# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

### **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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## **Introductory Section**



### Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

180 High Street Wakefield, RI 02879 Tel. 401-789-9331

#### FINANCE DEPARTMENT

December 27, 2020

To the Citizens of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is hereby submitted as mandated by both State statutes and the Town charter. State laws require that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants licensed to practice in the State of Rhode Island.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of South Kingstown. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of South Kingstown has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of South Kingstown's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Since the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of South Kingstown's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, I assert that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of South Kingstown's financial statements have been audited by blumshapiro, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of South Kingstown for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town of South Kingstown's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section on page 1 of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of South Kingstown was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are included in the Single Audit section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of South Kingstown's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors beginning on page 4.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The Town of South Kingstown established in 1658 and incorporated as a town in 1723, is a diversified community in a rural, suburban area of southern Rhode Island approximately 30 miles from Providence. The geography of the Town includes farmland, wetlands, salt marshes, waterfront areas, woodland, and many natural and scenic attractions. The total area is 62.3 square miles, consisting of 56.8 square miles of land and 5.5 square miles of inland water. The Town, fronting on the Atlantic Ocean, is part of the "South County" summer vacation area. The Town is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. The Town is also authorized to assess and collect excise taxes on registered motor vehicles and trailers.

The Town has a home-rule charter and operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The Town Council is elected by popular vote every two years and is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting a budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the Town Manager and Town Solicitor. The Town Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies of the Town Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Town, and for appointing all other employees, except for School Department personnel.

The Town provides a full range of municipal services including public safety protection, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure, libraries, recreational activities, planning and zoning, education and administrative services. In addition, the Town operates water, sewer and solid waste utility systems.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of South Kingstown's financial planning and control. All departments of the Town are required to submit requests for appropriation and revenue estimates to the Town Manager on or before the last day of January each year. The Town Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. It is the responsibility of the Town Manager to submit a proposed budget for the following fiscal year to the Town Council on or before March 1<sup>st</sup> of each year. The Town Council holds several budget work sessions in March to discuss the details the Manager's proposed budget document. The Town Council may revise and adopt a preliminary budget not later than March 22<sup>nd</sup> of each year. Two public hearings are required to be conducted on the preliminary budget prior to April 18<sup>th</sup>.

Following adoption of the preliminary budget by the Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting the Council to increase or decrease by any amount any item of expenditure in the said budget or to insert a new item of expenditure. The Council, before final adoption of the budget, shall consider and vote upon each such petition(s) which were submitted on or before April 21st containing no less than twenty-five (25) valid signatures of qualified electors of the Town.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT (Continued)

The Council shall, on or before May 1<sup>st</sup> of each year, complete its consideration of any petitions and make any final changes in the preliminary budget it may deem advisable, and give final approval to the budget by a vote of a majority of all the members of the Council. Following final approval of the budget by the Town Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting that a referendum be held on the appropriation for the general fund or the school fund in the budget as approved. Such petition may propose a reduction or increase in the total appropriation for said funds.

The Town Clerk shall cause a referendum by ballot to be held on all budget changes requested on petitions provided that each such petition shall contain signatures of no less than two hundred of the qualified electors of the Town and shall request an increase or decrease of a sum of at least \$250,000.00. The qualified electors shall be instructed to vote either for the original total or for one (1) of the proposed increases or reductions thereof. The appropriation receiving the most votes shall be declared to have been adopted.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, major program function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers within a major program function may be made by the Town Manager, provided that proper notification is given to the Town Council. Contingency funds available at year-end are authorized by resolution of the Town Council to cover any deficits within general classifications.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for the general fund and the school unrestricted fund on pages 89-91 and page 92 respectively as part of the basic financial statements.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

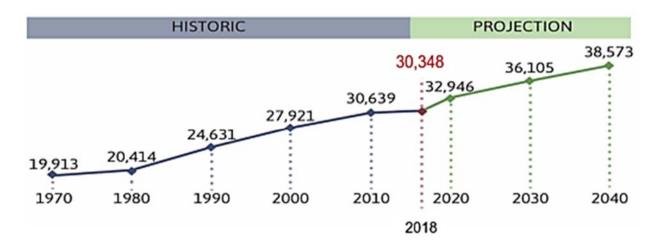
The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town of South Kingstown operates.

**Population, Housing, and Industry Characteristics:** The current population of South Kingstown is estimated to be 30,348.<sup>1</sup> While statewide trends show slow population growth, the population of South Kingstown is projected to increase steadily over the next 20 years, with as many as 38,573 persons living in South Kingstown in 2040.<sup>2</sup>

 <sup>2</sup> City and Town Population Projections. Rhode Island Statewide Planning Program. Website, http://www.planning.ri.gov/documents/census/tp162.pdf. Accessed 12/22/2020.

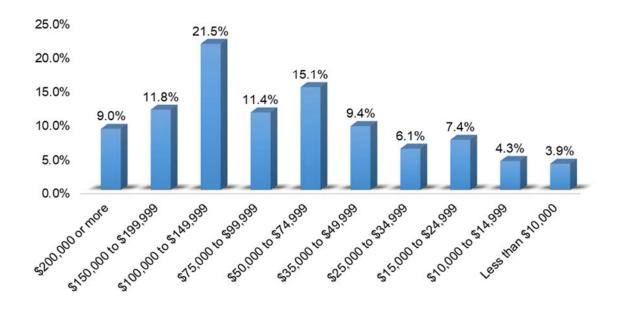
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 2019 American Community Survey. U.S. Census Bureau.

#### **Population Change in South Kingstown**



As of 2018, the median household income in South Kingstown was \$81,735,³ which represents an approximate 14.8% increase from the 2010 median household income of \$71,192.⁴ Additionally, 42.3% of all South Kingstown households earn over \$100,000 annually.⁵ Over 95.1% of South Kingstown's population are high school graduates or higher, compared to 88.0% statewide. Over 52.6% of the population holds a bachelor's degree or higher, compared to 33.3% statewide.⁶

#### Household Income



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. U.S. Census Bureau.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 2010 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. U.S. Census Bureau.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. U.S. Census Bureau.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 2018 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. U.S. Census Bureau.

The median sales price for a single-family home has continued to improve since the crash in the late 2000s. The median single-family home sales price value increased to \$370,000 in 2019. In 2014, median single-family home sales price in South Kingstown was \$326,316. The five-year comparison for South Kingstown indicates a 13% increase in single family home prices. Median home sales price continues to approach the 2005 high of \$374,500.8

As of March 2020, the Rhode Island seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate was 4.8%, up from 3.6% in March 2019. At June 2020, the Rhode Island seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate was 12.6% due to the economic shutdown as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. South Kingstown's not seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate was 3.6%, up from 3.4% in March 2019. South Kingstown's not seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate at June 2020 was 8.6%

Between 2014 and 2018, employment in South Kingstown increased from 13,893 full-time equivalent jobs to 14,012, an increase of 119 (0.86%) jobs. Private sector employers reported a gain of 301 (2.9%) jobs, and the public sector employment decreased by 181 (4.8%) jobs for the same time period.

In 2019, the top five employment sectors in South Kingstown were government (3,617 employees), health care and social assistance (3,072 employees), accommodations and food service (1,600 employees), retail trade (1,244 employees), and manufacturing (567 employees). Since 2014, employment in the health care and social assistance sector has increased 8.2%, up from 2,839 employees. Similarly, employment in the accommodations and food service sector has increased by 10.1% over the same time frame, up from 1,453 employees in 2014.<sup>10</sup>

**Local economy:** South Kingstown's economy is heavily influenced by the University of Rhode Island (URI), which had an enrollment of 17,637 students, including online students, for the 2019-2020 academic year, this represents a slight decrease from the 18,611 of the 2018-2019 annual enrollment.<sup>11</sup> This enrollment is supported by a faculty of 1,180 (full time teaching faculty of 776 and part time teaching faculty of 404). The University has a full time support staff of 1,827 and part time support staff of 170. Of the student population, approximately 5,600 students live on campus.<sup>12</sup>

The University's total budget for the most recent fiscal year was \$812.2 million. The University has invested, or is in the process of investing, more than \$902 million in capital improvements and projects over the past 12 years across all four campuses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 2020 Housing Fact Book - HousingWorksRI at RWU.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> 2006 Housing Fact Book - HousingWorksRI at RWU.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Local Area Unemployment Statistics. RI Department of Labor and Training. http://www.dlt.ri.gov/lmi/laus/town/town.htm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> RI Department of Labor and Training, Website, https://dlt.ri.gov/documents/pdf/lmi/town19ann.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> University of Rhode Island. Final Enrollment Report – Spring 2020. Website, https://web.uri.edu/ir/files/fer-spring20.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> University of Rhode Island. Website, <a href="https://www.uri.edu/about/facts/">https://www.uri.edu/about/facts/</a>.

At the University, capital project development has continued over the past year. Based on information found in URI's Capital Improvement Program for FY 2020-2024, the University anticipates investing over \$550 million in capital projects in the next eight (8) years. Major projects under development or substantially completed in 2019-2020:

- Fine Arts Center. The University has begun phase 1 to renovate the Fine Arts Center. This first phase is part of a larger \$71.5 million project will improve the 1966 & 1971 existing buildings by renovating part of the structure and replacing part with a new building to provide much needed improvements to support the ongoing Arts on campus.
- Health & Counseling Center. This proposed facility will enhance the availability of seamless care in meeting the psychological and physical wellbeing of students that will contribute positively to retention, graduation, and life success.
- Brookside Apartments. This approximately 203,000 square foot structure will feature apartments suites of six and four bedrooms that are fully furnished with a kitchen and bath. The facility will hold 500 beds.
- Narragansett Bay Campus Renewal Phase II. This proposed project is focused on the replacement of Horn Laboratories and the construction of the Ocean Technology Research and Education Center.

**Local Development Activity:** Over the past calendar year, South Kingstown continued to witness an increase in development activity in both the residential and commercial building sectors. Multiple projects are under construction and several have received at least one stage of approval, including:

- South Shore Country Club, a condominium development composed of a golf course and 303 manufactured homes for persons aged 55 and over is under construction. Over 70 of the homes have been sold. Homes are available from \$431,000 to \$500,000+. Construction is ongoing at this project.
- <u>Site work for The Woods at Stone Soup.</u> a 7 lot, 8-unit residential development, is ongoing.
- <u>Wakefield Alzheimer's Facility</u> measuring approximately 30,800 square feet in area, located at 521 Main Street, the Preliminary Plan was approved and is currently waiting for submission for final approvals.
- Bouchard Solar Energy Systems a five (5) megawatt ground-mounted principal solar energy system, measuring approximately 20 acres in size, at 681 Fairgrounds Road awaiting determination from the RI Department of Energy Resources before proceeding through the Major Land Development Process.
- <u>Wakefield Place Cottages</u>, has completed the pre-application phase to construct a cottage type development for nine (9) dwelling units at 93 Columbia Street.
- <u>1860 Kingstown Road</u>, a project to construct a new 7,545 square foot retail building is currently pending Development Plan Review with the Planning Board.
- Marina & Shellfish Hatchery Operations a proposed plan to develop a 3,600 square foot, two-story shellfish hatchery, and parking as a principal use, at 650 Succotash Road, MTK received Final Plan approval.
- <u>221 Robinson Street</u>, a proposal to construct a second story to existing retail building to contain ten (10) residential units is currently pending combined Conceptual Master Plan and Preliminary Plan approval.

- <u>Hillside Commons</u>, proposed development of 18 residential units, including a combination of detached structures has received Preliminary Plan approval and is in the process of completing the Final Plan submission.
- <u>Village at Curtis Corner</u>, a proposed Comprehensive Permit subdivision to create twenty-four (24) parcels at 55 Curtis Corner Road containing a total of thirty-two (32) dwelling units of which 8 units will be rented to Low and a Moderate Income (LMI) families received Conceptual Master Plan approval and has entered into the Preliminary Plan approval phase.
- <u>151 Old Tower Hill Road</u>, a proposal to renovate an existing building and convert it into 3 commercial retail/office spaces including a drive-thru received approval by the Planning Board and Zoning Board of Review, construction not yet started.
- <u>Tower Hill Landings Annex</u>, the proposed construction of an 11-unit multi-household structure at 2095 Kingstown Road received Preliminary Plan approval and is awaiting Final Plan submission.
- Shepard's Run, the Planning Board approved the Conceptual Master Plan and recommended approval of a text amendment and associated Zoning Map change which was approved by the Town Council for the redevelopment of the former Convent of the Sisters of the Cross and Passion. This change would allow the property to be redeveloped into a destination estate winery, resort, and event venue set on thirty-six acres just behind the Prout School located at 4780 Tower Hill Road (Route 1) called "Shepard's Run". This project is currently awaiting Preliminary Plan submittal for Planning Board review but the Board has recently initiated allowable interior renovations.
- Matunuck Beach Road Condominiums, an application for a Comprehensive Permit to create 12 units in 6 buildings has entered into the Conceptual Master Plan review phase for this Major Land Development project.
- Westerly Community Credit Union, proposed construction of a private overflow parking lot for Westerly Community Credit Union employees and guests and has received approval to combine Conceptual Master and Preliminary Plan Review which has not been submitted at this time.
- The Planning Board has also reviewed and/or is in the process of reviewing applications for five (5) medical marijuana compassion centers at the following locations:
  - South County Compassion Center 703 Kingstown Road, N&N Associates, Inc., applicant, 703 Kingstown Road, LLC, owner
  - Wakefield Compassion Center 40 Charles Street, Seven Point, Inc., applicant, Belmont Shoppers Park, Inc., owner
  - Rhode Island Care Concepts, Inc. 711 Kingstown Road, Rhode Island Care Concepts, Inc., applicant, RSP Realty, LLC, owner.
  - The Winding Rhode Compassion Center, Inc. 682 Kingstown Road, The Winding Rhode Compassion Center, Inc., applicant, Scot V. Hallberg, owner
  - Plant Based Compassionate Care, Inc. 91 Pershing Ave, Plant Based Compassionate Care, Inc., applicant, Brian McLaughlin, owner
- The Planning Board also received and reviewed a host of smaller 2-6 lot single family subdivision applications throughout the year.

**Long-term capital financial planning.** As a part of the annual budget process, the Town Manager prepares and presents a six-year capital improvement plan. This plan identifies costs and financing methods for those capital projects that the Town anticipates funding over the next six years. The 2020-2021 fiscal year capital improvement plan projects needs through fiscal year 2025-2026. The plan provides for the needs of the general government and addresses such issues as infrastructure, major equipment replacement, school facilities, public safety, recreation and open space purchases.

This plan estimates total project costs over the six-year period of approximately \$110,512,986. Financing, net of third party funding sources for these projects by debt issuance, approximates \$90,165,000. In addition, \$18,329,330 in capital projects to be funded on a "pay as you go" basis is projected over the same six-year period. The total estimated cost of the two components of the six-year capital improvement plan is \$128,842,316.

Major projects planned in the capital improvement program include: recreational fields and open space programs, affordable housing, village infrastructure, and senior services for \$1,380,000; town beach and marina improvements for \$545,000; general municipal improvements for \$14,237,986; school improvements for \$92,225,000; and utilities improvements \$1,000,000.

Cash management policies and practices. It is the policy of the Town to invest funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return, with the maximum amount of security, while meeting the daily cash flow needs of the Town and conforming to all state statutes governing the investment of municipal funds. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and money market mutual funds. In addition, some trust funds held corporate stocks and bonds in their investment portfolios. Investment income includes appreciation in the fair value of investments. Increases in fair value during the current year, however, do not necessarily represent trends that will continue; nor is it always possible to realize such amounts, especially in the case of temporary changes in the fair value of investments that the government intends to hold to maturity.

The Town engaged the services of an Investment Advisor to assist the Town and the Finance Director with the Town's first written investment policy that complies with the Government Finance Officers' Association recommendation that municipalities create an investment policy as a best practice. This policy provides for future opportunities with longer term investment durations in US Treasuries and Federal Agency obligations for the Town's pooled cash, 'core' funds and Town's pooled cash liquidity 'cushion' funds which are short term or within FDIC. The 2019-2020 fiscal year recognized an increase in the average investment rate of 0.52%; from 1.44% in the prior year to 1.96%.

**Pension and other post-employment benefits.** The Town of South Kingstown participates in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (MERS), an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan for all permanent employees, who work in excess of 20 hours per week, except for certified school department employees. As a matter of policy, the Town of South Kingstown fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by the actuary. The actuarial assumptions and methods used in the actuary's report comply with the parameters for disclosure that appear in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment to GASB Statement No. 68.

The Town of South Kingstown also provides postretirement healthcare benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. As of the end of the current fiscal year, there were 70 retired School Department and Town employees receiving these benefits. The Town has completed their required update of the OPEB obligations with a valuation date of June 30, 2020. The Town has established an irrevocable trust fund for the funding of Other Post-Employment Benefits and as such the financial statements include an OPEB Trust Fund and the related disclosure requirements and required supplementary information in accordance with GASB Statement No.74 and No. 75.

Additional information on the Town of South Kingstown's pension arrangements and postemployment benefits can be found in Note 9 on pages 48-62 and Note 10 on pages 63-69, respectively, in the notes to the financial statements.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of South Kingstown for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The Town of South Kingstown has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last thirty consecutive fiscal years (fiscal years ended June 30, 1990-2019). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. In addition, I would like to individually recognize Deputy Finance Director Rosalie Bouchard for her dedication and commitment to ensuring the operational excellence of the Finance Department. I sincerely appreciate the efforts of the entire Department in assisting with the preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report.

Finally, I would like to express my appreciation to the Town Manager and the Town Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Town in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Zachary J. Saul Finance Director

#### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

#### **TOWN OFFICIALS**

**JUNE 30, 2020** 

#### **TOWN COUNCIL**

Abel G. Collins, President

Bryant Da Cruz, Vice President Deborah J. Kelso

Rory H. McEntee Joe Viele

#### **TOWN MANAGER**

Robert C. Zarnetske

#### **TOWN ATTORNEYS**

PROBATE JUDGE

Michel A. Ursillo Andrew Teitz Amy Goins Terrence G. Simpson James P. Howe

#### **DEPARTMENT HEADS**

Building Inspection Official
Director of Administrative Services
Finance Director
Leisure Services Director
Library Director
Planning Director
Police Chief
Public Services Director
Town Assessor
Town Clerk

Wayne R. Pimental Aimee Y. Reiner Zachary J. Saul Theresa L. Murphy Laurel A. Clark Kaela Gray Joseph P. Geaber Jon R. Schock Jean-Paul Bouchard Susan M. Flynn



#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## **Town of South Kingstown Rhode Island**

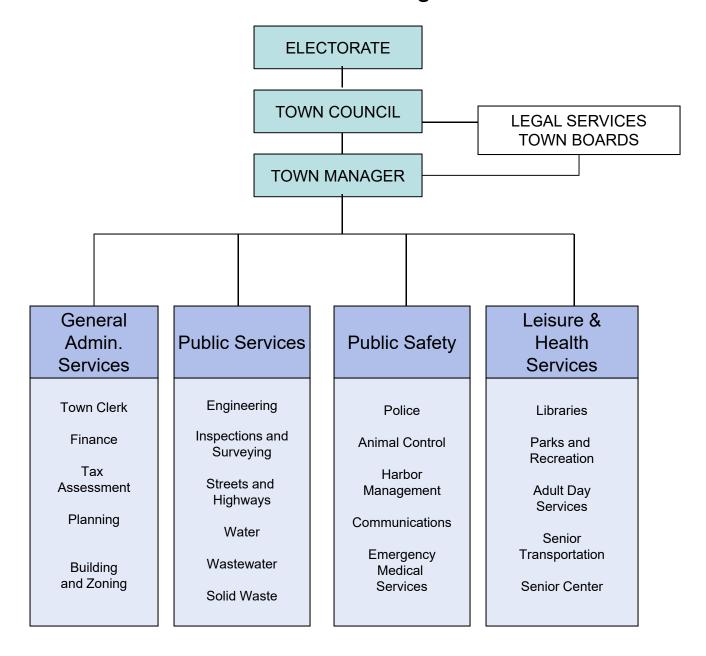
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

## Town of South Kingstown



## **Financial Section**



29 South Main Street P.O. Box 272000 West Hartford, CT 06127-2000 Tel 860.561.4000

blumshapiro.com

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Honorable Town Council
Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, Annual Supplemental Transparency Report and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is also not a required part of the financial statements of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, Annual Supplemental Transparency Report and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, Annual Supplemental Transparency Report and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2020 on our consideration of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

December 27, 2020

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

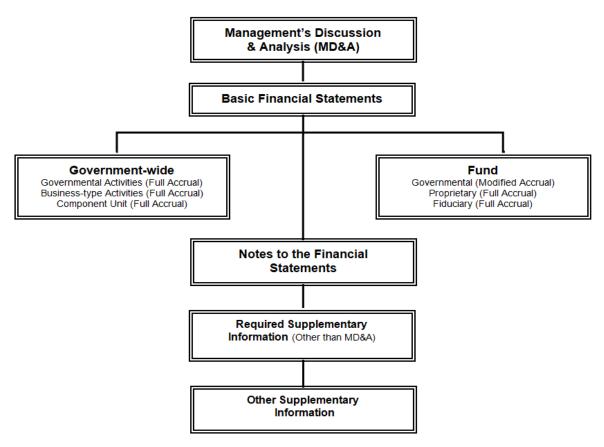
As management of the Town of South Kingstown, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-ix of this report as well as the Town's basic financial statements that follow this section. All amounts in the tables in this MD&A are expressed in thousands. All amounts in the narrative portion are expressed in real dollars.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- At the end of the fiscal year, the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$99,152,856, or 5.9%, from the prior year's amount of \$93,613,893. Net position was comprised mainly of \$99,569,814 attributable to the Town's net investment in capital assets, \$2,804,762 restricted, and (\$3,221,720) unrestricted.
- The governmental activities total net position increased by \$3,108,556, a significant increase based on the prior year due to positive operating results. Business-type activities net position increased by \$2,430,407 an increase of 7.3% over the prior year.
- The Town's unrestricted deficit decreased by \$1,204,400. The Town has significant investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$59,970,958. Approximately 26.5% of this total amount, \$15,898,927 is available for use at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- The remaining fund balance of \$44,072,031 includes \$908,813 in non-spendable funds, \$23,660,082 in restricted funds and \$19,503,136 in committed funds.
- The Town's total bonded debt increased by \$1,985,868 during the current fiscal year. Government activities increased by \$2,181,000 and Business-type activities decreased by \$195,132.
- Long-term liabilities reported an increase of \$1,650,482 which is the result of a net increase in general obligation bonds and bond premiums of \$2,195,293, compensated absences of \$231,932, net pension liability of \$2,610,261, and claims and judgements decreased \$78,348. A net decrease of \$3,308,656 was recognized in the net OPEB obligation.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of South Kingstown's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) introductory, 2) financial, and 3) statistical. As illustrated in the following chart, the financial section of this report consists of five components: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary.



The Town's financial statements present a focus on the Town as a whole (government-wide) as well as the major individual funds. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the Town government, reporting the operations of the Town in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives, government-wide and individual fund, allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis for comparisons year to year or government to government and enhance the Town's accountability.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of South Kingstown's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Government-wide financial reporting consists of two statements: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Town's assets, both short-term and long-term, while the Statement of Activities reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses as soon as the underlying event for recognition occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows, and provides a clearer picture of how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Revenues and expenses are reported in the statement of activities for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Over time, the increase or decreases in the Town's net position can be an indicator of the Town's financial condition. CAFR users should also consider additional non-financial factors in assessing the overall health of the Town. The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits I and II of this report.

The Town's government-wide financial statements are divided into three categories:

 Governmental Activities - Most of the Town's basic services including general government, public safety, streets and highways, planning, libraries, education and recreation are reported here. The majority of these activities are supported by property taxes, other local taxes and federal and state funding.

- Business-type Activities The Town's water, wastewater operations, solid waste and school
  cafeteria funds are reported here. Fees charged to customers to help cover the costs of providing
  these services.
- **Component Unit** Included as a blended component unit is the Friends of South Kingstown Parks and Recreation Fund. Although legally separate, this component unit is part of the primary governments operations.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Town's most significant funds and not the Town as a whole. Funds are an accounting tool that the Town uses to track resources that are segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Other funds are established to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the Town is using specific revenue sources such as taxes and grants for their intended purposes. The Town has three types of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

• Governmental Funds – The General Fund, School Trust Fund, Debt Service Fund, School Improvement Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Special Revenue Funds are governmental funds. Most of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. The School Unrestricted Fund has been included in the General Fund, in the basic governmental financial statements. These funds' statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Additional information is provided accompanying these statements that explains the relationship between the long-term focused government-wide statements and the short-term focused governmental fund statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits III through IV of this report.

- Proprietary Funds Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Like the government-wide statements, proprietary funds statements provide both long-and short-term financial information. The Town maintains two types of proprietary funds:
  - Enterprise Funds Similar to business-type activities included in the government-wide statements, the enterprise fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash-flow.
  - o Internal Service Funds The Town uses internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities. This is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses three types of internal service funds: (1) for medical costs incurred by persons covered by the health insurance plans and for plan administrative expenses, (2) accounting for accrued sick and vacation time for various governmental funds, and (3) for future purchases and/or replacements of non-major information technology (IT) systems and equipment to keep the Town's infrastructure up-to-date and within industry best practices. Because these funds predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages Exhibit V through VII of this report.

- **Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These fiduciary activities are excluded from the Town's government-wide financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town maintains three fiduciary funds:
  - Private Purpose Trust Funds Provides for resources legally held in trust for use by parties outside of the Town, and cannot be used at the Town's discretion or to support the Town's general operations. The activities are utilized for the care and maintenance of cemeteries within the Town.
  - OPEB Trust Funds Provides post-employment benefits for all vested full-time employees such as health, dental and life insurance for the Town and School retirees.
  - Agency Funds Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency funds consist of assets and liabilities for unclaimed estates that are in probate and student activity funds held in various school programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages Exhibits VIII and IX of this report.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide information that is essential for a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes also present certain required supplementary information. Included in the notes is the information pertaining to the Town's funding obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-74 of this report.

#### Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This section includes budgetary comparison schedules, a reconciliation between the statutory fund balance for budgetary purposes and the fund balances for the General Fund and School Fund, as presented in the governmental fund financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 75-86 of this report following the notes to the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 87-107.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Town of South Kingstown's combined net position, assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities by \$99,152,856 (government and business-type activities), at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (in 000s)

	Governm Activit		Business Activit		Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of	68,799 \$	61,419 \$	14,591 \$	13,662 \$	83,390 \$	75,081	
accumulated depreciation	86,623	86,322	23,244	21,404	109,867	107,726	
Total assets	155,422	147,741	37,835	35,066	193,257	182,807	
Deferred outflows of resources	17,488	19,219			17,488	19,219	
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	8,494	9,107	1,388	864	9,882	9,971	
outstanding	87,655	85,698	828	1,013	88,483	86,711	
Total liabilities	96,149	94,805	2,216	1,877	98,365	96,682	
Deferred inflows of resources	13,227	11,730			13,227	11,730	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	77,139	74,895	22,431	20,395	99,570	95,290	
Restricted	2,805	2,750			2,805	2,750	
Unrestricted	(16,410)	(17,220)	13,188	12,794	(3,222)	(4,426)	
Total Net Position	63,534 \$	60,425 \$	35,619 \$	33,189 \$	99,153 \$	93,614	

FY 2020, total assets for the Primary Government were \$193,257,006, an increase from prior year total assets by \$10,449,348. Total assets for only governmental activities were \$155,421,557, an increase of \$7,679,578 or 5.2%. Total assets from business-type activities increased by \$2,769,770. The largest portion of the Town's net position, 100.4%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Total liabilities were \$98,365,647, an increase of \$1,682,970 from \$96,682,677 in FY 2019. Total liabilities associated with governmental type activities increased by \$1,343,607 or 1.4% while total liabilities associated with business-type activities increased \$339,363 or 18.08% when compared to FY 2019.

A portion of the Town's net position (2.8% or \$2,804,762) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown, with one exception, is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The reported deficit for the unrestricted portion of net position decreased by approximately \$1,204,400 and is a result of the continuation of disclosing and reporting for Pension and OPEB, compounded with the Town's continued investment in capital assets.

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (in 000s)

		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total			
	_	2020		2019		2020	2019			2020		2019	
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	5,982	\$	6,008	\$	7,821	\$	6,375	\$	13,803	\$	12,383	
Operating grants and contributions		11,403		11,861		308		391		11,711		12,252	
Capital grants and contributions		1,130		829						1,130		829	
General revenues:													
Property taxes		76,896		74,364						76,896		74,364	
Motor vehicle phase-out taxes		773		654						773		654	
Telephone and hotel taxes		229		196						229		196	
Grants not restricted to specific													
programs		1,318		1,339						1,318		1,339	
Unrestricted investment earnings		2,358		2,376		419		438		2,777		2,814	
Total revenues		100,089		97,627		8,548		7,204		108,637		104,831	
	_												
Expenses:													
General government		6,439		5,567						6,439		5,567	
Public safety		12,853		11,890						12,853		11,890	
Public works		4,618		4,396						4,618		4,396	
Human service		908		1,005						908		1,005	
Public libraries		1,433		1,487						1,433		1,487	
Education		66,487		66,456						66,487		66,456	
Recreation		3,813		4,004						3,813		4,004	
Interest on long-term debt		416		289						416		289	
Wastewater						3,742		3,726		3,742		3,726	
Solid waste						589		613		589		613	
Water						1,042		917		1,042		917	
School Cafeteria	_					758		1,026		758		1,026	
Total expenses	-	96,967		95,094		6,131		6,282		103,098		101,376	
Change in net position before transfers		3,122		2,533		2,417		922		5,539		3,455	
Transfers		(13)		(19)		13		19		-		-	
Change in net position	-	3,109		2,514	-	2,430		941		5,539	-	3,455	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	60,425		57,911		33,189		32,248		93,614		90,159	
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	63,534	\$	60,425	\$	35,619	\$	33,189	\$	99,153	\$_	93,614	

#### **Activities**

In FY 2020, the Town's net position increased by \$5,538,963. Primary Government revenues increased from the prior year by \$3,805,973 or 3.6% to \$108,637,626. Program revenues (charges for services, grants and contributions) of \$26,643,661 accounted for 24.5% of all Primary Government revenues, while property and state taxes attributable to governmental activities accounted for \$77,898,175, 71.7%, of which property taxes is a major revenue source accounting for \$76,896,488. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs and unrestricted investment earnings account for the remaining \$4,095,790 or 3.8%.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Total revenues for all governmental activities were \$100,088,326. Governmental Activities' program revenues of \$18,514,633 accounted for 18.5%.

- Property tax revenues recorded for the 2020 fiscal year increased by \$2,532,292 or 3.4% over prior year.
   This increase is due to an increase in the amount of current and prior year taxes received.
- The Town's tax rate decreased from \$15.68 to \$14.45 per thousand dollars of assessed valuation. The growth in the total assessed value of taxable property, excluding motor vehicles, was 12.77%. Total net assessed value of all taxable property increased by \$565,446,217 from \$4,653,040,282 to \$5,218,486,499.
- Motor vehicle values decreased by \$6,352,159 over the prior year, from \$175,178,185 to \$168,826,026 and assumed utilizing an exemption value of \$3,000 per vehicle. Motor vehicle values are assessed at a rate of \$18.71 per thousand dollars of assessed value. This rate has been frozen by the State since FY1998. The impact of the decreases in value for all taxable property is directly related to the adopted Governor's FY 2017-2018 Recommended State Budget which changes the assessment criteria for determining vehicle value prior to calculating the motor vehicle excise tax beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year. The budget article proposes to reduce assessment values from 100% of National Automobile Dealers Association (NADA) clean retail value to 70% similar to the approach used by the State of Connecticut. The proposal does not change municipal vehicle exemption amounts or tax rates.
- Charges for services decreased by \$26,326. Recreation activities decreased \$116,511. Recreation experienced a decrease primarily in self-supporting programs and departmental revenues due to that restrictions that were implemented under emergency orders issued by the Governor in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Public Works experienced an increase of \$164,557 when compared to the prior year. The increase was the result of an overall increase in revenue relating to various building and permitting fees and real estate conveyance taxes of approximately \$160,670. Annual variances in several other functions were reported.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$458,163 or 4.0% from the previous fiscal year. The
  school department recognized an overall decrease of \$319,413. This is the net result of a decrease
  in funding for unrestricted state aid based on the revised State funding formula for education aid,
  restricted grants, and fund transfers. While recognizing pension contributions on-behalf of the district
  from the State in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- Unrestricted investment earnings slightly decreased \$17,970 from the prior fiscal year gain of \$2,357,925 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The School Trust Fund experienced gains of \$889,817. The increase was the result of favorable equity market conditions. The Town's investment policy provides for future opportunities longer term investment durations in US Treasuries and Federal Agency obligations for the town's pooled cash, "core" funds and town's pooled cash liquidity "cushion" funds which are short term or within FDIC limits.

Total expenses for Primary Government were \$103,098,663. Five activities: general government, public safety, education, recreation and business-type activities accounted for the majority of the expenditures, as depicted in the following amounts and percentages: \$6,439,271 (6.2%), \$12,853,296 (12.5%), \$66,487,416 (64.5%), \$3,812,750 (3.7%) and \$6,131,726 (5.9%), respectively. The Changes in Net Position table above is provided for the Town's government-wide activities for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. Major expense factors included:

- Governmental activities expenses increased by \$1,873,208 from \$95,093,729 to \$96,966,937, 1.9%. Overall decreases in spending for all governmental activities except for general government, public safety, public works, education and interest and fiscal charges. The increase is reflective of the recognition of depreciation expense in the governmental activities programs of \$4,664,015, an increase of \$161,070 from the prior year, as well as the recognition of capital assets and accounting for increases in compensated absence liabilities for all employees who accrued sick and vacation accruals at year end. All labor contracts for the town employees had a 2.5% cost of living increase, with the exception of SKNEA (2.75%) and IBPO (2.0%-3.0%). The recognition of Municipal Employees' Retirement System is also recorded within each function of the governmental activities.
- General government expenditure within governmental activities increased by \$872,660. Operating expenses decreased approximately \$440,765 when compared to prior. The decrease in operating expenses offset the increase expenses attributable to the recognition of depreciation expense, the addition of capital assets, pension adjustments, and the accounting for compensated absences balances when compared to the prior year in the amount of \$1,313,425.
- Public safety expenditures within governmental activities have increased by \$963,505. The increase
  is due to increases in salaries, overtime, longevity, pension contributions, healthcare benefits and
  OPEB contributions totaling \$722,240. Another substantial portion of the increase is attributable to
  the recognition of depreciation expense, the addition of capital assets, and accounting for
  compensated absences balances from the prior year in the amount of \$134,801.
- Public works expenditures increased \$222,112. Expenses related to operations and grants decreased by \$17,879. Expenditures related to the recognition of depreciation expense, the addition of capital assets, and accounting for compensated absences balances from the prior year increased \$239,991.
- A decrease of \$191,121 is reported in the recreation program. Operating expenses decreased approximately \$6,818 when compared to the prior year. The majority of the decrease in overall expenditures is due to a decrease in the recognition of depreciation expense, the addition of capital assets, and accounting for compensated absences balances from the prior year in the amount of \$184,303.

**Business-type activities.** Net position in business-type activities increased by \$2,430,407 resulting in a 7.3% increase in business-type net position.

Charges for services for business-type activities accounted for 96.2% of the total program revenue sources. The balance of revenues for business-type activities was from operating grants and contributions 3.8%. The increase in fair market value of investment in a gain of \$420,272 at year end.

• Charges for services for business-type activities increased from \$6,374,883 to \$7,820,733, an increase of \$1,445,850, 22.7%. The wastewater fund accounted for \$1,602,955 of the overall increase in this category. This increase is attributable to the increase in the user fees for single family dwellings. The School Cafeteria program decreased \$177,391 due to a decline in food service sales as a result of remote learning per the executive orders that were implemented by the Governor in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Operating grants and contributions recognized a decrease of \$83,115 in the School Cafeteria program. A review of the school cafeteria fund reports a negative change in net position of (\$3,576) for the fiscal year, thus decreasing the unrestricted net position from \$89,311 to \$85,735. The Town will continue to monitor the school cafeteria operations since a deficit has been reported in prior fiscal years.

Wastewater treatment expenses account for approximately 61.0% of the total expenses within the business-type activities of the Town. The school cafeteria fund, water fund and solid waste fund expenses account for 12.4%, 17.0%, and 9.6% respectively of the total business-type activities expenses for the 2020 fiscal year.

- Expenses in the wastewater fund increased by \$15,331 due cost related to treatment and sludge.
  The increase was offset by decrease in almost all other expense categories related to contractual
  obligations, capital improvements, depreciation expense, utility costs and administrative costs.
  The \$125,210 increase in water fund expenses was related to increases in repairs and
  maintenance, capital improvements, contractual obligations, and depreciation expense.
- Costs to operate the cafeteria fund decreased by \$268,188 related to contractual obligations that
  were reduced as a result of remote learning per the executive orders that were implemented by
  the Governor in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

As noted earlier, the Town of South Kingstown uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the Town of South Kingstown's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of South Kingstown's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$59,970,958. Of this amount, \$15,898,927 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned) within the Town. The remaining fund balance of \$44,072,031 includes \$950,000 committed to help finance the 2020-2021 town and school operating budgets. The remaining amount of \$43,122,031 consists of non-spendable fund balance of \$908,813, restricted fund balance of \$23,660,082 and committed fund balance of \$18,553,136.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The School Unrestricted Fund is used to report all financial transactions of the South Kingstown School Department but is considered a department of the Town since its major source of revenue is property tax dollars and is not a separate taxing authority. Therefore, the School Unrestricted Fund is reported within the Town Operating Fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, excluding the School Fund amount, the total General Fund balance was \$17,034,823 which represents an increase of \$2,542,635 over the prior year. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund budgeted expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 18.8% of the 2021 FY Adopted General Fund Expenditure Budget, while total fund balance represents 24.7% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the Town of South Kingstown's General Fund, excluding the School Fund, increased by \$2,542,635 as compared to the June 30, 2019 fund balance. This increase is the result positive operating results in the General Fund. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- The Town committed \$550,000 of fund balance to help finance the 2019-2020 General Fund budget. The
  planned drawdown of fund balance the prior year commitment of fund balance. The difference between
  the GAAP basis of accounting and the budgetary basis of accounting is the result of recognizing the fund
  balance commitment of \$550,000, as a revenue source under the budgetary basis but not the GAAP basis.
- On a budgetary basis, the operating surplus in the General Fund was \$2,704,637 for 2019-2020. Expenditures under budget contributed \$1,476,985 to the surplus, while revenues finished the fiscal year with a \$1,211,559 surplus. Other financing sources (uses) over budget increased the surplus by \$16,093.
- The deferral of filling vacant positions and/or the decision to eliminate a position through attrition allowed the Town to achieve personnel savings. In addition the Town abides by conservative spending guidelines when seeking to purchase commodities and other services. Favorable expenditure variances of significance, when compared to the budget, included savings in general government accounts \$349,588, public safety \$580,431, and public works \$451,823. Recreation, public libraries, and miscellaneous expenditures recognized a combined savings of \$95,143.
- Better than anticipated tax collections resulted in positive budget surplus variance in property taxes of \$296,188. Additionally, state aid revenues were higher than anticipated by \$158,557. Hotel taxes and state motor vehicle phase-out revenue exceeded budget by \$29,153 and \$104,721 respectively. Departmental revenues exceeded the budget by \$72,750. Business and non-business licenses and fees of \$265,573 contributed to the budgetary surplus as well. A success investment year was recognized by the surplus of \$418,491 in short term investment income. Positive variances were recognized in the five revenue categories.

The fund balance of the School Fund increased by \$1,673,022 as compared to the June 30, 2019 fund balance. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- The School committed \$475,000 of fund balance to help finance the 2019-2020 school's operating budget. The planned drawdown of fund balance was consistent with the prior year commitment of fund balance.
- A decrease in revenue of \$527,214 was reported for the fiscal year. Attributing to this deficit in revenue was a decrease of \$387,366 in state aid.

The school fund has a total fund balance of \$4,233,883 of which \$28,905 is committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period, \$1,200 is recognized as non-spendable for prepaid expenditures and \$450,000 is committed to help finance the 2020-2021 fiscal year budget. \$1,097,937 is committed to be returned back to the Town in fiscal 2021 to provide relief to tax payers due to unexpected cost surrounding the Town may incur are a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The remaining balance of \$2,655,841 is available to help finance future years' school budgets.

**Proprietary Funds.** The Town of South Kingstown's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position in the wastewater fund at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$8,876,214 an increase of \$660,801 over the prior year. Unrestricted net position in the water fund decreased by \$228,942 to a total of \$3,682,084. The school cafeteria operation maintains a surplus position of \$85,735 of which \$76,849 is unrestricted while the solid waste fund finished the year with unrestricted net position of \$547,007 which was a slight decrease in value of \$36,988 mainly attributed to legal and consulting fees associated with the closed West Kingston and Rose Hill landfills and depreciation expense of capital assets. The restricted fund balance of \$6,186 is related to grant revenues received by Rhode Island Resource Recovery for the purpose of training and educating the residence on the importance of recycling in our community, the balance remains unchanged from the prior year. The Town has been actively educating the importance of the recycling program.

Other factors concerning the finances of these four funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of South Kingstown's business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Overall the Town finished the 2019-2020 fiscal year with a \$2,704,637 budgetary surplus. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget involved transferring funds from departments with expenditure surpluses to departments with expenditure deficits.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The Town of South Kingstown's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2020 amounts to \$109,867,379 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The 2020 fiscal year resulted in an increase in value of investment in capital assets of \$2,141,246. The total increase in the Town of South Kingstown's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 2.0%. Depreciation expense as compared to the amount of capitalized assets recognized in the 2020 fiscal year, specifically, the amount of new capital assets being depreciated was \$5,187,216 for the governmental activities, however, the amount of depreciation expense was \$4,664,015, in comparison to the prior year of new capital assets of \$2,656,078 and depreciation expense of \$4,502,945.

#### **Town of South Kingstown's Capital Assets**

(Net of accumulated depreciation) in 000s

		Gover Acti				Busine Acti		• •		То		
	_	2020	_	2019	_	2020	_	2019	_	2020		2019
Land	\$	14,170	\$	13,798	\$	1,587	\$	1,587	\$	15,757	\$	15,385
Construction in progress		3,831		4,407		2,804		140		6,635		4,547
Land improvements		7,397		7,535		1,734		1,779		9,131		9,314
Buildings		18,266		19,007		2,352		2,544		20,618		21,551
Building improvements		19,926		17,900		1,535		1,645		21,461		19,545
Equipment		2,335		2,475		2,090		2,289		4,425		4,764
Vehicles		2,911		2,545		119		133		3,030		2,678
Infrastructure		17,532		18,349		10,913		11,182		28,445		29,531
Intangibles		255		306		110		105		365		411
Total	\$_	86,623	\$_	86,322	\$_	23,244	\$_	21,404	\$_	109,867	\$	107,726

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Town-wide purchases of new vehicles and equipment accounted for \$1,399,800 during the fiscal year these were mainly attributed to public safety and public services.
- During the fiscal year security and structural improvements to South Kingstown High School, Broad Rock Middle School, Curtis Corner Middle School, Matunuck Elementary School, Peace Dale Elementary School, Wakefield Elementary School, and West Kingston Elementary School account for \$1,943,464. Also, the HVAC system at Matunuck Elementary School was upgraded for \$1,378,168.
- Town building improvements accounted for \$41,140 of improvements. The projects included new carpet for the Town Hall Chambers, exterior painting of Robert Hale Library, and new doors for the Matunuck Beach Pavilion.
- A variety of road construction projects were completed and capitalized. Projects capitalized as infrastructure totaled \$435,700, which included work completed on Moonstone Beach Road and Sand Turn Road. Other minor upgrades and reconstruction work was completed.
- Construction in progress of the Governmental Funds decreased by \$576,173, from \$4,407,019 to \$3,830,846. Approximately, \$3,321,000 representing school projects that address improvement to educational and safety programs were completed during the fiscal year and the assets were reclassified to building improvements.

Additional information on the Town of South Kingstown's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 42 through 43 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown had total bonded debt outstanding of \$13,647,587, entirely backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. Bonds authorized but unissued totaled an additional \$4,605,000.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation bonded debt a town can issue to 3% of net assessed property values. However, all bonds approved through State enabling legislation and voter referendums are exempt from the limit. At June 30, 2020, the Town had a debt limit of \$156,554,595. Of the Town's \$13,647,587 in debt outstanding, \$3,189,898 is subject to the Town's legal debt limit. A balance of \$153,364,697 exists within the legal limit for additional bonds to be issued.

## Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds in 000s

		Governmental Activities				Busine Act		• •		Total			
	_	2020		2019	_	2020 2019		_	2020		2019		
General Obligation Bonds	\$_	12,834	\$_	10,653	\$_	814	\$_	1,009	\$_	13,648	\$_	11,662	

The Town's total bonded debt increased by \$1,985,868, 17.0% during the 2020 fiscal year.

On April 8, 2020, the Town Manager and Finance Director met with the Town's bond rating agency, Moody's Investors Services, to affirm the Town's Aa1 rating which is the highest local municipal rating in the State. In their credit opinion report issued on April 14, 2020, Moody's noted the Town's "moderately strong liquidity and reserve positions, manageable debt burden and sound management of long-term liabilities as credit strengths when determining the basis for their review and consideration. South Kingstown is one of only four Rhode Island communities that have a bond rating of Aa1. The Moody's credit report cited the following factors for the affirmation:

- The Aa1 rating reflects the Town's sizable tax base with elevated wealth and income levels, moderately strong financial position with adequate reserves, and a low debt burden
- Experienced management team who employ conservative budgeting and financial management practices
  that develop a well-defined capital plan, multi-year budget, and has supportive fund balance, and liquidity
  policies.
- University of Rhode Island is one of the anchors to the Town's economy and tax base
- Low debt burden and sound funding of OPEB liability, OPEB funded ratio is strong at 84% at June 30, 2019
- Locally administered pension plans have strong funded ratios

Additional information on the Town of South Kingstown's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 46-48 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- As of June 2020, the labor force in South Kingstown was 15,826 with employment at 14,470 yielding an
  unemployment rate of 8.6%, an increase of 5.7% from the prior fiscal year. It should be noted that the
  increase in unemployment was the result of the COVID-19 pandemic that is affecting all state and local
  municipalities across the country.
- The final budget for 2021 was adopted in the amount of \$86,003,584 which represents an increase of \$2,831,011, or 3.3% from the prior fiscal year. This increase was in response to the difficult economic environment in which the Town and the State of Rhode Island have been operating under.
- Property tax revenues for the fiscal year 2021 reflect an increase in the Town's tax levy of \$190,362 or 0.25% higher than the previous fiscal year. The property tax rate remained level at \$14.45 per thousand dollars of assessed value. Total taxable property increased by \$18,554,040 from \$5,218,486,497 to \$5,237,040,537.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance in the General Fund increased to \$17,034,823. The Town of South Kingstown has committed \$500,000 of this amount for spending in the 2021 fiscal year budget, \$33,861 is committed for future municipal planning projects and \$349,123 is committed for outstanding purchase orders at June 30, 2020. The Town maintains an unassigned fund balance of \$16,151,839 to use at its discretion.

**Requests for Information:** This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of South Kingstown's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 180 High Street, Town Hall, Wakefield, Rhode Island, 02879.

# **Basic Financial Statements**

	_	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,517,637 \$	4,360,962	\$	27,878,599
Investments	Ψ	38,713,936	9,037,474	Ψ	47,751,410
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles		5,543,421	1,025,823		6,569,244
Due from federal and state governments		329,540	19,204		348,744
Internal balances		(147,668)	147,668		
Prepaid items		3,560	147,000		3,560
Total current assets	-	67,960,426	14,591,131		82,551,557
Noncurrent Assets:	-	01,000,120	11,001,101	_	02,001,001
Net pension asset		542,293			542,293
Net OPEB asset		295,777			295,777
Capital assets not being depreciated		18,000,912	4,390,224		22,391,136
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		68,622,149	18,854,094		87,476,243
Total noncurrent assets	-	87,461,131	23,244,318		110,705,449
Total assets	_	155,421,557	37,835,449		193,257,006
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding		163,134			163,134
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		15,028,512			15,028,512
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		2,296,532			2,296,532
Total deferred outflows of resources	=	17,488,178		_	17,488,178
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		1,880,258	697,871		2,578,129
Accrued liabilities		2,490,210	165,704		2,655,914
Due to federal and state governments		103,430			103,430
Due to fiduciary trust funds		585,028			585,028
Unearned revenue		237,158	226,255		463,413
Deposits held in custody of others		178,610			178,610
Current maturities of long-term obligations	_	3,019,923	298,909		3,318,832
Total current liabilities		8,494,617	1,388,739		9,883,356
Noncurrent liabilities: Due in more than one year		87,654,652	827,639		88,482,291
·	=		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total liabilities	=	96,149,269	2,216,378		98,365,647
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0.000.050			0.000.050
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		6,360,658			6,360,658
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		6,789,796			6,789,796
Advance property tax collections	_	76,227			76,227
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	13,226,681	<del>-</del>		13,226,681
NET POSITION		77 400 000	00 400 704		00 500 044
Net investment in capital assets		77,139,083	22,430,731		99,569,814
Restricted for:					
Trust Purposes:		4 000 500			4 000 500
Expendable		1,899,509			1,899,509
Nonexpendable Unrestricted		905,253	12 100 240		905,253
	=	(16,410,060)	13,188,340		(3,221,720)
Total Net Position	\$_	63,533,785 \$	35,619,071	\$	99,152,856

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program Revenues		Net R Cha		
Function/Program Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 6,439,271 \$	612,142 \$	253,727 \$	9	(5,573,402) \$	\$	(5,573,402)
Public safety	12,853,296	1,480,139	181,924		(11,191,233)		(11,191,233)
Public works	4,617,718	1,125,256		781,967	(2,710,495)		(2,710,495)
Human service	907,803	161,627	261,506		(484,670)		(484,670)
Public libraries	1,432,553	10,265	270,988	98,000	(1,053,300)		(1,053,300)
Education	66,487,416	897,537	10,430,392	150,000	(55,009,487)		(55,009,487)
Recreation	3,812,750	1,694,592	4,571	100,000	(2,013,587)		(2,013,587)
Interest and fiscal charges	416,130				(416,130)		(416,130)
Total governmental activities	96,966,937	5,981,558	11,403,108	1,129,967	(78,452,304)		(78,452,304)
Business-type activities:							
Wastewater	3,741,834	5,552,428				1,810,594	1,810,594
Solid waste	589,050	661,902				72,852	72,852
Water	1,042,448	1,168,413				125,965	125,965
School cafeteria	758,394	437,990	308,295			(12,109)	(12,109)
Total business-type activities	6,131,726	7,820,733	308,295			1,997,302	1,997,302
Total	\$ <u>103,098,663</u> \$	13,802,291 \$	11,711,403 \$	1,129,967	(78,452,304)	1,997,302	(76,455,002)
	General revenues	:					
	Property taxes				76,896,488		76,896,488
	Motor vehicle ph	ase-out taxes			772,534		772,534
	Telephone and h	otel taxes			229,153		229,153
	Grants and contr	ibutions not restric	cted to specific program	IS	1,317,593		1,317,593
	Unrestricted inve	estment earnings			2,357,925	420,272	2,778,197
	Transfers:	•			(12,833)	12,833	-
	Total general r	evenues and trans	sfers		81,560,860	433,105	81,993,965
	Change in Net Po	sition			3,108,556	2,430,407	5,538,963
	Net Position at Be	ginning of Year			60,425,229	33,188,664	93,613,893
	Net Position at En	d of Year		9	63,533,785 \$	35,619,071 \$	99,152,856

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

	_	General	School Trust Fund	Debt Service Fund	School Improvement Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivable, net Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds Prepaid items	\$ _	18,767,438 \$ 12,537,443 1,363,021 52,526 2,907,645 1,200	625,977 \$ 18,857,037 8,268 5	884,173	\$	4,000,000	3,392,885 \$ 7,319,456 172,132 277,014 6,924,487 2,360	22,786,300 38,713,936 5,543,421 329,540 10,716,310 3,560
Total Assets	\$_	35,629,273 \$	19,491,287 \$	884,173	\$	4,000,000 \$	18,088,334 \$	78,093,067
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	CES	S AND FUND BA	LANCES		_			
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to state and federal governments Due to other funds	\$	1,186,742 \$ 2,348,067 102,920 9,695,591	20 \$		\$	378,234 \$ 2,526,483	315,262 \$ 75,440 510 378,970	1,880,258 2,423,507 103,430 12,601,044
Unearned revenue Deposits held in custody of others		150,535 178,610					86,623	237,158 178,610
Total liabilities	-	13,662,465	20	-	-	2,904,717	856,805	17,424,007
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources	-	621,875 76,227 698,102			· -			621,875 76,227 698,102
Fund balances: Nonspendable		1,200	413,233				494,380	908,813
Restricted Committed Unassigned		5,115,667 16,151,839	19,078,034	884,173		1,095,283	3,697,875 13,292,186 (252,912)	23,660,082 19,503,136 15,898,927
Total fund balances	-	21,268,706	19,491,267	884,173		1,095,283	17,231,529	59,970,958
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	35,629,273 \$	19,491,287 \$	884,173	\$	4,000,000 \$	18,088,334 \$	78,093,067

#### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

\$ 59,970,958

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets

(87,122,077) 86,623,061

173,745,138

Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:

Property tax receivables greater than 60 days

Net pension asset

Net OPEB asset

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB

2,296,532

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

1,883,375

Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds payable	(12,834,000)
Deferred charges on refunding	163,134
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(6,360,658)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(6,789,796)
Unamortized bond issue premium	(688,112)
Interest payable on bonds	(66,703)
Compensated absences	(4,719,390)
Net pension liability	(71,281,159)
Claims and judgments	(1,151,914)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I) \$ 63,533,785

		General		School Trust Fund		Debt Service Fund		School Improvement Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:												
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	76,736,260	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	76,736,260
Intergovernmental revenues		7,829,840				496,903		15,795		2,091,536		10,434,074
Licenses and fees		1,600,637						150,000		728,822		2,479,459
Investment income		1,092,327		889,817						366,643		2,348,787
Fines and charges		28,294								1,858,919		1,887,213
Departmental		1,099,591										1,099,591
Contributions										269,485		269,485
State on-behalf pension contribution		2,793,656										2,793,656
Other revenues		360,427						174,999		51,784		587,210
Total revenues	_	91,541,032	_	889,817	-	496,903	-	340,794	-	5,367,189	_	98,635,735
Expenditures: Current:												
General government		4,961,094		72,108		1,000				68,437		5,102,639
Public safety		11,797,384		,		,				541,204		12,338,588
Public works		2,853,815								180,285		3,034,100
Human service agency contribution		100.500								894,447		994.947
Public libraries		1,342,284								22,096		1,364,380
Education		61,339,896								1,301,481		62,641,377
Recreation		1,855,562								1,325,366		3,180,928
Debt service:		.,,								1,0=0,000		2,.22,22
Principal retirement						1,694,000						1,694,000
Interest and other charges						289,694		135,130				424,824
Capital outlay								1,971,241		2,851,006		4,822,247
Total expenditures	_	84,250,535	_	72,108		1,984,694	_	2,106,371		7,184,322	-	95,598,030
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
over Expenditures	_	7,290,497	_	817,709		(1,487,791)	_	(1,765,577)		(1,817,133)	_	3,037,705
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Issuance of general obligation bonds								3,875,000				3,875,000
Premium on debt issuance								260,130				260,130
Transfers in from other funds		782,996				1,879,876				2,824,003		5,486,875
Transfers out to other funds		(3,857,836)	_	(470,550)	_		_		_	(1,171,322)	_	(5,499,708)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(3,074,840)	_	(470,550)	-	1,879,876	-	4,135,130		1,652,681	-	4,122,297
Net Change in Fund Balances		4,215,657		347,159		392,085		2,369,553		(164,452)		7,160,002
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	17,053,049		19,144,108		492,088	_	(1,274,270)		17,395,981	_	52,810,956
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	21,268,706	\$_	19,491,267	\$_	884,173	\$_	1,095,283	\$	17,231,529	\$_	59,970,958

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ 7,160,002

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	4,983,250
Depreciation expense	(4,664,015)
Loss on disposition of capital assets	(18,315)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes collected after 60 days	160,228
Change in net pension asset	371,832
Change in net OPEB asset	295,777
Change in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	(1,574,769)
Change in deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	(122,675)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Bond issuance	(3,875,000)
Premium on bond issuance	(260,130)
Principal payments	1,694,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Amortization of deferred charges in refunding	(33,198)
Change in deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	556,880
Change in deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(2,099,419)
Amortization of bond premiums	50,705
Accrued interest	(8,813)
Change in long-term compensated absences	(199,139)
Change in net pension liability	(2,610,261)
Change in net OPEB liability	3,308,656
Change in claims and judgments	78,348

The net expense of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (85,388)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ 3,108,556

				/pe	Activities - En	ter	prise Funds			Governmental Activities
		ı	/lajor Funds				Nonmajor	-		
	Wastewater		Solid Waste	-	Water		School Cafeteria		Total	Internal Service Funds
Assets:										
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,234,314	\$	188,586	\$	937,472	\$	590	\$	4,360,962 \$	731,337
Investments	5,955,971		376,022		2,705,481				9,037,474	
Accounts and other receivables, net	695,730		55,609		274,484				1,025,823	
Due from federal and state governments							19,204		19,204	
Due from other funds			105				149,755		149,860	1,152,038
Total current assets	9,886,015	-	620,322		3,917,437		169,549		14,593,323	1,883,375
Noncurrent assets:										
Capital assets not being depreciated	2,296,263		1,005,003		1,088,958				4,390,224	
Capital assets, net of accumulated										
depreciation	13,412,431		1,721,552		3,711,225		8,886		18,854,094	
Total noncurrent assets	15,708,694		2,726,555		4,800,183		8,886		23,244,318	_
Total assets	25,594,709		3,346,877		8,717,620		178,435		37,837,641	1,883,375
Liabilities:										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable	528.350		41.259		116.722		11,540		697.871	
Accrued liabilities	141,568		2,570		21,566		,		165,704	
Due to other funds	1,879		,		313				2,192	
Unearned revenue	145.095						81.160		226,255	
Current portion of compensated absences	61,170		6,754		30,550		,		98,474	
Current portion of bonds payable	28,000		172,435		,				200,435	
Total current liabilities	906,062	-	223,018		169,151		92,700		1,390,931	
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Compensated absences	131.739		16.546		66,202				214.487	
Bonds payable after one year	87,000		526,152		00,202				613,152	
Total noncurrent liabilities	218,739		542.698		66.202		_		827,639	
Total Horioarion habilities	210,700	-	012,000		00,202				021,000	
Total liabilities	1,124,801		765,716		235,353		92,700		2,218,570	
Net Position:										
Net investment in capital assets	15,593,694		2,027,968		4,800,183		8,886		22,430,731	
Restricted for grants	-,,		6,186		,,		-,		6,186	
Unrestricted	8,876,214		547,007		3,682,084		76,849		13,182,154	1,883,375
Total Net Position	24,469,908	\$	2,581,161	\$	8,482,267	\$	85,735	\$	35,619,071 \$	1,883,375

			Activities - Ente	erprise Funds		Governmental Activities
	N	lajor Funds		Nonmajor		
	Wastewater	Solid Waste	Water	School Cafeteria	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:						
Other	5,408,994 \$ 143,434	641,897 \$ 20,005	1,160,189 \$ 8,224	437,990 \$	7,649,070 \$ 171,663	•
Total operating revenues	5,552,428	661,902	1,168,413	437,990	7,820,733	101,791
Operating Expenses:						
Wells			256,166		256,166	
Pumping	580,646		14,778		595,424	
Distribution			46,111		46,111	
Treating and sludge	2,052,690				2,052,690	
Transportation and disposal		424,876			424,876	
Administrative and general	284,848	99,360	423,979		808,187	
Depreciation	679,707	41,091	225,104	3,653	949,555	
Repairs and maintenance	5,555		76,310		81,865	
Health care management					-	2,600
Compensated absences					-	159,230
School cafeteria operations				754,741	754,741	
Other operating	135,747	12,463			148,210	34,487
Total operating expenses	3,739,193	577,790	1,042,448	758,394	6,117,825	196,317
Operating Income (Loss)	1,813,235	84,112	125,965	(320,404)	1,702,908	(94,526)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Income on investments	280,763	17,201	122,308		420,272	9,138
Intergovernmental				308,295	308,295	
Interest expense	(2,641)	(11,260)			(13,901)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	278,122	5,941	122,308	308,295	714,666	9,138
Income Before Transfers	2,091,357	90,053	248,273	(12,109)	2,417,574	(85,388)
Transfers In	4,300			8,533	12,833	
Change in Net Position	2,095,657	90,053	248,273	(3,576)	2,430,407	(85,388)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	22,374,251	2,491,108	8,233,994	89,311	33,188,664	1,968,763
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 24,469,908 \$	2,581,161 \$	8,482,267 \$	85,735 \$	35,619,071 \$	1,883,375

				Business-	уре	Activities - E	nterp	rise Funds				Governmental Activities
	_					Major Funds					-	
	_	Wastewater	_	Solid Waste	_	Water	_	School Cafeteria	_	Total	-	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:												
Receipts from customers and users	\$	5,337,362	\$	708,947	\$	1,142,056	\$	475,977	\$	7,664,342	\$	
Receipts from providing services Payments to suppliers		(2,602,257)		(514,605)		(683,338)		(794,398)		(4,594,598)		193,717 (34,487)
Payments to suppliers Payments for claims		(2,002,237)		(514,605)		(003,330)		(794,396)		(4,594,596)		(34,467)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating	_		_		_		_		_		-	(101,000)
activities	_	2,735,105	_	194,342	_	458,718	_	(318,421)	_	3,069,744	-	(2,600)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:												
Transfers in from other funds		4,300						8,533		12,833		
Nonoperating grants received	_		_		_		_	308,295	_	308,295	.=	
Net cash provided (used in) by noncapital		4.000						040.000		004 400		
financing activities	_	4,300	_	-	-		_	316,828	_	321,128	-	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:												
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(2,087,563)				(702,318)				(2,789,881)		
Principal paid on bonds		(27,000)		(168,132)						(195,132)		
Interest paid on bonds  Net cash provided by (used in) capital and	-	(2,641)	_	(11,260)	-		_		_	(13,901)	-	
related financing activities		(2,117,204)		(179,392)		(702,318)		_		(2,998,914)		_
	_		_		_		_		_		-	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:										0.4.550		
Sales of investments Interest on investments		44,370		2,276		14,924				61,570		9,138
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	-	44,370	-	2,276	-	14,924	_	-	_	61,570	-	9,138
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		666,571		17,226		(228,676)		(1,593)		453,528		6,538
, , ,		,		,						,		•
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	-	2,567,743	-	171,360	-	1,166,148	-	2,183	-	3,907,434	-	724,799
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	3,234,314	\$_	188,586	\$_	937,472	\$_	590	\$_	4,360,962	\$	731,337
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash												
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	_											
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$_	1,813,235	\$	84,112	\$_	125,965	\$_	(320,404)	\$_	1,702,908	\$_	(94,526)
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:												
Depreciation		679,707		41,091		225,104		3,653		949,555		
Change in assets and liabilities:												
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in due from other governments		(188,066)		47,045		(26,357)		14,434 5,211		(152,944) 5,211		
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments (Increase) decrease in due from other funds				17,911				12,895		30,806		91,926
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable				,•				,		,		
and accrued items		444,091		2,134		116,687		(57,763)		505,149		
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(454)				167		00.550		(287)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(27,000) 13,592		2,049		17,152		23,553		(3,447) 32,793		
Total adjustments	-	921,870	_	110,230	-	332,753	_	1,983	_	1,366,836	-	91,926
	_		_		-		_		_		-	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	2,735,105	\$_	194,342	\$_	458,718	\$_	(318,421)	\$_	3,069,744	\$	(2,600)
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:												
Capital assets contributed by Capital Projects Fund	\$_	-	\$_		\$_		\$_		\$_	-	\$	

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Cemetery Care Private - Purpose Trust Funds	_	OPEB Trust Fund	<u> </u>	Agency Funds
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other funds  Investments:	\$ 132,452 28	\$	585,000	\$	387,569
Mutual funds		_	17,841,875		
Total assets	132,480	_	18,426,875	\$	387,569
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deposits held in custody for others	1,750			\$	387,569
Total liabilities	1,750	-		\$	387,569
Net Position: Restricted for care and maintenance Restricted for OPEB benefits	130,730	-	18,426,875	•	
Total Net Position	\$ 130,730	<b>\$</b>	18,426,875	•	

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Cemetery Care Private - Purpose Trust Funds	OPEB Trust Fund
Additions:		_
Charges for services	\$ 3,000	\$
Employer contributions		1,909,528
Net change in fair value of investments		571,620
Interest and dividends	1,867	 422,456
Total additions	4,867	 2,903,604
Deductions: Benefit payments Operating expenses in accordance with agreement Administrative expense Total deductions	9,225 9,225	  1,324,528 38,206 1,362,734
Change in Net Position	(4,358)	1,540,870
Net Position at Beginning of Year	135,088	 16,886,005
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 130,730	\$ 18,426,875

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island (the Town). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

#### **B.** Reporting Entity

The Town was incorporated in 1723. The Town operates under a council/town manager form of government, with a five-member Town Council headed by a Council President. The Town Manager exercises the executive power of the Town government and is responsible to the Town Council for day-to-day operations of the Town's affairs. All legislative powers of the Town are vested in the Town Council.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its blended component unit, *Friends of South Kingstown Parks and Recreation*, an entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, the blended component unit is appropriately presented as a fund of the primary government.

#### C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and transit functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *School Trust Fund* accounts for the activity of various trust funds established for recreational and educational purposes. The fund's major source of revenue comes from donations and investment income.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The *School Improvement Fund* is used to account for the construction costs of various school improvements. The fund is primarily supported through the issuance of debt.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Fund is a proprietary (enterprise) fund used to account for the operation and maintenance of the regional wastewater treatment facility, which is owned by the Town and is primarily supported through charges to customers.

The *Solid Waste Fund* is a proprietary (enterprise) fund used to account for solid waste disposal operations of the Town. The fund is primarily supported through charges to customers.

The *Water Fund* is a proprietary (enterprise) fund used to account for the supply of public water to the South Shore and Middlebridge area of the Town. The fund is primarily supported through charges to customers.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* are used to account for the Town's self-insurance program for medical and dental health insurance coverage for persons covered by the health benefit plan of the Town and for payment of accrued compensated absences that arise and are not included in the annual budget. They also account for funds set aside for non-major technological improvements made to the Town.

The *Private Purpose Trust Funds* are used to account for resources legally held in trust for use by parties outside of the Town and cannot be used at the Town's discretion or to support the Town's general operations. The activities of the Town's private purpose trust fund are utilized for the care and maintenance of cemeteries within the Town.

The *OPEB Trust Fund* is used to account for funding of future other postemployment benefits such as health, dental and life insurance for the Town's and School Department's retirees.

The Agency Funds account for the various student activities and unclaimed probate estate assets.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

#### E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary, other postemployment benefit trust, and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

#### F. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### Investments

Investments for the government are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices).

#### **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of donated commodities are stated at fair market value. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

As the government constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs that are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets and that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land Improvements	15
Buildings	30-50
Building Improvements	10-40
Equipment	5-15
Vehicles	3-10
Infrastructure	20-50

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension/OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension/OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension/OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension/OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

#### **Equity**

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

#### **Net Investment in Capital Assets**

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

#### Restricted

Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### Unrestricted

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

#### Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

#### **Restricted Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

#### **Committed Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The Town Council is the highest level of decision-making authority and utilizes Town Ordinances as a formal procedure to commit fund balance.

#### **Assigned Fund Balance**

This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Town Manager which has been delegated authority by the Town Council.

#### **Unassigned Fund Balance**

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

#### **Fund Balance Policies**

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### **Program Revenues**

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property. Current tax collections for the Town, including the 60-day collections, were approximately 98.94% of the total 2019 levy. The Town's fiscal 2019-2020 property taxes were levied on July 1, 2019 on assessed valuation as of December 31, 2018. Upon levy, taxes are due and payable on August 1 or may be paid in equal quarterly installments on August 1, November 1, February 1 and May 1 following the levy date. The taxpayer may elect to pay the taxes in full by September 1, annually. Taxes due and unpaid after the respective due dates are subject to interest at a rate of 12% per annum calculated on the unpaid portion of the total tax. Property taxes levied are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy.

The Town completed a full revaluation of real and tangible personal property on December 31, 2012 and statistical revaluation performed on December 31, 2018. The latest assessed values were effective for the property tax levy beginning with fiscal year 2019-2020. The Town is required to perform two statistical updates every three years within the nine-year timeframe requirement of a full valuation.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town received \$643,778 from the State of Rhode Island as payment in accordance with legislation regarding the phase-out of motor vehicle tax. Motor vehicle values are assessed at a rate of \$18.71 per thousand dollars of assessed value. This rate has been frozen by the State since fiscal year 1998. In addition to freezing the tax rate, the State instituted a program to phase-out the taxation of motor vehicles over a ten-year period, by replacing the loss of motor vehicle tax income with State revenue. This program was restructured in fiscal year 2010-2011 whereby State reimbursement was limited to a maximum of \$500 per vehicle. In addition, the Town provides and additional \$2,500 exemption.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) and Employees' Retirement System plan (ERS) of Rhode Island and additions to/deductions from MERS' and ERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS and ERS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, OPEB Trust Fund and additions to/deductions from OPEB Trust Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Trust Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Vacation and Sick Leave

The government's policy permits certain employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick benefits. Upon retirement, termination or death, these employees are compensated for unused vacation and sick leave (subject to certain limitations) at their current rates of pay. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. For governmental activities, the General Fund is used to satisfy year this liability as it becomes due, while each enterprise fund accounts for all its settlement of business-type liabilities for compensated absences. The liability for compensated absences is accrued at varying amounts based on the collective bargaining unit contracts of the various unions and includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. The Compensated Absences Reserve Fund was established in June 2008 to account for the accrued liability. It is the recommendation of management to build assets in this reserve fund until 50% of the recorded liabilities are held in reserve. It is the intention of management to minimize property tax requirements to fund these benefits and, as such, transfers from the operating budgets have been recommended.

#### Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the wastewater fund, solid waste fund, water fund, school cafeteria fund and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### H. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### I. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through December 27, 2020, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

It is the responsibility of the Town Manager to submit a proposed budget for the following fiscal year to the Town Council on or before March 1st of each year. The Town Council may revise and adopt a recommended budget no later than March 22nd of each year. Two public hearings are required to be conducted on the preliminary budget prior to April 18th.

Following adoption of the preliminary budget by the Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting the Council to increase or decrease by any amount any item of expenditure in the said budget or to insert a new item of expenditure. The Council, before final adoption of the budget, shall consider and vote upon each such petition(s) that were submitted on or before April 21st containing no less than 25 valid signatures of qualified electors of the Town.

The Council shall, on or before May 1st of each year, complete its consideration of any petitions and make any final changes in the preliminary budget it may deem advisable, and give final approval to the budget by a vote of a majority of all the members of the Council.

Following final approval of the budget by the Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting that a referendum be held on the appropriation for the General Fund or the School Unrestricted Fund in the budget as approved. Such petition may propose a reduction or increase in the total appropriation for said funds.

The Town Clerk shall cause a referendum by ballot to be held on all budget changes requested on petitions, provided that each such petition shall contain signatures of no less than 200 of the qualified electors of the Town and shall request an increase or decrease of a sum of at least \$250,000. The qualified electors shall be instructed to vote either for the original total of for one of the proposed increases or reductions thereof. The appropriation receiving the most votes shall be declared to have been adopted.

The Town Manager may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balances among departments within a major program function and shall report such transfers to the Council in writing in a timely manner. Major program functions within the General Fund are as follows:

- Town general government
- Public safety program
- Public works program
- Human service agency contributions
- Recreation department
- Library services
- Insurances, fund contingency and employment benefits program
- Capital improvement program
- Debt services program
- Transfer to schools

Based on State Statutes, the School Committee is also authorized to spend funds up to the total amount appropriated for the School Unrestricted Fund, which is considered the fund level.

The budget of the School Unrestricted Fund is prepared annually and submitted to the School Committee for approval. The amount of the annual transfer from the Town's General Fund to the School Unrestricted Fund is ultimately determined through the adoption of the General Fund budget.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and the School Unrestricted Fund. The Capital Projects Fund is appropriated on a project-length basis. Other special revenue funds and the permanent funds do not have appropriated budgets since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards and endowment requirements) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

#### B. Deficit Fund Equity and Accumulated Deficits

The Recreation Minor Improvement Fund and Guild Renovation Fund, nonmajor capital project governmental funds, have deficits of \$238,912 and \$14,000, respectively, at June 30, 2020. The deficits in these funds will be funded with future authorized debt issuances.

#### 3. CASH DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

#### A. Deposits

Substantially all of the Town's cash and cash equivalents are held in public deposit institutions. Pursuant to Section 35-10.1 of the Rhode Island General Laws, as of October 1, 1991, public deposit institutions are required to insure accounts that hold public funds in excess of the \$250,000 which is guaranteed by FDIC. At times, the Town pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash and maximize investment returns.

#### **Deposit Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk in the case of deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. Rhode Island public law requires 100% of public deposits in a qualified public depository with maturities greater than sixty (60) days are collateralized with either bank segregated assets, in a trust department or in custodial accounts at a Federal Reserve Bank or federal home loan bank. The Town has adopted a "statement of investment objectives, goals and policy guidelines" for investments held in the School Trust Fund. In addition, the Town has guidelines for deposits authorized by Town Code Sec. 4233.H. As such, the entire bank balance of the Town as of June 30, 2020 of \$28,756,433 was insured or collateralized.

#### B. Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. As of June 30, 2020, the cash equivalent amounted to \$671,217. The cash equivalents consisted of certificates of deposit and money market mutual funds held at banking institutions and were not rated.

#### 4. INVESTMENTS

State statutes and the Town Charter authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. In addition, the Town has an investment policy that provides for future opportunities longer term investment durations in US Treasuries and Federal Agency obligations for the town's pooled cash, "core" funds and Town's pooled cash liquidity "cushion" funds, which are short term or within FDIC limits.

		_	Investm	ent Maturities (\	(ears)
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 - 10	More Than 10
Interest-bearing investments:					
U.S. Government securities	Aaa \$	3,645,958 \$	\$	3,645,958 \$	
U.S. Government agencies	Aaa	20,669,346		20,669,346	
Corporate bonds	Aaa _	2,847,101		2,847,101	
Total		27,162,405 \$	\$	27,162,405 \$	
Other investments:					
Common stock		31,585			
Mutual Funds	_	38,399,295			
Total Investments	\$_	65,593,285			

#### Interest Rate Risk

Approximately 41% of the Town's investments are in long-term corporate bonds, government bonds, asset-backed securities and certificate of deposits that have interest rates that are fixed for long periods and are subject to more variability in their fair value as a result of future changes in interest rates. The remaining approximately 59% of the investments are held in common stock and mutual funds. These investments do not specify year an interest rate; rather, the rate of return is dependent on operating results and economic conditions.

#### Credit Risk

State law limits investments in U.S. Treasury bills, U.S. Treasury notes and bonds, U.S. Agency obligations, certificate of deposits, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, money market mutual funds and money market mutual funds. It is the government's policy to limit its investments in these investment types.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2020, the Town had a diversified portfolio and was not deemed to be concentrated in any one investment category. Although approximately 59% of the investments were held in common stock and mutual funds, these investments were in a wide range of companies and various industries enabling the Town to minimize its risk.

The Town has adopted a "statement of investment objectives, goals and policy guidelines" for investments held in the School Trust Fund, which is where approximately 29% of the Town's investments are maintained. The Town has an investment policy that provides for future opportunities for longer term investment durations in U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency Obligations for the Town's pooled cash, "core" funds and the Town's pooled cash liquidity "cushion" funds which are short term or FDIC insured.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not believe that it has a significant custodial credit risk as substantially all investment securities are registered and held in the name of the Town.

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

	June 30,			Fair Va	nts	nts Using		
		2020	-	Level 1	Level 2		Level 3	
Investments by fair value level:	_							
U.S. Government securities	\$	3,645,958	\$	3,645,958	\$	\$		
U.S. Government agencies		20,669,346		20,669,346				
Corporate bonds		2,847,101			2,847,101			
Common stock		31,585		31,585				
Mutual funds	_	38,399,295	_	38,399,295		_		
						_	_	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$_	65,593,285	\$	62,746,184	\$ 2,847,101	\$_		

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

#### 5. RECEIVABLES

Amounts are aggregated into one accounts receivable line (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts) and for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is the detail of receivables for each major governmental fund and the aggregate remaining funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

	_	General		School Trust Fund	 School Improvement Fund	 Wastewater	 Solid Waste	 Water	_	School Cafeteria		Nonmajor and Other Funds	_	Total
Receivables:														
Accounts	\$	405,801	\$	8,268	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 682,161	\$ 55,609	\$ 275,484	\$		\$	172,132	\$	5,599,455
Property taxes		1,381,298												1,381,298
Tax liens		372,926												372,926
Other governments		52,526								19,204		277,014		348,744
Special assessments	_		_			 31,069		 	_		_		_	31,069
Gross receivables		2,212,551		8,268	4,000,000	713,230	55,609	275,484		19,204		449,146		7,733,492
Less allowance for														
uncollectibles	_	(797,004)				 (17,500)		 (1,000)	-				-	(815,504)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	1,415,547	\$_	8,268	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 695,730	\$ 55,609	\$ 274,484	\$_	19,204	\$	449,146	\$_	6,917,988

#### 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

#### A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Receivable Fund		Amount	
School Trust Fund	General Fund	\$	5
Debt Service Fund	General Fund		884,173
Solid Waste Fund	General Fund		105
School Cafeteria	General Fund		149,755
Internal Service Fund	General Fund		1,152,038
Fiduciary Funds	General Fund		585,028
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund		6,924,487
General Fund	Wastewater Fund		1,879
General Fund	Water Fund		313
General Fund	School Improvement Fund		2,526,483
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	_	378,970
Tatal		æ	10 602 226
Total		\$_	12,603,236

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from advances from one fund (primarily the General Fund) to another fund. The advances may represent balances resulting from operating advances or reimbursement for expenditures paid by one fund on behalf of another fund.

#### **B. Interfund Transfers**

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	_								
		General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Wastewater Fund	School Cafeteria	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Transfers Out
Transfers out:				_					
General Fund	\$		\$ 1,435,000	\$	4,300	\$ 8,533	\$ 2,410,003	\$	3,857,836
School Trust Fund		56,550					414,000		470,550
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		726,446	444,876	_			 	_	1,171,322
Transfers In	\$_	782,996	\$ 1,879,876	\$	4,300	\$ 8,533	\$ 2,824,003	\$_	5,499,708

During the year, transfers are used to provide a financing source to various funds that may not have the ability to cover all operating costs with revenue generated by the fund.

#### 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 for governmental activity was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Adjustments/ Increases	Adjustments/ Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	13,797,859	\$	372,207	\$ ;	\$	14,170,066
Construction in progress		4,407,019		3,305,930	3,882,103		3,830,846
Total capital assets not being depreciated		18,204,878	,	3,678,137	3,882,103	_	18,000,912
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Land improvements		10,978,498		18,000			10,996,498
Buildings		37,826,872					37,826,872
Building improvements		43,486,288		3,435,508			46,921,796
Equipment		6,772,235		240,363	15,400		6,997,198
Vehicles		6,830,538		1,057,649	616,272		7,271,915
Infrastructure		44,777,503		435,696			45,213,199
Intangibles		516,748					516,748
Total capital assets being depreciated	_1	51,188,682		5,187,216	631,672	-	155,744,226
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements		3,443,938		155,426			3,599,364
Buildings		18,819,533		741,536			19,561,069
Building improvements		25,586,268		1,410,142			26,996,410
Equipment		4,297,155		374,048	9,497		4,661,706
Vehicles		4,285,813		679,352	603,860		4,361,305
Infrastructure		26,428,257		1,252,540			27,680,797
Intangibles	_	210,455		50,971		_	261,426
Total accumulated depreciation	_	83,071,419		4,664,015	613,357	_	87,122,077
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	68,117,263	į	523,201	18,315	_	68,622,149
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	86,322,141	\$	4,201,338	\$ 3,900,418	\$_	86,623,061

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	219,490
Public safety		540,752
Public works		1,546,404
Public libraries		113,971
Education		1,624,077
Recreation	_	619,321
	_	
Total	\$_	4,664,015

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 for business-type activity was as follows:

	•	Beginning Balance		Adjustments/ Increases	<u>.</u>	Adjustments/ Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,586,530	\$		\$		\$	1,586,530
Construction in progress		140,451		2,663,243				2,803,694
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,726,981		2,663,243		-	-	4,390,224
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements		2,682,148						2,682,148
Buildings		10,563,287						10,563,287
Building improvements		3,241,676						3,241,676
Equipment		7,111,325		76,552				7,187,877
Vehicles		465,570		25,236		21,415		469,391
Infrastructure		20,843,425						20,843,425
Intangibles		174,842	_	24,850				199,692
Total capital assets being depreciated		45,082,273	•	126,638		21,415	-	45,187,496
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		902,779		45,496				948,275
Buildings		8,019,154		192,038				8,211,192
Building improvements		1,595,966		109,311				1,705,277
Equipment		4,822,527		275,830				5,098,357
Vehicles		333,027		38,853		21,415		350,465
Infrastructure		9,661,875		268,058				9,929,933
Intangibles		69,934		19,969			_	89,903
Total accumulated depreciation		25,405,262		949,555		21,415	-	26,333,402
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	•	19,677,011		(822,917)	i		_	18,854,094
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	21,403,992	\$	1,840,326	\$		\$_	23,244,318

Depreciation was charged to the following business-type activities of the primary government as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Wastewater	\$ 679,707
Solid Waste	41,091
Water	225,104
Cafeteria	 3,653
	 _
Total	\$ 949,555

#### 8. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		General Fund		School Trust Fund		School Improvement Fund		Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Fund balances: Nonspendable for:	_		-		•		-		•	_		
•	¢.	1 200	Φ		Φ.		\$		\$	2.260	<b>ተ</b>	2 560
Prepaids Endowment for recreation and education	\$	1,200	Ф	413.233	\$		Ф		Ф	2,360	Ф	3,560 413,233
Permanent funds				410,200						492.020		492.020
Restricted for:										102,020		102,020
Recreational and educational				19,078,034						638,926		19,716,960
Asset forfeiture				10,070,001						240,189		240,189
Maintenance of historical records										131,683		131,683
Libraries operations										1,664,331		1,664,331
K-9 Grant										12,229		12,229
Recycling program										55,896		55,896
Miscellaneous donations fund										25,193		25,193
Open space acquisition										597,602		597,602
Human services										331,826		331,826
Debt service								884,173				884,173
Committed to:												
General government - encumbrances		31,707										31,707
Public safety department - encumbrances		251,571										251,571
Public works - encumbrances		43,306										43,306
Human Services - encumbrances		5,000										5,000
Libraries - encumbrances		7,132										7,132
Recreation - encumbrances		10,407										10,407
Municipal planning		33,861										33,861
To balance future budgets - Town		500,000										500,000
To balance future budgets - Schools School surplus committed for Town		450,000										450,000
Education encumbrances		1,097,937 28,905										1,097,937 28,905
Education		2,655,841										26,905
Affordable housing		2,000,041								70,578		70,578
Animal shelter renovations										390,303		390,303
Elderly services										237,079		237,079
Public safety support										1,743,060		1,743,060
Operation of Peacedale Office Building										184,368		184,368
Property revaluation										267,916		267,916
Maintenance of South Road School										389,419		389,419
Municipal planning services grant										346		346
Community development										35,885		35,885
Capital equipment acquisitions										1,263,144		1,263,144
Data processing improvements										113,500		113,500
Park construction and maintenance										48,898		48,898
Library improvements										203,374		203,374
Public safety building improvement										402,195		402,195
Public service office building improvements										125,382		125,382
Infrastructure improvements										954,976		954,976
Recreation facility improvement						4 005 000				312,751		312,751
School improvement						1,095,283				47.000		1,095,283
Substance abuse treatment										17,069		17,069
Kingstown Recreation Fund										203,790		203,790
Senior Services Center Construction Wastewater Construction										25,004 5,646,308		25,004 5,646,308
Town hall improvements										656,841		656,841
Unassigned	_	16,151,839	_				_			(252,912)	_	15,898,927
Total Fund Balances	\$_	21,268,706	\$	19,491,267	\$	1,095,283	\$	884,173	\$	17,231,529	\$_	59,970,958

Major encumbrances of \$378,028 are reported in the committed fund balance of the General Fund and represent action taken by the governing body, Town Council, to commit future resources for the settlement of these commitments.

#### **Endowments Received**

	_	School Trust Fund
Original principal received	\$	413,233
Net appreciation on investments	_	19,078,034
Total Value	\$	19,491,267

The original principal remains in the net position on the Statement of Activities and is restricted for the trust principal on the balance sheet - governmental funds. The net appreciation of \$19,078,034 can be authorized for expenditure by the Trustees of South Kingstown School Funds. Income is distributed in keeping with the provisions of the appropriate deed of gift.

The Trustees of the South Kingstown School Funds is a corporation which was created by an Act of the General Assembly at its January Session in 1911. Section 2 of the Act established that the Corporation is authorized to receive and manage all school and educational funds which are placed in its care.

The policy for authorizing and spending investment income is outlined in section III of the Statement of Investment Objectives, Goals and Policy Guidelines for The Trustees. A target spend rate of up to 5% of the portfolio using a trailing twenty (20) quarter average of the market value and to preserve and enhance the future purchasing power of the assets after considering the spending policy.

#### 9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

#### A. General Obligation Bonds

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year with maturities that range from 15 to 20 years. General obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2020
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
School Improvement Series 2009 A	11/12/09	11/01/29	2.55% - 5.00% \$	1,200,000	\$ 600,000
Advance refunding	11/13/12	06/15/24	1.90%	4,263,000	1,209,000
Advance refunding	04/08/15	06/15/27	2.00% - 4.00%	6,935,000	2,320,000
Community Gymnasium / School Imp. Series 2017	08/16/17	08/15/37	2.00% - 4.00%	5,420,000	4,830,000
School Improvement Series 2020 A	05/12/20	05/15/40	2.75% - 4.00%	3,875,000	3,875,000
Total governmental activities			-	21,693,000	12,834,000
Business Type Activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
Wastewater fund - GO bond	11/13/02	09/01/23	1.38%	500,000	115,000
Solid waste fund - GO bond	09/03/02	09/01/22	1.14%	2,000,000	374,587
Solid waste fund - GO bond	11/22/05	09/01/25	1.34%	950,000	324,000
Total business-type activities				3,450,000	813,587
Total Outstanding			\$	25,143,000	\$ 13,647,587

The Wastewater and Superfund bonds payable presented in the financial statements as direct liabilities of the Wastewater and Solid Waste funds are general obligations of the Town backed ultimately by its taxing power. Because the proceeds of the bonds are used entirely for the benefits of the Wastewater and Solid Waste Funds, the liabilities and the related debt service of these bonds are accounted for in these funds. The Wastewater and Superfund bonds are considered direct placement debt held by the Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank. The agreements do not contain any financial covenants or specify any significant events of default or termination events with finance-related consequences or acceleration clauses.

#### B. Legal Debt Margin

Of the Town's \$13,647,587 total bonds payable (including bonds payable for the wastewater and solid-waste enterprise funds), approximately \$3,189,898 is subject to its legal debt limits. The \$3,189,898 outstanding does not exceed the Town's legal debt limit of \$156,554,595 which is 3% of the assessed value (\$5,218,486,499) of taxable property of the Town as of December 31, 2018. The total long-term debt bond obligations of the Town of \$13,647,587 represent approximately 0.26% of the assessed value of the taxable property of the Town at June 30, 2020 (assessment date December 31, 2018).

#### C. Authorized But Unissued Bond Authority

The Town has the following remaining authorized but unissued bond authority as of June 30, 2020:

Purpose	<u> </u>	Authorized Amount	_	Issued	· -	Authorized and Unissued
School capital improvements	\$	4,000,000	\$	3,980,000	\$	20,000
Town hall improvements		300,000				300,000
Municipal land bank reserve		750,000				750,000
School/community gymnasium		4,150,000		4,055,000		95,000
Capital transportation improvement		400,000		385,000		15,000
Open space		3,000,000		700,000		2,300,000
Neighborhood Guild		1,000,000				1,000,000
School improvements	_	4,000,000		3,875,000		125,000
			_			
Total	\$_	17,600,000	\$_	12,995,000	\$	4,605,000

#### D. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the government's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Beginning				Ending		<b>Due Within</b>
	_	Balance		Additions	 Reductions	 Balance	_	One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds Issuance premium on bonds	\$	10,653,000 478,687	\$	3,875,000 260,130	\$ 1,694,000 50,705	\$ 12,834,000 688,112	\$	1,370,000
Total bonds payable	-	11,131,687		4,135,130	1,744,705	13,522,112		1,370,000
Compensated absences		4,520,251		1,430,953	1,231,814	4,719,390		1,571,575
Net pension liability		68,670,898		2,610,261		71,281,159		
Net OPEB liability		3,308,656			3,308,656	-		
Claims and judgments	_	1,230,262			 78,348	 1,151,914	_	78,348
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	88,861,754	\$_	8,176,344	\$ 6,363,523	\$ 90,674,575	\$_	3,019,923
Business-Type Activities: Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds	\$	1,008,719	\$		\$ 195,132	\$ 813,587	\$	200,435
Compensated absences		280,168		116,761	83,968	312,961		98,474
Total Business-Type Activities			_				_	
Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	1,288,887	\$	116,761	\$ 279,100	\$ 1,126,548	\$_	298,909

Compensated absences are normally liquidated by the General Fund inclusive of the School Department. Claims and judgments are liquidated by Solid Waste Fund. The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund inclusive of the School Department.

The debt service requirements for the government's bonds are as follows:

	_	Governmen	tal /	Activities		Business-Ty	/pe	Activities
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2021	\$	1,370,000	\$	382,452	\$	200,435	\$	13,126
2022		1,353,000		345,608		204,832		9,530
2023		1,128,000		306,278		210,320		5,834
2024		1,003,000		270,486		84,000		3,112
2025		975,000		236,869		55,000		1,722
2026-2030		3,075,000		827,604		59,000		589
2031-2035		2,225,000		439,438				
2036-2040	_	1,705,000	_	117,963			_	
			_				_	
Total	\$_	12,834,000	\$_	2,926,698	\$_	813,587	\$_	33,913

#### 10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

### A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island - General, Police and EMT

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

#### **Plan Description**

All full-time town, noncertified school department general employees, police and emergency medical technicians participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) - an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at www.ersri.org.

#### **Benefits Provided**

General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

Salary: Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under IRC Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

Service: Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

Final Compensation: Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable FAC will be the greater of the member's highest three-year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five-year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.

#### General Employees

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012 as described above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with 33 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

#### Police and EMT Employees

Members are eligible to retire when they are at least 50 years old and have a minimum of 25 years of contributing service or if they have 27 years of contributing service at any age. Members with less than 25 years of contributing service are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age.

Members who, as of June 30, 2012, had at least 10 years of contributing service, had attained age 45, and had a prior Retirement Date before age 52 may retire at age 52.

Active members on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date, as described in this section, and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members designated as police officers or firefighters were eligible for retirement at or after age 55 with credit for at least 10 years of service or at any age with credit for 25 or more years of service. Members were also eligible to retire and receive a reduced benefit if they are at least age 50 and have at least 20 years of service. If the municipality elected to adopt the 20-year retirement provisions for police officers and/or firefighters, then such a member was eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

A monthly benefit is paid equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service, up to 37.5 years (75% of FAC maximum).

If the optional 20-year retirement provisions were adopted by the municipality prior to July 1, 2012: benefits are based on 2.50% of the member's FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 2.00% of the member's FAC for each year of service after July 1, 2012. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC.

Active members (including future hires), members who retire after July 1, 2015 and after attaining age 57 with 30 years of service will have a benefit equal to the greater of their current benefit described in (a) and (b) above and one calculated based on a 2.25% multiplier for all years of service.

#### Other Benefit Provisions

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA (age 55 for members designated as police officers and/or firefighters). When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

- A. The COLA will be suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%; however, an interim COLA may be granted in four-year intervals while the COLA is suspended. The first interim COLA may begin January 1, 2018.
- B. Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%
- C. The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on the every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$25,000 for 2013, \$25,000 for 2014, \$25,168 for 2015, \$25,855 for 2016, and \$26,098 for 2017.

#### Special Provisions-Rhode Island General Law § 45-21.2-6.1, § 45-21.2-5(5) and § 45-21.2-14(d)

Under these special provisions, the member receives a retirement allowance which is a life annuity terminable at the death of the annuitant, and is an amount equal to the sum of two and one-half percent (2.5%) of final compensation multiplied by the years of service accrued after July 1, 1993 and two percent (2%) of final compensation multiplied by the years of service accrued prior to July 1, 1993. The annual retirement allowance in no event shall exceed seventy-five percent (75%) of final compensation. The member contribution rate between July 1, 1985 and June 30, 2012 was 8.00%, plus 1.00% for the adoption of the optional COLA, for a total of 9.00%. For service after July 1, 2012, the member contribution rate is 9% plus 1.00% for the adoption of the optional COLA, for a total of 10.00%.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At the June 30, 2018 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Municipal	Police	<u>EMT</u>
Retirees and Beneficiaries	211	51	5
Inactive, Nonretired Members	152	10	15
Active Members	297	52	14
Total	660	113	34

#### **Contributions**

The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 2% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 9.25%. Public safety employees are required to contribute 10% of their salaries. The Town contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The Town contributed \$2,434,904 in the year ended June 30, 2020 which was 13.61% of annual covered payroll.

#### **Net Pension Liability (Asset)**

The total pension liability (asset) was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward to June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions Used in the Valuations to determine the Net Pension Liability (Asset) at the June 30, 2019 measurement date (June 30, 2018 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2019)

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal - the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost

methodology is used.

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll - Closed

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Projected Salary Increases General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%; Police & Fire Employees -

4.00% to 14.00%

Inflation 2.50%

Mortality - variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the

improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016

projection scale.

Cost of Living Adjustments A 2.00% COLA is assumed after January 1, 2014

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2019 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2019 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2019 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Type of Investments	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity		
U.S. Equity	22.10%	6.16%
International Developed Equity	13.20%	6.83%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.70%	8.90%
Equity Hedge Funds		
Private Equity	11.25%	9.18%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.25%	5.15%
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.50%	9.81%
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.98%
REITS	1.00%	5.51%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.98%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.98%
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.77%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	4.20%
Inflation Protection Class		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.51%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.85%
TIPs	1.00%	1.37%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.76%
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.15%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.20%
Cash	3.00%	0.77%
	100.0%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Changes in Net Pension Liabilities (Assets)**

Municipal Employee's Retireme	ent	System - Gene	ral E	mployees			
		Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$_	69,121,416	\$_	57,272,490	\$_	11,848,926	
Changes for the Year							
Service cost		1,203,577				1,203,577	
Interest on the total pension liability		4,749,160				4,749,160	
Difference between expected and actual experience		315,654				315,654	
Employer contributions		010,004		1,574,009		(1,574,009)	
Employee contributions				398,154		(398,154)	
Net investment income				3,642,487		(3,642,487)	
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(3,756,129)		(3,756,129)		(0,0 :=, :0: )	
Administrative expense		(0,:00,:20)		(56,923)		56,923	
Other changes				(246,782)		246,782	
Net changes	_	2,512,262		1,554,816	-	957,446	
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$_	71,633,678	\$_	58,827,306	\$_	12,806,372	
Municipal Employee's R	etir	ement System					
				ease (Decrease	)		
		Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
	_	Liability		Net Position	-	Liability	
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$_	33,672,528	\$	24,243,526	\$_	9,429,002	
Changes for the Year							
Service cost		753,057				753,057	
Interest on the total pension liability		2,320,873				2,320,873	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(265,606)				(265,606)	
Employer contributions .		(===,===)		819,275		(819,275)	
				367,885		(367,885)	
Employee contributions				000,100			
Employee contributions Net investment income				1,565,078		(1,565,078)	
Net investment income Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(1,787,461)					
Net investment income Benefit payments, including employee refunds Administrative expense		(1,787,461)		1,565,078			
Net investment income Benefit payments, including employee refunds Administrative expense Other changes	_	(1,787,461)		1,565,078 (1,787,461) (24,458) 92,649		(1,565,078) -	
Net investment income Benefit payments, including employee refunds Administrative expense	<u>-</u>	(1,787,461)	_	1,565,078 (1,787,461) (24,458)	=	(1,565,078) - 24,458	

Municipal Employee's	s Re	tirement System				
	•	Total Pension Liability	<u>In</u>	crease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position	e)	Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$	4,126,219	\$	4,296,680	\$	(170,461)
Changes for the Year Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Employer contributions Employee contributions		177,617 290,630 (435,897)		41,620 83,742		177,617 290,630 (435,897) (41,620) (83,742)
Net investment income Benefit payments, including employee refunds Administrative expense Other changes Net changes		(126,334)	<u>.</u>	283,247 (126,334) (4,426) (1) 277,848		(283,247) 
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$	4,032,235	\$	4,574,528	\$	(542,293)

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

			<b>Current Discount</b>	
		1% Decrease (6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
General Employees	<del>-</del> \$	20,355,290 \$	12,806,372	\$ 6,627,842
Police	Φ	13,070,420	9,416,897	6,426,640
EMT		(125,999)	(542,293)	(882,945)

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the employer recognized pension expense of \$5,059,732. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Municipal		Police		EMT		Total
Deferred outflows of resources: Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Town contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	522,482 1,043,245 1,616,179	\$	730,759 924,617 1,053,670	\$	63,500 \$ 124,738 68,073	<b>—</b>	1,316,741 2,092,600 2,737,922
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	3,181,906	\$	2,709,046	\$_	256,311	\$	6,147,263
	_	Municipal		Police	_	EMT		Total
Deferred inflows of resources: Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$		\$	1,093,929 39,044	\$	557,345	\$	1,651,274 39,044
earnings on pension plan investments	_	144,193	_	70,449	_	18,547		233,189
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$_	144,193	\$	1,203,422	\$_	575,892	\$	1,923,507

Total of the Town contributions subsequent to measurement date of \$2,737,922 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions above will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Municipal	_	Police	_	EMT
0004	•	1 100 100	•	224 225	•	(54.050)
2021	\$	1,193,188	\$	204,985	\$	(51,952)
2022		65,176		(130,521)		(107,057)
2023		63,049		208,870		(75,076)
2024		100,121		212,826		(67,222)
2025				(44,206)		(64,821)
Thereafter	_				_	(21,526)
Total	\$_	1,421,534	\$_	451,954	\$_	(387,654)

#### B. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island - Teachers

#### **Plan Description**

All full-time teachers, principals, school nurses and certain other school officials (including the superintendent) in the town's school system must participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Employees' Retirement System plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The System issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

#### **Eligibility and Plan Benefits**

The level of benefits provided to participants is established by Chapter 36-10 of the General Laws, which is subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Member benefit provisions vary based on service credits accumulated at dates specified in various amendments to the General Laws outlining minimum retirement age, benefit accrual rates and maximum benefit provisions. In general, members accumulate service credits for each year of service subject to maximum benefit accruals of 80% or 75%. For those hired after June 30, 2012, the benefit accrual rate is 1% per year with a maximum benefit accrual of 40%. Members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at any age. The retirement eligibility age increases proportionately for other members reflecting years of service and other factors until it aligns with the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, which applies to any member with less than 5 years of service as of July 1, 2012. Members are vested after 5 years of service.

The plan provides for survivor's benefits for service-connected death and certain lump sum death benefits. Joint and survivor benefit provision options are available to members.

Cost of living adjustments are provided but are currently suspended until the collective plans administered by ERSRI reach a funded status of 80%. Until the plans reach an 80% funded status, interim cost of living adjustments are provided at four-year intervals commencing with the plan year ending June 30, 2016.

The plan also provides nonservice-connected disability benefits after five years of service and service-connected disability benefits with no minimum service requirement.

#### Contributions

The funding policy, as set forth in the General Laws, Section 16-16-22, provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions to the plan. For fiscal 2019, full-time teachers, principals, school nurses and certain other school officials were required to contribute 3.75% of their annual covered salary, except for teachers with 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 must contribute 11% of their annual covered salary. The State and the School are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, 40% of which is to be paid by the state and the remaining 60% is to be paid by the

School; the rates were 10.49% and 14.12% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 for the state and School, respectively. The School contributed \$3,760,382, \$3,838,124 and \$3,629,676 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the amount of "on-behalf" contributions made by the State was \$2,793,656 and is recognized in the General Fund as intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2020, the School reported a liability of \$49,057,890 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for contributions made by the state. The amount recognized by the School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School were as follows:

School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	49,057,890
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
associated with the School	_	36,749,440
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	85,807,330

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 the School's proportion was 1.54%.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the School recognized gross pension expense of \$8,903,763 and revenue of \$4,076,881 for support provided by the State in Exhibit II. At June 30, 2020 the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflows of resources:		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	597,399
Changes of assumption		2,870,661
Net difference between projected and actual		
earning on pension plan investments		
Changes in proportionate share of employer contributions		1,652,807
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	3,760,382
T (   D ( )   O (0)   ( D	•	0.004.040
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	8,881,249
- A A		
Deferred inflows of resources:	_	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	819,266
Change of assumptions		387,183
Net difference between projected and actual		
earning on pension plan investments		77,197
Changes in proportionate share of employer contributions	_	3,153,505
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$_	4,437,151

The \$3,760,382 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School contributions in fiscal year 2020 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	
2021	\$	377,470
2022		(473,082)
2023		187,842
2024		329,680
2025		89,196
Thereafter		172,610
		_
Total	\$_	683,716

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.0% to 13.0%
Investment rate of return	7.0%

Mortality - variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2019 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2019 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2019 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Type of Investments	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity		
U.S. Equity	22.10%	6.16%
International Developed Equity	13.20%	6.83%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.70%	8.90%
Equity Hedge Funds		
Private Equity	11.25%	9.18%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.25%	5.15%
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.50%	9.81%
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.98%
REITS	1.00%	5.51%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.98%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.98%
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.77%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	4.20%
Inflation Protection Class		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.51%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.85%
TIPs	1.00%	1.37%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.76%
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.15%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.20%
Cash	3.00%	0.77%
	100.0%	
	100.070	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

Current Discount							
	1% Decrease (6.0%)		Rate (7.0%)		1% Increase (8.0%)		
\$	60,627,214	\$	49,057,890	\$	39,587,234		

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

#### C. Aggregated Pension Information

The Town recognized the following amounts related to pension plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	-	MERS Municipal	 MERS Police	 MERS EMT	 ERS	 Total
Net pension asset	\$		\$	\$ 542,293	\$	\$ 542,293
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		3,181,906	2,709,046	256,311	8,881,249	15,028,512
Net pension liability		12,806,372	9,416,897		49,057,890	71,281,159
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		144,193	1,203,422	575,892	4,437,151	6,360,658
Pension expense		3,604,474	1,387,005	68,253	4,076,881	9,136,613

### D. State and TIAA-CREF Administered Defined Contribution Benefit Plan Covering Teachers in ERS and Certain Municipal Employees Participating in MERS

#### **Plan Description**

Employees participating in the defined benefit plan with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012, as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute between 1% and 1.5% of annual covered salary depending on the employee's total years of service as of June 30, 2012. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

#### **Teachers that Contribute to Social Security**

#### **Plan Funding Policy**

The funding policy is outlined in RIGL chapter 36-10.3 (which can be amended by the Rhode Island General Assembly). Contribution rates are:

	Employee Contribution	Employer Contribution
ERS - teachers - contribute to Social Security - less than 20 years of service at 7/1/2012	5%	1% to 1.5% depending on years of service
ERS - teachers - more than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012	No DC plan contributions after July 1, 2015	(employee and employer)

The plan members and town contributed \$1,390,697 and \$326,242, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 for teacher plan members.

#### **General Employees in MERS that Contribute to Social Security**

#### **Plan Funding Policy**

The funding policy is outlined in RIGL chapter 36-10.3 (which can be amended by the Rhode Island General Assembly. The contribution rates are:

	Employee Contribution	Employer Contribution
MERS - general employees who contribute to Social Security - and had less than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012	5%	1% to 1.5% depending on years of service
MERS - general employees - more than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012	No DC plan contributions after July 1, 2015	(employee and employer)

The plan members and town contributed \$353,845 and \$80,319, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 for town plan members.

The System issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for all of the plans it administers. The reports can be obtained at www.ersri.org.

#### 11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

The Town of South Kingstown OPEB Trust (the Trust)

#### **Plan Description**

The Trust is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Town. Most full-time employees of the Town and School Department are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees. The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

The Trust Fund investments are managed by Vanguard Institutional Advisory Services (VIAS) and services are administered by Public Agency Retirement Services. All costs for management and administration are paid by the assets in the Trust Fund.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The Trust provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses.

#### **Eligibility**

#### **General Employees**

Members who have retired under the Municipal Employee Retirement System, shall be eligible to receive medical benefits for self and spouse. Eligibility for retirement is the earlier of completion of 30 years of service regardless of age, or age 58 with 10 years of service.

#### Police and EMT

Members who have retired under the Municipal Employees Retirement System for police and emergency management technicians shall be eligible to receive medical benefits for self and spouse. Minimum eligibility for retirement is completion of 20 years of service regardless of age. A member of the police department may retire provided they have earned a retirement allowance of at least 50%.

#### **Teachers and Administrators**

Members who have retired under the Employees' Retirement System of Rhode Island, with a minimum of 10 years of service with the South Kingstown School Department, shall be eligible to receive medical and dental benefits for self and spouse. If vested by July 1, 2005 (Schedule A), eligibility is the earlier of 28 years of service, or age 60 with 10 years of service. If vested after July 1, 2005 (Schedule B) normal retirement age is the earlier of age 65 with 10 years of service, or age 59 with 29 years of service. Early retirement is age 55 with 20 years of service.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	<u>Participants</u>
Active employees Retirees	635 81
Total	716_

#### **Contributions**

#### Town Employees hired before July 1, 2006

30 years of service: For 4 years, the Town shall pay \$5,500 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

25 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$4,500 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

20 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$2,500 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible.

#### Town Employees hired after July 1, 2006

30 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$4,000 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

25 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$2,666 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

20 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$1,333 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible.

#### **Police Employees**

The Town is obligated to provide health insurance coverage until the retiree reaches age 65, or until the retiree or spouse obtains an alternative health insurance plan. Employees retiring on or after July 1, 2007 shall contribute 70% of the health care premium co-share that they were paying as an active employee at the time of their retirement.

#### **EMT Employees**

The Town pays \$4,000 per year towards health insurance for employees who have 30 years or more of service or until Medicare eligible; \$2,666 per year for 25 years of service and \$1,333 for 20 years of service. The benefit is paid for three years for eligible employees.

#### Public Works Employees hired before July 1, 2005

These employees will receive the same medical insurance plan and shall be subject to the same premium co-payment as active employees covered under the collective bargaining agreement until age 65. Further, members who retire due to disability after July 1, 2005 will be eligible to receive health care for a 60-month period from the date of retirement or until age 65, whichever comes first. If any such retired employee or his or her spouse has an alternative medical plan available for said retiree, then this provision shall not apply.

#### Public Works Employees hired after July 1, 2005

30 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$4,000 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

25 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$2,666 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

20 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$1,333 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible.

#### **School Employees**

The Town of South Kingstown School Department pays 100% of the cost of life, dental and health insurance benefits for teachers and administrator retirees who retired prior to September 1, 2008 for a period of up to five years after retirement or until the retiree reaches the age of 70. Teacher and administrator retirees who retired after September 1, 2008 pay the amount of their employee cost-share at the time of their retirement, for health insurance only, for the five-year period.

To be eligible for post-employment benefits, the employee must be eligible to retire under the MERS.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, town and school plan members contributed \$177,660 of premium payments. The Town is required to contribute the balance of the current premium cost and may contribute an additional amount as determined by the Town in order to prefund benefits.

#### Investments

#### **Investment Policy**

The Trust's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the VIAS discretionary investment management agreement approved and singed by the Town's plan administrator and any other investment policy established by the Town. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduced risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Town's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short term span.

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2020 the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 5.6%. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Net OPEB Asset of the Town**

The components of the net OPEB asset of the Town at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 18,131,098
Plan fiduciary net position	 18,426,875
Town's Net OPEB Asset	\$ (295,777)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	101.6%

The Town's net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.10% per year

Projected Salary Increases 3.25% Investment Rate of Return 6.50%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

Initial rate of 8.00% decreasing by 0.50% annually to an

ultimate rate of 4.50%

#### Mortality rates were based on the following:

 Healthy School NEA (Teachers) Participants: SOA Pub-2010 Teachers Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.

- Healthy IBPO/EMT Participants: SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.
- All Other Healthy Participants: SOA Pub-2010 General Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.
- Surviving Spouses: SOA Pub-2010 Continuing Survivor Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.
- Disabled IBPO/EMT Participants: SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety Disabled Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.
- All Other Disabled Participants: SOA Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	37.10%	5.10%
Non-U.S. Equity	15.90%	7.40%
U.S. Aggregate Bonds	12.00%	1.20%
Intermediate-Term Credit	7.20%	1.90%
Short-Term Credit	4.80%	1.70%
Intermediate-Term TIPS	15.00%	0.70%
REITs	8.00%	4.00%
Total	100%	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

			ı	Increase (Decrease	)	
		Total OPEB Liability	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$_	20,194,661	\$_	16,886,005	\$	3,308,656
Changes for the Year						
Service cost		734,058				734,058
Interest on the total pension liability		1,368,716				1,368,716
Changes in assumptions		120,308				120,308
Difference between expected and						-
actual experience		(2,962,117)				(2,962,117)
Employer contributions				1,909,528		(1,909,528)
Net investment income				994,076		(994,076)
Benefit payments		(1,324,528)		(1,324,528)		-
Administrative expense				(38,206)		38,206
Net changes	_	(2,063,563)	-	1,540,870		(3,604,433)
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$	18,131,098	\$	18,426,875	\$	(295,777)

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset (Liability) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset (liability) of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Discount (6.50%)		1% Increase (7.50%)		
Net OPEB Asset (Liability)	\$ (897,710) \$	295,777	\$	1,403,236		

#### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset (Liability) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB asset (liability) of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB asset (liability) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

		<b>Healthcare Cost</b>	
	1% Decrease (7.00% Decreasing to 3.50%)	Trend Rates (8.00% Decreasing to 4.50%)	1% Increase (9.00% Decreasing to 5.50%)
Net OPEB Asset (Liability)	\$ 1,702,016	\$ 295,777	\$ (1,309,430)

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$527,189. At June 30, 2020, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	2,296,532	\$	(6,777,199)
earnings on OPEB plan investments	_		•	(12,597)
Total	\$ _	2,296,532	\$	(6,789,796)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Net Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	\$	(614,608) (527,203) (532,138) (510,080) (542,858) (1,766,377)
Total	\$_	(4,493,264)

#### 12. TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2020, the Town provides tax abatements through multiple programs:

- Welcome House of South County
- The Jewish Children's Home of Rhode Island
- South Kingstown Land Trust
- South County Hospital

The Welcome House of South County Program (Welcome House Program) provides real property tax abatements to encourage emergency shelter, transitional and permanent supportive housing to homeless men, women and families in Washington County. Authority for the Welcome House Program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 2003, Chapter 220). Eligibility requirements for the Welcome House Program are that guests are required to complete community service weekly, refrain from any drug or alcohol use, actively seek employment, meet weekly with a case manager, save income and look to better their lives. The abatement is granted on 75% of the taxes and are assessed at the 25% remaining value excluding the administrative building and homeless shelter which are tax exempt. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, taxes abated through this program total \$37,118. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program, however any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

The Jewish Children's Home of Rhode Island Program (Camp JORI) provides real property tax abatements for the provision of a summer camp for disadvantaged Jewish children including full-pay tuition. Authority for the Camp JORI abatement program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 2003, Chapter 220). Eligibility requirements for the Camp JORI are that the program provide disadvantaged children with opportunities and allows the children cultural enrichment. The abatement is granted on the excess land value generally assessed as "open space" and carrying a value of \$500 to \$5,000 per acre. A payment in lieu of taxes is made annually and is based on the current year tax rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, taxes abated through this program total

\$61,476. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program; however, any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

The South Kingstown Land Trust Abatement Program (SK Land Trust) provides real property tax abatements to encourage the conservation of natural resources of the Town through preservation and stewardship of open spaces. Authority for the SK Land Trust Program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 2003, Chapter 220). Eligibility requirements are that the recipient provides lasting protection of the Town's open spaces, wildlife habitats, farm and forest lands, aquifers and recharge areas and coastal ecosystems. The abatement is granted on 50% of the property value. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, taxes abated through this program total \$4,134. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program, however any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

The South County Hospital Abatement Program (So Co Hospital) provides real property tax abatements to property owned by So Co Hospital and leased to for-profit business corporations in order to encourage the construction of such facilities. Authority for the So Co Hospital Abatement Program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 1997, Chapter 245). Eligibility requirements are that the property being leased in the aforementioned manner is not to exceed 85% of the space. The abatement is granted on 100% of the property value being leased to the commercial entities with a payment in lieu of taxes made instead that is based on an agreed-upon value modified by the current tax rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, taxes abated through this program total \$648,914. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program; however, any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

#### 13. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

#### **Community Septic System Loan Program**

On August 30, 2002, the Town entered into an agreement with the Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency to finance the Town's Community Septic System Loan Program. The loan agreement provides the Town with a \$300,000 non-restoring line of credit. The proceeds of the loan shall be used by the Town for the establishment of an operation of a Community Septic System Loan Program. The Program provides for the Town to make loans to property owners of the Town for the repair or replacement of failed or failing septic systems. The individual loans to be made to property owners shall be underwritten by the Town with the assistance of the Rhode Island Housing Mortgage Finance Corporation (RIHMFC). RIHMFC, on behalf of the Town, shall perform all administrative functions related to servicing the individual loans, including disbursing loans to property owners and collecting and remitting borrower loan payments. The loan has a zero interest rate to the Town and 4% to property owners. The Town is only required to make principal repayments in the event that individual property owners default on their loans. Accordingly, the potential liability has not been accrued (reported) in the Town's financial statements. As of June 30, 2020, there are \$300,000 in loans issued and an available (non-restoring) line-of-credit balance of \$-0-.

In June 2005, the Town Council authorized and entered into a second agreement with Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency to finance the Town's Community Septic System Loan Program. The loan agreement provides the Town with an additional \$1,000,000 nonrestoring line of credit that will be funded in three increments of \$300,000 and a final increment of \$100,000. Each increment will be funded only upon the complete drawdown of all prior increments. The proceeds of the loan shall be used by the Town towards the operation of the community Septic System Loan Program. The terms of the loan program are consistent with the terms described in the above-noted paragraph except that the new agreement has a 2% (versus 4%) interest rate to property owners. As of June 30, 2020, there are \$1,000,000 in loans issued and an available (non-restoring) line-of-credit balance of \$-0-.

In August 2010, the Board of Directors of the Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency, pursuant to policies and procedures adopted in accordance with Title VI of the Federal Clean Water Act and Chapter 12.2 of the Rhode Island General Laws, notified the Town that it has been approved for an additional \$1,000,000 of funding for the Community Septic System Loan Program. The loan total will be funded in three increments of \$300,000 and a final increment of \$100,000. As of June 30, 2020, there are 4 closings totaling \$72,750 in loans issued which leaves an available line-of-credit balance of \$260,195.

#### **Operating Leases**

The Town participates in various operating lease agreements for equipment. The following are the future minimum required payments under operating lease agreements as of June 30, 2020:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	\$ 111,560
2022	111,560
2023	 18,593
	_
Total	\$ 241,713

#### 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A. Rhode Island Inter-Local Risk Management Trust

The Town is a member of the Rhode Island Inter-Local Risk Management Trust. This cooperative pool with other Rhode Island cities and towns provides insurance coverage for the Town's risks of loss.

The Town became a member on July 1, 1988. The Trust provides all property, liability and workers' compensation insurance coverage for the Town. Property and liability claims are subject to a \$2,500 deductible with the exception of public officials' liability claims, which are subject to a \$5,000 deductible. The Trust's self-insured retention levels range from \$10,000 to \$1,000,000 depending on the type of coverage provided. In addition to the self-insurance provided by the Trust, there is also reinsurance through third-party sources for claims up to \$5,000,000.

The Trust is a nonprofit organization that is governed by a Board of Trustees composed of officials of member organizations or their representatives. In addition to insurance coverage, the Trust provides risk management services with emphasis on loss control, risk management, education and training, claims administration and other services to its members.

Upon joining the trust, members sign a participation agreement that outlines the rights and responsibilities of both the members and the Trust. The agreement states that for premiums paid by members, the Trust will assume financial responsibility for members' losses up to the maximum amount of insurance purchased, minus members' deductible amounts. Additionally, should a member decide to withdraw from the Trust, the participation agreement requires three months' notice and the payment of a severance penalty.

There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the previous year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage since becoming a member of the Trust on July 1, 1988.

#### B. Internal Service Funds - Health Care Management Fund

During September 1992, the Town established the Health Care Management Fund to account for its health and dental coverage programs.

Over the past 20 years, the Town has used a combination of the following financing plans to pay for its medical and dental programs for all eligible employees of the Town and School Department and their dependents. The plans consist of the following:

- Prospective Premium Basis a fully insured plan that was used by the Town in fiscal 2008, and
- Cost Plus Basis the Town pays for the actual cost of covered health care services plus a fee to the provider for the administration of the program (used by the Town from the period of July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2016)

Due to the School and Town experiencing significant increases in claims payments over prior fiscal years which initiated the need to research and consider the fully-insured option. In December 2015, the Town issued a request for proposal from the Trust and West Bay to evaluate which option was in the best interest of the Town and School and determined that at the current time given the escalating claims experience being fully-insured was a less risky option for both entities and, as of July 1, 2016 transferred the relationship to The Trust.

Payments within the Health Care Management Fund related to claims incurred and outstanding prior to July 1, 2016 were completed during the year ended June 30, 2018 with the settlement of amounts owed to the fund for overfunded claims resolved during the year ended June 30, 2019. No future liability for claims incurred by not reported (IBNR) remains as of June 30, 2020.

#### 15. CONTINGENCIES

Liabilities for legal cases and other claims against governmental funds are recorded in the governmental funds when the ultimate liability can be estimated, and such cases are expected to be settled with available expendable financial resources.

The Town has been notified by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that two former landfills have been placed on the Superfund list. The Rose Hill Regional Landfill was previously operated by the towns of South Kingstown and Narragansett, Rhode Island. A Record of Decision (ROD) was issued in December 1999, which delineates EPA's approved remediation strategy for the site. Consent Decree negotiations with EPA began in November 2000 and were completed in January 2003. The towns have paid \$4,125,000 to settle all past and future federal liabilities associated with the Rose Hill site. South Kingstown's \$2,000,000 payment to the Federal Government was funded with a 20-year general obligation bond sold in September 2002 at an interest rate of 1.648%. Repayment of the debt service associated with this bond will be provided from funds held in reserve within the Solid Waste Fund and from property taxes. The Town also paid \$504,932 for state natural resource damages and

\$62,500 for its share of federal natural resource damages. The Consent Decree also requires reimbursement of 30% of the State of Rhode Island costs associated with the remediation of this landfill site and ongoing operation and maintenance costs. This cost of \$3,941,566 will also be shared equally between the two towns. The remaining balance of the Town's share of the estimated cost of reimbursing the State is \$1,151,914 at June 30, 2020. Accordingly, this amount has been reported as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. This balance will be paid off during fiscal year ending 2037.

The West Kingston/URI Disposal Area Landfills, both located on Plains Road, were also added to the NPL on July 29, 1992. The West Kingston town dump began operation in the 1950s and ceased operations in 1978. The University of Rhode Island and the towns of South Kingstown and Narragansett have agreed to participate in the remediation of the site under State landfill closure regulations. Construction of the remediation action, or multi-layer cap with passive vent gas collection system, began in August 2005, and was substantially completed in June 2006. Project costs total \$7,072,692. In addition to these costs, there will be ongoing maintenance costs that will be paid out on an annual basis as part of the annual operating budget.

In addition to the above, the government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the government's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

The Town has received grants from various federal and state agencies for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Town officials are of the opinion that such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial to the financial statements.

#### 16. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus to be a public health emergency. On March 9, 2020, the Governor of the State of Rhode Island declared a state of emergency to combat a novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19).

The Town derives a significant portion of its revenues from property taxes. While the Town has not experienced any significant increase in the amount of delinquency from its taxpayers, the situation creates uncertainty about the impact of future revenues that might be generated. In addition, at this time, it is uncertain what the effects of the pandemic will be on the Town's health care costs, changes in interest rates, investment valuation and the future federal or state fiscal relief.

# Required Supplementary Information

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts							ariance with nal Budget - Positive
		Original		Final	_	Actual		(Negative)
Barrana								
Revenues:	\$	76,440,072	r	76,440,072	Ф	76,736,260	r	296,188
Property tax revenues Intergovernmental revenues	Φ	7,948,019	Þ	7,948,019	φ	7,719,210	Þ	(228,809)
Licenses, fees, tuition and rent		1,421,317		1,421,317		1,630,750		209,433
Other local revenues		1,901,495		1,901,495		2,309,028		407,533
Use of fund balance		1,025,000		1,025,000		1,025,000		407,333
Total revenues	_	88,735,903	_	88,735,903	_	89,420,248	_	694 245
rotai revenues	_	00,735,903	_	00,735,903	_	09,420,240	_	684,345
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		4,238,165		4,238,165		3,888,577		349,588
Public safety		12,464,634		12,464,634		11,884,203		580,431
Public works		3,279,982		3,279,982		2,828,159		451,823
Human service agency contribution		88,500		88,500		88,500		-
Recreation		1,943,640		1,943,640		1,853,013		90,627
Public libraries		1,364,125		1,364,125		1,342,849		21,276
Education		61,391,825		61,391,825		58,520,372		2,871,453
Pension and other employee benefits		1,047,388		1,047,388	_	1,064,148		(16,760)
Total expenditures	_	85,818,259	_	85,818,259	_	81,469,821		4,348,438
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	_	2,917,644	_	2,917,644	_	7,950,427		5,032,783
Other Financing Uses:								
Transfers in		931,659		931,659		950,795		19,136
Transfers out		(3,849,303)		(3,849,303)		(4,014,162)		(164,859)
Total Other Financing Uses		(2,917,644)	_	(2,917,644)	-	(3,063,367)		(145,723)
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources	\$_	9	₿ <u>_</u>	-		4,887,060	\$ <u></u>	4,887,060
Budgetary excess of revenues over expendit net change in fund balance because of the								
Use of fund balance is not a GAAP reven		- 0				(1,025,000)		
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances i		a GAAP revenue	<b>;</b>			(49,000)		
Recognition of fair market value of investr						398,185		
Change in encumbrances					_	4,412		
Total Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP	basis				\$_	4,215,657		

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\*

	-	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
A. Total pension liability							
Service Cost	\$	1,203,577 \$	1,218,311 \$	1,188,057 \$	1,177,994 \$	1,178,841 \$	1,187,868
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		4,749,160	4,576,056	4,486,906	4,294,016	4,112,669	3,904,997
Changes of benefit terms						1,025,090	
Difference between expected and actual experience		315,654	308,036	213,561	388,521	(897,943)	
Changes of assumptions				3,074,881			431,607
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(3,756,129)	(3,488,130)	(3,375,303)	(3,212,066)	(2,788,503)	(2,713,486)
Net change in total pension liability		2,512,262	2,614,273	5,588,102	2,648,465	2,630,154	2,810,986
Total pension liability - beginning	-	69,121,416	66,507,143	60,919,041	58,270,576	55,640,422	52,829,436
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	71,633,678 \$	69,121,416 \$	66,507,143 \$	60,919,041 \$	58,270,576 \$	55,640,422
B. Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	1,574,009 \$	1,454,110 \$	1,481,417 \$	1,392,328 \$	1,420,102 \$	1,298,368
Contributions - employee		398,154	416,695	431,900	420,375	246,747	247,508
Net investment income (loss)		3,642,487	4,285,588	5,792,423	(6,478)	1,213,363	6,851,087
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,756,129)	(3,488,130)	(3,375,303)	(3,212,066)	(2,788,503)	(2,713,486)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(56,923)	(57,052)	(54,725)	(57,861)	(48,275)	(42,901)
Other	_	(246,782)	116,920	36,837	(79,911)	293,093	4,317
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,554,816	2,728,131	4,312,549	(1,543,613)	336,527	5,644,893
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	57,272,490	54,544,359	50,231,810	51,775,423	51,438,896	45,794,003
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-	58,827,306	57,272,490	54,544,359	50,231,810	51,775,423	51,438,896
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	12,806,372 \$	11,848,926 \$	11,962,784 \$	10,687,231 \$	6,495,153 \$	4,201,526
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.12%	82.86%	82.01%	82.46%	88.85%	92.45%
E. Covered payroll	\$	13,373,078 \$	12,946,981 \$	12,761,089 \$	12,335,012 \$	12,266,819 \$	11,878,682
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		95.76%	91.52%	93.74%	86.64%	52.95%	35.37%

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - POLICE LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
A. Total pension liability							
Service Cost	\$	753,057 \$	712,220 \$	611,529 \$	600,941 \$	553,069 \$	550,738
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		2,320,873	2,169,463	2,164,555	2,186,552	2,031,908	1,977,138
Changes of benefit terms						948,578	
Difference between expected and actual experience							
of the Total Pension Liability		(265,606)	1,045,056	(687,204)	(1,391,195)	163,450	
Changes of assumptions				1,737,944			(164,150)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(1,787,461)	(1,780,867)	(1,710,279)	(1,679,490)	(1,638,543)	(1,630,699)
Net change in total pension liability		1,020,863	2,145,872	2,116,545	(283,192)	2,058,462	733,027
Total pension liability - beginning	_	33,672,528	31,526,656	29,410,111	29,693,303	27,634,841	26,901,814
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ _	34,693,391 \$	33,672,528 \$	31,526,656 \$	29,410,111 \$	29,693,303 \$	27,634,841
B. Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	819,275 \$	786,772 \$	825,285 \$	794,657 \$	712,921 \$	468,675
Contributions - employee		367,885	346,748	328,146	319,163	251,692	257,164
Net investment income (loss)		1,565,078	1,814,095	2,453,239	(7,368)	511,433	2,930,811
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,787,461)	(1,780,867)	(1,710,279)	(1,679,490)	(1,638,543)	(1,630,699)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(24,458)	(24,150)	(23,177)	(19,819)	(19,499)	(18,353)
Other	_	92,649	<del></del> -	2,262	(5,036)	416	801
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,032,968	1,142,598	1,875,476	(597,893)	(181,580)	2,008,399
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	24,243,526	23,100,928	21,225,452	21,823,345	22,004,925	19,996,526
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-	25,276,494	24,243,526	23,100,928	21,225,452	21,823,345	22,004,925
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ _	9,416,897 \$	9,429,002 \$	8,425,728 \$	8,184,659 \$	7,869,958 \$	5,629,916
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.86%	72.00%	73.27%	72.17%	73.50%	79.63%
E. Covered payroll	\$	3,678,831 \$	3,467,480 \$	3,284,260 \$	3,213,589 \$	3,128,217 \$	3,120,331
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		255.98%	271.93%	256.55%	254.69%	251.58%	180.43%

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - EMT LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
A. Total pension liability							
Service Cost	\$	177,617 \$	157,663 \$	152,115 \$	144,725 \$	144,842 \$	135,144
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		290,630	278,283	257,163	245,078	219,726	204,900
Changes of benefit terms						180,010	
Difference between expected and actual experience						·	
of the Total Pension Liability		(435,897)	(111,537)	97,946	(119,389)	(85,523)	
Changes of assumptions				192,403			(41,805)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(126,334)	(189,661)	(121,882)	(104,062)	(137,877)	(72,944)
Net change in total pension liability		(93,984)	134,748	577,745	166,352	321,178	225,295
Total pension liability - beginning	_	4,126,219	3,991,471	3,413,726	3,247,374	2,926,196	2,700,901
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	4,032,235 \$	4,126,219 \$	3,991,471 \$	3,413,726 \$	3,247,374 \$	2,926,196
	_			_		_	_
B. Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	41,620 \$	26,042 \$	39,491 \$	41,920 \$	49,050 \$	33,018
Contributions - employee		83,742	74,194	80,103	77,657	65,837	63,498
Net investment income (loss)		283,247	321,512	434,255	(1,271)	85,550	478,328
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(126,334)	(189,661)	(121,882)	(104,062)	(137,877)	(72,944)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(4,426)	(4,280)	(4,103)	(3,419)	(3,431)	(2,995)
Other	_	(1)	(20,290)	(9)	(1)	1	155
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		277,848	207,517	427,855	10,824	59,130	499,060
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	4,296,680	4,089,163	3,661,308	3,650,484	3,591,354	3,092,294
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	4,574,528	4,296,680	4,089,163	3,661,308	3,650,484	3,591,354
C. Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(542,293) \$	(170,461) \$	(97,692) \$	(247,582) \$	(403,110) \$	(665,158)
3(1)	· =	(2 , 2 2 )		(- , , - + - , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , , - + , , - + , , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , - + , -	( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(	(===, ==)
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the							
total pension liability		113.45%	104.13%	102.45%	107.25%	112.41%	122.73%
E. Covered payroll	\$	837,419 \$	741,945 \$	801,028 \$	778,090 \$	822,966 \$	790,777
F. Net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll		64.76%	22.97%	12.20%	31.82%	48.98%	84.11%

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\*

	-	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,616,179 \$	1,574,009 \$	1,454,110 \$	1,481,417 \$	1,392,328 \$	1,420,102
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	-	1,616,179	1,574,009	1,454,110	1,481,417	1,392,328	1,420,102
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u> </u>	\$_	\$	<u> </u>	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	13,373,078 \$	12,946,981 \$	12,761,089 \$	12,335,012 \$	12,266,819 \$	11,878,682
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.09%	12.16%	11.39%	12.01%	11.35%	11.96%

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 19 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.

Mortality Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

#### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - POLICE LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,053,670 \$	819,275 \$	786,772 \$	825,285 \$	794,657 \$	712,921
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		1,053,670	819,275	786,772	825,285	794,657	712,921
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$_	\$	<u> </u>	
Covered payroll	\$	3,678,831 \$	3,467,480 \$	3,284,260 \$	3,213,589 \$	3,128,217 \$	3,120,331
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		28.64%	23.63%	23.96%	25.68%	25.40%	22.85%

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 19 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50% Salary Increases

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation. Mortality

Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

#### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND **SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS** MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - EMT LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\*

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	68,073 \$	41,620 \$	26,042 \$	39,491 \$	41,920 \$	49,050
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	68,073	41,620	26,042	39,491	41,920	49,050
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$	<u> </u>	\$	\$	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	837,419 \$	741,945 \$	801,028 \$	778,090 \$	822,966 \$	790,777
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.13%	5.61%	3.25%	5.08%	5.09%	6.20%

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 23 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation. Mortality

Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - TEACHERS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		1.54%	1.49%	1.56%	1.66%	1.62%	1.64%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	49,057,890 \$	47,392,970 \$	49,047,536 \$	49,461,027 \$	44,674,781 \$	39,917,633
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the school district	_	36,749,440	35,351,752	37,068,153	33,873,541	30,520,408	27,373,360
Total	\$_	85,807,330 \$	82,744,722 \$	86,115,689 \$	83,334,568 \$	75,195,189 \$	67,290,993
Town's covered payroll	\$	27,832,994 \$	28,005,990 \$	26,970,899 \$	26,698,936 \$	25,552,372 \$	31,370,787
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		176.26%	169.22%	181.85%	185.25%	174.84%	127.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		54.60%	54.30%	54.00%	54.06%	57.55%	61.40%

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - TEACHERS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	3,760,382 \$	3,838,124 \$	3,629,676 \$	3,636,144 \$	3,739,438 \$	3,584,110
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		3,760,382	3,838,124	3,629,676	3,636,144	3,739,438	3,584,110
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	_
Covered payroll	\$	27,832,994 \$	28,005,990 \$	26,970,899 \$	26,698,936 \$	25,552,372 \$	31,370,787
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.51%	13.70%	13.46%	13.62%	14.63%	11.42%

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### Notes:

1) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 18 years at June 30, 2019

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Teachers - 3.0% to 13.0%

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Mortality Males: PR-2014 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

Females: PR-2014 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS\*

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Total OPEB Liability						
Service Cost	\$	734,058 \$	719,293 \$	719,381 \$	719,382 \$	820,802
Interest on the total OPEB liability	,	1,368,716	1,411,561	1,283,580	1,199,145	1,416,126
Changes of benefit terms		, ,	, ,	25,908	, ,	, ,
Changes of assumptions		120,308		2,214,123		788,258
Differences between expected and actual experience		(2,962,117)	(1,530,172)	(1,155,474)	(214,423)	(3,006,059)
Benefit payments		(1,324,528)	(1,178,252)	(1,204,160)	(1,142,035)	(1,127,619)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(2,063,563)	(577,570)	1,883,358	562,069	(1,108,492)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	20,194,661	20,772,231	18,888,873	18,326,804	19,435,296
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	18,131,098 \$	20,194,661 \$	20,772,231 \$	18,888,873 \$	18,326,804
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	1,909,528 \$	2,778,252 \$	2,704,160 \$	1,742,035 \$	1,727,619
Net investment income		994,076	1,120,738	828,458	1,143,920	(62,732)
Benefit payments		(1,324,528)	(1,178,252)	(1,204,160)	(1,142,035)	(1,127,619)
OPEB Plan Administrative Expense		(38,206)	(34,629)	(29,855)	(38,915)	(55,503)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,540,870	2,686,109	2,298,603	1,705,005	481,765
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		16,886,005	14,199,896	11,901,293	10,196,288	9,714,523
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	18,426,875	16,886,005	14,199,896	11,901,293	10,196,288
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$_	(295,777) \$	3,308,656 \$	6,572,335 \$	6,987,580 \$	8,130,516
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage						
of the Total OPEB Liability		101.63%	83.62%	68.36%	63.01%	55.64%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	42,866,121 \$	44,236,539 \$	43,253,947 \$	42,186,979 \$	40,859,060
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		-0.69%	7.48%	15.19%	16.56%	19.90%

<sup>\*</sup>Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Actuarially determined contribution (1)	\$	1,392,198 \$	1,857,859 \$	1,829,061 \$	1,863,644 \$	1,812,425 \$	1,665,055 \$	1,722,851 \$	1,878,000 \$	1,878,000 \$	1,922,000
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	1,909,528	2,778,252	2,704,160	1,742,035	1,727,619	4,859,217	2,948,054	2,896,704	1,986,031	2,202,000
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	(517,330) \$	(920,393) \$	(875,099) \$	121,609 \$	84,806 \$	(3,194,162) \$	(1,225,203) \$	(1,018,704) \$	(108,031) \$	(280,000)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	42,866,121 \$	44,236,539 \$	43,253,947 \$	42,186,979 \$	40,859,060 \$	42,546,253 \$	42,546,253 \$	43,016,000 \$	43,016,000 \$	41,868,678
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		4.45%	6.28%	6.25%	4.13%	4.23%	11.42%	6.93%	6.73%	4.62%	5.26%

(1) Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

#### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2020 Measurement date: June 30, 2020

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary.

Discount rate 6.50% and will be updated annually to reflect market conditions

Payroll Level percentage of payroll, closed

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Inflation 2.10%

Salary Increases For amortization purposes: 3.25%

For valuation purposes: 14.0%-4% for IBPO/EMT and 7.25%-3.25% for all others

Investment rate of return 6.50

Healthcare trend rates Initial 8.0% decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.50%

Mortality SOA Pub-2010 tables varying by participant group using scale MP-2019.

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS\*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Annual money-weighted rate of return,					
net of investment expense	5.60%	7.13%	12.24%	6.87%	6.64%

<sup>\*</sup> Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# Supplementary Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

### **General Fund**

#### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund utilizes the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The School Unrestricted Fund is used to report all financial transactions of the South Kingstown School Department, which is not legally required to be accounted for separately.

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2020

	_	General Fund	_	School Unrestricted Fund		Eliminations	_	Total General Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivable, net Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds Prepaid items	\$	18,759,559 12,537,443 1,306,503 11,941 2,839,882	\$	7,879 56,518 40,585 6,721,734 1,200	\$	(6,653,971)	\$	18,767,438 12,537,443 1,363,021 52,526 2,907,645 1,200
Total Assets	\$_	35,455,328	\$	6,827,916	\$	(6,653,971)	\$_	35,629,273
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF Liabilities:	RE	SOURCES AN	<b>D</b> I	FUND BALAN	ICE	ES		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to state and federal governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue Deposits held in custody of others Total liabilities	\$	230,591 891,819 102,920 16,171,430 147,033 178,610 17,722,403	\$	956,151 1,456,248 178,132 3,502 2,594,033	\$	(6,653,971)	\$ _	1,186,742 2,348,067 102,920 9,695,591 150,535 178,610 13,662,465
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	621,875 76,227 698,102	-	<u>-</u>	-		<u>-</u>	621,875 76,227 698,102
Fund balances: Nonspendable Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	-	882,984 16,151,839 17,034,823	-	1,200 4,232,683 4,233,883	-		<del>-</del>	1,200 5,115,667 16,151,839 21,268,706
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	35,455,328	\$_	6,827,916	\$	(6,653,971)	\$_	35,629,273

#### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		General		School Unrestricted				Total General
		Fund		Fund		Eliminations		Fund
Revenues:	_				-		_	
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	76,736,260	\$		\$		\$	76,736,260
Intergovernmental revenues		2,793,605		5,036,235				7,829,840
Licenses and fees		1,560,969		39,668				1,600,637
Investment income		1,091,676		651				1,092,327
Fines and charges for services				28,294				28,294
Departmental		1,099,591						1,099,591
State on behalf pension contribution				2,793,656				2,793,656
Other local revenues				360,427				360,427
Total revenues	_	83,282,101	•	8,258,931	-	-	_	91,541,032
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		4,961,094						4,961,094
Public safety		11,797,384						11,797,384
Public works		2,853,815						2,853,815
Human service agency contribution		100,500						100,500
Public libraries		1,342,284						1,342,284
Education				61,339,896				61,339,896
Recreation		1,855,562	_		_		_	1,855,562
Total expenditures	_	22,910,639	•	61,339,896	-	-	-	84,250,535
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures	_	60,371,462	•	(53,080,965)	-	-	-	7,290,497
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in from other funds		917,312		54,927,379		(55,061,695)		782,996
Transfers out to other funds		(58,746,139)		(173,392)	_	55,061,695		(3,857,836)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(57,828,827)	•	54,753,987	-	-	-	(3,074,840)
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,542,635		1,673,022		-		4,215,657
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	14,492,188	-	2,560,861	-	-		17,053,049
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	17,034,823	\$	4,233,883	\$	<u>-</u>	\$_	21,268,706

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Budgete	ed A	mounts			ariance with nal Budget -
	_	Original		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)
Revenues and Use of Fund Balance:							
Property taxes:							
Current taxes	\$	75,146,743	\$	75,146,743 \$	75,646,472	\$	499,729
Prior taxes		525,000	_	525,000	366,186		(158,814)
Total taxes current and prior		75,671,743		75,671,743	76,012,658		340,915
Pilot - Federal Aid		8,000		8,000	7,813		(187)
Interest on taxes		348,250		348,250	298,077		(50,173)
Payment in lieu of taxes		412,079		412,079	417,712		5,633
Total property taxes	_	76,440,072		76,440,072	76,736,260		296,188
State aid - Town:							
General state aid		184,978		184,978	208,804		23,826
Telephone tax		386,853		386,853	387,095		242
Meals and beverage tax		935,000		935.000	930,498		(4,502)
State library general aid		203,038		203,038	207,761		4,723
State library endowment aid		16,950		16,950	17,344		394
State motor vehicle phase-out		667,813		667,813	772,534		104,721
Hotel tax		200,000		200,000	229,153		29,153
Total state aid - Town	_	2,594,632		2,594,632	2,753,189	_	158,557
Licenses, fees and rents:				_			·
Business licenses and fees		460,040		460,040	630,288		170,248
Nonbusiness licenses and fees		348,200		348,200	401,637		53,437
Real Estate conveyance fees		95,000		95,000	133,647		38,647
		-		•			
Rental of Town properties	_	393,975		393,975	397,216		3,241
Total licenses, fees and rents	_	1,297,215		1,297,215	1,562,788		265,573
Investment income - short term	_	275,000		275,000	693,491		418,491
Revenues and Use of Fund Balance:							
Departmental revenues:							
Police department revenue		276,150		276,150	277,389		1,239
Park rental revenue		30,000		30,000	20,405		(9,595)
Town beach parking		188,140		188,140	228,403		40,263
Boat and mooring		36,000		36,000	38,818		2,818
Animal control fees		1,400		1,400	755		(645)
Library fines and misc.		17,000		17,000	7,325		(9,675)
Dog/cat licenses and fines		5,000		5,000	2,447		(2,553)
Recreation department		137,000		137,000	90,703		(46,297)
Recreation self-support program		155,000		155,000	149,945		(5,055)
Planning department		5,000		5,000	10,350		5,350
Communications department revenue		1,500		1,500	5,255		3,755
Copy charges		16,500		16,500	3,955		(12,545)
Recreation department - Outside sponsors		5,000		5,000	6,036		1,036
Stepping stone - creative		64,330		64,330	53,458		(10,872)
Stepping stone - self supported		4,000		4,000	2,367		(1,633)
Geographic information systems program		350		350	190		(160)
Narragansett - Dog Pound		70,500		70,500	70,500		-
Miscellaneous - Town		98,625		98,625	215,944		117,319
Total departmental revenues	_	1,111,495		1,111,495	1,184,245		72,750
Use of fund balance	_	550,000		550,000	550,000		
Total revenues and use of fund balance	_	82,268,414		82,268,414	83,479,973		1,211,559

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	<u>Bu</u>	dgeted Amou	<u>nt</u> s		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Town council	\$	24,695	\$ 24,695 \$	22,953	\$ 1,742
Financial town meeting		13,029	13,029	3,997	9,032
Legal staff		196,966	196,966	194,507	2,459
Probate judge		7,536	7,536	7,536	, <u>-</u>
Town clerk		467,598	467,598	430,298	37,300
Canvassing authority		95,277	95,277	79,995	15,282
Town manager's office		431,354	431,354	426,728	4,626
Personnel administration		122.194	122.194	115.272	6.922
Town hall operations		197,670	197,670	181,600	16,070
Finance department		726,200	726,200	691,681	34,519
Tax assessor's office		381,604	381,604	304,059	77,545
Information technology		472,221	472,221	459,183	13,038
Geographic information systems		142,719	142,719	141,455	1,264
Planning department		442,770	442,770	373,345	69,425
Conservation commission		650	650	369	281
Zoning/building inspection		460,884	460,884	424,802	36,082
Outside agencies		54,798	54,798	30,797	24,001
Total general government	_	4,238,165	4,238,165	3,888,577	349,588
Public safety:					
Police department		8,212,412	8,212,412	7,599,401	613,011
Police civilians		743,313	743,313	714,122	29,191
Police dispatch		861,637	861,637	820,160	41,477
Animal control - RD/shelter		362,153	362,153	332,255	29,898
Communications		295,059	295,059	275,091	19,968
Harbor patrol		40,208	40,208	31,790	8,418
Emergency medical services		1,949,852	1,949,852	2,111,384	(161,532)
Total public safety	_	12,464,634	12,464,634	11,884,203	580,431
Public works:					
Public works administration		443,498	444,498	407,592	36,906
Streets and highway		2,585,020	2,511,800	2,109,761	402,039
Tree warden/ Street lighting		251,464	323,684	310,806	12,878
Total public works	_	3,279,982	3,279,982	2,828,159	451,823
Human service agency contributions:					
Jonnycake Center		30,000	30,000	30,000	_
Cane Day Care Center		9,000	9,000	9,000	_
Welcome House of South County		17,500	17,500	17,500	_
Domestic Violence Resource Center		5,000	5,000	5,000	_
Washington County Coalition for Children		1,000	1,000	1,000	_
Education Exchange		11,000	11,000	11,000	_
Boys and Girls Club		15,000	15,000	15,000	-
Total human service agency contributions	_	88,500	88,500	88,500	
	_	20,000			

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Recreation:				
Recreation department	\$ 1,943,640 \$	1,943,640 \$	1,853,013 \$	90,627
Public libraries	1,364,125	1,364,125	1,342,849	21,276
Miscellaneous:				
Unemployment insurance	12,500	12,500	13,940	(1,440)
Insurance	403,448	403,448	434,845	(31,397)
Contingency	40,000	40,000	15,779	24,221
OPEB funding	410,000	410,000	410,000	-
Workers' compensation	181,440	181,440	189,584	(8,144)
Total miscellaneous	1,047,388	1,047,388	1,064,148	(16,760)
Total expenditures	24,426,434	24,426,434	22,949,449	1,476,985
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	57,841,980	57,841,980	60,530,524	2,688,544
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in:				
From Special Revenue Funds	904,159	904,159	920,252	16,093
Transfers out:	001,100	001,100	020,202	10,000
Wastewater Fund	(4,300)	(4,300)	(4,300)	_
Elderly services	(451,003)	(451,003)	(451,003)	_
Tax Transfer to School	(54,896,836)	(54,896,836)	(54,896,836)	_
Tax Transfer to Debt Service	(1,435,000)	(1,435,000)	(1,435,000)	_
Tax Transfer to Comm Rec Ctr	(325,000)	(325,000)	(325,000)	_
To Capital Project Funds	(1,634,000)	(1,634,000)	(1,634,000)	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	(57,841,980)	(57,841,980)	(57,825,887)	16.093
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	(37,641,960)	(57,641,960)	(37,023,007)	10,093
Excess of Revenues, Other Sources and Uses of				
Fund Balance over Expenditures and Other				
Financing Uses	\$ <u> </u>		2,704,637 \$	2,704,637
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures is different the net change in fund balance because of the following reconcil				
Use of fund balance is not a GAAP revenue			(550,000)	
Cancellation of prior year encumbrances is not a GAAP rev	/enue		(49,000)	
Encumbrances are reported in the year the order is placed	for budgetary purposes		, ,	
but in the year received for financial reporting purposes	5 , 1 1		38,813	
Recognition of fair market value of investments		_	398,185	
Total Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP basis		\$	2,542,635	
Total Net Change III Fund Dalance - GMAF Dasis		Φ =	2,342,033	

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - SCHOOL UNRESTRICTED FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	-	Budgete	ed A	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget -
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual		Positive (Negative)
Revenues and Designated Fund Balance:								
State aid	\$	5,353,387	\$	5,353,387	\$	4,966,021	\$	(387,366)
Tuition		124,102		124,102		67,962		(56,140)
Investment Income						651		651
Miscellaneous	_	515,000		515,000	_	430,641		(84,359)
Total revenues	-	5,992,489		5,992,489	_	5,465,275		(527,214)
Use of fund balance	_	475,000		475,000	_	475,000	(-	<del>-</del> _
Total Revenues and Use of Fund Balance	_	6,467,489	•	6,467,489	_	5,940,275		(527,214)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		33,316,923		33,280,108		32,580,643		699,465
Employee benefits		14,550,788		14,550,788		14,101,487		449,301
Purchased services		11,482,970		11,158,433		9,614,251		1,544,182
Supplies and materials	_	2,041,144		2,402,496	_	2,223,991		178,505
Total expenditures	-	61,391,825		61,391,825	_	58,520,372		2,871,453
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures	-	(54,924,336)		(54,924,336)	_	(52,580,097)		2,344,239
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers in:		= 4 000 000		<b>5</b> 4 000 000		<b>5</b> 4.000.000		
Town of South Kingstown General Fund		54,896,836		54,896,836		54,896,836		- 0.040
Trust Fund Income		27,500		27,500		30,543		3,043
Transfers out:								
Town of South Kingstown General Fund	_	54004000			_	(164,859)		(164,859)
Total other financing sources	-	54,924,336		54,924,336	-	54,762,520		(161,816)
Excess of Revenues, Other Sources and Uses of								
Fund Balance over Expenditures and Other								
Financing Uses	\$ <sub>=</sub>	-	\$			2,182,423	\$	2,182,423
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures is di net change in fund balance because of the following								
Use of fund balance is not a GAAP revenue		3				(475,000)		
Change in encumbrances					_	(34,401)		
Total Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP basis					\$_	1,673,022		

# Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### **NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditure for particular purposes. The following special revenue funds are reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

#### **TOWN FUNDS**

**Community Development Block Grant** - This fund is used to account for revenues received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development. These funds are restricted for the various objectives of the Community Development Block Grant Program.

**Elderly Services** - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Senior Services Center, and for the transportation, nutrition, and adult day care programs for senior citizens residents.

**EMS Billing Services** - This fund is used to account for revenues received from billing services for the Emergency Medical Services Department.

Narragansett Library Association - This fund is used to account for funds restricted for library operation expenditures.

**Neighborhood Guild** - This fund is used to account for operations of the Neighborhood Guild facility. The Guild offers numerous recreational programs for Town residents of all ages.

Peace Dale Office Building - This fund is used to account for the operation of the Peace Dale Office Building.

**Property Revaluation Reserve Fund** - This fund is used to account for the periodic revaluation of property for tax assessment as mandated by State law.

**RI Resource Recovery Grant Fund** - This fund is used to account for revenues received from RI Resource Recovery Corporation. These funds are restricted to the Town's recycling program.

**Other Town Funds** - Outlined below are the remaining Special Revenue Funds that are restricted for various programs maintained by the Town.

Affordable Housing Miscellaneous Donations Fund

Animal Shelter Benefit Municipal Planning Services Reserve Fund

Asset Forfeiture Fund Statewide Planning Grant

Community Recreation Center Substance Abuse

Public Safety Grants Historical and Vital Recording Fees

**Drug Free Community Grant** 

Friends of SK Parks and Recreation

#### SCHOOL FUNDS

**Nancy Brown Memorial Fund** - This fund is used to account for the proceeds to construct and maintain a playground at Wakefield Elementary School in memory of Nancy Brown.

**School Restricted Funds** - These funds are financed by grants from various state and federal agencies and are restricted for specific educational programs.

#### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds. Funding sources include debt proceeds, intergovernmental sources, third party contributions and General Fund transfers. The following capital project funds are reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

**Capital Equipment and Replacement Fund** - This fund is used to account for major capital equipment acquisitions in the Town that are funded over a multi-year period.

**Fair Share Development Fund** - This fund is used to account for the fees collected from subdivision developers for future school and recreational capital improvements.

**Library Building Construction** - This fund is used to account for building renovations to the three Town libraries.

Guild Renovation Fund - This fund is used to account for improvements to the Neighborhood Guild facility.

**Open Space Reserve Fund** - This fund is used to account for real estate conveyance taxes held for the purchase of open space.

**Public Safety Improvement Fund** - This fund was established to account for the construction and maintenance of the South Kingstown Public Safety Building.

**Public Services Office Building Improvement** - This fund was established to account for improvements to the Public Service Office Building.

**Public Works Improvement Fund** - This fund is used to account for various improvements to the Town's infrastructure system.

Recreation Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for various restoration projects to the Town's recreational facilities.

Recreation Minor Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for improvements to the Town's recreational facilities.

**Senior Services Center Construction** - This fund is used to account for the construction costs of the Senior Services Center.

**South Road School Reserve Fund** - This fund is used to account for construction costs associated with South Road School.

**Recreation Center Fund** - This fund is used to account for the construction costs of the South Kingstown Recreation Center.

**Technology Improvement Fund** - This fund is used to account for major enhancements to the Town's data processing system.

**Town Hall Improvement Fund** - This fund is used to account for construction improvement projects at the Town Hall.

Wastewater Construction Fund - This fund is used to account for the construction of new wastewater facilities.

#### PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The following permanent funds are reported as nonmajor governmental funds:

Hazard Memorial Trust - To account for funds available for the operations of the Peace Dale library.

Irving Knowles Trust - To account for funds available for the operations of the Peace Dale library.

**Oliver Watson Home Fund** - To account for the operations of the Watson Home, which was established in 1938 to provide shelter and care for elderly town residents.

Walter W. Watson Trust - To account for funds available to assist the poor and needy of South Kingstown.

**Kingston Free Library Trust Fund** - To account for funds available for the operations of the Kingston Free library.

								Special	Rev	venue Funds						
ASSETS	-	Affordable Housing	_	Animal Shelter Benefit Fund		Asset Forfeiture Fund		Community Development Block Grant	_	Community Recreation Center		Elderly Services		EMS Billing Services	_	Historical and Vital Recording Fees
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivables Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds Prepaids	\$	72,694	\$	400,839	\$	740 493 240,365	\$	20,522 15,363	\$	142,426 185	\$	180,050 9,340 15,531 50,671	\$	865,659 878,894 330	\$	131,683
Total Assets	\$	72,694	\$	400,839	\$	241,598	\$	35,885	\$	142,611	\$	255,592	\$	1,744,883	\$_	131,683
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to federal and state governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	2,116	\$	10,026 510 10,536	\$	1,409	\$		\$	5,700 8,656 17,615 31,971	\$	6,196 12,317 18,513	\$	1,823	\$	
Fund Balances:	_	,		-,	-	,	· -		_	- ,-	-		_	,	· <u>-</u>	
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		70,578		390,303		240,189		35,885		110,640		237,079		1,743,060		131,683
Total fund balances	_	70,578	_	390,303	_	240,189	-	35,885	_	110,640	-	237,079	-	1,743,060	_	131,683
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	72,694	\$_	400,839	\$_	241,598	\$_	35,885	\$	142,611	\$_	255,592	\$_	1,744,883	\$_	131,683

					Sp	ecial Reven	ue l	Funds						
ASSETS	rragansett Library	 Neighborhood Guild	_	Peace Dale Office Building	-	Property Revaluation Reserve Fund	-	RI Resource Recovery Grant	_	Public Safety Grants	s _	Substance Abuse	_	Statewide Planning Grant
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivables Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds Prepaids	\$ 65,148 31,585 31,577	\$ 47,948 107,445 24,696 2,360	\$	185,444 1,174 92	\$	267,916	\$	55,896	\$	4,042	\$	17,069	\$	
Total Assets	\$ 128,310	\$ 182,449	\$_	186,710	\$_	267,916	\$_	55,896	\$_	4,042	\$_	17,069	\$_	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to federal and state governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ 20 31,642 31,662	\$ 5,252 8,989 16,547 30,788	\$	2,342	\$		\$	-	\$	1,317 2,725 4,042	\$	-	\$	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	 96,648	 2,360 149,301 151,661	_	184,368	_	267,916	-	55,896	_		_	17,069	_	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 128,310	\$ 182,449	\$_	186,710	\$	267,916	\$	55,896	\$_	4,042	\$_	17,069	\$_	

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

					Spe	cia	al Revenue Fun	ds				
ASSETS	Drug Free Community Grant	 Nancy Brown Memorial Fund	 Municipal Planning Services Reserve Fund	_	School Restricted Fund	-	Miscellaneous Donations Fund	- <u>-</u>	K-9 Grant Fund	Friends of SK Parks and Recreation		Total Special Revenue Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivables Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds Prepaids	\$ 94,691	\$ 3,142	\$ 346	\$	113,590 28,377	\$	25,193	\$	12,719	\$ 48,446 458	\$	1,539,003 910,479 149,536 248,869 1,344,892 2,360
Total Assets	\$ 94,691	\$ 3,142	\$ 346	\$	141,967	\$	25,193	\$	12,719	\$ 48,904	\$	4,195,139
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to federal and state governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ 94,691	\$ 3,142	\$ -	\$	21,237 28,651 67,763 24,316 141,967	\$		\$	490	\$ 6	\$	44,249 75,440 510 196,821 58,478 375,498
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned			346				25,193		12,229	48,898		2,360 711,139 3,106,142
Total fund balances		 -	 346	-	-	-	25,193	· –	12,229	48,898	_	3,819,641
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 94,691	\$ 3,142	\$ 346	\$	141,967	\$	25,193	\$	12,719	\$ 48,904	\$	4,195,139

							Capita	al Project F	une	ds				
ASSETS		Capital Equipment and Replacement		Technology Improvement	Fair Share Development		Library Building Construction	Open Space Reserve		Public Safety mprovement	<u>lı</u>	Public Services Office Building mprovement	Public Works Improvement	Recreation Minor Improvement
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivables Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds Prepaids	\$	1,284,292	\$	127,485	489,625	\$	194,566 \$ 12,436	597,602	\$	408,221	\$	167,382	1,019,000	28,145
Total Assets	\$_	1,284,292	\$	127,485	489,625	\$	207,002 \$	597,602	\$	408,221	- \$_	167,382	1,019,000 \$	28,145
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to federal and state governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	21,148	\$	13,985 \$		\$	3,628 \$		\$	6,026	\$	42,000 \$	64,024 \$	88,009 150,903 28,145 267,057
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed	_	1,263,144		113,500	489,625		203,374	597,602		402,195	_	125,382	954,976	
Unassigned Total fund balances	_	1,263,144		113,500	489,625	- ·	203,374	597,602	 	402,195	_	125,382	954,976	(238,912) (238,912)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	1,284,292	\$_	127,485	489,625	\$	207,002 \$	597,602	_\$_	408,221	\$_	167,382	\$ <u>1,019,000</u> \$	28,145

	, <u>-</u>				Capital F	Projects Funds			
ASSETS		Guild Renovation	Recreation Improvement	Senior Services Center Construction	Recreation Center Fund	South Road School Reserve Fund	Town Hall Improvement	Wastewater Construction	Total Capital Project Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivables Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds Prepaids	\$		202,111	25,004	203,790	391,326	22,596 634,245	\$ 1,350,053 \$ 4,279,361 16,894	1,544,619 4,279,361 22,596 28,145 5,579,413
Total Assets	\$		202,111	25,004	\$ 203,790	\$ 391,326	656,841	\$5,646,308_\$	11,454,134
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to federal and state governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	14,000		· · · · ·	\$ 	1,907		\$	240,727 - 164,903 28,145 433,775
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	-	(14,000) (14,000)	202,111	25,004	203,790	389,419	656,841	5,646,308	1,087,227 10,186,044 (252,912) 11,020,359
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	(	202,111	25,004	\$ 203,790	\$ 391,326	\$ 656,841	\$ 5,646,308 \$	11,454,134

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_					Perma	nent	Funds						
ASSETS	_	Hazard Memorial Trust		Irving Knowles Trust	_	Oliver Watson Home	_	Walter W. Watson Trust		Kingston Free Library Trust		Total Permanent Funds		Total
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivables Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds Prepaids	\$	238,583 255,015 182	\$	22,437 449,482	\$	1,293 216,699	\$	209,133	\$	46,950 999,287	\$	309,263 2,129,616 - - 182	\$	3,392,885 7,319,456 172,132 277,014 6,924,487 2,360
Total Assets	\$	493,780	\$_	471,919	\$	217,992	\$_	209,133	\$	1,046,237		2,439,061	\$	18,088,334
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to federal and state governments Due to other funds	\$		\$	3,830 517	\$	14,982	\$	389	\$	26,456 1,358	\$	30,286 - - 17,246	\$	315,262 75,440 510 378,970
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	_	_		4,347	_	14,982	_	389	_	27,814		47,532	_	86,623 856,805
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned	_	20,000 473,780		2,000 465,572	_	39,000 164,010	_	40,928 167,816		390,092 628,331		492,020 1,899,509 -		494,380 3,697,875 13,292,186 (252,912)
Total fund balances	_	493,780		467,572	_	203,010	_	208,744	_	1,018,423		2,391,529	_	17,231,529
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	493,780	\$_	471,919	\$	217,992	\$	209,133	\$	1,046,237	\$_	2,439,061	\$	18,088,334

	_				Special	Revenue Funds			
	_	Affordable Housing	Animal Shelter Benefit Fund	Asset Forfeiture Fund	Community Development Block Grant	Community Recreation Center	Elderly Services	EMS Billing Services Fund	Historical and Vital Recording Fees
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental revenues Licenses and fees	\$	\$	\$ 20,151	12,255	\$ 208,414	\$	\$ 268,849	\$	39,744
Fines and charges			20,131			156,902	109,394	1,007,354	39,744
Investment income (loss)						876	5,410	44,180	
Contributions			490						
Other revenue	_		27,197	3,122				<del></del>	
Total revenues	_	<u> </u>	47,838	15,377	208,414	157,778	383,653	1,051,534	39,744
Expenditures: Education									
Recreation		00.400	44.000	00.574	470.005	491,579	222.252	057.005	00.457
Other expenditures Capital outlay	_	33,488	11,000	69,571	173,285		860,959	257,685	66,157
Total expenditures	_	33,488	11,000	69,571	173,285	491,579	860,959	257,685	66,157
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(00, 400)	00.000	(54.404)	05.400	(000 004)	(477.000)	700.040	(00.440)
over Expenditures	-	(33,488)	36,838	(54,194)	35,129	(333,801)	(477,306)	793,849	(26,413)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in						325,000	466,003		
Transfers out	_						(30,000)	(650,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	<u> </u>	<del>-</del> -	-		325,000	436,003	(650,000)	<del>-</del>
Net Change in Fund Balances		(33,488)	36,838	(54,194)	35,129	(8,801)	(41,303)	143,849	(26,413)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	-	104,066	353,465	294,383	756	119,441	278,382	1,599,211	158,096
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	70,578 \$	390,303 \$	240,189	\$ 35,885	\$110,640	\$\$	1,743,060 \$	131,683

				Special Reven	ue Funds			
	Narragansett Library	Neighborhood Guild	Peace Dale Office Building	Property Revaluation Reserve Fund	RI Resource Recovery Grant	Public Safety Grants	Substance Abuse	Statewide Planning Grant
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Licenses and fees	\$	\$	\$ 4,708	\$	\$	54,894	\$ \$	7,000
Fines and charges Investment income (loss) Contributions	(832) 45,883	329,933 859	88,236 2,559					
Other revenue Total revenues	45,051	7,487 338,279	95,503	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	54,894	12,077 12,077	7,000
Expenditures: Education Recreation Other expenditures	19	728,767	95,606			54,894	8,743	7,000
Capital outlay Total expenditures	19	728,767	95,606		<u> </u>	54,894	8,743	7,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	45,032	(390,488)	(103)	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	3,334	<u>-</u> _
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	3,830 (49,990)	414,000		100,000				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(46,160)	414,000	-	100,000				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,128)	23,512	(103)	100,000	-	-	3,334	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	97,776	128,149	184,471	167,916	55,896		13,735	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$96,648	\$151,661	\$ 184,368	\$\$	\$55,896_\$		\$ 17,069 \$	

	Special Revenue Funds															
	_	Drug Free Community Grant	_	Nancy Brown Memorial Fund		Municipal Planning Services Reserve Fund	_	School Restricted Fund		Miscellaneous Donations Fund		K-9 Grant Fund	-	Friends of SK Parks and Recreation		Total Special Revenue Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Licenses and fees Fines and charges	\$	126,540	\$		\$		\$	1,288,608	\$		\$	25,000	\$	\$	\$	1,996,268 59,895 1,691,819
Investment income (loss) Contributions Other revenue								12,873		7,668				693 4,571		53,745 71,485 49,883
Total revenues	-	126,540		-		-	_	1,301,481		7,668	_	25,000	-	5,264		3,923,095
Expenditures: Education Recreation Other expenditures Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	126,540	_	_			_	1,301,481		2,280	_	12,771	-	8,297 8,297		1,301,481 1,324,249 1,684,392 
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<del>-</del>	-		-			_	-		5,388	_	12,229	-	(3,033)		(387,027)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	<del>-</del>		- <u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	_	-			_		-		_	1,308,833 (729,990) 578,843
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-		-		5,388		12,229		(3,033)		191,816
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	-	_		_	346	_	-		19,805	_	<u>-</u>	_	51,931		3,627,825
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	346	\$_	-	\$_	25,193	\$	12,229	\$_	48,898	\$	3,819,641

	Capital Projects Funds														
	_	Capital Equipment and Replacement	Technology Improvement	_	Fair Share Development	_	Library Building Construction	Open Space Reserve		Public Safety Improvement		Public Services Office Building Improvement	lm	Public Works provement	Recreation Minor Improvement
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Licenses and fees Fines and charges	\$	89,050	\$	\$	213,981	\$	\$	454,946	\$	;	\$	;	\$	\$	
Investment income (loss) Contributions Other revenue							2,613 98,000								100,000
Total revenues	_	89,050		-	213,981	_	100,613	454,946			_	-	_	-	100,000
Expenditures: Education Recreation Other expenditures Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	1,072,342 1,072,342	129,949 129,949			_	29,849 29,849	387,688 387,688		6,026 6,026	_	51,497 51,497		429,700 429,700	683,465 683,465
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(983,292)	(129,949)		213,981	_	70,764	67,258		(6,026)	_	(51,497)		(429,700)	(583,465)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	_	617,000	15,000		(185,133)			(250,000	)	35,000		20,000		670,000	102,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	617,000	15,000	_	(185,133)	_	-	(250,000	)	35,000	_	20,000		670,000	102,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		(366,292)	(114,949)		28,848		70,764	(182,742	)	28,974		(31,497)		240,300	(481,465)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	1,629,436	228,449		460,777	_	132,610	780,344		373,221	_	156,879	_	714,676	242,553
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	1,263,144	\$ 113,500	\$	489,625	\$_	203,374 \$	597,602	\$	402,195	\$_	125,382	\$	954,976 \$	(238,912)

	_	Capital Project Funds											
	-	Guild Renovation	Recreation Major Projects	Senior Services Center Construction	Recreation Center Fund	South Road School Reserve Fund	Town Hall Improvement	Wastewater Construction	Total Capital Project Funds				
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Licenses and fees Fines and charges Investment income (loss) Contributions Other revenue Total revenues	\$		\$	\$ 	\$ 	80,100	\$ 6,150	\$ 87,000 187,017 	\$ 95,268 668,927 167,100 189,630 198,000 1,901 1,320,826				
Expenditures: Education Recreation Other expenditures Capital outlay Total expenditures	-					45,101 45,101	15,389 15,389		2,851,006 2,851,006				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	-	<u>-</u> _	1,901			35,067	(9,239)	274,017	(1,530,180)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	50,000	20,000		(9,743) (9,743)	35,000 35,000	<u>-</u>	1,564,000 (444,876) 1,119,124				
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	51,901	20,000	-	25,324	25,761	274,017	(411,056)				
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	<u>-</u>	(14,000)	150,210	5,004	203,790	364,095	631,080	5,372,291	11,431,415				
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ <u>_</u>	(14,000)	\$ 202,111	\$ 25,004	\$ 203,790	389,419	\$ 656,841	\$ 5,646,308	\$ 11,020,359				

**Permanent Funds** Kingston Hazard Irving Oliver Walter W. Free Total Memorial Knowles Watson Watson Library Permanent Trust Trust Home Trust Trust **Funds** Eliminations Total Revenues: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Intergovernmental revenues \$ \$ 2.091.536 Licenses and fees 728,822 Fines and charges 1,858,919 Investment income (loss) 27,388 22,935 8,621 8,301 56,023 123,268 366,643 Contributions 269,485 Other revenue 51,784 Total revenues 27,388 22,935 8,301 56,023 123,268 8,621 5,367,189 Expenditures: Education 1,301,481 Recreation 616 501 1,325,366 1,117 Other expenditures 17,100 4,977 22,077 1,706,469 Capital outlay 2,851,006 Total expenditures 17,100 616 501 4,977 23,194 7,184,322 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures 10,288 22,935 8,005 7,800 51,046 100,074 (1,817,133)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in (48,830)2,824,003 Transfers out (3,830)(15,000)(26,456)(45,286)48,830 (1,171,322)Total other financing sources (uses) (3,830)(15,000)(26,456) (45,286)1,652,681 Net Change in Fund Balances 10,288 19,105 (6,995)7,800 24,590 54,788 (164,452)Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 483.492 448.467 210,005 200,944 993.833 2,336,741 17,395,981 Fund Balances at End of Year 493,780 467,572 203,010 208,744 1,018,423 \$ 2,391,529 17,231,529

### **Internal Service Funds**

#### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Internal Service Funds are used to account for and finance certain health care costs of the Town in addition to non-major technology investments. The Internal Service Funds are as follows:

**Health Care Management Fund** - To account for health care management costs for the Town.

**Compensated Absences Fund** - To account for compensated absences administration for the Town.

**Non-major Technology Reserve Fund** - To account for all funds held for the purposes of non-major technology purchases.

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Health Care Management Fund	_	Compensated Absences Fund	_	Non-major Technology Reserve Fund		Total
ASSETS Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	678,271	\$	53,066 965,131	\$	186,907	\$	731,337 1,152,038
Total Assets	-	678,271		1,018,197	-	186,907	_	1,883,375
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION								
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			-		-		_	
Net Position: Unrestricted	\$	678,271	\$	1,018,197	\$	186,907	\$_	1,883,375

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Health Care Managemen Fund		Non-major Technology Reserve Fund	Total
Operating Revenues:	\$	\$	\$ 101.791	\$ 101.791
Charges for services  Total operating revenues	<u> </u>	<sup></sup>	\$ 101,791 101,791	\$ 101,791 101,791
Operating Expenses: Health care management Compensated absences Other	2,60	0 159,230	34,487	2,600 159,230 34,487
Total operating expenses	2,60	0 159,230	34,487	196,317
Operating Income (Loss)	(2,60	0) (159,230)	67,304	(94,526)
Nonoperating Income: Income on investments	8,40	6 732		9,138
Change in Net Position	5,80	6 (158,498)	67,304	(85,388)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	672,46	5 1,176,695	119,603	1,968,763
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 678,27	1 \$ 1,018,197	\$ 186,907	\$ 1,883,375

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Health Care Management Fund		Compensated Absences Fund	Non-major Technology Reserve Fund	_	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from providing services Payments to suppliers Payments for claims Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (2,600) (2,600)	\$	159,230 (159,230)	\$ 34,487 (34,487)	\$	193,717 (34,487) (161,830) (2,600)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest on investments Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	8,406 8,406		732 732		_	9,138 9,138
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,806		732	-		6,538
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	672,465		52,334		_	724,799
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 678,271	\$	53,066	\$ <u>-</u>	\$_	731,337
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities:	\$ (2,600)	\$_	(159,230)	\$ 	\$_	(94,526)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds Total adjustments	<u> </u>		159,230 159,230	(67,304) (67,304)	_	91,926 91,926
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ (2,600)	\$	-	\$ -	\$_	(2,600)

### **Agency Funds**

#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency Funds are as follows:

**Unclaimed Estates** - To account for unclaimed estates that are in probate

**Student Activities Fund** - To account for all funds held in various school programs.

#### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	-	Balance July 1, 2019	. <u>-</u>	Additions	-	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020
Unclaimed Estates							
Assets: Cash	\$	24,992	\$	350	\$		\$ 25,342
Liabilities: Deposits held in custody for others	\$_	24,992	\$	350	\$		\$ 25,342
Student Activities Fund							
Assets: Cash	\$ <u>-</u>	374,335	\$	183,653	\$	195,761	\$ 362,227
Liabilities: Deposits held in custody for others	\$	374,335	\$	183,653	\$	195,761	\$ 362,227
Total All Agency Funds							
Assets: Cash	\$_	399,327	\$	184,003	\$	195,761	\$ 387,569
Liabilities: Deposits held in custody for others	\$_	399,327	\$	184,003	\$	195,761	\$ 387,569

### **Other Schedules**

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Year	Mill Rate	Property Taxes Receivable July 1, 2019	Current Year Assessment	Transfers Addendums (Net)	Abatements and Adjustments	Amount to be Collected	Collections Net of Refunds	Property Taxes Receivable June 30, 2020
2019	14.450	\$ \$	76,125,309 \$	149,486	45,097 \$	76,229,698 \$	75,321,009	\$ 908,689
2018	15.680	765,373		3,847	159	769,061	653,653	115,408
2017	15.310	109,041				109,041	43,546	65,495
2016	15.090	70,486			1	70,485	10,904	59,581
2015	15.520	48,649		3,628	5,028	47,249	7,119	40,130
2014	15.482	41,358				41,358	2,582	38,776
2013	15.470	36,625			38	36,587	3,555	33,032
2012	14.501	36,367			19	36,348	3,234	33,114
2011	14.510	35,746				35,746	474	35,272
2010	14.190	52,194				52,194	393	51,801
2009	12.090	15,608			15,601	7	7	
Subtotal		1,211,447 \$	76,125,309	156,961	65,943 \$	77,427,774 \$	76,046,476	1,381,298
Less: estimated allowance for uncollectable accounts		380,640						424,078
Net property taxes receivable		\$830,807					;	\$ 957,220

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

A . I	
COL	lections

Year	July - August 2019 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY19 Accrual	September - June 2020 Collections	Total FY 2020 Collections	July - August 2020 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY20 Accrual
2019	\$	\$ 75,321,009	\$ 75,321,009 \$	318,299
2018	347,517	306,136	653,653	7,935
2017	15,289	28,257	43,546	2,916
2016	4,176	6,728	10,904	5,447
2015	961	6,158	7,119	278
2014	271	2,311	2,582	61
2013	242	3,313	3,555	42
2012	278	2,956	3,234	76
2011	167	307	474	230
2010	253	140	393	59
2009	7		7	
Total	\$369,161	\$ 75,677,315	\$ 76,046,476 \$	335,343

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Schedule of Net Assessed Property Value by Category Assessed December 31, 2018			Reconciliation of Current Year Property Tax Revenue		
Description of Property	Valuations	Levy	Current year collections	\$	76,046,476
Real property	\$ 4,999,471,700 \$	72,242,366	Revenue received 60 days subsequent to		
Motor vehicle	227,716,789	4,260,581	fiscal year ending June 30, 2020		335,343
Tangible property	114,091,164	1,648,617	Subtotal	_	76,381,819
Total	5,341,279,653	78,151,564	Prior year revenue received in current year		
Exemptions and adjustments	122,793,154	2,026,255	(2019 60 day rule)	_	(369,161)
Net Assessed Value	\$ 5,218,486,499 \$	76,125,309	Current Year Property Tax Revenue	\$_	76,012,658

# Other Supplementary Information

# The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report Schedules

# required by the State of Rhode Island General Law § 45-12-22.2 and § 44-35-10

- Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Revenue
- Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Expenditures
- Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 - Municipal
- Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 - Education Department
- Notes to Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

### Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>revenue</u>	Municipal	Education Department
Current Year Levy Tax Collection	\$ 75,646,472	\$ -
Last Year's Levy Tax Collection	310,475	-
Prior Years Property Tax Collection	55,711	-
Interest & Penalty	298,077	-
PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection	417,712	_
Other Local Property Taxes	-	_
Licenses and Permits	1,165,572	-
Fines and Forfeitures	63,084	-
Investment Income	1,145,534	-
Departmental	1,715,422	-
Rescue Run Revenue	1,005,159	-
Police & Fire Detail	4,493	-
Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues	451,677	_
Tuition	-	67,960
Impact Aid	-	-
Medicaid	-	316,627
Federal Stabilization Funds	-	-
Federal Food Service Reimbursement	-	269,437
CDBG	-	-
COPS Grants	-	-
SAFER Grants	-	-
Other Federal Aid Funds	7,813	1,262,476
COVID - ESSER	-	-
COVID - CRF	-	-
COVID - CDBG	-	-
COVID - FEMA	-	-
COVID - Other	15,177	-
MV Excise Tax Reimbursement	142,445	-
State PILOT Program	208,804	-
Distressed Community Relief Fund	225 405	-
Library Resource Aid	225,105	-
Library Construction Aid Public Service Corporation Tax	387,095	-
Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax	1,159,651	_
LEA Aid	1,133,031	4,966,021
Group Home	_	-
Housing Aid Capital Projects	_	_
Housing Aid Bonded Debt	496,903	-
State Food Service Revenue	-	10,745
Incentive Aid	-	-
Property Revaluation Reimbursement	-	-
Other State Revenue	-	26,434
Motor Vehicle Phase Out	630,089	-
Other Revenue	-	525,857
Local Appropriation for Education	-	54,896,836
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	8,533
Rounding		
Total Revenue	\$ 85,552,470	\$ 62,350,926
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds	\$ -	\$ -
Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds	681,312	-
Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds	, -	-
Financing Sources: Other	459,876	-
Rounding	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,141,188	\$ -

### Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	General Government	Finance	Social Services	Centralized IT	Planning	Libraries	Public Works	Parks and Rec	Police Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ 719,257	\$ 767,434	\$ 508,504	\$ 262,736	\$ 635,425	\$ 809,387	\$ 1,209,971	\$ 1,305,748	\$ 3,850,705
Compensation - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	478,562
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A	7,186	2,590	104	71	931	1,040	26,292	24,342	479,734
Overtime - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,428
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Police & Fire Detail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Active Medical Insurance - Group A Active Medical Insurance- Group B	126,273	106,952	96,007	47,086 -	108,580	125,919 -	222,553	184,018	757,721 130,086
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Active Dental insurance- Group A	8,013	6,758	7,036	2,084	7,402	6,875	13,798	12,633	46,124
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,278
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payroll Taxes	52,237	57,530	37,148	19,204	47,208	59,922	91,180	98,847	351,660
Life Insurance	290	319	223	86	287	298	646	518	4,387
State Defined Contribution- Group A	5,493	7,877	4,611	3,366	5,394	6,782	10,698	10,454	-
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,084
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group A	4,720	2,420	11,164	692	5,973	5,248	72,726	43,787	20,561
Other Benefits- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,674
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	92.704	- 00.050	- 	21.070	72 210	02.201	146 100	122.002	1.053.670
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	83,704	90,850	51,426	31,970	72,210	83,281	146,188	122,093	1,053,670
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	58,180
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution				-		-			-
Purchased Services	269,382	39,057	18,124	14,592	15,976	58,817	493,768	475,568	34,294
Materials/Supplies	8,916	6,563	15,956	2,248	3,699	98,994	123,382	105,537	43,456
Software Licenses	1,669	265	2,987	69,370	9,772	7,634	8,628	3,699	28,233
Capital Outlays	_,	250	14,940	2,159	-,		3,639	5,847	16,535
Insurance	475,493		-		_	_	-	-	-
Maintenance	23,008		12,900		-	22,875	12,910	38,578	17,224
Vehicle Operations	1,698	636	9,894		2,842	1,085	140,431	33,743	227,928
Utilities	40,812	572	46,289	1,056	528	38,845	44,939	92,097	92,781
Contingency	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	-	188,054	-	-
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,859	-	-
Trash Removal & Recycling	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,347	-	-
Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Support	136,849	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Operation Expenditures	35,291	12,569	5,872	4,800	12,878	16,986	21,752	40,809	145,252
Tipping Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rounding									
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,000,291	\$ 1,102,642	\$ 843,185	\$ 461,520	\$ 929,105	\$ 1,343,988	\$ 2,900,761	\$ 2,598,318	\$ 7,856,557

### Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>expenditures</u>	Fire Department		ralized oatch	Public Safety Other	Education Appropriation	n Debt	OPEB	Total Municipal	Education Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ -	\$ 4	43,686	\$ 1,492,320	\$ -	. \$	- \$	- \$ 12,005,173	\$ 25,365,047
Compensation - Group B	-	- ب	-	J 1,432,320 -			- y -	- 478,562	3,214,557
Compensation - Group C	-		-	-			-		4,380,054
Compensation -Volunteer	-		-	-	-		-		-
Overtime- Group A	-	1	.01,705	491,123	-		-	- 1,135,118	-
Overtime - Group B	-		-	-	-		-	- 1,428	-
Overtime - Group C	-		-	-	-		-	-	49,898
Police & Fire Detail	-		-	-	-	•	-		-
Active Medical Insurance - Group A Active Medical Insurance- Group B	-	1	.09,976	305,341	-		-	- 2,190,426 - 130,086	3,791,698 362,191
Active Medical Insurance- Group C							-	- 130,080	1,441,974
Active Dental insurance- Group A	_		5,867	16,243			-	- 132,833	252,183
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	_		-				-	- 7,278	22,433
Active Dental Insurance- Group C			-	-			-		90,507
Payroll Taxes	-		39,806	141,213			-	- 995,955	2,478,561
Life Insurance	-		246	1,504	-		-	- 8,804	224,666
State Defined Contribution- Group A	-		5,055	2,657	-		-	- 62,387	148,532
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-		-	-	-		-	- 4,084	31,162
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-		-	-	-		-		41,558
Other Benefits- Group A	-		1,401	32,268	-		-	- 200,960	416,003
Other Benefits- Group B	-		-	-	-		-	- 6,674	-
Other Benefits- Group C	-		-	-	-	•	-		-
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-		-	-	-		-		-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-		-	-			-		-
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-		51,666	104,985			_	- - 1,892,043	3,546,508
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-		-	104,707			_	- 1,892,043 - 58,180	428,458
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	_		_	_			-		509,505
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	-		_	-	-		-		-
Purchased Services	-		2,279	282,384			-	- 1,704,241	9,816,709
Materials/Supplies	-		1,533	34,647	-		-	- 444,931	609,651
Software Licenses	-		3,854	5,635	-		-	- 141,746	265,614
Capital Outlays	-		-	16,705	-		-	- 60,075	535,042
Insurance	-		-	-	-		-	- 475,493	275,722
Maintenance	-		2,349	34,806	-		-	- 164,650	365,264
Vehicle Operations	-		-	50,584	-		-	- 468,841	6,073
Utilities	-		11,315	25,763	-		-	- 394,997	918,924
Contingency	-		-	-	-	•	-		-
Street Lighting	-		-	-			-	- 188,054	-
Revaluation Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-		-	-	-		-	46.050	-
Trash Removal & Recycling	-			-			-	- 46,859 - 22,347	-
Claims & Settlements	-			-			-	- 22,347	-
Community Support	_		_	_	_		-	- 136,849	_
Other Operation Expenditures	_		6,958	39,647			-	- 342,814	120,646
Tipping Fees	-		· -	-			-	- ' -	· -
Local Appropriation for Education	-		-	-	54,896,836	i	-	- 54,896,836	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-		-	-	-		-		-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-		-	-	-		-		-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-		-	-	-		-		-
Other Education Appropriation	-		-	-	-	•	-		-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-		-	-	-	760,242		- 760,242	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-		-	-	-	100,57		- 188,379	-
School Debt- Principal School Debt- Interest			-	-	-	933,758		- 933,758 - 101,315	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-			-	-	. 101,31	-	- 101,315	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-		-						-
OPEB Contribution- Total	_		_	_			- 857,163	1 857,161	795,295
Rounding	-		_	-	-		-		-
· ·									
Total Expenditures	\$ -	\$ 7	87,696	\$ 3,077,825	\$ 54,896,836	\$ 1,983,694	4 \$ 857,163	\$ 81,639,579	\$ 60,504,435
		Einanci	ing Heac	Transfer to Ca	nital Eunds			\$ 1,664,000	\$ -
		Financi Financi	ing Uses:	Transfer to Otl Payment to Bo		nt		229,300	173,392 - -
			-	ancing Uses				\$ 1,893,300	\$ 173,392
		Net Ch	ange in I	Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>				3,160,779	1,673,099
		Fund B	alance1-	beginning of y	ear			\$17,157,934	\$2,637,632
					le Government			-	-
					vernment Servi	ces (RGS)		-	-
				justments				-	-
			djustme						
				- beginning of y	ear adjusted			17,157,934	2,637,632
		Roundi Fund B		end of year				\$ 20,318,713	\$ 4,310,731

 $<sup>^{1}\,\</sup>mathrm{and}\,\mathrm{Net}\,\mathrm{Position}$  if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Town of South Kingstown
Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)
Combining Schedule of
Reportable Government Services with
Reconciliation to MTP2
Municipal
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements	Total	Total Other Financing	Total	Total Other Financing	Net Change in Fund	Beginning Fund Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>	Prior Period	Restated Beginning Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>	Ending Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>
Fund Description	Revenue	Sources	Expenditures	Uses	Balance <sup>1</sup>	(Deficit)	Adjustment	(Deficit)	(Deficit)
		554.565	2Aprilanta co		24.4	(20.0.0)	, tajastinent	(Denote)	(Denote)
Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2019						\$ 17,157,934	-	\$ 17,157,934	
No funds removed from RGS for fiscal 2020						-	-	=	
No funds added to RGS for Fiscal 2020						-	-	-	
No misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2020					-	-	-	-	_
Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2019 adjusted					=	\$ 17,157,934	-	\$ 17,157,934	=
General Fund	\$ 83,282,101	\$ 917,312	\$ 22,910,639	\$ 58,746,139	\$ 2,542,635	\$ 14,492,188	\$ -	\$ 14,492,188	\$ 17,034,823
Debt Service	496,903	1,879,876	1,984,694	-	392,085	492,088	-	492,088	
Elderly (Senior) Services	383,653	466,003	860,959	30,000	(41,303)	278,382	-	278,382	237,079
EMS Billing	1,051,534	-	257,685	650,000	143,849	1,599,211	-	1,599,211	1,743,060
Neighborhood Guild	338,279	414,000	728,766	-	23,513	128,149	=	128,149	151,662
Property Revaluation		100,000	-	-	100,000	167,916	-	167,916	267,916
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 85,552,470	\$ 3,777,191	\$ 26,742,743	\$ 59,426,139	\$ 3,160,779	\$ 17,157,934	\$ -	\$ 17,157,934	\$ 20,318,713
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2									
Reclassify transfer of municipal appropriation to Education Department as expenditure on MTP2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,896,836	\$ (54,896,836)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Eliminate transfers between Funds reported on MTP2:	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
- from General Fund to Debt Service	-	(1,435,000)	-	(1,435,000)	-	-	-	-	-
- from General Fund to Senior Services	=	(451,003)	=	(451,003)	-	-	=	=	=
- from EMS Billing to General Fund	=	(650,000)	-	(650,000)	-	-	-	-	-
- from General Fund to Property Revaluation to General Fund	-	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	-	-	-
Rounding		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 85,552,470	\$ 1,141,188	\$ 81,639,579	\$ 1,893,300	\$ 3,160,779	\$ 17,157,934	\$ -	\$ 17,157,934	\$ 20,318,713

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Town of South Kingstown

Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)
Combining Schedule of
Reportable Government Services with
Reconciliation to MTP2
Education Department
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description	Total Revenue	Total Other Financing Sources	Total Expenditures	Total Other Financing Uses	Net Change in Fund Balance <sup>1</sup>	Beginning Fu Fund Baland (Deficit)	e <sup>1</sup> Pri	ior Period djustment	Restated Beginning Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> (Deficit)	Ending Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> (Deficit)
	Revenue	Sources	Expenditures	Oses	Dalatice	, ,		•	,	
Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2019 No misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2020						\$ 2,637,	532 -	- \$ -	2,637,632	
Fund Balance <sup>1</sup> - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2019 adjusted						\$ 2,637,	532	- \$	2,637,632	<del>-</del> =
School Unrestricted Fund	\$ 8,258,931 \$	54,927,379	\$ 61,339,896	\$ 173,392	\$ 1,673,022	\$ 2,560,	361 \$	- \$	2,560,861	\$ 4,233,883
Enterprise Fund-Food Service	754,818	-	758,394	-	(3,576)	89,	311	-	89,311	85,735
School Special Revenue Funds	1,301,481	-	1,301,481	-	-		-	-	-	<u> </u>
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 10,315,230 \$	54,927,379	\$ 63,399,771	\$ 173,392	\$ 1,669,446	\$ 2,650,	172 \$	- \$	2,650,172	\$ 4,319,618
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2										
Municipal appropriation for Education reported as a transfer on financial statements but a										
revenue on MTP2	\$ 54,896,836 \$	(54,896,836)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ -
Transfer from School Trust Fund State contributions on behalf of teacher pensions are reported as revenue and	30,543	(30,543)	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
expenditures on financial statements only	(2,793,656)	_	(2,793,656)	_	_		_	_	_	_
Less Commodities reported from GAAP financials - not in MPT2	(27,813)	-	(27,813)		-		-	-	-	-
For financial statements, indirect cost charges and recovery are reported in federal grant										
funds and also actual expenditures & reimbursement reported in School Unrestricted Fund.	(70,214)	-	(70,214)		- 2.552	412	-	-	- (42.540)	- (2.007)
Depreciation expense recognized on financials not on MPT1 Rounding		-	(3,653)	-	3,653 -	(12,	- -	-	(12,540	) (8,887) -
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 62,350,926 \$	-	\$ 60,504,435	\$ 173,392	\$ 1,673,099	\$ 2,637,	532 \$	- \$	2,637,632	\$ 4,310,731
Reconciliation from MTP2 to UCOA										
Misc. variance between UCOA and financial statements	\$ 2		\$ -	\$ -						
Use of Fund Balance recorded as revenue in UCOA file	475,000		-	-						
Transfer recorded as expense UCOA and transfer in MTP			173,392	(173,392)						
Totals per UCOA Validated Totals Report	\$ 62,825,928	:	\$ 60,677,827	\$ -						

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - ANNUAL SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT (MTP2)
JUNE 30, 2020

### **NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation**

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) is a supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-22.2 and 44-35-10. This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report* (MTP2) was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General and the Department of Education.

### **NOTE 2. Reportable Government Services**

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

### **NOTE 3. Allocations**

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the City's (or Town's) budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the City (or Town) made allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

### **NOTE 4. Employee Groups**

Compensation includes salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing allowance/maintenance, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses.

For Public Safety departments (i.e., police, fire, and centralized dispatch) and the Education Department, compensation and most benefits costs are reported in the following employee groupings:

Group A: This group consists of employees who serve the primary function of the department.

- Police Department police officers (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Fire Department fire fighters (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Centralized Dispatch Department civilian dispatchers only
- Education Department professional staff providing direct services to students
- For the remaining departments all employees' compensation and benefits are reported under Group A

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - ANNUAL SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT (MTP2) JUNE 30, 2020

Group B: For Police and Fire Departments, compensation and benefits paid to its administrative employees and civilian dispatch employees are reported under Group B. The Education Department reports compensation and benefits paid to executive/mid-level educational administration employees under Group B.

Group C: This group is only used for the Education Department and it includes administrative and support staff.

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are not reported by employee groups on the MTP2. They are reported in total as either (1) contributions to a qualified OPEB trust or (2) the amount paid for medical and dental insurance for retirees when an OPEB trust fund has not been established. The detail employee group information for the Education Department can be found on the State's Municipal Transparency portal website.

### **NOTE 5. Education Revenue and Expenditures**

The revenues and expenditures presented on the MTP2 under the Education Department is consistent with existing Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCOA) guidelines. Each MTP account code has been mapped to the corresponding UCOA code or group of UCOA codes to facilitate the preparation of the MTP reporting.

Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/.

### **Statistical Section**

### **Statistical Section Information**

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
					Restated	Restated	Restated			
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 77,139,083	\$ 75,386,786 \$	72,453,601 \$	77,888,860 \$	70,479,567	67,772,956 \$	65,788,311 \$	67,088,741 \$	66,167,452 \$	64,187,374
Restricted	2,804,762	2,749,974	2,688,675	2,509,938	2,788,004	17,686,826	17,649,052	15,968,722	15,885,876	15,927,670
Unrestricted	(16,410,060)	(17,219,511)	(16,739,201)	(25,186,040)	(17,776,078)	(30,877,110)	(54,454,652)	35,089,366	31,781,810	28,956,645
Total governmental activities net position	63,533,785	60,917,249	58,403,075	55,212,758	55,491,493	54,582,672	28,982,711	118,146,829	113,835,138	109,071,689
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	22,430,731	20,395,273	21,099,965	21,560,136	20,764,646	20,379,758	20,653,037	21,169,022	21,551,897	21,529,486
Unrestricted	13,188,340	12,793,391	11,148,345	10,316,138	9,590,963	8,602,953	7,806,604	7,020,437	6,215,290	5,705,043
Total business-type activities net position	35,619,071	33,188,664	32,248,310	31,876,274	30,355,609	28,982,711	28,459,641	28,189,459	27,767,187	27,234,529
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets	99,569,814	95,782,059	93,553,566	99,448,996	91,244,213	88,152,714	86,441,348	88,257,763	87,719,349	85,716,860
Restricted	2,804,762	2,257,954	2,196,655	2,509,938	2,295,984	17,686,826	17,649,052	15,968,722	15,885,876	15,927,670
Unrestricted	(3,221,720)	(4,426,120)	(5,590,856)	(14,869,902)	(8,185,115)	(22,274,157)	(46,648,048)	42,109,803	37,997,100	34,661,688
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 99,152,856	\$ 93,613,893 \$	90,159,365 \$	87,089,032 \$	85,355,082	83,565,383 \$	57,442,352 \$	146,336,288 \$	141,602,325 \$	136,306,218

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,															
		2020	2019	2018		2017	2016		2015		2014		2013	2012	2011	_
Evnence	·				<u> </u>	<u>.</u>			_							
Expenses																
Governmental activities:	\$ 6	5,439,271 \$	5,566,611	5,485,016	e.	6,009,770 \$	4,959,774		4,132,116	æ	4,841,301	¢.	10,084,503 \$	8,998,934	\$ 8,762,355	_
General government Public safety		2,853,296	11,889,791	12,533,561		11,959,463	13,020,538		10,223,505	Ф	10,045,222	Ф	7,077,376	6,982,529	6,842,338	
Public works		2,653,296 4,617,718	4,395,606	2,925,740		3,287,040	3,084,179		4,621,350		4,299,775		3,648,193	2,867,358	3,267,543	
	2	907.803	1,005,331	840,591		950,422	943,812		928.691		923,218		145.400	2,007,350 145,400	3,267,543	
Human service agency contributions Public libraries		1,432,553	1,487,098	1,832,064		1,813,159	1,506,903		1,282,647		1,231,188		1,051,446	1,033,043	1,049,444	
Education		6,487,416	66,456,058	65,482,766	6	66,089,552	65,100,240		61,776,176		61,622,756		62,189,433	62,121,226	62,708,323	
Recreation		3,812,750	4,003,871	4,699,805		4,428,491	4,135,318		2,648,392		2,723,576		2,264,670	2,242,208	2,274,394	
Interest on long-term debt	•	416.130	289,363	413,293		245,795	321,314		819,950		860,844		730,633	916,407	1,067,569	
•		6,966,937	95,093,729	94,212,836	- —,	94,783,692	93,072,078		86,432,827	_	86,547,880	_	87,191,654	85,307,105	86,117,366	
Total governmental activities	96	0,966,937	95,093,729	94,212,836		94,783,692	93,072,078		80,432,827	_	86,547,880	_	87,191,004	85,307,105	86,117,360	<u>)</u>
Business-type activities:																
Wastewater	3	3,741,834	3,726,503	3,394,506		3,355,328	3,105,813	}	3,223,580		2,829,421		2,768,557	3,024,608	2,941,505	5
Solid Waste		589,050	613,073	559,798		500,390	498,920	)	477,057		457,313		474,459	522,638	511,132	2
Water	•	1,042,448	917,238	970,691		896,198	818,052	2	927,477		845,888		768,278	852,845	831,549	9
School Cafeteria		758,394	1,026,582	1,020,300		985,643	983,204	ļ	939,795		973,067		957,920	984,046	1,022,540	0
Total business-type activities	(	6,131,726	6,283,396	5,945,295		5,737,559	5,405,989	)	5,567,909		5,105,689		4,969,214	5,384,137	5,306,726	ô
Total Primary Government Expense	\$ <u>103</u>	3,098,663 \$	101,377,125	100,158,131	\$ 10	00,521,251 \$	98,478,067	<u> </u> \$_	92,000,736	\$	91,653,569	\$_	92,160,868 \$	90,691,242	\$ 91,424,092	2
Program Revenues																
Governmental activities:																
Charges for services:																
General government	\$	612,142 \$	559,679	495,600	\$	626,747 \$	561,391	\$	538,276	\$	3,188,727	\$	3,447,815 \$	3,140,696	3,568,036	გ
Public safety	-	1,480,139	1,542,615	1,468,888	Ψ.	1,260,869	1,391,139		1,358,084	•	348,997	٠	1,169,260	689,271	920,046	
Human service		1,125,256	960,699	1,065,694		882,677	754,636		908,990		139,704		1,100,200	150	020,010	•
Public works		161,627	234,328	174,401		142,466	162,652		123,738		.00,.01		324,340	5,500	114,780	0
Public libraries		10,265	17,740	22,001		23,267	20,855		21,686		24,491		24,283	24,784	27,877	
Education		897,537	881,720	631,480		670,514	833,574		883,368		791,124		824,591	734,695	758,360	
Recreation		1,694,592	1,811,103	1,677,624		1,618,619	1,609,412		1,585,138		1,015,206		958,750	980,159	921,171	
Operating grants and contributions		1,403,108	11,861,271	13,065,446		13,491,181	14,611,427		12,940,772		13,186,891		13,639,256	14,373,951	14,624,647	
Capital grants and contributions		1,129,967	829,442	1,799,851		2,276,533	3,217,518		524,381		92,439		107,725	877,125	1,002,922	
Total governmental activities program revenues		3,514,633	18,698,597	20,400,985		20,992,873	23,162,604		18,884,433	_	18,787,579	_	20,496,020	20,826,331	21,937,839	
Business-type activities:																
Charges for services:																
Wastewater		5,552,428	3,949,473	3,608,923		4,052,754	3,285,671		3,494,268		3,049,347		3,251,827	3,248,469	3,055,955	5
Solid Waste	,	661,902	638,302	561,226		501,178	506,858		528,250		492,264		544,766	565,191	483.873	
Water		1,168,413	1,171,727	1,137,826		1,139,920	1,158,964		1,141,522		1,010,389		973,530	946,523	954,815	
School Cafeteria		437.990	615,381	619,381		579,252	560,875		579,529		601,848		633,393	680,055	728,897	
		. ,				402,182								293,285	321.307	
Operating grants and contributions		308,295	391,410	413,975		402,102	427,718	)	432,055		368,165		325,227		. ,	
Capital grants and contributions		2 120 020	6.766.000	18,069		6 67E 006	E 040 000		6 175 604	_	E E00 040	_	E 700 740	168,650	154,650	
Total business-type activities		3,129,028	6,766,293	6,359,400		6,675,286	5,940,086	<u> </u>	6,175,624	_	5,522,013	_	5,728,743	5,902,173	5,699,497	_
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 26	5,643,661 \$	25,464,890	26,760,385	\$2	27,668,159 \$	29,102,690	\$	25,060,057	\$	24,309,592	\$_	26,224,763 \$	26,728,504	\$ 27,637,336	ô

(Continued on next page)

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				ı	or the Fiscal Year	Ended June 30,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Net Revenue (Expense) Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (78,452,304) \$ 1,997,302	(76,395,132) \$ 482,897	(73,811,851) \$ 414,105	(73,790,819) \$ 937,727	(69,909,474) \$ 534,097	(67,548,394) \$ 607,715	(67,760,301) \$ 416,324	(66,695,634) \$ 759,529	(64,480,774) \$ 518,036	(64,179,527) 392,771
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (76,455,002)	(75,912,235) \$	(73,397,746) \$	(72,853,092) \$	(69,375,377) \$	(66,940,679) \$	(67,343,977) \$	(65,936,105) \$	(63,962,738) \$	(63,786,756)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:	\$ 76,896,488 \$	74,364,196 \$	72,166,222 \$	70 004 759   ¢	69,126,888 \$	66,953,388 \$	66,953,388 \$	66,659,301 \$	66,472,251 \$	65,797,804
Property taxes  Motor vehicle phase-out taxes	\$ 76,896,488 \$ 772,534	74,364,196 \$ 353.601	483.828	70,994,758 \$ 142,445	139,730	170,945	66,953,388 \$ 170,945	165.446	167,774	168.739
Telephone and hotel taxes	229,153	195,877	199,400	164,020	159,174	509,604	509,604	495,631	463,552	414,890
Grants and aid not restricted for a specific program	1,317,593	1,338,723	1,663,617	1,353,836	1,340,500	1,837,885	1,837,885	1,663,378	1,657,207	1,413,742
Unrestricted investment earnings	2,357,925	2,375,895	1,971,233	1,940,657	193,395	2,568,515	2,568,515	1,990,301	481,121	2,733,097
Transfers	(12,833)	(18,986)	25,848	(591,612)	(803,982)	163,057	163,057	357,608	2,318	(9,000)
Total governmental activities	81,560,860	78,609,306	76,510,148	74,004,104	70,155,705	72,203,394	72,203,394	71,331,665	69,244,223	70,519,272
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	420,272	438,471	(16,221)	(8,674)	34,819	16,915	16,915	20,351	16,940	42,184
Transfers	12,833	18,986	(25,848)	591,612	803,982	(163,057)	(163,057)	(357,608)	(2,318)	9,000
Total business type activities	433,105	457,457	(42,069)	582,938	838,801	(146,142)	(146,142)	(337,257)	14,622	51,184
Total Primary Government	\$ 81,993,965	79,066,763 \$	76,468,079 \$	74,587,042 \$	70,994,506 \$	72,057,252 \$	72,057,252 \$	70,994,408 \$	69,258,845 \$	70,570,456
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 3,108,556 \$	2,514,174 \$	2,698,297 \$	213,285 \$	246,231 \$	4,655,000 \$	4,443,093 \$	4,636,031 \$	4,763,449 \$	6,339,745
Business-type activities	2,430,407	940,354	372,036	1,520,665	1,372,898	461,573	270,182	422,272	532,658	443,955
Total Primary Government	\$ 5,538,963 \$	3,454,528 \$	3,070,333 \$	1,733,950 \$	1,619,129 \$	5,116,573 \$	4,713,275 \$	5,058,303 \$	5,296,107 \$	6,783,700

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30,										
	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012 *	2011	
General Fund:												
Reserved	\$	1.200 \$	27.529 \$	9.598 \$	36.956 \$	15.726 \$	38.193 \$	63,678 \$	21.926 \$	30,361 \$	2,579	
Unreserved	· -	21,267,506	17,025,520	16,346,328	16,077,082	15,570,027	14,984,306	15,914,055	15,443,286	15,048,648	11,661,554	
Total General Fund	\$_	21,268,706 \$	17,053,049 \$	16,355,926 \$	16,114,038 \$	15,585,753 \$	15,022,499 \$	15,977,733 \$	15,465,212 \$	15,079,009 \$	11,664,133	
All Other Governmental Funds:												
Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	\$	24,567,695 \$	23,968,163 \$	23,333,520 \$	22,102,238 \$	22,090,114 \$	22,901,688 \$	27,111,926 \$	25,031,275 \$	23,540,103 \$	23,737,218	
Special revenue funds		3,056,898	2,821,443	2,565,363	2,206,848	2,498,058	2,345,147	2,399,180	2,246,126	2,453,669	5,318,787	
Capital project funds Permanent funds	_	11,077,659	8,968,301	11,640,433	5,128,522	9,518,148	9,525,428	3,931,006	4,140,305	4,134,410	3,376,356	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$_	38,702,252 \$	35,757,907 \$	37,539,316 \$	29,437,608 \$	34,106,320 \$	34,772,263 \$	33,442,112 \$	31,417,706 \$	30,128,182 \$	32,432,361	

### Notes:

<sup>\*</sup> Town and School fund balances were combined for reporting purposes beginning 6/30/12 in accordance with the audit firm's interpretation of GASB 54.

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	·									
Revenues:										
Property Taxes and Interest	\$ 76,736,260 \$		72,138,721 \$	71,023,350 \$	69,170,273 \$	68,282,410 \$	67,434,952 \$	66,626,623 \$	66,517,515 \$	65,767,357
Intergovernmental revenues	10,434,074	11,559,695	13,084,043	14,124,443	14,224,265	13,519,811	13,313,778	13,809,380	15,000,408	14,625,902
Licenses, Fees and Rents	2,479,459	2,079,483	2,220,604	2,027,110	1,800,653	2,091,978	1,936,129	2,122,082	1,850,827	2,037,196
Interest on Investments	2,348,787	2,356,901	1,959,452	1,940,088	192,667	661,351	2,562,349	1,913,743	463,169	2,716,487
Fines and Charges	1,887,213	2,081,198	1,934,102	1,454,328	1,668,007	1,685,331	1,720,729	1,707,372	1,514,469	1,178,269
Department Revenue	1,099,591	1,258,470	1,085,472	1,382,810	1,319,990	1,153,858	1,131,332	924,693	1,255,012	1,064,987
Other Revenue	856,695	734,822	921,296	834,428	853,428	777,521	765,504	1,812,880	1,015,744	1,591,105
State On-behalf Pension	2,793,656	2,991,987	2,666,045	2,683,099	2,449,310	2,369,227	2,185,581	2,119,728	2,478,404	2,098,130
Total revenues	98,635,735	97,585,567	96,009,735	95,469,656	91,678,593	90,541,487	91,050,354	91,036,501	90,095,548	91,079,433
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General Government	5,102,639	5,274,466	3,839,267	3,751,923	3,776,694	3,571,502	3,632,029	2,660,861	2,549,948	2,578,103
Public Safety	12,338,588	11,510,894	11,265,691	10,897,960	10,559,201	9,639,003	9,281,517	6,672,979	6,743,188	6,563,358
Public Services	3,034,100	3,051,979	2,935,749	3,627,204	2,984,847	2,735,979	2,491,439	2,398,155	1,644,637	2,081,960
Public Health Contributions	994,947	1,020,829	964,008	950,422	940,061	125,400	147,400	145,400	145,400	145,400
Recreation	3,180,928	3,187,746	2,957,302	2,924,312	2,658,792	2,572,574	2,358,758	2,035,546	2,029,877	2,043,091
Public Libraries	1,364,380	1,317,350	1,259,498	1,210,348	1,180,796	1,173,634	1,134,945	914,695	943,655	928,496
Educational	62,641,377	65,632,870	63,976,130	63,158,612	62,196,819	61,834,589	60,988,629	61,524,508	61,576,314	61,820,390
Capital Improvements	4,822,247	5,481,376	2,806,741	10,161,698	3,508,744	3,011,018	2,906,979	1,842,708	2,229,942	4,319,515
Miscellaneous	,- ,	-, - ,	1,191,713	1,040,289	967,255	928,093	2,361,875	7,550,463	6,965,814	6,382,023
Debt Service: (2)			.,,.	.,,	,	,	_,,	.,,	-,,	-,,
Principal	1,694,000	1,842,000	1,682,000	1,710,000	2,044,000	2,371,000	2,680,000	2,981,000	3,260,000	3,435,000
Interest	424,824	331,357	378,262	257,434	334,933	618,393	592,913	717,211	898,394	1,020,227
Total expenditures	95,598,030	98,650,867	93,256,361	99,690,202	91,152,142	88,581,185	88,576,484	89,443,526	88,987,169	91,317,563
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	3,037,705	(1,065,300)	2,753,374	(4,220,546)	526,451	1,960,302	2,473,870	1,592,975	1,108,379	(238,130)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Proceeds from borrowing	4,135,130		5,639,374							
Issuance of refunding bonds	.,,		2,222,21			6,935,000		4,263,000		
Payment to refunding debt escrow						(7,218,900)		-4,207,856		
Transfers in	5,486,875	5,697,095	5,523,866	5,700,651	5,860,074	5,996,250	4,571,217	3,907,648	3,513,401	52,192,383
Transfers out	(5,499,708)	(5,716,081)	(5,573,018)	(5,710,706)	(6,489,214)	(5,892,553)	(4,508,160)	(3,880,040)	(3,511,083)	(52,201,383)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,122,297	(18,986)	5,590,222	(10,055)	(629,140)	(180,203)	63,057	82,752	2,318	(9,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 7,160,002 \$	(1,084,286)	8,343,596 \$	(4,230,601) \$	(102,689) \$	1,780,099 \$	2,536,927 \$	1,675,727 \$	1,110,697 \$	(247,130)
Debt Service as a Percentage										
of Noncapital Expenditures (1)	2.34%	2.34%	2.28%	1.97%	2.61%	3.37%	3.70%	4.13%	4.67%	4.88%
• • • •			-						-	

### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> The percentage calculation uses the capital outlay figure from Note 1. This differs from the Capital Improvements figure due to capitalizable items included within other functional categories of current expenditures.

<sup>(2)</sup> Debt Service is broken out into principal and interest and other costs beginning with fiscal year 2003. Bond issuance costs and bank fees are further broken out from interest beginning fiscal year 2011.

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND ASSESSED VALUES AND ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Assessed Value				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial/Utility Property	Tangible Personal Property	Motor Vehicles	Less Tax Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2020 \$	6 4,453,849,	000 \$ 502,741,20	0 \$ 42,881,500	\$ 114.091.164 \$	168.826.026 \$	63,902,391 \$	5,218,486,499	14.59
2019	3,941,833,			. , ,	175,178,185	59,619,313	4,653,040,282	15.79
2018	3,902,377,	700 406,099,68	73,106,419	112,676,078	184,249,032	60,393,721	4,618,115,189	15.45
2017	3,874,286,	600 417,248,69	74,538,903	113,800,099	198,929,263	61,210,855	4,617,592,707	15.25
2016	3,663,352,	700 388,285,57	5 75,493,525	113,540,016	194,264,022	60,187,116	4,374,748,722	15.66
2015	3,528,766,	791 493,273,04	5 73,836,764	106,473,897	187,325,550	61,825,012	4,327,851,035	15.48
2014	4,327,013,	284 420,199,91	2 40,682,402	117,242,736	185,876,659	793,673,400	4,297,341,593	15.47
2013	4,434,004,	364 476,108,65	9 41,715,054	202,728,309	182,251,511	810,728,300	4,526,079,597	14.50
2012	4,438,109,	285 440,496,80	5 40,110,400	232,546,219	170,642,925	814,832,689	4,507,072,945	14.67
2011	4,423,285,	263 440,530,00	5 40,110,400	236,046,336	220,747,096	813,898,457	4,546,820,643	14.41

Source: Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island Assessor

#### Notes:

Prior to the adoption of Senate Bill - 3050 Sub A at the close of the 2006 legislative session, Rhode Island had a 5.5% cap on property tax growth in all cities and towns. The State's enactment of the 2006 amendments to the local property tax cap provisions revised the tax cap to apply only to the prior year levy beginning in FY 2007-2008 and to further reduce the cap to 4% by FY 2012-2013 in 0.25% increments. The tax cap was 4% for fiscal year 2020.

The Town had a full revaluation of real property as of December 31, 2012, effective for the 2013-14 fiscal year. The full revaluation is required by state law every 9 years. Statistical updates are required every 3 years. A statistical update of real property was completed as of December 31, 2015 for the 2016-2017 fiscal year. Property is assessed at actual value, therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Inventory taxes were phased out under RI General Law 44-3-29.1. Under the law, 2008 was the final year of inventory taxation.

Total Direct Rate represents the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the Town. Prior to 2000, all property was taxed at the same rate. At that time, the motor vehicle tax rate was frozen at \$18.71. For fiscal year 2020, the property tax rate, exclusive of motor vehicles, was \$14.45

(Continued on next page)

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND ASSESSED VALUES AND ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (CONTINUED) CALCULATION OF TOTAL DIRECT TAX RATE FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Note: Excludes Exempt Property

						Direct Rate		
Category		Assessed Value		ssessed Value	F	Per \$1000	Total Tax Levy	
Real Estate Less Exemptions	\$	4,999,471,700 63,902,393						
Net Real Estate			\$	4,935,569,307	\$	14.4500	\$	71,318,976
Tangible/Personal Motor Vehicle Less Exemptions		227,716,789 58,890,763		114,091,164		14.4500		1,648,617
Net Motor Vehicle		00,000,100		168,826,026		18.71		3,158,735
			\$	5,218,486,497			\$	76,126,329
	-	otal Assessed Value: Divided by Total Levy: (Times 1000)	\$	5,218,486,497 76,126,329				
		(1	\$	14.59	Weigl	nted Avg/Total l	Direct Rat	е

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2020				2011	
	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Harbor Village Apts (formerly Grandville)	\$	41,431,600	1	0.79%	\$	34,714,600	2	0.76%
Schneider Electric (formerly APC)		27,774,622	2	0.53%		64,328,648	1	1.41%
Brightview Commons, LLC (formerly SHP III)		25,322,600	3	0.49%		16,858,875	5	0.37%
Narragansett Electric		24,425,871	4	0.47%		23,022,734	3	0.51%
SCC Investments II, LLC		21,530,100	5	0.41%		13,124,800	8	0.29%
HCP HB2 South Bay Manor LLC		15,387,700	6	0.29%		14,017,600	6	0.31%
Jerry Brown Farm Association		14,573,200	7	0.28%		13,634,300	7	0.30%
Wakefield Mall, LLC		12,483,200	8	0.24%		12,823,700	9	0.28%
Tower Hill Landings, LLC		8,399,300	9	0.16%		, ,		
Belmont Shoppers Park Inc.		8,393,200	10	0.16%				
APC America Inc.						17,240,700	4	0.38%
SCC Investments, LLC	_		•		_	9,944,900	10	0.22%
Total	\$ _	199,721,393	:	3.83%	\$ _	219,710,857	=	4.83%

Source: Town of South Kingstown Assessor

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Addendums		Abatements		Uncollected (2)					
Fiscal Year	 Actual Tax Rate	_	Gross Levy	 and Adjustments	-	and Adjustments	 Net Levy		End of Year Levy (1)	% of Net Levy		As of 8/30/20	% of Net Levy
2019-20	\$ 14.45	\$	76,125,309	\$ 149,486	\$	45,101	\$ 76,229,694	\$	908,690	1.19%	\$	590,391	0.77%
2018-19	15.68		73,489,680	159,788		64,966	73,584,502		765,373	1.04%		417,857	0.57%
2017-18	15.31		71,328,981	134,783		28,622	71,435,142		109,041	0.15%		93,753	0.13%
2016-17	15.09		70,398,298	78,533		55,227	67,698,861		70,486	0.10%		66,310	0.10%
2015-16	15.52		68,504,982	93,912		43,927	65,885,154		48,649	0.07%		47,689	0.07%
2014-15	15.48		67,607,641	114,775		23,555	65,199,289		41,358	0.06%		41,087	0.06%
2013-14	15.47		67,082,117	175,914		348,216	64,231,377		36,625	0.06%		36,382	0.06%
2012-13	14.50		66,399,782	99,701		372,420	66,127,063		36,367	0.05%		36,089	0.05%
2011-12	14.51		66,120,832	124,683		360,361	65,885,154		35,746	0.05%		52,028	0.08%
2010-11	14.19		65,499,433	109,275		409,419	65,199,289		52,194	0.08%		51,941	0.08%

Source: Town of South Kingstown Tax Collector

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects current year tax collection through 60 days after the close of the fiscal year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Uncollected @ 6/30/10 is net of the following adjustments: write off of uncollectible real estate, tangible and motor vehicle taxes for tax years 1994, 1995, 1998 and 1999 in the amount of \$70,258; and a reclassification of Town-held tax liens in the amount of \$5,704.

Uncollected @ 6/30/11 is net of the following adjustments: write off of uncollectible real estate, tangible and motor vehicle taxes for tax years 1998-2009 in the amount of \$21,898; and a reclassification of Town-held tax liens in the amount of \$750.

Uncollected @ 6/30/12 is net of the following adjustments: write off of uncollectible tangible and motor vehicle taxes for tax years 1997-2001 and misc. taxes for tax years 2006-2009 in the amount of \$30,015; reclassification of 2010 and 2011 Town-held tax liens in the amount of \$270.

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General	Boı	nded Debt					
Fiscal Year June 30,		General Obligation Bonds	Bonds Premiums	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Taxable Assessed Value	U.S. Census Estimated Population	Per Capita
2020	\$	12,834,000 \$	688,112 \$	5,218,486,499	0.25% \$	30,348	423
2019		10,653,000	478,687	4,653,040,282	0.23%	30,650	348
2018		12,495,000	529,392	4,618,115,189	0.27%	30,788	406
2017		8,757,000	360,675	4,617,592,707	0.19%	30,791	284
2016		10,467,000	400,412	4,374,748,722	0.24%	30,826	340
2015		12,511,000	440,149	4,327,851,035	0.29%	30,750	407
2014		14,967,000	96,209	4,297,341,593	0.35%	30,615	489
2013		17,647,000	128,650	4,526,079,597	0.39%	30,363	581
2012		20,390,000	161,091	4,507,072,945	0.45%	30,378	671
2011		23,650,000	193,532	4,546,820,643	0.52%	30,639	772

### **Business-Type Activities**

	W	Wastewater		Wastewater		Vastewater		Vastewater	Wastewater	Wastewater	Wastewater		Wastewater	S	olid Waste	W	ater	_	Total	Total	Percent	
Fiscal Year June 30,		Bonds	_	Bonds B		Bonds		Bonds		Primary Government	Personal Income	of Personal Income *	Per Capita									
2020 \$	\$	115,000 \$	\$	698,587 \$		-	\$	14,335,699	Not Available	Not Available \$	472											
2019		142,000		866,719		-		12,140,406	Not Available	Not Available	396											
2018		169,000		1,030,638		-		14,224,030	1,110,492,372	1.28%	462											
2017		195,000		1,190,432		-		10,503,107	1,101,763,562	0.95%	341											
2016		221,000		1,346,185		-		12,434,597	1,044,569,836	1.19%	403											
2015		246,000		1,498,979		-		14,696,128	1,002,204,000	1.47%	478											
2014		271,000		1,647,896		-		16,982,105	1,030,776,435	1.65%	555											
2013		295,000		1,793,014		84,000	)	19,947,664	1,088,665,365	1.83%	657											
2012		380,205		1,934,409		166,000		23,031,705	1,033,064,646	2.23%	758											
2011		463,465		2,072,154		246,000		26,625,151	1,304,884,371	2.04%	869											

#### Notes

Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements.

<sup>\*</sup> See Schedule 11 for personal income and population data used to calculate these ratios.

			Overlapping Rates								
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total Direct T Real Estate / Personal Property	ax Rate	Union Fire District	Indian Lake Fire District	Kingston Fire District						
2020	14.45	18.71	0.77	1.22	0.94						
2019	15.68	18.71	0.87	1.30	1.02						
2018	15.31	18.71	0.86	1.22	1.00						
2017	15.09	18.71	0.85	1.22	0.97						
2016	15.52	18.71	0.88	1.38	0.98						
2015	15.48	18.71	0.82	1.38	0.96						
2014	15.47	18.71	0.79	1.13	0.92						
2013	14.50	18.71	0.71	0.95	0.87						
2012	14.51	18.71	0.62	1.02	0.82						
2011	14.19	18.71	0.52	0.80	0.81						

### Notes:

Beginning in the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the Town's basic tax rate increase cannot exceed 4% of the prior year's rate unless the State of Rhode Island approves such increase.

Overlapping rates are those of local fire districts that apply to property owners within the Town of South Kingstown. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Town of South Kingstown property owners. For example, although the Town's direct property tax rates apply to all Town property owners, a fire district tax applies only to those Town properties located within that district.

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Total assessed value Rhode Island General Law debt	\$	5,218,486,499 \$	4,653,040,282 \$	4,618,115,189 \$	4,617,592,707 \$	4,374,748,722 \$	4,327,851,035 \$	4,297,341,593 \$	4,526,079,597 \$	4,507,072,945 \$	4,546,820,643
limitation as % of assessed value  Debt limit	_	3.00% 156,554,595	3.00% 139,591,208	3.00% 138,543,456	3.00% 138,527,781	3.00% 131,242,462	3.00% 129,835,531	3.00% 128,920,248	3.00% 135,782,388	3.00% 135,212,188	3.00% 136,404,619
Total net debt applicable to the limit		3,189,898	3,873,337	4,315,645	3,875,854	4,362,607	4,745,677	5,443,192	4,299,513	4,747,717	5,338,372
Legal debt margin	\$	153,364,697 \$	135,717,872 \$	134,227,810 \$	134,651,927 \$	126,879,855 \$	125,089,854 \$	123,477,056 \$	131,482,875 \$	130,464,471 \$	131,066,247
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		2.04%	2.77%	3.12%	2.80%	3.32%	3.66%	4.22%	3.17%	3.51%	3.91%

#### Notes:

The State Legislature may by special act permit the Town to incur indebtedness outside the limitations imposed by the 3% debt limit.

# TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year June 30,	(3) Population	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Estimated Total Personal Income (1) (thousands)	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate (2)
2020	30,348	Not Available	Not Available	2,853	3.1%
2019	30,650	Not Available	Not Available	2,931	3.6%
2018	30,788 \$	36,069 \$	1,110,492	3,043	3.9%
2017	30,791	35,782	1,101,764	3,111	4.9%
2016	30,826	33,886	1,044,570	3,249	5.4%
2015	30,750	32,592	1,002,204	3,275	6.9%
2014	30,615	33,669	1,030,776	3,397	8.7%
2013	30,363	35,855	1,088,665	3,357	9.1%
2012	30,378	34,007	1,033,065	3,443	9.7%
2011	30,639	42,589	1,304,884	3,523	10.3%
2010	30,639	46,452	1,423,243	3,548	9.2%

- (1) Per Bureau of Economic Analysis Washington County. The income data released in April 2012 represents 2010 data. Personal income is only available at the county level. The Town's population is 24% of the County. Most recent Per Capita Personal Income per the US Census Bureau, 2014-2018 ACS 5-Year Estimate for FY 2018. Provided by RI Department of Labor and Training.
- (2) Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training; not seasonally adjusted, annual average for previous calendar year.
- (3) The non-census year statistics are estimates provided RI Department of Labor & Training by the RI Division of Planning. The 2010 fiscal year census statistic is actual U.S. census figure.

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2020 (	(1)			2011 (1)					
Employment Sector	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employment Sector	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment		
Government	3,617	1	26.0%	Government	3,821	1	28.2%		
Health Care & Social Assistance	3,072	2	22.1%	Health Care & Social Assistance	2,565	2	19.1%		
Accommodation & Food Services	1,600	3	11.5%	Accommodation & Food Services	1,407	3	10.5%		
Retail Trade	1,244	4	9.0%	Retail Trade	1,290	4	9.6%		
Other Services (except Public Administration)	610	5	4.4%	Wholesale Trade	787	5	5.9%		
Manufacturing	567	6	4.1%	Other Services (except Public Administration)	713	6	5.3%		
Wholesale Trade	509	7	3.7%	Manufacturing	604	7	4.5%		
Construction	459	8	3.3%	Professional & Technical Services	309	8	2.3%		
Educational Services	379	9	2.7%	Educational Services	305	9	2.3%		
Professional & Technical Services	374_	10	2.7%	Construction	284	10	2.1%		
Total	12,431		89.5%	Total	12,085		89.7%		

### NOTES

Data by individual employer has been unavailable since 2010. Therefore, beginning with the 2012 CAFR, the principal employer data will be displayed by sector.

<sup>(1)</sup> RI Department of Labor & Training Quarterly Census of Employment & Wages, City & Town Summary - previous year

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Year en	ded June 30,				
	<b>2020</b> (1)	2019 (1)	<b>2018</b> <sub>(1)</sub>	2017 (1)	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Government:	35	35	35	36	33	33	33	33	33	33
Public Safety:										
Police - Officers	54	54	54	54	53	52	51	51	51	51
Police - Civilians	17	18	18	18	19	22	22	22	22	22
Emer. Medical Services	19	17	17	17	15	17	17	17	17	17
Communications	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	92	91	91	91	89	93	92	92	92	92
Public Works:										
Streets & Highways	19	20	20	19	17	18	17	17	17	17
Administration	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	23	24	24	23	21	22	21	21	21	21
Parks & Recreation	19	19	18	18	11	11	11	11	11	11
Libraries	11	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	11	11
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	180	178	177	177	164	169	167	167	168	168
Water	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Wastewater	18	15	15	15	14	14	17	17	17	18
Neighborhood Guild	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Senior Services	8	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	8
Other	6	6	6	6	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public education:										
Certified	291	313	308	316	313	316	323	341	345	347
Non-certified	137	149	150	154	154	153	158	174	172	180
Administrative	22	24	24	24	25	24	24	24	20	21
	450	486	482	494	492	493	505	539	537	549
Total	671	701	696	708	686	692	706	740	739	752

Source: Town Budgets and School Department Budgets

NOTES

<sup>(1)</sup> Employee counts now reflect budgeted postions not actual staff.

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
<u>Function/Program</u> Police:										
Physical arrests	381	526	545	555	545	530	645	626	682	661
Traffic violations	2,067	2,706	1,975	1,862	2,021	1,751	2,696	2,764 742	3,718 987	2,354 1.032
Parking violations	1,375	1,301	1,195	1,984	2,428	1,152	1,257	742	987	1,032
Emergency Medical Services: Number of calls answered	3,241	3,325	3,112	3,034	2,930	2,750	2,852	2,807	2,652	2,707
Animal Control:	5,=	2,223	2,1	-,	_,	_,	_,	_,	_,	_,,
Number of complaints	898	1,022	1,141	1,032	1,281	1,188	1,357	1,260	1,457	1,332
Number of impoundments	252	339	401	336	341	201	318	383	382	390
Communications:										
Fire alarm activations	48	32	23	30	64	202	227	262	222	241
Streets & Highways:										
Street Sweeping (miles)	145	151	151	151	148	151	151	151	151	150
Road regrading (miles)	14	19	19	31	44	45	45	45	45	45
Street plowing/deicing (OT hours)	375	818	1,422	1,588	1,055	2,814	1,568	1,965	344	2,394
Culture & Recreation:										
Programs/Classes (enroll/attend)	44,839	27,650	26,377	28,125	28,168	30,349	30,550	28,745	32,978	35,652
Libraries:										
Volumes in Collection	90,750	76,460	80,115	79,701	69,999	69,301	70,599	68,916	68,634	69,223
Volumes borrowed	225,480	262,068	218,461	216,904	247,197	257,137	267,491	262,456	278,828	287,607
Reference requests filled	21,969	28,777	27,480	26,263	25,907	26,158	29,025	28,136	27,949	26,362
Water:	0	0	0	40	7	40	40	4	0	10
New connections (net) Average daily consumption (1)	9 399	8 337	8 327	12 329	7 391	10 250	12 324	4 315	0 313	16 325
(thousands of gallons)	399	331	321	329	391	230	324	313	313	020
Wastewater:										
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	2,676	3,031	2,653	2,469	2,430	2,368	2,589	2,520	2,700	2,517
Senior Services:										
Adult Day Care services (client days)	2,008 *	3,370	3,379	3,004	3,408	3,034	2,961	3,554	3,321	3,783
Senior transportation (trips)	11,361 **	7,409	5,883	5,868	5,758	7,042	6,246	7,730	7,645	6,244
Congregate meals served	16,989	10,219	10,075	11,273	9,831	9,375	9,648	11,149	11,977	11,422

Sources: Various Town departments

Notes:

Indicators are not available for the general government function.

Newly announced RI Department of Health regulations call for significant operational adjustments in the Adult Day Setting, including a reduction in the number of participants per day to be allowed in our small facility. Because of these necessary changes, it has been determined that the program is financially unsustainable and the Town has made the difficult decision to delay re-opening until further notice. Presently the Town is committed to reopening the building and is currently seeking a third party Adult Day Services agency to operate the facility going forward.

<sup>\*</sup> The Adult Day Care Center ceased operations March 13, 2020.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Senior transportation includes 5,300 trips to the Center and shopping, and 6,061 trips to deliver meals due to Covid-19.

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year 2020	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2013	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2011
Function/Program										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Public works:										
Streets (miles)	150	150	150	150	149	151	151	151	149	149
Culture and recreation:										
Park acreage	454	454	454	454	453	453	453	453	453	453
Tennis courts	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Community centers	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Libraries	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Water:										
Water mains (miles)	50	50	50	50	50	49	49	49	49	49
Fire hydrants	265	265	260	260	262	252	252	252	253	253
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons-treated)	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	62	62	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	53
Storm drains (miles)	55	54	54	54	53	53	53	53	53	53
WWTF avg. daily design flow (thous. of gallons)	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000

Sources: Various town departments

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

### **Single Audit Section**

### **Federal Single Audit**

This section contains information regarding federal grant activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, which was audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the he audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number		ederal itures	
United States Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	\$ 19	94,469	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	3	33,426	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	6	69,654	
Total United States Department of Agriculture			\$_	297,549
United States Department of Education				
Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Education:				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	80	01,866	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173		25,170	
				827,036
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010			382,310
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367			46,575
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365			930
Title IV	84.424		_	5,625
Total United States Department of Education			_	1,262,476
United States Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Office of Housing and Community De	velopment:			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement				
Grants in Hawaii	14.228		_	173,286
United States Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Public Health:				
Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grants	93.276		_	126,540
United States Department of Transportation				
Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Transportation:				
Highway Safety Cluster:				
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	2	24,442	
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		14,356	
, , ,		-		38,798
			_	

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS(CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Total Federal Expenditures
United States Department of Defense Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Emergency Management Agency:		
EASE 2.0	12.219	\$3,279_
United States Department of the Interior Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Environmental Manag	ement:	
Historic Preservation Fund Grants-In-Aid	15.904	7,000
United States Department of Justice Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Justice:		
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	19,135
Law Enforcement Assistance Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Laboratory Analysis	16.001	12,010
Total United States Department of Justice		31,145
Total Federal Awards		\$1,940,073

### TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in fund balance, changes in net position or cash flows of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island.

### **Basis of Accounting**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

### 2. INDIRECT COST RECOVERY

The Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate provided under Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

### 3. NONCASH AWARDS

Donated commodities in the amount of \$28,113 are included in the Department of Agriculture's National School Lunch Program, CFDA #10.555. The amount represents the market value of commodities received.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of the Town Council Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2020.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

December 27, 2020



29 South Main Street P.O. Box 272000 West Hartford, CT 06127-2000 **Tel** 860.561.4000

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### Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance

To the Members of the Town Council Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.



### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

December 27, 2020

## TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS **Financial Statements** Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? none reported yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? **Federal Awards** Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? none reported yes Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)? \_\_\_\_ yes no Major programs: CFDA# Name of Federal Program or Cluster 84.027/84.173 Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

X yes

no

### II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No matters were reported.

### III. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.