TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



PREPARED BY: FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

180 High Street Wakefield, RI 02879 Tel. 401-789-9331

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

December 23, 2019

To the Citizens of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island:

The comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, is hereby submitted as mandated by both state statutes and the Town charter. State laws require that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants licensed to practice in the State of Rhode Island.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of South Kingstown. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Town of South Kingstown has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town of South Kingstown's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Town of South Kingstown's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, I assert that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Town of South Kingstown's financial statements have been audited by BlumShapiro, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of South Kingstown for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town of South Kingstown's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section on page 1 of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of South Kingstown was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are included in the Single Audit section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of South Kingstown's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors beginning on page 4.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The Town of South Kingstown established in 1658 and incorporated as a town in 1723, is a diversified community in a rural, suburban area of southern Rhode Island approximately 30 miles from Providence. The geography of the Town includes farmland, wetlands, salt marshes, waterfront areas, woodland, and many natural and scenic attractions. The total area is 62.3 square miles, consisting of 56.8 square miles of land and 5.5 square miles of inland water. The Town, fronting on the Atlantic Ocean, is part of the South County summer vacation area. The Town is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. The Town is also authorized to assess and collect excise taxes on registered motor vehicles and trailers.

The Town has a home-rule charter and operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The Town Council is elected by popular vote every two years and is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting a budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the Town Manager and Town Solicitor. The Town Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies of the Town Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Town, and for appointing all other employees, except for School Department personnel.

The Town provides a full range of municipal services including public safety protection, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure, libraries, recreational activities, planning and zoning, education and administrative services. In addition, the Town operates water, sewer and solid waste utility systems.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of South Kingstown's financial planning and control. All departments of the Town are required to submit requests for appropriation and revenue estimates to the Town Manager on or before the last day of January each year. The Town Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. It is the responsibility of the Town Manager to submit a proposed budget for the following fiscal year to the Town Council on or before March 1st of each year. The Town Council holds several budget work sessions in March to discuss the details the Manager's proposed budget document. The Town Council may revise and adopt a preliminary budget not later than March 22nd of each year. Two public hearings are required to be conducted on the preliminary budget prior to April 18th.

Following adoption of the preliminary budget by the Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting the Council to increase or decrease by any amount any item of expenditure in the said budget or to insert a new item of expenditure. The Council, before final adoption of the budget, shall consider and vote upon each such petition(s) which were submitted on or before April 21st containing no less than twenty-five (25) valid signatures of qualified electors of the Town.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT (Continued)

The Council shall, on or before May 1st of each year, complete its consideration of any petitions and make any final changes in the preliminary budget it may deem advisable, and give final approval to the budget by a vote of a majority of all the members of the Council. Following final approval of the budget by the Town Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting that a referendum be held on the appropriation for the general fund or the school fund in the budget as approved. Such petition may propose a reduction or increase in the total appropriation for said funds.

The Town Clerk shall cause a referendum by ballot to be held on all budget changes requested on petitions provided that each such petition shall contain signatures of no less than two hundred of the qualified electors of the Town and shall request an increase or decrease of a sum of at least \$250,000.00. The qualified electors shall be instructed to vote either for the original total or for one (1) of the proposed increases or reductions thereof. The appropriation receiving the most votes shall be declared to have been adopted.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, major program function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers within a major program function may be made by the Town Manager, provided that proper notification is given to the Town Council. Contingency funds available at year-end are authorized by resolution of the Town Council to cover any deficits within general classifications.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for the general fund and the school unrestricted fund on pages 88-90 and page 91 respectively as part of the basic financial statements.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town of South Kingstown operates.

Population, Housing, and Industry Characteristics: The current population of South Kingstown is estimated to be 30,712.¹ While statewide trends show slow population growth, the population of South Kingstown is projected to increase steadily over the next 20 years, with as many as 38,573 persons living in South Kingstown in 2040.²

¹ 2017 ACS 5-Year Population Estimate. U.S. Census Bureau.

² City and Town Population Projections. Rhode Island Statewide Planning Program. Website, http://www.planning.ri.gov/planning-areas/demographics/data/population-projections.php. Accessed 9/30/2019.

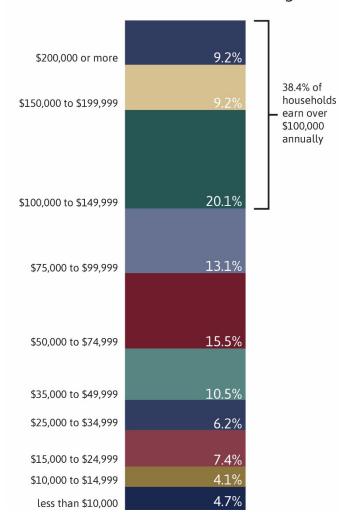
Population Change in South Kingstown



As of 2017, the median household income in South Kingstown was \$80,407,3 which represents an approximate 12.9% increase from the 2010 median household income of \$71,192.4 Additionally, 38.4% of all South Kingstown households earn over \$100,000 annually.5 Over 94% of South Kingstown's population are high school graduates or higher, compared to 87.3% statewide. Over 52% of the population holds a Bachelor's degree or higher, compared to 32.9% statewide.6

The median sales price for a single-family home has continued to improve since the crash in the late 2000s, as shown in the chart, below. The median single-family home sales price increased to \$367,500 in 2018 and continues to approach the 2005 high of \$374,500. The median sales price for condominiums also continues to improve, reaching \$408,973 in 2018. ⁷

Household Income in South Kingstown



³ 2017 American Community Survey. U.S. Census Bureau.

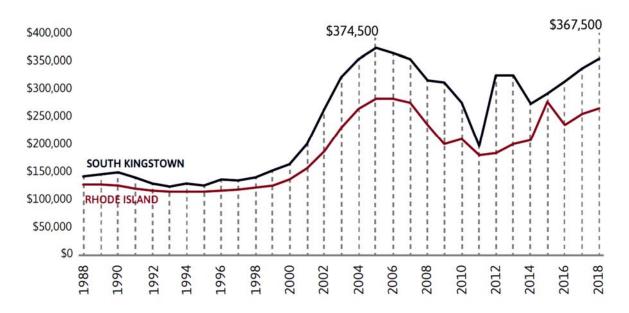
⁴ 2010 American Community Survey. U.S. Census Bureau.

⁵ 2017 American Community Survey. U.S. Census Bureau.

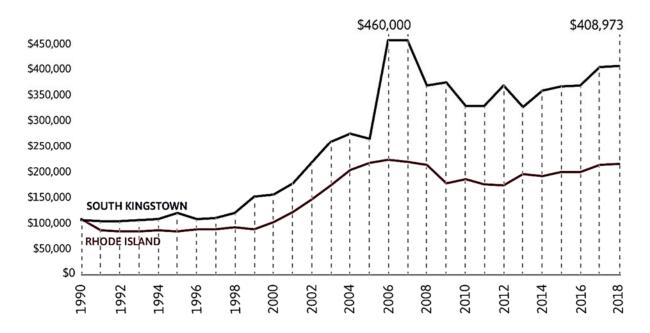
⁶ 2017 American Community Survey. U.S. Census Bureau.

⁷ 2019 Housing Fact Book - HousingWorksRI at RWU

Single Family Home Median Sales Price



Condominium Median Sales Price



As of March 2019, the Rhode Island seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate was 3.8%, down from 4.2% in March 2018, and South Kingstown's unemployment rate was 3.3%, down from 4.3% in March 2018.8

Between 2014 and 2018, employment in South Kingstown increased from 13,893 full-time equivalent jobs to 14,103, an increase of 210 (1.5%) jobs. Private sector employers reported a modest gain of 49 (0.4%) jobs, and the public sector employment also rose by 161 (4.3%) jobs.

In 2018, the top five employment sectors in South Kingstown were government (3,959 employees), health care and social assistance (2,972 employees), accommodations and food service (1,532 employees), retail trade (1,229 employees), and manufacturing (551 employees). Since 2014, employment in the health care and social assistance sector has increased 4.7%, up from 2,839 employees. Similarly, employment in the accommodations and food service sector has increased by 5.4% over the same time frame, up from 1,453 employees in 2014.9

Local economy: South Kingstown's economy is heavily influenced by the University of Rhode Island (URI), which had an enrollment of 17,974 students for the 2018-2019 academic year, this represents a slight decrease from the 18,318 of the 2017-2018 annual enrollment.¹⁰ This enrollment is supported by a faculty of 1,146 (full time teaching faculty of 758 and part time teaching faculty of 388). The University has a full time support staff of 1,828 and part time support staff of 164. Of the student population, approximately 5,700 students live on campus.¹¹

The University's total budget for the most recent fiscal year was \$790 million. The University has invested, or is in the process of investing, more than \$900 million in capital improvements and projects over the past 12 years.

At the University, capital project development has continued over the past year. Based on information found in URI's Capital Improvement Program for FY 19-23, the University anticipates investing over \$550 million in capital projects in the next eight (8) years. Three major projects under development in 2018-2019:

Fine Arts Center. The University has begun phase 1 to renovate the Fine Arts Center.
This first phase is part of a larger \$71.5. million project will improve the 1966 & 1971
existing buildings by renovating part of the structure and replacing part with a new building
to provide much needed improvements to support the ongoing Arts on campus.

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⁸ Local Area Unemployment Statistics. RI Department of Labor and Training. http://www.dlt.ri.gov/lmi/laus/town/town.htm.

⁹ RI Department of Labor and Training, Website, http://www.dlt.ri.gov/lmi/pdf/town18ann.pdf.

¹⁰ University of Rhode Island. Final Enrollment Report – Fall 2019. Website, https://web.uri.edu/ir/files/fer-f.

¹¹ University of Rhode Island. Website, https://www.uri.edu/about/facts/.

- Health & Counseling Center. This proposed facility will enhance the availability of seamless care in meeting the psychological and physical wellbeing of students that will contribute positively to retention, graduation, and life success.
- Meade Stadium. This project will improve the athletic stadium to provide a facility that can be used by varsity football program, along with general student use through intramurals and club sports well as being included in our inventory offered during the summer for outside events, camps and clinics.

Local Development Activity: Over the past calendar year, South Kingstown continued to witness an increase in development activity in both the residential and commercial building sectors. Multiple projects are under construction and several have received at least one stage of approval, including:

- Construction has been completed for a 100-room Fairfield Inn and Suites, located on Route 1 at Hampton Way.
- Construction has been completed for the Westerly Community Credit Union operation facility and branch bank, a 27,000 square foot office building on Route 1.
- South Shore Country Club, a condominium development composed of a golf course and 303 manufactured homes for persons aged 55 and over is under construction. 62 of the units have been sold, for prices ranging from \$394,500 to \$517,500.
- Construction has been competed on Tower Hill Condominiums, a 5-unit residential development on Route 1. Units are approximately 2,100 square feet and range in price from \$439,900 to \$469,900.¹²
- Construction has begun on Hopkins Green, a 32-unit residential complex which was granted final approval in May 2011and is anticipated to be completed by April of 2020.
- One (1) 1.0 MW solar energy projects has received final approval and one (1) additional 3.8 MW solar project is currently undergoing review.
- Site work for The Woods at Stone Soup, a 7 lot, 8-unit residential development, is ongoing.
- Construction has started on a 77,214 square foot self-storage facility on Old Tower Hill Road
- Construction has started on the Pawtucket Credit Union bank branch, a 2,280 square foot facility, on Old Tower Hill Road.
- Fieldstone Farms, a 39 lot residential development, received Conceptual Master Plan approval on September 25, 2018.

Long-term capital financial planning. As a part of the annual budget process, the Town Manager prepares and presents a six-year capital improvement plan. This plan identifies costs and financing methods for those capital projects that the Town anticipates funding over the next six years. The 2019-2020 fiscal year capital improvement plan projects needs through fiscal year 2025. The plan provides for the needs of the general government and addresses such issues as infrastructure, major equipment replacement, school facilities, public safety, recreation and open space purchases.

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¹² Coldwell Banker website. <u>www.coldwellbankerhomes.com/</u>.

This plan estimates total project cost over the six-year period of approximately \$95,462,441. Financing, net of third party funding sources for these projects by debt issuance, approximates \$81,500,000. In addition, \$16,405,000 in capital projects to be funded on a "pay as you go" basis is projected over the same six-year period. The total estimated cost of the two components of the six-year capital improvement plan is \$111,867,441.

Major projects planned in the capital improvement program include: recreational fields and open space programs for \$905,000; town beach and marina improvements for \$400,000; general municipal improvements for \$8,872,633; and school improvements for \$80,857,808.

Cash management policies and practices. It is the policy of the Town to invest funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return, with the maximum amount of security, while meeting the daily cash flow needs of the Town and conforming to all state statutes governing the investment of municipal funds. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and money market mutual funds. In addition, some trust funds held corporate stocks and bonds in their investment portfolios. Investment income includes appreciation in the fair value of investments. Increases in fair value during the current year, however, do not necessarily represent trends that will continue; nor is it always possible to realize such amounts, especially in the case of temporary changes in the fair value of investments that the government intends to hold to maturity.

The Town engaged the services of an Investment Advisor to assist the Town and the Finance Director with the Town's first written investment policy that complies with the Government Finance Officers' Association recommendation that municipalities create an investment policy as a best practice. This policy provides for future opportunities with longer term investment durations in US Treasuries and Federal Agency obligations for the Town's pooled cash, 'core' funds and Town's pooled cash liquidity 'cushion' funds which are short term or within FDIC. The 2018-2019 fiscal year recognized an increase in the average investment rate of 0.61%; from 0.83% in the prior year to 1.44%.

Pension and other post-employment benefits. The Town of South Kingstown participates in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (MERS), an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan for all permanent employees, who work in excess of 20 hours per week, except for certified school department employees. As a matter of policy, the Town of South Kingstown fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by the actuary. The actuarial assumptions and methods used in the actuary's report comply with the parameters for disclosure that appear in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment to GASB Statement No. 68.

The Town of South Kingstown also provides postretirement healthcare benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. As of the end of the current fiscal year, there were 70 retired School Department and Town employees receiving these benefits. The Town has completed their required update of the OPEB obligations with a valuation date of June 30, 2019. The Town has established an irrevocable trust fund for the funding of Other Post-Employment Benefits and as such the financial statements include an OPEB Trust Fund and the related disclosure requirements and required supplementary information in accordance with GASB Statement No.74 and No. 75.

Additional information on the Town of South Kingstown's pension arrangements and postemployment benefits can be found in Note 10 on pages 48-62 and Note 11 on pages 63-68, respectively, in the notes to the financial statements.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of South Kingstown for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The Town of South Kingstown has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-nine consecutive fiscal years (fiscal years ended June 30, 1990-2018). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department, and in particular Finance Manager Jeanna Krukowski. I sincerely appreciate their efforts in assisting with the preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report.

Finally, I would like to express my appreciation to the Town Manager and the Town Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Town in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

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Zachary J. Saul Finance Director

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND

TOWN OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2019

TOWN COUNCIL

Abel G. Collins, President

Bryant Da Cruz, Vice President Deborah Kelso

Rory McEntee Joe Viele

TOWN MANAGER

Robert C. Zarnetske

TOWN ATTORNEYS

PROBATE JUDGE

Michel Ursillo Andrew Teitz Amy Goins Terrence G. Simpson James P. Howe

DEPARTMENT HEADS

Building Inspection Official
Director of Administrative Services
Finance Director (Interim)
Leisure Services Director
Library Director
Planning Director
Police Chief
Public Services Director
Town Assessor
Town Clerk

Wayne R. Pimental Aimee Y. Reiner Patricia A. Sunderland Theresa L. Murphy Laurel A. Clark Chelsea L. Siefert Joseph P. Geaber Jon R. Schock Jean-Paul Bouchard Dale S. Holberton



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of South Kingstown Rhode Island

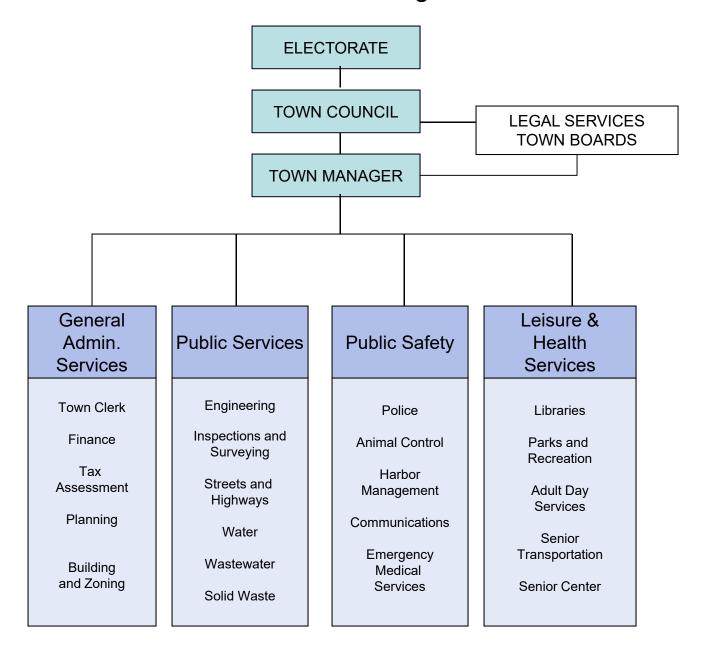
For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Town of South Kingstown







29 South Main Street P.O. Box 272000 West Hartford, CT 06127-2000 **Tel** 860.561.4000

blumshapiro.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Town Council
Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, Annual Supplemental Transparency Report and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is also not a required part of the financial statements of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, Annual Supplemental Transparency Report and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, Annual Supplemental Transparency Report and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2019 on our consideration of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 23, 2019

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

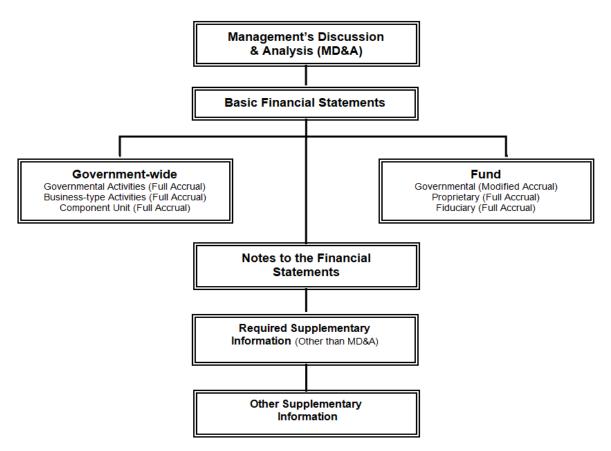
As management of the Town of South Kingstown, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-ix of this report as well as the Town's basic financial statements that follow this section. All amounts in the tables in this MD&A are expressed in thousands. All amounts in the narrative portion are expressed in real dollars.

Financial Highlights

- At the end of the fiscal year, the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$93,613,893, or 3.8%, from the prior year's amount of \$90,159,365. Net position was comprised mainly of \$95,782,059 attributable to the Town's net investment in capital assets, \$2,257,954 restricted, and (\$4,426,120) unrestricted.
- The governmental activities total net position increased by \$2,514,174, a significant increase based on the prior year due to positive operating results. Business-type activities net position increased by \$940,354 an increase of 2.9% over the prior year.
- The Town's unrestricted deficit decreased by \$1,164,736. The Town has significant investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$52,810,956. Approximately 23.1% of this total amount, \$12,223,394 is available for use at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- The remaining fund balance of \$40,587,562 includes \$937,282 in non-spendable funds, \$23,058,410 in restricted funds and \$16,591,870 in committed funds.
- The Town's total bonded debt decreased by \$2,032,918 during the current fiscal year. Government activities decreased by \$1,842,000 and Business-type activities decreased by \$190,918.
- Long-term liabilities reported a decrease of \$6,335,433 which is the result of a decrease in the pension liability of \$765,150, a decrease of \$3,263,679 in the net OPEB obligation and \$133,630 in compensated absences.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of South Kingstown's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) introductory, 2) financial, and 3) statistical. As illustrated in the following chart, the financial section of this report consists of five components: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary.



The Town's financial statements present a focus on the Town as a whole (government-wide) as well as the major individual funds. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the Town government, reporting the operations of the Town in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives government-wide and individual fund, allow the user to address relevant question, broaden the basis for comparisons year to year or government to government and enhance the Town's accountability.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of South Kingstown's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Government-wide financial reporting consists of two statements: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Town's assets, both short-term and long-term, while the Statement of Activities reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses as soon as the underlying event for recognition occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows and provides a clearer picture of how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Revenues and expenses are reported in the statement of activities for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Over time, the increase or decreases in the Town's net position can be an indicator of the Town's financial condition. CAFR users should also consider additional non-financial factors in assessing the overall health of the Town. The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits I and II of this report.

The Town's government-wide financial statements are divided into three categories:

 Governmental Activities - Most of the Town's basic services including general government, public safety, streets and highways, planning, libraries, education and recreation are reported here. The majority of these activities are supported by property taxes, other local taxes and federal and state funding.

- Business-type Activities The Town's water, wastewater operations, solid waste and school
 cafeteria funds are reported here. Fees charged to customers to help cover the costs of providing
 these services.
- Component Unit Included as a blended component unit is the Friends of South Kingstown Parks and Recreation Fund. Although legally separate, this component unit is part of the primary governments operations.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Town's most significant funds and not the Town as a whole. Funds are an accounting tool that the Town uses to track resources that are segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Other funds are established to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the Town is using specific revenue sources such as taxes and grants for their intended purposes. The Town has three types of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Projects Fund and Special Revenue funds are governmental funds. Most of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. The School Unrestricted Fund has been included in the General Fund, in the basic governmental financial statements. These funds' statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Additional information is provided accompanying these statements that explains the relationship between the long-term focused government-wide statements and the short-term focused governmental fund statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits III through IV of this report.

- Proprietary Funds Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Like the government-wide statements, proprietary funds statements provide both long-and short-term financial information. The Town maintains two types of proprietary funds:
 - Enterprise Funds Similar to business-type activities included in the government-wide statements, the enterprise fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash-flow.
 - Internal Service Funds The Town uses internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the Town's other programs and activities. This is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses three types of internal service funds: (1) for medical costs incurred by persons covered by the health insurance plans and for plan administrative expenses, (2) accounting for accrued sick and vacation time for various governmental funds, and (3) for future purchases and/or replacements of non-major information technology (IT) systems and equipment to keep the Town's infrastructure up-to-date and within industry best practices. Because these funds predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages Exhibit V through VII of this report.

- **Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These fiduciary activities are excluded from the Town's government-wide financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town maintains three fiduciary funds:
 - Private Purpose Trust Funds Provides for resources legally held in trust for use by parties outside of the Town, and cannot be used at the Town's discretion or to support the Town's general operations. The activities are utilized for the care and maintenance of cemeteries within the Town.
 - OPEB Trust Funds Provides post-employment benefits for all vested full time employees such as health, dental and life insurance for the Town and School retirees.
 - Agency Funds Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency funds consist of assets and liabilities for unclaimed estates that are in probate and student activity funds held in various school programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages Exhibits VIII and IX of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide information that is essential for a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes also present certain required supplementary information. Included in the notes is the information pertaining to the Town's funding obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-73 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This section includes budgetary comparison schedules, a reconciliation between the statutory fund balance for budgetary purposes and the fund balances for the General Fund and School Fund, as presented in the governmental fund financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 74-85 of this report following the notes to the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 86-110.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Town of South Kingstown's combined net position, assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities by \$93,613,893 (government and business-type activities), at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in 000s)

		Governmental Activities				Busine Act		• •	_	Total				
	_	2019	_	2018	_	2019		2018	_	2019		2018		
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of	\$	61,419	\$	62,939	\$	13,662	\$	12,070	\$	75,081	\$	75,009		
accumulated depreciation		86,322		85,248		21,404		22,300		107,726		107,548		
Total assets	_	147,741	-	148,187	_	35,066		34,370	-	182,807		182,557		
Deferred outflows of resources		19,219	_	20,444	_				_	19,219		20,444		
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities		9,107		7,866		864		907		9,971		8,773		
outstanding		85,698		91,714		1,013		1,215		86,711		92,929		
Total liabilities		94,805	-	99,580	_	1,877		2,122	-	96,682	-	101,702		
Deferred inflows of resources		11,730	_	11,140	_				_	11,730		11,140		
Net Position:														
Net investment in capital assets		75,387		72,454		20,395		21,100		95,782		93,554		
Restricted		2,258		2,197						2,258		2,197		
Unrestricted		(17,220)	-	(16,740)	_	12,794	-	11,148	_	(4,426)	_	(5,592)		
Total Net Position	\$_	60,425	\$_	57,911	\$_	33,189	\$	32,248	\$	93,614	\$	90,159		

FY 2019, total assets for the Primary Government were \$182,807,658, an increase from prior year total assets by \$249,762. Total assets for only governmental activities were \$147,741,979, decrease of \$445,852 accounting for 0.3% of total Primary Government assets. Total assets from business-type activities increased slightly by \$695,614. The largest portion of the Town's net position, 102%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Total liabilities were \$96,682,677, a decrease of \$5,019,991 from \$101,702,668 in FY 2018. Total liabilities associated with governmental type activities decreased by \$4,775,251 or 4.8% while total liabilities associated with business-type activities decreased \$244,740 or 11.53% when compared to FY 2018.

A portion of the Town's net position (2.4% or \$2,257,954) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown, with one exception, is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The reported deficit for the unrestricted portion of net position decreased by approximately \$1,164,736 and is a result of the continuation of disclosing and reporting for Pension and OPEB, compounded with the Town's continued investment in capital assets.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (in 000s)

		Governmental Activities				Busin Act			Total			I
		2019	2018			2019		2018		2019		2018
Revenues:	,						_		_			
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	6,008	\$	5,536	\$	6,375	\$	5,927	\$	12,383	\$	11,463
Operating grants and contributions		11,861		13,065		391		414		12,252		13,479
Capital grants and contributions		829		1,800				18		829		1,818
General revenues:												
Property taxes		74,364		72,166						74,364		72,166
Motor vehicle phase-out taxes		654		484						654		484
Telephone and hotel taxes		196		199						196		199
Grants not restricted to specific												
programs		1,339		1,664						1,339		1,664
Unrestricted investment earnings (loss)	,	2,376		1,972		438		(16)	_	2,814	_	1,956
Total revenues		97,627		96,886		7,204		6,343	_	104,831		103,229
Expenses:												
General government		5,567		5,485						5,567		5,485
Public safety		11,890		12,534						11,890		12,534
Public works		4,396		2,926						4,396		2,926
Human service		1,005		841						1,005		841
Public libraries		1,487		1,832						1,487		1,832
Education		66,456		65,483						66,456		65,483
Recreation		4,004		4,700						4,004		4,700
Interest on long-term debt		289		413						289		413
Wastewater						3,726		3,394		3,726		3,394
Solid waste						613		560		613		560
Water						917		971		917		971
School Cafeteria	-		_		_	1,026	_	1,020	_	1,026		1,020
Total expenses	,	95,094		94,214		6,282		5,945	_	101,376		100,159
Change in net position before transfers		2,533		2,672		922		398		3,455		3,070
Transfers		(19)		26		19		(26)		-		-
Change in net position	·	2,514		2,698		941	-	372	_	3,455	-	3,070
Net Position at Beginning of Year	,	57,911		55,213		32,248		31,876	_	90,159		87,089
Net Position at End of Year	\$	60,425	\$	57,911	\$	33,189	\$	32,248	\$_	93,614	\$_	90,159

Activities

In FY 2019, the Town's net position increased by \$3,454,528. Primary Government revenues increased from the prior year by \$1,603,189 or 1.55% to \$104,831,653. Program revenues (charges for services, grants and contributions) of \$25,464,890 accounted for 24.3% of all Primary Government revenues, while property and state taxes attributable to governmental activities accounted for \$75,213,674, 71.7%, of which property taxes is a major revenue source accounting for \$74,364,196. Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs and unrestricted investment earnings account for the remaining \$4,153,089 or 4.0%.

Governmental Activities

Total revenues for all governmental activities were \$97,626,889. Governmental Activities' program revenues of \$18,698,597 accounted for 19.2%.

- Property tax revenues recorded for the 2019 fiscal year increased by \$2,197,974 or 3.0% over prior year. This increase is due to an increase in the amount of current and prior year taxes received.
- The Town's tax rate increased from \$15.31 to \$15.68 per thousand dollars of assessed valuation. The growth in the total assessed value of taxable property, excluding motor vehicles, was .99%. Total assessed value of all taxable property increased by \$34,925,093 from \$4,618,115,189 to \$4,653,040,282.
- Motor vehicle values decreased by \$9,070,847 over the prior year, from \$184,249,032 to \$175,178,185 and assumed utilizing an exemption value of \$3,000 per vehicle. Motor vehicle values are assessed at a rate of \$18.71 per thousand dollars of assessed value. This rate has been frozen by the State since FY1998. The impact of the decreases in value for all taxable property is directly related to the adopted Governor's FY 2017-2018 Recommended State Budget which changes the assessment criteria for determining vehicle value prior to calculating the motor vehicle excise tax beginning in the 2017-2018 fiscal year. The budget article proposes to reduce assessment values from 100% of National Automobile Dealers Association (NADA) clean retail value to 70% similar to the approach used by the State of Connecticut. The proposal does not change municipal vehicle exemption amounts or tax rates.
- Charges for services increased by \$472,196. Education activities experienced an increase of \$250,240, approximately 53% of the increase in revenue from services. Education increases can be attributed to the increases for rental income (\$85,575) for lease of the Meadowbrook Waldorf School, Medicaid reimbursements (\$79,461) and Recreation Fair Share Fees (\$44,527). Recreation activities increased \$133,479, approximately 28% of the increase in revenue from services. Recreation experienced an increase in several area of operations. Self-supporting, the Town Beach and other programs (Music, Athletics, Arts, etc.) increased approximately \$121,462. Annual variances in several other functions were reported.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$1,204,175 from the previous fiscal year. The school department recognized a decrease of \$726,671 in funding for unrestricted state aid based on the revised State funding formula for education aid.
- Investment earnings increased from a gain of \$1,971,233 in the prior fiscal year to gain of \$2,375,895 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The School Trust Fund experienced gains of \$1,045,968. The increase was the result of favorable equity market conditions. The Town's investment policy provides for future opportunities longer term investment durations in US Treasuries and Federal Agency obligations for the town's pooled cash, "core" funds and town's pooled cash liquidity "cushion" funds which are short term or within FDIC limits.

Total expenses for Primary Government were \$101,377,125. Five activities: general government, public safety, education, recreation and business-type activities accounted for the majority of the expenditures, as depicted in the following amounts and percentages: \$5,566,611 (5.5%), \$11,889,791 (11.7%), \$66,456,058 (65.6%), \$4,003,871 (3.9%) and \$6,283,396 (6.2%), respectively. The Changes in Net Position table above is provided for the Town's government-wide activities for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. Major expense factors included:

- Governmental activities expenses increased by \$880,893 from \$94,212,836 to \$95,093,729, 0.9%. Overall decreases in spending for all governmental activities except for general government, public works, human services and education programs. The increase is reflective of the recognition of depreciation expense in the governmental activities programs of \$4,502,945, an increase of \$94,008 from the prior year, as well as the recognition of capital assets and accounting for increases in compensated absence liabilities for all employees who accrued sick and vacation accruals at year end. All labor contracts for the town employees had a 2.5% cost of living increase. The recognition of Municipal Employees Retirement System is also recorded within each function of the governmental activities.
- Public safety expenditures within governmental activities have decreased by \$643,770 mainly due
 to retirements and the accounting for compensated balances from the prior year, OPEB and
 retirement liabilities.
- An increase of \$973,292 is reported in education, which is as a result of pension changes and recognition of depreciation expense and the accounting for compensated absence balances.
- A decrease of \$695,934 is reported in the recreation program. Operating expenses increased approximately \$230,445 when compared to the prior year. The increase in operating expenses is offset due to a decrease in the recognition of depreciation expense, the addition of capital assets, and accounting for compensated absences balances from the prior year in the amount of \$926,379.

Business-type activities. Net position in business-type activities increased by \$940,354 resulting in a 2.9% increase in business-type net position.

Charges for services for business-type activities accounted for 94% of the total program revenue sources. The balance of revenues for business-type activities was from operating grants and contributions 6%. The increase in fair market value of investment in a gain of \$438,471 at year end.

• Charges for services for business-type activities increased from \$5,927,356 to \$6,374,883, an increase of \$447,527, 7.6%. The wastewater fund accounted for \$340,550 of the overall increase in this category. This increase is attributable to the increase in the user fees for single family dwellings. Operating grants and contributions recognized a slight decrease of \$22,565 in the school cafeteria program. A review of the school cafeteria fund reports a negative change in net position of (\$5,105) for the fiscal year, thus decreasing the unrestricted net position from \$94,416 to \$89,311. The Town will continue to monitor the school cafeteria operations since a deficit has been reported in prior fiscal years.

Wastewater treatment expenses account for approximately 59.3% of the total expenditures within the business-type activities of the Town. The school cafeteria fund, water fund and solid waste fund expenses account for 16.3%, 14.6%, and 9.8% respectively of the total business-type activities expenditures for the 2019 fiscal year.

- Expenses in the wastewater fund increased by \$331,997 due to contractual obligations, increases in capital improvements, depreciation expense, utility costs and property/liability insurance coverage. The \$53,453 decrease in water fund expenses was related to a decrease in repairs and maintenance, capital improvements, contractual obligations, and depreciation expense.
- Costs to operate the cafeteria fund increased slightly by \$6,282 related to contractual obligations, other minor variances were recognized.

As noted earlier, the Town of South Kingstown uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town of South Kingstown's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of South Kingstown's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$52,810,956. Of this amount, \$12,223,394 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned) within the Town and \$14,000 was advanced for architectural and engineering fees for structural improvements to the Neighborhood Guild. \$1,274,270 was advanced for security and capital improvements from the School Improvement Fund. The deficits in these funds will be funded with future authorized debt issuances. The remaining fund balance of \$40,587,562 includes \$1,025,000 committed to help finance the 2019-2020 town and school operating budgets. The remaining amount of \$39,562,562 consists of non-spendable fund balance of \$937,282, restricted fund balance of \$23,058,410 and committed fund balance of \$15,566,870.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The School Unrestricted Fund is used to report all financial transactions of the South Kingstown School Department but is considered a department of the Town since its major source of revenue is property tax dollars and is not a separate taxing authority. Therefore, the School Unrestricted Fund is reported within the Town Operating Fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, excluding the School Fund amount, the total General Fund balance was \$14,492,188 which represents an increase of \$1,402,379 over the prior year. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund budgeted expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 16.2% of the 2020 FY Adopted General Fund Expenditure Budget, while total fund balance represents 20.5% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the Town of South Kingstown's General Fund, excluding the School Fund, increased by \$1,402,379 as compared to the June 30, 2018 fund balance. This increase is the result positive operating results in the General Fund. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- The Town committed \$559,000 of fund balance to help finance the 2018-2019 General Fund budget. The planned drawdown of fund balance the prior year commitment of fund balance. The difference between the GAAP basis of accounting and the budgetary basis of accounting is the result of recognizing the fund balance commitment of \$559,000, as a revenue source under the budgetary basis but not the GAAP basis.
- On a budgetary basis, the operating surplus in the General Fund was \$1,764,096 for 2018-2019.
 Expenditures under budget contributed \$290,378 to the surplus, while revenues finished the fiscal year with a \$1,462,419 surplus. Other financing sources (uses) over budget increased the surplus by \$11,299.
- The deferral of filling vacant positions and/or the decision to eliminate a position through attrition allowed the Town to achieve personnel savings. In addition the Town abides by conservative spending guidelines when seeking to purchase commodities and other services. Favorable expenditure variances of significance, when compared to the budget, included savings in general government accounts \$82,502, public safety \$132,170, and public works \$64,267. Recreation, public libraries, and miscellaneous expenditures recognized a combined savings of \$11,439.
- Better than anticipated tax collections resulted in positive budget surplus variance in property taxes of \$716,444. Additionally, state aid revenues were higher than anticipated by \$101,521. Hotel taxes and meals and beverage tax receipts exceeded budget by \$25,877 and \$36,870 respectively. Departmental revenues exceeded the budget by \$176,720. Business and non-business licenses and fees of \$70,876 contributed to the budgetary surplus as well. A success investment year was recognized by the surplus of \$396,858 in short term investment income. Positive variances were recognized in the five revenue categories.

The fund balance of the School Fund decreased by \$705,256 as compared to the June 30, 2018 fund balance. Key factors in this decrease are as follows:

- The School committed \$874,913 of fund balance to help finance the 2018-2019 school's operating budget. The planned drawdown of fund balance was consistent with the prior year commitment of fund balance.
- An increase in revenue of \$76,832 was reported for the fiscal year. Attributing to this surplus of revenue was \$59,304 in additional state aid.

The school fund has a total fund balance of \$2,560,861 of which \$63,306 is committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period, \$17,760 is recognized as non-spendable for prepaid expenditures and \$475,000 is committed to help finance the 2019-2020 fiscal year budget. The remaining balance of \$2,004,795 is available to help finance future years' school budgets.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of South Kingstown's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position in the wastewater fund at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$8,215,413 an increase of \$1,110,950 over prior year. Unrestricted net position in the water fund increased by \$607,854 to a total of \$3,911,026. The school cafeteria operation maintains a surplus position of \$89,311 of which \$76,771 is unrestricted while the solid waste fund finished the year with unrestricted net position of \$583,995 which was a slight decrease in value of \$72,306 mainly attributed to legal and consulting fees

associated with the closed West Kingston and Rose Hill landfills and depreciation expense of capital assets. The restricted fund balance of \$6,186 is related to grant revenues received by Rhode Island Resource Recovery for the purpose of training and educating the residence on the importance of recycling in our community, the balance remains unchanged from the prior year. The Town has been actively educating the importance of the recycling program.

Other factors concerning the finances of these four funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of South Kingstown's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Overall the Town finished the 2018-2019 fiscal year with a \$1,764,096 budgetary surplus. Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget involved transferring funds from departments with expenditure surpluses to departments with expenditure deficits and transferring various department surpluses to different reserve funds to ensure adequate funds for future anticipated capital expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town of South Kingstown's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$107,726,133 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The 2019 fiscal year resulted in an increase in value of investment in capital assets of \$178,068. The total increase in the Town of South Kingstown's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 0.17%. Depreciation expense as compared to the amount of capitalized assets recognized in the 2019 fiscal year, specifically, the amount of new capital assets being depreciated was \$2,656,078 for the governmental activities, however, the amount of depreciation expense was \$4,502,945, in comparison to the prior year of new capital assets of \$2,763,195 and depreciation expense of \$4,408,937.

Town of South Kingstown's Capital Assets (Net of accumulated depreciation) in 000s

		Governmental Activities				Busine Act	ess- iviti		Total					
	_	2019		2018	_	2019	_	2018		2019	2018			
Land	\$	13,798	\$	13,798	\$	1,587	\$	1,587	\$	15,385 \$	15,385			
Construction in progress		4,407		1,478		140		97		4,547	1,575			
Land improvements		7,535		7,614		1,779		1,825		9,314	9,439			
Buildings		19,007		19,750		2,544		2,736		21,551	22,486			
Building improvements		17,900		18,938		1,645		1,739		19,545	20,677			
Equipment		2,475		2,287		2,289		2,574		4,764	4,861			
Vehicles		2,545		2,575		133		170		2,678	2,745			
Infrastructure		18,349		18,450		11,182		11,450		29,531	29,900			
Intangibles	_	306		358	_	105	_	122	_	411	480			
Total	\$_	86,322	\$	85,248	\$_	21,404	\$_	22,300	\$	107,726 \$	107,548			

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Town-wide purchases of new vehicles and equipment accounted for \$612,063 during the fiscal year these were mainly attributed to public safety, public services, and recreation.
- Tennis courts at Curtis Corner Middle School and Old Mountain Field were repaired/resurfaced. Playground equipment was upgraded at West Kingston Park and construction of a skate park bowl was completed at Old Mountain Field.
- A variety of road construction projects were completed and capitalized. Projects capitalized as infrastructure totaled \$1,117,910, which included major work completed on Waites Corner Road, Jerry Brown Farm Road, Wordens Pond Road, and the Silver Lake Bridge. Other minor upgrades and reconstruction work was completed.
- Town Hall building improvements accounted for \$92,378 of improvements. The projects included repairs to the Bell Tower roof cresting, chimney caps, and replacement of the second floor roof of Town Hall.
- Construction in progress of the Governmental Funds increased by \$2,928,664, from \$1,478,355 to \$4,407,019. Approximately, \$2,235,000 represents school projects that address improvement to educational and safety programs. The majority of the remaining increase can be attributed to general road improvements and the Matunuck Beach Road Protection project.

Additional information on the Town of South Kingstown's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 42 and 43 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of South Kingstown had total bonded debt outstanding of \$11,661,719, entirely backed by the full faith and credit of the Town. Bonds authorized but unissued totaled an additional \$8,480,000.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation bonded debt a town can issue to 3% of net assessed property values. However, all bonds approved through State enabling legislation and voter referendums are exempt from the limit. At June 30, 2019, the Town had a debt limit of \$139,591,208. Of the Town's \$11,661,719 in debt outstanding, \$3,873,337 is subject to the Town's legal debt limit. A balance of \$135,717,872 exists within the legal limit for additional bonds to be issued.

Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds in 000s

		Govei Act			Busine Act	• •		Т	al			
	_	2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
General Obligation Bonds	\$_	10,653	\$_	12,495	\$	1,009	\$_	1,200	\$_	11,662	\$	13,695

The Town's total bonded debt increased by \$2,032,918, 14.8% during the 2019 fiscal year.

On March 25, 2015, the Town Manager, Finance Director and Planning Director met with the Town's bond rating agency, Moody's Investors Services, to affirm the Town's Aa1 rating which is the highest local municipal rating in the State. In their report, Moody's noted the Town's "stable financial position with healthy reserves, and low debt burden" as a basis for their review and consideration. South Kingstown is one of only four Rhode Island communities that have a bond rating of Aa1. The Moody's credit report cited the following factors for the affirmation:

- The Aa1 rating reflects the town's moderately-sized tax base with favorable wealth levels and institutional presence, stable financial position with healthy reserves, and low debt burden
- Experienced management team who employ conservative budgeting and financial management as evidenced in stable reserve levels, formal fiscal policies, and long-term planning for capital expenditures
- University of Rhode Island provides economic stability
- Low debt burden and sound funding of OPEB liability, OPEB funded ratio is strong at 68.4%
- Locally administered pension plans have strong funded ratios
- Collections remain very strong at above 98%

Additional information on the Town of South Kingstown's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 46-48 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- As of June 2019, the labor force in South Kingstown was 16,515 with employment at 16,037 yielding an unemployment rate of 2.9%, a decrease of 0.4% from the prior fiscal year.
- The final budget for 2020 was adopted in the amount of \$83,268,222 which represents an increase of \$1,857,596, or 2.2% from the prior fiscal year. This is considered a modest increase based on the difficult economic environment in which the Town and the State of Rhode Island have been operating.
- Property tax revenues for the fiscal year 2020 reflect an increase in the Town's tax levy of \$2,635,729 or 3.6% higher than the previous fiscal year. The property tax rate decreased from \$15.68 to \$14.45 per thousand dollars of assessed value. Total taxable property increased by \$565,446,217 from \$4,653,040,282 to \$5,218,486,497 due to results of the statistical revaluation updated through December 31, 2018.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance in the General Fund increased to \$14,492,188. The Town of South Kingstown has committed \$550,000 of this amount for spending in the 2020 fiscal year budget, \$33,867 is committed for future municipal planning projects and \$386,888 is committed for outstanding purchase orders at June 30, 2019. The Town maintains an unassigned fund balance of \$13,511,664 to use at its discretion.

Requests for Information: This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of South Kingstown's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 180 High Street, Town Hall, Wakefield, Rhode Island, 02879.

Basic Financial Statements

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	22,790,371 \$	3,907,434 \$	26,697,805
Investments	36,950,460	8,678,772	45,629,232
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	1,308,614	872,879	2,181,493
Due from federal and state governments	346,090	24,415	370,505
Internal balances	(178,187)	178,187	-
Prepaid items	32,029	170,107	32,029
Total current assets	61,249,377	13,661,687	74,911,064
Noncurrent Assets:	01,210,011	10,001,001	7 1,0 1 1,00 1
Net pension asset	170,461		170,461
Capital assets not being depreciated	18,204,878	1,726,981	19,931,859
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	68,117,263	19,677,011	87,794,274
Total noncurrent assets	86,492,602	21,403,992	107,896,594
Total assets	147,741,979	35,065,679	182,807,658
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	196,332		196,332
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	16,603,281		16,603,281
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	2,419,207		2,419,207
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,218,820	<u>-</u>	19,218,820
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	1,936,378	210,443	2,146,821
Accrued liabilities	2,708,813	147,983	2,856,796
Due to federal and state governments	147,334	,	147,334
Due to fiduciary trust funds	600,103		600,103
Unearned revenue	389,272	229,702	618,974
Deposits held in custody of others	162,008		162,008
Current maturities of long-term obligations	3,163,495	275,708	3,439,203
Total current liabilities	9,107,403	863,836	9,971,239
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due in more than one year	85,698,259	1,013,179	86,711,438
Total liabilities	94,805,662	1,877,015	96,682,677
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	6,917,538		6,917,538
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	4,690,377		4,690,377
Advance property tax collections	121,993		121,993
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,729,908	<u> </u>	11,729,908
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	75,386,786	20,395,273	95,782,059
Restricted for:			
Endowments:			
Expendable	1,844,721		1,844,721
Nonexpendable	413,233		413,233
Unrestricted	(17,219,511)	12,793,391	(4,426,120)
Total Net Position \$	60,425,229 \$	33,188,664 \$	93,613,893

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Program Revenues			Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position				
Function/Program Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total			
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Human service Public libraries Education Recreation	\$ 5,566,611 \$ 11,889,791 4,395,606 1,005,331 1,487,098 66,456,058 4,003,871	559,679 \$ 1,542,615 960,699 234,328 17,740 881,720 1,811,103	354,119 \$ 183,124 266,501 301,647 10,749,805 6,075	779,492 49,950	(4,652,813) \$ (10,164,052) (2,655,415) (504,502) (1,117,761) (54,824,533) (2,186,693)	\$	(4,652,813) (10,164,052) (2,655,415) (504,502) (1,117,761) (54,824,533) (2,186,693)			
Interest and fiscal charges Total governmental activities	289,363 95,093,729	6,007,884	11,861,271	829,442	(2,186,693) (289,363) (76,395,132)		(289,363) (76,395,132)			
Business-type activities: Wastewater Solid waste Water School cafeteria Total business-type activities	3,726,503 613,073 917,238 1,026,582 6,283,396	3,949,473 638,302 1,171,727 615,381 6,374,883	391,410 391,410	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	222,970 25,229 254,489 (19,791) 482,897	222,970 25,229 254,489 (19,791) 482,897			
Total	\$ <u>101,377,125</u> \$	12,382,767 \$	12,252,681	829,442	(76,395,132)	482,897	(75,912,235)			
	General revenues Property taxes Motor vehicle ph Telephone and r Grants and contr	ase-out taxes notel taxes ibutions not restric	cted to specific progran	ns	74,364,196 653,601 195,877 1,338,723 2,375,895	438,471	74,364,196 653,601 195,877 1,338,723 2,814,366			
	Transfers:	evenues and trans	sfers		(18,986) 78,909,306	18,986 457,457	79,366,763			
	Change in Net Po	sition			2,514,174	940,354	3,454,528			
	Net Position at Be	ginning of Year			57,911,055	32,248,310	90,159,365			
	Net Position at En	d of Year		\$	60,425,229 \$	33,188,664 \$	93,613,893			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

		General	School Trust Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivable, net Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds	\$	17,881,961 \$ 11,856,833 1,174,324 64,965 1,100,663	1,142,233 \$ 17,996,205 5,665	\$ 492.088	3,041,378 \$ 7,097,422 128,625 281,125 7,867,199	22,065,572 36,950,460 1,308,614 346,090 9,459,955
Prepaid items	_	27,529		492,000	4,500	32,029
Total Assets	\$_	32,106,275 \$	19,144,108 \$	492,088 \$	18,420,249 \$	70,162,720
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF R	ESOU	RCES AND FUNI	BALANCES			
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	1,004,346 \$ 2,548,879	\$	\$	932,032 \$ 102,044	1,936,378 2,650,923
Due to state and federal governments		146,909			425	147,334
Due to other funds		10,384,025			1,098,184	11,482,209
Unearned revenue		223,419			165,853	389,272
Deposits held in custody of others		162,008				162,008
Total liabilities	_	14,469,586	-	-	2,298,538	16,768,124
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		461,647				461,647
Advance property tax collections	_	121,993				121,993
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	583,640	<u> </u>	-		583,640
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		27,529	413,233		496,520	937,282
Restricted			18,730,875	492,088	3,835,447	23,058,410
Committed		3,513,856			13,078,014	16,591,870
Unassigned	_	13,511,664			(1,288,270)	12,223,394
Total fund balances	_	17,053,049	19,144,108	492,088	16,121,711	52,810,956
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resource						
and Fund Balances	\$_	32,106,275 \$	<u>19,144,108</u> \$	492,088 \$	18,420,249 \$	70,162,720

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

\$ 52,810,956

86,322,141

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets
Less accumulated depreciation
Net capital assets

(83,071,419)

169,393,560

Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:

Property tax receivables greater than 60 days

461,647

Net pension asset

170,461

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB

2,419,207

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position.

1,968,763

Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds payable	(10,653,000)
Deferred charges on refunding	196,332
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(6,917,538)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(4,690,377)
Unamortized bond issue premium	(478,687)
Interest payable on bonds	(57,890)
Compensated absences	(4,520,251)
Net pension liability	(68,670,898)
Net OPEB liability	(3,308,656)
Claims and judgments	(1,230,262)

Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I) \$ 60,425,229

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	General		School Trust Fund		Debt Service Fund	(Nonmajor Governmental Funds	=	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:										
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	74,523,011	\$		\$	500.007	\$	0.057.040	\$	74,523,011
Intergovernmental revenues		8,676,386				526,067		2,357,242		11,559,695
Licenses and fees		1,409,030		4.045.000				670,453		2,079,483
Investment income		987,691		1,045,968				323,242		2,356,901
Fines and charges		58,713						2,022,485		2,081,198
Departmental		1,258,470						470.040		1,258,470
Contributions		0.004.007						170,010		170,010
State on-behalf pension contribution		2,991,987		25				64.004		2,991,987
Other revenues	_	499,803		1,045,993		526,067	_	64,984	-	564,812
Total revenues	_	90,405,091		1,045,993	-	526,067	_	5,608,416	-	97,585,567
Expenditures: Current:										
General government		5,012,159		63,270		1,000		198,037		5,274,466
Public safety		11,075,144		•		,		435,750		11,510,894
Public works		2,820,365						231,614		3,051,979
Human service agency contribution		139,000						881,829		1,020,829
Public libraries		1,292,505						24,845		1,317,350
Education		64,130,737						1,502,133		65,632,870
Recreation		1,808,597						1,379,149		3,187,746
Debt service:										
Principal retirement						1,842,000				1,842,000
Interest and other charges						331,357				331,357
Capital outlay								5,481,376		5,481,376
Total expenditures	_	86,278,507	_	63,270		2,174,357		10,134,733		98,650,867
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	_	4,126,584		982,723	-	(1,648,290)	_	(4,526,317)	_	(1,065,300)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in from other funds		717,254				1,544,088		3,435,753		5,697,095
Transfers out to other funds		(4,146,715)		(462,559)		1,011,000		(1,106,807)		(5,716,081)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(3,429,461)	_	(462,559)	-	1,544,088	-	2,328,946	-	(18,986)
Net Change in Fund Balances		697,123		520,164		(104,202)	_	(2,197,371)	-	(1,084,286)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	16,355,926	_	18,623,944		596,290	_	18,319,082	-	53,895,242
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	17,053,049	\$_	19,144,108	\$	492,088	\$_	16,121,711	\$_	52,810,956

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because of the following:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ (1,084,286)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	5,584,742
Depreciation expense	(4,502,945)
Loss on disposition of capital assets	(8.119)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes collected after 60 days	(158,815)
Change in net pension asset	72,769
Change in deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	(3,442,427)
Change in deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	(306,023)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Principal payments 1,842,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Amortization of deferred charges in refunding	(33,198)
Change in deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	2,336,467
Change in deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(1,129,997)
Amortization of bond premiums	50,705
Accrued interest	24,487
Change in long-term compensated absences	133,630
Change in net pension liability	765,150
Change in net OPEB liability	3,263,679
Change in claims and judgments	78,348

The net expense of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. (971,993

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$ 2,514,174

					/pe	Activities - En	ter	prise Funds			G	overnmental Activities
	_			Major Funds				Nonmajor	-			
	_	Wastewater		Solid Waste	-	Water		School Cafeteria	_	Total	S	Internal ervice Funds
Assets:												
Current assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,567,743	\$	171,360	\$	1,166,148	\$	2,183	\$	3,907,434 \$		724,799
Investments		5,719,578		361,097		2,598,097				8,678,772		
Accounts and other receivables, net		507,664		102,654		248,127		14,434		872,879		
Due from federal and state governments								24,415		24,415		
Due from other funds	_			18,016				162,650		180,666		1,243,964
Total current assets	_	8,794,985		653,127		4,012,372		203,682	-	13,664,166		1,968,763
Noncurrent assets:												
Capital assets not being depreciated		310,103		1,005,003		411,875				1,726,981		
Capital assets, net of accumulated		,		, ,		,				, -,		
depreciation		13,990,735		1,762,643		3,911,093		12,540		19,677,011		
Total noncurrent assets	-	14,300,838		2,767,646		4,322,968		12,540	-	21,403,992		-
Total assets	_	23,095,823		3,420,773		8,335,340		216,222	_	35,068,158	_	1,968,763
Liabilities:												
Current liabilities:												
Accounts payable		88.719		40.012		12.408		69,304		210.443		
Accrued liabilities		137,108		1,683		9.192		00,00		147,983		
Due to other funds		2,333		.,000		146				2,479		
Unearned revenue		172.095						57.607		229.702		
Current portion of compensated absences		54,371		5,948		20,257		0.,00.		80,576		
Current portion of bonds payable		27,000		168,132		20,20.				195,132		
Total current liabilities	-	481,626		215,775	•	42,003		126,911	-	866,315	_	-
Noncurrent liabilities:												
		124,946		15.303		59,343				199.592		
Compensated absences Bonds payable after one year		,		698,587		59,545				,		
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	115,000 239,946		713,890		59.343				813,587 1,013,179	_	
Total noncurrent nabilities	-	239,940		7 13,090		39,343		<u>-</u>	-	1,013,179	_	
Total liabilities	_	721,572	. ,	929,665		101,346		126,911	-	1,879,494	_	
Net Position:												
Net investment in capital assets		14,158,838		1,900,927		4,322,968		12,540		20,395,273		
Restricted for grants		, ,		6,186		.,,		,0.0		6,186		
Unrestricted	_	8,215,413		583,995		3,911,026		76,771	_	12,787,205		1,968,763
Total Net Position	\$_	22,374,251	\$	2,491,108	\$	8,233,994	\$	89,311	\$	33,188,664 \$	_	1,968,763

			Activities - Ent	•		Governmental Activities
	M	ajor Funds		Nonmajor		
	Wastewater	Solid Waste	Water	School Cafeteria	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services \$ Claims reimbursement	3,900,936 \$	607,858 \$	1,163,536 \$	615,381 \$	6,287,711 \$ -	170,315 4,019
Other	48,537	30,444	8,191		87,172	,-
Total operating revenues	3,949,473	638,302	1,171,727	615,381	6,374,883	174,334
Operating Expenses:						
Wells			217,222		217,222	
Pumping	629,315		18,191		647,506	
Distribution			30,822		30,822	
Treating and sludge	1,973,411				1,973,411	
Transportation and disposal		390,331			390,331	
Administrative and general	286,526	93,901	405,895		786,322	
Depreciation	685,864	41,132	223,698	3,653	954,347	
Repairs and maintenance	22,000		21,410		43,410	
Health care management					-	8,750
Compensated absences					-	98,297
School cafeteria operations				1,022,929	1,022,929	
Contribution to OPEB Trust Fund					-	1,000,000
Other operating	126,212	72,071			198,283	58,274
Total operating expenses	3,723,328	597,435	917,238	1,026,582	6,264,583	1,165,321
Operating Income (Loss)	226,145	40,867	254,489	(411,201)	110,300	(990,987)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Income on investments	283,553	25,251	129,667		438,471	18,994
Intergovernmental	200,000	20,201	120,007	391,410	391,410	10,001
Interest expense	(3,175)	(15,638)		001,110	(18,813)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	280,378	9,613	129,667	391,410	811,068	18,994
Income Before Capital Contributions						
and Transfers	506,523	50,480	384,156	(19,791)	921,368	(971,993)
Transfers In	4,300	· -		14,686	18,986	
Change in Net Position	510,823	50,480	384,156	(5,105)	940,354	(971,993)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	21,863,428	2,440,628	7,849,838	94,416	32,248,310	2,940,756
Net Position at End of Year \$	22,374,251 \$	2,491,108 \$	8,233,994 \$	89,311 \$	33,188,664 \$	1,968,763

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Major Funds								Governmental Activities			
	_	Wastewater	_	Solid Waste	_	Water	_	School Cafeteria	_	Total	-	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from customers and users Receipts from providing services	\$	3,654,468	\$	598,676	\$	1,180,298	\$	647,598	\$	6,081,040	\$	156,574
Receipts from claim reimbursements Payments to suppliers Payments to the OPEB Trust Fund Payments for claims	-	(3,042,856)	_	(599,920)	_	(699,298)	_	(1,052,630)	_	(5,394,704) - -	-	4,019 (58,274) (1,000,000) (107,049)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	611,612	_	(1,244)	_	481,000	_	(405,032)	_	686,336		(1,004,730)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers in from other funds Nonoperating grants received Net cash provided (used in) by noncapital	-	4,300	-		_		_	14,686 391,410	_	18,986 391,410		
financing activities	_	4,300	_		_		_	406,096	_	410,396		<u> </u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Additions to property, plant and equipment Principal paid on bonds Interest paid on bonds	_	(58,737) (27,000) (3,175)	_	(163,918) (15,638)	_		_		_	(58,737) (190,918) (18,813)		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	(88,912)	_	(179,556)	_		_		_	(268,468)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Sales of investments Interest on investments		28,394		352,160		13,764				394,318		18,994
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	28,394	-	352,160	_	13,764	_	-	_	394,318		18,994
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		555,394		171,360		494,764		1,064		1,222,582		(985,736)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	2,012,349	_		_	671,384	_	1,119	_	2,684,852		1,710,535
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	2,567,743	\$_	171,360	\$_	1,166,148	\$_	2,183	\$_	3,907,434	\$	724,799
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	226,145	\$	40,867	\$	254,489	¢	(411,201)	\$	110,300	\$	(990,987)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	Φ_	220,145	Ψ_	40,007	Φ_	254,469	Φ_	(411,201)	Φ_	110,300	Ψ.	(990,967)
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:		685,864		41,132		223,698		3,653		954,347		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in due from other governments		(268,005)		(39,626)		8,571		(2,378) 8,783		(301,438) 8,783		
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in accounts payable				(18,891)				(16,083)		(34,974)		(13,741)
and accrued items Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		1,589 2,008 (27,000)		(25,436)		(4,166) 1,132		(22,401) 34,595		(50,414) 3,140 7,595		(2)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences Total adjustments	_	(8,989) 385,467	-	710 (42,111)	_	(2,724) 226,511	_	6,169	_	(11,003) 576,036		(13,743)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	611,612	\$_	(1,244)	\$_	481,000	\$_	(405,032)	\$_	686,336	\$	(1,004,730)
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital assets contributed by Capital Projects Fund	\$_	-	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	<u>-</u>

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Cemetery Care Private - Purpose Trust Funds	_	OPEB Trust Fund		Agency Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	136,385	\$		\$	399,327
Due from other funds Investments:	•	103	,	600,000	•	
Mutual funds			_	16,286,005		
Total assets		136,488	_	16,886,005	\$	399,327
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,400			•	200 207
Deposits held in custody for others			-		\$	399,327
Total liabilities		1,400	_		\$	399,327
Net Position: Restricted for care and maintenance		135,088		40,000,005		
Restricted for OPEB benefits			•	16,886,005	-	
Total Net Position	\$	135,088	\$	16,886,005	=	

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Cemetery Care Private - Purpose Trust Funds	_	OPEB Trust Fund
Additions:			
Charges for services	\$ 2,250	\$	
Employer contributions			2,778,252
Net change in fair value of investments			718,856
Interest and dividends	1,936		401,882
Total additions	4,186		3,898,990
Deductions: Benefit payments Operating expenses in accordance with agreement Administrative expense Total deductions	9,320 9,320		1,178,252 34,629 1,212,881
Change in Net Position	(5,134)		2,686,109
Net Position at Beginning of Year	140,222		14,199,896
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 135,088	\$	16,886,005

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island (the Town). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

B. Reporting Entity

The Town was incorporated in 1723. The Town operates under a council/town manager form of government, with a five-member Town Council headed by a Council President. The Town Manager exercises the executive power of the Town government and is responsible to the Town Council for day-to-day operations of the Town's affairs. All legislative powers of the Town are vested in the Town Council.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its blended component unit, *Friends of South Kingstown Parks and Recreation*, an entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, the blended component unit is appropriately presented as a fund of the primary government.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and transit functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *School Trust Fund* accounts for the activity of various trust funds established for recreational and educational purposes. The fund's major source of revenue comes from donations and investment income.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Fund is a proprietary (enterprise) fund used to account for the operation and maintenance of the regional wastewater treatment facility, which is owned by the Town and is primarily supported through charges to customers.

The *Solid Waste Fund* is a proprietary (enterprise) fund used to account for solid waste disposal operations of the Town. The fund is primarily supported through charges to customers.

The *Water Fund* is a proprietary (enterprise) fund used to account for the supply of public water to the South Shore and Middlebridge area of the Town. The fund is primarily supported through charges to customers.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Funds* are used to account for the Town's self-insurance program for medical and dental health insurance coverage for persons covered by the health benefit plan of the Town and for payment of accrued compensated absences that arise and are not included in the annual budget. They also account for funds set aside for non-major technological improvements made to the Town.

The *Private Purpose Trust Funds* are used to account for resources legally held in trust for use by parties outside of the Town and cannot be used at the Town's discretion or to support the Town's general operations. The activities of the Town's private purpose trust fund are utilized for the care and maintenance of cemeteries within the Town.

The *OPEB Trust Fund* is used to account for funding of future other postemployment benefits such as health, dental and life insurance for the Town's and School Department's retirees.

The Agency Funds account for the various student activities and unclaimed probate estate assets.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The proprietary, other postemployment benefit trust, and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting for reporting its assets and liabilities.

F. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments for the government are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices).

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of donated commodities are stated at fair market value. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

As the government constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs that are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets and that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land Improvements	15
Buildings	30-50
Building Improvements	10-40
Equipment	5-15
Vehicles	3-10
Infrastructure	20-50

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension/OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town reports advance property tax collections in the government-wide statement of net position and in the governmental funds balance sheet and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension/OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension/OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, the Town reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted

Restrictions are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors, or laws and regulations of their governments.

Committed Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The Town Council is the highest level of decision-making authority and utilizes Town Ordinances as a formal procedure to commit fund balance.

Assigned Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the Town Manager which has been delegated authority by the Town Council.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Policies

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property. Current tax collections for the Town, including the 60-day collections, were approximately 99.07% of the total 2018 levy. The Town's fiscal 2018-2019 property taxes were levied on July 1, 2018 on assessed valuation as of December 31, 2017. Upon levy, taxes are due and payable on August 1 or may be paid in equal quarterly installments on August 1, November 1, February 1 and May 1 following the levy date. The taxpayer may elect to pay the taxes in full by September 1, annually. Taxes due and unpaid after the respective due dates are subject to interest at a rate of 12% per annum calculated on the unpaid portion of the total tax. Property taxes levied are recorded as receivables in the fiscal year of the levy.

The Town completed a full revaluation of real and tangible personal property on December 31, 2012 and statistical revaluation performed on December 31, 2015. The latest assessed values were effective for the property tax levy beginning with fiscal year 2016-2017. The Town is required to perform two statistical updates every three years within the nine-year timeframe requirement of a full valuation.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town received \$653,601 from the State of Rhode Island as payment in accordance with legislation regarding the phase-out of motor vehicle tax. Motor vehicle values are assessed at a rate of \$18.71 per thousand dollars of assessed value. This rate has been frozen by the State since fiscal year 1998. In addition to freezing the tax rate, the State instituted a program to phase-out the taxation of motor vehicles over a ten-year period, by replacing the loss of motor vehicle tax income with State revenue. This program was restructured in fiscal year 2010-2011 whereby State reimbursement was limited to a maximum of \$500 per vehicle. In addition, the Town provides and additional \$2,500 exemption.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) and Employees' Retirement System plan (ERS) of Rhode Island and additions to/deductions from MERS' and ERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS and ERS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, OPEB Trust Fund and additions to/deductions from OPEB Trust Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Trust Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

Vacation and Sick Leave

The government's policy permits certain employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick benefits. Upon retirement, termination or death, these employees are compensated for unused vacation and sick leave (subject to certain limitations) at their current rates of pay. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. For governmental activities, the General Fund is used to satisfy year this liability as it becomes due, while each enterprise fund accounts for all its settlement of business-type liabilities for compensated absences. The liability for compensated absences is accrued at varying amounts based on the collective bargaining unit contracts of the various unions and includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. The Compensated Absences Reserve Fund was established in June 2008 to account for the accrued liability. It is the recommendation of management to build assets in this reserve fund until 50% of the recorded liabilities are held in reserve. It is the intention of management to minimize property tax requirements to fund these benefits and, as such, transfers from the operating budgets have been recommended.

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the wastewater fund, solid waste fund, water fund, school cafeteria fund and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

H. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

It is the responsibility of the Town Manager to submit a proposed budget for the following fiscal year to the Town Council on or before March 1st of each year. The Town Council may revise and adopt a recommended budget no later than March 22nd of each year. Two public hearings are required to be conducted on the preliminary budget prior to April 18th.

Following adoption of the preliminary budget by the Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting the Council to increase or decrease by any amount any item of expenditure in the said budget or to insert a new item of expenditure. The Council, before final adoption of the budget, shall consider and vote upon each such petition(s) that were submitted on or before April 21st containing no less than 25 valid signatures of qualified electors of the Town.

The Council shall, on or before May 1st of each year, complete its consideration of any petitions and make any final changes in the preliminary budget it may deem advisable, and give final approval to the budget by a vote of a majority of all the members of the Council.

Following final approval of the budget by the Council, any qualified elector of the Town may circulate a petition requesting that a referendum be held on the appropriation for the General Fund or the School Unrestricted Fund in the budget as approved. Such petition may propose a reduction or increase in the total appropriation for said funds.

The Town Clerk shall cause a referendum by ballot to be held on all budget changes requested on petitions, provided that each such petition shall contain signatures of no less than 200 of the qualified electors of the Town and shall request an increase or decrease of a sum of at least \$250,000. The qualified electors shall be instructed to vote either for the original total of for one of the proposed increases or reductions thereof. The appropriation receiving the most votes shall be declared to have been adopted.

The Town Manager may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balances among departments within a major program function and shall report such transfers to the Council in writing in a timely manner. Major program functions within the General Fund are as follows:

- Town general government
- Public safety program
- Public works program
- Human service agency contributions
- Recreation department
- Library services
- Insurances, fund contingency and employment benefits program
- Capital improvement program
- Debt services program
- Transfer to schools

Based on State Statutes, the School Committee is also authorized to spend funds up to the total amount appropriated for the School Unrestricted Fund, which is considered the fund level.

The budget of the School Unrestricted Fund is prepared annually and submitted to the School Committee for approval. The amount of the annual transfer from the Town's General Fund to the School Unrestricted Fund is ultimately determined through the adoption of the General Fund budget.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and the School Unrestricted Fund. The Capital Projects Fund is appropriated on a project-length basis. Other special revenue funds and the permanent funds do not have appropriated budgets since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards and endowment requirements) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Council. Additional appropriations of \$383,913 were approved for the year ended June 30, 2019 for the General Fund with an increase to estimated revenues of \$383,913. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

B. Deficit Fund Equity and Accumulated Deficits

The Guild Renovation Fund and School Improvement Fund, nonmajor capital project governmental funds, have deficits of \$14,000 and \$1,274,270, respectively, at June 30, 2019. The deficits in these funds will be funded with future authorized debt issuances.

3. CASH DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

A. Deposits

Substantially all of the Town's cash and cash equivalents are held in public deposit institutions. Pursuant to Section 35-10.1 of the Rhode Island General Laws, as of October 1, 1991, public deposit institutions are required to insure accounts that hold public funds in excess of the \$250,000 which is guaranteed by FDIC. At times, the Town pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash and maximize investment returns.

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk in the case of deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. Rhode Island public law requires 100% of public deposits in a qualified public depository with maturities greater than sixty (60) days are collateralized with either bank segregated assets, in a trust department or in custodial accounts at a Federal Reserve Bank or federal home loan bank. The Town has adopted a "statement of investment objectives, goals and policy guidelines" for investments held in the School Trust Fund. In addition, the Town has guidelines for deposits authorized by Town Code Sec. 4233.H. As such, the entire bank balance of the Town as of June 30, 2019 of \$19,451,606 was insured or collateralized.

B. Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and purchased within 90 days of maturity. As of June 30, 2019, the cash equivalent amounted to \$8,902,979. The cash equivalents consisted of certificates of deposit and money market mutual funds held at banking institutions and were not rated.

4. INVESTMENTS

State statutes and the Town Charter authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. In addition, the Town has an investment policy that provides for future opportunities longer term investment durations in US Treasuries and Federal Agency obligations for the town's pooled cash, "core" funds and Town's pooled cash liquidity "cushion" funds, which are short term or within FDIC limits.

		_	Investm	Investment Maturities (Years)						
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 - 10	More Than 10					
Interest-bearing investments:										
U.S. Government securities	Aaa \$	12,133,450 \$	\$	12,133,450 \$						
U.S. Government agencies	Aaa	11,127,435		11,127,435						
Corporate bonds	Aaa	2,593,749		2,593,749						
Total		25,854,634 \$	<u> </u>	25,854,634 \$						
Other investments:										
Common stock		32,396								
Mutual Funds		36,028,207								
Total Investments	\$	61,915,237								

Interest Rate Risk

Approximately 42% of the Town's investments are in long-term corporate bonds, government bonds, asset-backed securities and certificate of deposits that have interest rates that are fixed for long periods and are subject to more variability in their fair value as a result of future changes in interest rates. The remaining approximately 58% of the investments are held in common stock and mutual funds. These investments do not specify year an interest rate; rather, the rate of return is dependent on operating results and economic conditions.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in U.S. Treasury bills, U.S. Treasury notes and bonds, U.S. Agency obligations, certificate of deposits, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, money market mutual funds and money market mutual funds. It is the government's policy to limit its investments in these investment types.

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2019, the Town had a diversified portfolio and was not deemed to be concentrated in any one investment category. Although approximately 58% of the investments were held in common stock and mutual funds, these investments were in a wide range of companies and various industries enabling the Town to minimize its risk.

The Town has adopted a "statement of investment objectives, goals and policy guidelines" for investments held in the School Trust Fund, which is where approximately 29% of the Town's investments are maintained. The Town has an investment policy that provides for future opportunities for longer term investment durations in U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency Obligations for the Town's pooled cash, "core" funds and the Town's pooled cash liquidity "cushion" funds which are short term or FDIC insured.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not believe that it has a significant custodial credit risk as substantially all investment securities are registered and held in the name of the Town.

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The Town has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

		June 30,		Fair Val	ue	Measurem	asurements Using			
		2019	_	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		
Investments by fair value level:										
U.S. Government securities	\$	12,133,450	\$	12,133,450	\$		\$			
U.S. Government agencies		11,127,435		11,127,435						
Corporate bonds		2,593,749		2,593,749						
Common stock		32,396		32,396						
Mutual funds	_	36,028,207		36,028,207			_			
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$_	61,915,237	\$	61,915,237	\$	-	\$_			

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

5. RECEIVABLES

Amounts are aggregated into one accounts receivable line (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts) and for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is the detail of receivables for each major governmental fund and the aggregate remaining funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

	_	General		School Trust Fund	 Wastewater	_	Solid Waste	 Water		School Cafeteria	 Nonmajor and Other Funds
Receivables:											
Accounts	\$	343,517	\$	5,665	\$ 495,275	\$	102,654	\$ 249,127	\$	14,434	\$ 128,625
Property taxes		1,211,447									
Tax liens		368,258									
Other governments		64,965								24,415	281,125
Special assessments			_		 29,889						
Gross receivables		1,988,187		5,665	525,164		102,654	249,127		38,849	409,750
Less allowance for uncollectibles		(748,898)			(17,500)			(1,000)			
	_	, , ,	_		 	_		 (, , ,	•		
Net Total Receivables	\$_	1,239,289	\$_	5,665	\$ 507,664	\$_	102,654	\$ 248,127	\$	38,849	\$ 409,750

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
School Trust Fund	General Fund	\$	5
Debt Service Fund	General Fund		492,088
Solid Waste Fund	General Fund		18,016
School Cafeteria	General Fund		162,650
Internal Service Fund	General Fund		1,243,964
Fiduciary Funds	General Fund		600,103
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund		7,867,199
General Fund	Wastewater Fund		2,333
General Fund	Water Fund		146
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	_	1,098,184
Total		\$_	11,484,688

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from advances from one fund (primarily the General Fund) to another fund. The advances may represent balances resulting from operating advances or reimbursement for expenditures paid by one fund on behalf of another fund.

B. Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	_									
	_	General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Wastewater Fund	School Cafeteria		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Transfers Out
Transfers out:				_			•		_	
General Fund School Trust Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	54,535 662,719	\$ 1,100,000 444,088	\$	4,300	\$ 14,686	\$	3,027,729 408,024	\$	4,146,715 462,559 1,106,807
Noninajor Governmentar i unus	-	002,719	 444,000	-			•		-	1,100,607
Transfers In	\$_	717,254	\$ 1,544,088	\$	4,300	\$ 14,686	\$	3,435,753	\$_	5,716,081

During the year, transfers are used to provide a financing source to various funds that may not have the ability to cover all operating costs with revenue generated by the fund.

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 for governmental activity was as follows:

		Beginning A Balance		Adjustments/ Decreases	. .	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 13,797,85	9 \$		\$	\$	13,797,859
Construction in progress	1,478,35	55	2,943,481	14,817		4,407,019
Total capital assets not being depreciated	15,276,21	4	2,943,481	14,817	- -	18,204,878
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Land improvements	10,905,91	3	72,585			10,978,498
Buildings	37,826,87	'2				37,826,872
Building improvements	43,209,87		276,411			43,486,288
Equipment	6,221,59	9	577,109	26,473		6,772,235
Vehicles	6,557,36		612,063	338,889		6,830,538
Infrastructure	43,659,59		1,117,910			44,777,503
Intangibles	516,74					516,748
Total capital assets being depreciated	148,897,96	66	2,656,078	365,362	. -	151,188,682
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements	3,292,46		151,474			3,443,938
Buildings	18,076,39		743,139			18,819,533
Building improvements	24,272,33		1,313,935			25,586,268
Equipment	3,934,50		384,834	22,187		4,297,155
Vehicles	3,982,09		638,770	335,056		4,285,813
Infrastructure	25,209,37		1,218,883			26,428,257
Intangibles	158,54		51,910			210,455
Total accumulated depreciation	78,925,71	7	4,502,945	357,243	-	83,071,419
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	69,972,24	9	(1,846,867)	8,119		68,117,263
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 85,248,46	3 \$	1,096,614	\$ 22,936	\$	86,322,141

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	188,282
Public safety		533,974
Public works		1,483,725
Public libraries		112,147
Education		1,579,823
Recreation	_	604,994
	_	_
Total	\$	4,502,945

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 for business-type activity was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	•	Adjustments/ Increases	,	Adjustments/ Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,586,530	\$		\$		\$	1,586,530
Construction in progress	•	96,676	•	43,775	•		•	140,451
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,683,206		43,775		-	_	1,726,981
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements		2,682,148						2,682,148
Buildings		10,563,287		44.000				10,563,287
Building improvements		3,226,714		14,962				3,241,676
Equipment		7,111,325						7,111,325
Vehicles		465,570						465,570
Infrastructure		20,843,425						20,843,425
Intangibles		174,842					_	174,842
Total capital assets being depreciated		45,067,311		14,962			_	45,082,273
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		857,283		45,496				902,779
Buildings		7,827,116		192,038				8,019,154
Building improvements		1,487,237		108,729				1,595,966
Equipment		4,537,154		285,373				4,822,527
Vehicles		295,856		37,171				333,027
Infrastructure		9,393,817		268,058				9,661,875
Intangibles		52,452		17,482			_	69,934
Total accumulated depreciation		24,450,915		954,347			_	25,405,262
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		20,616,396	1	(939,385)	,		_	19,677,011
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	22,299,602	\$	(895,610)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$_	21,403,992

Depreciation was charged to the following business-type activities of the primary government as follows:

Business-type activities:		
Wastewater	\$	685,864
Solid Waste		41,132
Water		223,698
Cafeteria	_	3,653
Total	\$	954,347

8. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		General Fund		School Trust Fund		Debt Service Fund	G	Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds		Total
Fund balances: Nonspendable for:	_		_		-		_		_	
Prepaids	\$	27,529	\$		\$		\$	4,500	\$	32,029
Endowment for recreation and education purposes	Ψ	21,020	Ψ	413,233	Ψ		Ψ	492,020	Ψ	905,253
Restricted for:				110,200				102,020		000,200
Recreational and educational				18,730,875				584,426		19,315,301
Asset forfeiture				, ,				294,383		294,383
Maintenance of historical records								158,096		158,096
Libraries operations								1,611,476		1,611,476
Recycling program								55,896		55,896
Miscellaneous donations fund								19,805		19,805
Open space acquisition								780,344		780,344
Wastewater facility improvements										-
Human services						400.000		331,021		331,021
Debt service						492,088				492,088
Committed to:		00.044								20.244
General government - encumbrances		29,341								29,341
Public safety department - encumbrances Public works - encumbrances		174,101 94,978								174,101 94,978
Human Services - encumbrances		63,000								63,000
Libraries - encumbrances		7,445								7,445
Recreation - encumbrances		18,023								18,023
Municipal planning		33,867								33,867
To balance future budgets - Town		550,000								550,000
To balance future budgets - schools		475,000								475,000
Education encumbrance										· -
Education encumbrances		63,306								63,306
Education computer system encumbrance		0								-
Education capital										-
Education		2,004,795								2,004,795
Affordable housing								104,066		104,066
Animal shelter renovations								353,465		353,465
Elderly services								278,382		278,382
Public safety support								1,599,211		1,599,211
Operation of Peacedale Office Building Property revaluation								184,471 167,916		184,471 167,916
Maintenance of South Road School								364,095		364,095
Statewide planning grant								004,000		-
Municipal planning services grant								346		346
Community development								756		756
Pre-disaster mitigation										-
Capital equipment acquisitions								1,629,436		1,629,436
Data processing improvements								228,449		228,449
Guild Renovation								0		-
Park construction and maintenance								51,931		51,931
Library improvements								132,610		132,610
Public safety building improvement								373,221		373,221
Public service office building improvements								156,879		156,879
Infrastructure improvements								714,676		714,676
Recreation facility improvement								512,204		512,204
School improvement								12.725		- 10 70E
Substance abuse treatment Kingstown Recreation Fund								13,735 203,790		13,735 203,790
Senior Services Center Construction								5,004		5,004
Wastewater Construction								5,372,291		5,372,291
Town hall improvements								631,080		631,080
Unassigned	_	13,511,664	-		_		_	(1,288,270)	_	12,223,394
Total Fund Balances	\$_	17,053,049	\$	19,144,108	\$	492,088	\$_	16,121,711	\$	52,810,956

Major encumbrances of \$450,194 are reported in the committed fund balance of the General Fund and represent action taken by the governing body, Town Council, to commit future resources for the settlement of these commitments.

Endowments Received

	_	School Trust Fund
Original principal received Net appreciation on investments	\$_	413,233 18,730,875
Total Value	\$_	19,144,108

The original principal remains in the net position on the Statement of Activities and is restricted for the trust principal on the balance sheet - governmental funds. The net appreciation of \$18,730,875 can be authorized for expenditure by the Trustees of South Kingstown School Funds. Income is distributed in keeping with the provisions of the appropriate deed of gift.

The Trustees of the South Kingstown School Funds is a corporation which was created by an Act of the General Assembly at its January Session in 1911. Section 2 of the Act established that the Corporation is authorized to receive and manage all school and educational funds which are placed in its care.

The policy for authorizing and spending investment income is outlined in section III of the Statement of Investment Objectives, Goals and Policy Guidelines for The Trustees. A target spend rate of up to 5% of the portfolio using a trailing twenty (20) quarter average of the market value and to preserve and enhance the future purchasing power of the assets after considering the spending policy.

9. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. General Obligation Bonds

The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year with maturities that range from 15 to 20 years. General obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2019
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
School Improvement Series 2009 A	11/12/09	11/01/29	2.55% - 5.00% \$	1,200,000	\$ 660,000
	11/12/09	06/15/24	1.90%	4,263,000	1,648,000
Advance refunding					
Advance refunding	04/08/15	06/15/27	2.0% - 4.0%	6,935,000	3,220,000
Community Gymnasium / School Imp. Series 2017	08/16/17	08/15/37	2.0% - 4.0%	5,420,000	5,125,000
Total governmental activities				17,818,000	10,653,000
Business Type Activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
Wastewater fund - GO bond	11/13/02	09/01/23	1.38%	500,000	142,000
Solid waste fund - GO bond	09/03/02	09/01/22	1.14%	2.000.000	492,718
Solid waste fund - GO bond	11/22/05	09/01/25	1.34%	950,000	374,001
Total business-type activities				3,450,000	1,008,719
Total backlock type activities				3, .30,000	.,500,110
Total Outstanding			\$	21,268,000	\$ 11,661,719

The Wastewater and Superfund bonds payable presented in the financial statements as direct liabilities of the Wastewater and Solid Waste funds are general obligations of the Town backed ultimately by its taxing power. Because the proceeds of the bonds are used entirely for the benefits of the Wastewater and Solid Waste Funds, the liabilities and the related debt service of these bonds are accounted for in these funds. The Wastewater and Superfund bonds are considered direct placement debt held by the Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank. The agreements do not contain any financial covenants or specify any significant events of default or termination events with finance-related consequences or acceleration clauses.

B. Legal Debt Margin

Of the Town's \$11,661,719 total bonds payable (including bonds payable for the wastewater and solid-waste enterprise funds), approximately \$3,873,337 is subject to its legal debt limits. The \$3,873,337 outstanding does not exceed the Town's legal debt limit of \$139,591,208 which is 3% of the assessed value (\$4,653,040,282) of taxable property of the Town as of December 31, 2017. The total long-term debt bond obligations of the Town of \$11,661,719 represent approximately 0.24% of the assessed value of the taxable property of the Town at June 30, 2019 (assessment date December 31, 2017).

C. Authorized But Unissued Bond Authority

The Town has the following remaining authorized but unissued bond authority as of June 30, 2019:

Purpose		Authority Amount		Issued	_	Authorized and Unissued
					_	
School capital improvements	\$	4,000,000	\$	3,980,000	\$	20,000
Town hall improvements		300,000				300,000
Municipal land bank reserve		750,000				750,000
School/community gymnasium		4,150,000		4,055,000		95,000
Capital transportation improvement		400,000		385,000		15,000
Open space		3,000,000		700,000		2,300,000
Neighborhood Guild		1,000,000				1,000,000
School improvements		4,000,000				4,000,000
	_					
Total	\$_	17,600,000	\$_	9,120,000	\$_	8,480,000

D. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the government's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		Beginning						Ending		Due Within
		Balance		Additions	-	Reductions		Balance	_	One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds Issuance premium on bonds	\$	12,495,000 529,392	\$		\$	1,842,000 50,705	\$	10,653,000 478,687	\$	1,694,000
Total bonds payable	-	13,024,392		-	-	1,892,705		11,131,687	_	1,694,000
Compensated absences		4,653,881		1,226,859		1,360,489		4,520,251		1,391,147
Net pension liability		69,436,048				765,150		68,670,898		
Net OPEB liability		6,572,335				3,263,679		3,308,656		
Claims and judgments		1,308,610			_	78,348		1,230,262	_	78,348
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	94,995,266	\$	1,226,859	\$	7,360,371	\$	88,861,754	\$_	3,163,495
Business-Type Activities: Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	1,199,637	\$	70.000	\$	190,918	\$, , -	\$	195,132
Compensated absences	-	291,171		72,963	-	83,966		280,168	_	80,576
Total Business-Type Activities	•	4 400 000	•	70.000	•	074.004	•	4 000 007	•	
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	1,490,808	\$	72,963	\$	274,884	\$	1,288,887	\$_	275,708

Compensated absences are normally liquidated by the General Fund inclusive of the School Department. Claims and judgments are liquidated by Solid Waste Fund. The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund inclusive of the School Department.

The debt service requirements for the government's bonds are as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities			_	Business-Ty	/pe	Activities
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2020	\$	1,694,000	\$	280,694	\$	195,132	\$	16,621
2021		1,175,000		250,965		200,435		13,126
2022		1,158,000		221,058		204,831		9,530
2023		938,000		187,578		210,320		5,834
2024		808,000		157,486		84,000		3,112
2025-2029		2,330,000		486,423		114,001		2,311
2030-2034		1,550,000		243,538				
2035-2038		1,000,000		60,000				
			_					
Total	\$_	10,653,000	\$_	1,887,742	\$_	1,008,719	\$_	50,534

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island - General, Police and EMT

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time town, noncertified school department general employees, police and emergency medical technicians participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) - an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at www.ersri.org.

Benefits Provided

General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

Salary: Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under IRC Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

Service: Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

Final Compensation: Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable FAC will be the greater of the member's highest three-year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five-year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.

General Employees

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012 as described above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with 33 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

Police and EMT Employees

Members are eligible to retire when they are at least 50 years old and have a minimum of 25 years of contributing service or if they have 27 years of contributing service at any age. Members with less than 25 years of contributing service are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age.

Members who, as of June 30, 2012, had at least 10 years of contributing service, had attained age 45, and had a prior Retirement Date before age 52 may retire at age 52.

Active members on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date, as described in this section, and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members designated as police officers or firefighters were eligible for retirement at or after age 55 with credit for at least 10 years of service or at any age with credit for 25 or more years of service. Members were also eligible to retire and receive a reduced benefit if they are at least age 50 and have at least 20 years of service. If the municipality elected to adopt the 20-year retirement provisions for police officers and/or firefighters, then such a member was eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

A monthly benefit is paid equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service, up to 37.5 years (75% of FAC maximum).

If the optional 20-year retirement provisions were adopted by the municipality prior to July 1, 2012: benefits are based on 2.50% of the member's FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 2.00% of the member's FAC for each year of service after July 1, 2012. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC.

Active members (including future hires), members who retire after July 1, 2015 and after attaining age 57 with 30 years of service will have a benefit equal to the greater of their current benefit described in (a) and (b) above and one calculated based on a 2.25% multiplier for all years of service.

Other Benefit Provisions

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA (age 55 for members designated as police officers and/or firefighters). When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

- A. The COLA will be suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%; however, an interim COLA may be granted in four-year intervals while the COLA is suspended. The first interim COLA may begin January 1, 2018.
- B. Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%
- C. The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on the every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$25,000 for 2013, \$25,000 for 2014, \$25,168 for 2015, \$25,855 for 2016, and \$26,098 for 2017.

Special Provisions-Rhode Island General Law § 45-21.2-6.1, § 45-21.2-5(5) and § 45-21.2-14(d)

Under these special provisions, the member receives a retirement allowance which is a life annuity terminable at the death of the annuitant, and is an amount equal to the sum of two and one-half percent (2.5%) of final compensation multiplied by the years of service accrued after July 1, 1993 and two percent (2%) of final compensation multiplied by the years of service accrued prior to July 1, 1993. The annual retirement allowance in no event shall exceed seventy-five percent (75%) of final compensation. The member contribution rate between July 1, 1985 and June 30, 2012 was 8.00%, plus 1.00% for the adoption of the optional COLA, for a total of 9.00%. For service after July 1, 2012, the member contribution rate is 9% plus 1.00% for the adoption of the optional COLA, for a total of 10.00%.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the June 30, 2017 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Municipal	Police	<u>EMT</u>
Retirees and Beneficiaries	203	51	5
Inactive, Nonretired Members	148	9	12
Active Members	303	50	18
Total	654	110	35

Contributions

The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 2% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 9.25%. Public safety employees are required to contribute 10% of their salaries. The Town contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The Town contributed \$2,385,159 in the year ended June 30, 2019 which was 13.90% of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The total pension liability (asset) was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions Used in the Valuations to determine the Net Pension Liability (Asset) at the June 30, 2018 measurement date (June 30, 2017 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2018)

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal - the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost

methodology is used.

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll - Closed

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Projected Salary Increases General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%; Police & Fire Employees -

4.00% to 14.00%

Inflation 2.50%

Mortality Mortality - variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the

improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016

projection scale.

Cost of Living Adjustments A 2.00% COLA is assumed after January 1, 2014

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2018 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2018 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Type of Investments	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity		
U.S. Equity	20.8%	6.43%
International Developed Equity	14.4%	6.72%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.8%	8.90%
Equity Hedge Funds		
Private Equity	11.3%	9.08%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.2%	5.03%
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.5%	9.08%
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.0%	3.81%
REITS	1.0%	5.03%
Liquid Credit	2.8%	3.81%
Private Credit	3.2%	3.81%
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.0%	0.61%
Systematic Trend	4.0%	4.00%
Inflation Protection Class		
Core Real Estate	3.6%	5.03%
Private Infrastructure	2.4%	5.61%
TIPs	1.0%	1.75%
Natural Resources	1.0%	3.81%
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.5%	2.14%
Absolute Return	6.5%	4.00%
Cash	3.0%	0.61%
	100.0%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liabilities (Assets)

		Increase (Decrease)						
	-	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability		
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$_	66,507,143	\$	54,544,359	\$	11,962,784		
Changes for the Year Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Employer contributions Employee contributions		1,218,311 4,576,056 308,036		1,454,110 416,695		1,218,311 4,576,056 308,036 (1,454,110) (416,695)		
Net investment income Benefit payments, including employee refunds Administrative expense Other changes Net changes	-	(3,488,130)	_	4,285,588 (3,488,130) (57,052) 116,920		(4,285,588) - 57,052 (116,920)		
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$	2,614,273 69,121,416	\$	2,728,131 57,272,490	\$	(113,858) 11,848,926		
Municipal Employee's	Reti	rement System	- P	olice				
			Inc	crease (Decrease)			
	_	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability		
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$_	31,526,656	\$	23,100,928	\$	8,425,728		
Changes for the Year Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Employer contributions Employee contributions Net investment income Benefit payments, including employee refunds Administrative expense Net changes	-	712,220 2,169,463 1,045,056 (1,780,867) 2,145,872	_	786,772 346,748 1,814,095 (1,780,867) (24,150) 1,142,598		712,220 2,169,463 1,045,056 (786,772) (346,748) (1,814,095) - 24,150 1,003,274		
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$	33,672,528	\$	24,243,526	\$	9,429,002		

Municipal Employee's Retirement System - EMT									
			In	crease (Decrease)				
		Total Pension Liability	•	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset)			
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$	3,991,471	\$	4,089,163	\$_	(97,692)			
Changes for the Year									
Service cost		157,663				157,663			
Interest on the total pension liability		278,283				278,283			
Difference between expected and actual experience		(111,537)				(111,537)			
Employer contributions				26,042		(26,042)			
Employee contributions				74,194		(74,194)			
Net investment income				321,512		(321,512)			
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(189,661)		(189,661)		-			
Administrative expense				(4,280)		4,280			
Other changes	_		_	(20,290)	_	20,290			
Net changes		134,748		207,517	_	(72,769)			
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$	4,126,219	\$	4,296,680	\$_	(170,461)			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

		Cı	urrent Discount	
	 1% Decrease (6.0%)	<u> </u>	Rate (7.0%)	 1% Increase (8.0%)
General Employees	\$ 19,839,235	\$	11,848,926	\$ 5,899,017
Police	13,331,768		9,429,002	6,522,705
EMT	304,771		(170,461)	(524,344)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer recognized pension expense of \$3,613,009. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Municipal		Police	EMT		Total
Deferred outflows of resources:	_						
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	479,310	\$	931,657 \$	74,982	\$	1,485,949
Changes of assumptions		1,720,457		1,195,726	147,293		3,063,476
Net difference between projected and actual							
earnings on pension plan investments		389,217		165,153	19,421		573,791
Town contributions subsequent to measurement date	_	1,574,009		824,320	42,039		2,440,368
		_			_		_
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	4,162,993	\$	3,116,856 \$	283,735	\$	7,563,584
	_	Municipal		Police	EMT		Total
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	94,431	\$	1,200,852 \$	226,175	\$	1,521,458
Changes of assumptions	_			59,895	4,710		64,605
	•	04.404	•	4 000 747 6	222 225		4 500 000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$_	94,431	\$ <u></u>	1,260,747 \$	230,885	\$ <u></u>	1,586,063

Total of the Town contributions subsequent to measurement date of \$2,440,368 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions above will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Municipal	_	Police	_	EMT
2020	\$	1,554,929	\$	449,185	\$	44,798
2021		1,065,925		226,596		12,946
2022		(62,087)		(108,910)		(42,159)
2023		(64,214)		230,481		(10,178)
2024				234,437		(2,326)
Thereafter	_		_		_	7,730
Total	\$_	2,494,553	\$_	1,031,789	\$	10,811

B. Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island - Teachers

Plan Description

All full-time teachers, principals, school nurses and certain other school officials (including the superintendent) in the town's school system must participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Employees' Retirement System plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The System issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Eligibility and Plan Benefits

The level of benefits provided to participants is established by Chapter 36-10 of the General Laws, which is subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Member benefit provisions vary based on service credits accumulated at dates specified in various amendments to the General Laws outlining minimum retirement age, benefit accrual rates and maximum benefit provisions. In general, members accumulate service credits for each year of service subject to maximum benefit accruals of 80% or 75%. For those hired after June 30, 2012, the benefit accrual rate is 1% per year with a maximum benefit accrual of 40%. Members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at any age. The retirement eligibility age increases proportionately for other members reflecting years of service and other factors until it aligns with the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, which applies to any member with less than 5 years of service as of July 1, 2012. Members are vested after 5 years of service.

The plan provides for survivor's benefits for service-connected death and certain lump sum death benefits. Joint and survivor benefit provision options are available to members.

Cost of living adjustments are provided but are currently suspended until the collective plans administered by ERSRI reach a funded status of 80%. Until the plans reach an 80% funded status, interim cost of living adjustments are provided at four-year intervals commencing with the plan year ending June 30, 2016.

The plan also provides nonservice-connected disability benefits after five years of service and service-connected disability benefits with no minimum service requirement.

Contributions

The funding policy, as set forth in the General Laws, Section 16-16-22, provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions to the plan. For fiscal 2019, full-time teachers, principals, school nurses and certain other school officials were required to contribute 3.75% of their annual covered salary, except for teachers with 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 must contribute 11% of their annual covered salary. The State and the School are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, 40% of which is to be paid by the state and the remaining 60% is to be paid by the

School; the rates were 13.45% and 23.51% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 for the state and School, respectively. The School contributed \$3,158,085, \$2,918,365 and \$2,859,817 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2019, the School reported a liability of \$47,392,970 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for contributions made by the state. The amount recognized by the School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School were as follows:

School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	47,392,970
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
associated with the School	_	35,351,752
Total Net Pension Liability	\$_	82,744,722

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018 the School's proportion was 1.50%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School recognized gross pension expense of \$6,621,663 and revenue of \$2,991,987 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019 the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflows of resources:		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	693,195
Changes of assumption		3,442,553
Net difference between projected and actual		
earning on pension plan investments		566,089
Changes in proportionate share of employer contributions		577,370
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,760,490
	_	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	9,039,697
Deferred inflows of resources:	_	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	903,932
Change of assumptions		557,716
Changes in proportionate share of employer contributions		3,869,827
T. (D. () () ()	•	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ <u></u>	5,331,475

The \$3,760,490 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School contributions in fiscal year 2019 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		
0000	φ	007.050
2020	\$	687,359
2021		108,909
2022		(716,273)
2023		(74,066)
2024		60,797
Thereafter	_	(118,994)
Total	\$_	(52,268)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases	3.0% to 13.5%
Investment rate of return	7.0%

Mortality - variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2018 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2018 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Type of Investments	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity		
U.S. Equity	20.8%	6.43%
International Developed Equity	14.4%	6.72%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.8%	8.90%
Equity Hedge Funds		
Private Equity	11.3%	9.08%
Non-Core Real Estate	2.2%	5.03%
Opportunistic Private Credit	1.5%	9.08%
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.0%	3.81%
REITS	1.0%	5.03%
Liquid Credit	2.8%	3.81%
Private Credit	3.2%	3.81%
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.0%	0.61%
Systematic Trend	4.0%	4.00%
Inflation Protection Class		
Core Real Estate	3.6%	5.03%
Private Infrastructure	2.4%	5.61%
TIPs	1.0%	1.75%
Natural Resources	1.0%	3.81%
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.5%	2.14%
Absolute Return	6.5%	4.00%
Cash	3.0%	0.61%
	100.0%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

		Current Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate		1% Increase
_	(6.0%)	 (7.0%)		(8.0%)
\$	59,628,474	\$ 47,392,970	\$	38,279,685

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

C. Aggregated Pension Information

The Town recognized the following amounts related to pension plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	MERS Municipal	MERS Police	MERS EMT	ERS	Total
Net pension asset	\$	\$	\$ 170,461	\$	\$ 170,461
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,162,993	3,116,856	283,735	9,039,697	16,603,281
Net pension liability	11,848,926	9,429,002		47,392,970	68,670,898
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	94,431	1,260,747	230,885	5,331,475	6,917,538
Pension expense	2,394,400	1,121,575	97,034	3,629,676	7,242,685

D. State and TIAA-CREF Administered Defined Contribution Benefit Plan Covering Teachers in ERS and Certain Municipal Employees Participating in MERS

Plan Description

Employees participating in the defined benefit plan with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012, as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute between 1% and 1.5% of annual covered salary depending on the employee's total years of service as of June 30, 2012. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

Teachers that Contribute to Social Security

Plan Funding Policy

The funding policy is outlined in RIGL chapter 36-10.3 (which can be amended by the Rhode Island General Assembly). Contribution rates are:

	Employee Contribution	Employer Contribution
ERS - teachers - contribute to Social Security - less than 20 years of service at 7/1/2012	5%	1% to 1.5% depending on years of service
ERS - teachers - more than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012	No DC plan contributions after July 1, 2015	(employee and employer)

The plan members and town contributed \$1,400,760 and \$327,933, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 for teacher plan members.

General Employees in MERS that Contribute to Social Security

Plan Funding Policy

The funding policy is outlined in RIGL chapter 36-10.3 (which can be amended by the Rhode Island General Assembly. The contribution rates are:

	Employee Contribution	Employer Contribution		
MERS - general employees who contribute to Social Security - and had less than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012	5%	1% to 1.5% depending on years of service		
MERS - general employees - more than 20 years of service on July 1, 2012	No DC plan contributions (after July 1, 2015	employee and employer)		

The plan members and town contributed \$341,017 and \$77,953, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 for town plan members.

The System issues an annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for all of the plans it administers. The reports can be obtained at www.ersri.org.

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

The Town of South Kingstown OPEB Trust (the Trust)

Plan Description

The Trust is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Town. Most full-time employees of the Town and School Department are eligible to participate in the plan. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the Town and the various unions representing the employees. The plan is considered to be part of the Town's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial report as the Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

The Trust Fund investments are managed by Vanguard Institutional Advisory Services (VIAS) and services are administered by Public Agency Retirement Services. All costs for management and administration are paid by the assets in the Trust Fund.

Benefits Provided

The Trust provides medical, dental and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses.

Eligibility

General Employees

Members who have retired under the Municipal Employee Retirement System, shall be eligible to receive medical benefits for self and spouse. Eligibility for retirement is the earlier of completion of 30 years of service regardless of age, or age 58 with 10 years of service.

Police and EMT

Members who have retired under the Municipal Employees Retirement System for police and emergency management technicians shall be eligible to receive medical benefits for self and spouse. Minimum eligibility for retirement is completion of 20 years of service regardless of age. A member of the police department may retire provided they have earned a retirement allowance of at least 50%.

Teachers and Administrators

Members who have retired under the Employees' Retirement System of Rhode Island, with a minimum of 10 years of service with the South Kingstown School Department, shall be eligible to receive medical and dental benefits for self and spouse. If vested by July 1, 2005 (Schedule A), eligibility is the earlier of 28 years of service, or age 60 with 10 years of service. If vested after July 1, 2005 (Schedule B) normal retirement age is the earlier of age 65 with 10 years of service, or age 59 with 29 years of service. Early retirement is age 55 with 20 years of service.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Participants
Active employees Retirees	663 81
Total	744

Contributions

Town Employees hired before July 1, 2006

30 years of service: For 4 years, the Town shall pay \$5,500 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

25 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$4,500 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

20 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$2,500 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible.

Town Employees hired after July 1, 2006

30 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$4,000 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

25 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$2,666 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

20 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$1,333 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible.

Police Employees

The Town is obligated to provide health insurance coverage until the retiree reaches age 65, or until the retiree or spouse obtains an alternative health insurance plan. Employees retiring on or after July 1, 2007 shall contribute 70% of the health care premium co-share that they were paying as an active employee at the time of their retirement.

EMT Employees

The Town pays \$4,000 per year towards health insurance for employees who have 30 years or more of service or until Medicare eligible; \$2,666 per year for 25 years of service and \$1,333 for 20 years of service. The benefit is paid for three years for eligible employees.

Public Works Employees hired before July 1, 2005

These employees will receive the same medical insurance plan and shall be subject to the same premium co-payment as active employees covered under the collective bargaining agreement until age 65. Further, members who retire due to disability after July 1, 2005 will be eligible to receive health care for a 60-month period from the date of retirement or until age 65, whichever comes first. If any such retired employee or his or her spouse has an alternative medical plan available for said retiree, then this provision shall not apply.

Public Works Employees hired after July 1, 2005

30 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$4,000 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

25 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$2,666 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible;

20 years of service: For 3 years, the Town shall pay \$1,333 per year toward the annual cost, and the retiree shall pay the difference, payable on a monthly basis, until Medicare eligible.

School Employees

The Town of South Kingstown School Department pays 100% of the cost of life, dental and health insurance benefits for teachers and administrator retirees who retired prior to September 1, 2008 for a period of up to five years after retirement or until the retiree reaches the age of 70. Teacher and administrator retirees who retired after September 1, 2008 pay the amount of their employee cost-share at the time of their retirement, for health insurance only, for the five-year period.

To be eligible for post-employment benefits, the employee must be eligible to retire under the MERS.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, town and school plan members contributed \$139,802 of premium payments. The Town is required to contribute the balance of the current premium cost and may contribute an additional amount as determined by the Town in order to prefund benefits.

Investments

Investment Policy

The Trust's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the VIAS discretionary investment management agreement approved and singed by the Town's plan administrator and any other investment policy established by the Town. It is the policy of the Town to pursue an investment strategy that reduced risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Town's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short term span.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 7.13%. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability of the Town

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Town at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 20,194,661
Plan fiduciary net position	 16,886,005
Town's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 3,308,656
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	83.6%

The Town's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75% per year
Projected Salary Increases	3.25%
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Initial rate of 8.5% decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 5.0%

Mortality rates were based on RPH-2017 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using scale MP-2017. RPH-2017 table is created based on RPH-2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table with eight years of MP-2014 mortality improvement backed out, projected to 2017 using MP-2017 improvement.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return				
U.S. Equity	37.1%	6.8%				
Non-U.S. Equity	15.9%	8.9%				
U.S. Aggregate Bonds	12.0%	3.5%				
Intermediate-Term Credit	7.2%	4.0%				
Short-Term Credit	4.8%	3.8%				
Intermediate-Term TIPS	15.0%	2.8%				
REITs	8.0%	5.9%				
Total	100%					

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total OPEB Liability	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net OPEB Liability	
Balances as of July 1, 2018	\$_	20,772,231	\$_	14,199,896	\$	6,572,335	
Changes for the Year							
Service cost		719,293				719,293	
Interest on the total pension liability		1,411,561				1,411,561	
actual experience		(1,530,172)				(1,530,172)	
Employer contributions				2,778,252		(2,778,252)	
Net investment income				1,120,738		(1,120,738)	
Benefit payments		(1,178,252)		(1,178,252)		· -	
Administrative expense				(34,629)		34,629	
Net changes		(577,570)	-	2,686,109		(3,263,679)	
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$_	20,194,661	\$	16,886,005	\$	3,308,656	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease			Current Discount		1% Increase
		(5.75%)	•	(6.75%)	•	(7.75%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	4,725,198	\$	3,308,656	\$	2,004,575

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Healthcare Cost						
		1% Decrease Trend Rates				1% Increase	
	(7.5% Decreasing to 4.0%)		(8.5% Decreasing to 5.0%)	(9.5% Decreasing to 6.0%)			
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,475,638	\$	3,308,656	\$	5,422,358	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$950,593. At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	2,419,207	\$	(4,600,923)
earnings on OPEB plan investments	_		_	(89,454)
Total	\$ _	2,419,207	\$	(4,690,377)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Net Deferred Outflow (Inflow) of Resources
2020	\$	(204,428)
2021		(363,203)
2022		(275,798)
2023		(280,733)
2024		(258,677)
Thereafter	_	(888,331)
Total	\$_	(2,271,170)

12. TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2019, the Town provides tax abatements through multiple programs:

- Welcome House of South County
- The Jewish Children's Home of Rhode Island
- South Kingstown Land Trust
- South County Hospital

The Welcome House of South County Program (Welcome House Program) provides real property tax abatements to encourage emergency shelter, transitional and permanent supportive housing to homeless men, women and families in Washington County. Authority for the Welcome House Program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 2003, Chapter 220). Eligibility requirements for the Welcome House Program are that guests are required to complete community service weekly, refrain from any drug or alcohol use, actively seek employment, meet weekly with a case manager, save income and look to better their lives. The abatement is granted on 75% of the taxes and are assessed at the 25% remaining value excluding the administrative building and homeless shelter which are tax exempt. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, taxes abated through this program total \$35,598. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program, however any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

The Jewish Children's Home of Rhode Island Program (Camp JORI) provides real property tax abatements for the provision of a summer camp for disadvantaged Jewish children including full-pay tuition. Authority for the Camp JORI abatement program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 2003, Chapter 220). Eligibility requirements for the Camp JORI are that the program provide disadvantaged children with opportunities and allows the children cultural enrichment. The abatement is granted on the excess land value generally assessed as "open space" and carrying a value of \$500 to \$5,000 per acre. A payment in lieu of taxes is made annually and is based on the current year tax rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, taxes abated through this program total \$59,424. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program; however, any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

The South Kingstown Land Trust Abatement Program (SK Land Trust) provides real property tax abatements to encourage the conservation of natural resources of the Town through preservation and stewardship of open spaces. Authority for the SK Land Trust Program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 2003, Chapter 220). Eligibility requirements are that the recipient provides lasting protection of the Town's open spaces, wildlife habitats, farm and forest lands, aquifers and recharge areas and coastal ecosystems. The abatement is granted on 50% of the property value. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, taxes abated through this program total \$4,052. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program, however any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

The South County Hospital Abatement Program (So Co Hospital) provides real property tax abatements to property owned by So Co Hospital and leased to for-profit business corporations in order to encourage the construction of such facilities. Authority for the So Co Hospital Abatement Program is granted under Rhode Island General Assembly (Public Laws of 1997, Chapter 245). Eligibility requirements are that the property being leased in the aforementioned manner is not to exceed 85% of the space. The abatement is granted on 100% of the property value being leased to the commercial entities with a payment in lieu of taxes made instead that is based on an agreed-upon value modified by the current tax rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, taxes abated through this program total \$614,536. There are no provisions to recapture abated taxes under this program; however, any sale or transfer of the premises to any other entity will terminate the agreement effective upon the date in which the sale or transfer occurs. No other commitments have been made by the Town to the abatement recipient under this program.

13. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Community Septic System Loan Program

On August 30, 2002, the Town entered into an agreement with the Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency to finance the Town's Community Septic System Loan Program. The loan agreement provides the Town with a \$300,000 non-restoring line of credit. The proceeds of the loan shall be used by the Town for the establishment of an operation of a Community Septic System Loan Program. The Program provides for the Town to make loans to property owners of the Town for the repair or replacement of failed or failing septic systems. The individual loans to be made to property owners shall be underwritten by the Town with the assistance of the Rhode Island Housing Mortgage Finance Corporation (RIHMFC). RIHMFC, on behalf of the Town, shall perform all administrative functions related to servicing the individual loans, including disbursing loans to property owners and collecting and remitting borrower loan payments. The loan has a zero interest rate to the Town and 4% to property owners. The Town is only required to make principal repayments in the event that individual property owners default on their loans. Accordingly, the potential liability has not been accrued (reported) in the Town's financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, there are \$300,000 in loans issued and an available (non-restoring) line-of-credit balance of \$-0-.

In June 2005, the Town Council authorized and entered into a second agreement with Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency to finance the Town's Community Septic System Loan Program. The loan agreement provides the Town with an additional \$1,000,000 nonrestoring line of credit that will be funded in three increments of \$300,000 and a final increment of \$100,000. Each increment will be funded only upon the complete drawdown of all prior increments. The proceeds of the loan shall be used by the Town towards the operation of the community Septic System Loan Program. The terms of the loan program are consistent with the terms described in the above-noted paragraph except that the new agreement has a 2% (versus 4%) interest rate to property owners. As of June 30, 2019, there are \$1,000,000 in loans issued and an available (non-restoring) line-of-credit balance of \$-0-.

In August 2010, the Board of Directors of the Rhode Island Clean Water Finance Agency, pursuant to policies and procedures adopted in accordance with Title VI of the Federal Clean Water Act and Chapter 12.2 of the Rhode Island General Laws, notified the Town that it has been approved for an additional \$1,000,000 of funding for the Community Septic System Loan Program. The loan total will be funded in three increments of \$300,000 and a final increment of \$100,000. As of June 30, 2019, there are 3 closings totaling \$64,250 in loans issued which leaves an available line-of-credit balance of \$268,695.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Rhode Island Inter-Local Risk Management Trust

The Town is a member of the Rhode Island Inter-Local Risk Management Trust. This cooperative pool with other Rhode Island cities and towns provides insurance coverage for the Town's risks of loss.

The Town became a member on July 1, 1988. The Trust provides all property, liability and workers' compensation insurance coverage for the Town. Property and liability claims are subject to a \$2,500 deductible with the exception of public officials' liability claims, which are subject to a \$5,000 deductible. The Trust's self-insured retention levels range from \$10,000 to \$1,000,000 depending on the type of coverage provided. In addition to the self-insurance provided by the Trust, there is also reinsurance through third-party sources for claims up to \$5,000,000.

The Trust is a nonprofit organization that is governed by a Board of Trustees composed of officials of member organizations or their representatives. In addition to insurance coverage, the Trust provides risk management services with emphasis on loss control, risk management, education and training, claims administration and other services to its members.

Upon joining the trust, members sign a participation agreement that outlines the rights and responsibilities of both the members and the Trust. The agreement states that for premiums paid by members, the Trust will assume financial responsibility for members' losses up to the maximum amount of insurance purchased, minus members' deductible amounts. Additionally, should a member decide to withdraw from the Trust, the participation agreement requires three months' notice and the payment of a severance penalty.

There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the previous year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage since becoming a member of the Trust on July 1, 1988.

B. Internal Service Funds - Health Care Management Fund

During September 1992, the Town established the Health Care Management Fund to account for its health and dental coverage programs.

Over the past 20 years, the Town has used a combination of the following financing plans to pay for its medical and dental programs for all eligible employees of the Town and School Department and their dependents. The plans consist of the following:

- Prospective Premium Basis a fully insured plan that was used by the Town in fiscal 2008, and
- Cost Plus Basis the Town pays for the actual cost of covered health care services plus a fee to the provider for the administration of the program (used by the Town from the period of July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2016)

Due to the School and Town experiencing significant increases in claims payments over prior fiscal years which initiated the need to research and consider the fully-insured option. In December 2015, the Town issued a request for proposal from the Trust and West Bay to evaluate which option was in the best interest of the Town and School and determined that at the current time given the escalating claims experience being fully-insured was a less risky option for both entities and, as of July 1, 2016 transferred the relationship to The Trust.

Payments within the Health Care Management Fund related to claims incurred and outstanding prior to July 1, 2016 were completed during the year ended June 30, 2018 with the settlement of amounts owed to the fund for overfunded claims resolved during the year ended June 30, 2019. As indicated below, no future liability for claims incurred by not reported (IBNR) remains as of the end of either year then ended.

		Accrued		Current Year		Accrued		Accrued
		Liability		Claims and		Liability		Liability
Fiscal	Fiscal Beginning of Char		Changes in	Claim			End of	
Year		Fiscal Year	_	Estimates	_	Payments	_	Fiscal Year
2017-18	\$	2 206	\$		\$	2 206	\$	_

15. CONTINGENCIES

Liabilities for legal cases and other claims against governmental funds are recorded in the governmental funds when the ultimate liability can be estimated, and such cases are expected to be settled with available expendable financial resources.

The Town has been notified by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that two former landfills have been placed on the Superfund list. The Rose Hill Regional Landfill was previously operated by the towns of South Kingstown and Narragansett, Rhode Island. A Record of Decision (ROD) was issued in December 1999, which delineates EPA's approved remediation strategy for the site. Consent Decree negotiations with EPA began in November 2000 and were completed in January 2003. The towns have paid \$4.125.000 to settle all past and future federal liabilities associated with the Rose Hill site. South Kingstown's \$2,000,000 payment to the Federal Government was funded with a 20-year general obligation bond sold in September 2002 at an interest rate of 1.648%. Repayment of the debt service associated with this bond will be provided from funds held in reserve within the Solid Waste Fund and from property taxes. The Town also paid \$504,932 for state natural resource damages and \$62,500 for its share of federal natural resource damages. The Consent Decree also requires reimbursement of 30% of the State of Rhode Island costs associated with the remediation of this landfill site and ongoing operation and maintenance costs. This cost of \$3,941,566 will also be shared equally between the two towns. The remaining balance of the Town's share of the estimated cost of reimbursing the State is \$1,230,262 at June 30, 2019. Accordingly, this amount has been reported as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. This balance will be paid off during fiscal year ending 2037.

The West Kingston/URI Disposal Area Landfills, both located on Plains Road, were also added to the NPL on July 29, 1992. The West Kingston town dump began operation in the 1950s and ceased operations in 1978. The University of Rhode Island and the towns of South Kingstown and Narragansett have agreed to participate in the remediation of the site under State landfill closure regulations. Construction of the remediation action, or multi-layer cap with passive vent gas collection system, began in August 2005, and was substantially completed in June 2006. Project costs total \$7,072,692. In addition to these costs, there will be ongoing maintenance costs that will be paid out on an annual basis as part of the annual operating budget.

In addition to the above, the government is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the government's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

The Town has received grants from various federal and state agencies for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Town officials are of the opinion that such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial to the financial statements.



TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Budgete	d A	mounts				Variance with Final Budget -
	_	Original		Final		Actual	_	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:								
Property tax revenues	\$	73,806,570	\$	73,806,570	\$	74,523,014	\$	716,444
Intergovernmental revenues		8,676,480		8,676,480		8,837,305		160,825
Licenses, fees, tuition and rent		1,424,516		1,424,516		1,461,399		36,883
Other local revenues		1,756,975		1,756,975		2,382,074		625,099
Use of fund balance	_	1,050,000	_	1,433,913	_	1,433,913		-
Total revenues	_	86,714,541	_	87,098,454	_	88,637,705	-	1,539,251
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		4,035,457		4,000,457		3,917,955		82,502
Public safety		11,465,736		11,114,736		10,982,566		132,170
Public works		3,155,283		2,945,283		2,881,016		64,267
Human service agency contribution		158,000		158,000		158,000		-
Recreation		1,837,035		1,827,035		1,823,653		3,382
Public libraries		1,298,964		1,291,464		1,289,375		2,089
Education		61,201,572		61,576,485		61,487,733		88,752
Pension and other employee benefits	_	1,033,000	_	1,033,000	_	1,027,032		5,968
Total expenditures	_	84,185,047	-	83,946,460	_	83,567,330	-	379,130
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	_	2,529,494		3,151,994	. <u>-</u>	5,070,375	-	1,918,381
Other Financing Uses:								
Transfers in		855,035		855,035		870,788		15,753
Transfers out	_	(3,384,529)		(4,007,029)	_	(4,007,029)	-	-
Total Other Financing Uses	_	(2,529,494)	_	(3,151,994)	_	(3,136,241)	-	15,753
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources	\$_	-	\$_	-	ı	1,934,134	\$	1,934,134
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditunet change in fund balance because of the fo								
Use of fund balance is not a GAAP revenu	e					(1,433,913)		
Transfers to other funds appropriated from		rves				(200,000)		
Recognition of fair market value of investm	ents					390,458		
Planning expenditures not budgeted						(13,666)		
Change in encumbrances					_	20,110	_	
Total Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP	basis				\$_	697,123	=	

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

		2019	_	2018	2017	2016	2015
A. Total pension liability							
Service Cost	\$	1,218,311	\$	1,188,057 \$	1,177,994 \$	1,178,841 \$	1,187,868
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	•	4,576,056	•	4,486,906	4,294,016	4,112,669	3,904,997
Changes of benefit terms				, ,	, ,	1,025,090	, ,
Difference between expected and actual experience		308,036		213,561	388,521	(897,943)	
Changes of assumptions				3,074,881		,	431,607
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,488,130)	_	(3,375,303)	(3,212,066)	(2,788,503)	(2,713,486)
Net change in total pension liability	•	2,614,273		5,588,102	2,648,465	2,630,154	2,810,986
Total pension liability - beginning		66,507,143	_	60,919,041	58,270,576	55,640,422	52,829,436
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	69,121,416	\$_	66,507,143 \$	60,919,041 \$	58,270,576 \$	55,640,422
B. Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	1,454,110	\$	1,481,417 \$	1,392,328 \$	1,420,102 \$	1,298,368
Contributions - employee		416,695		431,900	420,375	246,747	247,508
Net investment income (loss)		4,285,588		5,792,423	(6,478)	1,213,363	6,851,087
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,488,130)		(3,375,303)	(3,212,066)	(2,788,503)	(2,713,486)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(57,052)		(54,725)	(57,861)	(48,275)	(42,901)
Other		116,920	_	36,837	(79,911)	293,093	4,317
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,728,131		4,312,549	(1,543,613)	336,527	5,644,893
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		54,544,359	_	50,231,810	51,775,423	51,438,896	45,794,003
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	i	57,272,490	_	54,544,359	50,231,810	51,775,423	51,438,896
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	11,848,926	\$ _	11,962,784 \$	10,687,231 \$	6,495,153 \$	4,201,526
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	,	82.86%		82.01%	82.46%	88.85%	92.45%
E. Covered payroll	\$	12,946,981	\$	12,761,089 \$	12,335,012 \$	12,266,819 \$	11,878,682
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		91.52%		93.74%	86.64%	52.95%	35.37%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - POLICE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	-	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
A. Total pension liability						
Service Cost	\$	712,220 \$	611,529 \$	600,941 \$	553,069 \$	550,738
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	•	2,169,463	2,164,555	2,186,552	2,031,908	1,977,138
Changes of benefit terms		, ,	, ,	, ,	948,578	, ,
Difference between expected and actual experience					,	
of the Total Pension Liability		1,045,056	(687,204)	(1,391,195)	163,450	
Changes of assumptions			1,737,944	,		(164,150)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(1,780,867)	(1,710,279)	(1,679,490)	(1,638,543)	(1,630,699)
Net change in total pension liability		2,145,872	2,116,545	(283,192)	2,058,462	733,027
Total pension liability - beginning		31,526,656	29,410,111	29,693,303	27,634,841	26,901,814
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	33,672,528 \$	31,526,656 \$	29,410,111 \$	29,693,303 \$	27,634,841
B. Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	786,772 \$	825,285 \$	794,657 \$	712,921 \$	468,675
Contributions - employee		346,748	328,146	319,163	251,692	257,164
Net investment income (loss)		1,814,095	2,453,239	(7,368)	511,433	2,930,811
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,780,867)	(1,710,279)	(1,679,490)	(1,638,543)	(1,630,699)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(24,150)	(23,177)	(19,819)	(19,499)	(18,353)
Other	_		2,262	(5,036)	416	801
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,142,598	1,875,476	(597,893)	(181,580)	2,008,399
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	23,100,928	21,225,452	21,823,345	22,004,925	19,996,526
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-	24,243,526	23,100,928	21,225,452	21,823,345	22,004,925
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	9,429,002 \$	8,425,728 \$	8,184,659 \$	7,869,958 \$	5,629,916
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.00%	73.27%	72.17%	73.50%	79.63%
E. Covered payroll	\$	3,467,480 \$	3,284,260 \$	3,213,589 \$	3,128,217 \$	3,120,331
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		271.93%	256.55%	254.69%	251.58%	180.43%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - EMT LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
A. Total pension liability						
Service Cost	\$	157,663 \$	152,115 \$	144,725 \$	144,842 \$	135,144
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		278,283	257,163	245,078	219,726	204,900
Changes of benefit terms					180,010	
Difference between expected and actual experience						
of the Total Pension Liability		(111,537)	97,946	(119,389)	(85,523)	
Changes of assumptions			192,403			(41,805)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(189,661)	(121,882)	(104,062)	(137,877)	(72,944)
Net change in total pension liability	_	134,748	577,745	166,352	321,178	225,295
Total pension liability - beginning	_	3,991,471	3,413,726	3,247,374	2,926,196	2,700,901
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	4,126,219 \$	3,991,471 \$	3,413,726 \$	3,247,374 \$	2,926,196
	_	_		_	_	_
B. Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	26,042 \$	39,491 \$	41,920 \$	49,050 \$	33,018
Contributions - employee		74,194	80,103	77,657	65,837	63,498
Net investment income (loss)		321,512	434,255	(1,271)	85,550	478,328
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(189,661)	(121,882)	(104,062)	(137,877)	(72,944)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(4,280)	(4,103)	(3,419)	(3,431)	(2,995)
Other	_	(20,290)	(9)	(1)	<u> </u>	155
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		207,517	427,855	10,824	59,130	499,060
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	4,089,163	3,661,308	3,650,484	3,591,354	3,092,294
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	4,296,680	4,089,163	3,661,308	3,650,484	3,591,354
C. Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ _	(170,461) \$	(97,692) \$	(247,582) \$	(403,110) \$	(665,158)
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the						
total pension liability		104.13%	102.45%	107.25%	112.41%	122.73%
E. Covered payroll	\$	741,945 \$	801,028 \$	778,090 \$	822,966 \$	790,777
F. Net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll		22.97%	12.20%	31.82%	48.98%	84.11%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	-	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,574,009 \$	1,454,110 \$	1,481,417 \$	1,392,328 \$	1,420,102
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	-	1,574,009	1,454,110	1,481,417	1,392,328	1,420,102
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$_	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Covered payroll	\$	12,946,981 \$	12,761,089 \$	12,335,012 \$	12,266,819 \$	11,878,682
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.16%	11.39%	12.01%	11.35%	11.96%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2017 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization method

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50% Salary Increases

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation. Retirement age Mortality

Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - POLICE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	824,320 \$	786,772 \$	825,285 \$	794,657 \$	712,921
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	824,320	786,772	825,285	794,657	712,921
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	<u>-</u> \$	<u>-</u> \$	\$	- \$	
Covered payroll	\$	3,467,480 \$	3,284,260 \$	3,213,589 \$	3,128,217 \$	3,120,331
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.77%	23.96%	25.68%	25.40%	22.85%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2017 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.

Mortality Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - EMT LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	42,039 \$	26,042 \$	39,491 \$	41,920 \$	49,050
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	42,039	26,042	39,491	41,920	49,050
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	741,945 \$	801,028 \$	778,090 \$	822,966 \$	790,777
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		5.67%	3.25%	5.08%	5.09%	6.20%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2017 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 24 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.

Mortality Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - TEACHERS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's proportion of the net pension liability		1.49%	1.56%	1.66%	1.62%	1.64%
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	47,392,970 \$	49,047,536 \$	49,461,027 \$	44,674,781 \$	39,917,633
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the school district	-	35,351,752	37,068,153	33,873,541	30,520,408	27,373,360
Total	\$	82,744,722 \$	86,115,689 \$	83,334,568 \$	75,195,189 \$	67,290,993
Town's covered payroll	\$	28,005,990 \$	26,970,899 \$	26,698,936 \$	25,552,372 \$	31,370,787
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		169.22%	181.85%	185.25%	174.84%	127.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		54.30%	54.00%	54.06%	57.55%	61.40%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - TEACHERS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	3,760,490 \$	3,629,676 \$	3,636,144 \$	3,739,438 \$	3,584,110
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	3,760,490	3,629,676	3,636,144	3,739,438	3,584,110
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	\$	\$_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_
Covered payroll	\$	28,005,990 \$	26,970,899 \$	26,698,936 \$	25,552,372 \$	31,370,787
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.43%	13.46%	13.62%	14.63%	11.42%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes:

1) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2017 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 19 years at June 30, 2018

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Teachers - 3.0% to 13.0%

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Mortality Males: PR-2014 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

Females: PR-2014 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2019	_	2018	2017	2016
Total OPEB Liability						
Service Cost	\$	719,293	5	719,381 \$	719,382 \$	820,802
Interest on the total OPEB liability		1,411,561		1,283,580	1,199,145	1,416,126
Changes of benefit terms				25,908		
Changes of assumptions				2,214,123		788,258
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,530,172)		(1,155,474)	(214,423)	(3,006,059)
Benefit payments		(1,178,252)		(1,204,160)	(1,142,035)	(1,127,619)
Net change in total OPEB liability	_	(577,570)		1,883,358	562,069	(1,108,492)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	20,772,231	_	18,888,873	18,326,804	19,435,296
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$_	20,194,661	§	20,772,231 \$	18,888,873 \$	18,326,804
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$	2,778,252 \$	5	2,704,160 \$	1,742,035 \$	1,727,619
Net investment income		1,120,738		828,458	1,143,920	(62,732)
Benefit payments		(1,178,252)		(1,204,160)	(1,142,035)	(1,127,619)
OPEB Plan Administrative Expense	_	(34,629)		(29,855)	(38,915)	(55,503)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,686,109		2,298,603	1,705,005	481,765
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	14,199,896		11,901,293	10,196,288	9,714,523
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	16,886,005	_	14,199,896	11,901,293	10,196,288
Net OPEB Liability - Ending	\$_	3,308,656	=	6,572,335 \$	6,987,580 \$	8,130,516
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage						
of the Total OPEB Liability		83.62%		68.36%	63.01%	55.64%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	44,236,539 \$	5	43,253,947 \$	42,186,979 \$	40,859,060
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		7.48%		15.19%	16.56%	19.90%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Actuarially determined contribution (1)	\$	1,857,859 \$	1,829,061 \$	1,863,644 \$	1,812,425 \$	1,665,055 \$	1,722,851 \$	1,878,000 \$	1,878,000 \$	1,922,000 \$	1,780,100
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	2,778,252	2,704,160	1,742,035	1,727,619	4,859,217	2,948,054	2,896,704	1,986,031	2,202,000	1,784,100
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	(920,393) \$	(875,099) \$	121,609 \$	84,806 \$	(3,194,162) \$	(1,225,203) \$	(1,018,704) \$	(108,031) \$	(280,000) \$	(4,000)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	44,236,539 \$	43,253,947 \$	42,186,979 \$	40,859,060 \$	42,546,253 \$	42,546,253 \$	43,016,000 \$	43,016,000 \$	41,868,678 \$	41,868,678
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		6.28%	6.25%	4.13%	4.23%	11.42%	6.93%	6.73%	4.62%	5.26%	4.26%

⁽¹⁾ Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: July 1, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Level % of Salary.

Discount rate 6.75% and will be updated annually to reflect market conditions

Payroll Level percentage of payroll, closed

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases For amortization purposes: 3.25%

For valuation purposes: 14.0%-4% for IBPO/EMT and 7.25%-3.25% for all others

Investment rate of return 6.75%

Healthcare trend rates Initial 8.5% decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 5.0%

Disability/Termination/Retirement rates

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions.

Mortality

SOA RPH-2017 total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2017

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	2019	2018	2017	2016
Annual money-weighted rate of return,				
net of investment expense	7.13%	12.24%	6.87%	6.64%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund utilizes the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The School Unrestricted Fund is used to report all financial transactions of the South Kingstown School Department, which is not legally required to be accounted for separately.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	_	General Fund	_	School Unrestricted Fund		Eliminations		Total General Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivable, net Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds Prepaid items	\$	17,881,761 11,856,833 1,147,939 12,543 1,068,601 9,769	\$	200 26,385 52,422 5,236,778 17,760	\$	(5,204,716)	\$ _	17,881,961 11,856,833 1,174,324 64,965 1,100,663 27,529
Total Assets	\$_	31,977,446	\$_	5,333,545	\$	(5,204,716)	\$_	32,106,275
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	RE	SOURCES AN	DΙ	FUND BALAN	ICE	ES		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to state and federal governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue Deposits held in custody of others Total liabilities	\$ -	327,040 702,643 146,909 15,341,355 221,663 162,008 16,901,618	\$	677,306 1,846,236 247,386 1,756	\$	(5,204,716)	\$	1,004,346 2,548,879 146,909 10,384,025 223,419 162,008 14,469,586
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Advance property tax collections Total deferred inflows of resources	-	461,647 121,993 583,640	-	- -			- -	461,647 121,993 583,640
Fund balances: Nonspendable Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	-	9,769 970,755 13,511,664 14,492,188	_	17,760 2,543,101 2,560,861			- -	27,529 3,513,856 13,511,664 17,053,049
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	31,977,446	\$_	5,333,545	\$	(5,204,716)	\$_	32,106,275

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund	School Unrestricted Fund		Eliminations	Total General Fund
Revenues:				-		
Property taxes, interest and lien fees	\$	74,523,011	\$	\$		\$ 74,523,011
Intergovernmental revenues		2,629,317	6,047,069			8,676,386
Licenses and fees		1,395,393	13,637			1,409,030
Investment income		987,316	375			987,691
Fines and charges for services			58,713			58,713
Departmental		1,258,470				1,258,470
State on behalf pension contribution			2,991,987			2,991,987
Other local revenues			499,803			499,803
Total revenues	_	80,793,507	9,611,584	-		90,405,091
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		5,012,159				5,012,159
Public safety		11,075,144				11,075,144
Public works		2,820,365				2,820,365
Human service agency contribution		139,000				139,000
Public libraries		1,292,505				1,292,505
Education			64,130,737			64,130,737
Recreation		1,808,597				1,808,597
Total expenditures	_	22,147,770	64,130,737	-		86,278,507
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	_	58,645,737	(54,519,153)	-		4,126,584
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in from other funds		841,335	53,982,118		(54,106,199)	717,254
Transfers out to other funds		(58,084,693)	(168,221)		54,106,199	(4,146,715)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(57,243,358)	53,813,897	-		(3,429,461)
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,402,379	(705,256)		-	697,123
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	13,089,809	3,266,117	-		16,355,926
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	14,492,188	\$ 2,560,861	\$		\$ 17,053,049

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues and Use of Fund Balance: Property taxes:				
Current taxes \$	72,504,058	\$ 72,504,058 \$	73,160,202	\$ 656,144
Prior taxes	535,000	535,000	555,007	20,007
Total taxes current and prior	73,039,058	73,039,058	73,715,209	676,151
Pilot - Federal Aid	8,000	8,000	8,161	161
Interest on taxes	348,250	348,250	393,060	44,810
Payment in lieu of taxes	411,262	411,262	406,584	(4,678)
Total property taxes	73,806,570	73,806,570	74,523,014	716,444
State aid - Town:				
General state aid	204,000	204,000	207,011	3,011
Telephone tax	382,004	382,004	386,853	4,849
Meals and beverage tax	915,000	915,000	951,870	36,870
State library general aid	197,307	197,307	197,307	· <u>-</u>
State library endowment aid	16,574	16,574	16,574	_
State motor vehicle phase-out	622,687	622,687	653,601	30,914
Hotel tax	170,000	170,000	195,877	25,877
Total state aid - Town	2,507,572	2,507,572	2,609,093	101,521
Licenses, fees and rents:				
Business licenses and fees	463,850	463,850	526,301	62,451
Nonbusiness licenses and fees	375,736	375,736	367,294	(8,442)
Real Estate conveyance fees	100,000	100,000	118,328	18,328
Rental of Town properties	384,930	384,930	383,469	(1,461)
Total licenses, fees and rents	1,324,516	1,324,516	1,395,392	70,876
Investment income - short term	200,000	200,000	596,858	396,858
Revenues and Use of Fund Balance:				
Departmental revenues:				
Police department revenue	273,550	273,550	353,004	79,454
Park rental revenue	29,000	29,000	31,528	2,528
Town beach parking	176,880	176,880	203,348	26,468
Boat and mooring	36,000	36,000	41,391	5,391
Animal control fees	1,400	1,400	1,467	67
Library fines and misc.	20,450	20,450	17,841	(2,609)
Dog/cat licenses and fines	5,000	5,000	3,843	(1,157)
Recreation department	146,230	146,230	116,554	(29,676)
Recreation self-support program	155,250	155,250	185,406	30,156
Planning department	5,000	5,000	15,030	10,030
Communications department revenue			3,810	3,810
Copy charges	17,000	17,000	13,389	(3,611)
Recreation department - Outside sponsors	8,275	8,275	6,042	(2,233)
Stepping stone - creative	53,215	53,215	59,427	6,212
Stepping stone - self supported	6,750	6,750	3,907	(2,843)
Geographic information systems program	450	450	480	30
Narragansett - Dog Pound	70,500	70,500	70,500	-
Miscellaneous - Town	97,025	97,025	151,728	54,703
Total departmental revenues	1,101,975	1,101,975	1,278,695	176,720
Use of fund balance	550,000	559,000	559,000	
Total revenues and use of fund balance	79,490,633	79,499,633	80,962,052	1,462,419

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budg	geted Amou	<u>ınt</u> s			Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
		Original	_	Final		Actual	 (Negative)
Expenditures:							
General government:							
Town council	\$	29,001	\$	29,001	\$	26,468	\$ 2,533
Financial town meeting		13,003		10,643			10,643
Legal staff		189,428		189,428		198,840	(9,412)
Probate judge		7,536		7,536		7,536	-
Town clerk		443,053		445,053		437,334	7,719
Canvassing authority		119,437		119,797		110,379	9,418
Town manager's office		426,238		406,238		405,213	1,025
Personnel administration		99,132		99,132		109,281	(10,149)
Town hall operations		176,553		176,553		174,369	2,184
Finance department		718,453		703,453		687,900	15,553
Tax assessor's office		359,973		359,973		350,804	9,169
Information technology		446,541		446,541		433,103	13,438
Geographic information systems		136,813		136,813		136,459	354
Planning department		423,496		423,606		406,320	17,286
Conservation commission		650		540		540	-
Zoning/building inspection		390,993		390,993		378,253	12,740
Outside agencies		55,157		55,157		55,156	 1
Total general government		4,035,457		4,000,457		3,917,955	 82,502
Public safety:							
Police department		7,525,959		7,300,959		7,205,164	95,795
Police civilians		707,206		707,206		702,854	4,352
Police dispatch		810,144		810,144		813,433	(3,289)
Animal control - RD/shelter		347,704		356,704		328,334	28,370
Communications		273,065		263,065		260,615	2,450
Harbor patrol		43,770		43,770		40,005	3,765
Emergency medical services		1,757,888		1,632,888		1,632,161	727
Total public safety		11,465,736	_	11,114,736	_	10,982,566	 132,170
Public works:							
Public works administration		424,100		405,900		393,165	12,735
Streets and highway		2,479,959		2,242,559		2,200,997	41,562
Tree warden/ Street lighting		251,224		296,824		286,854	9,970
Total public works	_	3,155,283	_	2,945,283	_	2,881,016	 64,267
Expenditures:							
Human service agency contributions:							
South Shore Mental Health		15,000		15,000		15,000	-
Hospice of Washington County		2,500		2,500		2,500	-
Visiting Nurses Association		24,000		24,000		24,000	-
Thundermist Health Center		24,000		24,000		24,000	-
Jonnycake Center		30,000		30,000		30,000	-
Cane Day Care Center		9,000		9,000		9,000	-
South County Community Action		24,000		24,000		24,000	-
Welcome House of South County		15,000		15,000		15,000	-
Domestic Violence Resource Center		5,000		5,000		5,000	-
Washington County Coalition for Children		1,000		1,000		1,000	-
Education Exchange		3,500		3,500		3,500	-
Easter Seals		5,000		5,000		5,000	-
Total human service agency contributions		158,000	_	158,000		158,000	 -

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Buc	lgeted Amoun	ı <u>t</u> s				Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
Recreation:							
Recreation department	\$	1,837,035 \$	\$	1,827,035	\$	1,823,653 \$	3,382
Public libraries		1,298,964		1,291,464		1,289,375	2,089
Miscellaneous:							
Unemployment insurance		18,000		18,000		7,737	10,263
Insurance		355,000		355,000		373,512	(18,512)
Contingency		65,000		65,000		40,000	25,000
OPEB funding		425,000		425,000		425,000	-
Workers' compensation		170,000		170,000		180,783	(10,783)
Total miscellaneous		1,033,000		1,033,000		1,027,032	5,968
Total expenditures		22,983,475	2	22,369,975	_	22,079,597	290,378
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		56,507,158		57,129,658		58,882,455	1,752,797
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in:							
From Special Revenue Funds		830,035		830,035		841,334	11,299
Transfers out:							
Wastewater Fund		(4,300)		(4,300)		(4,300)	-
Elderly services		(432,729)		(432,729)		(432,729)	-
Tax Transfer to School		(53,952,664)	(5	53,952,664)		(53,952,664)	-
Tax Transfer to Debt Service		(1,100,000)		(1,100,000)		(1,100,000)	-
Tax Transfer to Comm Rec Ctr		(315,000)		(315,000)		(315,000)	-
To Capital Project Funds		(1,532,500)		(2,155,000)		(2,155,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(56,507,158)	(5	57,129,658)		(57,118,359)	11,299
Excess of Revenues, Other Sources and Uses of							
Fund Balance over Expenditures and Other							
Financing Uses	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-		1,764,096 \$	1,764,096
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures is different that net change in fund balance because of the following reconciling							
Use of fund balance is not a GAAP revenue						(559,000)	
Transfers to other funds appropriated from reserves						(200,000)	
Encumbrances are reported in the year the order is placed f	for buc	lgetary purpose	es				
but in the year received for financial reporting purposes						20,491	
Unbudgeted Planning Dept expense						(13,666)	
Recognition of fair market value of investments						390,458	
Total Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP basis				\$	s <u> </u>	1,402,379	

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS - SCHOOL UNRESTRICTED FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	-	Budgete	ed A				Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues and Designated Fund Balance:								
State aid Tuition	\$	6,168,908 100,000	\$	6,168,908 100,000	\$	6,228,212 66,007	\$	59,304 (33,993)
Investment Income Miscellaneous		455,000		455,000		375 506 146		375 51,146
Total revenues	-	455,000 6,723,908		455,000 6,723,908	-	506,146 6,800,740	-	76,832
Use of fund balance	_	500,000	-	874,913	_	874,913	-	<u>-</u>
Total Revenues and Use of Fund Balance	_	7,223,908		7,598,821	_	7,675,653	-	76,832
Expenditures:								
Salaries		34,012,107		34,016,624		34,373,514		(356,890)
Employee benefits		14,524,314		14,497,660		14,357,828		139,832
Purchased services		10,177,889		10,579,995		10,405,191		174,804
Supplies and materials	_	2,487,262		2,482,206	_	2,351,200	_	131,006
Total expenditures	-	61,201,572		61,576,485	-	61,487,733	-	88,752
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over								
Expenditures	-	(53,977,664)		(53,977,664)	-	(53,812,080)	-	165,584
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in:								
Town of South Kingstown General Fund		53,952,664		53,952,664		53,952,664		-
Trust Fund Income	_	25,000		25,000	_	29,454	_	4,454
Total other financing sources	-	53,977,664		53,977,664	_	53,982,118	-	4,454
Excess of Revenues, Other Sources and Uses of								
Fund Balance over Expenditures and Other								
Financing Uses	\$_	-	\$			170,038	\$	170,038
Budgetary excess of revenues over expenditures is dinet change in fund balance because of the following								
Use of fund balance is not a GAAP revenue Change in encumbrances		Ü			_	(874,913) (381)		
Total Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP basis					\$_	(705,256)		



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditure for particular purposes. The following special revenue funds are reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

TOWN FUNDS

Community Development Block Grant - This fund is used to account for revenues received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development. These funds are restricted for the various objectives of the Community Development Block Grant Program.

Elderly Services - This fund is used to account for the operations of the Senior Services Center, and for the transportation, nutrition, and adult day care programs for senior citizens residents.

EMS Billing Services - This fund is used to account for revenues received from billing services for the Emergency Medical Services Department.

Narragansett Library Association - This fund is used to account for funds restricted for library operation expenditures.

Neighborhood Guild - This fund is used to account for operations of the Neighborhood Guild facility. The Guild offers numerous recreational programs for Town residents of all ages.

Peace Dale Office Building - This fund is used to account for the operation of the Peace Dale Office Building.

Property Revaluation Reserve Fund - This fund is used to account for the periodic revaluation of property for tax assessment as mandated by State law.

RI Resource Recovery Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for revenues received from RI Resource Recovery Corporation. These funds are restricted to the Town's recycling program.

Other Town Funds - Outlined below are the remaining Special Revenue Funds that are restricted for various programs maintained by the Town.

Affordable Housing Miscellaneous Donations Fund

Animal Shelter Benefit Municipal Planning Services Reserve Fund

Asset Forfeiture Fund Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant
Community Recreation Center Statewide Planning Grant

Public Safety Grants Substance Abuse

Drug Free Community Grant Historical and Vital Recording Fees

Friends of SK Parks and Recreation

SCHOOL FUNDS

Nancy Brown Memorial Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds to construct and maintain a playground at Wakefield Elementary School in memory of Nancy Brown.

School Restricted Funds - These funds are financed by grants from various state and federal agencies and are restricted for specific educational programs.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds. Funding sources include debt proceeds, intergovernmental sources, third party contributions and General Fund transfers. The following capital project funds are reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

Capital Equipment and Replacement Fund - This fund is used to account for major capital equipment acquisitions in the Town that are funded over a multi-year period.

Fair Share Development Fund - This fund is used to account for the fees collected from subdivision developers for future school and recreational capital improvements.

Library Building Construction - This fund is used to account for building renovations to the three Town libraries.

Guild Renovation Fund - This fund is used to account for improvements to the Neighborhood Guild facility.

Open Space Reserve Fund - This fund is used to account for real estate conveyance taxes held for the purchase of open space.

Public Safety Improvement Fund - This fund was established to account for the construction and maintenance of the South Kingstown Public Safety Building.

Public Services Office Building Improvement - This fund was established to account for improvements to the Public Service Office Building.

Public Works Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for various improvements to the Town's infrastructure system.

Recreation Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for various restoration projects to the Town's recreational facilities.

Recreation Minor Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for improvements to the Town's recreational facilities.

School Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for the construction of various school improvements.

Senior Services Center Construction - This fund is used to account for the construction costs of the Senior Services Center.

South Road School Reserve Fund - This fund is used to account for construction costs associated with South Road School

Recreation Center Fund - This fund is used to account for the construction costs of the South Kingstown Recreation Center.

Technology Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for major enhancements to the Town's data processing system.

Town Hall Improvement Fund - This fund is used to account for construction improvement projects at the Town Hall.

Wastewater Construction Fund - This fund is used to account for the construction of new wastewater facilities.

PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The following permanent funds are reported as nonmajor governmental funds:

Hazard Memorial Trust - To account for funds available for the operations of the Peace Dale library.

Irving Knowles Trust - To account for funds available for the operations of the Peace Dale library.

Oliver Watson Home Fund - To account for the operations of the Watson Home, which was established in 1938 to provide shelter and care for elderly town residents.

Walter W. Watson Trust - To account for funds available to assist the poor and needy of South Kingstown.

Kingston Free Library Trust Fund - To account for funds available for the operations of the Kingston Free library.

	Special Revenue Funds															
ASSETS	, 	Affordable Housing		Animal Shelter Benefit Fund		Asset Forfeiture Fund		Community Development Block Grant		Community Recreation Center	_	Elderly Services		EMS Billing Services		Historical and Vital Recording Fees
AGGETG																
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$		\$		\$	740	\$		\$	150	\$	249,990	\$	699,762 844,011	\$	
Accounts and other receivables Due from federal and state governments								20,340				26,339 12,520				
Due from other funds Prepaids		104,066		366,904		293,643		20,010		153,255		8,145		57,180		158,096
·	_	404.000		000.004		004.000		00.040		450 405	_	202.004	_	4 000 050		450,000
Total Assets	\$ <u>_</u>	104,066	\$_	366,904	۵,	294,383	\$	20,340	\$_	153,405	۵_	296,994	\$_	1,600,953	\$	158,096
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$		\$	13,014	\$		\$	13,255	\$	6,003 6,170	\$	5,223 13,389	\$	1,742	\$	
Due to federal and state governments				425				0.000		,		-,				
Due to other funds Unearned revenue	_							6,329	_	21,791	_				_	
Total liabilities	=	-	_	13,439		-		19,584		33,964	_	18,612	_	1,742		
Fund Balances: Nonspendable																
Restricted Committed Unassigned		104,066		353,465		294,383		756		119,441		278,382		1,599,211		158,096
Total fund balances	_	104,066	- <u>-</u>	353,465		294,383	- ·	756		119,441	-	278,382	_	1,599,211		158,096
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	104,066	\$_	366,904	\$_	294,383	\$	20,340	\$	153,405	\$_	296,994	\$_	1,600,953	\$	158,096

							S	pecial Reven	ue	Funds						
ASSETS	Na	arragansett Library		Neighborhood Guild	. <u>-</u>	Peace Dale Office Building		Property Revaluation Reserve Fund		RI Resource Recovery Grant		Public Safety Grants	8	Substance Abuse		Statewide Planning Grant
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	64,852	Ф	134,942	Ф	165,356	Ф		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Investments	Ψ	32,713	Ψ	134,342	Ψ	100,330	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Accounts and other receivables		,		102,189		97										
Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds		211				24,216		109,200 58,716		55,896		3,764		13,735		
Prepaids		211		4,500		24,210		30,710		55,690				13,733		
·			_		_				•		_		_		_	
Total Assets	\$	97,776	\$_	241,631	\$_	189,669	\$	167,916	\$	55,896	\$_	3,764	\$_	13,735	\$_	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities:																
Accounts payable	\$		\$	8,721	\$	1,007	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Accrued liabilities Due to federal and state governments				8,382		4,009						389				
Due to other funds				29,971								3,375				
Unearned revenue			_	66,408	_	182					_	0.704	_		_	
Total liabilities		-		113,482	-	5,198	-	-		-	_	3,764	_		_	
Fund Balances:																
Nonspendable Restricted		97,776		4,500 123,649						55,896						
Committed		91,110		123,049		184,471		167,916		55,690				13,735		
Unassigned			_		_	•					_		_			
Total fund balances		97,776		128,149	-	184,471		167,916		55,896	_	-	_	13,735	_	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	97,776	\$_	241,631	\$_	189,669	\$	167,916	\$	55,896	\$_	3,764	\$_	13,735	\$_	

									l Re	evenue Fund	ds			
ASSETS	Pre-Dis Mitiga Gra	ation	Com	g Free munity rant	<u> </u>	Nancy Brown Memorial Fund		Municipal Planning Services Reserve Fund		School Restricted Fund	_	liscellaneous Donations Fund	 Friends of SK Parks and Recreation	 Total Special Revenue Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivables Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds Prepaids	\$	22,332	\$		\$	3,141	\$	346	\$	84,824 84,736	\$	20,705	\$ 50,453 1,978	\$ 1,369,386 876,724 128,625 252,980 1,401,828 4,500
Total Assets	\$2	22,332	\$		\$	3,141	\$_	346	\$_	169,560	\$_	20,705	\$ 52,431	\$ 4,034,043
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to federal and state governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities		22,332	\$		\$ 	3,141	\$	-	\$	34,621 53,550 32,062 49,327 169,560	\$	900	\$ 500	\$ 71,972 102,044 425 94,069 137,708 406,218
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances					. <u>-</u>	_		346			_	19,805	 51,931 51,931	4,500 749,605 2,873,720 - 3,627,825
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	22,332	\$	-	\$	3,141	\$	346	\$	169,560	\$_	20,705	\$ 52,431	\$ 4,034,043

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

						Capita	al Project	Fu	nds						
ASSETS		Capital Equipment and Replacement	<u> </u>	Technology Improvement	Fair Share Development	 Library Building Construction	Open Space Reserve		Public Safety Improvement	<u> </u>	Public Services Office Building Improvement	: <u>l</u> ı	Public Works mprovement		Recreation Minor mprovement
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivables Due from federal and state governments	\$		\$	\$		\$ 191,953 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$	28,145
Due from other funds Prepaids	_	1,695,338		228,449	460,777	 	780,34	4	373,221	-	156,879		1,161,704	<u> </u>	242,553
Total Assets	\$_	1,695,338	\$	228,449 \$	460,777	\$ 191,953_\$	780,34	<u>4</u> \$	373,221	\$	156,879	\$_	1,161,704	\$_	270,698
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	65,902	\$	\$		\$ 11,060 \$		\$	3	\$		\$	447,028	\$	
Due to federal and state governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue						48,283									28,145
Total liabilities	_	65,902	 		-	 59,343		-			-		447,028	_	28,145
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted					460,777		780,34	4							
Committed Unassigned		1,629,436		228,449	,	132,610	,		373,221		156,879		714,676		242,553
Total fund balances	_	1,629,436		228,449	460,777	 132,610	780,34	4	373,221	-	156,879		714,676	_	242,553
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	1,695,338	\$	228,449 \$	460,777	\$ 191,953_\$	780,34	<u>4</u> \$	373,221	\$	156,879	\$_	1,161,704	\$	270,698

							Са	pit	al Projects	Fu	nds					
ASSETS	R	Guild enovation		Recreation nprovement	School Improvement	: -	Senior Services Center Construction		Recreation Center Fund		South Road School Reserve Fund	Town Hall Improvemen	<u>t</u>	Wastewater Construction	_	Total Capital Project Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivables	\$		\$	\$	3	\$		\$		\$	\$	i	\$	1,254,884 4,109,513	\$	1,446,837 4,109,513
Due from federal and state governments Due from other funds Prepaids	_		_	150,210	_		5,004		203,790		365,852	631,080)	7,894		28,145 6,463,095 -
Total Assets	\$_		\$_	150,210	S <u>-</u>	\$_	5,004	\$_	203,790	\$_	365,852 \$	631,080	\$	5,372,291	\$	12,047,590
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	7,000	\$	\$	327,313	\$		\$		\$	1,757 \$	i	\$	i	\$	860,060
Due to federal and state governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue		7,000			946,957											1,002,240 28,145
Total liabilities	_	14,000	_	-	1,274,270		-		-		1,757		_		-	1,890,445
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed		(14,000)		150,210	(4 074 070)		5,004		203,790		364,095	631,080)	5,372,291		1,241,121 10,204,294
Unassigned Total fund balances	_	(14,000) (14,000)	_	150,210	(1,274,270) (1,274,270)		5,004	- 	203,790	 	364,095	631,080)	5,372,291	_	(1,288,270) 10,157,145
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	_	\$	150,210	S	\$_	5,004	\$_	203,790	\$_	365,852 \$	631,080	_\$	5,372,291	\$	12,047,590

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_					Perma	nent	Funds					
ASSETS	_	Hazard Memorial Trust	. <u>-</u>	Irving Knowles Trust	. <u>-</u>	Oliver Watson Home		Walter W. Watson Trust		Kingston Free Library Trust	 Total Permanent Funds	_	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts and other receivables Due from federal and state governments	\$	223,022 258,388	\$	43 448,941	\$	1,823 208,099	\$	200,833	\$	267 994,924	\$ 225,155 2,111,185 - -	\$	3,041,378 7,097,422 128,625 281,125
Due from other funds Prepaids	_	2,082	_		. <u>-</u>	83		111			 2,276	_	7,867,199 4,500
Total Assets	\$ <u>_</u>	483,492	\$	448,984	\$_	210,005	\$_	200,944	\$	995,191	 2,338,616	\$_	18,420,249
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to federal and state governments	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ -	\$	932,032 102,044 425
Due to other funds Unearned revenue	_		. <u> </u>	517	_		. <u> </u>			1,358	 1,875 -	_	1,098,184 165,853
Total liabilities	_	-		517	_	-	_	-		1,358	 1,875	_	2,298,538
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		20,000 463,492		2,000 446,467		39,000 171,005		40,928 160,016		390,092 603,741	492,020 1,844,721 -		496,520 3,835,447 13,078,014 (1,288,270)
Total fund balances	_	483,492	_	448,467	· –	210,005	_	200,944	- ·	993,833	 2,336,741	_	16,121,711
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	483,492	\$	448,984	\$	210,005	\$	200,944	\$	995,191	\$ 2,338,616	\$_	18,420,249

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_				Special	Reve	enue Funds			
	_	Affordable Housing	Animal Shelter Benefit Fund	Asset Forfeiture Fund	Community Development Block Grant	. <u>-</u>	Community Recreation Center	Elderly Services	EMS Billing Services Fund	Historical and Vital Recording Fees
Revenues:	•	•	•	04.540	00.500	•	•	000 400 Ф		
Intergovernmental revenues Licenses and fees	\$	\$	\$ 17,120	31,543 \$	63,560	\$	\$	269,490 \$	\$	34,422
Fines and charges			17,120				161,611	186,236	989,489	34,422
Investment income (loss)							249	4,577	44,834	
Contributions			1,465							
Other revenue	_		26,154	8,582						
Total revenues	_	- -	44,739	40,125	63,560	_	161,860	460,303	1,034,323	34,422
Expenditures: Education										
Recreation							475,168			
Other expenditures		3,634	16,366	66,401	67,091			878,195	159,787	36,248
Debt service:										
Capital outlay Total expenditures	_	3,634	16,366	66,401	67,091	_	475,168	878,195	159,787	36,248
Total experiultures	_	3,034	10,300	00,401	07,091	_	473,100	070,195	139,767	30,240
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	_	(3,634)	28,373	(26,276)	(3,531)		(313,308)	(417,892)	874,536	(1,826)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in							315,000	447,729		
Transfers out							0.0,000	(38,000)	(590,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_		-	-		_	315,000	409,729	(590,000)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,634)	28,373	(26,276)	(3,531)		1,692	(8,163)	284,536	(1,826)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	107,700	325,092	320,659	4,287		117,749	286,545	1,314,675	159,922
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	104,066 \$	353,465 \$	294,383 \$	756	\$	119,441 \$	278,382 \$	1,599,211 \$	158,096

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

					Special Reven	ue Funds				
	Narragansett Library	Neighborhood Guild	Peace Da Office Building		Property Revaluation Reserve Fund	RI Resource Recovery Grant	Public Safety Grants		ubstance Abuse	Statewide Planning Grant
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental revenues Licenses and fees	\$	\$	\$	80 \$	109,200	\$	\$ 65,9	46 \$	\$	67,161
Fines and charges		417,359	85,5	65						
Investment income (loss) Contributions	(56,200) 87,766	1,384	2,5	89						
Other revenue	67,700	1,540							14,358	
Total revenues	31,566	420,283	88,8	34	109,200		65,9	146	14,358	67,161
10141.101011400	0.,000	,			,200				,000	
Expenditures: Education										
Recreation		801,751	84,9	29						
Other expenditures Debt service:	20				159,119		65,9	46	11,537	67,161
Capital outlay										
Total expenditures	20	801,751	84,9	29	159,119	-	65,9	46	11,537	67,161
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	31,546	(381,468)	3,9	05	(49,919)		_		2,821	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in	3,068	405,600								
Transfers out	(47,460)	400,000								
Total other financing sources (uses)	(44,392)	405,600		_		-	-		_	
3 (,							-			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(12,846)	24,132	3,9	05	(49,919)	-		-	2,821	=
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	110,622	104,017	180,5	66	217,835	55,896		<u>-</u>	10,914	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 97,776	\$ 128,149	\$ 184,4	71 \$	167,916	\$ 55,896	\$	<u> \$</u>	13,735 \$	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_					ial Revenue Funds	5		
	<u>-</u>	Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant	Drug Free Community Grant	Nancy Brown Memorial Fund	Municipal Planning Services Reserve Fund	School Restricted Fund	Miscellaneous Donations Fund	Friends of SK Parks and Recreation	Total Special Revenue Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Licenses and fees Fines and charges	\$	17,504 \$	115,713 \$	\$	5	\$ 1,483,744	\$ \$	\$	2,224,541 51,542 1,840,260
Investment income (loss) Contributions Other revenue Total revenues	-	17,504	115,713			18,389	6,365	873 6,075 	(1,694) 120,060 50,634 4,285,343
	-	17,504	113,113			1,302,133	0,303	0,340	4,203,343
Expenditures: Education Recreation Other expenditures		17,504	115,713			1,502,133	2,670	15,064	1,502,133 1,376,912 1,667,392
Debt service: Capital outlay Total expenditures	-	17,504	115,713			1,502,133	2,670	15,800 30,864	15,800 4,562,237
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	-	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>				3,695	(23,916)	(276,894)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _			<u>-</u> _	1,171,397 (675,460) 495,937
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	-	_	-	3,695	(23,916)	219,043
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	-	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		346		16,110	75,847	3,408,782
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	\$	\$		346	\$	\$ 19,805	51,931 \$	3,627,825

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_						Capita	l Projects F	und	ls					
		Capital Equipment and Replacement	Technology Improvemen	<u>t</u> .	Fair Share Development	_(Library Building Construction	Open Space Reserve		Public Safety Improvement	lr	Public Services Office Building nprovement	Public Works Improvement	Recreation Minor Improveme	
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Licenses and fees Fines and charges Investment income (loss) Contributions	\$	105,200	\$	\$	216,114	\$	\$ 2,542 49,950	402,797	\$	5	\$	\$;	\$	
Other revenue	_					_	,							14,35	
Total revenues	_	105,200			216,114	_	52,492	402,797				-		14,35	<u>0</u>
Expenditures: Education Recreation Other expenditures Debt service: Capital outlay		619,886	4,625				132,251	4,320		38,440			79,858 1,804,614	238,77	_
Total expenditures	_	619,886	4,625		-	_	132,251	4,320		38,440	_		1,884,472	238,77	<u>′0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(514,686)	(4,625	<u>)</u>	216,114	_	(79,759)	398,477		(38,440)	_		(1,884,472)	(224,42	<u>20)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		1,059,500	50,000		(194,088)		7,500	(250,000))	35,000		70,000	845,000	133,00)0
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,059,500	50,000	_ :	(194,088)	_	7,500	(250,000))	35,000		70,000	845,000	133,00)0
Net Change in Fund Balances		544,814	45,375		22,026		(72,259)	148,477		(3,440)		70,000	(1,039,472)	(91,42	20)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		1,084,622	183,074		438,751		204,869	631,867		376,661		86,879	1,754,148	333,97	/3
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	1,629,436	\$ 228,449	\$	460,777	\$_	132,610 \$	780,344	\$_	373,221	\$	156,879 \$	714,676	\$ 242,55	53

(14,000)

2,424

2.424

(11,576)

(2,424)

(14,000)\$

30,000

30.000

30,000

120,210

150,210 \$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues

Other Financing Sources (Uses):

Net Change in Fund Balances

Fund Balances at End of Year

Fund Balances at Beginning of Year

Total other financing sources (uses)

over Expenditures

Transfers in

Transfers out

South Senior Road Total Services Recreation School Town Capital Guild Recreation School Center Center Reserve Hall Wastewater Project Renovation **Major Projects** Improvement Construction Fund Fund Improvement Construction **Funds** Revenues: \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 27,473 \$ \$ 28 \$ \$ 132,701 Intergovernmental revenues Licenses and fees 618,911 Fines and charges 93,425 88,800 182,225 Investment income (loss) 190,706 193,248 Contributions 49,950 Other revenue 14.350 Total revenues 27,473 93,453 279,506 1,191,385 Expenditures: Education Recreation Other expenditures 79,858 Debt service: Capital outlay 14,000 2,271,794 75,208 58,495 92,389 110,784 5,465,576 Total expenditures 14,000 2,271,794 75,208 58,495 92,389 110,784 5,545,434

(2,244,321)

(2,244,321)

970,051

(1,274,270)\$

(75,208)

38,000

38,000

(37,208)

42,212

5,004 \$

(58,495)

(58,495)

262,285

203,790 \$

1,064

1,064

364,095 \$

363,031

(110,784)

50,000

50,000

(60,784)

691,864

631,080 \$

279,506

279,506

5,092,785

5,372,291 \$

(4,354,049)

2,320,424

1,876,336

(2,477,713)

12,634,858

10,157,145

(444,088)

Capital Project Funds

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_					Perma	ner	nt Funds								
	_	Hazard Memorial Trust	_	Irving Knowles Trust	_	Oliver Watson Home	_	Walter W. Watson Trust	_	Kingston Free Library Trust	_	Total Permanent Funds	-	Eliminations		Total
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues Licenses and fees	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	- -	\$	\$	\$	2,357,242 670,453
Fines and charges Investment income (loss) Contributions Other revenue		27,725		22,200		9,515		8,959		63,289		131,688 -				2,022,485 323,242 170,010 64,984
Total revenues	_	27,725	_	22,200	_	9,515	_	8,959	_	63,289	_	131,688	-	-	_	5,608,416
Expenditures: Education Recreation Other expenditures		16,669				2,237				8,156		- 2,237 24,825				1,502,133 1,379,149 1,772,075
Debt service: Capital outlay Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	16,669	_	<u> </u>	_	2,237	_	<u>-</u> _	_	8,156	_	27,062	-			5,481,376 10,134,733
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	11,056	_	22,200	_	7,278	_	8,959		55,133	_	104,626	=	<u>-</u> ,		(4,526,317)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>		_	(3,068) (3,068)	_	(15,000) (15,000)	_		_	(25,259) (25,259)	_	(43,327) (43,327)	-	(56,068) 56,068	_	3,435,753 (1,106,807) 2,328,946
Net Change in Fund Balances		11,056		19,132		(7,722)		8,959		29,874		61,299		-		(2,197,371)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	472,436	_	429,335	_	217,727	_	191,985	_	963,959	_	2,275,442	_	<u>-</u>		18,319,082
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	483,492	\$_	448,467	\$_	210,005	\$_	200,944	\$	993,833	\$_	2,336,741	\$		\$	16,121,711





INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for and finance certain health care costs of the Town in addition to non-major technology investments. The Internal Service Funds are as follows:

Health Care Management Fund - To account for health care management costs for the Town.

Compensated Absences Fund - To account for compensated absences administration for the Town.

Non-major Technology Reserve Fund - To account for all funds held for the purposes of non-major technology purchases.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Health Care Management Fund		Compensated Absences Fund	_	Non-major Technology Reserve Fund		Total
ASSETS Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 672,465	\$	52,334 1,124,361	\$	119,603	\$_	724,799 1,243,964
Total Assets	672,465	-	1,176,695		119,603	. <u> </u>	1,968,763
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION							
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-		-		_	
Net Position: Unrestricted	\$ 672,465	\$	1,176,695	\$	119,603	\$ <u>_</u>	1,968,763

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Health Ca Manageme Fund		Compensated Absences Fund	_	Non-major Technology Reserve Fund	_	Total
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Claims reimbursement Total operating revenues		\$ 019 019	75,000 75,000	\$	95,315 95,315	\$	170,315 4,019 174,334
Operating Expenses: Health care management Compensated absences Contribution to OPEB Trust Fund Other Total operating expenses	1,000,0 1,008,		98,297 98,297	=	58,274 58,274	_	8,750 98,297 1,000,000 58,274 1,165,321
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,004,	731)	(23,297)		37,041		(990,987)
Nonoperating Income: Income on investments	18,5	268_	726	-			18,994
Change in Net Position	(986,	463)	(22,571)		37,041		(971,993)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	1,658,9	928_	1,199,266	_	82,562		2,940,756
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 672,	465 \$	1,176,695	\$_	119,603	\$_	1,968,763

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Health Care Management Fund	Compensated Absences Fund	Non-major Technology Reserve Fund	_	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from providing services Receipts from claims reimbursements Payments to suppliers Payments to OPEB Trust Fund Payments for claims Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 4,019 (1,000,000) (8,750) (1,004,731)	\$ 98,300 (98,299)	\$ 58,274 (58,274)	\$	156,574 4,019 (58,274) (1,000,000) (107,049) (1,004,730)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest on investments Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 18,268 18,268 (986,463) 1,658,928 672,465	\$ 726 726 727 51,607 52,334	\$ - - - -	\$ _	18,994 18,994 (985,736) 1,710,535 724,799
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Total adjustments	\$ (1,004,731)	\$ 23,297) 23,300 (2) 23,298	\$ 37,041 (37,041) (37,041)	\$_	(990,987) (13,741) (2) (13,743)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ (1,004,731)	\$ 1	\$ 	\$_	(1,004,730)



AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency Funds are as follows:

Unclaimed Estates - To account for unclaimed estates that are in probate

Student Activities Fund - To account for all funds held in various school programs.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance July 1, 2018	 Additions	•	Deductions	 Balance June 30, 2019
Unclaimed Estates					
Assets: Cash	\$ 24,645	\$ 347	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 24,992
Liabilities: Deposits held in custody for others	\$ 24,645	\$ 347	\$	-	\$ 24,992
Student Activities Fund					
Assets: Cash Investments	\$ 392,431 8,016	\$ 413,665	\$	431,761 8,016	\$ 374,335 -
Total Assets	\$ 400,447	\$ 413,665	\$	439,777	\$ 374,335
Liabilities: Deposits held in custody for others	\$ 400,447	\$ 413,665	\$	439,777	\$ 374,335
Total All Agency Funds					
Assets: Cash Investments	\$ 417,076 8,016	\$ 414,012	\$	431,761 8,016	\$ 399,327 -
Total Assets	\$ 425,092	\$ 414,012	\$	439,777	\$ 399,327
Liabilities: Deposits held in custody for others	\$ 425,092	\$ 414,012	\$	439,777	\$ 399,327



TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u>Year</u>	Mill Rate	Property Taxes Receivable July 1, 2018	Current Year Assessment	Transfers Addendums (Net)	Abatements and Adjustments	Amount to be Collected	Collections Net of Refunds	Property Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019
2018	15.68	\$ \$	73,489,580	\$ 159,788	\$ 75,475 \$	73,573,893 \$	72,808,519	\$ 765,374
2017	15.31	866,099		3,404	7,203	862,300	753,259	109,041
2016	15.09	145,038		285	3,699	141,624	71,140	70,484
2015	15.52	71,849		226	25	72,050	23,401	48,649
2014	15.482	51,857			25	51,832	10,474	41,358
2013	15.47	40,531			46	40,485	3,860	36,625
2012	14.501	38,606			355	38,251	1,883	36,368
2011	14.51	38,340			542	37,798	2,052	35,746
2010	14.19	52,867			351	52,516	322	52,194
2009	12.09	15,754				15,754	146	15,608
2008	11.97	18,718			18,442	276	276	
Subtotal		1,339,659 \$	73,489,580	\$ 163,703	\$ 106,163 \$	74,886,779 \$	73,675,332	1,211,447
Less: estimated allowance for uncollectable accounts		389,913						380,640
Net property taxes receivable		\$ <u>949,746</u>						\$830,807

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

•	4.
COL	ections
~~	CCHOIIS

Year	July - August 2018 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY18 Accrual	September	Total FY 2019	July - August 2019 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY19 Accrual
2018	\$	\$ 72,808,519	\$ 72,808,519 \$	347,517
2017	288,328	464,931	753,259	15,289
2016	26,150	44,990	71,140	4,176
2015	10,555	12,846	3,401	961
2014	2,266	8,208	10,474	271
2013	1,437	2,423	3,860	242
2012	500	1,383	1,883	278
2011	43	2,009	2,052	167
2010		322	322	253
2009		146	146	7
2008		271	276	
Total	\$ <u>329,28</u>	4 \$ 73,346,04	8 \$ 73,675,332 \$	369,161

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Schedule of Net Assessed Property Value by Category Assessed December 31, 2017			Reconciliation of Current Year Property Tax Revenue		
Description of Property	Valuations	Levy	Current year collections	\$	73,675,332
Real property	\$ 4,424,060,300 \$	69,369,266	Revenue received 60 days subsequent to		
Motor vehicle	235,352,170	4,403,439	fiscal year ending June 30, 2019		369,161
Tangible property	113,421,110	1,778,443	Subtotal	_	74,044,493
Total	4,772,833,580	75,551,148	Prior year revenue received in current year		
Exemptions and adjustments	119,793,298	2,061,568	(2018 60 day rule)	_	(329,284)
Net Assessed Value	\$ <u>4,653,040,282</u> \$	73,489,580	Current Year Property Tax Revenue	\$_	73,715,209



The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report Schedules

required by the State of Rhode Island General Law § 45-12-22.2 and § 44-35-10

- Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Revenue
- Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Expenditures
- Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Municipal
- Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 - Education Department
- Notes to Supplementary Information Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>revenue</u>	Municipal	Education Department
Current Year Levy Tax Collection	\$ 73,157,519	\$ -
Last Year's Levy Tax Collection	476,082	-
Prior Years Property Tax Collection	78,926	_
Interest & Penalty	395,741	_
PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection	406,584	_
Other Local Property Taxes		_
Licenses and Permits	1,011,923	_
Fines and Forfeitures	123,561	_
Investment Income	1,009,899	_
Departmental	1,993,011	_
•		
Rescue Run Revenue	1,034,323	-
Police & Fire Detail	402.502	-
Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues	403,593	-
Tuition	-	66,007
Impact Aid Medicaid	-	449.650
	-	448,659
Federal Stabilization Funds Federal Food Service Reimbursement	-	240 619
CDBG	-	340,618
COPS Grants	-	-
SAFER Grants	-	-
Other Federal Aid Funds	8,161	- 1,442,511
MV Excise Tax Reimbursement	142,445	1,442,511
	,	-
State PILOT Program Distressed Community Relief Fund	207,011	-
Distressed Community Relief Fund Library Resource Aid	712 001	-
Library Construction Aid	213,881	-
Public Service Corporation Tax	386,853	-
Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax	1,147,747	-
LEA Aid	1,147,747	6,156,775
Group Home		0,130,773
Housing Aid Capital Projects		
Housing Aid Bonded Debt	526,067	
State Food Service Revenue	520,007	10,842
Incentive Aid	_	10,042
Property Revaluation Reimbursement	109,200	_
Other State Revenue	-	41,233
Motor Vehicle Phase Out	511,156	-
Other Revenue	-	721,085
Local Appropriation for Education	_	53,952,664
Regional Appropriation for Education	_	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	_	_
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	_	_
Other Education Appropriation	-	_
Rounding	-	_
Total Revenue	\$ 83,343,683	\$ 63,180,395
Florida Company F. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.		
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds	\$ -	\$ -
Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds	656,935	-
Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds	450.000	=
Financing Sources: Other	459,088	-
Rounding	<u>-</u>	-
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,116,023	\$ -

Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

State Defined Contribution - Group A 4,949 8,634 4,413 3,224 5,217 6,415 10,015 10, State Defined Contribution - Group B - </th <th>Department</th>	Department
Compensation - Group C -	69 \$ 3,635,531
Compensation - Volunteer 8,131 25 169 119 122 402 40,956 29, 29, 29, 20 Overtime- Group B -	- 471,274
Overtime- Group A 8,131 25 169 119 122 402 40,956 29, Overtime - Group B -	
Overtime - Group B -	
Overtime - Group C -	93 610,405
Police & Fire Detail	- 3,774
Active Medical Insurance - Group A 124,703 132,805 93,184 45,328 116,503 118,555 225,673 163, Active Medical Insurance- Group B Active Medical Insurance- Group C -	
Active Medical Insurance- Group B -	
Active Medical Insurance- Group C -	35 748,125
Active Dental Insurance- Group A 8,674 8,566 7,605 2,218 7,858 7,143 14,707 13, Active Dental Insurance- Group B -	- 127,284
Active Dental Insurance- Group B - <	
Active Dental Insurance- Group C - <	26 43,302
Payroll Taxes 52,047 58,409 36,521 18,368 47,732 57,039 89,512 97, Life Insurance State Defined Contribution- Group A 4,949 8,634 4,413 3,224 5,217 6,415 10,015	- 7,918
Life Insurance 297 353 223 86 283 298 642 State Defined Contribution - Group B 4,949 8,634 4,413 3,224 5,217 6,415 10,015 10, State Defined Contribution - Group B -	
State Defined Contribution - Group A 4,949 8,634 4,413 3,224 5,217 6,415 10,015 10, State Defined Contribution - Group B - </td <td>04 340,929</td>	04 340,929
State Defined Contribution - Group B -	14 4,455
State Defined Contribution - Group C -	27 -
Other Benefits- Group A 4,924 2,530 10,419 506 6,125 5,029 73,935 42, 20ther Benefits- Group B Other Benefits- Group C - <td>- 3,779</td>	- 3,779
Other Benefits- Group B -	
Other Benefits- Group C -	92 15,934
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group A -	- 4,308
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B -	
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C -	- 5,610
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group A 79,011 91,406 47,704 29,600 67,773 76,310 134,349 113,349 State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B - <td></td>	
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B - <td></td>	
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C -	04 824,320
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution -	- 54,640
Purchased Services 293,554 188,190 29,037 8,923 21,729 57,615 402,601 550, Materials/Supplies 4,212 6,575 24,009 2,096 6,248 101,680 147,225 103,	
Materials/Supplies 4,212 6,575 24,009 2,096 6,248 101,680 147,225 103,	
	02 26,534
	59 52,737
Software Licenses 1,186 265 2,941 64,149 6,445 8,833 5,369 3,	82 23,935
Capital Outlays - 587 19,831 2,415 1,078 - 2,659 7,	88 14,893
Insurance 405,678	
Maintenance 15,768 - 9,820 20,245 13,803 38,	58 11,244
Vehicle Operations 591 403 10,449 - 2,835 3,256 126,362 34,	93 419,706
Utilities 41,545 - 59,384 839 - 40,321 51,564 100,	53 87,767
Contingency	
Street Lighting 187,561	
Revaluation	
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts 105,433	
Trash Removal & Recycling 22,116	
Claims & Settlements	
Community Support 178,349	
Other Operation Expenditures 150,469 12,667 6,850 4,412 10,910 17,412 23,048 42,	87 137,216
Tipping Fees	
Local Appropriation for Education	
Regional Appropriation for Education	
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	
Other Education Appropriation	
Municipal Debt- Principal	
Municipal Debt-Interest	
School Debt- Principal	
School Debt- Interest	
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	
OPEB Contribution- Total	
Rounding	<u> </u>

112

\$ 2,078,955 \$ 1,302,586 \$ 862,130 \$ 430,855 \$ 927,528 \$ 1,294,297 \$ 2,856,598 \$ 2,626,686 \$ 7,675,620

Total Expenditures

Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

STATE STAT	<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	Fire Department		entralized Dispatch	Public Safety Other	Education Appropriation	n Debt	ОРЕВ	Total Municipal	Education Department
Compensation Group	Compensation- Group A	\$ -	\$	423,403	\$ 1,297,723	\$ -	\$	- \$ -	\$ 11,455,289	\$ 26,558,176
Compension-Volunteer		-		-		-				3,630,145
Devertime - Group A 122,67 263,164 1,075,626		-		-		-			-	4,608,865
September Sept	The state of the s	-		122 167	262.164	-			1 075 652	-
Develor Probation Probat		-		122,107	203,104	-				-
Active Medical Insurance-Group A 105,018 282,215		-		-						64,073
Active Medical Insurance-Group 1272.284 Active Medical Insurance-Group 1312.287 Active Detail Insurance-Group 1312.287 Active Detail Insurance-Group 1312.287 Active Detail Insurance-Group 132.287 Active Detail Insurance-Group 132.21 Active Detail Insurance-Group 142.21 Active Detail Insurance-	Police & Fire Detail	-		-		-				-
Active Medical Insurance-Group B	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		105,616	282,215	-				3,821,929
Active Dental Insurance-Group A		-		-		-			- 127,284	454,913
Active Dental Insurance-Group B Active Dental Insurance-Group C		-		6 257	16 641	-			- 136 597	1,521,452 290,540
Payoff Taxas	•	-		-	10,011	-				29,311
Tele Instrumence 1,43 1,325 0,0330 0,330 0,340	Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-		-		-				110,637
State Defined Contribution - Group 6 6.3,379 5.810 6.0,379 5.810 6.0,379 5.810 6.0,379 5.810 6.0,379 5.810 6.0,379 5.810 6.0,379 5.810 6.0,379 5.810 6.0,379 5.810 6.0,379 6.0	•	-								2,612,607
State Defined Contribution - Group B 3,779 5 22,689 3 3,779 5 23,77		-								220,062
State Defined Contribution - Group C	The state of the s	-		4,855	2,481	-				150,967 30,085
Debt		_		_					- 3,779	43,829
Debe Benefits - Group A S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		1,422	29,689	-			192,705	484,941
DICAID Defined Benefit Pension - Group 6	Other Benefits- Group B	-		-		-			4,308	-
Cacal Defined Benefit Pension - Group A 1,588,1260	·	-		-		-				-
Scale Defined Benefil Persions Group 6 1,888,812 1,586,660		-		-		-			- 5,610	-
1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.122 1.588.123 1.58		-		-						-
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C C C C C C C C C	•	-		47,971	76.674				- 1,588.122	3,516,151
Debt	the contract of the contract o	-		-	,	-				472,895
Purthased Services	State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-		-		-				520,574
Materials/Supplines		-		-		-				-
Software Ucenses		-								10,608,369
Capital Outloys		-								693,344 231,350
Maintenance				3,349						559,275
Petito Departations 1,856 21,626 1,62		-		-	13,037					256,783
Unities	Maintenance	-		1,533	43,318	-				390,786
Street Lighting		-		-	28,462	-			626,357	7,522
Street Lighting		-		10,856	21,626	-			413,955	940,823
Revaluation		-		-		-			197.561	-
Sono Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts		-							187,561	-
Trash Removal & Recycling Claims & Settlements Community Support Other Operation Expenditures Supplemental Appropriation for Education Regional Appropriation for Education Supplemental Appropriation for Education Regional Appropriati									105.433	_
Other Operation Expenditures 7,797 45,452 6 458,520 Tipping Fees 6 53,952,664 6 33,952,664 Local Appropriation for Education 6 53,952,664 6 33,952,664 Regional Appropriation for Education 6 6 53,952,664 6 53,952,664 Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education 6 6 6 6 6 6 Other Education Appropriation for Education 6 6 831,535 6 831,535 831,535 831,535 831,535 831,535 831,535 831,535 831,535 831,535 808,145 208,154 500,010,647 1,010,647 1,010,647 500,010,647 1,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 1,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,647 500,010,6		-		-						-
Other Operation Expenditures 7,797 45,452 458,520 Tipping Fees 53,952,664 53,952,664	Claims & Settlements	-		-		-				-
Tipping Fees		-		-		-				-
Cocal Appropriation for Education - - 53,952,664 - - 53,952,664 - - - - -		-		7,797	45,452	-			458,520	232,797
Regional Appropriation for Education		-		-						-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education				_		. 33,932,004			- 33,932,004	-
Other Education Appropriation Image: Second Policy (Companie)		-		-						-
Municipal Debt- Principal 0 0 0 0 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 208,154 201,010,647 1,010,647 1,010,647 1,010,647 202,020 202,020 202,020 123,203	Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-		-		-				-
Municipal Debt- Interest 0 208,154 208,154 School Debt- Principal 0 1,010,647 1,010,647 School Debt- Interest 0 123,203 123,203 Retiree Medical Insurance- Total 0		-		-		-				-
School Debt- Principal		-		-						-
School Debt- Interest		-		-		-				-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total Retiree Dental Insurance- Total OPEB Contribution- Total OPEB Contribution- Total Total Expenditures S 78,923 \$ 2,452,021 \$ 53,952,64 \$ 2,173,357 \$ 861,423 \$ 80,273,643 \$ 80,273,	•			-		-				-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total OPEB Contribution- Total 2		-		-			123,203			-
Total Expenditures \$ - \$ 778,923 \$ 2,452,021 \$ 53,952,664 \$ 2,173,357 \$ 861,423 \$ 80,273,643	Retiree Dental Insurance-Total	-		-						-
Financing Uses: Transfer to Capital Funds \$ 1,570,500 Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds \$ 1,570,500 Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds \$ 1,570,500 Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds \$ 1,570,500 Financing Uses: Other Funds \$ 1,570,500 Financing Uses: Other Funds \$ 1,547,500 Financing Uses: Other Funds \$ 2,637,300 Financing Uses: Other Funds \$ 1,548,763 Fund Balance1 - beginning of year \$ 1,548,763 Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ - 1,548,763 Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) \$ -		-		-				861,423	861,423	670,369
Financing Uses: Transfer to Capital Funds Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds Financing Uses: Payment to Bond Escrow Agent Financing Uses: Other Total Other Financing Uses Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) Funds adduet to Reportable Government Services (RGS) Prior period adjustments Misc. Adjustment (18)	Rounding			-		-			<u> </u>	
Financing Uses: Transfer to Capital Funds Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds Financing Uses: Payment to Bond Escrow Agent Financing Uses: Other Total Other Financing Uses Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) Funds adduet to Reportable Government Services (RGS) Prior period adjustments Misc. Adjustment (18)	Total Expenditures	\$ -	Ś	778 923	\$ 2,452,021	\$ 53 952 664	\$ 2 173 357	7 \$ 861.423	\$ \$ 80 273 643	\$ 63,733,568
Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds Financing Uses: Payment to Bond Escrow Agent Financing Uses: Other Total Other Financing Uses Net Change in Fund Balance¹ Fund Balance¹- beginning of year Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS) Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) Finds adjustments Funds	Total Experiments	Ÿ	7	770,323	→ 2,432,021	33,332,004	Ų 2,173,337	- 	= 00,273,043	ŷ 03,733,300
Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds Financing Uses: Payment to Bond Escrow Agent Financing Uses: Other Total Other Financing Uses Net Change in Fund Balance¹ Fund Balance¹- beginning of year Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS) Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) Funds Adjustments Misc. Adjustment (18)			Fina	ncing Uses:	: Transfer to Ca	pital Funds			\$ 1.570.500	\$ -
Financing Uses: Other 547,500 Total Other Financing Uses 52,637,300 Net Change in Fund Balance 1 1,548,763 Fund Balance1- beginning of year \$15,609,189 Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS) - Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) - Prior period adjustments - Misc. Adjustment (18)										153,535
Total Other Financing Uses Net Change in Fund Balance¹ 1,548,763 Fund Balance1- beginning of year \$15,609,189 Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS) Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) Funds adjustments Alignment Services (RGS) Finds Adjustments (18)			Fina	ncing Uses:	Payment to Bo	ond Escrow Agen	t		-	-
Fund Balance¹ 1,548,763 Fund Balance¹- beginning of year \$15,609,189 Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS) - Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) - Prior period adjustments - Misc. Adjustment (18)				-						
Fund Balance1- beginning of year \$15,609,189 Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS) - Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) - Prior period adjustments - Misc. Adjustment (18)			Tota	al Other Fin	ancing Uses				\$ 2,637,300	\$ 153,535
Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS) - Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) - Prior period adjustments - Misc. Adjustment (18)			Net	Change in	Fund Balance ¹				1,548,763	(706,708)
Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) - Prior period adjustments - Misc. Adjustment (18)			Fun	d Balance1	- beginning of	/ear			\$15,609,189	\$3,344,325
Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS) - Prior period adjustments - Misc. Adjustment (18)			Fun	ds removed	l from Reportal	ole Government	Services (RGS)			
Misc. Adjustment (18)			Fun	ds added to	Reportable Go				-	-
									-	-
From a Dalance & the structure of control of the state of										15
Fund Balance ¹ - beginning of year adjusted 15,609,171			Fun	d Balance*	- beginning of	ear adjusted			15,609,171	3,344,340
Rounding			Rou	nding						
Fund Balance ¹ - end of year \$ 17,157,934					- end of year				\$ 17,157,934	\$ 2,637,632

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Municipal Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description	Total Revenue	Total Other Financing Sources	Total Expenditures	Total Other Financing Uses	Net Change in Fund Balance ¹	Beginning Fund Fund Balance [†] (Deficit)	Prior Period Adjustment	Restated Beginning Fund Balance [†] (Deficit)	Ending Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 No funds removed from RGS for fiscal 2018 No funds added to RGS for Fiscal 2018						\$ 15,609,189	- - -	\$ 15,609,18	9 -
Misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2018 Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 adjusted					- =	\$ 15,609,171	-	\$ 15,609,17	
General Fund Debt Service Elderly (Senior) Services EMS Billing Neighborhood Guild Property Revaluation	\$ 80,793,507 526,067 460,303 1,034,323 420,283 109,200	\$ 841,335 S 1,544,088 447,729 - 405,600	\$ 22,147,770 \$ 2,174,357 878,195 159,787 801,751 159,119	58,084,693 - 38,000 590,000 - -	\$ 1,402,379 (104,202) (8,163) 284,536 24,132 (49,919)	\$ 13,089,809 596,290 286,545 1,314,675 104,017 217,835	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 13,089,80 596,29 286,54 1,314,67 104,01 217,83	0 492,088 5 278,382 5 1,599,211 7 128,149
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 83,343,683	\$ 3,238,752	\$ 26,320,979 \$	58,712,693	\$ 1,548,763	\$ 15,609,171	\$ -	\$ 15,609,17	1 \$ 17,157,934
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2									
Reclassify transfer of municipal appropriation to Education Department as expenditure on MTP2 Eliminate transfers between Funds reported on MTP2: - from General Fund to Debt Service - from General Fund to Senior Services - from EMS Billing to General Fund Rounding	\$ - :	(1,100,000) (432,729) (590,000)	\$ 53,952,664 \$ - - - - - -	(53,952,664) - (1,100,000) (432,729) (590,000) -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 83,343,683	\$ 1,116,023	\$ 80,273,643 \$	2,637,300	\$ 1,548,763	\$ 15,609,171	\$ -	\$ 15,609,17	1 \$ 17,157,934

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Town of South Kingstown Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Education Department Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description	 Total Revenue	Total Other Financing Sources			Fotal enditures	Total Other Financing Uses		Net Change in Fund Balance ¹		e Beginning Fund Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)		Prior Perio Adjustmen		estated Beginning Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Fun	Ending nd Balance ¹ (Deficit)
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 Misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2018 Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 adjusted									•	\$	3,344,325 15 3,344,340		-	\$ 3,344,325 15 3,344,340		
School Unrestricted Fund Enterprise Fund1 School Special Revenue Funds	\$ 9,611,584 1,006,791 1,502,133	\$	53,982,118 14,686 -		4,130,737 \$ 1,026,582 1,502,133	\$ 1	168,221 - -	\$ (7	705,256) (5,105)	\$	3,266,117 94,416 -	\$	- - -	\$ 3,266,117 94,416 -	\$	2,560,861 89,311
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 12,120,508	\$	53,996,804	\$ 6	6,659,452	\$ 1	168,221	\$ (7	710,361)	\$	3,360,533	\$	-	\$ 3,360,533	\$	2,650,172
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2																
Municipal appropriation for Education reported as a transfer on financial statements but a revenue on MTP2 State contributions on behalf of teacher pensions are reported as revenue and expenditures on financial statements only Less Commodities reported from GAAP financials - not in MPT2 For financial statements, indirect cost charges and recovery are reported in federal grant funds and also actual expenditures & reimbursement reported in School Unrestricted Fund.	\$ 53,982,118 (2,810,844) (39,950) (71,437)	\$	(53,982,118)		- \$ 2,810,844) (39,950) (71,437)	\$	-	\$		\$	- - -	\$	-	\$ - - -	\$	- - -
Depreciation expense recognized on financial statements not recognized for MTP2 or UCOA and net investment in capital assets for school lunch fund not recognized in UCOA Elimination of transfers between funds reported on MTP2 Rounding	- - -		- (14,686) -		(3,653) - 1		- (14,686) -		3,653 - -		(16,193) - -			(16,193) - -		(12,540) - -
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 63,180,395	\$	-	\$ 6	3,733,568	\$ 1	153,535	\$ (7	706,708)	\$	3,344,340	\$	-	\$ 3,344,340	\$	2,637,632
Reconciliation from MTP2 to UCOA																
For financial statements, indirect cost charges and recovery are reported in federal grant funds and also actual expenditures & reimbursement reported in School Unrestricted Fund. Use of Fund Balance recorded as revenue in UCOA File Transfer (from School Unrestricted to the School Enterprise Fund) is reported as an revenue in Food service Fund in UCOA file. Depreciation expense excluded from MTP2 but included in UCOA Rounding	874,913 14,686 - 1		-		168,221 - - 3,653 4	(1	168,221) - - - - -									
Totals per UCOA Validated Totals Report	\$ 64,069,995		=	\$ 6	3,905,446	\$	(14,686)									

 $^{^{1}}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - ANNUAL SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT (MTP2)
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) is a supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-22.2 and 44-35-10. This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report* (MTP2) was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General and the Department of Education.

NOTE 2. Reportable Government Services

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

NOTE 3. Allocations

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the City's (or Town's) budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the City (or Town) made allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

NOTE 4. Employee Groups

Compensation includes salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing allowance/maintenance, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses.

For Public Safety departments (i.e., police, fire, and centralized dispatch) and the Education Department, compensation and most benefits costs are reported in the following employee groupings:

Group A: This group consists of employees who serve the primary function of the department.

- Police Department police officers (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Fire Department fire fighters (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Centralized Dispatch Department civilian dispatchers only
- Education Department professional staff providing direct services to students
- For the remaining departments all employees' compensation and benefits are reported under Group A

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - ANNUAL SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPARENCY REPORT (MTP2) JUNE 30, 2019

Group B: For Police and Fire Departments, compensation and benefits paid to its administrative employees and civilian dispatch employees are reported under Group B. The Education Department reports compensation and benefits paid to executive/mid-level educational administration employees under Group B.

Group C: This group is only used for the Education Department and it includes administrative and support staff.

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are not reported by employee groups on the MTP2. They are reported in total as either (1) contributions to a qualified OPEB trust or (2) the amount paid for medical and dental insurance for retirees when an OPEB trust fund has not been established. The detail employee group information for the Education Department can be found on the State's Municipal Transparency portal website.

NOTE 5. Education Revenue and Expenditures

The revenues and expenditures presented on the MTP2 under the Education Department is consistent with existing Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCOA) guidelines. Each MTP account code has been mapped to the corresponding UCOA code or group of UCOA codes to facilitate the preparation of the MTP reporting.

Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/.



Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30												
	2019	2018	2017	Restated 2016	Restated 2015	Restated 2014	2013	2012	2011	2010			
Governmental activities:													
	75,386,786 \$	72,453,601 \$	77,888,860 \$	70,479,567 \$	67,772,956	65,788,311 \$	67,088,741	66,167,452 \$	64,187,374 \$	59,514,637			
Restricted	2,257,954	2,196,655	2,509,938	2,295,984	17,686,826	17,649,052	15,968,722	15,885,876	15,927,670	14,457,291			
Unrestricted	(17,219,511)	(16,739,201)	(25,186,040)	(17,776,078)	(30,877,110)	(54,454,652)	35,089,366	31,781,810	28,956,645	28,760,016			
Total governmental activities net position	60,425,229	57,911,055	55,212,758	54,999,473	54,582,672	28,982,711	118,146,829	113,835,138	109,071,689	102,731,944			
Business-type activities:													
Net investment in capital assets	20,395,273	21,099,965	21,560,136	20,764,646	20,379,758	20,653,037	21,169,022	21,551,897	21,529,486	21,683,245			
Unrestricted	12,793,391	11,148,345	10,316,138	9,590,963	8,602,953	7,806,604	7,020,437	6,215,290	5,705,043	5,107,329			
Total business-type activities net position	33,188,664	32,248,310	31,876,274	30,355,609	28,982,711	28,459,641	28,189,459	27,767,187	27,234,529	26,790,574			
Primary government:													
Net investment in capital assets	95,782,059	93,553,566	99,448,996	91,244,213	88,152,714	86,441,348	88,257,763	87,719,349	85,716,860	81,197,882			
Restricted	2,257,954	2,196,655	2,509,938	2,295,984	17,686,826	17,649,052	15,968,722	15,885,876	15,927,670	14,457,291			
Unrestricted	(4,426,120)	(5,590,856)	(14,869,902)	(8,185,115)	(22,274,157)	(46,648,048)	42,109,803	37,997,100	34,661,688	33,867,345			
Total Primary Government Net Position	93,613,893 \$	90,159,365 \$	87,089,032 \$	85,355,082 \$	83,565,383	\$ <u>57,442,352</u> \$	146,336,288	141,602,325 \$	136,306,218 \$	129,522,518			

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Emana								· <u></u>		
Expenses										
Governmental activities:	\$ 5,566,6	244 ¢	\$ 6,009,770	\$ 4,959,774	1 400 440	\$ 4,841,301	¢ 40.004.500	¢ 0,000,004 (\$ 8,762,355	r 0.404.040
General government	\$ 5,566,6 11,889,7		11,959,463	13,020,538	4,132,116 10,223,505		\$ 10,084,503	\$ 8,998,934 \$ 6,982,529	6,842,338	
Public safety Public works			3,287,040	, ,	4,621,350	10,045,222 4,299,775	7,077,376	2,867,358		6,586,666 3,123,570
	4,395,6			3,084,179 943,812	928.691	923,218	3,648,193	2,007,356 145.400	3,267,543	3,123,570 166.750
Human service agency contributions	1,005,3		950,422		,		145,400		145,400	,
Public libraries Education	1,487,0 66,456,0		1,813,159 66,089,552	1,506,903 65,100,240	1,282,647 61,776,176	1,231,188 61,622,756	1,051,446 62,189,433	1,033,043 62,121,226	1,049,444 62,708,323	1,015,013 62,584,202
										2,238,241
Recreation	4,003,8		4,428,491	4,135,318	2,648,392	2,723,576	2,264,670	2,242,208	2,274,394	
Interest on long-term debt	289,3		245,795	321,314	819,950	860,844	730,633	916,407	1,067,569	1,236,605
Total governmental activities	95,093,7	729 94,212,836	94,783,692	93,072,078	86,432,827	86,547,880	87,191,654	85,307,105	86,117,366	86,132,693
Business-type activities:										
Wastewater	3,726,5	503 3,394,506	3,355,328	3,105,813	3,223,580	2,829,421	2,768,557	3,024,608	2,941,505	3,084,902
Solid Waste	613,0	73 559,798	500,390	498,920	477,057	457,313	474,459	522,638	511,132	471,896
Water	917,2	238 970,691	896,198	818,052	927,477	845,888	768,278	852,845	831,549	805,924
School Cafeteria	1,026,5	582 1,020,300	985,643	983,204	939,795	973,067	957,920	984,046	1,022,540	956,998
Total business-type activities	6,283,3	5,945,295	5,737,559	5,405,989	5,567,909	5,105,689	4,969,214	5,384,137	5,306,726	5,319,720
Total Primary Government Expense	\$ 101,377,1	125 \$ 100,158,131	\$ 100,521,251	\$ 98,478,067	92,000,736	\$ 91,653,569	\$ 92,160,868	\$ 90,691,242	\$ 91,424,092	\$ 91,452,413
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 559.6	379 \$ 495,600	\$ 626,747	\$ 561,391	538,276	\$ 3,188,727	\$ 3,447,815	\$ 3,140,696	\$ 3,568,036	\$ 3,544,928
Public safety	1,542,6		1,260,869	1,391,139	1,358,084	348,997	1,169,260	689,271	920,046	878,852
Human service	960,6		882,677	754,636	908,990	139,704	,,	150	,-	,
Public works	234,3		142,466	162,652	123,738	,	324,340	5,500	114,780	77,269
Public libraries	17,7	740 22,001	23,267	20,855	21,686	24,491	24,283	24,784	27,877	28,448
Education	881,7		670,514	833,574	883,368	791,124	824,591	734,695	758,360	915,874
Recreation	1,811,1	1,677,624	1,618,619	1,609,412	1,585,138	1,015,206	958,750	980,159	921,171	863,176
Operating grants and contributions	11,861,2		13,491,181	14,611,427	12,940,772	13,186,891	13,639,256	14,373,951	14,624,647	14,597,929
Capital grants and contributions	829,4		2,276,533	3,217,518	524,381	92,439	107,725	877,125	1,002,922	678,310
Total governmental activities program revenues	18,698,5	597 20,400,985	20,992,873	23,162,604	18,884,433	18,787,579	20,496,020	20,826,331	21,937,839	21,584,786
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Wastewater	3,949,4	473 3,608,923	4,052,754	3,285,671	3,494,268	3,049,347	3,251,827	3,248,469	3,055,955	3,093,623
Solid Waste	638.3		501,178	506,858	528,250	492,264	544,766	565,191	483,873	425,240
Water	1,171,7		1,139,920	1,158,964	1,141,522	1,010,389	973,530	946,523	954,815	922,164
School Cafeteria	615.3		579,252	560,875	579,529	601,848	633,393	680,055	728,897	679.823
Operating grants and contributions	391.4		402,182	427,718	432,055	368,165	325,227	293,285	321,307	274.624
Capital grants and contributions	331,4	18,069	702,102	721,110	102,000	333,103	020,221	168,650	154,650	21-1,024
Total business-type activities	6,766,2		6,675,286	5,940,086	6,175,624	5,522,013	5,728,743	5,902,173	5,699,497	5,395,474
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 25,464,8	390 \$ 26,760,385	\$ 27,668,159	\$ 29,102,690	25,060,057	\$ 24,309,592	\$ 26,224,763	\$ 26,728,504	\$ 27,637,336	\$ 26,980,260
rotar rimary Government rogram Nevendes	Ψ 20,404,0	20,700,303	Ψ 21,000,100	20,102,090	20,000,001	Ψ 27,000,002	Ψ 20,227,100	Ψ 20,720,004	, 21,001,000	20,000,200

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					ı	or the Fiscal Year	r Ended June 30,				
	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Net Revenue (Expense) Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(76,395,132) \$ 482,897	(73,811,851) \$ 414,105	(73,790,819) \$ 937,727	(69,909,474) \$ 534,097	(67,548,394) \$ 607,715	(67,760,301) \$ 416,324	(66,695,634) \$ 759,529	(64,480,774) \$ 518,036	(64,179,527) \$ 392,771	(64,547,907) 75,754
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$_	(75,912,235)	(73,397,746) \$	(72,853,092) \$	(69,375,377) \$	(66,940,679)	(67,343,977) \$	(65,936,105) \$	(63,962,738) \$	(63,786,756) \$	(64,472,153)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Property taxes Motor vehicle phase-out taxes	\$	74,364,196 \$ 653,601	72,166,222 \$ 483,828	70,994,758 \$ 142,445	69,126,888 \$ 139,730	66,953,388 \$ 170,945	66,953,388 \$ 170,945	66,659,301 \$ 165,446	66,472,251 \$ 167,774	65,797,804 \$ 168,739	64,729,407 1,876,190
Telephone and hotel taxes Grants and aid not restricted for a specific program Unrestricted investment earnings Transfers Total governmental activities	_	195,877 1,338,723 2,375,895 (18,986) 78,909,306	199,400 1,663,617 1,971,233 25,848 76,510,148	164,020 1,353,836 1,940,657 (591,612) 74,004,104	159,174 1,340,500 193,395 (803,982) 70,155,705	509,604 1,837,885 2,568,515 163,057 72,203,394	509,604 1,837,885 2,568,515 163,057 72,203,394	495,631 1,663,378 1,990,301 357,608 71,331,665	463,552 1,657,207 481,121 2,318 69,244,223	414,890 1,413,742 2,733,097 (9,000) 70,519,272	372,981 1,440,551 1,822,022 (16,155) 70,224,996
Business-type activities: Unrestricted investment earnings Transfers Total business type activities		438,471 18,986 457,457	(16,221) (25,848) (42,069)	(8,674) 591,612 582,938	34,819 803,982 838,801	16,915 (163,057) (146,142)	16,915 (163,057) (146,142)	20,351 (357,608) (337,257)	16,940 (2,318) 14,622	42,184 9,000 51,184	45,386 16,155 61,541
Total Primary Government	\$	79,366,763 \$	76,468,079 \$	74,587,042 \$	70,994,506 \$	72,057,252 \$	72,057,252 \$	70,994,408 \$	69,258,845 \$	70,570,456 \$	70,286,537
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	2,514,174 \$ 940,354	2,698,297 \$ 372,036	213,285 \$ 1,520,665	246,231 \$ 1,372,898	4,655,000 \$ 461,573	4,443,093 \$ 270,182	4,636,031 \$ 422,272	4,763,449 \$ 532,658	6,339,745 \$ 443,955	5,677,089 137,295
Total Primary Government	\$	3,454,528 \$	3,070,333 \$	1,733,950 \$	1,619,129 \$	5,116,573 \$	4,713,275 \$	5,058,303 \$	5,296,107 \$	6,783,700 \$	5,814,384

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,										
	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012 **	2011 *	2010
General Fund:											
Reserved	\$	27,529 \$	9,598 \$	36,956 \$	15,726 \$	38,193 \$	63,678 \$	21,926 \$	30,361 \$	2,579 \$	22,133
Unreserved	_	17,025,520	16,346,328	16,077,082	15,570,027	14,984,306	15,914,055	15,443,286	15,048,648	11,661,554	11,485,482
Total General Fund	\$_	17,053,049 \$	16,355,926 \$	16,114,038 \$	15,585,753 \$	15,022,499 \$	15,977,733 \$	15,465,212 \$	15,079,009 \$	11,664,133 \$	11,507,615
All Other Governmental Funds:											
Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	\$	23,968,163 \$	23,333,520 \$	22,102,238 \$	22,090,114 \$	22,901,688 \$	27,111,926 \$	25,031,275 \$	23,540,103 \$	23,737,218 \$	15,179,653
Special revenue funds		2,821,443	2,565,363	2,206,848	2,498,058	2,345,147	2,399,180	2,246,126	2,453,669	5,318,787	7,708,064
Capital project funds Permanent funds	_	8,968,301	11,640,433	5,128,522	9,518,148	9,525,428	3,931,006	4,140,305	4,134,410	3,376,356	9,576,489 1,415,680
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$_	35,757,907 \$	37,539,316 \$	29,437,608 \$	34,106,320 \$	34,772,263 \$	33,442,112 \$	31,417,706 \$	30,128,182 \$	32,432,361 \$	33,879,886

Notes:

Permanent funds were reported as trust and agency funds prior to FY 2011

^{*} The Town adopted GASB 54 fund balance definitions at 6/30/11. Nonspendable and Restricted fund balance are compared to Reserved fund balance and Committed, Assigned and Unassigned fund balance are compared to Unreserved fund balance for purposes of this table.

^{**} Town and School fund balances were combined for reporting purposes beginning 6/30/12 in accordance with the audit firm's interpretation of GASB 54.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,										
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Barrana											
Revenues:											
Property Taxes and Interest	\$ 74,523,011 \$	72,138,721 \$	71,023,350 \$	69,170,273 \$	68,282,410 \$	67,434,952 \$	66,626,623 \$	66,517,515 \$	65,767,357 \$	64,686,811	
Intergovernmental revenues	11,559,695	13,084,043	14,124,443	14,224,265	13,519,811	13,313,778	13,809,380	15,000,408	14,625,902	16,477,182	
Licenses, Fees and Rents	2,079,483	2,220,604	2,027,110	1,800,653	2,091,978	1,936,129	2,122,082	1,850,827	2,037,196	2,024,285	
Interest on Investments	2,356,901	1,959,452	1,940,088	192,667	661,351	2,562,349	1,913,743	463,169	2,716,487	1,808,819	
Fines and Charges	2,081,198	1,934,102	1,454,328	1,668,007	1,685,331	1,720,729	1,707,372	1,514,469	1,178,269	1,135,127	
Department Revenue	1,258,470	1,085,472	1,382,810	1,319,990	1,153,858	1,131,332	924,693	1,255,012	1,064,987	1,002,911	
Other Revenue	734,822	921,296	834,428	853,428	777,521	765,504	1,812,880	1,015,744	1,591,105	1,670,698	
State On-behalf Pension	2,991,987	2,666,045	2,683,099	2,449,310	2,369,227	2,185,581	2,119,728	2,478,404	2,098,130	2,008,361	
Total revenues	97,585,567	96,009,735	95,469,656	91,678,593	90,541,487	91,050,354	91,036,501	90,095,548	91,079,433	90,814,194	
Expenditures:											
Current:											
General Government	5,274,466	3,839,267	3,751,923	3,776,694	3,571,502	3,632,029	2,660,861	2,549,948	2,578,103	2,486,301	
Public Safety	11,510,894	11,265,691	10,897,960	10,559,201	9,639,003	9,281,517	6,672,979	6,743,188	6,563,358	6,036,189	
Public Services	3,051,979	2,935,749	3,627,204	2,984,847	2,735,979	2,491,439	2,398,155	1,644,637	2,081,960	1,951,422	
Public Health Contributions	1,020,829	964,008	950,422	940,061	125,400	147,400	145,400	145,400	145,400	166,750	
Recreation	3,187,746	2,957,302	2,924,312	2,658,792	2,572,574	2,358,758	2,035,546	2,029,877	2,043,091	1,995,969	
	1,317,350		1,210,348	1,180,796	1,173,634		914,695	943,655	928,496	918,449	
Public Libraries		1,259,498				1,134,945					
Educational	65,632,870	63,976,130	63,158,612	62,196,819	61,834,589	60,988,629	61,524,508	61,576,314	61,820,390	61,519,957	
Capital Improvements	5,481,376	2,806,741	10,161,698	3,508,744	3,011,018	2,906,979	1,842,708	2,229,942	4,319,515	2,091,968	
Miscellaneous		1,191,713	1,040,289	967,255	928,093	2,361,875	7,550,463	6,965,814	6,382,023	6,386,655	
Debt Service: (2)											
Principal	1,842,000	1,682,000	1,710,000	2,044,000	2,371,000	2,680,000	2,981,000	3,260,000	3,435,000	3,523,093	
Interest	331,357	378,262	257,434	334,933	618,393	592,913	717,211	898,394	1,020,227	1,270,377	
Total expenditures	98,650,867	93,256,361	99,690,202	91,152,142	88,581,185	88,576,484	89,443,526	88,987,169	91,317,563	88,347,130	
Excess of revenues over (under)											
expenditures	(1,065,300)	2,753,374	(4,220,546)	526,451	1,960,302	2,473,870	1,592,975	1,108,379	(238,130)	2,467,064	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Proceeds from borrowing		5,639,374								1,283,916	
Issuance of refunding bonds		0,000,01			6,935,000		4,263,000			.,200,0.0	
Payment to refunding debt escrow					(7,218,900)		-4,207,856				
Transfers in	5.697.095	5,523,866	5,700,651	5,860,074	5,996,250	4,571,217	3,907,648	3,513,401	52.192.383	52.425.977	
Transfers out	(5,716,081)	(5,573,018)	(5,710,706)	(6,489,214)	(5,892,553)	(4,508,160)	(3,880,040)	(3,511,083)	(52,201,383)	(52,442,132)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(18,986)	5,590,222	(10,055)	(629,140)	(180,203)	63,057	82,752	2,318	(9,000)	1,267,761	
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	(10,900)	5,590,222	(10,055)	(629, 140)	(100,203)	63,057	02,752	2,310	(9,000)	1,207,701	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (1,084,286)	8,343,596 \$	(4,230,601) \$	(102,689) \$	1,780,099 \$	2,536,927 \$	1,675,727 \$	1,110,697 \$	(247,130) \$	3,734,825	
Debt Service as a Percentage											
of Noncapital Expenditures (1)	2.34%	2.28%	1.97%	2.61%	3.37%	3.70%	4.13%	4.67%	4.88%	5.43%	

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ The percentage calculation uses the capital outlay figure from Note 1. This differs from the Capital Improvements figure due to capitalizable items included within other functional categories of current expenditures.

⁽²⁾ Debt Service is broken out into principal and interest and other costs beginning with fiscal year 2003. Bond issuance costs and bank fees are further broken out from interest beginning fiscal year 2011.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND ASSESSED VALUES AND ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Δ	sse	ssed Value						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Residential Property	_	Commercial Property	. <u>-</u>	Industrial/Utility Property		Tangible Personal Property	 Motor Vehicles	_	Less Tax Exempt Property	_	Total Taxable Assessed Value	 Total Direct Tax Rate
2019 \$	3,941,833,700	\$	407,514,885	\$	74,711,715	\$	113,421,110	\$ 175,178,185	\$	59,619,313	\$	4,653,040,282	\$ 15.79
2018	3,902,377,700		406,099,681		73,106,419		112,676,078	184,249,032		60,393,721		4,618,115,189	15.45
2017	3,874,286,600		417,248,697		74,538,903		113,800,099	198,929,263		61,210,855		4,617,592,707	15.25
2016	3,663,352,700		388,285,575		75,493,525		113,540,016	194,264,022		60,187,116		4,374,748,722	15.66
2015	3,528,766,791		493,273,045		73,836,764		106,473,897	187,325,550		61,825,012		4,327,851,035	15.48
2014	4,327,013,284		420,199,912		40,682,402		117,242,736	185,876,659		793,673,400		4,297,341,593	15.47
2013	4,434,004,364		476,108,659		41,715,054		202,728,309	182,251,511		810,728,300		4,526,079,597	14.50
2012	4,438,109,285		440,496,805		40,110,400		232,546,219	170,642,925		814,832,689		4,507,072,945	14.67
2011	4,423,285,263		440,530,005		40,110,400		236,046,336	220,747,096		813,898,457		4,546,820,643	14.41
2010	5,229,586,265		494,226,005		46,754,260		257,930,859	99,835,185		846,367,997		5,281,964,577	12.21

Source: Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island Assessor

Notes:

Prior to the adoption of Senate Bill - 3050 Sub A at the close of the 2006 legislative session, Rhode Island had a 5.5% cap on property tax growth in all cities and towns. The State's enactment of the 2006 amendments to the local property tax cap provisions revised the tax cap to apply only to the prior year levy beginning in FY 2007-2008 and to further reduce the cap to 4% by FY 2012-2013 in 0.25% increments. The tax cap was 4% for fiscal year 2018.

The Town had a full revaluation of real property as of December 31, 2012, effective for the 2013-14 fiscal year. The full revaluation is required by state law every 9 years. Statistical updates are required every 3 years. A statistical update of real property was completed as of December 31, 2015 for the 2016-2017 fiscal year. Property is assessed at actual value, therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Inventory taxes were phased out under RI General Law 44-3-29.1. Under the law, 2008 was the final year of inventory taxation.

Total Direct Rate represents the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the Town. Prior to 2000, all property was taxed at the same rate. At that time, the motor vehicle tax rate was frozen at \$18.71. For fiscal year 2018, the property tax rate, exclusive of motor vehicles, was \$15.31

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND ASSESSED VALUES AND ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (CONTINUED) CALCULATION OF TOTAL DIRECT TAX RATE FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Note: Excludes Exempt Property

				Direct Rate		
Category	Assessed Value		Assessed Value	Per \$1000	To	otal Tax Levy
Real Estate Less Exemptions Net Real Estate	\$ 4,424,060,300 59,619,313		4,364,440,987	\$ 15.6800	\$	68,434,435
Tangible/Personal Motor Vehicle Less Exemptions	235,352,17(60,173,98)	113,421,110	15.6800	•	1,778,443
Net Motor Vehicle	33,173,33		175,178,185	18.71		3,277,584
		\$	4,653,040,282		\$	73,490,462
	Total Assessed Value Divided by Total Lev (Times 1006	/:	4,653,040,282 73,490,462			
	·	\$	15.79	Weighted Av	g/Tota	l Direct Rate

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2019				2010	
	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Harbor Village Apts (formerly Grandville)	\$	36,769,600	1	0.79%	\$	44,060,100	2	0.83%
Schneider Electric (formerly APC)		26,796,711	2	0.58%	·	71,801,368	1	1.36%
Narragansett Electric		21,932,911	3	0.47%		23,901,341	3	0.45%
Brightview Commons, LLC (formerly SHP III)		18,169,500	4	0.39%		18,644,600	6	0.35%
SCC Investments II, LLC		18,464,500	5	0.40%		15,530,700	8	0.29%
HCP HB2 South Bay Manor LLC		14,352,600	6	0.31%		16,094,500	7	0.30%
Wakefield Mall, LLC		13,557,900	7	0.29%		13,504,900	9	0.26%
Jerry Brown Farm Association		13,513,100	8	0.29%		18,893,100	5	0.36%
Tower Hill Landings, LLC		8,022,800	9	0.17%				
United Water		7,920,000	10	0.17%				
APC America Inc						20,816,500	4	0.39%
Pulte Homes of New England, LLC			_			12,498,900	10 _	0.24%
Total	\$	179,499,622	=	3.40%	\$_	255,746,009	=	5.50%

Source: Town of South Kingstown Assessor

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Addendums Abatements				Uncollected (2)							
Fiscal Year	Actual Tax Rate	· <u>-</u>	Gross Levy		and Adjustments		and Adjustments	_	Net Levy	. <u>-</u>	End of Year Levy (1)	% of Net Levy	_	As of 8/30/19	% of Net Levy
2018-19 \$	15.68	\$	73,489,580	\$	159,788	\$	75,475	\$	73,573,893	\$	765,373	1.04%	3	417,857	0.5679%
2017-18	15.31		71,328,981		134,783		28,622		71,435,142		109,041	0.15%		93,753	0.13%
2016-17	15.09		70,398,298		78,533		55,227		67,698,861		70,486	0.10%		66,310	0.10%
2015-16	15.52		68,504,982		93,912		43,927		65,885,154		48,649	0.07%		47,689	0.07%
2014-15	15.48		67,607,641		114,775		23,555		65,199,289		41,358	0.06%		41,087	0.06%
2013-14	15.47		67,082,117		175,914		348,216		64,231,377		36,625	0.06%		36,382	0.06%
2012-13	14.50		66,399,782		99,701		372,420		66,127,063		36,367	0.05%		36,089	0.05%
2011-12	14.51		66,120,832		124,683		360,361		65,885,154		35,746	0.05%		52,028	0.08%
2010-11	14.19		65,499,433		109,275		409,419		65,199,289		52,194	0.08%		51,941	0.08%
2009-10	12.09		64,504,174		122,736		395,533		64,231,377		15,608	0.02%		15,601	0.02%

Source: Town of South Kingstown Tax Collector

Notes:

Uncollected @ 6/30/11 is net of the following adjustments: write off of uncollectible real estate, tangible and motor vehicle taxes for tax years 1998-2009 in the amount of \$21,898; and a reclassification of Town-held tax liens in the amount of \$750.

Uncollected @ 6/30/12 is net of the following adjustments: write off of uncollectible tangible and motor vehicle taxes for tax years 1997-2001 and misc. taxes for tax years 2006-2009 in the amount of \$30,015; reclassification of 2010 and 2011 Town-held tax liens in the amount of \$270.

⁽¹⁾ Reflects current year tax collection through 60 days after the close of the fiscal year.

⁽²⁾ Uncollected @ 6/30/10 is net of the following adjustments: write off of uncollectible real estate, tangible and motor vehicle taxes for tax years 1994, 1995, 1998 and 1999 in the amount of \$70,258; and a reclassification of Town-held tax liens in the amount of \$5,704.

General	Во	nded Debt					
Fiscal Year June 30,		General Obligation Bonds	Bonds Premiums	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Taxable Assessed Value	(2010 is actual) U.S. Census Estimated Population	 Per Capita
2019	\$	10,653,000 \$	478,687 \$	4,653,040,282	0.23%	30,650	\$ 348
2018		12,495,000	529,392	4,618,115,189	0.27%	30,788	406
2017		8,757,000	360,675	4,617,592,707	0.19%	30,791	284
2016		10,467,000	400,412	4,374,748,722	0.24%	30,826	340
2015		12,511,000	440,149	4,327,851,035	0.29%	30,750	407
2014		14,967,000	96,209	4,297,341,593	0.35%	30,615	489
2013		17,647,000	128,650	4,526,079,597	0.39%	30,363	581
2012		20,390,000	161,091	4,507,072,945	0.45%	30,378	671
2011		23,650,000	193,532	4,546,820,643	0.52%	30,639	772
2010		27,085,000		5,281,964,577	0.51%	30,639	884

Business-Type Activities

	Wastewater	Solid Waste	Water	_	Total	Total	Percent	
Fiscal Year June 30,	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	G	Primary Sovernment	Personal Income	of Personal Income *	Per Capita
2019 \$	142,000	\$ 866,719	\$	\$	12,140,406	Not Available	Not Available \$	396
2018	169,000	1,030,638			14,224,030	Not Available	Not Available	462
2017	195,000	1,190,432			10,503,107	1,101,763,562	0.95%	341
2016	221,000	1,346,185			12,434,597	1,044,569,836	1.19%	403
2015	246,000	1,498,979			14,696,128	1,002,204,000	1.47%	478
2014	271,000	1,647,896			16,982,105	1,030,776,435	1.65%	555
2013	295,000	1,793,014	84,000		19,947,664	1,088,665,365	1.83%	657
2012	380,205	1,934,409	166,000		23,031,705	1,033,064,646	2.23%	758
2011	463,465	2,072,154	246,000		26,625,151	1,304,884,371	2.04%	869
2010	543,843	2,207,323	324,000		30,160,166	1,423,242,828	2.12%	984

Notes:

Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements.

^{*} See Schedule 11 for personal income and population data used to calculate these ratios.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

				Overlapping Rates					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total Direc Real Estate / Personal Property	ct Ta	x Rate	_	Union Fire District	_	Indian Lake Fire District		Kingston Fire District
2019	\$ 15.31	\$	18.71	\$	0.87	\$	1.30	\$	1.02
2018	15.31		18.71		0.86		1.22		1.00
2017	15.09		18.71		0.85		1.22		0.97
2016	15.52		18.71		0.88		1.38		0.98
2015	15.48		18.71		0.82		1.38		0.96
2014	15.47		18.71		0.79		1.13		0.92
2013	14.50		18.71		0.71		0.95		0.87
2012	14.51		18.71		0.62		1.02		0.82
2011	14.19		18.71		0.52		0.80		0.81
2010	12.09		18.71		0.44		0.70		0.65

Notes:

Beginning in the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the Town's basic tax rate increase cannot exceed 4% of the prior year's rate unless the State of Rhode Island approves such increase.

Overlapping rates are those of local fire districts that apply to property owners within the Town of South Kingstown. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Town of South Kingstown property owners. For example, although the Town's direct property tax rates apply to all Town property owners, a fire district tax applies only to those Town properties located within that district.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Fiscal Year end	led June 30				
	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Total assessed value Rhode Island General Law debt	\$	4,653,040,282 \$	4,618,115,189 \$	4,617,592,707 \$	4,374,748,722 \$	4,327,851,035 \$	4,297,341,593 \$	4,526,079,597 \$	4,507,072,945 \$	4,546,820,643 \$	5,281,964,577
limitation as % of assessed value		3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Debt limit		139,591,208	138,543,456	138,527,781	131,242,462	129,835,531	128,920,248	135,782,388	135,212,188	136,404,619	158,458,937
Total net debt applicable to the limit	_	3,873,337	4,315,645	3,875,854	4,362,607	4,745,677	5,443,192	4,299,513	4,747,717	5,338,372	5,911,770
Legal debt margin	\$_	135,717,872 \$	134,227,810 \$	134,651,927 \$	126,879,855 \$	125,089,854 \$	123,477,056 \$	131,482,875 \$	130,464,471 \$	131,066,247 \$	152,547,167
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	_	2.77%	3.12%	2.80%	3.32%	3.66%	4.22%	3.17%	3.51%	3.91%	3.73%

Notes:

The State Legislature may by special act permit the Town to incur indebtedness outside the limitations imposed by the 3% debt limit.

Fiscal Year June 30,	(3) Population	. <u>-</u>	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	_	Estimated Total Personal Income (1) (thousands)	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate (2)
2019	30,650		Not Available		Not Available	2,931	3.6%
2018	30,788		Not Available		Not Available	3,043	3.9%
2017	30,791	\$	35,782	\$	1,101,764	3,111	4.9%
2016	30,826		33,886		1,044,570	3,249	5.4%
2015	30,750		32,592		1,002,204	3,275	6.9%
2014	30,615		33,669		1,030,776	3,397	8.7%
2013	30,363		35,855		1,088,665	3,357	9.1%
2012	30,378		34,007		1,033,065	3,443	9.7%
2011	30,639		42,589		1,304,884	3,523	10.3%
2010	30,639		46,452		1,423,243	3,548	9.2%

- (1) Per Bureau of Economic Analysis Washington County. The income data released in April 2012 represents 2010 data. Personal income is only available at the county level. The Town's population is 24% of the County.
- (2) Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training; not seasonally adjusted, annual average for previous calendar year.
- (3) The non-census year statistics are estimates calculated by the RI Division of Planning. Most current available is 2010. The 2010 fiscal year census statistic is actual U.S. census figure.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2019	(1)			2010 (1)							
Employment Sector	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employment Sector	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment				
Government	3,959	1	28.5%	Government	3,696	1	27.3%				
Health Care & Social Assistance	2,972	2	21.4%	Health Care & Social Assistance	2,524	2	18.8%				
Accommodation & Food Services	1,532	3	11.0%	Retail Trade	1,330	3	9.9%				
Retail Trade	1,229	4	8.8%	Accommodation & Food Services	1,279	4	9.5%				
Other Services (except Public Administration)	590	5	4.2%	Wholesale Trade	785	5	5.8%				
Manufacturing	551	6	4.0%	Manufacturing	739	6	5.5%				
Wholesale Trade	547	7	3.9%	Other Services (except Public Administration)	718	7	5.3%				
Construction	414	8	3.0%	Professional & Technical Services	308	8	2.3%				
Professional & Technical Services	392	9	2.8%	Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	289	9	2.2%				
Educational Support	366	10	2.6%	Construction	283	10	2.1%				
Total	12,552		90.3%	Total	11,951		88.7%				

NOTES

⁽¹⁾ RI Department of Labor & Training Quarterly Census of Employment & Wages, City & Town Summary - previous year Data by individual employer has been unavailable since 2010. Therefore, beginning with the 2012 CAFR, the principal employer data will be displayed by sector.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year ended June 30,										
	2019 ₍₁₎	2018 (1)	2017 ₍₁₎	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
General Government:	35	35	36	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	
Public Safety:											
Police - Officers	54	54	54	53	52	51	51	51	51	53	
Police - Civilians	18	18	18	19	22	22	22	22	22	22	
Emer. Medical Services	17	17	17	15	17	17	17	17	17	17	
Communications	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
	91	91	91	89	93	92	92	92	92	94	
Public Works:											
Streets & Highways	20	20	19	17	18	17	17	17	17	18	
Administration	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
,	24	24	23	21	22	21	21	21	21	22	
	40	40	4.0		4.4	4.4	4.4				
Parks & Recreation	19	18	18	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	
Libraries	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	11	11	12	
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	178	177	<u>177</u>	164	169	167	167	168	168	172	
Water	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	
Wastewater	15	15	15	14	14	17	17	17	18	18	
Neighborhood Guild	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Senior Services	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	
Other	6	6	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Public education:											
Certified	313	308	316	313	316	323	341	345	347	348	
Non-certified	149	150	154	154	153	158	174	172	180	195	
Administrative	24	24	24	25	24	24	24	20	21	21	
	486	482	494	492	493	505	539	537	549	564	
Total	701	696	708	686	692	706	740	739	752	772	

Source: Town Budgets and School Department Budgets

NOTES

⁽¹⁾ Employee counts now reflect budgeted positions not actual staff.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
<u>Function/Program</u> Police:										
Physical arrests Traffic violations Parking violations	526 2,706 1,301	545 1,975 1,195	555 1,862 1,984	545 2,021 2,428	530 1,751 1,152	645 2,696 1,257	626 2,764 742	682 3,718 987	661 2,354 1,032	718 3,147 1,239
Emergency Medical Services: Number of calls answered	3,325	3,112	3,034	2,930	2,750	2,852	2,807	2,652	2,707	2,703
Animal Control: Number of complaints Number of impoundments	1,022 339	1,141 401	1,032 336	1,281 341	1,188 201	1,357 318	1,260 383	1,457 382	1,332 390	1,324 418
Communications: Fire alarm activations	32	23	30	64	202	227	262	222	241	254
Streets & Highways: Street Sweeping (miles) Road regrading (miles) Street plowing/deicing (OT hours)	151 19 818	151 19 1,422	151 31 1,588	148 44 1,055	151 45 2,814	151 45 1,568	151 45 1,965	151 45 344	150 45 2,394	150 45 1,666
Culture & Recreation: Programs/Classes (enroll/attend)	27,650	26,377	28,125	28,168	30,349	30,550	28,745	32,978	35,652	33,345
Libraries: Volumes in Collection Volumes borrowed Reference requests filled	76,460 262,068 28,777	80,115 218,461 27,480	79,701 216,904 26,263	69,999 247,197 25,907	69,301 257,137 26,158	70,599 267,491 29,025	68,916 262,456 28,136	68,634 278,828 27,949	69,223 287,607 26,362	68,721 301,834 26,865
Water: New connections (net) Average daily consumption (1) (thousands of gallons)	8 337	8 327	12 329	7 391	10 250	12 324	4 315	0 313	16 325	9 317
Wastewater: Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	3,031	2,653	2,469	2,430	2,368	2,589	2,520	2,700	2,517	3,052
Senior Services: Adult Day Care services (client days) Senior transportation (trips) Congregate meals served	3,370 7,409 10,219	3,379 5,883 10,075	3,004 5,868 11,273	3,408 5,758 9,831	3,034 7,042 9,375	2,961 6,246 9,648	3,554 7,730 11,149	3,321 7,645 11,977	3,783 6,244 11,422	4,109 7,631 11,512

Sources: Various Town departments

Notes:

Indicators are not available for the general government function.

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2013	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2011	Fiscal Year 2010
Function/Program										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Public works:										
Streets (miles)	150	150	150	149	151	151	151	149	149	149
Culture and recreation:										
Park acreage	454	454	454	453	453	453	453	453	453	453
Tennis courts	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Community centers	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Libraries	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Water:										
Water mains (miles)	50	50	50	50	49	49	49	49	49	49
Fire hydrants	265	260	260	262	252	252	252	253	253	253
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons-treated)	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800	800
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	62	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	53	53
Storm drains (miles)	54	54	54	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
WWTF avg. daily design flow (thous. of gallons)	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000

Sources: Various town departments

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.



Federal Single Audit

This section contains information regarding federal grant activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, which was audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the he audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Total Fe Expend		
United States Department of Agriculture Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.553 \$ 10.555 10.559	58,037 300,874 21,385		
Total United States Department of Agriculture		\$	380,296	
United States Department of Education Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)	84.010A		402,840	
Title II, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367A		116,703	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.027A 84.173A	855,031 25,415	880,446	
Title III Consortium	84.365A		5,427	
Title IV	84.424A		37,095	
Total United States Department of Education			1,442,511	
United States Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Health:				
Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grant	93.276		115,713	
Walk with Ease	93.945		732	
Total United States Department of Health and Human Services			116,445	
United States Department of Homeland Security Passed Through the Rhode Island Emergency Management Agency:				
Pre-Disaster Mitigation	97.047		17,504	
United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Governor's Office of Housing, Energy & Intergovernmental Relations:				
Community Development Block Grants: Community Development Block Grant/Small Cities Program - 2014 Community Development Block Grant/Small Cities Program - 2015 Community Development Block Grant/Small Cities Program - 2017	14.228 14.228 14.228	20,845 7,105 22,355	50,305	
CDBG - Disaster Recovery Grants - Pub. L. No. 113-2 Cluster: Hurricane Sandy Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery	14.269		13,255	
Total United States Department of Housing and Urban Development			63,560	

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number		Total Federal Expenditures		
United States Department of Justice Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Governor's Justice Commission:					
Governor Justice Commission Grant	16.738		:	\$	20,524
U.S. Department of Justice, DEA	16.001				24,102
Violence Against Women Act	16.588				1,651
Total United States Department of Justice					46,277
United States Department of Transportation Passed Through the State of Rhode Island Department of Transportation:					
Highway Safety Cluster: State and Community Highway Safety National Priority Safety Programs	20.600 20.616	\$ 	19,358 38,274		
Total United States Department of Transportation					57,632
Total Federal Awards Expended			:	\$	2,124,225

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in fund balance, changes in net position or cash flows of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island.

Basis of Accounting

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

2. INDIRECT COST RECOVERY

The Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate provided under Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

3. NONCASH AWARDS

Donated commodities in the amount of \$39,950 are included in the Department of Agriculture's National School Lunch Program, CFDA #10.555. The amount represents the market value of commodities received.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Members of the Town Council Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Hartford, Connecticut December 23, 2019

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance

To the Members of the Town Council Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of South Kingstown, Rhode Island's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

December 23, 2019

TOWN OF SOUTH KINGSTOWN, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS **Financial Statements** Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? none reported Significant deficiency(ies) identified? yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? **Federal Awards** Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? _ yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? none reported yes Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)? yes Major programs: CFDA# Name of Federal Program or Cluster 84.027/84.173 Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? <u>X___</u> yes no

II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

III. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.