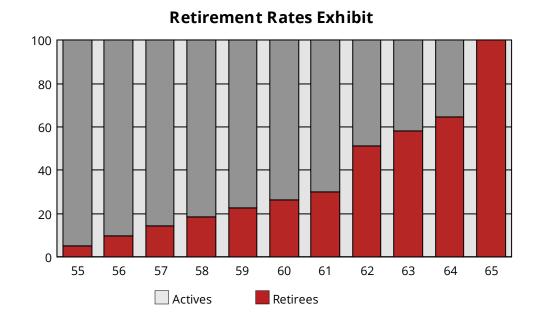


<sup>\*</sup> The above rates are illustrative and are not used in our GASB calculations.

#### **Retirement Rates Exhibit**

The table below illustrates how actuarial assumptions can affect a long-term projection of future liabilities. The illustrated retirement rates show the number of employees who are assumed to retire annually based on 100 employees age 55 who are eligible for retiree health care coverage. The average age at retirement is 62.0.

Age	Active Employees BOY	Annual Retirement Rates *	# Retirements per year	Active Employees EOY
55	100.000	5.00%	5.000	95.000
56	95.000	5.00%	4.750	90.250
57	90.250	5.00%	4.513	85.738
58	85.738	5.00%	4.287	81.451
59	81.451	5.00%	4.073	77.378
60	77.378	5.00%	3.869	73.509
61	73.509	5.00%	3.675	69.834
62	69.834	30.00%	20.950	48.884
63	48.884	15.00%	7.333	41.551
64	41.551	15.00%	6.233	35.318
65	35.318	100.00%	35.318	0.000



<sup>\*</sup> The above rates are illustrative and are not used in our GASB calculations.

#### Illustration of GASB Calculations

#### I. Facts

- A. The employer provides subsidized retiree health coverage worth \$100,000 to employees retiring at age 55 with 25 years of service. The employer funds the retiree health coverage on a pay-as-you-go basis.
- B. Employee X is age 50 and has worked 20 years with the employer.
- C. Retiree health subsidies are paid from the general fund assets which are expected to earn 4.5% per year on a long-term basis.
- D. Based on Employee X's age and sex he has a 98.0% probability of living to age 55 and a 95.0% probability of continuing to work to age 55.

#### II. Calculation of Present Value of Future Benefits

**Present Value of Future Benefits** represents the cost to finance benefits payable in the future to current and future retirees and beneficiaries, discounted to reflect the expected effects of the time value (present value) of money and the probabilities of payment.

	Value	Description
A.	\$100,000	Projected benefit at retirement
В.	80.2%	Interest discount for five years = $(1/1.045)^5$
C.	98.0%	Probability of living to retirement age
D.	95.0%	Probability of continuing to work to retirement age
E.	\$74,666	Present value of projected retirement benefit measured at employee's current age = $A \times B \times C \times D$

# Illustration of GASB Calculations (continued)

# III. Calculation of Actuarial Accrued Liability

**Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)** represents the portion of the Present Value of Future Benefits which has been accrued recognizing the employee's past service with the employer. The AAL is a required disclosure in the Required Supplementary Information section of the employer's financial statement.

	Value	Description
A.	\$74,666	Present value of projected retirement benefit measured at employee's current age
В.	20	Current years of service with employer
C.	25	Projected years of service with employer at retirement
D.	\$59,733	Actuarial accrued liability measured at employee's current age = A x B / C

#### IV. Calculation of Normal Cost

**Normal Cost** represents the portion of the Present Value of Future Benefits allocated to the current year.

	Value	Description
A.	\$74,666	Present value of projected retirement benefit measured at employee's current age
B.	25	Projected years of service with employer at retirement
C.	\$2,987	Normal cost measured at employee's current age = A / B

#### V. Calculation of Annual Required Contribution

**Annual Required Contribution** is the total expense for the current year to be shown in the employer's income statement.

	Value	Description
A.	\$2,987	Normal Cost for the current year
В.	\$3,509	30-year amortization (level dollar method) of Unfunded AAL using a 4.5% interest rate discount factor
C.	\$292	Interest adjustment = 4.5% x (A + B)
D.	\$6,788	Annual Required Contribution = A + B + C

#### **Definitions**

GASB 45 defines several unique terms not commonly employed in the funding of pension and retiree health plans. The definitions of the terms used in the GASB actuarial valuations are noted below.

- 1. **Actuarial Accrued Liability** That portion, as determined by a particular Actuarial Cost Method, of the Actuarial Present Value of plan benefits and expenses which is not provided for by the future Normal Costs.
- 2. **Actuarial Assumptions** Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting health care costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; changes in compensation and Government provided health care benefits; rates of investment earnings and asset appreciation or depreciation; procedures used to determine the Actuarial Value of Assets; characteristics of future entrants for Open Group Actuarial Cost Methods; and other relevant items.
- 3. **Actuarial Cost Method** A procedure for determining the Actuarial Present Value of future benefits and expenses and for developing an actuarially equivalent allocation of such value to time periods, usually in the form of a Normal Cost and an Actuarial Accrued Liability.
- 4. **Actuarial Present Value** The value of an amount or series of amounts payable or receivable at various times, determined as of a given date by the application of a particular set of Actuarial Assumptions. For purposes of this standard, each such amount or series of amounts is:
  - a) adjusted for the probable financial effect of certain intervening events (such as changes in compensation levels, Social Security, marital status, etc.);
  - b) multiplied by the probability of the occurrence of an event (such as survival, death, disability, termination of employment, etc.) on which the payment is conditioned; and
  - c) discounted according to an assumed rate (or rates) of return to reflect the time value of money.
- 5. **Annual OPEB Cost** An accrual-basis measure of the periodic cost of an employer's participation in a defined benefit OPEB plan.
- 6. **Annual Required Contribution (ARC)** The employer's periodic required contributions to a defined benefit OPEB plan, calculated in accordance with the parameters.
- 7. **Explicit Subsidy** The difference between (a) the amounts required to be contributed by the retirees based on the premium rates and (b) actual cash contribution made by the employer.
- 8. **Funded Ratio** The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

# **Definitions (continued)**

- 9. **Healthcare Cost Trend Rate** The rate of change in the per capita health claims costs over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design, and technological developments.
- 10. **Implicit Subsidy** In an experience-rated healthcare plan that includes both active employees and retirees with blended premium rates for all plan members, the difference between (a) the age-adjusted premiums approximating claim costs for retirees in the group (which, because of the effect of age on claim costs, generally will be higher than the blended premium rates for all group members) and (b) the amounts required to be contributed by the retirees.
- 11. **Net OPEB Obligation** The cumulative difference since the effective date of this Statement between annual OPEB cost and the employer's contributions to the plan, including the OPEB liability (asset) at transition, if any, and excluding (a) short-term differences and (b) unpaid contributions that have been converted to OPEB-related debt.
- 12. **Normal Cost** The portion of the Actuarial Present Value of plan benefits and expenses which is allocated to a valuation year by the Actuarial Cost Method.
- 13. **Pay-as-you-go** A method of financing a benefit plan under which the contributions to the plan are generally made at about the same time and in about the same amount as benefit payments and expenses becoming due.
- 14. **Per Capita Costs** The current cost of providing postretirement health care benefits for one year at each age from the youngest age to the oldest age at which plan participants are expected to receive benefits under the plan.
- 15. **Present Value of Future Benefits** Total projected benefits include all benefits estimated to be payable to plan members (retirees and beneficiaries, terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them, and current active members) as a result of their service through the valuation date and their expected future service. The actuarial present value of total projected benefits as of the valuation date is the present value of the cost to finance benefits payable in the future, discounted to reflect the expected effects of the time value (present value) of money and the probabilities of payment. Expressed another way, it is the amount that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings will provide sufficient assets to pay total projected benefits when due.
- 16. **Select and Ultimate Rates** Actuarial assumptions that contemplate different rates for successive years. Instead of a single assumed rate with respect to, for example, the investment return assumption, the actuary may apply different rates for the early years of a projection and a single rate for all subsequent years. For example, if an actuary applies an assumed investment return of 8% for year 20W0, then 7.5% for 20W1, and 7% for 20W2 and thereafter, then 8% and 7.5% select rates, and 7% is the ultimate rate.
- 17. **Substantive Plan** The terms of an OPEB plan as understood by the employer(s) and plan members.