CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

PREPARED BY: DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

ROBERT F. STROM FINANCE DIRECTOR

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Allan W. Fung MAYOR



Robert F. Strom FINANCE DIRECTOR

Department of Finance

869 Park Avenue Cranston, RI 02910-2738 (401) 461-1000

December 29, 2020

Honorable Mayor Allan W. Fung and Members of the Cranston City Council Cranston, Rhode Island

The Finance Department is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island for the year ended June 30, 2020. The report includes the independent auditors' report as required by Rhode Island Statutes. The report is prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City. The City maintains four governmental funds that are annually appropriated. They are the two major funds (General Fund and the School Unrestricted Fund) and two others that are part of Other Governmental Funds (Community Development Block Grant and WIA Job Development). Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the calculation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Blum Shapiro & Company P.C., a public accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of municipalities within the State of Rhode Island, has audited the financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Cranston's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. MD&A immediately follows the independent auditors' report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in a separately issued document.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF CRANSTON

The City was established as a City in 1754 and incorporated as a City in 1910. With a population of 81,479 as determined by the Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation, the City is the second most populous municipality in the State of Rhode Island (the "State"). Primarily a residential community, the City contains many fine developments.

The City operates under a home rule charter adopted in 1962 (the "Charter"), providing for a mayor/council form of government with a nine-member City Council headed by a Council President. The Charter vests all legislative powers of the City in the City Council, including the ordering of any tax, the making of appropriations and the transacting of any other business pertaining to the financial affairs of the City.

Cranston is located immediately south of Rhode Island's Capitol. The City covers an area of almost 30 square miles, stretching from Narragansett Bay in the east to the Town of Scituate in the west. It is bordered on the north by Providence and Johnston and on the south by Warwick, West Warwick and Coventry.

The two main arteries that pass through the City are Routes 1-95 and 1-295. These interstate multi-lane highways run north-south through the City. They provide direct access to Providence and other major cities such as Boston (45 minutes north) and New York (3.5 hours south). Most of Rhode Island's hundreds of miles of scenic coastline are within a half-hour's drive. The City is also just minutes away from the State's T.F. Green Airport located in the City of Warwick.

Howard Industrial Park, located at the interchange of Interstate Route 95 and State Route 37, was the City's major economic development success story of the 1970s and 1980s. This location is home to 38 companies with a workforce of more than 3,000. Premiere national and international companies like Ross Simons and Swarovski help to identify this area as one of the premier industrial parks in the State.

Cranston has one of the best educational systems in the state. It has well-maintained housing, modern recreational facilities and active civic organizations. Its reputation as a comfortable, prosperous city makes it one of the most attractive areas in New England for both commercial and residential settlement.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Population

Ranked second in population among the 39 cities and towns in the State in 2010, the City experienced a 1.4% increase in population from 2000 to 2010.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City of Cranston places a high priority on economic development initiatives in order to solicit and secure new business as well as give continual support to the improvement of the City's present business community, improving the City's tax base and the employment opportunities for Cranston residents. The City has successfully implemented aggressive business recruitment and expansion programs and has reinvested in its urban business corridors. Through a variety of forward thinking legislative initiatives, the city offers investment incentives to increase the financial viability of the City's new and existing development areas. In 2015 the City has passed two new industrial tax incentives for industrial properties. A business expanding or buying a new building spending \$12,000,000.00 to \$20,000,000.00 will be eligible for a phase in 15 year tax incentive on their improvements. In addition, a business expanding or buying a new building spending over \$20,000,000.00 will be eligible for a phase in 20 year tax incentive on their improvements.

The City has a commitment to the economic development of all of its available areas and strives to achieve a balance between appropriate land use and bringing higher quality jobs and living standards to its residents. With the assistance of the Department of Economic Development, the City has been a leader in bringing industrial and commercial development to its numerous sites over the past decade. Convenient highway access, ample water and sewer services, and a tradition of excellent municipal services combine to provide the type of environment that the business community seeks when considering expansion or relocation.

Industrial Park

The Western Cranston Industrial Area – Currently, this is not only Cranston's but one of the State of Rhode Island's fastest developing industrial parks, located centrally in the State at the interchange of Interstate 295 and Route 14. This area continues to develop as one of the most important parts of the City's industrial tax base. National recognized companies like Penske, Cadence Science, Con-Way Trucking, Electro Standards, MPC Corp, Design Fabricators, Jewelry Concepts, TASCA Automotive Parts Warehouse and Bay State Florist are just a few of the industrial tenants that have been attracted to this ever growing industrial area.

Garden City Center

Garden City Center, Rhode Island's premiere outdoor shopping venue has been a shopping destination of choice for five generations. The Center opened in 1948 and was the first suburban shopping center in the state with 500,000 square feet of retail and office space. Its well-manicured landscapes and enhanced gardens frame the architecturally unique shops and restaurants. The Center has national retailers such as LL Bean, Fat Face, Pottery Barn, Crate & Barrel, J Crew, LA Fitness, New Balance, Banana Republic's new concept store, William Sonoma, Ann Taylor Co, Chico's, Talbots, The Container Store, GAP and Athleta, Anthropologie, Soma-Intimates, The Loft, Mel and Me, Clarkes Shoes, L'Occitane, Sephora, White House/Black Market, and Anthony's Cole Fired Pizza. The Center also has regional and local retailers and restaurants such as Providence Diamond Company, Applebee's, Barrington Books, Edible Arrangements, Ethan Allan Design Center, Bistro 22, Starbucks, B. Goode, Pinkberry, Legal Seafood, Tavern in the Square, Tropical Smoothie, and Whole Foods Market.

Chapel View Shopping Center

Chapel View is directly across from Garden City in the heart of Cranston and provides an upscale mixed-use shopping center. Chapel View is coupled with many quality stores that complement its next door neighbor. Chapel View sits on the former site of the State's Youth Training and Reform School. The developers have used a number of former historic structures, all over one hundred years old, to develop a European Village atmosphere that encompasses upscale condominiums, office space and retail components. Current tenants include First Comp, which is a division of Markel Insurance Company, Recreational Equipment Inc. (REI), Residential Mortgage Services, the Champlain Foundation, Staples, the Chapel Grille, Panera Bread, Massage Envy, Bling Eyewear,

Shaw's Supermarket, T.J. Maxx, Koch Eye Associates, Kestra Financial, Holland and Night, and Omaha Steaks. Topgolf, the hot trending sports entertainment center, has signed a 20-year lease and is currently in the planning process to open its first location in Rhode Island in 2021. Topgolf features fun and competitive golf games for all ages with climate-controlled playing bays for year-round comfort and an impressive food and drink menu.

Chapel View and Garden City establish this central area of Cranston as one of the leading shopping and entertainment centers of not only the State but also the Southeastern New England region.

Recent Development Initiatives

Garden City has announced the opening of two additional restaurants and three commercial businesses: Chaska comes from the restaurant group associated with Kabob and Curry as well as Rasoi and Rasa; Asia Grille will be expanding from its Northern Rhode Island location to provide customers with excellent Chinese cuisine; Modern Acupuncture is an approachable, natural pathway, validated by thousands of years of practice, to better health and well-being; Surface Home Designs offers home design products: Whether shopping for a single window covering or redecorating your entire house, they have the knowledge and expertise to help you put it all together; and Swarovski a fine-crystal maker opened its third location in the State.

The former Citizens Bank Building on Sockanosett Cross Road has been refitted for a Covid-19 Hospital to handle overflow patients. The State's lease of the building will expire on June 30, 2021.

Chapel View has announced the opening of two additional businesses. Green Development relocated their corporate headquarters occupying 22,416 square feet at the former Alex and Ani site; and Hilb Insurance Group relocated their offices to Cranston occupying 20,000 square feet.

Centerville Bank announced they will open a new branch on Rolfe Street in the former Citizens Bank Location.

Mini Storage is building a41,200 square feet storage facility at 1500 Elmwood Avenue.

Macera Group relocated their restaurant operations to Reservoir Avenue.

2700 Plainfield Pike was purchased by Equity Industrial Partners. Pyramid Transport and Cold Storage is a leading provider of temperature-controlled freight, logistics, and storage and is occupying 66% of the building.

Ocean State Job Lot opened on Atwood Avenue along with a UPS Store replacing Benny's, a Rhode Island landmark that went out of business.

Dollar Tree opened a new location at a former Benny's site on Park Avenue.

Garfield Plaza, former site of Kmart has been redeveloped into three locations. Burlington Coat factory is occupying a major portion of the building, Edge Fitness redeveloped the former garden center and the 3" store is yet to be determined.

Chase Bank has chosen Cranston for two new state of the art sites; the corners of Pontiac Avenue and Sockanosett Cross Road; and the corners of Phenix and Atwood Avenues.

Navigant Bank is redeveloping the former Burger King site on Phenix Avenue for their first Cranston Location.

Cranston Collision expanded their paint operation into a new 6,000 square feet building on their existing site.

Laplante, Sowa and Goldman relocated from Providence to 78 Kenwood Street.

Little Learners Academy opened and expanded to occupy the entire front building at 950 Phenix Avenue.

El Tapatio Mexican Restaurant opened at the former Scramblers on Reservoir Avenue.

Tony and Guy Hairdressing Academy relocated to the former Walgreens on Oaklawn Avenue.

Baja's Restaurant, a local, Family-Owned Restaurant Group offering fresh-made Mexican dishes made from local ingredients, is located in the Dunkin Donuts plaza on Reservoir Avenue.

The former Mardi Gras site on Atwood Avenue is being redeveloped into two buildings. A 20,000 square feet building for a liquor store and a potential new bank with drive thru.

Revolving Loan Fund

The Revolving Loan Fund ("RLF") is a fixed asset loan program that was established with Federal and matching City Funds approximately 25 years ago. The City's RLF program offers low interest loans to new as well as expanding businesses located in the City of Cranston.

In addition, the RFL fund provides gap financing for companies seeking to purchase equipment, finance renovations, job training and working capital.

The fund has distributed over \$4 million to companies that have located or expanded. The loans have leveraged over \$26 million in additional investments.

- Over 18,000 jobs have been created or retained as a result of the program.
- The loan portfolio has an average loan amount of \$110,000.
- Seventy percent of the loans have been made to companies with 25 or fewer employees.
- There are 13 current loans in the portfolio.

The City recently completed an update to the Revolving Loan Five Year Plan to ensure we continue helping businesses for years to come.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Cranston for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019; In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

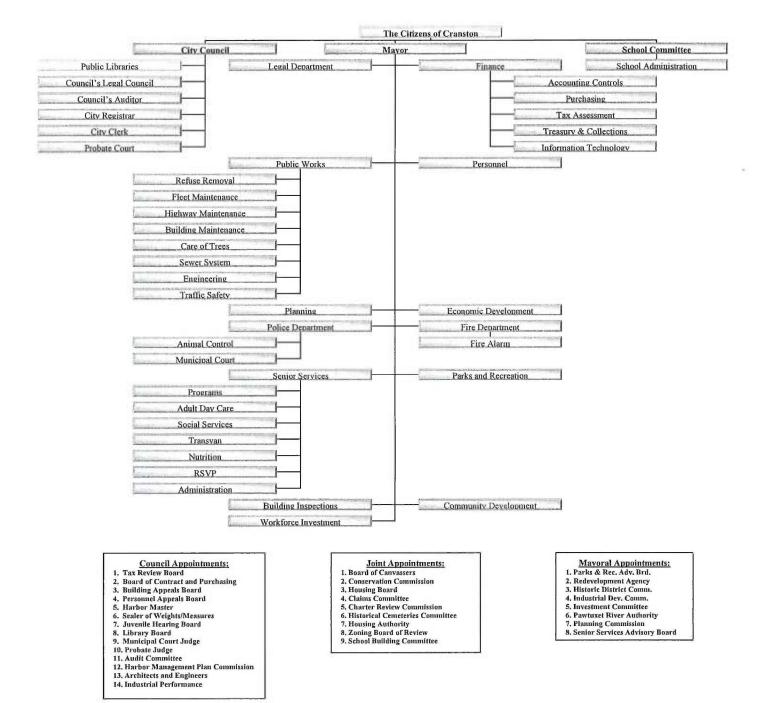
I would like to take this opportunity to thank the members of the Finance Department in the Division of Accounting Control, Treasury and Tax Collection, Contract and Purchase, Assessment and Management Information Systems for their diligence and cooperation on a daily basis in carrying out the duties and responsibilities of this department, The success that the Finance Department has enjoyed is due to their efforts.

I want to extend the grateful appreciation of all Finance Department employees and to you, Mayor and members of the City Council, for the confidence you have shown in us.

Sincerely,

Robert F. Strom

Robert F. Strom, Finance Director



CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

MAYOR

Allan W. Fung

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Robert F. Strom,
Michael Igoe, CPA
Mark Capuano
David Capuano
Mark Marchesi
William Aguiar

Finance Director
City Controller
Tax Assessor
City Treasurer
Purchasing Agent
Information Technology Manager

CITY COUNCIL

Michael J. Farina
Michael W. Favicchio
Christopher G. Paplauskas
Lammis J. Vargas
John P. Donegan
Steven A. Stycos
Paul J. McAuley
Kenneth J. Hopkins
Edward J. Brady

Council President
Council Vice President



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Cranston Rhode Island

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





1 Capital Way Cranston, RI 02910 **Tel** 401.272.5600 **Fax** 401.331.4511

blumshapiro.com

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor Allan W. Fung and Members of the Cranston City Council City of Cranston, Rhode Island

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statistical section, and Annual Supplemental Transparency Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Annual Transparency Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Annual Transparency Report are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2020 on our consideration of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Cranston, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cranston, Rhode Island December 29, 2020

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

Allan W. Fung MAYOR



Robert F. Strom FINANCE DIRECTOR

Department of Finance

869 Park Avenue Cranston, RI 02910-2738 (401) 461-1000

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

As management of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, we offer readers of the City of Cranston's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

It is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues that the City has encountered.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the City of Cranston exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 by \$262.9 million (*net position*).
- The net position of the City increased by \$4.9 million (or 1.8%). The governmental net position increased by \$2.2 million (or 0.6%) and the business-type net position increased by \$2.7 million (or 4.1%).
- The governmental activities revenue increased \$10.6 million (or 3.4%) and the net results from activities increased from prior year by \$27.6 million. In 2020, the results of activities produced an increase in net position of \$2.2 million and in 2019 the results of activities produced a decrease in net position of \$(25.4) million.
- The business-type activities revenue decreased by \$0.5 million (or 1.7%), and the net results from activities remained unchanged at \$2.7 million for 2020 and 2019.
- The General Fund (the primary operating fund) reflected on a current financial resource basis reports a decrease in fund balance of \$0.4 million (or 2.1%), compared to \$2.0 million decrease in the prior year.
- The City's total debt increased by \$4.4 million. The increase was due primarily to the issuance of \$15.8 million in new debt and bond premium and \$2.7 million of City OPEB liability offset by principal repayments of \$8.3 million and a decrease of Net Pension Liability of \$5.9 million.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) and the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. For governmental activities, the fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Reporting the City as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net position and changes to net position. You can think of the City's net position as the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base, to assess the overall health of the City.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Cranston that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities present the functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, public libraries, parks and recreation, education, senior services, community development, and interest expense. The business-type activities of the City of Cranston include sewer utilities, the Public Facilities Management Foundation, and the School Lunch Fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City and School Department maintains 44 and 123 individual governmental funds, respectively. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for both the General Fund and the School Department. For reporting purposes, the amount presented as the General Fund is comprised of the general fund and eight other funds. Similarly for reporting purposes, the amount presented as the School Department is comprised of the school department's general fund and one other fund. Both the General Fund and School Department are considered to be major funds. Data from the City's and School Department's other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled Other Governmental Funds. Individual fund data for each of the other 156 governmental funds, which are consolidated into 16 funds for reporting purposes, is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the installation of new science labs into various schools) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibility for using certain taxes, grants and other money (like grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development).

The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and School Department. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of them as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City of Cranston maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Cranston uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer operations, Public Facilities Management Foundation, and its school non-major programs. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Cranston and School Department uses an internal service fund to account for certain self-insured risks. Because this fund predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer utilities fund and the Public Facilities Management Foundation, which are considered to be major funds of the City of Cranston. The school lunch program fund is the sole non-major enterprise fund and is presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements. The internal service fund is also presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits F, G, and H of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits I, and J of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on Exhibit K of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary compliance schedules for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund-School Unrestricted, as well as the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Included below is a condensed Statement of Net Position for the City of Cranston. The condensed format allows the reader to view the overall financial position of the City.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

As of June 30 (In Millions)

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	<u>Total</u>		
	2020	2019	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	2019	
Assets:							
Current and other assets	\$ 77.6	\$ 81.1	\$ 25.5	\$ 26.4	\$ 103.1	\$ 107.5	
Capital assets	147.2	138.6	69.7	71.2	216.9	209.8	
Total Assets	224.8	219.7	95.2	97.6	320.0	317.3	
Deferred Outflow of Resources	53.8	57.4	0.5	0.5	54.3	57.9	
Total Assets & Deferred							
Outflows of Resources	278.6	277.1	95.7	98.1	374.3	375.2	
Liabilities:							
Long-term liabilities							
outstanding	560.1	555.9	18.2	19.3	578.3	575.2	
Other liabilities	23.5	27.6	6.5	7.8	30.0	35.4	
Total Liabilities	583.6	583.5	24.7	27.1	608.3	601.6	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	26.6	27.4	2.3	5.0	28.9	32.4	
Total Liabilities & Deferred							
Inflows of Resources	610.2	610.9	27.0	32.1	637.2	643.0	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets.	41.2	40.4	52.6	53.0	93.8	93.4	
Restricted-Debt Service	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	
Unrestricted	(372.8)	(374.2)	15.7	12.6	(357.1)	(361.6)	
Total Net Position	\$ (331.6)	\$ (333.8)	\$ 68.7	\$ 66.0	\$ (262.9)	\$ (267.8)	

The composition of net position and the changes in net position over a period of time serves as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The City's total liabilities at June 30, 2020, exceed assets by \$262.9 million and were comprised of \$(331.6) million from governmental activities and \$68.7 million from business-type activities. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, \$(357.1) million of the total \$(262.9) million in net position is unrestricted.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Net investment in capital assets is comprised of \$93.8 and \$93.4 million of the Total Net Position at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. This category reflects the total net investment in capital assets (vehicles, equipment, etc.) net of any related debt used to acquire capital assets. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and do not represent resources available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The second category of Net Position, restricted Net Position, represents Net Position that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Restricted Net Position as of June 30, 2020 totaled \$0.4 million for debt service.

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Net Position summary presentation:

Net Results of Activities - which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for Capital - which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital</u> - which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in net investment in capital assets and an increase in related net debt which will not change the net investment in capital assets.

<u>Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital</u> - which will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

<u>Principal Payment on Debt</u> - which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation - which will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

Governmental Activities-Condensed Statements of Net Position

The category of "Current and Other Assets" was \$77.6 million at June 30, 2020. This category consisted primarily of "Cash" of \$35.1 million as of June 30, 2020. This balance was attributable to a strong tax collection trend. "Receivables-Property Taxes" of \$8.5 million, "Net pension asset" of \$20.4 million. "Receivables-Intergovernmental was \$2.4 million, "Advanced deposits-hospitalization" was \$5.5 million and net other receivables accounted for \$5.7 million.

"Deferred Outflow of Resources" was \$53.8 million at June 30, 2020 and was comprised of \$46.1 million related to pensions, \$7.5 million related to OPEB and \$0.2 million from the deferred charge on refunding.

"Total liabilities" at June 30, 2020 were \$583.6 million. That included long-term liabilities outstanding of \$560.1 million, composed primarily of \$109.9 million in general obligation bonds and leases payable (used to fund various capital projects such as school construction and playground construction and improvements), \$398.5 million in outstanding pension obligations and \$51.7 million in OPEB obligations. Current liabilities total \$23.5 million at June 30, 2020 and were composed \$5.9 million in accounts payable, \$4.4 of accrued liabilities, unearned revenue of \$3.4 million, \$8.3 million in current portion of long-term debt. \$0.4 million due to other funds and claims and judgements of \$1.1 million.

"Deferred Inflow of Resources" of \$26.6 million of which \$17.7 million related to the City's pension liabilities, \$4.7 million related to the OPEB liability and \$4.2 million related to advanced tax collections.

Total net position at June 30, 2020 was \$(331.6) million and was comprised of unrestricted of \$(372.8) and "Net Investment in Capital Assets" of \$41.2 million.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities-Condensed Statements of Net Position

For business-type activities, such as the Sewer Enterprise Fund, "Current and Other Assets" of \$25.5 million consisted primarily of \$10.7 million in cash which was available to support the current operations of the Enterprise Funds, \$1.2 million of restricted cash, \$0.4 million of cash held in escrow, receivables of \$4.1 million, \$8.7 million due from other funds and \$0.4 million of other assets.

"Deferred Outflow of Resources" was \$0.4 million at June 30, 2020 and was comprised of \$0.4 million related to pensions.

Long-term liabilities of \$18.2 million were comprised primarily of \$16.0 million of "Long-term liabilities due in more than one year" which represents the non-current portion of long-term liabilities, primarily general obligation bonds used to finance the capital operations of the Sewer Plant as well as SRF (state revolving fund) loan from Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank, \$2.0 million of "Net pension liability" and "Net OPEB obligations" of \$0.2 million.

Other liabilities of \$6.5 million consisted primarily of \$3.2 million of "Accounts payable", and \$1.1 million for the "Current portion of long-term bonds payable", "Accrued interest payable" of \$2.0 million and other accrued liabilities of \$0.2 million.

"Deferred Inflows of Resources" of \$2.2 million represents \$2.1 million for the "Deferred sewer lease arrangement" and \$0.1 million from resources related to pensions.

The total net position for the Business-type Activities as of June 30, 2020 was \$68.8 million. Net investment in capital assets was the major component of net position for business-type activities and amounted to \$52.6 million at June 30, 2020. As stated above, in the government-wide analysis of the Statement of Net Position \$0.4 million was restricted for debt service and \$15.8 million was designated "Unrestricted".

Statement of Activities

A condensed Statement of Activities for the City of Cranston is presented below listing the major categories of revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Condensed Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30 (In Millions)

	Governmental Activities		Business-T	ype Activities	<u>Total</u>	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 20.1	\$ 19.6	\$26.0	\$26.4	\$46.1	\$ 46.0
Operating grants and contributions	88.9	85.5	2.4	2.7	91.3	88.2
Capital grants and contributions	0.2	0.1			0.2	0.1
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	187.9	187.2			187.9	187.2
Gain on sale of property						
State special funding for pensions	11.8	10.3	0.2		12.0	10.3
Motor vehicle phase-out taxes	10.1	5.9			10.1	5.9
Investment income	1.4	1.2	0.5	0.6	1.9	1.8
Transfers	-	-			-	-
Other	3.1	3.0	0.3	0.2	3.4	3.2
Total revenues	323.5	312.8	29.4	29.9	352.9	342.7

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Statement of Activities (Continued)

	Governmental Activities		Business-T	ype Activities]	<u>Total</u>		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Program Expenses:								
General government	\$ 20.1	\$ 17.4			\$ 20.1	\$ 17.4		
Public safety	82.3	108.6			82.3	108.6		
Public works	16.8	16.7			16.8	16.7		
Education	187.3	180.0	\$6.0	\$6.7	193.3	186.7		
Parks and recreation	3.7	3.7			3.7	3.7		
Libraries	3.8	3.8			3.8	3.8		
Senior services	3.1	3.2			3.1	3.2		
Community development	1.0	1.4			1.0	1.4		
Sewer			20.7	20.5	20.7	20.5		
Interest and other costs	3.2	3.4			3.2	3.4		
Total expenses	321.3	338.2	26.7	27.2	348.0	365.4		
Change in net position	2.2	(25.4)	2.7	2.7	4.9	(22.7)		
Net Position – July 1	(333.8)	(308.4)	66.0	63.3	(267.8)	(245.1)		
Net Position – June 30	\$(331.6)	\$ (333.8)	\$ 68.7	\$ 66.0	\$ (262.9)	\$ (267.8)		

The Condensed Statement of Net Activities presents revenues, expenses and changes in net position separately for governmental activities and business-type activities. The condensed format allows for presentation of program revenues (charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions) followed by a listing of general revenues to support the City's overall government or business-type activities. Expenses are presented on a functional basis, with depreciation on capital assets directly allocated to the related expense.

Governmental Activities-Condensed Statement of Activities

General revenues include all revenues not required to be reported as "program revenue". The total of other "general revenues" for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$214.3 million and \$207.6 million, respectively. Included in these totals were \$187.9 and \$187.2 million in property taxes for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

[&]quot;Program expenses" are presented in the Condensed Statement of Activities by function and total \$346.6 and \$338.2 million including interest on long-term debt for the fiscal years June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

[&]quot;Changes in net position" increased \$28.9 million to \$3.5 million from \$(25.4) million, for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The change resulted primarily from a decrease in public safety offset by an increase in education expense both related to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities – Condensed Statement of Activities

Business-Type Activities provided by the City of Cranston consists primarily of the operation of the wastewater facility commonly known as the Sewer Enterprise Fund. Respectively, in fiscal years 2020 and 2019, the City generated \$29.4 and \$29.9 million in total revenues. The majority of revenues for this fund consist of charges for services of which amounted to \$26.0 and \$26.4 respectively, of the total revenues.

The total amount of expenses for business-type activities were \$26.7 and \$27.2 million, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The "Change in Net Position" remained unchanged from year to year at \$2.7 million. This activity increased the "Business-Type Net Position" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 to \$68.7 million as compared to \$66.0 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Financial Analysis of City's Funds

Governmental Funds

The City of Cranston's governmental funds consists of two major funds. The major funds are the City's General Fund and the School Department unrestricted operating fund. Presented below is a condensed Balance Sheet for the two major funds of the Governmental funds.

Combined fund balances for all the Governmental Funds was \$35.7 million. Fund balance was comprised of \$0.3 million "Non-spendable" fund balances, \$16.6 million "Restricted" fund balances and \$0.8 million "Committed" fund balances and \$18.0 million of "Unassigned" fund balances. Under the modified-accrual basis for Fund Financial Statements, the emphasis is on accounting for current financial resources of the City.

Assets of \$67.9 million include primarily \$34.3 million in "Cash", \$6.1 million in "Taxes Receivable", \$11.1 million in "Intergovernmental Receivables", "Loans" of \$2.7 million, "Other Receivables" of \$1.9 million, "Prepaid" of \$0.2 million, "Advance deposits-hospitalization" of \$0.2 million, "Due from Other Funds" of \$11.4 million.

"Total liabilities and deferred inflows" of \$32.1 million consisted of \$6.0 million of "Accounts Payable", \$12.7 million in "Due to Other Funds", \$7.6 million in "Unearned Revenue", \$1.6 million of Accrued Payroll and other liabilities and \$4.2 million of "Unavailable Revenue".

Condensed Balance Sheet As of June 30 (In Millions)

	General Fund		School Unrestricted			Total Major Funds		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		2019	<u>2018</u>	
Assets:								
Current and other	\$39.2	\$39.3	<u>\$8.6</u>	<u>\$7.5</u>		<u>\$47.8</u>	\$46.8	
Total Assets	39.2	39.3	8.6	7.5		47.8	46.8	
Liabilities:								
Other liabilities	12.1	7.6	3.2	3.2		15.3	10.8	
Total Liabilities	12.1	7.6	3.2	3.2		15.3	10.8	
Deferred Inflows:								
Deferred inflows	8.6	12.8				<u>8.6</u>	12.8	
Total Liabilities	8.6	12.8				8.6	12.8	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	20.7	20.4	3.2	3.2		23.9	23.6	
Fund Balance:								
Non-spendable	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1		0.3	0.3	
Restricted	0.2	0.4	4.5	3.4		4.7	3.8	
Committed	-	-	0.8	0.8		0.8	0.8	
Assigned	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Unassigned	<u>18.1</u>	<u>18.3</u>	<u> </u>	<u>=</u>		<u>18.1</u>	<u>18.3</u>	
Total Fund Balance	\$18.5	\$18.9	\$5.4	\$4.3		<u>\$23.9</u>	\$23.2	

General Fund - Condensed Balance Sheet

The General Fund's total assets of \$39.2 million consists primarily of \$21.9 million in "Cash" \$6.1 million of "Taxes Receivable" \$6.8 million of "Intergovernmental Receivables", "Due from Other Funds" of \$3.8 million, other of \$0.4 million and "Advanced Deposits-hospitalization" of \$0.2 million.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows for the General Fund were \$20.7 million. "Accounts Payable" amounted to \$1.7 million, \$4.3 million represented "Advanced Collections", \$9.1 million in "Due to Other Funds", \$1.4 million of accrued liabilities and \$4.2 million of "Unavailable Revenue".

As of June 30, 2020 the City's fund balance was \$18.5 million of which \$0.2 million was "Non-spendable", \$0.3 million was "Restricted", and \$18.1 million was "Unassigned". This represents a total decrease of \$0.4 million from \$18.9 million as of June 30, 2019. The \$0.4 million decrease relates primarily to additional costs associated with the COVID-19 pandemic.

School Department - Condensed Balance Sheet

The School Department's total assets were \$8.6 million. The majority of that consisted primarily of \$7.5 of "Due from Other Funds", "Prepaid" of \$0.2 million and "Other" assets of \$0.9 million.

Liabilities for the School Department totaled \$3.2 million. The majority of that consisted of \$3.1 million of "Accounts Payable" and \$0.1 million "Due to Other Funds".

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the School Department had a fund balance of \$5.4 million. This was comprised of \$0.1 million "Non-spendable", \$3.4 million "Restricted and \$0.8 million of "Committed" fund balance. This represents a total increase of \$1.1 million from \$4.3 million as of June 30, 2019. The \$1.1 million increase relates primarily to savings associated with school closures during COVID-19 pandemic.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

A condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the City of Cranston is presented below listing the major categories of revenues and expenditures for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The major funds for the City of Cranston are the "General Fund" and the "School Department".

The fund reporting format, also presented on a functional basis, presented in "Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds" presents all revenue types followed by the expenditures of the City. The fund financial statements report current year capital expenditures and do not report depreciation on capital assets. Likewise, principal payments on long-term liabilities are reported as current year expenditures and are not offset against the related long-term liability as within the Government-wide Financial Statements. The major source of revenues for the City comes from "General Property Taxes". For the years ending June 30, 2020, and 2019, the City collected \$188.8, and \$188.1 million of property taxes, respectively. Total revenues for all major governmental funds for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, were \$305.7, and \$297.2 million, respectively. For the major governmental funds, the total expenditures for the years ending June 30, 2020, and 2019, were \$305.3, and \$300.4 million, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2020, General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$95.1 million before other financing sources (uses) as compared to \$91.9 million for the period ending June 30, 2019.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30 (In Millions)

School

Total

General

	Fund		Unrest	ricted	Major Funds		
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	2019	2020	<u>2019</u>	
Revenues:							
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	188.8	188.1	-	-	188.8	188.1	
Intergovernmental	24.6	19.7	62.4	61.0	87.0	80.7	
Charges for services	15.5	15.4	2.1	1.5	17.6	16.9	
Investment income	0.7	0.8		-	0.7	0.8	
State on behalf pension	-	-	8.7	8.1	8.7	8.1	
Other	<u>1.5</u>	\$1.2	1.4	1.4	2.9	<u>2.6</u>	
Total Revenues	231.1	225.2	74.6	72.0	305.7	297.2	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General Government	11.1	10.8			11.1	10.8	
Public Safety	87.5	85.3			87.5	85.3	
Public Works	16.0	15.7			16.0	15.7	
Education	-	-	169.2	167.1	169.2	167.1	
Parks and Recreation	3.6	3.7			3.6	3.7	
Public Libraries	3.6	3.6			3.6	3.6	
Senior Services	3.0	3.2			3.0	3.2	
Other	0.2	0.2			0.2	0.2	
Debt Service:							
Principal	6.8	7.7			6.8	7.7	
Interest and other costs	4.0	3.1			4.0	3.1	
Capital expenditures	0.2	=	=	=	0.2	Ξ	
Total Expenditures	136.0	133.3	169.2	167.1	305.2	300.4	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	<u>95.1</u>	91.9	(94.6)	<u>(95.1)</u>	0.5	(3.2)	

94.1
(93.9)
0.2
(3.0)
26.2
23.2

Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-General Fund

The City's General Fund had revenues of \$231.1 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was comprised of \$188.8 million in "General Property Taxes", \$24.6 million of "Intergovernmental" revenues, \$15.5 million in "Charges for Services", \$0.7 million in "Investment Income", and \$1.5 million in "Other" revenue.

Expenditures for the General Fund for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were \$136.0 million. These expenditures consisted of \$11.1 million in "General Government" expenditures, \$87.5 million of "Public Safety" expenditures, \$16.0 million of "Public Works" expenditures, \$3.6 million of "Parks and Recreation" expenditures, \$3.6 million of "Public Libraries" expenditures, \$3.2 million of "Senior Services" expenditures, \$0.2 million of "Other" expenditures, \$6.8 million of "Debt Service Principal" expenditures, \$4.0 million of "Interest and Other Costs" and \$0.2 million of capital expenditures.

In addition to general operating expenses, the General Fund also had "Net Other Financing Uses" of \$ 95.5 million. This was composed of a \$(95.5) million of "Transfers Out" to the "School Department" for operations.

The net change in fund balances was \$(0.4) million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This decrease resulted primarily from an over expenditures in public services related to expenditures related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-School Department

The "School Department" had revenues for the year ended June 30, 2020 of \$74.6 million. This was derived from \$62.4 million of "Intergovernmental" revenues, \$2.1 million of "Charges for Services", \$8.7 million of "State on Behalf Pension Contribution" and \$1.4 million of "Other Income".

Expenditures for the School Department totaled \$169.2 million. This entire amount represents expenditures related to "Education".

In addition to general operating revenues, the School Department received \$95.7 million of "Other Financing Sources". This amount was comprised of "Transfers In" from the "General Fund" of \$95.5 million for operations and \$0.2 million from other school special revenue accounts.

The net change in fund balance was \$1.1 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This increase was due primarily to the savings related to school closure during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Proprietary Funds

The Proprietary Funds consist of the Sewer Fund, the Non-Major Programs and the Internal Service Funds. The major source of revenues consists of "Charges for Usage and Service" of \$59.8 million. Total operating revenues were \$66.0 million. Total operating expenses for the year ending June 30, 2020, for the Proprietary Funds were \$64.9 million. The "Health Care Management" of the school department of \$25.3 million, the "Contract Payments" of \$17.1 million for sewer privatization, "Operation" expense of \$5.3 million. "Personnel" cost of \$1.9 million, "Claims" of \$12.5 million and \$2.8 million of "Depreciation" comprise the majority of the expenses. Net Non-Operating Income for the year ending June 30, 2020 was \$0.2 million. The Proprietary Funds ended fiscal year 2020 with \$2.1 million more in revenues than expenses.

Total Net Position was \$67.0 million at June 30, 2020, of that "Net Investment in Capital Assets" was \$52.6 million, Restricted for Debt Service of \$0.4 million and \$14.0 million was "Unrestricted". Total Net Position as of June 30, 2020 increased \$1.7 million or 2.6% from \$65.3 million at June 30, 2019 to \$67.0 million at June 30, 2020.

Analysis of Significant Budget Variations in the General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the General Fund Revenues were under budget projections by \$0.9 million or 0.3%. General Fund expenditures were over budget by \$0.7 million or 0.2%. This resulted in a \$0.2 million deficit for the General Fund for the year ending June 30, 2020.

Significant revenue variances include:

- General Property Taxes Favorable variance of \$1.1 million due to the implementation of a new software system that allows taxpayers to pay via the internet as either an ACH or credit card payment and the state's garnishment program of income tax refunds for outstanding motor vehicle taxes.
- Intergovernmental Unfavorable variance of \$1.2 million from decrease in the amount budgeted by various departments for grants versus the amount actually received by departments for grants

Most of the departments within the City had minimal surpluses/deficits with regard to their expense budgets. The two exception to that were the law department and the fire department. They had a \$0.2 million and a \$2.6 million unfavorable variance, respectively. The law department's over expenditures were related to personnel issues and the fire departments were due to unreimbursed expenditures related to the COVID-19 pandemic. The City was able to reduce these deficits to \$0.7 million from savings within other departments.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

The City of Cranston's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$216.9 and \$209.8 million, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, motor vehicles, machinery and equipment and office furniture and equipment, and infrastructure.

The presentation below for the current fiscal year lists the major categories of capital assets for governmental activities and business-type activities. Infrastructure assets, assets that are long-lived and can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets and that normally are stationary in nature such as streets, sidewalks and curbing are subject to different rules under the standards established by GASB 34. All infrastructure assets are included in the City's capital assets.

Capital Assets at Year End (In Millions)

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business Activ	• 1	<u>Total</u>		
	2020	2019	2020 2019		2020	2019	
Land	\$ 15.3	\$ 15.3	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.3	\$ 15.6	\$ 15.6	
Construction in progress	1.6	8.3	0.1	0.3	1.7	8.6	
Land improvements	46.9	41.1	0.3	0.3	47.2	41.4	
Buildings	129.9	116.6			129.9	116.6	
Motor vehicles	28.1	24.8	0.1	0.1	28.2	24.9	
Equipment	19.4	17.9	1.7	0.9	21.1	18.8	
Infrastructure	87.3	87.4			87.3	87.4	
Leasehold improvements							
Sewer lines			52.3	51.6	52.3	51.6	
Treatment and pumping plant			104.9	104.8	104.9	104.8	
Total assets	328.5	311.4	159.7	158.3	488.2	469.7	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(181.3)	(172.8)	(90.0)	(87.1)	(271.3)	(259.8)	
Net capital assets	tal assets		\$ 69.7	\$ 71.2	\$ 216.9	\$ 209.8	

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 were \$488.2 million less accumulated depreciation of \$271.3 million for a net investment in capital assets of \$216.9 million.

Governmental Activities:

Major capital asset additions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 included the following:

- \$7.0 million in school renovations
- \$1.7 million in recreational facilities and equipment upgrades
- \$2.8 million for road repayment, storm drain repairs and equipment upgrades
- \$1.1 million for fire and police equipment and station upgrades

Business-Type Activities:

Major capital asset additions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 included the following:

- \$0.7 million of infrastructure projects completed for the treatment plant
- \$0.8 million of new equipment for the sewer plant

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found on Note III. C. of this report.

Long-Term Liabilities

As of June 30, 2020, the governmental activities had total long-term obligations of \$569.7 million. Of that, \$398.5 million was pension related debt, \$51.7 million was for post-retirement health benefits \$13.2 million of compensated absences and \$106.3 million related to bonded debt guaranteed by the City's assets. Based on an actuarial valuations completed as of July 1, 2020 for governmental activities, the net pension obligation liability for unpaid pension contributions decreased by \$5.9 million from \$404.4 million at June 30, 2019 to \$398.5 million at June 30, 2020. The net other post-employment benefit obligation (OPEB) liability for governmental activities increased \$3.4 million from \$48.3 million at June 30, 2019 to \$51.7 million at June 30, 2020. Additional information can be found in Note III. F. 1.

The business-type activities had total long-term obligations of \$19.3 million. Of that, \$17.1 million related to State Revolving Loans (SRF) from Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank (these funds are available for projects related to clean water), \$1.9 million in net pension obligations, \$0.2 million in net post-retirement health benefit obligations. Based on an actuarial valuations completed as of July 1, 2020 for business-type activities, the net pension obligation liability for unpaid pension contributions and net other post-employment benefit obligation (OPEB) liability for business type activities remained unchanged at \$1.9 million and \$10.2 million as of June 30, 2020, respectively. Additional information can be found in Note III. F. 1.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Debt Outstanding

For the year ending June 30, 2020, the City had \$106.3 million in debt (bonds, notes, etc.) outstanding as compared to \$98.8 million at June 30, 2019, a net increase of \$7.5 million or 7.6% (considering debt issuances and retirements). The key factors for this increase was the issuance of \$13.4 million in general obligation bonds offset by the principal repayments on outstanding issues.

For the year ending June 30, 2020, the Business-Type Activities had \$17.1 million in debt (bonds, notes, etc.) outstanding as compared to \$18.3 million at June 30, 2019, a net decrease of \$1.2 million or 6.6% (considering debt retirements). The key factor for this decrease was principal repayments of \$1.1 million.

Outstanding Debt, at June 30 (In Millions)

	2020	2019
Governmental:		
General obligation bonds	\$ 104.4	\$96.4
Capital lease	<u>1.9</u>	2.4
Subtotal	106.3	98.8
Business-type:		
Sewer revolving loans	<u>17.1</u>	18.3
Subtotal	<u>17.1</u>	18.3
Total	<u>\$ 123.4</u>	\$ 117.1

Principal payments of \$7.1 million and \$1.1 million were made in the governmental and business-type activities, respectively, during fiscal year 2020.

Except as explained below, under Rhode Island law the City may not, without special statutory authorization, incur any debt that would increase its aggregate indebtedness not otherwise excepted by law to an amount greater than 3% of the taxable property of the City. Deducted from the computation of aggregate indebtedness is the amount of any borrowing in anticipation of taxes authorized by law and the amount of any sinking funds maintained by the City. There is currently no outstanding debt of the city subject to the 3% debt limit. The current 3% debt limit of the City is \$238.7 million based on taxable property as of December 31, 2018, of approximately \$8.0 billion. On June 30, 2020, the City had \$104.4 million of debt outstanding that is outside the 3% debt limit.

The City's bond ratings are as follows:

- Standard & Poor's: "AA-"
- Fitch Ratings: "AA-"
- Moody's Investors Service : "A1"

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- As noted previously, the Fiscal Year 2021 operating budget was passed by a majority vote of the City Council. Property tax collections were assumed to be collected at 98.9% of the current levy.
- The City budgeted approximately \$21.5 million for Police and Fire Pension Fund contributions and \$2.0 million for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB).

Unemployment Statistics

The table below presents the most recent labor market information summary for not seasonally adjusted unemployment rates for the fiscal years ended June 30^{th} :

	Annualized									
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
City of Cranston	10.6% 10.5 9.3	10.4% 10.1 8.4	9.3% 8.9 7.8	7.2% 7.3 6.3	5.9% 5.8 5.5	5.0% 5.0 5.1	4.0% 4.1 4.5	3.7% 3.7 4.2	3.3% 3.3 3.8	12.9% 12.3 11.2

Source: Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City of Cranston's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Finance Director City of Cranston 869 Park Avenue Cranston, RI 02910

Basic Financial Statements

		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	35,129,509 \$	10,736,535 \$	45,866,044
Receivables:				
Property taxes		8,531,010		8,531,010
Sewer assessments and user fees, net			1,041,056	1,041,056
Intergovernmental		11,126,625	3,064,821	14,191,446
Loans		2,653,754		2,653,754
Other		1,901,989		1,901,989
Prepaids		155,014	30,706	185,720
Advance deposits - hospitalization		5,505,969	= 0.400	5,505,969
Inventory		0.700	78,433	78,433
Other assets		3,792	0.707.504	3,792
Internal balances	_	(8,707,591)	8,707,591	70.050.012
Total current assets	_	56,300,071	23,659,142	79,959,213
Noncurrent Assets:				
Advance deposits - hospitalization		853,000		853,000
Net pension asset		20,373,659	244,579	20,618,238
Restricted cash - debt service reserve			1,195,219	1,195,219
Held in escrow			397,433	397,433
Total noncurrent assets	_	21,226,659	1,837,231	23,063,890
Capital Assets:				
Nondepreciable:				
Land		15,299,094	342,712	15,641,806
Construction in progress		1,627,727	84,132	1,711,859
Depreciable (net of accumulated depreciation):			·	
Land improvements		28,436,947	3,633	28,440,580
Buildings and leasehold improvements		77,164,157	52,048	77,216,205
Sewer service to customers			128,921	128,921
Treatment and pumping plant			50,953,616	50,953,616
Vehicles		8,923,713	21,165	8,944,878
Machinery, equipment and furniture		4,223,194	984,603	5,207,797
Infrastructure	_	11,511,303	17,168,251	28,679,554
Total net capital assets	_	147,186,135	69,739,081	216,925,216
Total noncurrent assets		168,412,794	71,576,312	239,989,106
Total assets		224,712,865	95,235,454	319,948,319
	_			
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		070 000		070.005
Deferred charge on refunding		273,000	000 000	273,000
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		46,103,237	389,026	46,492,263
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	_	7,462,001 53,838,238	48,969	7,510,970
	_	55,030,230	437,995	54,276,233
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	278,551,103 \$	95,673,449 \$	374,224,552

(Continued on next page)

	-	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	5,888,701 \$	3,186,184 \$	9,074,885
Accrued liabilities		50,000		50,000
Accrued payroll		1,467,613	2,337	1,469,950
Compensated absences		1,316,681	34,989	1,351,670
Accrued interest payable		1,523,165	165,790	1,688,955
Unearned revenue		3,409,946	2,009,869	5,419,815
Due to fiduciary fund		439,322		439,322
Claims payable		1,079,491		1,079,491
Long-term liabilities due within one year	_	8,338,971	1,129,000	9,467,971
Total current liabilities		23,513,890	6,528,169	30,042,059
N				
Noncurrent Liabilities:		000 445 700	4 000 004	400 005 000
Net pension liability		398,445,736	1,939,864	400,385,600
Net OPEB liability		51,728,356	197,084	51,925,440
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year	-	109,900,459	16,011,000	125,911,459
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	560,074,551	18,147,948	578,222,499
Total liabilities	-	583,588,441	24,676,117	608,264,558
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Advanced tax collections		4,224,144		4,224,144
Deferred sewer lease arrangement			2,087,379	2,087,379
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		17,689,760	149,306	17,839,066
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		4,694,910	8,489	4,703,399
	-	26,608,814	2,245,174	28,853,988
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		610,197,255	26,921,291	637,118,546
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets		41,166,232	52,599,081	93,765,313
Restricted for:		41,100,202	02,000,001	00,700,010
Debt Service			397,433	397,433
Unrestricted		(372,812,384)	15,755,644	(357,056,740)
Total net position	•	(331,646,152)	68,752,158	(262,893,994)
·	•	(,)		(===,=30,001)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources				
and Net Position	\$	278,551,103 \$	95,673,449 \$	374,224,552

					P	Program Revenue	s			Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position				nd
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	_	Business-Type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$	20,138,028	\$	8,901,799	\$		\$		\$	1,752,190	\$		\$	1,752,190
Public safety		82,320,732		6,043,895		1,409,353		150,050		(74,717,434)				(74,717,434)
Public works		16,823,150		1,263,226						(15,559,924)				(15,559,924)
Education		187,265,504		2,175,318		73,386,562				(111,703,624)				(111,703,624)
Parks and recreation		3,666,440		139,133						(3,527,307)				(3,527,307)
Public libraries		3,843,871		65,000		608,335				(3,170,536)				(3,170,536)
Senior services		3,061,547		1,448,175						(1,613,372)				(1,613,372)
Community development		1,040,171				538,126				(502,045)				(502,045)
Interest expense		3,147,113	_							(3,147,113)	_		_	(3,147,113)
Total governmental activities	_	321,306,556		20,036,546		88,930,795		150,050		(212,189,165)	_	-	_	(212,189,165)
Business-Type Activities:														
Sewer fund		20,649,172		22,727,619								2,078,447		2,078,447
Education		6,012,354	_	3,288,554		2,429,799					_	(294,001)	_	(294,001)
Total business-type activities	_	26,661,526		26,016,173		2,429,799		-			-	1,784,446	_	1,784,446
Totals	\$ <u></u>	347,968,082	\$_	46,052,719	\$	91,360,594	\$	150,050	=	(212,189,165)		1,784,446		(210,404,719)
				General Revenue	s:									
				Property taxes						187,925,014				187,925,014
				Motor vehicle pl	nas	e-out taxes				10,089,725				10,089,725
				State special fur	ndir	ng for pension				11,791,818		155,775		11,947,593
				Other income						3,101,138		332,415		3,433,553
				Investment inco	me					1,424,974		463,510		1,888,484
				Total general	rev	enues				214,332,669	_	951,700		215,284,369
			C	Change in Net Po	sitic	on				2,143,504		2,736,146		4,879,650
			١	Net Position - July	1,	2019				(333,789,656)	_	66,016,012	_	(267,773,644)
			١	Net Position - Jun	e 30	0, 2020			\$	(331,646,152)	\$_	68,752,158	\$_	(262,893,994)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	-	General Fund		School Unrestricted	Other Governmental Funds			Total Governmental Funds
Assets:								
Cash	\$	21,892,323	\$	1,485	\$	12,391,647	\$	34,285,455
Receivables:								
Property taxes, net		6,108,715						6,108,715
Intergovernmental		6,755,394				4,371,231		11,126,625
Loans						2,653,754		2,653,754
Other		403,408		914,382		573,432		1,891,222
Security deposits						9,282		9,282
Prepaids				149,524				149,524
Advance deposits - hospitalization		207,000						207,000
Due from other funds	-	3,813,773	-	7,512,497	_	63,062		11,389,332
Total Assets	\$_	39,180,613	\$	8,577,888	\$_	20,062,408	\$	67,820,909
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,631,830	\$	3,059,415	\$	1,331,355	\$	6,022,600
Accrued payroll		1,362,997				104,621		1,467,618
Accrued liabilities		50,000						50,000
Due to other funds		9,060,982		93,356		3,530,712		12,685,050
Unearned revenue	_	99,599	_		_	3,310,347		3,409,946
Total liabilities	-	12,205,408	-	3,152,771	_	8,277,035		23,635,214
Deferred Inflows:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		4,223,339						4,223,339
Advanced tax collections	_	4,224,144	_					4,224,144
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	8,447,483	-	-	_	<u> </u>		8,447,483
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	-	20,652,891	. <u>-</u>	3,152,771	_	8,277,035		32,082,697
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		207,000		149,524				356,524
Restricted		249,484		4,505,602		11,887,583		16,642,669
Committed		4,797		769,991				774,788
Unassigned	_	18,066,441	_			(102,210)	_	17,964,231
Total fund balances	-	18,527,722	-	5,425,117	_	11,785,373		35,738,212
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and								
Fund Balances	\$_	39,180,613	\$	8,577,888	\$_	20,062,408	\$	67,820,909

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are Different from the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. The Details of this Difference are as follows:

Total Fund Balance (Exhibit III, Page 1)

\$ 35,738,212

Capital Assets Used In Governmental Activities are not Financial Resources and, Therefore, are not Reported in the Funds:

Total capital assets \$ 328,542,603 Accumulated depreciation (181,356,468)

147,186,135

Other Long-Term Assets are not Available to Pay for Current Period

Expenditures and, Therefore, are Deferred in the Funds:

Property tax, interest and lien accrual, (net)

Unearned tax revenues (net of an allowance for uncollectible) are recorded in the funds,
but are not deferred under the measurement focus employed in the Statement of Net Position

Net pension asset

Deferred charge on refunding

Deferred outflows of net pension

Deferred outflows of net OPEB

2,422,295

4,223,339

20,373,659

273,000

46,103,237

7,462,001

Internal Service Fund is Used by Management to Charge the Cost of Self-Insurance to Individual Departments:

The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position (1,789,992)

Some Liabilities, Including Bonds Payable, are not Due and Payable in the Current Period and, Therefore, are not Reported in the Funds:

Bonds and notes payable (96,218,000)Capital lease (1,890,000)Unamortized premium on bonds payable (8,184,903)Compensated absences (13,166,793)Deferred salary (96,415)Net pension liability (398,445,736)Net OPEB liability (51,728,356)Deferred inflows of net pension liability (17,689,760)Deferred inflows of net OPEB liability (4,694,910)Accrued interest payable (1,523,165)

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$_(331,646,152)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	-	General Fund	-	School Unrestricted		Other Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
General property taxes	\$	188,836,127	\$		\$;	\$	188,836,127
Intergovernmental	·	24,637,543	•	62,412,379	•	12,104,802		99,154,724
Charges for services		15,506,472		2,175,318		2,354,756		20,036,546
Investment income		659,617				764,323		1,423,940
State on-behalf pension contributions		•		8,671,562		·		8,671,562
Other		1,471,447		1,386,329		126,100		2,983,876
Total revenues	-	231,111,206	•	74,645,588		15,349,981		321,106,775
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		11,120,259				693,474		11,813,733
Public safety		87,506,831				2,292,510		89,799,341
Public works		15,946,202						15,946,202
Education				169,226,429		10,774,680		180,001,109
Parks and recreation		3,598,463						3,598,463
Public libraries		3,644,388				106,786		3,751,174
Senior services		2,989,470				58,821		3,048,291
Community development						1,051,204		1,051,204
Other		204,464						204,464
Debt Service:								
Principal		6,805,500						6,805,500
Interest and other costs		4,027,113				236,348		4,263,461
Capital Outlay:								
Capital expenditures	_	216,369	_			14,624,978		14,841,347
Total expenditures	-	136,059,059	-	169,226,429		29,838,801	_	335,124,289
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	95,052,147	-	(94,580,841)		(14,488,820)	_	(14,017,514)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						40 440 000		40.440.000
Issuance of debt						13,410,000		13,410,000
Bond premium						2,430,699		2,430,699
Insurance recoveries		78,010						78,010
Transfers in				95,726,739				95,726,739
Transfers out	-	(95,542,340)	-			(184,399)	_	(95,726,739)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(95,464,330)	-	95,726,739		15,656,300	_	15,918,709
Net Change in Fund Balances		(412,183)		1,145,898		1,167,480		1,901,195
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019	-	18,939,905	-	4,279,219		10,617,893	_	33,837,017
Fund Balances - June 30, 2020	\$	18,527,722	\$	5,425,117	\$	11,785,373	\$_	35,738,212

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2020

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit II) are due to:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ 1,901,195

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital outlay	17,539,673
Depreciation expense	(8,971,042)
Loss on disposition of assets	(18,592)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and revenues recognized in the Fund Financial Statements are not recognized in the Statement of Activities:

Change in unearned tax revenues that are recorded in the funds, but are not deferred under the measurement employed (789,366)

Change in property tax interest and lien revenue (121,747)

Changes in net pension asset 4,521,285

Changes in deferred outflows related to pensions (10,610,617)

Changes in deferred outflows related to OPEB 4,009,252

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Accrued interest payable	(113,620)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(265,908)
Bond premium incurred	(2,430,699)
Bond premium amortized	716,329
Debt issuance	(13,410,000)
Principal payments on bonds and notes	7,135,000
Capital lease payments	450,000

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Compensated absences	\$ 669,273
Deferred salary	9,413
Changes in net pension liability	5,908,401
Changes in Net OPEB liability	(3,471,000)
Changes in deferred inflows related to pensions	(260,720)
Changes in deferred inflows related to OPEB	851,741
The net revenue of the activities of the Internal Service Fund is reported with	
Governmental Activities	 (1,104,747)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)	\$ 2,143,504

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Bu	es		Governmental Activities		
	_	Major Fund Sewer	 Nonmajor Programs		Totals		Internal Service Fund
Assets							
Current Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses Inventory Receivables:	\$	9,878,902	\$ 857,633 30,706 78,433	\$	10,736,535 30,706 78,433	\$	844,054
Sewer assessments and user fees, net		1,041,056			1,041,056		40.707
Other Due from other funds Intergovernmental		8,689,747 2,820,162	32,569 244,659		8,722,316 3,064,821		10,767
Claims deposits Total current assets	_	22,429,867	 1,244,000		23,673,867		5,298,969 6,153,790
Noncurrent Assets: Advance deposits - medical							853,000
Restricted cash - debt service reserve Held in escrow		1,195,219 397,433			1,195,219 397,433		·
Net pension asset	_		 244,579		244,579		
Subtotal noncurrent assets		1,592,652	244,579		1,837,231		853,000
Capital Assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	68,745,554	 993,527		69,739,081		
Total noncurrent assets	_	70,338,206	 1,238,106		71,576,312		853,000
Total assets	_	92,768,073	 2,482,106		95,250,179	•	7,006,790
Deferred Outflow of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Total deferred outflow of resources	_	<u>-</u>	 389,026 48,969 437,995		389,026 48,969 437,995	•	
Total Assets and Deferred outflow of Resources	\$_	92,768,073	\$ 2,920,101	\$	95,688,174	\$	7,006,790

(Continued on next page)

		Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities	
	_	Major Fund Sewer		Nonmajor Programs	-	Totals	•	Internal Service Fund	
Liabilities	_						ı		
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	3,050,973	\$	135,211	\$	3,186,184	\$	305,418	
Accrued payroll Compensated absences		2,337		34,989		2,337 34,989			
Accrued interest		165,790		01,000		165,790			
Due to other funds				14,725		14,725		7,411,873	
Claims payable		1 000 000		00.000		2 000 000		1,079,491	
Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities due within one year		1,920,000 1,129,000		89,869		2,009,869 1,129,000			
Total current liabilities	_	6,268,100		274,794		6,542,894	ji ji	8,796,782	
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Compensated absences, net of current portion									
Net OPEB liability				197,084		197,084			
Net pension liability				1,939,864		1,939,864			
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year Total noncurrent liabilities	_	16,011,000		0.400.040		16,011,000	ii.		
Total honcurrent habilities	_	16,011,000		2,136,948		18,147,948	j)	<u> </u>	
Total liabilities	_	22,279,100		2,411,742		24,690,842	i	8,796,782	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions				149,306		149,306			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB				8,489		8,489			
Deferred sewer lease arrangement	_	2,087,379		457.705		2,087,379	j)		
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	_	2,087,379 24,366,479		157,795 2,569,537	-	2,245,174 26,936,016	j)	8,796,782	
Total habilities and deferred littlew of resources	_	24,000,470		2,000,001		20,000,010)	0,700,702	
Net Position:									
Net Investment in capital assets Restricted:		51,605,554		993,527		52,599,081			
Debt service		397,433				397,433			
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	16,398,607		(642,963)	_	15,755,644		(1,789,992)	
Total net position	_	68,401,594		350,564		68,752,158		(1,789,992)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources									
and Net Position	\$_	92,768,073	\$	2,920,101	\$	95,688,174	\$	7,006,790	

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	В	usir	es	Governmental			
	Major Fund		nterprise Fund	IS		-	Activities
	Major Fund		Nonmajor				Internal Service
	Sewer	_	Programs	_	Totals	•	Fund
Operating Revenues:							
Charges for usage and service	\$ 21,591,354	\$	714,203	\$	22,305,557	\$	37,543,126
Grant income			2,256,576		2,256,576		
Tuition			2,556,253		2,556,253		
On-behalf pension contribution			155,775		155,775		
Miscellaneous	1,136,265		18,098		1,154,363		49,190
Total operating revenues	22,727,619	-	5,700,905	-	28,428,524	-	37,592,316
Operating Expenses:							
Operations	298,846		3,995,283		4,294,129		940,324
Personnel	116,861		1,814,457		1,931,318		
Claims			17,838		17,838		12,414,752
Contract payments	17,089,375				17,089,375		
Health care management					-		25,343,101
Depreciation	2,640,766	_	184,776	_	2,825,542	_	
Total operating expenses	20,145,848	-	6,012,354	-	26,158,202	-	38,698,177
Operating Income (Loss)	2,581,771	. <u>-</u>	(311,449)	. <u>-</u>	2,270,322	-	(1,105,861)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):							
Interest expense	(503,324)				(503,324)		
Investment income	458,294		5,216		463,510		1,114
Debt refunding credits	332,415				332,415		
Grant income		_	173,223	_	173,223	_	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	287,385	-	178,439	-	465,824	-	1,114
Change in Net Position	2,869,156		(133,010)		2,736,146		(1,104,747)
Net Position - July 1, 2019	65,532,438	· -	483,574	· -	66,016,012	•	(685,245)
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$ 68,401,594	\$	350,564	\$	68,752,158	\$	(1,789,992)

				Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities
		Major Fund		Namonaian				Internal Comice
	_	Sewer		Nonmajor Programs	_	Totals		Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Cash received from customers	\$	20,027,902	\$	5,632,436	\$	25,660,338	\$	37,584,485
Cash paid to suppliers		(17,898,165)		(1,133,278)		(19,031,443)		
Cash paid to employees		(116,137)		(1,612,001)		(1,728,138)		-
Cash paid for claims						-		(38,753,989)
Cash paid for other operating expenses	_	(301,769)		(3,349,096)		(3,650,865)		(1,056,210)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,711,831		(461,939)	_	1,249,892		(2,225,714)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:								
Non-operating grant		21,034		17,618		38,652		
Debt refunding credits		332,415				332,415		
Change in interfund loans		(4,223,813)		(5,146)		(4,228,959)		2,128,298
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(3,870,364)		12,472	_	(3,857,892)		2,128,298
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Acquisition of capital assets		(746,320)		(595,607)		(1,341,927)		
Principal paid on bonds		(1,113,000)		(,)		(1,113,000)		
Interest paid on bonds		(509,692)				(509,692)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(2,369,012)		(595,607)		(2,964,619)		-
Cook Flour from Investing Activities								
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Income from investments		458,294		5,216		463,510		1,114
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	458,294		5,216		463,510	-	1,114
Not oash provided by investing activities	-	400,204		0,210	_	400,010		1,114
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash		(4,069,251)		(1,039,858)		(5,109,109)		(96,302)
Cash - July 1, 2019 (Including Restricted Cash)	_	15,143,372		1,897,491	_	17,040,863	-	940,356
Cash - June 30, 2020 (Including Restricted Cash)	\$	11,074,121	\$	857,633	\$	11,931,754	\$	844,054
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash								
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,581,771	\$	(311,449)	\$	2,270,322	\$	(1,105,861)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided by (used in) operating activities:		0.040.700		404 770		0.005.540		
Depreciation Increase (decrease) in net pension asset		2,640,766		184,776 (51,139)		2,825,542 (51,139)		
Increase in deferred outflows related to pension plans				86,355		86,355		
Increase in deferred inflows related to pension plans				19,158		19,158		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		80,828		-		80,828		(7,831)
Increase (decrease) in claims deposits						-		(1,348,513)
Increase in prepaid expenses				14,402		14,402		
Decrease in inventory		(4.004)		(14,244)		(14,244)		
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		(1,281)		57,524		56,243		(70 EEQ)
Increase in accounts payable Increase in accrued payroll		(2,923) 724		(487,249)		(490,172) 724		(72,552)
Decrease in retainage payable		(808,790)				(808,790)		_
Increase in compensated absences		(000,.00)		(1,326)		(1,326)		
Increase (decrease) in prepaid assessments		(859,264)		()= (-)		(859,264)		
Increase in OPEB				17,532		17,532		
Decrease in deferred outflows related to OPEB				(7,494)		(7,494)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to OPEB				7,800		7,800		000 045
Increase in claims payable (Decrease) increase in unearned revenue		(4 000 000)		20.702		(1 000 010)		309,043
Decrease) increase in unearned revenue Decrease in net pension liability		(1,920,000)		29,782 (6,367)		(1,890,218) (6,367)		
·	<u> </u>	4 744 004	Φ.		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	•	(0.005.744)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	1,711,831	\$	(461,939)	\$	1,249,892	Ф	(2,225,714)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund		Private Purpose Trust Fund	_	Agency Funds
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents \$ Investments:	3,353,941	\$	116,736	\$	1,200,843
Guaranteed investment contracts	3,159,684				
Real estate investment trust	54,652				
Common stock	13,180,381				
Pooled equity index funds	362,071				
Pooled fixed income index funds	266,429				
International equity mutual fund	1,768,565				
U.S. equity mutual funds	31,874,133				
Fixed income mutual funds	23,543,626				
Contribution receivable from primary government	436,322				
Due from primary government					3,000
Total assets	77,999,804		116,736		1,203,843
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	103,825				
Deposits held in custody for others					1,203,843
Total liabilities	103,825	-	-		1,203,843
Net Position Restricted for:					
Pensions	68,092,226				
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	9,803,753				
Individuals and organizations		-	116,736	_	
Total Net Position \$	77,895,979	\$	116,736	\$_	_

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund	Private Purpose Trust Fund
Additions:	_		
Contributions:			
Employer contributions	\$	25,951,981 \$	
Plan member contributions		1,026,306	5,035
Total contributions	_	26,978,287	5,035
Investment Income:			
Interest and dividends		1,715,236	54
Change in the fair value of investments	_	(324,136)	
Total investment income	_	1,391,100	54_
Total additions	_	28,369,387	5,089
Deductions:			
Benefits		30,144,104	1,906
Administrative expenses		168,698	
Total deductions	_	30,312,802	1,906
Change in Net Position		(1,943,415)	3,183
Net Position - July 1, 2019	_	79,839,394	113,553
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$ <u>_</u>	77,895,979 \$	116,736

History and Organization

The City of Cranston, Rhode Island (the City) was incorporated in 1910 and covers an area of nearly 30 square miles. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government as prescribed by the City's home rule charter, which was adopted in 1962. The Mayor is elected by the voters of the City to a two-year term limited to four consecutive terms. City Council members are elected to two-year terms, limited to five consecutive terms. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), public works (streets and highways), public health and social services, sewers and water, a free public library, and education encompassing grades PreK-12.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Cranston, Rhode Island, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations.

Blended Component Units

The Public Facilities Management Foundation (the Foundation), a non-profit corporation, was created by the City on November 28, 2000. The Foundation consists of five members who are elected by or work for the City of Cranston. These members include the President of the Cranston City Council, the City Solicitor, the Director of Public Works, the Director of Finance and the Director of Administration. The Foundation provides exclusive rights, by a term lease as entered into with the City on November 1, 2000, to the use of land and buildings located in the City to be used as a storage and maintenance facility by the Public Works Department. The Foundation is reported as a non-major program of the proprietary funds. By way of a resolution dated May 25, 2017 the Foundations' Board members dissolved the Foundation. All future activity of the facility will be responsibility of, and be accounted for by, the City of Cranston, Rhode Island.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. *Governmental activities,* which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities,* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus but are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, expenditure reimbursement type grants, certain intergovernmental revenues, transfers, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The School Unrestricted Fund accounts for the financial transactions of the City's School Department which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund consists of state aid, City appropriation and Medicaid revenues.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Department Fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewer operations.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

The *Capital Project Funds* account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The Internal Service Fund, a proprietary type fund, is used to account for claims made against the City.

The *Pension Trust Funds* account for the activities of the Cranston Employees' Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The *OPEB Trust Fund* accumulates resources for future retiree health benefits and retiree life insurance benefits for eligible teachers and police and fire retirees.

The *Private-Purpose Trust Funds* are used to account for employee contributions held in trust for qualified medical related plan expenditures. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may not be used to support the City's activities. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital.

The *Agency Funds* account for monies held as a custodian on behalf of students, amounts held for unclaimed estates in probate court and amounts held for performance bonds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's sewer operations and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer department enterprise fund and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The sewer department also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/

Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

<u>Deposits</u> - The City's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

<u>Investments</u> - In general, State of Rhode Island Statutes allow the City to invest in obligations of the United States of America or United States government sponsored corporations, in shares or other interests in any custodial arrangement, pool, or no-load, open-end management type investment company or investment trust (as defined), in obligations of any state or political subdivision rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of the State of Rhode Island or political subdivision rated within the top three rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service. Investment income is recorded in the fund in which it is earned.

The City's pension funds are invested in accordance with the Plan's investment policy, the City has agreements with the investment advisors, who manage the investment portfolios and have full authority for the investment and reinvestment of pension fund assets.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Interfunds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property Taxes and Other Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, all trade, property tax, and sewer use amounts are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowance percentages range from 10 to 100% of outstanding receivable balances at June 30, 2020 and are calculated based upon prior collection history.

In the fund financial statements, all property taxes receivable at June 30, which have not been collected within sixty days of June 30, have been recorded as deferred inflows, since they are not considered to be available to finance expenditures of the current year. Taxes collected during the sixty day period have been recorded as revenue.

Property taxes are assessed on property as of December 31. Taxes are billed on or about June 1 (for the subsequent fiscal year) based on the assessed value for all real property, tangible property, and motor vehicles located in the City. Taxes are due in four installments in July, October, January and April. Rhode Island general laws restrict the City's ability to increase either its total tax levy or its tax rates by more than 4.0% over those of the preceding year. Overdue taxes are assessed penalties and will be collected through the sale of tax titles if required.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of valuation.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids are accounted for using the consumption method.

Restricted Assets

The restricted assets for the City are restricted for debt reserve requirements, building improvements and minor maintenance costs associated with the City of Cranston, Rhode Island.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 in the City and \$5,000 in the School Department for equipment, \$20,000 for improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-50
Leasehold improvements	20
Infrastructure	5-65
Sewer plant	50
Sewer lines and pumping stations	50-100
Vehicles	5
Machinery and equipment	3-20

The City reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. As of June 30, 2020, there were no impairment losses recognized for long-lived assets.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of various contracts and policies, City employees are granted vacation and sick leave based on length of service. The City's policy is to recognize the cost of vacation and sick leave in governmental funds when paid and on the accrual basis in proprietary funds. The amount of earned but unpaid vacation and sick leave relating to governmental fund employees is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plans' fiduciary net position. The pension plans' fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plans for purposes of preparing their statements of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Long-Term Obligations

In the Government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience and investment gains or losses. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental fund financial statements in the current year.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports advance property tax collections, a deferred sewer lease arrangement and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). The deferred lease arrangement represents the unamortized portion of an advanced lease payment that the City collected in connection with the lease of the City's wastewater treatment system. This amount is deferred and recognized ratably over the lease term. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. For governmental funds, the City reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period during which the amounts become available.

Fund Balance and Net Position

Net Position

Net position is classified in the following categories in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of all capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of
 accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes,
 or other borrowings that are attributable by the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those
 assets.
- Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, the City reported the following governmental fund balances:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Fund balance is
 reported as restricted when constraints placed in the use of resources are either externally imposed by
 creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through
 constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant
 to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
 Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or
 changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those
 amounts. The highest level of decision-making authority for the City of Cranston is the City Council
 which can commit fund balance through the adoption of resolutions. Similar action must be taken to
 remove or revise commitments.
- Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used
 for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (a)
 the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee) or official to which the governing
 body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund, and any residual deficit balance of any other governmental funds.

Stabilization Arrangements

- Budget Stabilization Fund this fund shall be created, into which the City shall transfer such funds as are available to provide for capital expenditures and other one-time expenditures. The fund was established by a City ordinance. Any such transfer shall not create an operating deficit in the General Fund. Any expenditure from or transfer to this fund must first be approved by the City Council. As of June 30, 2020, the remaining fund balance included in this fund was \$0 and is reported in the totals of the City's general fund on the governmental funds balance sheet within the committed fund balance.
- Healthcare Budget Stabilization Fund this fund shall be created, into which the excess of revenues from the various city departments over actual health care claims and related expenses shall be transferred. The fund was established by a City ordinance. Any additions are considered to be approved by the original City ordinance. Any such transfer shall not create an operating deficit in the General Fund. In the event that health care claims and related expenses exceed the budgeted appropriation, then funds may be transferred from the health care budget stabilization fund to cover the deficit. Any expenditure or transfer from this fund must first be approved by the City Council. As of June 30, 2020, the remaining fund balance included in this fund was \$4,797 and is reported in the totals of the City's General Fund on the governmental funds balance sheet within the committed fund balance.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

It is the responsibility of the Mayor, with the cooperation of the Director of Finance, to submit a proposed budget for the following fiscal year to the City Council not later than the first day of April of each year. The City Council acts on the budget no later than the 15th day of May. Public hearings are conducted on the recommended budget and the final recommended budget is legally enacted through an ordinance at the Financial City Council Meeting. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, with the exception of capital project funds.

The level of budgetary control for the General Fund (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is fixed by resolution as part of the annual budget adoption process at the Financial City Council Meeting. Although the resolution prohibits spending in excess of the authorized budget, it does allow management the right to create intradepartmental transfers at any time during the fiscal year. Interdepartmental transfers and supplemental appropriations are restricted to the fourth quarter and must be approved by the City Council in the form of an ordinance. Interdepartmental transfers reallocate surplus funds from one department to another. Supplemental appropriations increase or decrease both revenue appropriation and expenditure appropriation by an equal amount. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 there was no changes in appropriations.

The budget for the Schools Unrestricted Fund is prepared annually and approved by the School Committee. The amount of the annual transfer from the General Fund is ultimately determined through the adoption of the General Fund budget. This appropriation does not lapse at year end. The City also adopts budgets for two of the non-major special revenue funds.

Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in the City's budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. The budgetary reports are located in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI). Generally, aside from the Capital Projects Fund, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Appropriations for capital projects are reissued in the amount available at the end of the fiscal year.

B. Capital Projects Authorizations

The following is a summary of projects recorded in the Capital Projects Fund at June 30, 2020:

Project Name	Project Authorization	Current Year Expenditures		
Governmental Funds:				
School bond fund	\$ 43,465,037	\$ 6,749,862	\$ 42,166,848	\$ 1,298,189
Police and fire bond fund	17,382,959	1,326,538	16,928,318	454,641
Public building bond fund	2,563,975	29,433	2,551,335	12,640
Recreation bond fund	8,988,773	1,998,910	8,366,390	622,383
Highway bond fund	33,675,669	4,432,579	29,845,151	3,830,518
Storm drains bond fund	3,401,141	279,224	1,987,486	1,413,655
Library bond fund	951,752	2	899,159	52,593
Neighborhood infrastructure				
fund	3,615,581	40,273	3,365,226	250,355
Open space bond fund	2,491,087	4,505	2,372,226	118,861

Deficits in the capital projects fund will be covered through a bond issuance in the next fiscal year.

C. Deficit Fund Balance

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City had a deficit fund balance in the following funds:

Non-Major Governmental Funds Community Development Block Grant	\$ 36,008	
WIOA Job Development Fund	66,202	
Internal Service Funds City Internal Service Fund	\$ 3,906,816	
Non-Major Proprietary Funds Charter School	\$ 809,643	

The nonmajor fund deficits will be eliminated through future intergovernmental grant receipts, new bond issuances, Bond Anticipation Notes or inter-fund contributions. The internal service fund deficits will be eliminated through the monitoring of these fund activities and adjusting working rates for healthcare costs.

3. DETAILED NOTES

A. Cash and Investments

Deposits Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires that deposits be placed in financial institutions that are FDIC insured up to \$250,000 and rated "well capitalized" on the institution's most recent audited financial statements/SEC filings, if deposits exceed \$250,000. As of June 30, 2020, the City's bank balance of \$45,452,115 was insured and collateralized as follows:

Insured	\$	7,882,541
Collateralized		
Collateral held by Pledging Banks' Trust Department	t,	
not in the City's name		37,569,574
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Risk	\$	45,452,115

The City's carrying value of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2020 was \$51,732,783, and is presented within the following in the financial statements:

Governmental Activities	\$ 34,285,455
Business Type Activities	11,931,754
Pension Trust Funds	1,662,262
OPEB Trust Funds	1,691,679
Internal Service Funds	844,054
Private Purpose Trust Funds	116,736
Agency Funds	 1,200,843
Total	\$ 51 732 783

Certain investments are covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) up to \$500,000, including \$250,000 of cash from sale or for purchase of investments, but not cash held solely for the purpose of earning interest. SIPC protects securities such as notes, stocks, bonds, debentures, certificates of deposit and money funds.

At June 30, 2020, the City's investments, all of which are in the City's Pension Trust Funds, (including restricted investments) consisted of the following:

			Maturity			
Type of Investment	Fair Value	N/A	Less Than 1	1-5 Years		
U.S. Equity Mutual Funds	\$ 31,874,133	\$ 31,874,133	\$	\$		
International Equity Mutual Funds	1,768,565	1,768,565				
Common Stock Guaranteed Investment Contracts	13,180,381 3.159.684	13,180,381 3,159,684				
Pooled Equity Index Funds	362,071	362,071				
Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds	266,429		266,429			
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	23,543,626		23,543,626			
Real Estate Investment Trusts	54,652	54,652				
Total	\$ 74,209,541	\$ 50,399,486	\$ 23,810,055	\$ -		

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. These investments do not specify an interest rate rather the rate of return is dependent on operating results and economic conditions. These investments are not rated by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2020.

At June 30, 2020, the City's investments totaled \$74,209,541 (held in Fiduciary Funds) and those investment options representing 5% or more of the total investment balance are as follows:

Investment	Percentage	Fair Value
Russell US Small Cap Equity CL A	5.27%	\$ 3,514,164

Credit Risk

The City has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations of any State or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Rhode Island or political subdivision.

Custodial Credit Risk

The City does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not believe that it has a significant custodial credit risk as all the investments are registered and held in the name of the City.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the amount at which and asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable and willing parties. GASB 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available, of how the market would price the asset or liability. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1

Unadjusted quoted priced in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2

Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs are valued using multidimensional relational models and matrices that consider benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data.

Level 3

Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability (supported by little or no market activity). Level 3 inputs include management's own assumption about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There has been no change in valuation methodology used at 2020.

	Quoted Prices		
	In Active	Significant	
	Markets for	Observable	
	Identical Assets	Inputs	
Description	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	Fair Value
June 30, 2020:			
U.S. Equity Mutual Funds	\$ 31,874,133	\$	\$ 31,874,133
International Equity Mutual Funds	1,768,565		1,768,565
Common Stock	13,180,381		13,180,381
Pooled Equity Index Funds		362,071	362,071
Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds		266,429	266,429
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	23,543,626		23,543,626
Real estate Investment Trusts	54,652		54,652
Total assets in the fair value hierarchy	70,421,357	628,500	71,049,857
Investments measured at net asset value*			3,159,684
Investments at Fair Value	¢ 70.404.257	Ф 629 E00	¢ 74 200 544
Investments at Fair Value	\$ 70,421,357	\$ 628,500	\$ 74,209,541

	Investments M	leasured at Net A	sset Value as of Ju	une 30, 2020	
	Redemption Redemption Fur				
	Fair Value	Frequency	Notice Period	Commitments	
Hedge Fund	\$ 3,159,684	Quarterly	65 Days	None	

There were no transfers between any levels during the year ended June 30, 2020.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the City's government-wide financial statements by type, including the applicable allowances for uncollectibles, are as follows:

	Property Taxes						
		Taxes	Inte	erest & Liens	Total		
Current portion		8,116,215	\$	4,004,644	\$	12,120,859	
Less allowance for uncollectibles	_	(2,007,500)		(1,582,349)		(3,589,849)	
Total Receivable		\$ 6,108,715	\$	2,422,295	\$	8,531,010	
		Economic					
		Development		CDBG			
		Loans		Loans		Total	
Loans Receivable		\$ 483,454	\$	2,170,300	\$	2,653,754	
	Sewer Use Charges						
		Jse Charges	Inte	erest & Liens		Total	
Current portion	\$	1,048,019	\$	177,023	\$	1,225,042	
Less allowance for uncollectibles	_	(147,520)		(36,466)		(183,986)	
Total Receivable	\$_	900,499	\$	140,557	\$	1,041,056	

Governmental funds report *unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Unearned Revenue:

Grant Draw-downs prior to meeting all eligibility requirements	\$ 3,310,347
Unearned developer security deposits	99,599
Total unearned revenue	\$ 3,409,946

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	,	Balance July 1, 2019 Increases			Decreases		Balance June 30, 2020	
Governmental Activities:		_						
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	15,299,094	\$		\$		\$	15,299,094
Construction in Progress	*	8,367,334	Ψ.	555,242	*	7,294,849	Ψ	1,627,727
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		23,666,428	-	555,242	-	7,294,849	_	16,926,821
Capital Assets, being depreciated:								
Land improvements		41,070,878		5,787,230				46,858,108
Buildings		116,601,377		13,251,810				129,853,187
Machinery and equipment		10,346,448		1,495,623				11,842,071
Office furniture and equipment		7,532,235		35,073				7,567,308
Vehicles		24,820,168		3,709,544		413,335		28,116,377
Infrastructure		87,378,731			_		_	87,378,731
Total capital assets being depreciated		287,749,837	-	24,279,280		413,335	_	311,615,782
Total capital assets		311,416,265	-	24,834,522	_	7,708,184	_	328,542,603
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		16,670,186		1,750,975				18,421,161
Buildings		50,398,611		2,290,419				52,689,030
Machinery and equipment		6,715,707		1,084,868				7,800,575
Office furniture and equipment		7,285,365		100,245				7,385,610
Vehicles		16,680,059		2,907,348		394,743		19,192,664
Infrastructure		75,030,241	-	837,187			_	75,867,428
Total accumulated depreciation		172,780,169	-	8,971,042		394,743	_	181,356,468
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		114,969,668	_	15,308,238		18,592	_	130,259,314
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	138,636,096	=	\$15,863,480		\$ 7,313,441	_	\$ 147,186,135

	Balance July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2020
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
	\$ 342,712 \$	\$	\$	342,712
Construction in Progress	319,445	21,590	256,903	84,132
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	662,157	21,590	256,903	426,844
Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	270,795			270.795
Leasehold improvements	48,244	9,294		57,538
Machinery and equipment	869,934	852,511		1,722,445
Office furniture and equipment	1,124	,		1,124
Vehicles	72,838			72,838
Service to customers	157,107	60,402		217,509
Pumping plant and equipment	4,223,495	,		4,223,495
GIS project	1,103,834			1,103,834
Treatment plant and equipment	99,349,350			99,349,350
Infrastructure	51,623,366	655,034		52,278,400
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	157,720,087	1,577,241		159,297,328
Total capital assets	158,382,244	1,598,831	256,903	159,724,172
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Land improvements	266,962	200		267,162
Leasehold improvements	2,720	2,770		5,490
Machinery and equipment	557,486	180,356		737,842
Office furniture and equipment	1,124			1,124
Vehicles	44,273	7,400		51,673
Service to customers	85,470	3,118		88,588
Pumping plant and equipment	2,384,649	80,380		2,465,029
GIS project	1,103,833			1,103,833
Treatment plant and equipment	48,241,174	1,913,027		50,154,201
Infrastructure	34,471,858	638,291		35,110,149
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	87,159,549	2,825,542		89,985,091
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	70,560,538	(1,248,301)		69,312,237
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$\$ 71,222,695 \$	(1,226,711) \$	256,903 \$	69,739,081

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the City as follows:

Government	al Activities:
Canaral	01/0 KB BB 0 B 1

General Government	\$ 3,822,321
Public Safety	2,258,028
Public Works	1,335,776
Education	1,140,290
Parks and Recreation	299,499
Public Libraries	91,215
Senior Services	23,913

Total Depreciation Expense-Governmental Activities \$ 8,971,042

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Business-Type Activities

Sewer	\$ 2,640,766
Charter School	9,181
School Lunch	175,595
Total Depreciation Expense-Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,825,542

Construction Commitments

The City had no active construction projects as of June 30, 2020.

D. Interfund Accounts

Interfund Payables and Receivables

A summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund Amount		Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental	\$	447,812
General fund	Internal service		3,365,961
School unrestricted	General fund		368,960
School unrestricted	Nonmajor governmental		3,082,900
School unrestricted	Internal service		4,045,912
School unrestricted	Nonmajor enterprise fund		14,725
Nonmajor governmental	School unrestricted		60,787
Nonmajor governmental	General fund		2,275
Sewer Fund	General fund		8,689,747
Nonmajor enterprise fund	School unrestricted		32,569
			_
		\$	20,111,648

All interfund balances result from timing between the dates payments occur between funds for short-term internal financing.

Interfund Transfer

A summary of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	1	Transfers in:				
	School					
	Un	restricted fund				
Transfers out:						
General Fund	\$	95,542,340				
Nonmajor governmental funds:						
School Education fund		184,399				
Total	\$	95,726,739				

Transfers are used to account for the financing by the General Fund of various programs and activities in other funds, and administration of other funds by the General Fund.

E. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Summary of Changes

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations during the fiscal year:

		Date of	Amount	Interest	Maturity	Balance Outstanding			Balance Outstanding	Current
	Description	Issue	Issued	Rate	Date	7/1/19	Additions	Retirements	6/30/20	Portion
	ntal Activities									
General or 158a	oligation debt: Advance Refunding (158) Public Improvements	6/1/2016	7,840,000	3.00-5.00%	7/1/2028 \$	7,840,000 \$	\$	635,000 \$	7,205,000 \$	660.000
160	Public Improvements-160	7/1/2010	3.000.000	2.00-4.30%	7/1/2020 \$	1.800.000	Φ	150,000	1.650.000	150.000
162A	Public Improvements-162A	3/29/2012	3,430,000	2.00-4.37%	2/1/2032	2.380.000		170.000	2.210.000	170,000
162B	Refunding-162B (Issue 154 and 155)	3/29/2012	15,955,000	2.00-5.00%	7/1/2023	7,060,000		1,415,000	5,645,000	1,420,000
163	Public Improvements-163	7/30/2013	10.210.000	3.00-4.75%	8/1/2033	7.800.000		520.000	7.280.000	520,000
164	Advance Refunding (156 & 157) Public Improvements-164	7/15/2015	30,715,000	1.25-5.00%	7/15/2035	19,060,000		2,780,000	16,280,000	1,675,000
169	Public Improvements-169	7/24/2018	15,910,000	2.00-5.00%	8/1/2036	15,910,000		510,000	15,400,000	815,000
171	Public Improvements-171	7/29/2019	13,410,000	4.00-5.00%	8/1/2039		13,410,000		13,410,000	420,000
						61,850,000	13,410,000	6,180,000	69,080,000	5,830,000
	owings debt:									
159a	Advance Refunding (159) School Borrowing	8/10/2016	4,335,000	3.25-5.00%	5/15/2029	4,020,000		330,000	3,690,000	340,000
161	School Borrowing-161	1/15/2011	700,000	2.00-4.30%	4/1/2021	140,000		70,000	70,000	70,000
166	RI Infrastructure Bank-166	4/9/2016	1,755,000	0.40-2.41%	9/1/2035	1,597,000		80,000	1,517,000	81,000
165	School Improvements-RI Infrastructure Bank-165	5/15/2016	4,565,000	2.00-5.00%	5/15/2036	4,055,000		175,000	3,880,000	180,000
167	RI Infrastructure Bank-167	7/15/2016	2,240,000	0.986-2.32%	9/1/2032	2,106,000		135,000	1,971,000	137,000
168	School Improvements-RI Infrastructure Bank-168	7/19/2017	5,000,000	3.00-5.00%	4/1/2038	4,840,000		165,000	4,675,000	170,000
170	School Borrowing-170	4/11/2019	11,335,000	4.00-5.00%	5/15/2040	11,335,000		055.000	11,335,000	345,000
	Total general obligation bonds				•	28,093,000 89,943,000	13,410,000	955,000 7,135,000	27,138,000 96,218,000	1,323,000 7,153,000
	rotal general obligation bonds					09,943,000	13,410,000	7,133,000	90,210,000	7,133,000
	Bond premiums					6,470,533	2,430,699	716,329	8,184,903	716,329
TOTAL BO	NDS AND RELATED LIABILITIES					96,413,533	15,840,699	7,851,329	104,402,903	7,869,329
Capital lea	80									
Capital lea	Energy Lease Obligation	11/3/2016	3,200,000	0.0173	7/15/2023	2,340,000		450,000	1,890,000	460,000
	Total Leases Payable					2,340,000		450,000	1,890,000	460,000
TOTAL BO	ONDS, NOTES AND RELATED LIABILITIES					98,753,533	15,840,699	8,301,329	106,292,903	8,329,329
	COMPENSATED ABSENCES					13,836,066	5,725,195	6,394,468	13,166,793	1,316,681
	DEFERRED SALARY					105,828		9,413	96,415	9,642
	NET PENSION LIABILITY Municipal employees' retirement system - City of Cranston					16,447,567	837,477		17,285,044	
	Municipal employees' retirement system - Police					10,432,698	179,077	-	10,611,775	
	Employees' retirement system					141,337,668	562,652		141,900,320	
	Police and Fire employees' retirement system					236,136,204		7,487,607	228,648,597	
	NET OPEB LIABILITY - SCHOOL DEPARTMENT					13,106,020	788,404		13,894,424	
	NET OPEB LIABILITY - CITY				,	35,151,336	2,682,596		37,833,932	
	Total General Long-Term Obligations				\$	565,306,920 \$	26,616,100 \$	22,192,817 \$	569,730,203 \$	9,655,652

Description	Date of Issue	Amount Issued	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance Outstanding 7/1/19	Additions	Retirements	Balance Outstanding 6/30/20	Current Portion
Business-Type Activities Enterprise funds:									
SEWER RI Infrastructure Bank	11/13/2003 12/15/2005 12/7/2007 6/24/2010 2/20/2014	2,000,000 900,000 3,000,000 1,000,000 18,000,000	3.00% 3.00% 1.43% 0.52-3.19% 0.35-3.14%	9/1/2024 \$ 9/1/2025 9/1/2028 9/1/2030 9/1/2034	600,000 \$ 420,000 1,500,000 670,000 15,063,000 18,253,000	\$	100,000 \$ 60,000 150,000 46,000 757,000	500,000 \$ 360,000 1,350,000 624,000 14,306,000 17,140,000	100,000 60,000 150,000 47,000 772,000
NET OPEB LIABILITY					179,552	17,532		197,084	-
NET PENSION LIABILITY					1,946,231		6,367	1,939,864	-
COMPENSATED ABSENCES				_	36,315		1,326	34,989	34,989
Total Enterprise Funds				\$ <u>_</u>	20,415,098 \$	17,532 \$	1,120,693 \$	19,311,937 \$	1,163,989

Payments on the bonds and capital leases payable that pertain to the City's Governmental Activities are made by the City's General Fund. The compensated absences liability attributable to the Governmental Activities will be liquidated by the City's General Fund and School Unrestricted Fund. The net pension liability and the net other post-employment benefits liability attributable to the Governmental Activities will be liquidated by the City's General Fund and School Unrestricted fund. The deferred salary will be paid by the School Unrestricted Fund.

Capital assets obtained from capital leases totaled \$-0-.

The following is a summary of annual debt service requirements to maturity for the retirement of general obligation debt and Clean Water debt:

			Governmen	nta	l Activities			Business-	Туре	e Activities
	_							Clean Water I	Bond	ds from Direct
Year Ending		General Oblig	ation Debt		Bonds from Direct	ct Borrowings		Bor	rowi	ngs
June 30,	_	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest
2021	\$	5,830,000 \$	2,919,378	\$	1,323,000 \$	1,140,531	\$	1,129,000	\$	489,157
2022		5,950,000	2,668,979		1,300,000	1,090,861		1,147,000		466,053
2023		6,075,000	2,416,010		1,349,000	1,040,123		1,169,000		440,613
2024		6,185,000	2,162,798		1,403,000	983,413		1,191,000		413,026
2025		4,940,000	1,923,829		1,467,000	921,979		1,217,000		383,292
2026-2030		18,600,000	6,816,913		7,828,000	3,597,603		5,652,000		1,418,775
2031-2035		13,120,000	3,371,515		7,049,000	2,014,903		5,635,000		492,903
2036-2040	_	8,380,000	901,935	_	5,419,000	596,409	_	-	. <u> </u>	
	\$	69,080,000 \$	23,181,357	\$_	27,138,000 \$	11,385,822	\$_	17,140,000	\$_	4,103,819

Compensated Absences

Governmental Activities - The obligation represents the employee (vested and nonvested) compensated absences expected to be paid in the future, aggregating \$13,166,793 as of June 30, 2020. This amount is recorded in the government-wide statements and paid out of the General Fund.

Lease Commitment

The City is obligated under various operating leases to make the following aggregate annual lease payments:

Year Ended June 30		
2021	\$	949,960
2022	·	899,585
2023		568,629
2024		362,763
2025		151,800
	•	
	\$	2,932,737

Lease expenditures approximated \$900,000 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Statutory Debt Limitations

Debt Limit

Except as explained below, under Rhode Island law the City may not, without special statutory authorization, incur any debt which would increase its aggregate indebtedness not otherwise excepted by law to an amount greater than 3% of the taxable property of the City. Deducted from the computation of aggregate indebtedness is the amount of any borrowing in anticipation of taxes authorized by law and the amount of any sinking funds maintained by the City. There is currently no outstanding debt of the City subject to the 3% debt limit. The current 3% debt limit of the City is \$238.7 million based on taxable property as of December 31, 2018, of approximately \$8.0 billion.

The State of Rhode Island General Assembly (General Assembly) may by special act permit the City to incur indebtedness outside the 3% debt limit. Bonds issued either within the 3% debt limit or by special legislation adopted by the General Assembly authorizing the City to incur debt are subject to referendum by the electors of the City. On June 30, 2020, the City had \$96,218,000 of debt outstanding, none of which is subject to the 3% debt limit.

In addition to debt authorized within the 3% debt limit and debt authorized by special act of the General Assembly, Rhode Island General Laws Section 45-12-11 authorizes the State Director of Administration, upon petition by a municipality, to authorize such municipality to incur indebtedness in excess of the 3% debt limit whenever the Director shall determine that the sums appropriated by the municipality or its funds available are insufficient to pay the necessary expenses of the municipality. The City has not requested the State Director of Administration to authorize indebtedness of the City under Section 45-12-11.

Authorized/Unissued Bonds

The amount of authorized, unissued bonds is as follows:

General Schools	\$ 30,635,023 1,611,228
Total	\$ 32,246,251

Unearned Salary

Unearned salary represents an agreement Cranston Public Schools made with the teachers union in 1992. Under the agreement any teacher who was employed by the school system prior to and inclusive of the 1991-1992 school year is eligible, upon departure from the Cranston Public School system, for a stipend. The amount of the stipend is based on the salary step held by the teacher during the 1991-1992 school year. The unearned salary, not to exceed \$1,500 per teacher will be paid in a lump sum upon each teacher's separation from service. In the event a teacher dies while in the employ of the Cranston Public Schools the benefit will be paid to the teacher's estate. As of June 30, 2020, there were 96 teachers eligible for the benefit, with an outstanding balance of \$96,415.

F. Fund Balance

As stated in Note 1, Fund Balance may be classified as one of five categories: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned. Committed Fund Balance represents that amount of fund balance which can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's Council is considered to be the highest level of decision-making authority. In accordance with the City Charter, the Council votes on the annual budget and on any resolutions proposed by the Committees. The passage of the Council's annual budget and proposed resolutions may result in the commitment of fund balance.

At June 30, 2020, Nonspendable Fund Balance consisted of the following:

Nonspendable:

Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	Ф	356,524
School Department Long-Term-Receivable from Health Insurance Fund		149,524
General fund Advance Deposits-Hospitalization School unrestricted fund	\$	207,000

At June 30, 2020, Restricted Fund Balance consisted of the following:

Restricted: General fund	Φ.	040.000
To Fund Future Library Expenses	\$	249,382
To Fund Future Fire Expenses		102
School unrestricted fund		249,484
To Fund Education Expenses	;	2,388,778
To Fund Future Health Insurance Costs		2,116,824
	4	4,505,602
Nonmajor funds		
To Fund Recreation Bond Expenditures		622,383
To Fund School Bond		1,298,189
To Fund Highway Bond		3,830,518
To Fund Public Building Bond		12,640
To Fund Library Expenses		52,593
To Fund Police and Fire Capital Projects		454,641
To Fund Storm Drain Projects		1,413,655
To Fund Neighborhood Infrastructure Capital Projects		250,355
To Fund Open Space		118,861
To Fund Future Community Development Expenditures		1,691,019
To Fund Future Public Service Expenditures		720,337
To Fund Future Senior Services Expenditures		122,020
To Fund Future Parks and Recreation Expenditures		1,758
To Fund Future Grant Expenditures		54,285
To Fund Future Capital Facilities Impact Expenditures		604,644
To Fund Future Cemetery Trust Expenditures		2,703
To Fund Future Historical Record Expenditures		636,982
	1	1,887,583
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$10	6,642,669
At June 30, 2020, Committed Fund Balance consisted of the following:		
Committed: General fund		
Self-Insurance Healthcare Reserve Fund	\$	4,797
School unrestricted fund		
Encumbrances for Education Supplies	-	769,991
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	774,788

The City of Cranston does not currently have a spending policy regarding the order in which restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are spent when more than one amount is available for the expenditures incurred. Accordingly, by default, the City is following the policy prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54 which specifies that fund balance is reduced first by committed, then by assigned, then by unassigned when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any unrestricted fund balance could be used. In all situations, the City considers restricted fund balance to be used first when available and when expenditures are incurred that meet the requirements of the restricted fund balance.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to public official liability, police liability, Board of Education legal liability, theft or impairment of assets, errors and omissions, injury to employees and natural disasters. The City is self-insured in most areas of risk, subject to certain third party "stop loss" coinsurance. Self-insured risks include general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, unemployment and employee health and life insurance claims. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there have not been any significant reductions in insurance coverage from amounts held in prior years.

The City's health insurance program provides coverage to the City's employees and retirees through Healthmate and Blue Cross - Blue Shield of Rhode Island (BC/BS), United Healthcare and Delta Dental of Rhode Island. The City's program is a self-insured program with BC/BS, United Healthcare and Delta Dental acting as third-party agents for the City in the payment of the various claim plans used by the City.

The City of Cranston contributes to a separate account an amount per covered employee which would otherwise have been paid to an insurance carrier. These amounts are determined by an independent third-party consultant hired by the City of Cranston who works with the provider to examine past experience and determine an adequate amount for each type of plan offered by the City. Factors considered by the plan administrator include the amount of claims paid during the previous year, claims administration costs and projected insurance industry inflation rates. The City of Cranston, including Cranston Public Schools, incurred approximately \$37 million for fiscal year 2020 under this plan.

The claims liabilities reported in the general and school department funds are related to the self-insurance program and are based upon the provisions of GASB Statements No. 10 and 30, which require that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) be recorded. The amount of claim accrual is based on the ultimate costs of settling the claim, which include past experience data, inflation, and other future economic and societal factors and incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of estimated subrogation recoveries. The claim accrual does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

In order to avoid catastrophic losses, the City "reinsures" the program by purchasing insurance known as "stop-loss insurance" from BC/BS Insurance Co. and United Healthcare Services. Two types of "stop-loss insurance" are purchased: 1) individual stop-loss; and 2) aggregate stop-loss, with both provided through the Plan Administrator. Under the individual stop-loss insurance, the City pays the first \$200,000/\$225,000 of claims for individual employees or dependents. Any charges accrued by an individual in excess of \$200,000/\$225,000 in a fiscal year are thereafter reimbursed by BC/BS Insurance Co. and United Healthcare Services. The aggregate stop-loss is designed to protect the City for multiple large claims which may not reach the individual stop-loss attachment point (\$200,000/\$225,000). The aggregate stop-loss limit is \$2,000,000/\$2,200,000 per claim.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City established the Cranston Claims Committee (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

The City records liabilities for self-insured claims reported if it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The City has established a liability based on historical trends of previous years, where available, and attorney's estimates of pending matters and lawsuits in which the City is involved.

Changes in the self-insurance liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	2020	2019
July 1 Add incurred claims Less payments of claims attributable to events of both the current and prior fiscal years:	\$ 770,448 38,504,231	\$ 697,667 36,429,454
Health and life	38,195,188	36,356,673
Year Ended June 30	\$ 1,079,491	\$ 770,448

The liabilities above have not been discounted to their present value. Incurred claims represent the total of a provision for events of the current fiscal year and any change in the provision for events of the prior fiscal years. The liability at June 30, 2020 has been recorded on the statement of net position under the claims payable line, within the government-wide statements (\$1,079,491).

The School Department has chosen to participate in the Health Benefits Project provided by the West Bay Community Health, an independent, non-profit organization. Deposits made to the Collaborative are treated as expenditures when it is probable that a claim has been incurred and include estimated amounts for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim and health care trends, and other economic and social factors.

B. Lease of Wastewater Treatment Facility

The City has entered into a Wastewater Treatment Facility Lease and Service Agreement with Triton, LLC/U.S. Filter/Veolia Water (the Company). The terms of the agreement include among others that the City will lease to the Company its Wastewater Treatment System for 25 years. The City will remain owner of the system and will continue to establish and collect all sewer fees. The Company will be responsible for providing wastewater treatment services to the City for that time period; operating and maintaining the City's wastewater treatment facility, pumping stations, force mains, sewer interceptors and the rest of the collection system; designing, constructing and testing certain system improvements; and administering the City's municipal industrial pre-treatment program (MIPP).

The contract required the Company to pay the City a one-time payment as consideration for the lease. The payment of \$48.0 million represents a prepayment of the lease payments due to the City over the next 25 years. These lease payments are "earned" over the life of the lease. Accordingly, unearned revenue has been recorded in the Sewer Enterprise Fund which will be realized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease (25 years).

At June 30, 2020, the balance of unearned revenue related to this was approximately \$4,007,000 which is comprised of a short-term portion of \$1,920,000 and a long-term portion of approximately \$2,087,000.

During the term of the agreement, the City pays the Company a service fee, which is calculated based on definitive components and amounts, as adjusted in accordance with guidelines established in the agreement. The service fee is generally fixed at the beginning of each fiscal year. During 2020, the City paid service fees totaling approximately \$17 million. The City also recognized 4% of the lease payment (\$1,920,000) as revenue for the year ended June 30, 2020.

This transaction was financed with conduit debt "1997 Series Bonds" which were advance refunded on February 28, 2017. On January 31, 2017, there was another conduit debt transaction on the "2017 Series Bonds." This transaction resulted in refunding credit savings of \$4,403,930 over the term of the bond which is due September 2022. This debt is not due and payable from the City of Cranston, Rhode Island but they were a party to the transaction.

C. Commitments and Litigation

Construction and other significant commitments have been reported as reserve for commitments in the fund equity section of the balance sheet.

Amounts received or receivable from Federal and State grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits and the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable. In the opinion of the City attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

D. Employee Retirement System

Summary

The City contributes to five defined benefit pension plans - the Police and Fire Employees' Pension Plan of the City of Cranston (PFERS), a single-employer plan; the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer plan; the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (ERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer plan; the Teacher's Survivor Benefits of the State of Rhode Island (TSB), a cost-sharing multi-employer plan; the National (Industrial) Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan; and the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. The PFERS is presented in the accompanying financial statements as a fiduciary fund. MERS, ERS, TSB, the National Industrial Pension Plan and the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan are not included in the City's financial

statements. Financial information can be obtained for those plans by contacting the State of Rhode Island. As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, the five plans had the following balances reported in the government-wide financial statements:

			Net Pension	Deferred Outflows	[Deferred Inflows		Pension
	Measurement Date	_	Liability/(Asset)	of Resources		of Resources	_	Expense
Police and Fire employees' retirement system	6/30/2020	\$	228,648,597	4,036,646	\$		\$	11,959,050
Municipal Employees' Reitrement System - City of Cranston	6/30/2019		17,400,972	4,329,992		773,216		6,513,058
Municipal Employees' Reitrement System - Police	6/30/2019		10,611,775	6,217,656		1,528,911		2,737,797
Municipal Employees' Reitrement System - Fire	6/30/2019		(1,976,420)	3,418,922		4,367,019		2,067,862
Employees' retirement system	6/30/2019		143,724,256	37,020,704		5,574,840		15,321,148
Teacher Survivor Benefits	6/30/2019		(18,641,818)	4,137,967		5,595,080	_	(117,123)
		\$	379,767,362	59,161,887	\$	17,839,066	\$	38,481,792

Police and Fire Employees' Pension Plan of the City of Cranston (PFERS)

Plan Administration

The City of Cranston (City) administers the City of Cranston Fire Department and Police Department Pension Plans (Plan), a defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions for all full-time firefighters and policemen of the City. Employees hired after July 1, 1995 become members of the State plan and do not participate in this plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

PFERS' financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments and contract requirements and investment income is recognized when earned and expenses (benefits, administration and refunds) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. As of June 30, 2020, there are no separate financial statements available for the PFERS plan.

Benefit Provisions

PFERS is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all Police and Fire Department personnel hired before July 1, 1995. The Plan provides retirement, disability and survivorship benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. A member may retire after 20 years of service. The pension is equal to 2 ½% of the member's final compensation for each year of service up to 20 years and increases 2% for each year (up to 10 years) in excess of 20 years. An additional 5% of final compensation is added to the pension at 55 years of age. A deferred pension is available to employees completing 10 years of service.

Retirement eligibility and plan benefits - Effective July 1, 2012 the benefit accrual for all plans is 2.0% per year based on the five-year average compensation, exclusive of overtime. Retirement age is 55 years old with 25 years of total service or for members with five years of service but less than 25 years of service the new retirement age will mirror the Social Security Normal Retirement Age not to exceed 67. Police officers or firefighters who were at least 45 years old, had 10 or more years of contributing service and were eligible to retire prior to age 52 under the law in effect on June 30, 2012, may retire at age 52. Police and fire employees may retire with a reduced pension benefit if they have 20 years of service and are within five years of their retirement eligibility. The actuarially reduced benefit is calculated based on how close the member is to the eligibility date that is prescribed in the Rhode Island Retirement Security Act. Joint and survivor retirement benefit options are available.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Real estate assets are reported at fair value utilizing an income approach to valuation.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of June 30, 2020, the plans' membership consists of:

Retirees, disability retirees and beneficiaries	
receiving benefits	419
Active plan members vested	11
Totals	430

Contributions

Police personnel are required to contribute 10% of their base salary to the pension plan and fire personnel are required to contribute 10.5% of their base salary and longevity to the pension plan.

The City establishes contributions based on an actuarially determined contribution recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined contribution is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City contributed \$21,463,003 to the Plan, including \$0 from the State.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the plan as of June 30, 2020 (the date of the most recent actuarial valuation) was as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 296,740,823
Plan fiduciary net position	68,092,226
Net Pension Liability (NPL)	\$ 228,648,597
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	
total pension liability	22.95%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 1,266,066
NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	18059.77%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Assumptions

The historical trend information was determined as part of the actuarial valuation as of the date indicated in the tabulation. Additional information as of the latest valuation is as follows:

The June 30, 2020, total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2019 valuation results, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Census data was collected as of July 1, 2019. Liabilities measured as of the census date were projected to June 30, 2020 assuming no demographic gains or losses.

Mortality rates for health lives were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment and improvements projected to 2026 with Scale AA. The same tables were used for disabled lives but set forward three years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table (note that the rates shown below include the inflation component):

	Long-Term Expected Rate of	
Asset Class	Return	Target Allocation
Domestic Equity (large cap)	11.13%	35.00%
Domestic Equity (mid cap)	13.16%	5.00%
Domestic Equity (small cap)	13.22%	5.00%
International Equity	9.86%	15.00%
Fixed income	4.16%	35.00%
Real estate	8.35%	5.00%
		100.00%

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 1.61%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

The assumed discount rate used to measure liabilities for valuation purposes is 7.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for GASB 67 purposes assumed that future City contributions will follow the contribution pattern of the most recent five years (see table below), which results in an assumption that the City will contribute approximately 95.3% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to fall short of meeting all future benefit obligations to current plan members. From the point where assets are projected to be depleted, a municipal bond rate of 2.71%, based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, was used in the development of the blended GASB discount rate. The resulting blended rate of 7.90% was used to measure the Plan's total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Police and Fire Pension Plan

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability			
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$ 306,705,941	\$ 70,569,737	\$ 236,136,204			
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	279,641		279,641			
Interest on the total pension liability	23,281,092		23,281,092			
Differences between expected and actual experience	(8,473,275)		(8,473,275)			
Changes in assumptions			-			
Employer contributions		21,463,003	(21,463,003)			
Employee contributions		144,191	(144,191)			
Net investment income		1,110,760	(1,110,760)			
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(25,052,576)	(25,052,576)	-			
Administrative expense		(142,889)	142,889			
Other changes			-			
Net changes	(9,965,118)	(2,477,511)	(7,487,607)			
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$ 296,740,823	\$ 68,092,226	\$ 228,648,597			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.90%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.90%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.90%) than the current rate:

		Current Discount				
	1	1% Decrease		Rate	1	1% Increase
Net Pension Liability	\$	257,932,983	\$	228,648,597	\$	203,762,719

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the employer recognized pension expense of \$11,959,050. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net differences betw	veen expected and actual earnings	\$	4,036,646	\$ -
	Veen Fulling long 20	(Net Deferre	ows)
	Year Ending June, 30		of Resource	es ——
	2021 2022		\$ 922, 1,109,	
	2023		1,139,	726
	2024		865,	043
	Total	=	\$ 4,036,	646

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (MERS) - General, Police and Fire

Plan Description

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) - an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at www.ersri.org.

Benefits Provided

General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

Salary: Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under IRC Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

Service: Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

Final Compensation: Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable FAC will be the greater of the member's highest three year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five-year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.

General employees

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012 as described above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with 33 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

Police and Fire employees

Members are eligible to retire when they are at least 50 years old and have a minimum of 25 years of contributing service or if they have 27 years of contributing service at any age. Members with less than 25 years of contributing service are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age.

Members who, as of June 30, 2012, had at least 10 years of contributing service, had attained age 45, and had a prior Retirement Date before age 52 may retire at age 52.

Active members on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date, as described in this section, and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members designated as police officers or firefighters were eligible for retirement at or after age 55 with credit for at least 10 years of service or at any age with credit for 25 or more years of service. Members were also eligible to retire and receive a reduced benefit if they are at least age 50 and have at least 20 years of service. If the municipality elected to adopt the 20-year retirement provisions for police officers and/or firefighters, then such a member was eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

A monthly benefit is paid equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service, up to 37.5 years (75% of FAC maximum).

If the optional 20-year retirement provisions were adopted by the municipality prior to July 1, 2012: benefits are based on 2.50% of the member's FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 2.00% of the member's FAC for each year of service after July 1, 2012. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC.

Active members (including future hires), members who retire after July 1, 2015 and after attaining age 57 with 30 years of service will have a benefit equal to the greater of their current benefit described in (a) and (b) above and one calculated based on a 2.25% multiplier for all years of service.

Other benefit provisions

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA (age 55 for members designated as police officers and/or firefighters). When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

- a. The COLA will be suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%; however, an interim COLA may be granted in four-year intervals while the COLA is suspended. The first interim COLA may begin January 1, 2018.
- b. Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%
- c. The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$25,000 for 2013, \$25,000 for 2014, \$25,168 for 2015, \$25,855 for 2016, and \$26,098 for 2017.

Special Provisions Applying to Specific Units

Prior to July 1, 2012, some units had specific provisions that apply only to that unit. Per section 45-21.2-5 benefits for members eligible to retire prior to June 30, 2012 are preserved for the calculation of the retirement benefits. For service accrued after July 1, 2012, retirement benefits will be calculated in accordance with section 45-21.2-2 and adjustments to benefits will be provided as set forth in 45-21-52. The following summarizes those provisions:

Cranston fire department hired after July 1, 1995 or with less than 5 years of service at that date - Rhode Island General Law § 45-21.2-5 (7) and § 45-21.2-14 9 (e).

Under these special provisions, the final compensation for benefit computation is based on the members' highest year of earnings. In addition, the members shall receive a three percent (3%) escalation of their pension payment compounded each year on January 1st following the year of retirement and continuing on an annual basis on that date. The member contribution rate is 10.00%. Compensation for benefit purposes includes base, longevity, and holiday pay.

Cranston police department hired after July 1, 1995 or with less than 5 years of service at that date - Rhode Island General Law §§ 45-21.2-5 (8) and § 45-21.2-14 (f).

Under these special provisions, the final compensation for benefit computation is based on the members' highest year of earnings. In addition, the members shall receive a three percent (3%) escalation of their pension payment compounded each year on January 1st following the year of retirement and continuing on an annual basis on that date. The member contribution rate is 10.00%. Compensation for benefit purposes includes base, longevity, and holiday pay.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the June 30, 2019 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	<u>Municipal</u>	Police	Fire
Inactive, Nonretired Members	322	11	2
Retirees and Beneficiaries	611	23	18
Active Members	637	147	180
Total	1,570	181	200

Contributions

The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 2% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.25%. Public safety employees are required to contribute 10% of their salaries. The City of Cranston contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The City of Cranston contributed \$2,161,31 in the year ended June 30, 2020 which was 8.75% of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward to June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal-the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost

methodology is used.

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll-Closed

Remaining Amortization:

General & Police Employees 19 Years Fire Employees 23 Years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smooth Market Investment Rate of Return 7.5%

Projected Salary Increases:

General Employees 3.5%-7.5%
Police & Fire Employees 4%-14%
Inflation 2.75%

Mortality Male employees, MERS General and MERS P&F: 115% of RP-

2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

Female Employees, MERS General and MERS P&F: 95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2019 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2019 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2019 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Type of Investment	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Growth		
Global Equity		
US Equity	22.10%	6.16%
International Developed Equity	13.20%	6.83%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.70%	8.90%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Equity		
Private Energy	11.25%	9.81%
Non-Core RE	2.25%	5.51%
OPP Private Credit	1.50%	9.81%
Sub-total	15.00%	
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.98%
REITS	1.00%	5.51%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.98%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.98%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Stability		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.77%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	4.20%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.51%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.85%
TIPs	1.00%	1.37%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.76%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.15%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.20%
Cash	3.00%	0.77%
Sub-total	21.00%	
	100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall medium-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Municipal Employee's Retirement System - General Employees

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension		Plan Fiduciary		N	et Pension	
		Liability		let Position	- ,	Liability	
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$	156,257,987	\$	139,688,091	\$	16,569,896	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		2,386,996				2,386,996	
Interest on the total pension liability		10,683,189				10,683,189	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(374,386)				(374,386)	
Changes in assumptions						-	
Employer contributions				2,367,241		(2,367,241)	
Employee contributions				787,306		(787,306)	
Net investment income				8,862,094		(8,862,094)	
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(9,669,007)		(9,669,007)		-	
Administrative expense				(138,533)		138,533	
Other changes				(13,385)		13,385	
Net changes		3,026,792		2,195,716		831,076	
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$	159,284,779	\$	141,883,807	\$	17,400,972	

Municipal	Employ	yee's Ret	irement S	ystem - Police
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	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position			let Pension Liability	
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$	53,367,676	\$	42,934,978	\$	10,432,698	
Changes for the year:					-	-	
Service cost		2,238,638				2,238,638	
Interest on the total pension liability		3,773,606				3,773,606	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(392,714)				(392,714)	
Changes in assumptions						-	
Employer contributions				1,439,364		(1,439,364)	
Employee contributions				1,097,900		(1,097,900)	
Net investment income				2,949,295		(2,949,295)	
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(1,156,667)		(1,156,667)		-	
Administrative expense				(46,104)		46,104	
Other changes				(2)		2	
Net changes		4,462,863		4,283,786		179,077	
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$	57,830,539	\$	47,218,764	\$	10,611,775	

Municipal Employee's Retirement System - Fire

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension		Pla	an Fiduciary	N	et Pension
		Liability	N	et Position	Lial	bility (Asset)
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$	69,620,526	\$	70,998,339	\$	(1,377,813)
Changes for the year:					-	
Service cost		3,063,391				3,063,391
Interest on the total pension liability		4,943,164				4,943,164
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,584,171)				(1,584,171)
Changes in assumptions						-
Employer contributions				819,835		(819,835)
Employee contributions				1,470,003		(1,470,003)
Net investment income				4,806,199		(4,806,199)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(1,071,175)		(1,071,175)		-
Administrative expense				(75,131)		75,131
Other changes				85		(85)
Net changes		5,351,209		5,949,816		(598,607)
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$	74,971,735	\$	76,948,155	\$	(1,976,420)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

			Cur	rent Discount			
_	1% Decrease (6.0%)		%) Rate (7.0%)		1% Increase (8.0%)		
·							
General Employe	\$	34,327,632	\$	17,400,972	\$	3,545,955	
Police		16,509,872		10,611,775		5,785,990	
Fire		5,624,424		(1,976,420)		(8,194,999)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020 the employer recognized pension expense of \$11,318,717. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Municipal		Police		Fire		Total	
Deferred outflow of resources:		_		_				
Difference in experience	\$	110,935	\$	2,502,574	\$	141,990	\$ 2,755,499	
Difference in assumptions		1,775,101		1,873,008		2,079,535	5,727,644	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,443,956		1,842,074		1,197,397	5,483,427	
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	4,329,992	\$	6,217,656	\$	3,418,922	\$ 13,966,570	
Defermed inflament measures	!	Municipal		Police		Fire	Total	
Deferred inflow of resources:	-	<u> </u>						
Difference in experience	\$	(521,287)	\$	(918,701)	\$	(3,562,745)	\$ (5,002,733)	
Difference in experience Difference in assumptions	-	(521,287)	\$	(918,701) (292,921)	\$	(3,562,745) (301,187)	\$ (5,002,733) (594,108)	
Difference in experience	-	<u> </u>	\$	(918,701)	\$	(3,562,745)	\$ (5,002,733)	

\$5,483,427 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the (name of employer unit) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Municipal		Police	 Fire	 Total
2021	\$ 2,492,828	\$	511,609	\$ (59,956)	\$ 2,944,481
2022	(1,330,923)		12,029	(886,160)	(2,205,054)
2023	(185,634)		319,852	(370,661)	(236,443)
2024	136,549		414,357	(216,906)	334,000
2025			397,293	(257,460)	139,833
Thereafter	 	-	1,191,531	 (354,351)	 837,180
Total	\$ 1,112,820	\$	2,846,671	\$ (2,145,494)	\$ 1,813,997

General Employee (Non-Certified) Defined Contribution Plan

Certain employees participating in the defined benefit plan, as described above, may also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees with less than 20 years of service contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. Employers contribute 1.25% for employees with at least 10 years of service but less than 15 years of service as of June 30, 2012 of annual covered salary. Employers contribute 1.50% for employees with at least 15 years of service but less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 of annual covered salary. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The City of Cranston recognized pension expense of \$982,129 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (ERS)

Plan Description

Certain employees of the Cranston School District participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Employees' Retirement System plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Benefit Provisions

The level of benefits provided to participants is established by Chapter 36-10 of the General Laws, which is subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Member benefit provisions vary based on service credits accumulated at dates specified in various amendments to the General Laws outlining minimum retirement age, benefit accrual rates and maximum benefit provisions. In general, members accumulate service credits for each year of service subject to maximum benefit accruals of 80% or 75%. For those hired after June 30, 2012, the benefit accrual rate is 1% per year with a maximum benefit accrual of 40%. Members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at any age. The retirement eligibility age increases proportionately for other members reflecting years of service and other factors until it aligns with the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, which applies to any member with less than 5 years of service as of July 1, 2012. Members are vested after 5 years of service.

The plan provides for survivor's benefits for service connected death and certain lump sum death benefits. Joint and survivor benefit provision options are available to members.

Cost of living adjustments are provided but are currently suspended until the collective plans administered by ERSRI reach a funded status of 80%. Until the plans reach an 80% funded status, interim cost of living adjustments are provided at four-year intervals commencing with the plan year ending June 30, 2016.

The plan also provides nonservice-connected disability benefits after five years of service and service-connected disability benefits with no minimum service requirement.

Contributions

The funding policy, as set forth in the General Laws, Section 16-16-22, provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions to the plan. For fiscal 2017, Cranston School District teachers were required to contribute 3.75% of their annual covered salary, except for teachers with twenty or more years as of June 30, 2012 must contribute 11% of their annual covered salary. The State and the Cranston School District are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, 40% of which is to be paid by the State and the remaining 60% is to be paid by Cranston School Department; the rates were 10.49% and 14.12% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 for the State and Cranston School Department, respectively. The School Department contributed \$12,545,887, \$11,597,002 and \$11,085,649 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Cranston School District reported a liability of \$143,724,256 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for contributions made by the state. The amount recognized by the Cranston School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Cranston School District were as follows:

Cranston School District proportionate share of net pension liability: State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Cranston District:	\$ 143,724,256 107,664,351
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 251,388,607

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The Cranston School District proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Cranston School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018 the Cranston School District's proportion was 4.50%.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Cranston School District recognized gross pension expense of \$27,265,134 and revenue of \$11,943,986 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2020 the Cranston School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflows of resources Contributions subsequent to the measurement date: Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 12,545,887 1,750,192 8,410,137 1,768,601
	\$ 24,474,817
Deferred inflows of resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience: Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$ 2,400,191 1,134,325
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of	226,160
contributions:	1,814,164
Total	\$ 5,574,840

\$12,545,887 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Cranston School District contributions in fiscal year 2020 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2020 2021	\$ 2,285,765 (206,086)
2021 2022 2023	1,647,660 1,931,563
2023 2024 Thereafter	666,411 28,777
	 ·
Total	\$ 6,354,090

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increases	3.00% to 13.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Mortality

Variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2019 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2019 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2019 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	T (AU 0	Expected Real
Type of Investment Growth	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
0.000		
Global Equity US Equity	22.10%	6.16%
	13.20%	6.83%
International Developed Equity Emerging Markets Equity	4.70%	8.90%
Sub-total	40.00%	0.9070
Private Equity	40.00%	
• •	11.25%	9.81%
Private Energy Non-Core RE	2.25%	5.51%
OPP Private Credit	1.50%	9.81%
Sub-total		9.0170
Income	15.00%	
	1.00%	3.98%
High Yield Infrastructure REITS	1.00%	5.51%
	2.80%	3.98%
Liquid Credit Private Credit		3.98%
Sub-total	3.20%	3.98%
	8.00%	
Stability Crisis Protection Class		
	4.00%	0.77%
Treasury Duration		4.20%
Systematic Trend Sub-total	4.00%	4.20%
	8.00%	
Inflation Protection Core Real Estate	2.600/	E E40/
	3.60%	5.51%
Private Infrastructure TIPs	2.40% 1.00%	5.85%
		1.37%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.76%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection	44.500/	0.450/
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.15%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.20%
Cash	3.00%	0.77%
Sub-total	21.00%	
	100%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall medium-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

	Current Discount	
1% Decrease (6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
\$ 177,618,751	\$ 143,724,256	\$ 115,978,198

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Defined Contribution Plan Description

Employees participating in the defined benefit plan with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012, as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute between 1% and 1.5% of annual covered salary depending on the employee's total years of service as of June 30, 2012. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The Cranston School District recognized pension expense of \$1,169,621 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Teacher's Survivors Benefits of the State of Rhode Island (TSB)

Plan Description

Certain employees of the Cranston School Department participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Teachers' Survivors Benefit plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in Social Security.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Eligibility and Plan Benefits

The plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in the plan. Specific eligibility criteria and the amount of the benefit is subject to the provisions of Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Spouse, parents, family and children's benefits are payable following the death of a member. A spouse shall be entitled to benefits upon attaining the age of sixty (60) years. Children's benefits are payable to the child, including a stepchild or adopted child of a deceased member if the child is unmarried and under the age of eighteen (18) years or twenty-three (23) years and a full-time student, and was dependent upon the member at the time of the member's death. Family benefits are provided if at the time of the member's death the surviving spouse has in his or her care a child of the deceased member entitled to child benefits. Parents benefits are payable to the parent or parents of a deceased member if the member did not leave a widow or child who could ever qualify for monthly benefits on the member's wages and the parent has reached the age of 60 years, has not remarried, and received support from the member.

In January, a yearly cost-of-living adjustment for spouse's benefits is paid and based on the annual social security adjustment.

Survivors are eligible for benefits if the member has made contributions for at least six months prior to death or retirement.

The TSB plan provides benefits based on the highest salary at the time of retirement of the teacher. Benefits are payable in accordance with the following table:

	Bas	ic Monthly
Highest Annual Salary:	Spou	se's Benefit:
\$17,000 or less	\$	825.00
\$17,001 to \$25,000	\$	962.50
\$25,001 to \$33,000	\$	1,100.00
\$33,001 to \$40,000	\$	1,237.50
\$40,001 and over	\$	1,375.00

Benefits payable to children and families are equal to the spousal benefit multiplied by the percentage below:

				Three or	
Parent and One	Parent and Two		Two Children	More Children	Dependent
Child	or More Children	One Child Alone	Alone	Alone	Parent
150%	175%	75%	150%	175%	100%

Contributions

The contribution requirements of active employees and the participating school districts were established under Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws, which may be amended by the General Assembly. The cost of the benefits provided by the plan are two percent (2%) of the member's annual salary up to but not exceeding an annual salary of \$11,500; one-half (1/2) of the cost is contributed by the member by deductions from his or her salary, and the other half (1/2) is contributed and paid by the respective school district by which the member is employed. These contributions are in addition to the contributions required for regular pension benefits.

The Cranston School District contributed \$123,737, \$122,562 and \$97,874 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2020 the Cranston School District reported an asset of \$18,641,818 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset related to its participation in TSB. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The Cranston School District proportion of the net pension asset was based on its share of contributions to the TSB for fiscal year 2019 relative to the total contributions of all participating employers for that fiscal year. At June 30, 2019 the Cranston School District proportion was 16.43%.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Cranston School District recognized pension expense of \$(356,720). At June 30, 2020, the Cranston School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflows of resources:	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 123,737
Difference between expected and actual experience	2,031,534
Changes in assumptions	1,624,353
Changes in proportion and differences between	
employer contributions and proportionate share of	
contributions	234,606
Total	\$ 4,014,230
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ (4,950,910)
on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between	(183,577)
employer contributions and proportionate share of	
contributions	(460,593)
Total	\$ (5,595,080)

\$123,737 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Cranston School District contributions in fiscal year 2020 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2021	\$ 211,891
2022	(505,021)
2023	(107,909)
2024	(8,648)
2025	(418,275)
Thereafter	 (876,625)
Total	\$ (1,704,587)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increases	3.00% to 13.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Mortality - variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

Cost of living adjustment - eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment - for valuation purposes, a 2.5% cost of living adjustment is assumed.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2019 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2019 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Growth		
Global Equity		
US Equity	22.10%	6.16%
International Developed Equity	13.20%	6.83%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.70%	8.90%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Equity		
Private Energy	11.25%	9.81%
Non-Core RE	2.25%	5.51%
OPP Private Credit	1.50%	9.81%
Sub-total	15.00%	
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.98%
REITS	1.00%	5.51%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.98%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.98%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Stability		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.77%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	4.20%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.51%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.85%
TIPs	1.00%	1.37%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.76%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.15%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.20%
Cash	3.00%	0.77%
Sub-total	21.00%	
	100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0% as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate.

		Di	Current scount Rate	1	% Increase
1% D	ecrease (6.0%)		(7.0%)		(8.0%)
\$	(14,365,231)	\$	(18,641,818)	\$	(21,826,064)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

National (Industrial) Pension Plan

Plan Description

Upon the date of hire, most of the City's public works' employees and all School Department bus drivers are eligible to participate in the National (Industrial) Pension Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The plan also provides the following types of pensions which pay benefits to a retired participant during their lifetime and thereafter pay benefits to the participant's surviving spouse or other beneficiary: husband-and-wife pension, survivor's option pension, and 120 certain payments option pension. The Plan also provides for a widow/widower's pension. Employees who retire at or after age 62 with at least 5 years of pension credit and have earned at least one of the years of pension credit during the period that their employer is contributing to the pension fund are eligible for benefits through the regular pension that is payable monthly for life. The retirement benefit is determined by the highest contribution rate at which the employee earned pension credit and the years of pension credits they have earned (up to a maximum of 30 years of pension credits). The Plan also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by the Board of Trustees of the Pension Fund. Financial statements for the Plan can be obtained by contacting the Laborers' National (Industrial) Pension Fund, 905 16th Street, N.W., Washington, DC, 20106.

Funding Policy

Covered employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2020, the City was required to contribute \$1.87 per hour, and the School Department was required to contribute \$.99 per hour for each hour worked by the employees to the Plan.

Contributions

Contributions for the past three years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution		Actual Contribution		Percentage Contribution
City					
6/30/2018	\$	333,152	\$	333,152	100%
6/30/2019		346,921		346,921	100%
6/30/2020		399,417		399,417	100%
School Department					
6/30/2018	-	155,558		155,558	100%
6/30/2019		181,422		181,422	100%
6/30/2020		207,027		207,027	100%

New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan

Plan Description

Upon the date of hire, most workers within City Hall and other clerical staff throughout the City are eligible to participate in the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Benefits under the plan are provided through a trust fund. A copy of the annual report can be obtained by contacting the trustees at: New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Fund, 1 Wall Street, Burlington, MA 01803.

Funding Policy

Covered employees are currently not required to contribute to the Plan. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2020, the City was required to contribute \$1.35 per hour for each hour worked by the employees to the Plan.

Contributions

Contributions for the past three years were as follows:

 Fiscal Year Ended	Contribution		Actual ntribution	Contribution
6/30/2018	\$	342,232	\$ 342,232	100%
6/30/2019		364,025	364,025	100%
6/30/2020		390,673	390,673	100%

E. Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligations

The City contributes to two defined benefit OPEB plans, the City of Cranston Public Safety OPEB Plan, and the City of Cranston's Cranston Public School OPEB Plan, both which are a single-employer plan. As of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, the two plans had the following balances reported in the government-wide financial statements:

			Net OPEB		Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	OPEB
	Measurement Date		Liability		of Resources	of Resources	Expense
Public Safety Employees OPEB Plan	6/30/2020	\$	37,833,932	\$	4,009,701	\$ 4,096,458	\$ 2,175,192
Cranston Public Schools OPEB Plan	6/30/2020	_	14,091,508	_	3,501,269	 606,941	 1,691,884
		\$	51,925,440	\$	7,510,970	\$ 4,703,399	\$ 3,867,076

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - Public Safety Employees

Plan Description

The City maintains and administers a single-employer OPEB benefit plan that covers all public safety employees. The plan provides health benefits and life insurance benefits to eligible retired police and fire employees and their beneficiaries. The plans provisions may be amended by the City and the Trustees of the plan. The trust is accounted for as an OPEB trust fund in the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2020, there are no separate financial statements available for the Public Safety Employees OPEB plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The OPEB trust fund financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when they are due, pursuant to formal commitments and contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. There are no investments of 5% or greater in any one organization.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of June 30, 2020 (date of the last actuarial valuation) membership data was as follows:

Active employees	339
Retirees	340
Total Plan Members	679

Funding Policy

The City established an Irrevocable Trust Agreement (OPEB Trust) effective July 1, 2006 and has started to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The City pays certain medical premiums for a retiree and certain dependents until they reach the age of 65 years unless they are not covered by Medicare benefits, in that case, coverage continues for life. If a firefighter dies before reaching normal retirement age, the City pays for the benefit of the firefighter's family, if any, the full cost of family medical coverage (as in effect at the time of the firefighter's death) until the firefighter's normal retirement date. In addition, Police retirees are entitled to a City paid life insurance benefit of \$17,000 if they retired after July 1, 1982. Firemen retiring after July 1, 1981 are eligible for the \$17,000 benefit. Fire retirees retired between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2007 are entitled to a City paid life insurance benefit of \$20,000 and if a fireman retires after July 1, 2007, a \$25,000 life insurance benefit is payable. In addition to the above, firefighters who retire with an occupational injury or illness receive a City paid life insurance benefit of \$50,000 if death occurs within 3 years of his/her retirement date.

Investments

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense was 3.28%. The Money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts of actually invested.

The following was the City's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Large Cap Core Equities	15.0%
Large Cap Value Equities	10.0%
Large Cap Growth Equities	10.0%
Small/Mid Value Equities	5.0%
Small/Mid Growth Equities	5.0%
Non-U.S. Equities	15.0%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	5.0%
Fixed Income	35.0%
	100.0%

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. These rates do not include inflation assumption which is assumed to be 2%. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected Rate
Asset Class	of Return
U.S. REIT	7.5%
International Stocks	7.0%
U.S. Cash	3.0%
U.S. Bonds	4.0%
U.S. Large Cap	7.5%
U.S. Mid Cap	8.0%
U.S. Small Cap	8.5%
Commodity	5.0%
Alternatives	4.2%
Emerging Markets	8.5%

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the City of Cranston at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 46,954,533 9,120,601
City's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 37,833,932
Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of total OPEB liability	19.42%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Investment rate of return	7.9% per year, net of investment expense
Healthcare cost trend rates	5% for 2020 and years later

Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on the RP-2000 Blue Collar mortality table with Scale AA improvement to 2026. Post retirement mortality is represented by the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table, adjusted 115% for males, 95% for females, with Scale AA improvements on the generational basis. Mortality for disabled members is represented by the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table with Scale AA adjustment to 2026 and set forward of 3 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	% Decrease (6.9%)	Di	Current scount Rate (7.9%)	1	% Increase (8.9%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	41,022,985	\$	37,833,932	\$	34,969,851
Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to change	s in	the healthcare	cost	trend rates. T	he foll	owing presents
the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as	the	City's net OPE	EB lia	ability would be	e if it v	were calculated
using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 per	erce	ntage-point lov	ver o	r 1 percentage	point	higher than the

		Current				
		crease Di 9%)	Discount Rate (7.9%)		1% Increase (8.9%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 41,	022,985 \$	37,833,932	\$	34,969,851	

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)		
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$	43,774,273 \$	8,622,937 \$	35,151,336		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		892,711		892,711		
Interest on total OPEB liability		3,350,222		3,350,222		
Change in terms		(556,407)		(556,407)		
Experience (gain) and loss		4,099,493		4,099,493		
Employer Contributions			4,488,978	(4,488,978)		
Employee Contributions			396,346	(396,346)		
Net investment income (loss)			242,263	(242,263)		
Benefit payments		(4,605,759)	(4,605,759)	-		
Administrative expenses			(24,164)	24,164		
Net changes	_	3,180,260	497,664	2,682,596		
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$_	46,954,533 \$	9,120,601 \$	37,833,932		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$2,175,192. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows Of Resources	 Deferred Inflows Of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and	\$	3,377,751	\$ (4,096,458)
actual earning on OPEB plan investments	-	631,950	
Total	\$	4,009,701	\$ (4,096,458)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
	\$ (448,041)
2022 2023	(175,216) (132,963)
2024 2025	178,680 490,783
5	\$(86,757)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - School Department Employees

Plan Description

The City maintains and administers a single-employer OPEB benefit plan that covers all School Department employees. The plan provides health benefits and dental insurance benefits to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The plans provisions may be amended by the Cranston School Committee and the Trustees of the plan. The OPEB activity is accounted for in the School Unrestricted Fund in the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2020, there are no separate, audited GAAP-basis financial statements available for the Board of Education Employees OPEB plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The OPEB activity is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when they are due, pursuant to formal commitments and contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan. Administrative costs are generally financed through the School Unrestricted Fund.

Valuation of Investment

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. There are no investments of 5% or greater in any one organization.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of June 30, 2020 (date of the last actuarial valuation) membership data was as follows:

Active employees	1,064
Inactive employees	
Retirees	80
Total Plan Members	1,144

Funding Policy

The City established an Irrevocable Trust Agreement effective July 1, 2015 and has started to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The amounts due for these benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School Department pays 100% of the cost of individual health care insurance and dental insurance benefits for all retired eligible employees retiring before September 1, 2005 until the employee reaches the age of 65. Cost shares have been negotiated for teachers (5% of plan cost) for the retirement period September 1, 2005 and August 31, 2009. Teachers retiring between September 1, 2009 and August 31, 2011 are responsible for a 15% cost share of their benefits. Teachers retiring on or after September 1, 2011 are responsible for a 20% cost share of their benefits.

Administrators retiring prior to July 2005 have no cost share. Administrators retiring between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2008 are responsible for a 10% cost share of their benefits. Administrators retiring between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2010 are responsible for a 20% cost share of their benefits. Administrators retiring between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011 are responsible for a 22% cost share of benefits. Administrators retiring on or after July 1, 2010 are responsible for a 25% cost share of their benefits. No benefits are paid for employees retiring prior to 1988.

The School Department funds post-retirement benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Expenditures for the benefits described above for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$750,281.

Investments

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense was 5.88%. The Money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts of actually invested.

The following was the City's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Equity	53%
Fixed income	39%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	8%
	100%

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term
Asset Class	Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equities	7.8%
Non-U.S. Equities (Unhedged)	8.2%
Global Equities	8.1%
U.S. Bonds	3.5%
Non-U.S. Bonds (Hedged)	3.0%
Global Bonds (Hedged)	3.3%
U.S. High Yield Bonds	5.9%
Long-Term Credit Bonds	3.9%
Long-Term Government/Credit Index	3.6%
Intermediate-Term Credit Bonds	4.1%
Short-Term Credit Bonds	3.8%
Long -Term Treasuries	3.0%
Intermediate-Term Treasuries	2.9%
Short-Term Treasuries	3.0%
Extended Duration	2.4%
Treasury 10-Year	2.8%
TIPS-Intermediate-Term	2.6%
TIPS-Short-Term	2.6%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	6.6%
Commodities	5.8%
Market neutral	4.3%
Cash	2.9%
Inflation	1.9%

Net OPEB Liability

The following table shows the School Department's annual OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020.

Total OPEB Liability	\$	14,774,660
Plan fiduciary net position		683,152
	'	
School Department's Net OPEB Liability	\$	14,091,508
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of		
total OPEB liability		5%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Investment rate of return	2.9% of 2020, net of investment expense
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.5% for 2020 and years later

Mortality rates for pre-retirement and beneficiary mortality is represented by the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality with Scale MP-2016, fully generational. Mortality for disabled members were represented by the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality with Scale MP-2016, full generational.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current						
	1%	1% Decrease (1.9%)		scount Rate (2.9%)	1% Increase (3.9%)			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	15,149,659	\$	14,091,508	\$	13,059,382		

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease			rrent Trend	1% Increase			
	(4.0%)			(5.0%)	(6.0%)			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	12,329,021	\$	14,091,508	\$	16,179,470		

Net OPEB Liability

The Board of Education's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer and employees who elect dependent coverage (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

		Increase (Decrease)										
	_	School Liability (a)	Charter Liability (b)		Total OPEB Liability (a)+(b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (c)	Net OPEB Liability (a)+(b)-(c)					
Balances as of July 1, 2019	\$	13,743,699 \$	188,593	\$	13,932,292 \$	646,720 \$	13,285,572					
Changes for the year:												
Service cost		747,902	10,263		758,165		758,165					
Interest on total OPEB liability		536,750	7,365		544,115		544,115					
Change in assumptions		917,860	12,595		930,455		930,455					
Experience (gain) and loss		(631,422)	(8,664)		(640,086)		(640,086)					
Employer contributions					-	519,171	(519,171)					
Net investment income (loss)					-	38,077	(38,077)					
Benefit payments		(740,125)	(10,156)		(750,281)	(519,171)	(231,110)					
Administrative expenses					<u> </u>	(1,645)	1,645					
Net changes	_	830,965	11,403	_	842,368	36,432	805,936					
Balances as of June 30, 2020	\$	14,574,664 \$	199,996	\$	14,774,660 \$	683,152 \$	14,091,508					

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,691,884. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows Of Resources		Deferred Inflows Of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,681,582	\$	(563,885)
Difference in assumptions	Ψ	819,687	Ψ	(000,000)
Net difference between projected and				(40.000)
actual earning on OPEB plan investments	=			(43,056)
Total	\$	3,501,269	\$	(606,941)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30		
2021	\$	412,505
2022	•	422,220
2023		427,416
2024		431,459
2025		434,164
Thereafter		766,564
	\$	2,894,328

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position

		Pension Trust Fund		City OPEB Trust Fund		School OPEB Trust Fund		Total
	-		•		_		_	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$	1,423,238	\$	1,930,703	\$		\$	3,353,941
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		3,159,684						3,159,684
Real Estate Investment Trust						54,652		54,652
Common Stock		13,180,381						13,180,381
Pooled Equity Index Funds						362,071		362,071
Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds						266,429		266,429
International Equity Mutual Funds				1,768,565				1,768,565
U.S. Equity Mutual Funds		29,011,497		2,862,636				31,874,133
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		21,317,426		2,226,200				23,543,626
Contribution receivable	-		•	436,322	_		-	436,322
Total assets	-	68,092,226		9,224,426	_	683,152	_	77,999,804
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable				103,825				103,825
Due to primary government				,				,
Total liabilities	•	-		103,825	_		-	103,825
Net Position								
Restricted for:								
Pensions		68,092,226						68,092,226
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	; -	,,		9,120,601	_	683,152	_	9,803,753
Total Net Position	\$_	68,092,226	\$	9,120,601	\$_	683,152	\$_	77,895,979

Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

		Pension Trust Fund		City OPEB Trust Fund		School OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Additions:	-		-		-		_	
Contributions:								
Employer contributions	\$	21,463,003	\$		\$		\$	25,951,981
Plan member contributions Other	_	144,191	_	396,346	_	485,769	_	1,026,306
Total contributions		21,607,194		4,885,324		485,769		26,978,287
Investment Income:							_	_
Interest and dividends		1,514,842		162,317		38,077		1,715,236
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments	_	(404,082)	<u> </u>	79,946	_		_	(324,136)
Total investment income	_	1,110,760	_	242,263	_	38,077	_	1,391,100
Total additions	_	22,717,954	_	5,127,587		523,846	_	28,369,387
Deductions:								
Benefits		25,052,576		4,605,759		485,769		30,144,104
Administrative expenses		142,889		24,164		1,645		168,698
Total deductions	-	25,195,465	-	4,629,923	_	487,414	_	30,312,802
Change in Net Position	-	(2,477,511)	-	497,664	_	36,432	_	(1,943,415)
Net Position - July 1, 2019	_	70,569,737	_	8,622,937	_	646,720	_	79,839,394
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$_	68,092,226	\$	9,120,601	\$_	683,152	\$_	77,895,979

City of Cranston Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description

The Plan name is "City of Cranston Defined Contribution Plan" ID # is 05-6000110, Determination Letter Form 5300 is filed with IRS, and ING Specimen Adoption Agreement for 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan. Defined Contribution Plan for the Teamsters Bargaining Union and Laborers International Union of North America where the employee and the employer contribute 3% of earnings all stated in Form 5300 and the ING Plan Document. Plan based on approved enabling legislation presented in January 2010 and approved in that session. Total employer contributions made to the plan during June 30, 2020 were \$108,727. Total employee contributions made to the plan during June 30, 2020 were \$108,727.

School Department Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description

The Plan name is "Cranston Public Schools 401(a) Retirement Plan". ID # is 801343, effective July 1, 2012. Defined Contribution Plan for the Local Rhode Island 153 Bargaining Union where the employee and employer contribute 3% of earnings all stated in the Security Benefit Plan Document. Total employer contributions made to the plan during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 was \$37,235. Total employee contributions made to the plan during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 was \$37,235.

On-Behalf Payments

The amount recognized in the general fund intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures for contributions made by the State on behalf of the City's teachers to the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island was \$8.671,562.

F. Tax Abatements

The City of Cranston enters into tax abatement agreements with local businesses under its Economic Development Tax Incentive Program for Commercially Zoned Property. Under the Program, new businesses locating in commercially zoned property with the City of Cranston or existing businesses that are expanding may qualify for a tax incentive.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City of Cranston abated property taxes totaling \$195,163 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreements to new businesses locating in a commercially zoned property or existing businesses that are expanding:

Purpose	Percentage of taxes abated during the Fiscal Year	Amount of Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year				
Increase size and employment of manufacturing business	8%	\$ 2	4,452			
Renovation of a building	6%	1	4,821			
Additional manufacturing facility for medical device company	11%	1	5,127			
Renovation of restaurant	4%		730			
Wholesale distribution facility for restaurant supplies company	39%	5	3,499			
Global Supply Chain and Warehouse (Purchase of Building)	28%	3	9,970			
Increase in employment of services business	69%	4	6,564			

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

G. Coronavirus (COVID-19)

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus to be a public health emergency. On March 9, 2020, the Governor of the State of Rhode Island declared a state of emergency to combat a novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19).

The City derives a significant portion of its revenues from property taxes. While the City has not experienced any significant increase in the amount of delinquency from its taxpayers, the situation creates uncertainty about the impact of future revenues that might be generated. In addition, at this time, it is uncertain what the effects of the pandemic will be on the City's health care costs, changes in interest rates, investment valuation and the future federal or state fiscal relief.

H. Subsequent Events

In October 2020, the City of Cranston issued \$8,890,000 in general obligation refunding bonds. The proceeds will be used by the City to refund the series 2010A, 2012A and 2013A series bonds. The bonds will be payable over the next 15 years at interest rates between 0.5-2.4%.

Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGETARY BASIS
BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	-	Original Budget	-	Final Budget		Actual	(Favorable/ Unfavorable)
Revenues:								
General property taxes	\$	187,769,815	\$	187,769,815	\$	188,836,127	\$	1,066,312
Intergovernmental		25,858,503		25,858,503	·	24,637,543		(1,220,960)
Charges for services:				, ,				, , ,
Licenses and permits		3,332,704		3,332,704		3,636,447		303,743
Fines and forfeitures		1,685,000		1,685,000		1,528,472		(156,528)
Departmental		9,504,073		9,504,073		9,668,743		164,670
Investment income		793,500		793,500		658,628		(134,872)
Education		67,121,366		67,121,366		67,121,366		-
Other	_	2,284,018	_	2,284,018		1,329,599	_	(954,419)
Total revenues	-	298,348,979	-	298,348,979		297,416,925	_	(932,054)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Executive		595,298		595,298		582,962		12,336
City Council		347,790		347,790		311,468		36,322
Law		620,865		620,865		820,373		(199,508)
Personnel		207,474		207,474		187,196		20,278
City Clerk		1,540,485		1,540,485		2,052,724		(512,239)
Probate Court		19,339		19,339		19,010		329
Municipal Court		365,801		365,801		362,402		3,399
Board of Canvassers		318,924		318,924		287,276		31,648
City Planning		787,111		787,111		428,248		358,863
Economic Development		189,151		189,151		180,648		8,503
Inspections		1,213,790		1,213,790		999,383		214,407
Finance		5,193,648		5,193,648		4,888,569		305,079
Fire		32,224,971		32,224,971		34,794,817		(2,569,846)
Rescue Fund		2,200,000		2,200,000		1,233,053		966,947
Police		25,835,110		25,835,110		25,533,161		301,949
Long-term debt		25,774,589		25,774,589		25,774,589		744 504
Public works Parks and recreation		16,660,766		16,660,766		15,946,202		714,564
Public libraries		2,968,644		2,968,644		2,937,963		30,681
Senior services		3,624,006		3,624,006		3,624,008		(2)
Municipal Debt		3,417,982 11,355,070		3,417,982 11,355,070		2,989,470 10,832,606		428,512 522,464
Education		162,663,706		162,663,706		162,663,706		322,404
Community Grants		193,500		193,500		193,500		_
Boards and Commissions		25,189		25,189		7,123		18,066
Harbor Master		5,770		5,770		3,841		1,929
Total Expenditures	-	298,348,979	-	298,348,979		297,654,298	_	694,681
Excess (Deficiency) of Budgeted Revenues Over Expenditures	-	<u> </u>	=	-	. <u>-</u>	(237,373)		(237,373)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$_	<u>-</u>	: :	(237,373)	\$_	(237,373)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2019					-	18,249,090		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2020					\$	18,011,717		

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SCHOOL UNRESTRICTED
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGETARY BASIS
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	_		-		-		`
State aid	\$	64,715,767	\$	64,715,767	\$	62,411,484	\$ (2,304,283)
Federal through State		1,350,000		1,350,000		1,386,329	36,329
Tuition		1,090,000		1,090,000		1,388,172	298,172
Miscellaneous		475,000		475,000		234,698	(240,302)
Total revenues	_	67,630,767	_	67,630,767	_	65,420,683	(2,210,084)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		101,115,367		100,278,666		99,197,224	1,081,442
Employee benefits		38,565,733		38,656,833		37,784,417	872,416
Purchased services		17,608,201		17,506,561		16,794,645	711,916
Supplies and materials		4,463,686		4,331,704		4,613,482	(281,778)
Capital outlay		2,394,513		2,301,013		1,802,000	499,013
Other	_	(974,393)	_	98,330	_	90,495	 7,835
Total expenditures	-	163,173,107	_	163,173,107	-	160,282,263	 2,890,844
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	(95,542,340)	_	(95,542,340)	-	(94,861,580)	 680,760
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in City of Cranston		95,542,340		95,542,340		95,542,340	-
Transfers from other funds						184,399	184,399
Transfers out to capital reserve	_		_		_	(750,000)	 (750,000)
Total other financing sources	_	95,542,340	_	95,542,340	-	94,976,739	 (565,601)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ ₌	<u>-</u>	\$_	<u>-</u>		115,159	\$ 115,159
Fund Balance - July 1, 2019					-	4,578,440	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2020					\$	4,693,599	

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Budget - GAAP Reconciliation

A reconciliation of revenues, expenditures, and fund balance between the accounting treatment required by GAAP (Exhibit IV), and budgetary requirements (RSI), is as follows:

				General Fund			So	ho	ol Unrestricted	Fun	ıd
	_	Revenues	_	Expenditures	 Fund Balance	_	Revenues	-	Expenditures	F	und Balance
Balance, Budgetary Basis, June 30, 2020 Revenues/Expenditures accounted for on the budgetary basis	\$	297,416,925	\$	297,654,298	\$ 18,011,717	\$	65,420,683	\$	160,282,263	\$	4,693,599
associated with Education funds		(67,121,366)		(162,663,706)	-						-
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2020 charged to budgetary expenditures Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2019					-				(749,312)		749,312
liquidated during the year June 30, 2020					-				197,142		(197,142)
Expenditures in the school department capital reserve fund - not											
budgeted in general fund					-		553,343		824,774		(271,431)
Fund balance restricted for capital reserve and other purposes and removed from budgetary fund balance. Transfer to school department capital reserve - not budgeted in the					-						(299,221)
school unrestricted					-						750,000
Transfer in from budget stabilization fund included in the City's general fund budget Opening balances for funds that do not meet the GASB 54 definition for		(39,252)		(39,252)	-						
a special revenue fund Deficit reduction payment					690,815						-
Current year activity for funds that do not meet the GASB 54 definition											
for a special revenue fund		932,909		1,107,719	(174,810)						-
State Teachers' Retirement on-behalf payment	_		_			_	8,671,562	-	8,671,562		
BALANCE, GAAP BASIS, JUNE 30, 2020	\$_	231,189,216	\$_	136,059,059	\$ 18,527,722	\$_	74,645,588	\$	169,226,429	\$_	5,425,117

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CRANSTON RETIREMENT SYSTEM - POLICE AND FIRE PENSION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

(1 of 6)

	_	2020	_	2019	_	2018		2017	-	2016	-	2015	_	2014
A. Total pension liability														
Service cost	\$	279,641	\$	434,021	\$	517,492	\$	561,127	\$	550,317	\$	696,010	\$	802,841
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	·	23,281,092	•	22,902,534	•	23,006,008	•	23,599,906	·	23,368,984	•	22,826,090	•	22,844,850
Changes of benefit terms														
Difference between expected and actual experience														
of the Total Pension Liability		(8,473,275)		6,629,821		(98,273)		(5,783,927)		1,233,114		(2,386,467)		
Changes of assumptions								(1,790,318)		(4,978,421)		(8,277,796)		
Benefit payments, including refunds														
of employee contributions	_	(25,052,576)	_	(24,988,877)	_	(24,326,796)		(23,804,824)	_	(24,053,360)		(24,067,694)	_	(23,747,994)
Net change in total pension liability		(9,965,118)		4,977,499		(901,569)		(7,218,036)		(3,879,366)		(11,209,857)		(100,303)
Total pension liability - beginning	-	306,705,941	_	301,728,442	_	302,630,011		309,848,047	-	313,727,413	-	324,937,270	-	325,037,573
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	296,740,823	\$_	306,705,941	\$_	301,728,442	\$	302,630,011	\$	309,848,047	\$	313,727,413	\$_	324,937,270
B. Plan fiduciary net position														
Contributions - employer	\$	21,463,003	\$	21,569,803	\$	22,568,319	\$	21,403,849	\$	21,316,456	\$	21,994,344	\$	21,994,344
Contributions - employee		144,191		201,448		240,058		279,548		257,734		336,937		368,575
Net investment income (loss)		1,110,760		4,016,741		5,322,330		5,803,466		(2,072,781)		2,983,286		9,690,430
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(25,052,576)		(24,988,877)		(24,326,796)		(23,804,824)		(24,053,360)		(24,067,694)		(23,747,994)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(142,889)		(73,636)		(293,500)		(65,569)		(598,630)		(451,177)		(629,880)
Other								1				429,963		381,765
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(2,477,511)	_	725,479	_	3,510,411		3,616,471	-	(5,150,581)	-	1,225,659	-	8,057,240
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	70,569,737		69,844,258		66,333,847		62,717,376		67,867,957		66,642,298	_	58,585,058
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-	68,092,226	_	70,569,737	_	69,844,258		66,333,847		62,717,376		67,867,957	_	66,642,298
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$_	228,648,597	\$_	236,136,204	\$_	231,884,184	\$	236,296,164	\$	247,130,671	\$_	245,859,456	\$_	258,294,972
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		22.95%		23.01%		23.15%		21.92%		20.24%		21.63%		20.51%
E. Covered payroll	\$	1,266,066	\$	2,043,982	\$	2,403,064	\$	2,697,374	\$	2,663,974	\$	2,940,734	\$	2,905,865
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		18059.77%		11552.75%		9649.52%		8760.23%		9276.77%		8360.48%		8888.75%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

(2 of 6)

	-	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
A. Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$	2.386.996 \$	2.449.869 \$	2.350.820 \$	2.362.034 \$	2,346,927 \$	2,376,369
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	*	10.683.189	10,473,985	10,359,681	10,231,218	9,977,843	9,687,460
Changes of benefit terms		-,,	-, -,	-,,	-, - ,	2,581,501	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Difference between expected and actual experience		(374,386)	(494,724)	468,058	(1,706,718)		
Changes of assumptions				7,489,555		(2,865,321)	233,636
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(9,669,007)	(9,149,144)	(9,287,558)	(9,048,633)	(8,291,699)	(8,530,234)
Net change in total pension liability		3,026,792	3,279,986	11,380,556	1,837,901	3,749,251	3,767,231
Total pension liability - beginning	-	156,257,987	152,978,001	141,597,445	139,759,544	136,010,293	132,243,062
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ <u>.</u>	159,284,779 \$	156,257,987	152,978,001 \$	141,597,445 \$	139,759,544 \$	136,010,293
B. Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	2,367,241 \$	2,161,301 \$	2,342,837 \$	2,403,173 \$	2,479,865 \$	2,276,531
Contributions - employee		787,306	812,598	836,339	847,508	488,592	478,002
Net investment income		8,862,094	10,452,584	14,401,043	30,596	3,119,891	18,017,830
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(9,669,007)	(9,149,144)	(9,287,558)	(9,048,633)	(8,291,699)	(8,530,234)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(138,533)	(139,150)	(136,055)	(193,515)	(124,435)	(112,827)
Other	-	(13,385)	(57,545)	254,209	28,596	176,372	7,388
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,195,716	4,080,644	8,410,815	(5,932,275)	(2,151,414)	12,136,690
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	139,688,091	135,607,447	127,196,632	133,128,907	135,280,321	123,143,631
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-	141,883,807	139,688,091	135,607,447	127,196,632	133,128,907	135,280,321
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	17,400,972 \$	16,569,896 \$	17,370,554	14,400,813 \$	6,630,637 \$	729,972
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		89.08%	89.40%	88.65%	89.83%	95.26%	99.46%
E. Covered payroll	\$	24,838,673 \$	24,696,262 \$	24,260,270 \$	24,225,987 \$	24,170,205 \$	23,528,405
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		70.06%	67.09%	71.60%	59.44%	27.43%	3.10%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - POLICE LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

(3 of 6)

	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
A. Total pension liability												
Service Cost	\$	2,238,638	\$	2,148,101	\$	2,014,684	\$	1,964,581	\$	1,375,751	\$	1,316,743
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	·	3,773,606	·	3,498,259		3,011,196		2,735,086	·	2,278,196		2,112,199
Changes of benefit terms										2,566,626		
Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability		(392,714)		(648,949)		3,152,114		(61,897)				
Changes of assumptions						2,582,739				386,791		(648,637)
Benefit payments, including refunds												
of employee contributions	_	(1,156,667)	_	(1,061,625)	_	(941,558)	_	(1,021,160)	_	(598,672)	_	(594,343)
Net change in total pension liability		4,462,863		3,935,786		9,819,175		3,616,610		6,008,692		2,185,962
Total pension liability - beginning	_	53,367,676	_	49,431,890	_	39,612,715	_	35,996,105	_	29,987,413	_	27,801,451
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	57,830,539	\$_	53,367,676	\$_	49,431,890	\$_	39,612,715	\$_	35,996,105	\$_	29,987,413
B. Plan fiduciary net position												
Contributions - employer	\$	1,439,364	\$	1,199,854	\$	1,040,242	\$	1,109,071	\$	857,531	\$	687,959
Contributions - employee		1,097,900		1,057,127		1,099,252		1,087,172		641,751		619,646
Net investment income (loss)		2,949,295		3,212,740		4,095,964		(11,700)		763,454		4,119,654
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,156,667)		(1,061,625)		(941,558)		(1,021,160)		(598,672)		(594,343)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(46,104)		(42,770)		(38,697)		(31,476)		(30,599)		(25,797)
Other		(2)		2		(394,850)		(2)		13,001		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,283,786		4,365,328		4,860,353		1,131,905		1,646,466		4,807,119
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		42,934,978	_	38,569,650		33,709,297		32,577,392		30,930,926		26,123,807
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	47,218,764	_	42,934,978	_	38,569,650	_	33,709,297	_	32,577,392		30,930,926
C. Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$_	10,611,775	\$_	10,432,698	\$_	10,862,240	\$_	5,903,418	\$_	3,418,713	\$_	(943,513)
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.65%		80.45%		78.03%		85.10%		90.50%		103.15%
E. Covered payroll	\$	10,979,095	\$	10,571,361	\$	10,872,555	\$	10,494,555	\$	8,021,870	\$	7,745,546
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		96.65%		98.69%		99.91%		56.25%		42.62%		-12.18%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS
MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - FIRE
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

(4 of 6)

	_	2019		2018		2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
A. Total pension liability												
Service Cost	\$	3,063,391	\$	2,942,326	\$	2,469,994	\$	2,326,126	\$	2,143,259	\$	2,109,017
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	,	4,943,164		4,470,059	,	4,169,635	•	3,925,426	•	3,436,541	•	3,126,099
Changes of benefit terms										1,629,797		
Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liab	lity	(1,584,171)		181,502		(928,566)		(2,398,843)		(249,261)		
Changes of assumptions	-					3,052,432						(649, 235)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(1,071,175)	_	(720,365)	_	(753,251)	_	(583,801)		(482,813)		(444,721)
Net change in total pension liability		5,351,209		6,873,522		8,010,244		3,268,908		6,477,523		4,141,160
Total pension liability - beginning	_	69,620,526	_	62,747,004	_	54,736,760	_	51,467,852	_	44,990,329		40,849,169
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	74,971,735	\$	69,620,526	\$	62,747,004	\$	54,736,760	\$	51,467,852	\$	44,990,329
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B. Plan fiduciary net position												
Contributions - employer	\$	819,835	\$	792,107	\$	971,858	\$	991,610	\$	1,226,727	\$	1,006,080
Contributions - employee		1,470,003		1,406,154		1,300,194		1,189,766		943,698		933,528
Net investment income (loss)		4,806,199		5,312,666		6,811,465		(19,290)		1,266,662		6,811,997
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,071,175)		(720,365)		(753,251)		(583,801)		(482,813)		(444,721)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(75,131)		(70,725)		(64,352)		(51,895)		(50,779)		(42,657)
Other	_	85	_	138,343	_	297,336	_	786	_	830	_	727
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		5,949,816		6,858,180		8,563,250		1,527,176		2,904,325		8,264,954
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	70,998,339	_	64,140,159	_	55,576,909	_	54,049,733	_	51,145,398		42,880,444
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	76,948,155	_	70,998,339		64,140,159	_	55,576,909	_	54,049,723	_	51,145,398
C. Net pension asset - ending (a) - (b)	\$_	(1,976,420)	\$_	(1,377,813)	\$	(1,393,155)	\$_	(840,149)	\$_	(2,581,871)	\$	(6,155,069)
	-			101.0001	-		=		_			
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		102.64%		101.98%		102.22%		101.53%		105.02%		113.68%
E. Covered payroll	\$	14,692,524	\$	14,044,515	\$	12,959,047	\$	12,165,930	\$	11,750,323	\$	11,626,334
F. Net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll		-13.45%		-9.81%		-10.75%		-6.91%		-21.97%		-52.94%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - TEACHERS
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

(5 of 6)

	2019	_	2018	-	2017	2016		2015		2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability	4.50%		4.52%		4.51%	4.63%	6	4.51%		4.52%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 143,724,256 \$	\$	143,161,570	\$	142,133,353 \$	138,136,783	\$	124,172,981 \$	1	109,977,503
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the school district	107,664,351		106,788,248		107,418,666	94,603,413		84,831,083		75,416,640
Total	\$ 251,388,607 \$	\$	249,949,818	\$	249,552,019 \$	232,740,196	\$	209,004,064 \$	1	185,394,143
City's covered payroll	\$ 83,700,855 \$	\$	81,199,212	\$	79,238,665 \$	65,343,396	\$	75,293,840 \$		71,583,452
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	171.71%		176.31%		179.37%	211.40%	6	164.92%		153.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.30%		54.30%		54.00%	54.06%	6	57.55%		61.40%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER'S SURVIVOR BENEFIT COST - SHARING PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

(6 of 6)

	-	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension asset		16.43%	16.44%	16.59%	16.33%	15.92%	16.15%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	(18,641,818) \$	(14,668,001) \$	(13,726,036) \$	(16,261,491) \$	(14,863,013) \$	(20,076,310)
City's covered payroll	\$	83,700,855 \$	81,199,212 \$	79,238,665 \$	71,583,452 \$	75,293,840 \$	66,347,524
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		22.27%	18.06%	17.32%	22.72%	19.74%	30.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset		136.10%	136.10%	136.10%	153.30%	146.60%	173.30%

Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS CRANSTON RETIREMENT SYSTEM - POLICE AND FIRE PENSION LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

(1 of 6)

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	21,463,003 \$	21,569,803 \$	22,568,319 \$	21,403,849 \$	21,316,456 \$	21,353,591 \$	21,006,057
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	21,463,003	21,569,803	22,568,319	21,403,849	21,316,456	22,376,110	22,376,109
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	\$_	\$_	<u>-</u> \$	\$	\$	(1,022,519) \$	(1,370,052)
Covered payroll	\$	1,266,066 \$	2,043,982 \$	2,403,064 \$	2,697,374 \$	2,663,974 \$	2,940,734 \$	2,905,865
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1695.25%	1055.28%	939.15%	793.51%	800.18%	760.90%	770.03%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2020 Measurement date: June 30, 2020

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rate:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal Amortization method Level dollar basis.

Court approved plan: Closed 28-year period beginning with the July 1, 2013 valuation. Opted out of Court approved plan: Closed 23-year period

Remaining amortization period beginning with the July 1, 2013 valuation

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Inflation3.00%Salary increases3%Investment rate of return7.90%

Cost of living adjustments Eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment-for valuation purposes, a 3% cost of

living adjustments is assumed.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

(2 of 6)

	 2020	_	2019	_	2018	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,443,956	\$	2,367,241	\$	2,161,301 \$	2,342,837	\$	2,403,173	\$	2,479,865	\$	2,276,531
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 2,443,956	_	2,367,241	_	2,161,301	2,342,837	_	2,403,173	_	2,479,865	_	2,276,531
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$_		\$_	\$		\$		\$_		\$_	
Covered payroll	\$ 25,583,833	\$	24,838,673	\$	24,696,262 \$	24,260,270	\$	24,225,987	\$	24,170,205	\$	23,528,405
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.55%		9.53%		8.75%	9.66%	ó	9.92%		10.26%		9.68%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.

Mortality

Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - POLICE LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS'

(3 of 6)

		2020		2019	 2018		2017	_	2016		2015		2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,842,074	\$	1,439,364	\$ 1,199,854	\$	1,040,242	\$	1,109,071	\$	857,531	\$	687,959
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	-	1,842,074		1,439,364	 1,199,854		1,040,242		1,109,071		857,531	_	687,959
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$_	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$_		\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_		\$	
Covered payroll	\$	11,308,468	\$	10,979,095	\$ 10,571,361	\$	10,872,555	\$	10,494,555	\$	8,021,870	\$	7,745,546
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.29%		13.11%	11.35%		9.57%		10.57%		10.69%		8.88%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.

Mortality

Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - FIRE LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS*

(4 of 6)

	_	2020		2019	 2018	 2017		2016	 2015		2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,197,397	\$	819,835	\$ 792,107	\$ 971,858	\$	991,610	\$ 1,226,727	\$	1,006,080
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	1,197,397		819,835	 792,107	 971,858	_	991,610	 1,226,727	<u> </u>	1,006,080
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ _	\$_	_
Covered payroll	\$	15,133,300	\$	14,692,524	\$ 14,044,515	\$ 12,959,047	\$	12,165,930	\$ 11,750,323	\$	11,626,334
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.91%		5.58%	5.64%	7.50%		8.15%	10.44%		8.65%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age

Mortality

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.

Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - TEACHERS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

(5 of 6)

	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	12,545,887 \$	11,597,002 \$	11,085,649 \$	10,443,656 \$	8,928,408 \$	8,897,203
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	12,545,887	11,597,002	11,085,649	10,443,656	8,928,408	8,897,203
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	<u>-</u>
Covered payroll	\$	86,213,284 \$	83,700,855 \$	81,199,212 \$	79,238,665 \$	65,343,396 \$	75,293,840
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.55%	13.86%	13.65%	13.18%	13.66%	11.82%

Notes:

1) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Teachers - 3.0% to 13.0%

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Mortality Males: PR-2014 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' SURVIVOR BENEFIT COST-SHARING PLAN LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

(6 of 6)

	-	2020	2019	2018	 2017	 2016		2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	123,737 \$	122,562	122,309	\$ 104,893	\$ 96,065	\$	98,373
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	123,737	122,562	122,309	 104,893	 96,065		98,373
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	\$			\$ 	\$ 	\$_	
Covered payroll	\$	86,213,284 \$	83,700,855	81,199,212	\$ 79,238,665	\$ 71,583,452	\$	75,293,840
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.14%	0.15%	0.15%	0.13%	0.13%		0.13%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes:

1) Employers participating in the Teachers" Survivor Benefit Plan contribute at a rate established by RI General Laws, Section 16-16-35.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal-the individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodology is used

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.0% to 13.0%

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Mortality Male Employees, RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

Female Employees, RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

Cost of Living Adjustment Eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment - for valuation purposes, a 2.50% cost of

living adjustment is assumed.

(1 of 2)

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$	892,711 \$	954,238 \$	930,661 \$	890,585
Interest on the total OPEB liability		3,350,222	3,776,605	3,867,250	3,830,040
Change in terms		(556,407)			
Differences between expected and actual experience		4,099,493	(5,576,847)	(1,729,986)	
Benefit payments		(4,605,759)	(4,378,012)	(4,104,990)	(4,467,496)
Net change in total OPEB liability		3,180,260	(5,224,016)	(1,037,065)	253,129
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	43,774,273	48,998,289	50,035,354	49,782,225
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$_	46,954,533 \$	43,774,273 \$	48,998,289 \$	50,035,354
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$	4,488,978 \$	4,426,721 \$	5,108,840 \$	5,055,716
Contributions - retired members		396,346	385,781	368,718	362,505
Net investment income		242,263	410,584	316,629	174,087
Benefit payments		(4,605,759)	(4,378,012)	(4,104,989)	(4,467,496)
OPEB Plan Administrative Expense	_	(24,164)	(23,396)	(19,792)	(17,471)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		497,664	821,678	1,669,406	1,107,341
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		8,622,937	7,801,259	6,131,853	5,024,512
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	9,120,601	8,622,937	7,801,259	6,131,853
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$_	37,833,932 \$	35,151,336 \$	41,197,030 \$	43,903,501
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		19.42%	19.70%	15.92%	12.26%
Covered payroll	\$	24,369,602 \$	24,825,724 \$	24,041,185 \$	23,228,198
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		155.25%	141.59%	171.36%	189.01%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CRANSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

(2 of 2)

		2020	 2019		2018	_	2017
Total OPEB Liability							
Service Cost	\$	758,165	\$ 570,694	\$	546,119	\$	538,422
Interest on the total OPEB liability		544,115	400,456		380,630		363,147
Changes of assumptions		930,455					
Differences between expected and actual experience		(640,086)	3,327,983		172,483		
Benefit payments		(750,281)	(662,755)	_	(542,485)	_	(357,642)
Net change in total OPEB liability		842,368	3,636,378		556,747		543,927
Total OPEB liability - beginning		13,932,292	10,295,914	-	9,739,167	_	9,195,240
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	14,774,660	\$ 13,932,292	\$	10,295,914	\$_	9,739,167
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - employer	\$	519,171	\$ 449,828	\$	868,198	\$	512,786
Contributions - retired members							
Net investment income		38,077	43,177		37,929		49,267
Benefit payments		(519,171)	(449,828)		(368,198)		(512,786)
OPEB Plan Administrative Expense		(1,645)	 (1,530)			_	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		36,432	41,647		537,929		49,267
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		646,720	605,073		67,144	_	17,877
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		683,152	646,720	-	605,073	_	67,144
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	14,091,508	\$ 13,285,572	\$	9,690,841	\$_	9,672,023
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		4.62%	4.64%		5.88%		0.69%
Covered payroll	\$	87,331,208	\$ 86,830,931	\$	83,894,619	\$	82,578,112
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		16.14%	15.30%		11.55%		11.71%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS CITY OF CRANSTON PUBLIC SAFETY OPEB TRUST FUND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

(1 of 2)

	2020			2019	 2018	_	2017
Actuarially determined contribution (1)	\$	4,488,978	\$	4,426,721	\$ 5,108,840	\$	5,055,716
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	4,488,978	_	4,426,721	 5,108,840	_	5,055,716
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_		\$_	-	\$ -	\$_	
Covered payroll	\$	24,369,602	\$	24,825,724	\$ 24,041,185	\$	23,228,198
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		18.42%		17.83%	21.25%		21.77%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2020 Measurement date: June 30, 2020

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

⁽¹⁾ Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS CRANSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

(2 of 2)

	_	2020	. –	2019	 2018		2017
Actuarially determined contribution (1)	\$	519,171	\$	449,828	\$ 868,198 \$	6	512,786
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	519,171		449,828	 868,198	_	512,786
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_		\$		\$ \$	S_	
Covered payroll	\$	87,331,208	\$	86,830,931	\$ 83,894,619 \$	5	82,578,112
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.59%		0.52%	1.03%		0.62%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Valuation date: June 30, 2020 Measurement date: June 30, 2020

⁽¹⁾ Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) & No. 45

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY INVESTMENT RETURNS CITY OF CRANSTON PUBLIC SAFETY OPEB TRUST FUND LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS*

(1 of 2)

	2020	2019	2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return,			
net of investment expense	3.28%	5.92%	6.15%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CRANSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS INVESTMENT RETURNS CRANSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS*

(2 of 2)

	2020	2019	2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	5.88%	7.14%	6.47%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Supplemental, Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues from specific taxes and other earmarked revenue sources which by law are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government and which, therefore, cannot be diverted to other uses.

Education - This fund accounts for education programs financed with grants from private parties and the federal and state government, which are restricted as governed by the grant agreements.

Community Services - These funds account for various grants and donations that are used throughout the City for the general betterment of the City. Included in this category are the following funds:

- **Flood Mitigation** This fund was established to help mitigate flooding in low lying areas throughout the City.
- UDAG This fund accounts for the repayment of principal and interest payments from commercial loans funded by a grant from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- Economic Development Revolving Loan This fund accounts for the repayment of principal and interest payments from commercial loans funded by a grant from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- **Public Libraries** -This fund is used to account for gifts, bequests and grants received by the library for the betterment of the public library system.

Public Services -These funds account for public safety activities financed by grants, donations and charges received from private parties and federal and state agencies. This category includes the following funds:

Emergency Management

Harbor Master

Fire Revolving Loan Fund

Special Duty Fire

Animal Shelter

Police Grants/Donations

Police Federal Forfeiture-Justice

Police Evidence

Police State Seizure

Police Federal Forfeiture-Treasury

Training Academy

Special Duty Police

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Senior Services -The following funds were established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for specific activities sponsored by the Senior Citizens Center:

RSVP

Multipurpose Center

Adult Day Care

Senior Service Special Project

Cranston Senior Games

Governmental Special Revenue -This fund accounts for special grants and non-capital projects and includes the following funds:

Connetta Park

Parks and Recreation

Inaugural Committee

Capital Facilities Development Impact Fees

Cemetery Trust

Historical Records

Community Development Block Grant -This fund accounts for Federal Community Development Block Grants.

WIA Job Development -This fund is a joint venture with the City of Providence to help unemployed and underemployed individuals.

Capital Project Funds

The Capital Project Funds account for all resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of capital facilities by the City, except for those financed by the Enterprise Funds.

School Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements to school buildings, and for the acquisition of equipment for the Cranston School District.

Police and Fire Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements to police and fire stations and for the acquisition of police and fire equipment.

Public Building Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements of City buildings and the acquisition of equipment for City Hall.

Recreation Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements of the City's recreation facilities and for the acquisition of open space.

Highway Bond Fund - This fund accounts for construction and improvements to roads and highways within the City.

Storm Drains Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the installation and repair of storm drains within the City.

Library Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements to the Library's within the City.

Neighborhood Infrastructure Bond Fund - This fund accounts for neighborhood improvement projects.

Open Space Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the acquisition of open space.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

				s	Special Revenue	Funds		
	_	Education	Community Services	Public Service	Senior Services	Governmental Special Revenue Funds	Community Development Block Grant	WIOA Job Development
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	842,100	1,590,222 \$	521,461 \$	131,239 \$	1,347,909	\$	\$ 77,819
Intergovernmental		3,275,188						
Loans		0.047	483,454	F70 44F			2,170,300	
Other Security deposits		3,317 9,282		570,115				
Due from:		9,202						
Other funds		60,786	2,276					
outer rando	_	33,.33						
Total Assets	\$ <u>_</u>	4,190,673	2,075,952 \$	1,091,576 \$	131,239	1,347,909	2,170,300	\$ 77,819
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	291,624	1,750 \$	1,236 \$	9,219	\$ 101,822	\$ 847	\$ 1,752
Accrued payroll				91,720			7,500	5,401
Due to other funds		3,082,900	5,000	278,283			27,661	136,868
Unearned revenues	_	761,864	378,183				2,170,300	
Total liabilities	_	4,136,388	384,933	371,239	9,219	101,822	2,206,308	144,021
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		54,285	1,691,019	720,337	122,020	1,246,087		
Committed								
Unassigned	<u></u>						(36,008)	(66,202)
Total fund balances	_	54,285	1,691,019	720,337	122,020	1,246,087	(36,008)	(66,202)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	4,190,673	2,075,952 \$	1,091,576 \$	131,239	1,347,909	\$ 2,170,300	\$ 77,819

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

							Са	apital Project	Fu	nds								
	-	School Bond Fund		Police and Fire Bond Fund	Public Building Bond Fund	Recreation Bond Fund	_	Highway Bond Fund	-	Storm Drains Bond Fund		Library ond Fund		Neighborhood Infrastructure Bond Fund		Open Space Bond Fund		otal Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:																		
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Intergovernmental Loans Other Security deposits	\$	202,146 \$ 1,096,043	3	454,641 \$	12,640 \$	622,383	\$	4,701,308	\$	1,465,970 \$		52,593 \$	5	250,355 \$	3	118,861	\$	12,391,647 4,371,231 2,653,754 573,432 9,282
Due from: Other funds	-						_		_				_				_	63,062
Total Assets	\$	1,298,189	\$	454,641 \$	12,640	622,383	\$_	4,701,308	\$_	1,465,970	\$	52,593	\$_	250,355	\$_	118,861	\$	20,062,408
Liabilities and Fund Balances																		
Liabilities:																		
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Unearned revenues Total liabilities	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$	\$ 		\$ 	\$ -	870,790	\$ -	52,315	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$ 		\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$	1,331,355 104,621 3,530,712 3,310,347 8,277,035
Fund Balances: Restricted Committed Unassigned		1,298,189		454,641	12,640	622,383		3,830,518		1,413,655		52,593		250,355		118,861		11,887,583
Total fund balances	-	1,298,189	_	454,641	12,640	622,383	-	3,830,518	-	1,413,655	_	52,593	_	250,355	_	118,861	_	11,785,373
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,298,189	\$	454,641 \$	12,640	622,383	\$_	4,701,308	\$	1,465,970	\$	52,593	\$_	250,355	\$	118,861	\$	20,062,408

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

					Special Revenue	Funds		
P	_	Education	Community Services	Public Service	Senior Services	Governmental Special Revenue Funds	Community Development Block Grant	WIOA Job Development
Revenues:	•	40.074.400 ft	•	150,050 \$	\$	\$	538,126 \$	440 440
Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	10,974,183 \$	\$	2,008,191	45,694	300,871	538,126 \$	442,443
Investment income			247,145	1,909	246	8,325	506,675	23
Other			89,528	36,572	240	0,323	300,073	20
Total revenues	-	10,974,183	336,673	2,196,722	45,940	309,196	1,044,801	442,466
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government			8,485			327,992		356,997
Public safety				2,282,510		10,000		
Education		10,774,680						
Public libraries			84,477			22,309		
Senior services					58,821			
Community development							1,051,204	
Debt service:								
Interest and other costs								
Capital: Capital expenditures								
Total expenditures	_	10,774,680	92,962	2,282,510	58,821	360,301	1,051,204	356,997
rotal experiolitures	_	10,774,000	92,962	2,262,510	30,021	360,301	1,051,204	350,997
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures	_	199,503	243,711	(85,788)	(12,881)	(51,105)	(6,403)	85,469
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Issuance of general obligation bond								
Bond premium								
Transfer out	_	(184,399)					<u> </u>	
Net other financing sources (uses)	_	(184,399)	- -	- .	-	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
Net Change in Fund Balances		15,104	243,711	(85,788)	(12,881)	(51,105)	(6,403)	85,469
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019	_	39,181	1,447,308	806,125	134,901	1,297,192	(29,605)	(151,671)
Fund Balances - June 30, 2020	\$ <u></u>	54,285 \$	1,691,019 \$	720,337 \$	122,020 \$	1,246,087 \$	(36,008)	(66,202)

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

						С	apital Projects F	und				
	_			Police	Public		•			Neighborhood		Total Nonmajor
		School Bond Fund		and Fire Bond Fund	uilding nd Fund	Recreation Bond Fund	Highway Bond Fund	Storm Drains Bond Fund	Library Bond Fund	Infrastructure Bond Fund	Open Space Bond Fund	Governmental Funds
Revenues:		Dona i una	_	Dona i unu	 na i ana	Bolla i alia	Dona i unu	<u> </u>	Dona i unu	Dona i ana	Bona i una	Tulius
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	\$	\$ \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	12,104,802
Charges for services												2,354,756
Investment income										0		764,323
Other			_		 							126,100
Total revenues	_	-	_	-	 							15,349,981
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government												693,474
Public safety												2,292,510
Education												10,774,680
Public libraries												106,786
Senior services												58,821
Community development												1,051,204
Debt service:												
Interest and other costs				20,064	21	25,176	132,032	18,780	2	40,273		236,348
Capital:												
Capital expenditures	_	6,749,862	_	1,306,474	 29,412	1,973,734	4,300,547	260,444			4,505	14,624,978
Total expenditures	_	6,749,862	_	1,326,538	 29,433	1,998,910	4,432,579	279,224	2	40,273	4,505	29,838,801
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over												
Expenditures	_	(6,749,862)	_	(1,326,538)	 (29,433)	(1,998,910)	(4,432,579)	(279,224)	(2)	(40,273)	(4,505)	(14,488,820)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Issuance of general obligation bond				1,371,867		1,714,834	9,037,174	1,286,125		0		13,410,000
Bond premium				248,665	0	310,831	1,638,080	233,123		0		2,430,699
Transfer out					 							(184,399)
Net other financing sources (uses)	_		_	1,620,532		2,025,665	10,675,254	1,519,248				15,656,300
Net Change in Fund Balances		(6,749,862)		293,994	(29,433)	26,755	6,242,675	1,240,024	(2)	(40,273)	(4,505)	1,167,480
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019		8,048,051	_	160,647	 42,073	595,628	(2,412,157)	173,631	52,595	290,628	123,366	10,617,893
Fund Balances - June 30, 2020	\$	1,298,189	\$	454,641	\$ 12,640	622,383	\$ 3,830,518	1,413,655	\$ 52,593	250,355 \$	118,861	11,785,373

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NONMAJOR BUDGETARY FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

	_	Originally Adopted Budget		Final Approved Budget	. <u>-</u>	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:							
Program income	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$	506,675	\$ 156,675
Federal grants		1,191,000		1,191,000		538,126	(652,874)
Total revenues		1,541,000	_	1,541,000		1,044,801	(496,199)
Expenditures: Current:							
Program activities	_	1,541,000	_	1,541,000		1,051,204	489,796
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ __		\$_	<u>-</u>	\$	(6,403)	\$ (6,403)

WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACT

	_	Originally Adopted Budget	. <u>-</u>	Final Approved Budget	<u>-</u>	Actual (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:								
Program income	\$	451,351	\$	451,351	\$	442,443	\$	(8,908)
Investment income	_		_			23		23
Total revenues		451,351	· -	451,351	· -	442,466		(8,885)
Expenditures: Current:								
Program activities	_	451,351	_	451,351	-	356,997	į	94,354
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	85,469	\$	85,469

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise or where the City has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, management control, accountability, public policy or other purposes.

The following is a list of Nonmajor enterprise funds in this section:

School Lunch Fund - This fund accounts for the school lunch program.

Charter School - This fund accounts for the New England Laborers / Cranston Public Schools Construction & Career Academy.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) JUNE 30, 2020

	_	В	usin	ess-Type Activitie	s
		School Lunch		Charter School	Totals
Assets					
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses Inventory	\$	215,873 78,433	\$	641,760 \$ 30,706	857,633 30,706 78,433
Receivables: Due from other funds Intergovernmental Total current assets	_	88,145 382,451	· <u>-</u>	32,569 156,514 861,549	32,569 244,659 1,244,000
Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset	_		. <u> </u>	244,579	244,579
Subtotal noncurrent assets		-		244,579	244,579
Capital Assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	963,420	. <u> </u>	30,107	993,527
Total noncurrent assets		963,420	_	274,686	1,238,106
Total assets		1,345,871	_	1,136,235	2,482,106
Deferred Outflow of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	_		. <u>-</u>	389,026 48,969 437,995	389,026 48,969 437,995
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources		1,345,871		1,574,230	2,920,101
Liabilities				_	
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Compensated absences Unearned revenue Total current liabilities	_	112,045 73,619 185,664		23,166 14,725 34,989 16,250 89,130	135,211 14,725 34,989 89,869 274,794
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities	_	-		197,084 1,939,864 2,136,948	197,084 1,939,864 2,136,948
Total liabilities		185,664	_	2,226,078	2,411,742
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-	· <u>-</u>	149,306 8,489 157,795	149,306 8,489 157,795
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	185,664	_	2,383,873	2,569,537
Net Position: Net Investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position		963,420 196,787 1,160,207		30,107 (839,750) (809,643)	993,527 (642,963) 350,564
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$	1,345,871	\$	1,574,230 \$	2,920,101

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Business-Type Activities								
	_	School Lunch	. <u>-</u>	Charter School	. <u>-</u>	Totals				
Operating Revenues:										
Charges for usage and service	\$	714,203	\$		\$	714,203				
Intergovernmental		2,256,576				2,256,576				
Tuition				2,556,253		2,556,253				
On-behalf pension contribution				155,775		155,775				
Miscellaneous		18,098	. <u>-</u>		<u> </u>	18,098				
Total operating revenues		2,988,877	. <u> </u>	2,712,028	. <u> </u>	5,700,905				
Operating Expenses:										
Operations		2,830,281		1,165,002		3,995,283				
Personnel		45,325		1,769,132		1,814,457				
Claims		-		17,838		17,838				
Depreciation		175,595	_	9,181	_	184,776				
Total operating expenses		3,051,201	_	2,961,153	_	6,012,354				
0 "		(00.004)		(0.40, 405)		(0.4.4.4.40)				
Operating Loss		(62,324)	-	(249,125)		(311,449)				
Nonoperating Revenues:										
Investment income		32		5,184		5,216				
Grant income				173,223		173,223				
Total nonoperating revenues	<u> </u>	32	<u> </u>	178,407	_	178,439				
Change in Net Position		(62,292)		(70,718)		(133,010)				
Net Position - July 1, 2019		1,222,499		(738,925)		483,574				
Net Position - June 30, 2020	 \$	1 160 207	\$		\$	250 564				
1461 F USILIUII - JUITE 3U, ZUZU	Ψ_	1,160,207	Ψ=	(809,643)	Ψ_	350,564				

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	E	Busin	ess-Type Activiti	ies	
	_	School Lunch		Charter School		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash received from customers	\$	3,077,146	\$	2,555,290	\$	5,632,436
Cash paid to suppliers				(1,133,278)		(1,133,278)
Cash paid to employees		(45,325)		(1,566,676)		(1,612,001)
Cash paid for other operating expenses		(3,349,096)				(3,349,096)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(317,275)	_	(144,664)		(461,939)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Non-operating grant				17,618		17,618
Advances from interfund loans				(5,146)		(5,146)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	_	-		12,472		12,472
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Acquisition of capital assets		(595,607)		-		(595,607)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(595,607)	_			(595,607)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Income from investments		32		5,184		5,216
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	32		5,184		5,216
Net Decrease in Cash		(912,850)		(127,008)		(1,039,858)
Cash - July 1, 2019 (Including Restricted Cash)		1,128,723	_	768,768		1,897,491
Cash - June 30, 2020 (Including Restricted Cash)	\$ <u></u>	215,873	\$	641,760	\$	857,633
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash						
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(62,324)	\$	(249,125)	\$	(311,449)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash						
provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation		175,595		9,181		184,776
Increase in net pension asset				(51,139)		(51,139)
Increase in deferred outflows related to pension plans				86,355		86,355
Decrease in deferred inflows related to pension plans				19,158		19,158
Increase in deferred outflows related to OPEB plans				(7,494)		(7,494)
Decrease in deferred inflows related to OPEB plans				7,800		7,800
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		-		-		-
Increase in prepaid expenses		(44.044)		14,402		14,402
Increase in inventory		(14,244)				(14,244)
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		57,524		47.000		57,524
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(504,571)		17,322		(487,249)
Increase in compensated absences				(1,326)		(1,326)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB Increase in unearned revenue		30,745		17,532		17,532 29,782
Increase in difeative revenue Increase in net pension liability		30,743		(963) (6,367)		(6,367)
Net Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	(317,275)	\$	(144,664)	\$	(461,939)
The triang by (obod in) Operating Administration	Ψ_	(311,213)	Ψ=	(144,004)	* =	(401,838)



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

School Department Internal Service Fund -This fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the School Departments medical self-insurance plan.

City Internal Service Fund -This fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the City's self-insurance plans for medical, workers compensation, property and casualty, unemployment and general liability claims.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

			Go	overnmental Activities	
		School Department Internal Service Fund	i	City Internal Service Fund	Totals
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$		\$	844,054	\$ 844,054
Other		10,767			10,767
Due from other funds					-
Claims deposit		5,298,969			5,298,969
Total current assets	•	5,309,736		844,054	6,153,790
Noncurrent Assets:					
Advance deposits - medical		853,000			853,000
Total noncurrent assets		853,000		-	853,000
Total assets	•	6,162,736		844,054	7,006,790
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable				305,418	305,418
Due to other funds		4,045,912		3,365,961	7,411,873
Claims payable		, , -		1,079,491	1,079,491
Total current liabilities		4,045,912		4,750,870	8,796,782
Net Position:					
Unrestricted		2,116,824	ı	(3,906,816)	(1,789,992)
Total Net Position	\$	2,116,824	\$	(3,906,816)	\$ (1,789,992)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		G	overnmental Activities		
	School Department Internal Service Fund	, ,	City Internal Service Fund		Totals
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for usage and service	\$ 26,304,206	\$	11,238,920	\$	37,543,126
Miscellaneous			49,190		49,190
Total operating revenues	26,304,206		11,288,110		37,592,316
Operating Expenses: Operations Claims Health care management	25 242 404		940,324 12,414,752		940,324 12,414,752
Total operating expenses	25,343,101 25,343,101		13,355,076	_	25,343,101 38,698,177
Operating (Loss) Income	961,105		(2,066,966)		(1,105,861)
Nonoperating Revenues: Investment income			1,114	_	1,114
Change in Net Position	961,105		(2,065,852)		(1,104,747)
Net Position - July 1, 2019	1,155,719		(1,840,964)		(685,245)
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$ 2,116,824	\$	(3,906,816)	\$	(1,789,992)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	School Department	G	Activities City		
	_	Internal Service Fund		Internal Service Fund		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash received from customers	\$	26,296,375	\$	11,288,110	\$	37,584,485
Cash paid to employees				-		-
Cash paid for claims		(26,691,614)		(12,062,375)		(38,753,989)
Cash paid for other operating expenses	_			(1,056,210)	_	(1,056,210)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(395,239)		(1,830,475)	_	(2,225,714)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Change in interfund loans		395,239		1,733,059		2,128,298
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	395,239		1,733,059	_	2,128,298
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Income from investments		_		1,114		1,114
	_			.,	_	.,
Net Decrease in Cash		-		(96,302)		(96,302)
Cash - July 1, 2019 (Including Restricted Cash)	_			940,356	_	940,356
Cash - June 30, 2020 (Including Restricted Cash)	\$_	-	\$	844,054	\$_	844,054
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash						
Cash Used in Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	961,105	\$	(2,066,966)	\$	(1,105,861)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:						
Decrease in accounts receivable		(7,831)				(7,831)
Increase (Decrease) in claims deposits		(1,348,513)				(1,348,513)
Decrease in accounts payable		-		(72,552)		(72,552)
Decrease in accrued payroll				-		-
(Increase) decrease in claims payable	_			309,043	_	309,043
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$_	(395,239)	\$	(1,830,475)	\$_	(2,225,714)



Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Pension Trust Funds - A fiduciary fund type used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit contribution plans.

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund - This fund is used to account for postemployment benefits for public safety employees.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds - A fiduciary trust fund type used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in pension trust funds or investment trust funds, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds were established to function as clearing mechanisms for cash resources which are collected and disbursed to authorized recipients. The following is a list of Agency Funds included in this section:

Unclaimed Estates in Probate -This fund accounts for unclaimed estates that are currently in probate.

Performance Bonds -This fund accounts for deposits received by the City to ensure certain work is completed by various developers. Once the work has been completed to the satisfaction of the Planning Department, the refunds are returned to the developers.

Student Activity Funds -This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of school student activity programs.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Pension Trust Fund	_	City OPEB Trust Fund	_	School OPEB Trust Fund	_	Total
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$	1,423,238	\$	1,930,703	\$		\$	3,353,941
Guaranteed Investment Contracts Real Estate Investment Trust		3,159,684				54,652		3,159,684 54,652
Common Stock		13,180,381				0 1,002		13,180,381
Pooled Equity Index Funds Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds		, ,				362,071 266,429		362,071 266,429
International Equity Mutual Funds				1,768,565				1,768,565
U.S. Equity Mutual Funds		29,011,497		2,862,636				31,874,133
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		21,317,426		2,226,200				23,543,626
Contribution receivable	_		-	436,322	_		_	436,322
Total assets	_	68,092,226	-	9,224,426		683,152	_	77,999,804
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable				103,825				103,825
Due to primary government	_		_		_		_	
Total liabilities	_	-	-	103,825			_	103,825
Net Position Restricted for:								
Pensions		68,092,226						68,092,226
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	_		-	9,120,601		683,152	_	9,803,753
Total Net Position	\$_	68,092,226	\$	9,120,601	\$_	683,152	\$ =	77,895,979

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Pension Trust Fund	City OPEB Trust Fund	School OPEB Trust Fund	Total
Additions:					
Contributions:	•	04 400 000 Ф	4 400 070	•	05.054.004
Employer contributions	\$	21,463,003 \$	4,488,978 \$	\$,,
Plan member contributions Other	_	144,191	396,346	485,769	1,026,306
Total contributions		21,607,194	4,885,324	485,769	26,978,287
Investment Income:	_	_		_	
Interest and dividends		1,514,842	162,317	38,077	1,715,236
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments	_	(404,082)	79,946		(324,136)
Total investment income	_	1,110,760	242,263	38,077	1,391,100
Total additions	_	22,717,954	5,127,587	523,846	28,369,387
Deductions:					
Benefits		25,052,576	4,605,759	485,769	30,144,104
Administrative expenses		142,889	24,164	1,645	168,698
Total deductions	_	25,195,465	4,629,923	487,414	30,312,802
Change in Net Position	_	(2,477,511)	497,664	36,432	(1,943,415)
Net Position - July 1, 2019	_	70,569,737	8,622,937	646,720	79,839,394
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$_	68,092,226 \$	9,120,601 \$	683,152 \$	77,895,979

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Balance July 1, 2019	Addit	ions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020
Unclaimed Estates in Probate Court					
ASSET Cash	\$ <u>174,725</u>	\$	20 \$	78,145	\$ 96,600
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ 174,725				
Performance Bonds					
ASSET Cash Due from primary government Total assets	\$ 277,229 \$ 277,229	3	0,200 \$ 3,000 3,200 \$	6,000 6,000	\$ 331,429 3,000 \$ 334,429
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ 277,229	\$ <u>63</u>	3 <u>,200</u> \$	6,000	\$334,429_
Student Activity Funds					
ASSET Cash	\$ 799,465	\$ <u>1,238</u>	<u>3,640</u> \$	1,265,291	\$ 772,814
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ 799,465	\$ <u>1,238</u>	3 <u>,640</u> \$	1,265,291	\$ 772,814
<u>Totals</u>					
ASSET Cash Due from primary government	\$ 1,251,419 \$ 1,251,419	3	3,860 \$ 3,000 ,860 \$	1,349,436 1,349,436	\$ 1,200,843 3,000 \$ 1,203,843
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ <u>1,251,419</u>	\$ <u>1,301</u>	<u>,860</u> \$	1,349,436	\$1,203,843_



CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Year	_	Property Taxes Receivable July 1, 2019	Current Year Assessment	Transfers Addendums (Net)	Abatements and Adjustments	Amount to be Collected	Collections Net of Refunds	Property Taxes Receivable June 30, 2020
2020	\$		\$ 188,850,146 \$	444,148	321,760 \$	188,972,534 \$	186,257,778	\$ 2,714,756
2019		1,919,038		(412,183)	22,575	1,484,280	816,088	668,192
2018		657,313		211,255	3,551	865,017	271,114	593,903
2017		743,017			1,772	741,245	142,668	598,577
2016		641,425			213	641,212	42,884	598,328
2015		746,880			576	746,304	37,571	708,733
2014		748,884			151	748,733	21,708	727,025
2013		767,868			271	767,597	18,949	748,648
2012		774,967			201	774,766	16,713	758,053
2011	_	878,140	-		853,542	24,598	24,598	
Subtotal		7,877,532	\$ 188,850,146	243,220	1,204,612 \$	195,766,286 \$	187,650,071	8,116,215
Less estimated allowance for uncollectable accounts	_	2,166,000						2,007,500
Net property taxes receivable	\$	5,711,532						\$ 6,108,715

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Collections

 Year		July - August 2019 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY19 Accrual	· -	September - June 2020 Collections	-	Total FY 2020 Collections		July - August 2020 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY20 Accrual
2020	\$		\$	186,257,778	\$	186,257,778	\$	1,695,410
2019		598,593		217,495		816,088		135,751
2018		49,024		222,090		271,114		17,662
2017		19,892		122,776		142,668		9,991
2016		11,882		31,002		42,884		7,674
2015		6,200		31,371		37,571		5,990
2014		4,787		16,921		21,708		5,650
2013		2,372		16,577		18,949		3,606
2012		3,265		13,448		16,713		3,436
2011		3,304		21,294		24,598		205
2010	=				-			
Total	\$_	699,319	\$	186,950,752	\$_	187,650,071	\$_	1,885,375

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Schedule	e of Net Assessed Property Value by Category Assessed December 31, 2018	Reconciliation of Current Year Property Tax Revenue					
Description of Property	Valuations	Levy	Current year collections	\$ 187,650,071			
Real property Motor vehicle Tangible property	\$ 7,506,011,548 488,217,565 337,815,211	\$ 166,155,533 12,222,522 10,472,091	Revenue received 60 days subsequent to fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 Subtotal	1,885,375 189,535,446			
Total Exemptions and adjustments	8,332,044,324 375,707,664	188,850,146	Prior year revenue received in current year (2019 60 day rule)	(699,319)			
Net Assessed Value	\$_7,956,336,660	\$ 188,850,146	Current Year Property Tax Revenue	\$ 188,836,127			

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Land	Land Improvements	Infrastructure	Buildings	Vehicles	Office Furniture & Equipment	Machinery And Equipment	Total
General government	\$ 15,299,094	\$ 28,995,901	\$ 86,658,541	\$ 107,689,574	\$ 349,836	\$ 1,401,993	\$ 669,518	\$ 241,064,457
Public safety	10,200,001	60,000	17,602	1,413,355	15,093,078	1,249,490	8,012,186	25,845,711
•		·	·					
Public works		15,048,229	98,686	401	6,103,268	34,093	1,319,071	22,603,748
Education				19,653,976	5,190,671	1,211,563	19,226	26,075,436
Parks and recreation		2,753,978	603,902	560,224	811,945	9,511	1,556,584	6,296,144
Public libraries				457,862	17,458	3,586,942	142,783	4,205,045
Senior services				77,795	550,121	73,716	122,703	824,335
Total	\$ 15,299,094	\$ 46,858,108	\$ 87,378,731	\$ 129,853,187	\$ 28,116,377	\$ 7,567,308	\$ 11,842,071	\$ 326,914,876

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	Balance July 1, 2019	. <u>-</u>	Additions		Retirements	_	Balance June 30, 2020
General government	\$	240,846,082	\$	227,495	\$	9,120	\$	241,064,457
Public safety		21,721,226		4,235,649		111,164		25,845,711
Public works		17,859,641		4,778,227		34,120		22,603,748
Education		13,557,098		12,704,366		186,028		26,075,436
Parks and recreation		4,176,981		2,175,008		55,845		6,296,144
Public libraries		4,157,660		47,385				4,205,045
Senior services	_	730,243	. <u>-</u>	111,150		17,058	-	824,335
Total Capital Assets	\$_	303,048,931	\$	24,279,280	\$	413,335	\$	326,914,876



Town of Cranston Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>revenue</u>	Municipal	Education Department
Current Year Levy Tax Collection	\$ 187,953,188	\$ -
•		,
Last Year's Levy Tax Collection	353,246	-
Prior Years Property Tax Collection	529,693	-
Interest & Penalty	1,026,443	-
PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection	241,078	-
Other Local Property Taxes	-	-
Licenses and Permits	5,773,859	-
Fines and Forfeitures	502,029	-
Investment Income	659,819	-
Departmental	2,151,376	-
Rescue Run Revenue	4,218,980	-
Police & Fire Detail	2,397,802	-
Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues	1,278,096	-
Tuition	-	1,469,937
Impact Aid	-	-
Medicaid	-	1,386,329
Federal Stabilization Funds	-	-
Federal Food Service Reimbursement	-	2,256,576
CDBG	340,414	-
COPS Grants	- 626.715	-
SAFER Grants	636,715	7 (20 070
Other Federal Aid Funds	-	7,639,878
COVID - ESSER	-	2,181,413
COVID - CRF	-	-
COVID - CDBG	-	-
COVID - FEMA	628,094	-
COVID - Other	68,648	-
MV Excise Tax Reimbursement	1,042,441	-
State PILOT Program	5,386,022	-
Distressed Community Relief Fund	2,547,805	-
Library Resource Aid	622,485	-
Library Construction Aid	-	-
Public Service Corporation Tax	1,020,662	-
Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax	2,050,022	-
LEA Aid	-	62,530,051
Group Home	-	-
Housing Aid Capital Projects	-	553,343
Housing Aid Bonded Debt	2,042,464	-
State Food Service Revenue	-	21,913
Incentive Aid	-	-
Property Revaluation Reimbursement	-	-
Other State Revenue	_	630,890
Motor Vehicle Phase Out	9,047,284	-
Other Revenue	931,917	1,266,787
Local Appropriation for Education	-	95,542,340
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	_	_
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	_	_
Other Education Appropriation	_	<u>-</u>
Rounding	_	<u>-</u>
Total Revenue	\$ 233,450,582	\$ 175,479,458
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds	\$ -	\$ -
Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds	78,010	
_	70,010	-
Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds	-	-
Financing Sources: Other	-	-
Rounding Total Other Financing Sources	\$ 78,010	\$ -
. C.a. Caner I manoning Journey	7 73,010	<u> </u>

City of Cranston Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	General Government	Finance	Social Services	Centralized IT	Planning	Libraries	Public Works	Parks and Rec	Police Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ 1,529,471	\$ 1,434,690	\$ 1,474,150	\$ 438,641	\$ 1,035,631	\$ 2,227,898	\$ 4,672,370	\$ 1,767,011	\$ 11,052,458
Compensation - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,259,515
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A	11,571	32,540	51,182	7,181	12,611	23,000	115,068	74,586	975,506
Overtime - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	111,167
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Police & Fire Detail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,199,500
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	214,130	130,011	291,815	76,838	193,339	299,125	867,431	287,797	2,402,397
Active Medical Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	253,206
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Active Dental insurance- Group A	11,270	6,843	15,359	4,044	10,176	15,743	45,654	15,147	116,943
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,327
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payroll Taxes	117,072	122,336	116,497	38,827	77,790	133,890	370,937	143,196	359,159
Life Insurance	4,849	8,513	7,344	1,170	3,328	6,336	15,980	4,524	53,880
State Defined Contribution- Group A	13,066	12,188	9,154	3,796	6,245	10,591	43,481	12,270	450,032
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,306
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group A	15,576	230,988	29,122	12,340	7,624	5,885	195,612	62,131	2,928,646
Other Benefits- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,223,387
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C									
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	150,878	109,691	82,383	34,160	56,203	178,538	391,328	117,542	1,703,230
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	113,429
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	- 04.043	50.054	20.622	47.440	-	220.044	- 02.500	420.052
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	-	91,943	69,054	28,633	47,110	-	328,014	92,560	120,052
Purchased Services	965,489	76,571	36,536	24.460	8,266	- -	366,720	107,995	298,588
Materials/Supplies	11,462	109,011	618,253	34,160	3,478	65,000	492,481	140,520	279,565
Software Licenses Capital Outlays	-	-	68,846	179,990 64,710	62,390	25,380	37,782	-	407,800
Insurance	1,200,000	-	00,040	04,710	02,390	23,360	37,762	-	407,800
Maintenance	1,200,000	-	18,275	145,281		65,000	4,521	7,692	370,466
Vehicle Operations			33,005	143,281	6,025	2,000	5,190,195	33,253	206,496
Utilities	_	_	3,964	131,174		110,000	407,404	117,246	45,267
Contingency	_	_	-	101,17	_	-	.07,101	-	.5,207
Street Lighting	_	_	_	_	_	_	981,621	-	_
Revaluation	_	28,433	_	_	_	_	,	-	_
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-					381,254		-
Trash Removal & Recycling		-		-	-		761,943		-
Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -	-	-
Community Support	36,292	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Operation Expenditures	2,083,326	91,885	64,530	1,983	78,065	476,000	159,370	831,365	1,617,865
Tipping Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,765	-	-
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rounding		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

 Total Expenditures
 \$ 6,364,454
 \$ 2,485,642
 \$ 2,989,468
 \$ 1,202,925
 \$ 1,608,280
 \$ 3,644,386
 \$ 15,900,932
 \$ 3,814,834
 \$ 36,576,187

City of Cranston Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

EXPENDITURES	Fire Department	Centralized Dispatch	Public Safety Other	Education Appropriation	Debt	ОРЕВ	Total Municipal	Education Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ 13,782,903	\$ -	\$ 175,023	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,590,247	\$ 81,130,961
Compensation - Group B	824,067	-	-	-	-	-	2,083,582	8,294,637
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,124,810
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A	5,786,778	-	1,497	-	-	-	7,091,521	-
Overtime - Group B	343,933	-	-	-	-	-	455,099	-
Overtime - Group C	20,554	-	-	-	-	-	2 220 054	320,005
Police & Fire Detail Active Medical Insurance - Group A	4,422,965	-	30,129	-	-	-	2,220,054 9,215,975	12,940,520
Active Medical Insurance- Group B	196,809		30,123	_	_		450,015	1,007,765
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,124,801
Active Dental insurance- Group A	174,283	-	1,586	-	-	-	417,048	688,231
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	10,358	-	-	-	-	-	23,685	59,920
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	301,748
Payroll Taxes	407,511	-	12,783	-	-	-	1,899,996	2,728,003
Life Insurance	63,694	-	688	-	-	-	170,305	73,069
State Defined Contribution- Group A	570,751	-	921	-	-	-	1,132,494	1,877,933
State Defined Contribution - Group B	9,281	-	-	-	-	-	23,587	161,021
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	124,562
Other Benefits- Group A	4,421,116	-	-	-	-	-	7,909,040	693,451
Other Benefits Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,057
Other Benefits- Group C Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	12,239,616			-	-	-	21,463,003	104,367
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	12,233,010	-	-	-	-	-	21,403,003	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	126,219
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	1,101,094	_	8,289	_	_	_	3,933,335	11,348,570
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	76,547		6,948			-	196,924	1,123,697
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-,,		-,			-	/	1,256,729
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	777,367	-
Purchased Services	1,249,693	-	-	-	-	-	3,109,857	17,979,534
Materials/Supplies	273,210	-	33,156	-	-	-	2,060,295	1,765,817
Software Licenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	179,990	597,289
Capital Outlays	384,408	-	-	-	-	-	1,051,316	2,073,004
Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,200,000	973,666
Maintenance	221,555	-	194,803	-	-	-	1,027,593	1,147,434
Vehicle Operations	187,032	-	-	-	-	-	5,658,006	1,434,533
Utilities	899,431	-	-	-	-	-	1,714,486	2,523,098
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	-	981,621	-
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,433	-
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	381,254 761,943	-
Trash Removal & Recycling Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	701,943	-
Community Support							36,292	
Other Operation Expenditures	459,862		3,300	-			5,867,552	141,541
Tipping Fees	.55,002		-	_		_	71,765	
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	95,542,340	-	-	95,542,340	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	6,124,950	-	6,124,950	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	3,221,692	-	3,221,692	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	680,550	-	680,550	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	805,421	-	805,421	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total OPEB Contribution- Total	-		-	-	-	4,488,978	- 4,488,978	10E 760
Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	+,400,378	4,400,578	485,769
Rounding							<u>_</u>	
Total Expenditures	\$ 48,127,449	\$ -	\$ 469,122	\$ 95,542,340	\$ 10,832,613	\$ 4,488,978	\$ 234,047,610	\$ 174,800,760
. Sta. Experiences	¥ 10,127,143		ψ 103,122	7 33,372,340	7 10,002,010	ş ., 100,576	- 20.,047,010	Ç 17.1,500,700
			: Transfer to Cap : Transfer to Oth				\$ -	\$ -
				nd Escrow Agent	t		_	-
		Financing Uses					-	-
		Total Other Fir					\$ -	\$ -
		Net Change in	Fund Balance ¹				(519,018)	678,698
			- beginning of yo				\$19,380,023	\$4,997,490
		Funds added to	Reportable Go	le Government S vernment Servic			-	-
		Prior period adjustments Misc. Adjustment					1	1
	Fund Balance ¹ - beginning of year adjusted							
	i ana varance - veginning vi year avjusteu			19,380,024	4,997,491			
		Rounding Fund Balance ¹	- end of year				\$ 18,861,006	\$ 5,676,189

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

City of Cranston

Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)
Combining Schedule of
Reportable Government Services with
Reconciliation to MTP2
Municipal
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements	Total	Total Other Financing	Total	Total Other Financing	Net Change in Fund	Beginning Fund Fund Balance ¹	Prior Period	Restated Beginning Fund Balance ¹	Ending Fund Balance ¹
Fund Description	Revenue	Sources	Expenditures	Uses	Balance ¹	(Deficit)	Adjustment	(Deficit)	(Deficit)
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2019 No funds removed from RGS for fiscal 2020 No funds added to RGS for Fiscal 2020 Misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2020 Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2019 adjusted						\$ 19,380,023 - - 1 \$ 19,380,024	- - - -	- - 1	_
General Fund Fire Detail Police Detail CDBG	\$ 231,111,206 25,635 1,973,327 1,044,801	\$ 78,010 \$ - - -	\$ 136,059,059	\$ 95,542,340 - - -	\$ (412,183) 5,081 (111,916) (6,403)	\$ 18,939,905 9,414 430,705 (29,605)	-	\$ 18,939,905 9,414 430,705 (29,605	14,495 318,789
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 234,154,969	\$ 78,010	139,216,060	\$ 95,542,340	\$ (525,421)	\$ 19,350,419	\$ -	\$ 19,350,419	\$ 18,824,998
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2									
Reclassify transfer of municipal appropriation to Education Department as expenditure on MTP2 Community Development Block Grant-To remove loan activity Rounding	\$ - (704,387) -	\$ - \$ - -	95,542,340 (710,790) -	\$ (95,542,340) - -	\$ - 6,403 -	\$ - 29,605 -	\$ - - -	\$ - 29,605 -	\$ - 36,008 -
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 233,450,582	\$ 78,010	234,047,610	\$ -	\$ (519,018)	\$ 19,380,024	\$ -	\$ 19,380,024	\$ 18,861,006

¹ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

City of Cranston Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Education Department Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description	F	Total Revenue	Fin	al Other ancing ources	Total Expenditures	Total C Finan Use	cing	Net Change in Fund Balance ¹		eginning Fund und Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Prior Period	d	Restated Beginning Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Fund	Ending d Balance ¹ Deficit)
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2019 misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2020 Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2019 adjusted									\$	4,997,490 1 4,997,491		- \$ - - <u>\$</u>	4,997,490 1 4,997,491	- =	
School Unrestricted Fund Enterprise Fund School Special Revenue Funds		74,645,588 2,988,909 10,974,183	\$ 95	5,726,739 - -	\$ 169,226,428 3,051,201 10,774,680		- - 4,399	\$ 1,145,899 (62,292) 15,104)	4,279,218 1,222,500 39,181	\$	- \$ - -	4,279,218 1,222,500 39,181		5,425,117 1,160,208 54,285
Totals per audited financial statements	\$	88,608,680	\$ 95	,726,739	\$ 183,052,309	\$ 18	4,399	\$ 1,098,711	\$	5,540,899	\$	- \$	5,540,899	\$	6,639,610
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2 Municipal appropriation for Education reported as a transfer on financial statements but a revenue on MTP2 State contributions on behalf of teacher pensions are reported as revenue and expenditures on financial statements only		95,542,340 (8,671,562)	\$ (95	5,542,340) -	\$ - (8,671,562)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$ -	-	\$	-
For financial statements, indirect cost charges and recovery are reported in federal grant funds and also actual expenditures & reimbursement reported in School Unrestricted Fund. Capital purchases in School Lunch Fund reported as an expense on the MPT-2 but recorded as an asset on the June 30, 2020 financial statements Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2019 Depreciation expense not recorded in UCOA Rounding		- - - -		(184,399) - - - -	595,608 - (175,595) -	(18	4,399) - - - -	- (595,608) - 175,595 -		- (543,408) - -		- - - -	- - (543,408) - -	1	(595,608) (543,408) 175,595
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 1	75,479,458	\$	-	\$ 174,800,760	\$	-	\$ 678,698	\$	4,997,491	\$	- \$	4,997,491	\$	5,676,189
Reconciliation from MTP2 to UCOA															
Miscellaneous variances between UCOA & FS	\$	1			\$ -										
Totals per UCOA Validated Totals Report	\$ 1	75,479,459	:		\$ 174,800,760										

¹ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Notes to Supplementary Information – Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) is a supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-22.2 and 44-35-10. This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General, and the Department of Education.

NOTE 2. Reportable Government Services

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

NOTE 3. Allocations

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the City's (or Town's) budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the City (or Town) made allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

NOTE 4. Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs

Compensation includes salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing allowance/maintenance, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses.

For Public Safety departments (i.e., police, fire, and centralized dispatch) and the Education Department, compensation and most benefits costs are reported in the following employee groupings:

Group A: This group consists of employees who serve the primary function of the department.

- Police Department police officers (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Fire Department fire fighters (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Centralized Dispatch Department civilian dispatchers only
- Education Department professional staff providing direct services to students
- For the remaining departments all employees' compensation and benefits are reported under Group A

Group B: For Police and Fire Departments, compensation and benefits paid to its administrative employees and civilian dispatch employees are reported under Group B. The Education Department reports compensation and benefits paid to executive/mid-level educational administration employees under Group B.

Group C: This group is only used for the Education Department and it includes administrative and support staff.

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are not reported by employee groups on the MTP2. They are reported in total as either (1) contributions to a qualified OPEB trust or (2) the amount paid for medical and dental insurance for retirees when an OPEB trust fund has not been established. The detail employee group information for the Education Department can be found on the State's Municipal Transparency portal website.

NOTE 5. Education Revenue and Expenditures

The revenues and expenditures presented on the MTP2 under the Education Department is consistent with existing Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCOA) guidelines. Each MTP account code has been mapped to the corresponding UCOA code or group of UCOA codes to facilitate the preparation of the MTP reporting.

Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/.



Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

TABLE 1

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR												
	2020	2019	2018	2017 (As Restated)	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 (As Restated)	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)			
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets	\$ 41,166,232	\$ 40,421,468	\$ 39,345,605	\$ 39,483,273	\$ 32,242,050	\$ 28,003,223	\$ 19,411,174	\$ 49,660,029	\$ 41,265,304	\$ 38,755,896			
Restricted Unrestricted	(372,812,384)	(374,211,125)	(347,727,799)	(358,214,329)	(319,188,692)	(315,174,995)	(320,500,997)	(86,076,389)	(85,654,610)	(81,803,993)			
Total Governmental Activities	(331,646,152)	(333,789,657)	(308,382,194)	(318,731,056)	(286,946,642)	(287,171,772)	(301,089,823)	(36,416,360)	(44,389,306)	(43,048,097)			
Business-Type Activities Net investment in capital assets	52,599,081	52,969,695	71,468,481	70,956,771	69,185,030	66,195,785	37,961,522	55,410,689	54,943,414	55,835,806			
Restricted Unrestricted	397,433 15,755,644	418,467 12,627,850	439,167 (8,644,499)	459,633 (11,507,291)	2,129,729 (16,171,019)	8,598,629 (22,951,735)	11,138,372	(7,230,976)	(9,165,835)	(11,349,807)			
Total Business-Type Activities	68,752,158	66,016,012	63,263,149	59,909,113	55,143,740	51,842,679	49,099,894	48,179,713	45,777,579	44,485,999			
Total City													
Net investment in capital assets	93,765,313	93,391,163	110,814,086	110,440,044	101,427,080	94,199,008	57,372,696	105,070,718	96,208,718	94,591,702			
Restricted Unrestricted	397,433 (357,056,740)	418,467 (361,583,275)	439,167 (356,372,298)	459,633 (369,721,620)	2,129,729 (335,359,711)	8,598,629 (338,126,730)	(309,362,625)	(93,307,365)	(94,820,445)	(93,153,800)			
Total City	\$ (262,893,994)	\$ (267,773,645)	\$ (245,119,045)	\$ (258,821,943)	\$ (231,802,902)	\$ (235,329,093)	\$ (251,989,929)	\$ 11,763,353	\$ 1,388,273	\$ 1,437,902			

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2020	2019	2018	2017 (As Restated)	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 (As Restated)	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 20,138,028	\$ 17,435,819	\$ 15,971,432	\$ 16,186,223	\$ 13,529,838	\$ 15,760,616	\$ 13,331,926	\$ 13,332,988	\$ 14,124,547	\$ 11,681,983
Public safety	82,320,732	108,645,221	75,827,868	123,175,761	77,077,346	76,316,860	76,071,254	80,850,179	76,501,580	74,176,278
Public works	16,823,150	16,677,301	16,701,972	14,976,564	15,878,037	15,539,611	15,709,766	15,002,479	15,167,301	14,162,027
Education	187,265,504	180,006,491	177,339,237	190,115,630	200,479,946	175,923,426	148,510,719	143,177,724	145,560,327	148,737,275
Parks and recreation	3,666,440	3,716,927	3,504,777	3,450,619	3,595,810	3,100,766	2,502,784	2,187,997	2,271,516	1,674,918
Public libraries	3,843,871	3,740,372	3,561,920	3,836,411	3,295,271	3,302,163	3,130,504	3,111,686	3,068,582	2,929,901
Senior services	3,061,547	3,202,095	3,040,817	3,077,015	2,904,766	3,172,283	3,091,950	2,902,182	2,894,707	2,747,580
Community development	1,040,171	1,425,753	1,340,187	1,042,849	1,724,439	1,430,568	716,188	1,240,559	1,467,564	1,560,098
Interest expense	3,147,113	3,417,594	2,052,994	2,609,611	2,778,437	3,245,053	3,659,457	2,887,674	5,143,233	5,003,790
Other							284,552,076		124,638	119,225
Total Governmental Activities	321,306,556	338,267,573	299,341,204	358,470,683	321,263,890	297,791,346	551,276,624	264,693,468	266,323,995	262,793,075
Business-type activities:										
Sewer	20,649,172	20,543,184	20,196,899	19,111,340	19,788,661	19,809,246	18,636,282	18,184,729	19,076,141	17,604,843
Public Facilities Management Foundation							92,137	77,010	93,501	200,937
Charter School Fund								2,648,536	2,710,210	2,960,621
School lunch							5,581,170	2,867,369	3,073,738	2,565,806
Other	6,012,354	6,672,150	6,119,203	6,129,756	5,835,392	5,698,896	1,526,883			
Total Business-Type Activities	26,661,526	27,215,334	26,316,102	25,241,096	25,624,053	25,508,142	25,836,472	23,777,644	24,953,590	23,332,207
Total City Expenses	347,968,082	365,482,907	325,657,306	383,711,779	346,887,943	323,299,488	577,113,096	288,471,112	291,277,585	286,125,282

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

							FISCAL YEAR			
	2020	2019	2018	2017 (As Restated)	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 (As Restated)	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)
Program Revenues				(======================================		(((
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 8,901,799	\$ 8,083,806	\$ 7,896,754	\$ 7,216,284	\$ 6,900,084	\$ 6,326,794	\$ 5,823,451	\$ 5,623,627	\$ 5,786,052	\$ 5,968,476
Public safety	6,043,895	6,561,184	6,121,655	6,116,849	6,432,342	6,257,323	5,597,507	5,256,803	5,512,505	3,893,316
Public works	1,263,226	1,321,215	1,296,471	1,056,208	941,631	1,026,133	747,410	925,173	737,643	681,668
Education	2,175,318	1,447,882	1,294,881	25,418,622	23,803,519	23,076,779	2,583,038	1,735,671	1,499,384	1,860,578
Parks and recreation	139,133	400,370	397,817	355,064	396,967	356,124	345,788	301,996	286,551	266,406
Public libraries	65,000	75,000	95,000	99,100	99,100	87,400	87,400	87,400	87,400	87,400
Senior services	1,448,175	1,727,304	1,654,979	1,646,558	1,612,507	1,729,051	1,668,453	1,723,744	1,651,421	1,806,092
Other activities										
Operating grants and contributions	88,930,795	85,529,484	82,691,335	85,884,786	81,983,286	79,836,039	76,706,418	74,953,160	61,072,753	59,840,449
Capital grants and contributions	150,050	65,608	89,535	77,484	112,842	185,562	218,721	96,781	330,885	638,392
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	109,117,391	105,211,853	101,538,427	127,870,955	122,282,278	118,881,205	93,778,186	90,704,355	76,964,594	75,042,777
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Sewer	22,727,619	22,816,372	22,857,078	23,182,878	22,192,444	22,135,939	20,565,668	19,341,561	19,359,122	18,876,713
Public Facilities Management Foundation							26,775	35,300	41,900	136,911
Non-major funds	3,288,554	3,618,125	3,466,787	3,573,946	3,608,947	3,338,096	3,302,480	3,738,516	4,281,139	3,942,173
Operating grants and contributions	2,429,799	2,755,615	2,603,782		2,483,891	2,420,657	2,441,887	2,256,490	2,225,893	1,787,715
Capital grants and contributions			177,000	2,668,371						
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	28,445,972	29,190,112	29,104,647	29,425,195	28,285,282	27,894,692	26,336,810	25,371,867	25,908,054	24,743,512
Total City Revenues	137,563,363	134,401,965	130,643,074	157,296,150	150,567,560	146,775,897	120,114,996	116,076,222	102,872,648	99,786,289
Net (expenses) revenues:										
Governmental activities	(212,189,165)	(233,055,720)	(197,802,777)	(230,599,728)	(198,981,612)	(178,910,141)	(457,498,438)	(173,989,113)	(189,359,401)	(187,750,298)
Business-type activities	1,784,446	1,974,778	2,788,545	4,184,099	2,661,229	2,386,550	500,338	1,594,223	954,464	1,411,305
business-type activities	1,704,440	1,277,770	2,700,343	7,107,077	2,001,227	2,360,330	300,338	1,374,223		1,711,505
Total City Net Expense	(210,404,719)	(231,080,942)	(195,014,232)	(226,415,629)	(196,320,383)	(176,523,591)	(456,998,100)	(172,394,890)	(188,404,937)	(186,338,993)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

							FISCAL YEAR			
	2020	2019	2018	2017 (As Restated)	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 (As Restated)	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)
General Revenues and other Changes	_			,						
in Net Assets										
Governmental activities										
General revenues:										
Property taxes and other	\$ 187,925,014	\$ 187,181,594	\$ 190,112,694	\$ 186,383,002	\$ 186,026,404	\$ 184,125,495	\$ 189,420,459	\$ 177,673,789	\$ 183,880,964	\$ 178,871,587
Grants and contributions not restricted										
to specific programs										
Gain/(Loss) on sale of assets								1,000,000		662,520
State special funding for pension	11,791,818	10,381,405	10,838,378	7,816,659	10,167,762	5,169,920				
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,424,974	1,198,487	824,602	772,132	491,493	552,058	252,218	626,522	586,730	577,703
Transfers				(18,900)	(17,889)	(25,662)	(1,737,409)	(20,826)	(23,817)	488,880
Miscellaneous	3,101,138	2,970,801	2,912,777	3,862,424	2,538,972	3,006,381	4,889,709	2,682,574	3,574,315	3,600,368
Motor veicle phase-out taxes	10,089,725	5,915,970	3,463,187							
Total Governmental Activities	214,332,669	207,648,257	208,151,638	198,815,317	199,206,742	192,828,192	192,824,977	181,962,059	188,018,192	184,201,058
Business-type activities:										
State special funding for pension	155,775	137,640	133,349	105,988	133,040					
Unrestricted investment earnings	463,510	632,767	432,142	456,385	488,905	257,825	368,591	363,136	313,299	342,267
Transfers				18,900	17,889	25,662	25,218	20,826	23,817	(488,880)
Miscellaneous	332,415					72,748	26,035	<u> </u>		
Total Business-Type Activities	951,700	770,407	565,491	581,273	639,834	356,235	419,844	383,962	337,116	(146,613)
Total City	215,284,369	208,418,664	208,717,129	199,396,590	199,846,576	193,184,427	193,244,821	182,346,021	188,355,308	184,054,445
Change in Net Assets										
Governmental activities	2,143,504	(25,407,463)	10,348,861	(31,784,411)	225,130	13,918,051	(264,673,461)	7,972,946	(1,341,209)	(3,549,240)
Business-type activities	2,736,146	2,745,185	3,354,036	4,765,372	3,301,063	2,742,785	920,182	1,978,185	1,291,580	1,264,692
Total City Change in Net Position	\$ 4,879,650	\$ (22,662,278)	\$ 13,702,897	\$ (27,019,039)	\$ 3,526,193	\$ 16,660,836	\$ (263,753,279)	\$ 9,951,131	\$ (49,629)	\$ (2,284,548)

TABLE 3

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

						FISCAL YEAR				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012 (As Restated)	2011 (As Restated)
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 1,706,660	\$ 5,366,568	\$ 7,261,553	\$ 3,264,015
Restricted	249,484	353,193	482,879	468,363	275,374	279,040	256,362	420,657	464,805	
Committed	4,797	44,030	44,030	44,025	42,892	2,115,631	1,884,028	1,653,133	2,356,649	6,390,443
Assigned									-,,	1,300,761
Unassigned	18,066,441	18,335,668	20,225,654	20,149,590	20,220,712	20,452,035	20,934,388	16,714,677	13,545,115	10,423,711
Reserved		, , , <u></u>		, , , <u></u>		, , , <u></u>			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Unreserved										
Total General Fund	18,527,722	18,939,891	20,959,563	20,868,978	20,745,978	23,053,706	24,781,438	24,155,035	23,628,122	21,378,930
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	149,524	135,219	120,484	116,183	147,689	3,900,353	4,543,783	6,123,093	5,606,358	3,489,492
Restricted	16,393,185	16,519,432	11,677,153	11,222,461	16,219,384	9,344,674	12,885,640	8,908,234	8,945,331	8,234,662
Committed	769,991	835,894	819,031	1,291,734	1,900,091	634,041	320,650	97,321	119,410	92,887
Assigned							11,656			
Unassigned	(102,210)	(2,593,433)	1,333,558	(650,642)	(171,829)	(152,166)	(3,506,353)	(8,578,569)	(11,865,051)	(10,727,614)
Reserved										
Unreserved, designated - school										
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds										
Capital project funds										
Total All Other Governmental Funds	17,210,490	14,897,112	13,950,226	11,979,736	18,095,335	13,726,902	14,255,376	6,550,079	2,806,048	1,089,427
Grand Total	\$ 35,738,212	\$ 33,837,003	\$ 34,909,789	\$ 32,848,714	\$ 38,841,313	\$ 36,780,608	\$ 39,036,814	\$ 30,705,114	\$ 26,434,170	\$ 22,468,357

The General Fund fund balance decreased \$0.4 million or 2.2% for FY20. The decrease was due primarilaly to cost overruns associated with unreimbursed COVID-19 related expenditures. All Other Governmental Funds increased \$2.3 million or 15.5% for FY20. This was due to primarily to the School Department's savings related to school closure during the pandemic in FY20.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1) (UNAUDITED)

	_					FISCAL YEAR				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)
Revenues Property taxes Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Licenses and permits	\$ 188,836,127 99,154,724 20,036,546	\$ 188,054,377 91,511,062 19,616,761	\$ 189,995,439 86,244,057 18,757,557	\$ 187,047,423 79,375,874 17,364,637	\$ 184,814,710 76,241,305 16,496,783	\$ 181,540,560 74,551,512 16,074,252	\$ 180,400,427 71,702,358 15,692,399	\$ 179,645,778 70,263,785 15,014,414	\$ 184,783,590 56,219,867 14,910,956	\$ 178,724,593 54,891,645 13,913,936
Fines and interest on late payments Interest on investments Departmental	1,423,940	1,197,216	824,527	772,089	491,455	550,694	250,841	624,555	408,711	389,697
State fiscal stabilization funds									2,396	814,266
State on-behalf pension contributions Other revenues	8,671,562 2,983,876	8,057,883 2,970,801	7,725,441 2,912,778	7,639,642 3,787,970	6,859,907 2,448,080	6,746,731 2,922,776	6,125,457 4,798,810	5,670,313 2,629,867	6,144,339 3,494,320	5,716,721 3,519,553
Other revenues	2,765,676	2,770,001	2,712,770	3,707,770	2,440,000	2,722,770	4,770,010	2,027,007	3,474,320	3,317,333
Total Revenues	321,106,775	311,408,100	306,459,799	295,987,635	287,352,240	282,386,525	278,970,292	273,848,712	265,964,179	257,970,411
Expenditures Current:										
General government Public safety	11,813,733 89,799,341	11,461,754 87,822,776	11,401,804 86,151,898	10,728,233 82,402,327	9,932,588 80,899,232	9,670,263 78,150,559	10,227,750 77,395,466	9,497,003 76,404,816	10,346,906 72,975,293	8,392,000 69,125,309
Public works Education	15,946,202 180,001,109	15,673,496	16,300,942 170,688,047	14,574,335 168,040,851	15,555,096 160,498,034	15,267,760 155,280,225	15,525,053 148,879,136	14,824,224 145,577,247	15,636,714	14,445,497 143,931,478
Parks and recreation	3,598,463	176,154,252 3,759,835	3,510,882	3,318,164	3,486,804	3,034,746	2,363,957	2,236,847	144,144,843 2,195,590	1,836,292
Public libraries	3,751,174	3,824,435	3,527,320	3,864,354	3,273,998	3,270,495	3,439,402	3,074,267	3,142,384	3,072,541
Senior services	3,048,291	3,297,648	3,103,654	3,045,115	2,908,045	3,119,557	3,084,039	2,872,279	2,911,362	2,754,871
Community development	1,051,204	1,428,317	1,347,154	1,144,284	1,724,439	1,487,068	1,659,368	1,908,299	1,467,564	1,560,098
Other	204,464	220,217	157,174	179,589	184,049	178,112	128,974	115,972	124,638	119,225
Capital outlay	14,841,347	17,379,624	13,695,602	10,211,687	12,091,531	4,455,146	6,069,584	4,196,151	2,268,257	5,063,077
Debt service:	6 005 500	7.604.000	7 244 000	7.025.000	7.020.000	7.255.000	6.015.000	5 520 000	(2(0,000	C 440 000
Principal	6,805,500 4,263,461	7,694,000 4,075,898	7,344,000 3,100,352	7,035,000 2,857,393	7,020,000 3,445,373	7,355,000 3,348,140	6,815,000 3,635,359	5,530,000 3,319,837	6,360,000 4,064,249	6,440,000 4,263,972
Interest	4,203,401	4,073,898	3,100,332	2,637,393	3,443,373	3,346,140	3,033,339	3,313,637	4,004,249	4,203,972
Total Expenditures	335,124,289	332,792,252	320,328,829	307,401,332	301,019,189	284,617,071	279,223,088	269,556,942	265,637,800	261,004,360
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(14,017,514)	(21,384,152)	(13,869,030)	(11,413,697)	(13,666,949)	(2,230,546)	(252,796)	4,291,770	326,379	(3,033,949)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of debt	13,410,000	16,405,000	15,840,000	5,440,000	37,035,000		10,210,000		19,385,000	3,700,000
Bond premium	2,430,699	3,906,379	590,103		2,573,150		111,906		1,066,929	91,420
Other sources	78,010									
Transfers in Repayment of debt to escrow agent	95,726,739	94,084,926	93,369,185	93,155,894	91,682,652 (23,862,607)	93,693,519	92,055,646	91,574,333	90,891,152 (16,788,678)	90,032,050
Transfers out	(95,726,739)	(94,084,926)	(93,369,185)	(93,174,794)	(91,700,541)	(93,719,181)	(93,793,055)	(91,595,159)	(90,914,969)	(90,740,684)
Hailsters out	(55,120,135)	(74,004,720)	(75,507,105)	()3,174,774)	()1,700,541)	(73,717,101)	(75,775,055)	(71,373,137)	(70,714,707)	(70,740,004)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	15,918,709	20,311,379	16,430,103	5,421,100	15,727,654	(25,662)	8,584,497	(20,826)	3,639,434	3,082,786
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,901,195	\$ (1,072,773)	\$ 2,561,073	\$ (5,992,597)	\$ 2,060,705	\$ (2,256,208)	\$ 8,331,701	\$ 4,270,944	\$ 3,965,813	\$ 48,837
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	<u>3.5%</u>	3.8%	3.4%	3.3%	3.7%	3.8%	<u>3.9%</u>	<u>3.4%</u>	4.0%	4.2%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule includes expenditures of the General Fund, School Department, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds.

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1) (UNAUDITED)

	REAL PROPERTY							PERSONAL PROPERTY							TOTAL					
Year Ended June 30,		Asseessed Value (1)	Direct Tax Rate		Commercial Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate		Estimated Actual Value		Assessed Value (1)	Direct Tax Rate Tangible	Direct Tax Rate Motor Vehicle	Direct Tax Rate Inventory		Estimated Actual Value		Assessed Value (1)		Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Total Assessed to Total Estimated Actual Value
2011	\$	5,696,562,900	20	\$	1,363,784,200	29	\$	7,060,347,100	\$	781,306,230	29	42	N/A	\$	781,306,230	\$	7,841,653,330	\$	7,841,653,330	1.000
2012	\$	5,712,462,800	20	\$	1,361,533,300	30	\$	7,073,996,100	\$	778,330,466	30	42	N/A	\$	778,330,466	\$	7,852,326,566	\$	7,852,326,566	1.000
2013	\$	4,857,922,900	23	\$	1,333,042,700	34	\$	6,190,965,600	\$	788,030,196	34	42	N/A	\$	788,030,196	\$	6,978,995,796	\$	6,978,995,796	1.000
2014	\$	4,868,431,400	23	\$	1,329,501,500	34	\$	6,197,932,900	\$	786,121,128	34	42	N/A	\$	786,121,128	\$	6,984,054,028	\$	6,984,054,028	1.000
2015	\$	4,882,850,900	23	\$	1,310,585,835	34	\$	6,193,436,735	\$	834,519,001	34	42	N/A	\$	834,519,001	\$	7,027,955,736	\$	7,027,955,736	1.000
2016	\$	5,127,157,200	22	\$	1,331,450,700	34	\$	6,458,607,900	\$	844,756,803	34	42	N/A	\$	844,756,803	\$	7,303,364,703	\$	7,303,364,703	1.000
2017	\$	5,141,214,200	22	\$	1,336,494,580	34	\$	6,477,708,780	\$	880,194,812	34	42	N/A	\$	880,194,812	\$	7,357,903,592	\$	7,357,903,592	1.000
2018	\$	5,159,551,900	23	\$	1,361,761,380	34	\$	6,521,313,280	\$	838,596,912	34	42	N/A	\$	838,596,912	\$	7,359,910,192	\$	7,359,910,192	1.000
2019	\$	6,000,994,700	20	\$	1,479,702,000	30	\$	7,480,696,700	\$	828,242,120	30	42	N/A	\$	828,242,120	\$	8,308,938,820	\$	8,308,938,820	1.000
2020	\$	6,025,390,325	21	\$	1,480,702,223	31	\$	7,506,092,548	\$	826,032,776	31	35	N/A	\$	826,032,776	\$	8,332,125,324	\$	8,332,125,324	1.000

⁽¹⁾ Gross amount is reflected without deduction for exemptions.

TABLE 6

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

				GRAND L	IST YEAR		
			2020			2011	
Name	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage Net Taxable Grand List (1)	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage Net Taxable Grand List (2)
Carpionato Alfred	Real Estate Management	\$ 112,150,132	2	1.35%	\$ 108,495,538	1	1.38%
Gateway Woodside Inc.	Real Estate Management	101,966,062	3	1.22%	76,084,821	2	0.97%
Picerne Properties	Real Estate Management	62,658,860	4	0.75%	66,720,398	3	0.85%
National Grid (formerly Narragansett Electric/Prov. Gas)	Utility	121,457,848	1	1.46%	60,744,072	4	0.77%
Brewery Parkade	Real Estate Management	35,670,866	5	0.43%	34,321,700	5	0.44%
SMC Terraces (formerlyCranston Addison)	Real Estate Management	22,357,700	7	0.27%			
Swarovski American	Industrial Manufacturing	16,822,170	10	0.20%	10,671,809		
Cox Communications Inc.	Cable Communications	21,086,628	9	0.25%	17,121,885	8	0.22%
Independence Way	Real Estate Management	19,686,500	8	0.24%	20,126,300	6	0.26%
Lowes	Retail Hardware			0.00%	18,000,491	9	0.23%
Tasca Auto Group	Car Dealership	23,356,967	6	0.28%			0.00%
BFMIT II Cranston LLC	Real Estate Management				20,865,000	7	0.27%
CRE IP LLC	Real Estate Management			0.00%	16,158,000	10	0.21%
TOTAL		\$ 537,213,733		<u>6.45%</u>	\$ 449,310,014		<u>5.60%</u>

Source: Town Assessor Department.

⁽¹⁾ Based on a net taxable Grand List of \$8,332,044,324

⁽²⁾ Based on a net taxable Grand List of \$7,841,653,330

TABLE 7

TAX RATES, LEVIES AND CASH COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30,	Total Adjusted Tax Levy	Net Current Levy Tax Collections	(Percentage of Current Taxes Collected	C	Net inquent Tax collections ubsequent Years	Total Net Taxes Collected All Years	Tota Colle Tota	ntage of al Tax ected to al Tax evy	De	tstanding elinquent Taxes	De T To	eentage of linquent axes to otal Tax Levy
2011	\$ 175,003,222	\$ 171,899,372		98.2%	\$	1,689,208	\$ 173,588,580	99	0.2%				0.0%
2012	\$ 180,715,853	\$ 177,799,124		98.4%	\$	1,567,623	\$ 179,366,747	99	0.3%		758,053		0.4%
2013	\$ 181,367,888	\$ 178,631,631		98.5%	\$	1,326,926	\$ 179,958,557	99	0.2%		748,648		0.4%
2014	\$ 181,591,061	\$ 179,327,785		98.8%	\$	1,575,331	\$ 180,903,116	99	0.6%		727,025		0.4%
2015	\$ 182,559,745	\$ 180,321,237		98.8%	\$	1,044,560	\$ 181,365,797	99	0.3%		708,733		0.4%
2016	\$ 185,998,132	\$ 183,674,083		98.8%	\$	1,754,419	\$ 185,428,502	99	0.7%		598,329		0.3%
2017	\$ 188,071,063	\$ 185,964,064		98.9%	\$	1,538,104	\$ 187,502,168	99	0.7%		598,578		0.3%
2018	\$ 190,460,481	\$ 188,585,112		99.0%	\$	1,266,839	\$ 189,851,951	99	0.7%		593,903		0.3%
2019	\$ 188,499,042	\$ 186,620,937		99.0%	\$	804,427	\$ 187,425,364	99	0.4%		668,192		0.4%
2020	\$ 188,850,146	\$ 187,650,679		99.4%	\$		\$ 187,650,679	99	0.4%		2,714,756		1.4%

Source: City's audit reports. \$\\ \\$116,217

⁽¹⁾ This represents the City's mill rate per \$1,000 of taxable property.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							_	TOTAL				
Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds		Bond Premiums		Capital Leases		Certificates of Participation		Total		Bond remiums		Certificates of articipation	I	RI nfrastructure Notes		Total		Total	Percentage of Personal Income	Debt Per Capita
2011	\$ 82,630,000	\$	2,568,449	\$		\$	1,725,000	\$	86,923,449	\$		\$	1,725,000	\$	7,510,841	\$	9,235,841	\$	96,159,290	N/A	1,195
2012	\$ 80,515,000	\$	3,459,476	\$		\$	1,400,000	\$	85,374,476	\$	11,199	\$	1,400,000	\$	6,515,386	\$	7,926,585	\$	93,301,061	N/A	1,158
2013	\$ 74,320,000	\$	3,178,199	\$		\$	1,065,000	\$	78,563,199	\$	7,466	\$	1,065,000	\$	5,952,516	\$	7,024,982	\$	85,588,181	N/A	1,061
2014	\$ 78,060,000	\$	3,048,679	\$		\$	720,000	\$	81,828,679	\$	3,733	\$	720,000	\$	23,387,188	\$	24,110,921	\$	105,939,600	N/A	1,313
2015	\$ 71,060,000	\$	2,758,348	\$		\$	365,000	\$	74,183,348	\$		\$	365,000	\$	22,818,364	\$	23,183,364	\$	97,366,712	N/A	1,207
2016	\$ 78,270,000	\$	3,451,770	\$		\$		\$	81,721,770	\$		\$		\$	21,525,000	\$	21,525,000	\$	103,246,770	N/A	1,275
2017	\$ 73,475,000	\$	3,076,397	\$	3,200,000	\$		\$	79,751,397	\$		\$		\$	20,463,267	\$	20,463,267	\$	100,214,664	N/A	1,237
2018	\$ 71,131,000	\$	3,158,949	\$	2,780,000	\$		\$	77,069,949	\$		\$		\$	19,353,000	\$	19,353,000	\$	96,422,949	N/A	1,190
2019	\$ 89,943,000	\$	6,470,534	\$	2,340,000	\$		\$	98,753,534	\$		\$		\$	18,253,000	\$	18,253,000	\$	117,006,534	N/A	1,440
2020	\$ 96,218,000	\$	8,184,903	\$	1,890,000	\$		\$	106,292,903	\$		\$		\$	17,140,000	\$	17,140,000	\$	123,432,903	N/A	1,515

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

TABLE 9

RATIOS OF GENERAL DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		 General Debt	Outs	tanding		
	Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds		Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Debt Per Capita
-	2011	\$ 82,630,000	\$	82,630,000	1.05%	1,027
	2012	\$ 80,515,000	\$	80,515,000	1.03%	999
	2013	\$ 74,320,000	\$	74,320,000	1.06%	921
	2014	\$ 78,060,000	\$	78,060,000	1.12%	967
	2015	\$ 71,060,000	\$	71,060,000	1.01%	878
	2016	\$ 78,270,000	\$	78,270,000	1.07%	966
	2017	\$ 73,475,000	\$	73,475,000	1.00%	907
	2018	\$ 71,131,000	\$	71,131,000	0.97%	876
	2019	\$ 89,943,000	\$	89,943,000	1.08%	1,107
	2020	\$ 96,218,000	\$	96,218,000	1.15%	1,181

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

TABLE 10

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Assessed value Less: exemptions	\$ 8,332,044,324 (375,707,664)
Net Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 7,956,336,660
Debt limit - 3 percent of total assessed value	\$ 238,690,100
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit: Total bonded debt	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 238,690,100

Note: The City has no debt issues outstanding under the Maximum Aggregate Indebtedness provision (3% Debt Limit) - Rhode Island General Law 45-12-2. All other City debt has been incurred through special statutory authority which consists of approval by the legislature and voter referendum.

The State Legislature may by special act permit the City to incur indebtedness in excess of the three percent (3%) limit in accordance with Rhode Island General Law 45-12-11. The City of Cranston has never requested authorization under the Authority for the issuance of Indebtedness Excess - Rhode Island General Law 45-12-11.

TABLE 11

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ended June 30,	Debt Limit	App	t Debt blicable Limit	Legal Debt Margin
2011	\$ 227,144,751	\$		\$ 227,144,751
2012	\$ 227,602,133	\$		\$ 227,602,133
2013	\$ 202,307,525	\$		\$ 202,307,525
2014	\$ 202,495,272	\$		\$ 202,495,272
2015	\$ 203,692,047	\$		\$ 203,692,047
2016	\$ 211,558,045	\$		\$ 211,558,045
2017	\$ 213,378,825	\$		\$ 213,378,825
2018	\$ 212,782,442	\$		\$ 212,782,442
2019	\$ 238,690,100	\$		\$ 238,690,100

TABLE 12

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30,	(1) Population	(4) Median Income	F	(1) Per Capita Income	(1) Median Age	Education of Schooling Level in Years- Bachelors Degree	(2) School Enrollment	(3) Unemployment Percentage
2010	80,387	N/A	\$	21,978	39	N/A	10,744	11.7%
2011	80,450	N/A	\$	25,653	39	N/A	10,735	10.6%
2012	80,571	N/A	\$	28,496	39	N/A	10,685	10.4%
2013	80,701	64,282	\$	28,496	39	N/A	10,559	9.3%
2014	80,696	64,282	\$	29,218	41	N/A	10,374	7.3%
2015	80,972	64,282	\$	29,218	41	N/A	10,271	6.0%
2016	81,014	64,282	\$	29,878	40	N/A	10,443	5.1%
2017	81,034	64,282	\$	30,553	41	N/A	10,417	4.1%
2018	81,202	64,282	\$	30,553	41	N/A	10,365	3.7%
2019	81,274	64,282	\$	31,607	41	31.40%	10,324	3.3%
2020	81,456	66,283	\$	32,634	40	31.40%	10,186	12.9%

⁽¹⁾ Figures obtained from the Rhode Island Census Data Center derived from the 2006, 2010 and estimated 2017 census data.

⁽²⁾ Cranston School Department

⁽³⁾ Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training (as of June 30th).

⁽⁴⁾ US Census Bureau

TABLE 13

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

		2020			2011	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment (1)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment (2)
State of Rhode Island	5,500	1	15.09%	5,500	1	14.69%
City of Cranston	2,340	2	6.42%	2,513	2	6.71%
Citizens Bank			0.00%	1,880	3	5.02%
Tasca Motor Group	320	7	0.88%			
Walmart	300	8	0.82%	320	8	0.85%
Taco, Inc.	421	3	1.16%	400	6	1.07%
CranstonARC				410	5	1.09%
Thielsch Engineering	418	4	1.15%	325	7	0.87%
Swarovski Consumer Goods Ltd.	254	9	0.70%			
The Stop & Shop Co., Inc.	339	6	0.93%	437	4	1.17%
Honeywell Safety Products				314	9	0.84%
U.S. Security Associates				300	10	0.80%
Access Point RI	346	5	0.95%			
The Cedars	230	10	0.63%			
Total	10,468		27.15%	12,399		33.11%

SOURCE: State Department of Labor

⁽¹⁾ Based on 6/30/20 total City employment of 36,442

⁽²⁾ Based on 6/30/11 total City employment of 37,783

TABLE 14

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Government										
Mayor	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5
Department of Personnel	2	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
City Clerk	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Municipal Court	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
Board of Canvassers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
City Planning	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Economic Development	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
Division of Accounting & Control	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Division of Assessment	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Divison of Contracts & Purchasing	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Information Technology	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Division of Treasury & Collection	7	7	7	6	6	6	7	6	6	6
Police										
Officers	153	153	153	153	153	151	152	150	143	140
Civilians	26	27	27	27	26	26	26	25	25	25
Animal Control	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire										
Chief	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Uniformed	195	194	194	194	194	193	197	178	178	181
Civilians	15	15	15	15	15	15	16	16	16	16
Inspections	13	11	11	11	10	12	12	11	12	12
Public Works										
Administration	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3
Engineering	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Highway	41	40	40	39	39	38	39	39	38	38
Building	24	23	23	23	23	23	24	24	24	24
Fleet Management	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Refuse Removal	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Traffic Saftey	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	3	3
Parks and Recreation	23	21	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	19
Public Libraries	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	31	32	30
Senior Services	25	25	25	24	24	24	22	23	23	23
Communicty Development	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Other	7	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8
Education	1,548	1,530	1,534	1,527	1,462	1,442	1,437	1,431	1,461	1,528
Total	2,185	2,161	2,165	2,152	2,085	2,063	2,065	2,033	2,060	2,123

SOURCE: City Budget

TABLE 15

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/ PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

_	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental Activities										
Public Safety										
Fire:										
Total incidents	15,349	16,629	15,572	15,311	14,203	7,497	12,614	6,859	14,717	14,407
Rescue/medical calls	11,596	10,712	10,247	10,048	9,349	5,466	8,438	5,116	11,327	10,067
Rescue/non-medical calls	3,753	5,917	5,325	5,263	4,854	2,031	4,176	1,743	3,390	4,340
Fire hydrants	1,947	1,947	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,922	1,922	1,922
Police:										
Number of calls	33,676	91,258	83,970	81,239	78,896	65,422	66,243	67,937	66,542	66,030
Total 911 calls received	2,068	4,832	6,112	8,864	5,646	5,120	5,327	5,227	5,105	4,786
Formal investigations	10,263	22,949	22,128	23,312	20,039	17,075	16,097	15,150	14,706	14,923
City Clerk										
Number of documents recorded	16,632	13,690	15,226	15,267	15,036	14,513	15,036	16,381	14,529	14,793
Health and Welfare										
Number of food service facilities inspections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
New homes built	40	40	33	49	64	20	41	37	26	34
Land Use										
Total subdivisions approved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total commercial applications approved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Building Permits	1,778	1,871	1,890	1,747	1,864	26	48	41	28	39
Public Works										
Highway department:										
Streets (miles):										
Paved City roads	-	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318
Paved State roads	-	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69
Private roads	-	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Roads under construction (maintained										
by City	-	N/A								
Sidewalks (miles)	-	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Education										
Enrollment:										
High School Grades 9-12	3,178	3,295	3,319	3,356	3,279	3,213	3,223	3,303	3,504	3,580
Middle School Grades 6-8	2,452	2,470	2,478	2,467	1,695	1,661	1,486	1,637	1,482	1,579
Elementary Schools Grades K-5	4,556	4,559	4,568	4,594	5,469	5,397	5,665	5,619	5,699	5,576
·	10,186	10,324	10,365	10,417	10,443	10,271	10,374	10,559	10,685	10,735

Business-Type Activities

SOURCES: Various City Departments

N/A - Information not available

⁽¹⁾ Information not available due to the construction and consolidation of schools and related grade levels.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

_	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
Function/Program	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Governmental Activities										
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage (includes all open space)										
Parks and Public Squares	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Marinas	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Playgrounds	36	35	35	36	36	35	35	35	35	3:
Walking tracks	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Basketball courts	22	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Tennis courts	22	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Baseball fields	23	28	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	2
Softball fields	14	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Other fields	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Ice Rink	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Swimming Pool	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stadium and Field House	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Ī
Public Safety										
Fire Stations.	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	ϵ
Fire alarm boxes.	37	37	47	47	120	149	149	149	149	149
Fire hydrants	1,947	1,947	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,922	1,922	1,922
Police department:	1,2 . ,	1,,,,,	1,723	1,,,23	1,725	1,,,23	1,,,23	1,722	1,722	1,,,22
Stations	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	4
Animal Control Building	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Highway department:										
Streets (miles)	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	315	315
Sidewalks (miles)	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Public Libraries										
Number of branches	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	ϵ
			· ·		· ·			· ·	v	`
Education Number of High Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of Middle Schools	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of Elementary Schools	15	16	16	16	17	17	17	17	17	17
Number of Charter Schools	13	10	10	10	1	1	1	17	1	1
Number of Adult Education Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
•	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Senior Services										
Senior Citizens Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Development										
Number of loans issued	16	18	22	34	24	28	23	27	30	41
Business-Type Activities										
Sewer Fund										
Sewer mains (miles)	263	263	263	263	263	263	263	263	250	250
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200
Sewerage Disposal Plant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	20,200
Pumping Stations.	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
1 umping outrons	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	۷.

SOURCES: Various City Departments