CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

PREPARED BY: DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

ROBERT F. STROM FINANCE DIRECTOR

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Allan W. Fung MAYOR



Robert F. Strom FINANCE DIRECTOR

Department of Finance

869 Park Avenue Cranston, RI 02910-2738 (401) 461-1000

December 24, 2019

Honorable Mayor Allan W. Fung and Members of the Cranston City Council Cranston, Rhode Island

The Finance Department is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island for the year ended June 30, 2019. The report includes the independent auditors' report as required by Rhode Island Statutes. The report is prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City. The City maintains four governmental funds that are annually appropriated. They are the two major funds (General Fund and the School Unrestricted Fund) and two others that are part of Other Governmental Funds (Community Development Block Grant and WIA Job Development). Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the calculation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Blum Shapiro & Company P.C., a public accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of municipalities within the State of Rhode Island, has audited the financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Cranston's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. MD&A immediately follows the independent auditors' report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in a separately issued document.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF CRANSTON

The City was established as a City in 1754 and incorporated as a City in 1910. With a population of 81,479 as determined by the Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation, the City is the third most populous municipality in the State of Rhode Island (the "State"). Primarily a residential community, the City contains many fine developments.

The City operates under a home rule charter adopted in 1962 (the "Charter"), providing for a mayor/council form of government with a nine-member City Council headed by a Council President. The Charter vests all legislative powers of the City in the City Council, including the ordering of any tax, the making of appropriations and the transacting of any other business pertaining to the financial affairs of the City.

Cranston is located immediately south of Rhode Island's Capitol. The City covers an area of almost 30 square miles, stretching from Narragansett Bay in the east to the Town of Scituate in the west. It is bordered on the north by Providence and Johnston and on the south by Warwick, West Warwick and Coventry.

The two main arteries that pass through the City are Routes 1-95 and 1-295. These interstate multi-lane highways run north-south through the City. They provide direct access to Providence and other major cities such as Boston (45 minutes north) and New York (3.5 hours south). Most of Rhode Island's hundreds of miles of scenic coastline are within a half-hour's drive. The City is also just minutes away from the State's T.F. Green Airport located in the City of Warwick.

Howard Industrial Park, located at the interchange of Interstate Route 95 and State Route 37, was the City's major economic development success story of the 1970s and 1980s. This location is home to 38 companies with a workforce of more than 3,000. Premiere national and international companies like Ross Simons and Swarovski help to identify this area as one of the premier industrial parks in the State.

Cranston has one of the best educational systems in the state. It has well-maintained housing, modern recreational facilities and active civic organizations. Its reputation as a comfortable, prosperous city makes it one of the most attractive areas in New England for both commercial and residential settlement.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Population

Ranked second in population among the 39 cities and towns in the State in 2010, the City experienced a 1.4% increase in population from 2000 to 2010.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City of Cranston places a high priority on economic development initiatives in order to solicit and secure new business as well as give continual support to the improvement of the City's present business community, improving the City's tax base and the employment opportunities for Cranston residents. The City has successfully implemented aggressive business recruitment and expansion programs and has reinvested in its urban business corridors. Through a variety of forward thinking legislative initiatives, the city offers investment incentives to increase the financial viability of the City's new and existing development areas. In 2015 the City has passed two new industrial tax incentives for industrial properties. A business expanding or buying a new building spending \$12,000,000.00 to \$20,000,000.00 will be eligible for a phase in 15 year tax incentive on their improvements. In addition, a business expanding or buying a new building spending over \$20,000,000.00 will be eligible for a phase in 20 year tax incentive on their improvements.

The City has a commitment to the economic development of all of its available areas and strives to achieve a balance between appropriate land use and bringing higher quality jobs and living standards to its residents. With the assistance of the Department of Economic Development, the City has been a leader in bringing industrial and commercial development to its numerous sites over the past decade. Convenient highway access, ample water and sewer services, and a tradition of excellent municipal services combine to provide the type of environment that the business community seeks when considering expansion or relocation.

Industrial Park

The Western Cranston Industrial Area – Currently, this is not only Cranston's but one of the State of Rhode Island's fastest developing industrial parks, located centrally in the State at the interchange of Interstate 295 and Route 14. This area continues to develop as one of the most important parts of the City's industrial tax base. National recognized companies like Penske, Cadence Science, Con-Way Trucking, Electro Standards, MPC Corp, Design Fabricators, Jewelry Concepts, TASCA Automotive Parts Warehouse and Bay State Florist are just a few of the industrial tenants that have been attracted to this ever growing industrial area.

Garden City Center

Garden City Center, Rhode Island's premiere outdoor shopping venue has been a shopping destination of choice for five generations. The Center opened in 1948 and was the first suburban shopping center in the state with 500,000 square feet of retail and office space. Its well-manicured landscapes and enhanced gardens frame the architecturally unique shops and restaurants. The Center has national retailers such as LL Bean, Fat Face, Pottery Barn, Crate & Barrel, J Crew, LA Fitness, New Balance, Banana Republic, William Sonoma, Ann Taylor Co, Chico's, Jos A Banks, Talbots, The Container Store, GAP, Anthropologie, Destination Maternity, Soma-Intimates, The Loft, Mel and Me, Clarkes Shoes, L'Occitane, Sephora, White House/Black Market, Anthony's Cole Fired Pizza and Z-Gallerie. The Center also has regional and local retailers and restaurants such as Providence Diamond Company, Applebee's, Barrington Books, Edible Arrangements, Ethan Allan Design Center, Bistro 22, Starbucks, B. Goode, Pinkberry, Legal Sea Bar, Tavern in the Square, Tropical Smoothie, The Simple Greek and Whole Foods Market. In addition, Garden City has completed construction of two new buildings under Phase four development consisting of 37,000 square feet of total space.

Chapel View Shopping Center

Located directly across from Garden City, a new upscale mixed use shopping group, coupled with the many high quality stores of its next door neighbor, will establish this area of Cranston as one of the leading shopping centers of not only the State but of the Southeastern New England Region. Located on the former site of the State's Youth Training and Reform School, the developers have used a number of former historic structures, all over one hundred years old, to develop a European Village atmosphere that encompasses upscale condominiums, office space and retail components. Current tenants include Alex & Ani (Retail and Corporate Headquarters) one of the World's fastest growing companies, The Grille at Chapel View, First Comp a division of Markel Insurance Company, Residential Mortgage Services, Champlain Foundation, Staples, Panera Bread, Massage Envy, Bling Eyewear, Qdoba Mexican Grill, Shaw's Supermarket, Recreational Equipment Inc. (REI), T.J. Max, Koch Eye Associates, Omaha Steaks and Uptown Burger. Top Golf has signed a lease and is currently in the planning process to open its first location in the State of RI in 2020. Top Golf features fun and competitive golf games for all ages, climate-controlled playing bays for year-round comfort, an impressive food and drink menu, private spaces for groups of any size, HDTVs to watch the big game and a music selection that will make every visit feel like a party.

Recent Development Initiatives

O'Reilly Auto Parts has open at the former El Tappetio Restaurant site. They re-developed the site for an auto parts store which included a new 7000 sf new building.

Cube Smart 950 Phenix Avenue – Mixed use development at the corner of Phenix and Natick has opened. This is also has a multi-use component that include the new home of Little Learners Academy of Cranston.

Carpionato Properties has developed the former Cranston Police property on Attwood Avenue. Two buildings have been constructed to include a Dairy Queen, Enterprise Car Rental and Pizza Hut.as the anchors.

Dollar General has re-developed the former site on the corner of Dyer and Park Avenues.

The Barrett Group has moved their corporate headquarters from Warwick to Cranston on Reservoir Avenue. They will relocate 15 staff members to the new location.

Shaws Market has completed a major renovation at Chapel View.

Coast to Coast Promotional Products purchased 1081 Pontiac Avenue relocating their front office operations and sample department from Greenville, Rhode Island. They are a full-service distributor for a vast assortment of top-quality gifts and promotional items established in 1973 by Nicholas Ferranti, Jr.

Revolving Loan Fund

The Revolving Loan Fund is a fixed asset loan program that was established with Federal and matching City Funds approximately 25 years ago. The City's RLF program offers low interest loans to new as well as expanding businesses located in the City of Cranston.

In addition, the RFL fund provides gap financing for companies seeking to purchase equipment, finance renovations, job training and working capital.

The fund has distributed over \$4 million to companies that have located or expanded. The loans have leveraged over \$26 million in additional investments.

- Over 18,000 jobs have been created or retained as a result of the program.
- The loan portfolio has an average loan amount of \$110,000.
- Seventy percent of the loans have been made to companies with 25 or fewer employees.

There are 13 current loans in the portfolio. The City recently completed an update to the Revolving Loan Five Year Plan to ensure the continued success of the program.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Cranston for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018; In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank the members of the Finance Department in the Division of Accounting Control, Treasury and Tax Collection, Contract and Purchase, Assessment and Management Information Systems for their diligence and cooperation on a daily basis in carrying out the duties and responsibilities of this department, The success that the Finance Department has enjoyed is due to their efforts.

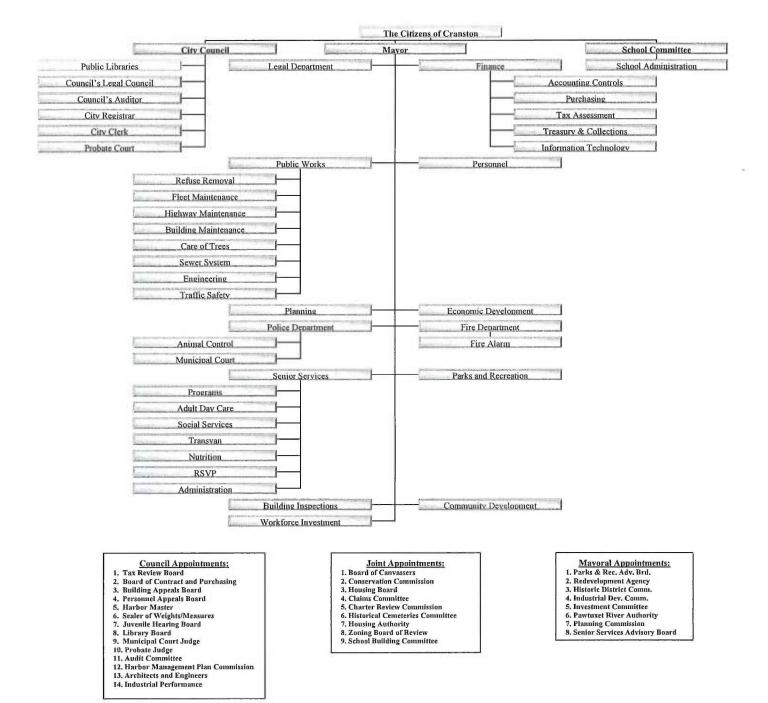
I want to extend the grateful appreciation of all Finance Department employees and to you, Mayor and members of the City Council, for the confidence you have shown in us.

Sincerely,

Robert F. Strom, Finance Director

Robert F. Strom

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

MAYOR

Allan W. Fung

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Robert F. Strom,
Michael Igoe, CPA
Mark Capuano
David Capuano
Mark Marchesi
William Aguiar

Finance Director
City Controller
Tax Assessor
City Treasurer
Purchasing Agent
Information Technology Manager

CITY COUNCIL

Michael J. Farina Michael W. Favicchio Christopher G. Paplauskas Lammis J. Vargas John P. Donegan Steven A. Stycos Paul J. McAuley Kenneth J. Hopkins Edward J. Brady Council President
Council Vice President



Government Finance Officers Association

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11 + 44

City of Cranston Rhode Island

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





1 Capital Way Cranston, RI 02910 **Tel** 401.272.5600 **Fax** 401.331.4511

blumshapiro.com

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor Allan W. Fung and Members of the Cranston City Council City of Cranston, Rhode Island

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statistical section, and Annual Supplemental Transparency Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Annual Transparency Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Annual Transparency Report are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 24, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Cranston, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cranston, Rhode Island December 24, 2019

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

Allan W. Fung MAYOR



Robert F. Strom FINANCE DIRECTOR

Department of Finance

869 Park Avenue Cranston, RI 02910-2738 (401) 461-1000

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

As management of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, we offer readers of the City of Cranston's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

It is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues that the City has encountered.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the City of Cranston exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 by \$267.8 million (*net position*).
- The net position of the City decreased by \$22.7 million (or 9.3%). The governmental net position decreased by \$25.4 million (or 8.2%) and the business-type net position increased by \$2.7 million (or 4.3%).
- The governmental activities revenue increased \$3.1 million (or 1.0%) and the net results from activities decreased from prior year by \$35.7 million. In 2019, the results of activities produced a decrease in net position of \$(25.4) million and in 2018 the results of activities produced an increase in net position of \$10.3 million.
- The business-type activities revenue increased by \$0.3 million (or 1.0%), and the net results from activities decreased by \$0.7 million (or 20.6%) from the prior year. In 2019, the results of activities produced an increase in business-type net position of \$2.7 million, while in 2018 the results of activities also produced an increase of \$3.4 million in business-type net position.
- The General Fund (the primary operating fund) reflected on a current financial resource basis reports a decrease in fund balance of \$2.0 million (or 9.5%), compared to \$0.1 million increase in the prior year.
- The City's total debt increased by \$10.4 million. The increase was due primarily to the \$27.2 million in new debt offset by principal repayments.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit I) and the Statement of Activities (Exhibit II) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. For governmental activities, the fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Reporting the City as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net position and changes to net position. You can think of the City's net position as the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base, to assess the overall health of the City.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Cranston that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities present the functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, public libraries, parks and recreation, education, senior services, community development, and interest expense. The business-type activities of the City of Cranston include sewer utilities, the Public Facilities Management Foundation, and the School Lunch Fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits I and II of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2019

The City and School Department maintains 44 and 123 individual governmental funds, respectively. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for both the General Fund and the School Department. For reporting purposes, the amount presented as the General Fund is comprised of the general fund and eight other funds. Similarly for reporting purposes, the amount presented as the School Department is comprised of the school department's general fund and one other fund. Both the General Fund and School Department are considered to be major funds. Data from the City's and School Department's other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled Other Governmental Funds. Individual fund data for each of the other 156 governmental funds, which are consolidated into 16 funds for reporting purposes, is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the installation of new science labs into various schools) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibility for using certain taxes, grants and other money (like grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development).

The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and School Department. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of them as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City of Cranston maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Cranston uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer operations, Public Facilities Management Foundation, and its school non-major programs. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Cranston and School Department uses an internal service fund to account for certain self-insured risks. Because this fund predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer utilities fund and the Public Facilities Management Foundation, which are considered to be major funds of the City of Cranston. The school lunch program fund is the sole non-major enterprise fund and is presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements. The internal service fund is also presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits V, VI, and VII of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits VIII, and IX of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found following the Exhibits.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary compliance schedules for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund-School Unrestricted, as well as the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Included below is a condensed Statement of Net Position for the City of Cranston. The condensed format allows the reader to view the overall financial position of the City.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

As of June 30 (In Millions)

	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities		<u>T</u>	<u>otal</u>		
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Assets: Current and other assets	\$ 81.1	\$ 76.4	\$ 26.4	\$ 23.3	\$ 107.5	\$ 99.7
Capital assets	138.6	125.8	71.2	72.6	209.8	198.4
Total Assets	219.7	202.2	97.6	95.9	317.3	298.1
Deferred Outflow of Resources	57.4	107.1	0.5	0.5	57.9	107.6
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows of Resources	277.1	309.3	98.1	96.4	375.2	405.7
<i>Liabilities:</i> Long-term liabilities						
outstanding	555.9	546.7	19.3	20.2	575.2	566.9
Other liabilities	27.6	24.0	7.8	6.2	35.4	30.2
Total Liabilities	583.5	570.7	27.1	26.4	610.6	597.1
Deferred Inflows of Resources	27.4	47.0	5.0	6.7	32.4	53.7
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows of Resources	610.9	617.7	32.1	33.1	643.0	650.8
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets.	40.4	39.3	53.0	71.5	93.4	110.8
Restricted-Debt Service Unrestricted	(374.2)	- (347.7)	0.4 12.6	0.4 (8.6)	0.4 (361.6)	0.4 (356.3)
Total Net Position	\$ (333.8)	\$ (308.4)	\$ 66.0	\$ 63.3	\$ (267.8)	\$ (245.1)

The composition of net position and the changes in net position over a period of time serves as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The City's total liabilities at June 30, 2019, exceed assets by \$267.8 million and were comprised of \$(333.8) million from governmental activities and \$66.0 million from business-type activities. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, \$(361.6) million of the total \$(267.8) million in net position is unrestricted.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Net investment in capital assets comprises \$93.4 and \$110.8 million of Net Position at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. This category reflects the total net investment in capital assets (vehicles, equipment, etc.) net of any related debt used to acquire capital assets. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and do not represent resources available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The second category of Net Position, restricted Net Position, represents Net Position that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Restricted Net Position as of June 30, 2019 totaled \$0.4 million for debt service.

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Net Position summary presentation:

Net Results of Activities - which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for Capital - which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital</u> - which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in net investment in capital assets and an increase in related net debt which will not change the net investment in capital assets.

<u>Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital</u> - which will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

<u>Principal Payment on Debt</u> - which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation - which will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

Governmental Activities-Condensed Statements of Net Position

The category of "Current and Other Assets" was \$81.1 million at June 30, 2019. This category consisted primarily of "Cash" of \$31.8 million as of June 30, 2019. This balance was attributable to a strong tax collection trend. "Receivables-Property Taxes" of \$8.3 million, "Net pension asset" of \$15.9 million. "Receivables-Intergovernmental was \$19.0 million, "Advanced deposits-hospitalization" was \$5.0 million and net other receivables accounted for \$1.1 million.

"Deferred Outflow of Resources" was \$57.4 million at June 30, 2019 and was comprised of \$53.4 million related to pensions, \$3.5 million related to OPEB and \$0.5 million from the deferred charge on refunding.

"Total liabilities" at June 30, 2019 were \$583.5 million. That included long-term liabilities outstanding of \$555.9 million, composed primarily of \$103.3 million in general obligation bonds and leases payable (used to fund various capital projects such as school construction and playground construction and improvements), \$404.3 million in outstanding pension obligations and \$48.3 million in OPEB obligations. Current liabilities total \$27.6 million at June 30, 2019 and were composed \$10.0 million in accounts payable, \$4.3 of accrued liabilities, unearned revenue of \$3.8 million, \$8.0 million in current portion of long-term debt. \$0.7 million due to other funds and claims and judgements of \$0.8 million.

"Deferred Inflow of Resources" of \$27.4 million of which \$14.2 million related to the City's pension liabilities, \$5.5 million related to the OPEB liability and \$7.7 million related to advanced tax collections.

Total net position at June 30, 2019 was \$(333.8) million and was comprised of unrestricted of \$(374.2) and "Net Investment in Capital Assets" of \$40.4 million.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities-Condensed Statements of Net Position

For business-type activities, such as the Sewer Enterprise Fund, "Current and Other Assets" of \$26.4 million consisted primarily of \$15.8 million in cash which was available to support the current operations of the Enterprise Funds, \$1.2 million of restricted cash, \$0.4 million of cash held in escrow, receivables of \$4.2 million, \$4.5 million due from other funds and \$0.3 million of other assets.

"Deferred Outflow of Resources" was \$0.5 million at June 30, 2019 and was comprised of \$0.5 million related to pensions.

Long-term liabilities of \$19.3 million were comprised primarily of \$17.2 million of "Long-term liabilities due in more than one year" which represents the non-current portion of long-term liabilities, primarily general obligation bonds used to finance the capital operations of the Sewer Plant as well as SRF (state revolving fund) loan from Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank, \$1.9 million of "Net pension liability" and "Net OPEB obligations" of \$0.2 million.

Other liabilities of \$7.8 million consisted primarily of \$3.7 million of "Accounts payable", and \$1.1 million for the "Current portion of long-term bonds payable", "Retainage payable" of \$0.8 million, "Accrued interest payable" of \$0.2 million and "Unearned revenue" of \$2.0 million.

"Deferred Inflows of Resources" of \$5.0 million represents \$4.9 million for the "Deferred sewer lease arrangement" and \$0.1 million from resources related to pensions.

The total net position for the Business-type Activities as of June 30, 2019 was \$66.0 million. Net investment in capital assets was the major component of net position for business-type activities and amounted to \$53.0 million at June 30, 2019. As stated above, in the government-wide analysis of the Statement of Net Position \$0.4 million was restricted for debt service and \$12.6 million was designated "Unrestricted".

Statement of Activities

A condensed Statement of Activities for the City of Cranston is presented below listing the major categories of revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

Condensed Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30 (In Millions)

	Government	al Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	<u>To</u>	<u>otal</u>
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 19.6	\$ 18.7	\$26.4	\$26.3	\$46.0	\$ 45.0
Operating grants and contributions	85.5	82.7	2.7	2.6	88.2	85.3
Capital grants and contributions	0.1	0.1		0.2	0.1	0.3
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	187.2	190.1			187.2	190.1
Gain on sale of property						
State special funding for pensions	10.3	10.8			10.3	10.8
Motor vehicle phase-out taxes	5.9	3.5			5.9	3.5
Investment income	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4	1.8	1.2
Transfers	-	-			-	-
Other	3.0	2.9	0.2	0.2	3.2	3.1
Total revenues	312.8	309.6	29.9	29.7	342.7	339.3

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Statement of Activities (Continued)

	Government	al Activities	Business-T	ype Activities]	<u>Total</u>		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Program Expenses:								
General government	\$ 17.4	\$ 16.0			\$ 17.4	\$ 16.0		
Public safety	108.6	75.8			108.6	75.8		
Public works	16.7	16.7			16.7	16.7		
Education	180.0	177.3	\$6.7	\$6.1	186.7	183.4		
Parks and recreation	3.7	3.5			3.7	3.5		
Libraries	3.8	3.6			3.8	3.6		
Senior services	3.2	3.0			3.2	3.0		
Community development	1.4	1.3			1.4	1.3		
Sewer			20.5	20.2	20.5	20.2		
Interest and other costs	3.4	2.1			3.4	2.1		
Total expenses	338.2	299.3	27.2	26.3	365.4	325.6		
Change in net position	(25.4)	10.3	2.7	3.4	(22.7)	13.7		
Net Position – July 1	(308.4)	(318.7)	63.3	59.9	(245.1)	(258.8)		
Net Position – June 30	\$(333.8)	\$ (308.4)	\$ 66.0	\$ 63.3	\$ (267.8)	\$ (245.1)		

The Condensed Statement of Net Activities presents revenues, expenses and changes in net position separately for governmental activities and business-type activities. The condensed format allows for presentation of program revenues (charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions) followed by a listing of general revenues to support the City's overall government or business-type activities. Expenses are presented on a functional basis, with depreciation on capital assets directly allocated to the related expense.

Governmental Activities-Condensed Statement of Activities

General revenues include all revenues not required to be reported as "program revenue". The total of other "general revenues" for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$207.6 million and \$208.1 million, respectively. Included in these totals were \$187.2 and \$190.1 million in property taxes for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

[&]quot;Program expenses" are presented in the Condensed Statement of Activities by function and total \$338.2 and \$299.3 million including interest on long-term debt for the fiscal years June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

[&]quot;Changes in net position" decreased \$35.7 million to \$(25.4) million from \$10.3 million, for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 as restated, respectively. The change resulted primarily from an increase in public safety and education expense related to the recognition of OPEB expenses in the prior fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities – Condensed Statement of Activities

Business-Type Activities provided by the City of Cranston consists primarily of the operation of the wastewater facility commonly known as the Sewer Enterprise Fund. Respectively, in fiscal years 2019 and 2018, the City generated \$29.6 million in total revenues. The majority of revenues for this fund consist of charges for services of which amounted to \$26.4 and \$26.3 respectively, of the total revenues.

The total amount of expenses for business-type activities were \$27.2 and \$26.3 million, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The "Change in Net Position" decreased \$0.7 million to \$2.7 million from \$3.4 million for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. This activity increased the "Business-Type Net Position" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 to \$66.0 million as compared to \$63.3 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Financial Analysis of City's Funds

Governmental Funds

The City of Cranston's governmental funds consists of three major funds. The major funds are the City's General Fund, the School Department unrestricted operating fund and the school department bond fund. Presented below is a condensed Balance Sheet for the three major funds of the Governmental funds.

Combined fund balances for all the Governmental Funds was \$33.8 million. Fund balance was comprised of \$0.3 million "Non-spendable" fund balances, \$16.9 million "Restricted" fund balances and \$0.9 million "Committed" fund balances and \$15.7 million of "Unassigned" fund balances. Under the modified-accrual basis for Fund Financial Statements, the emphasis is on accounting for current financial resources of the City.

Assets of \$69.7 million include primarily \$30.9 million in "Cash", \$5.7 million in "Taxes Receivable", \$19.0 million in "Intergovernmental Receivables", "Loans" of \$2.8 million, "Other Receivables" of \$1.8 million, "Prepaid" of \$0.9 million, "Advance deposits-hospitalization" of \$0.2 million, "Due from Other Funds" of \$8.4 million.

"Total liabilities and deferred inflows" of \$35.8 million consisted of \$10.4 million of "Accounts Payable", \$7.5 million in "Due to Other Funds", \$11.5 million in "Unearned Revenue", \$1.4 million of Accrued Payroll and other liabilities and \$5.0 million of "Unavailable Revenue".

<u>Condensed Balance Sheet</u> <u>As of June 30</u> (In Millions)									
	General Fund <u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	School Unrestrict <u>2019</u>	ed <u>2018</u>	School Bond Fu <u>2019</u>	nd <u>2018</u>	Total Major Fu <u>2019</u>	unds <u>2018</u>	
Assets:									
Current and other	\$39.3	\$38.2	\$7.5	\$7.0	\$11.1	\$3.2	\$57.9	\$48.4	
Total Assets	39.3	38.2	7.5	7.0	11.1	3.2	57.9	48.4	
Liabilities:									
Other liabilities	20.4	17.2	3.2	1.7	3.1	-	26.7	18.9	
Total Liabilities	20.4	17.2	3.2	1.7	3.1	-	26.7	18.9	
Fund Balance:									
Non-spendable	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	-	-	0.3	0.3	
Restricted	0.4	0.5	3.4	4.4	8.0	3.2	11.8	8.1	
Committed	_	_	0.8	0.8	-	-	0.8	0.8	
Assigned	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Unassigned	18.3	20.3	-	-	-	-	18.3	20.3	
Total Fund Balance	\$18.9	\$21.0	\$4.3	\$5.3	\$8.0	\$3.2	\$31.2	\$29.5	

General Fund - Condensed Balance Sheet

The General Fund's total assets of \$39.3 million consists primarily of \$23.7 million in "Cash" \$5.7 million of "Taxes Receivable" \$6.8 million of "Intergovernmental Receivables", "Due from Other Funds" of \$2.2 million, "Prepaids" of \$0.7 million and "Advanced Deposits-hospitalization" of \$0.2 million.

Total liabilities for the General Fund were \$20.4 million. "Accounts Payable" amounted to \$2.0 million, \$7.8 million represented "Unearned Revenue", \$4.4 million in "Due to Other Funds", \$1.2 million of accrued liabilities and \$5.0 million of "Unavailable Revenue".

As of June 30, 2019 the City's fund balance was \$18.9 million of which \$0.2 million was "Non-spendable", \$0.4 million was "Restricted", and \$18.3 million was "Unassigned".

School Department - Condensed Balance Sheet

The School Department's total assets were \$7.5 million. The majority of that consisted primarily of \$6.2 of "Due from Other Funds", "Prepaid" of \$0.1 million and "Other" assets of \$1.2 million.

Liabilities for the School Department totaled \$3.2 million. The majority of that consisted of \$3.1 million of "Accounts Payable" and \$0.1 million "Due to Other Funds".

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the School Department had a fund balance of \$4.3 million. This was comprised of \$0.1 million "Non-spendable", \$3.4 million "Restricted and \$0.8 million of "Committed" fund balance.

School Bond Fund - Condensed Balance Sheet

The School Bond Fund total assets were \$11.1 million. This consisted primarily of \$11.1 of "Intergovernmental" receivables.

Liabilities for the School Bond Fund totaled \$3.1 million. The majority of that consisted of \$2.8 million of "Accounts Payable" and \$0.3 million "Retainage Payable".

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the School Bond Fund had a fund balance of \$8.0 million. The entire balance was classified as "Restricted".

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

A condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the City of Cranston is presented below listing the major categories of revenues and expenditures for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The major funds for the City of Cranston are the "General Fund", the "School Department" and the "School Bond Fund".

The fund reporting format, also presented on a functional basis, presented in "Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds" presents all revenue types followed by the expenditures of the City. The fund financial statements report current year capital expenditures and do not report depreciation on capital assets. Likewise, principal payments on long-term liabilities are reported as current year expenditures and are not offset against the related long-term liability as within the Government-wide Financial Statements. The major source of revenues for the City comes from "General Property Taxes". For the years ending June 30, 2019, and 2018, the City collected \$188.1, and \$190.0 million of property taxes, respectively. Total revenues for all major governmental funds for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, were \$297.2, and \$293.6 million, respectively. For the major governmental funds, the total expenditures for the years ending June 30, 2019, and 2018, were \$308.6, and \$296.1 million, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2019, General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$91.9 million before other financing sources (uses) as compared to \$93.7 million for the period ending June 30, 2018.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30 (In Millions)

	General Fund		Scho Unrest		Sch Bond	ool I Fund	Total Major Funds		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues:									
General Revenues:									
Property Taxes	188.1	190.0	-	-			188.1	190.0	
Intergovernmental	19.7	18.2	61.0	58.2			80.7	76.4	
Charges for services	15.4	15.2	1.5	1.3			16.9	16.5	
Investment income	0.8	0.4		-			0.8	0.4	
State on behalf pension	-	-	8.1	7.7			8.1	7.7	
Other	1.2	\$1.2	1.4	1.4	-	-	2.6	2.6	
Total Revenues	225.2	225.0	72.0	68.6	-	-	297.2	293.6	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General Government	10.8	10.5					10.8	10.5	
Public Safety	85.3	84.0					85.3	84.0	
Public Works	15.7	16.3					15.7	16.3	
Education	-	-	167.1	162.5			167.1	162.5	
Parks and Recreation	3.7	3.5					3.7	3.5	
Public Libraries	3.6	3.5					3.6	3.5	
Senior Services	3.2	3.0					3.2	3.0	
Other	0.2	0.2					0.2	0.2	
Debt Service:									
Principal	7.7	7.3					7.7	7.3	
Interest and other costs	3.1	3.0			0.2	0.1	3.3	3.1	
Capital expenditures	_	-	_	_	8.0	2.2	8.0	2.2	
Total Expenditures	133.3	131.3	167.1	162.5	8.2	2.3	308.6	296.1	
Excess (deficiency) of									
revenue over expenditures	91.9	93.7	(95.1)	(93.9)	(8.2)	(2.3)	(11.4)	(2.5)	

Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of debt 11.3 5.0 11.3 5.0 Bond premium 1.8 0.4 1.8 0.4 93.8 Transfers in 94.1 93.8 94.1 Transfers out (93.9)(93.6)(93.9)(93.6)**Net Other Financing** Sources (Uses) (93.9)(93.6)94.1 93.8 13.1 5.4 13.3 5.6

(1.0)

5.3

4.3

0.1

20.9

21.0

(2.0)

21.0

19.0

Net change in fund balance

Fund Balance July 1

Fund Balance June 30

Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-General Fund

(0.1)

5.4

5.3

4.9

3.1

8.0

3.1

3.1

1.9

29.4

31.3

3.1

26.3

29.4

The City's General Fund had revenues of \$225.2 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was comprised of \$188.1 million in "General Property Taxes", \$19.7 million of "Intergovernmental" revenues, \$15.4 million in "Charges for Services", \$0.8 million in "Investment Income", and \$1.2 million in "Other" revenue.

Expenditures for the General Fund for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were \$133.3 million. These expenditures consisted of \$10.8 million in "General Government" expenditures, \$85.3 million of "Public Safety" expenditures, \$15.7 million of "Public Works" expenditures, \$3.7 million of "Parks and Recreation" expenditures, \$3.6 million of "Public Libraries" expenditures, \$3.2 million of "Senior Services" expenditures, \$0.2 million of "Other" expenditures, \$7.7 million of "Debt Service Principal" expenditures, and \$3.1 million of "Interest and Other Costs".

In addition to general operating expenses, the General Fund also had "Net Other Financing Uses" of \$ 93.9 million. This was composed of a \$(93.9) million of "Transfers Out" to the "School Department" for operations.

The net change in fund balances was \$(2.0) million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This decrease resulted primarily from an over expenditures in public services related to a chemical fire that occurred in fiscal year 2019. There were 21 fire fighters injured in this incident. That shortage resulted in increased over-time during their recovery as well as an increase to work-related medical coverage and replacement of damaged equipment.

Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-School Department

The "School Department" had revenues for the year ended June 30, 2019 of \$72.0 million. This was derived from \$61.0 million of "Intergovernmental" revenues, \$1.5 million of "Charges for Services", \$8.1 million of "State on Behalf Pension Contribution" and \$1.4 million of "Other Income".

Expenditures for the School Department totaled \$167.1 million. This entire amount represents expenditures related to "Education".

In addition to general operating revenues, the School Department received \$94.1 million of "Other Financing Sources". This amount was comprised of "Transfers In" from the "General Fund" of \$93.9 million for operations and \$0.2 million from other school special revenue accounts.

The net change in fund balance was (\$1.0) million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was due primarily to use of a capital reserve account for a capital project.

Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-School Bond Fund

Expenditures for the School Bond Fund totaled \$8.2 million. This amount represents \$8.0 million in "Capital Expenditures" and \$0.2 million in "Interest and Other Costs" related to school construction projects.

Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-School Bond Fund (Continued)

In addition to operating expenditures, the School Bond Fund had "Net Other Financing Sources" of \$ 13.1 million. This was composed of \$11.3 million of "Issuance of Debt" and \$1.8 million of "Bond Premium". These other financing sources were used to fund school construction projects.

The net change in fund balance was \$4.9 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was due primarily to the remainder of unspent bond proceeds as of June 30, 2019.

Proprietary Funds

The Proprietary Funds consist of the Sewer Fund, the Non-Major Programs and the Internal Service Funds. The major source of revenues consists of "Charges for Usage and Service" of \$59.2 million. Total operating revenues were \$65.6 million. Total operating expenses for the year ending June 30, 2019, for the Proprietary Funds were \$63.7 million. The "Health Care Management" of the school department of \$24.7 million, the "Contract Payments" of \$16.6 million for sewer privatization, "Operation" expense of \$6.3 million. "Personnel" cost of \$2.3 million, "Claims" of \$11.5 million and \$2.3 million of "Depreciation" comprise the majority of the expenses. Net Non-Operating Income for the year ending June 30, 2019 was \$0.2 million. The Proprietary Funds ended fiscal year 2019 with \$2.1 million more in revenues than expenses. Total Net Position was \$65.3 million at June 30, 2019, of that "Net Investment in Capital Assets" was \$53.0 million, Restricted for Debt Service of \$0.4 million and \$11.9 million was "Unrestricted". Total Net Position as of June 30, 2019 increased \$2.1 million from \$63.2 million to \$65.3 million or 3.3%.

Analysis of Significant Budget Variations in the General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the General Fund Revenues were under budget projections by \$1.0 million or 0.4%. General Fund expenditures were over budget by \$0.9 million or 0.3%. This resulted in a \$1.9 million deficit for the General Fund for the year ending June 30, 2019.

Significant revenue variances include:

- General Property Taxes Favorable variance of \$0.8 million due to the implementation of a new software system that allows taxpayers to pay via the internet as either an ACH or credit card payment and the state's garnishment program of income tax refunds for outstanding motor vehicle taxes.
- Intergovernmental Unfavorable variance of \$1.4 million from decrease in the amount budgeted by various departments for grants versus the amount actually received by departments for grants

Most of the departments within the City had minimal surpluses/deficits with regard to their expense budgets. The two exception to that were the law department and the fire department. They had a \$0.7 million and a \$2.4 million unfavorable variance, respectively. The law department's over expenditures were related to personnel issues and the fire department's were due to a chemical fire that occurred during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2019. The City was able to reduce these deficit to \$0.9 million from savings within other departments.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

The City of Cranston's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 amounted to \$209.8 and \$198.4 million, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, motor vehicles, machinery and equipment and office furniture and equipment, and infrastructure.

The presentation below for the current fiscal year lists the major categories of capital assets for governmental activities and business-type activities. Infrastructure assets, assets that are long-lived and can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets and that normally are stationary in nature such as streets, sidewalks and curbing are subject to different rules under the standards established by GASB 34. All infrastructure assets are included in the City's capital assets.

Capital Assets at Year End (In Millions)

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business Activi	• 1	<u>Total</u>		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Land	\$ 15.3	\$ 15.3	\$ 0.4	\$ 0.3	\$ 15.7	\$ 15.6	
Construction in progress	8.3	2.8	0.3	20.5	8.6	23.3	
Land improvements	41.1	37.0	0.3	0.3	41.4	37.3	
Buildings	116.6	112.0			116.6	112.0	
Motor vehicles	24.8	22.0			24.8	22.0	
Equipment	17.9	16.1	0.9	0.8	18.8	16.9	
Infrastructure	87.4	87.3			87.4	87.3	
Leasehold improvements							
Sewer lines			51.6	51.6	51.6	51.6	
Treatment and pumping plant			104.8	83.9	104.8	83.9	
Total assets	311.4	292.5	158.3	157.4	469.7	449.9	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(172.8)	(166.7)	(87.1)	(84.8)	(259.8)	(251.5)	
Net capital assets	\$ 138.6	\$ 125.8	\$ 71.2	\$ 72.6	\$ 209.8	\$ 198.4	

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 were \$469.7 million less accumulated depreciation of \$259.8 million for a net investment in capital assets of \$209.8 million.

Governmental Activities:

Major capital asset additions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 included the following:

- \$6.2 million in school renovations
- \$1.7 million in recreational facilities and equipment upgrades
- \$9.2 million for road repayment, storm drain repairs and equipment upgrades
- \$0.5 million for library upgrades
- \$0.5 million for bridge infrastructure replacement
- \$5.3 million for fire and police equipment and station upgrades
- \$1.5 million for building improvements

Business-Type Activities:

Major capital asset additions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 included the following:

\$20.9 million of construction in progress project completed for improvements at the treatment plant

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found on Note 3. C. of this report.

Long-Term Liabilities

As of June 30, 2019, the governmental activities had total long-term obligations of \$565.3 million. Of that, \$404.4 million was pension related debt, \$48.3 million was for post-retirement health benefits \$13.8 million of compensated absences and \$98.8 million related to bonded debt guaranteed by the City's assets. Based on an actuarial valuations completed as of July 1, 2019 for governmental activities, the net pension obligation liability for unpaid pension contributions decreased by \$0.4 million from \$404.8 million at June 30, 2018 to \$404.4 million at June 30, 2019. The net other post-employment benefit obligation (OPEB) liability for governmental activities decreased \$2.5 million from \$50.8 million at June 30, 2018 to \$48.3 million at June 30, 2018. Additional information can be found in Note 3.E.

The business-type activities had total long-term obligations of \$20.4 million. Of that, \$18.3 million related to State Revolving Loans (SRF) from Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank (these funds are available for projects related to clean water), \$1.9 million in net pension obligations, \$0.2 million in net post-retirement health benefit obligations. Based on an actuarial valuations completed as of July 1, 2019 for business-type activities, the net pension obligation liability for unpaid pension contributions increased by \$0.1 million from \$1.8 million at June 30, 2018 to \$1.9 million at June 30, 2019. The net other post-employment benefit obligation (OPEB) liability for business-type activities increased from \$0.1 million at June 30, 2018 by \$0.1 million to \$0.2 million at June 30, 2019. Additional information can be found in Note 3.E.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Debt Outstanding

For the year ending June 30, 2019, the City had \$98.8 million in debt (bonds, notes, etc.) outstanding as compared to \$87.3 million at June 30, 2018, a net increase of \$11.5 million or 13.2% (considering debt issuances and retirements). The key factors for this increase was the issuance of \$15.9 million in general obligation bonds and \$11.3 million of school borrowing offset by the principal repayments on outstanding issues.

For the year ending June 30, 2019, the Business-Type Activities had \$18.3 million in debt (bonds, notes, etc.) outstanding as compared to \$19.4 million at June 30, 2018, a net decrease of \$1.1 million or 5.7% (considering debt retirements). The key factor for this decrease was principal repayments of \$1.1 million.

Outstanding Debt, at June 30 (In Millions)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Governmental:		
General obligation bonds	\$ 96.4	\$73.7
Bond anticipation notes	0.0	10.8
Capital lease	<u>2.4</u>	2.8
Subtotal		87.3
Business-type:		
Sewer revolving loans	18.3	19. <u>4</u>
Subtotal		19.4
Total	\$ 117.1	\$ 106.7

Principal payments of \$8.4 million and \$1.1 million were made in the governmental and business-type activities, respectively, during fiscal year 2019.

Except as explained below, under Rhode Island law the City may not, without special statutory authorization, incur any debt that would increase its aggregate indebtedness not otherwise excepted by law to an amount greater than 3% of the taxable property of the City. Deducted from the computation of aggregate indebtedness is the amount of any borrowing in anticipation of taxes authorized by law and the amount of any sinking funds maintained by the City. There is currently no outstanding debt of the city subject to the 3% debt limit. The current 3% debt limit of the City is \$239.2 million based on taxable property as of December 31, 2017, of approximately \$8.0 billion. On June 30, 2019, the City had \$98.4 million of debt outstanding that is outside the 3% debt limit.

The City's bond ratings are as follows:

- Standard & Poor's: "AA-"
- Fitch Ratings: "AA-"
- Moody's Investors Service: "A1"

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- As noted previously, the Fiscal Year 2020 operating budget was passed by a majority vote of the City Council. Property tax collections were assumed to be collected at 98.9% of the current levy.
- The City budgeted approximately \$21.5 million for Police and Fire Pension Fund contributions and \$4.5 million for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2019

Unemployment Statistics

The table below presents the most recent labor market information summary for not seasonally adjusted unemployment rates for the fiscal years ended June 30^{th} :

	Annualized										
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	
City of Cranston State of Rhode Island United States	11.7% 10.9 9.6	10.6% 10.5 9.3	10.4% 10.1 8.4	9.3% 8.9 7.8	7.2% 7.3 6.3	5.9% 5.8 5.5	5.0% 5.0 5.1	4.0% 4.1 4.5	3.7% 3.7 4.2	3.3% 3.3 3.8	

Source: Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City of Cranston's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Finance Director City of Cranston 869 Park Avenue Cranston, RI 02910

Basic Financial Statements

	_	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	_	Total
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,836,617	\$ 15,845,644	\$	47,682,261
Receivables:					
Property taxes		8,255,574			8,255,574
Sewer assessments and user fees, net			1,121,884		1,121,884
Intergovernmental		19,029,965	2,965,459		21,995,424
Loans		2,779,666			2,779,666
Other		1,762,025			1,762,025
Prepaids		877,492	45,108		922,600
Advance deposits - hospitalization		4,157,456			4,157,456
Inventory			64,189		64,189
Other assets		3,792			3,792
Due from fiduciary fund		120,000			120,000
Internal balances	_	(4,478,632)	4,478,632	_	
Total current assets	_	64,343,955	24,520,916	_	88,864,871
Noncurrent Assets:					
Advance deposits - hospitalization		853,000			853,000
Net pension asset		15,852,374	193,440		16,045,814
Restricted cash - debt service reserve		.0,002,0.	1,195,219		1,195,219
Held in escrow			418,467		418,467
Total noncurrent assets	_	16,705,374	1,807,126	_	18,512,500
	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	· · · · · ·
Capital Assets:					
Nondepreciable:					
Land		15,299,094	342,712		15,641,806
Construction in progress		8,367,334	319,445		8,686,779
Depreciable (net of accumulated depreciation):					
Land improvements		24,400,692	3,833		24,404,525
Buildings and leasehold improvements		66,202,766	45,524		66,248,290
Sewer service to customers			71,637		71,637
Treatment and pumping plant			52,947,022		52,947,022
Vehicles		8,140,109	28,565		8,168,674
Machinery, equipment and furniture		3,877,608	312,449		4,190,057
Infrastructure	_	12,348,490	17,151,508	_	29,499,998
Total net capital assets	_	138,636,093	71,222,695	_	209,858,788
Total noncurrent assets	_	155,341,467	73,029,821	_	228,371,288
Total assets	_	219,685,422	97,550,737	_	317,236,159
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred charge on refunding		538,908			538,908
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		53,442,476	475,381		53,917,857
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		3,452,750	41,475		3,494,225
Solation definition of recognost related to Of ED	-	57,434,134	516,856	_	57,950,990
	-	0.,.01,101	0.0,000	_	2.,230,000
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	277,119,556	\$ 98,067,593	\$_	375,187,149

(Continued on next page)

	-	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	_	Total
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	9,980,140	\$	3,676,355	\$	13,656,495
Accrued liabilities		51,707				51,707
Accrued payroll		1,227,299		1,613		1,228,912
Compensated absences		1,383,607		36,315		1,419,922
Accrued interest payable		1,409,517		172,158		1,581,675
Retainage payable		240,026		808,790		1,048,816
Unearned revenue		3,778,061		1,980,087		5,758,148
Due to fiduciary fund		758,897				758,897
Claims payable		770,448				770,448
Long-term liabilities due within one year	_	7,995,058	_	1,091,967	_	9,087,025
Total current liabilities	-	27,594,760		7,767,285	_	35,362,045
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Net pension liability		404,354,137		1,946,231		406,300,368
Net OPEB liability		48,257,356		179,552		48,436,908
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year	_	103,316,762	_	17,161,033		120,477,795
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	555,928,255	_	19,286,816	_	575,215,071
Total liabilities	_	583,523,015	_	27,054,101	_	610,577,116
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Advanced tax collections		7,681,866				7,681,866
Deferred sewer lease arrangement				4,866,643		4,866,643
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		14,157,652		130,148		14,287,800
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		5,546,679		689		5,547,368
	_	27,386,197	_	4,997,480		32,383,677
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	-	610,909,212	_	32,051,581	_	642,960,793
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		40,421,468		52,969,695		93,391,163
Restricted for:				440.45-		440.46-
Debt Service		(074 044 404)		418,467		418,467
Unrestricted	-	(374,211,124)	_	12,627,850	_	(361,583,274)
Total net position	-	(333,789,656)	-	66,016,012	_	(267,773,644)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Net Position	\$_	277,119,556	\$_	98,067,593	\$_	375,187,149

				Program Revenues						Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position				
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	. <u>-</u>	Business-Type Activities	_	Total
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$	17,435,819	\$	8,083,806	\$	12,195,457	\$		\$	2,843,444	\$		\$	2,843,444
Public safety		108,645,221		6,561,184		1,410,056		65,608		(100,608,373)				(100,608,373)
Public works		16,677,300		1,321,215		32,393				(15,323,692)				(15,323,692)
Education		179,996,641		1,447,882		70,271,116				(108,277,643)				(108,277,643)
Parks and recreation		3,716,927		400,370						(3,316,557)				(3,316,557)
Public libraries		3,740,372		75,000		599,627				(3,065,745)				(3,065,745)
Senior services		3,202,095		1,727,304						(1,474,791)				(1,474,791)
Community development		1,425,753				1,020,835				(404,918)				(404,918)
Interest expense		3,417,594								(3,417,594)				(3,417,594)
Total governmental activities	_	338,257,722	_	19,616,761	-	85,529,484		65,608	-	(233,045,869)		-	_	(233,045,869)
Business-Type Activities:														
Sewer fund		20,543,184		22,816,372								2,273,188		2,273,188
Education		6,664,472		3,618,125		2,755,615						(290,732)		(290,732)
Total business-type activities		27,207,656		26,434,497	-	2,755,615		-		-		1,982,456	_	1,982,456
Totals	\$ <u></u>	365,465,378	\$_	46,051,258	\$	88,285,099	\$	65,608	=	(233,045,869)		1,982,456		(231,063,413)
			(General Revenue	s:									
				Property taxes						187,181,594				187,181,594
	Motor vehicle phase-out taxes State special funding for pension								5,915,970				5,915,970	
									10,371,555		137,640		10,509,195	
				Other income		5 1				2,970,801		,		2,970,801
				Investment inco	me					1,198,487		632,767		1,831,254
	Total general revenues							٠	207,638,407		770,407	_	208,408,814	
		Change in Net Position								(25,407,462)		2,752,863		(22,654,599)
	Net Position - July 1, 2018								(308,382,194)		63,263,149	_	(245,119,045)	
			ı	Net Position - Jun	e 3	0, 2019			\$	(333,789,656)	\$	66,016,012	\$	(267,773,644)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	General Fund	. <u>-</u>	School Unrestricted	 School Bond Fund	· -	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Assets:									
Cash	\$	23,702,970	\$	1,087	\$	\$	7,192,204	\$	30,896,261
Receivables:									
Property taxes, net		5,711,532							5,711,532
Intergovernmental		6,797,970			11,102,851		1,127,895		19,028,716
Loans							2,779,666		2,779,666
Other		142,002		1,178,333			559,708		1,880,043
Security deposits							9,249		9,249
Prepaids		736,816		135,219					872,035
Advance deposits - hospitalization		207,000							207,000
Due from other funds	-	2,048,260	-	6,169,848			64,824	-	8,282,932
Total Assets	\$_	39,346,550	\$	7,484,487	\$ 11,102,851	\$	11,733,546	\$	69,667,434
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	2,000,561	\$	3,103,577	\$ 2,814,774	\$	2,442,148	\$	10,361,060
Accrued payroll		1,120,987					106,317		1,227,304
Accrued liabilities		49,989		1,718					51,707
Retainage payable					240,026				240,026
Due to other funds		4,430,938		99,974			2,946,776		7,477,688
Unearned revenue	_						3,668,462	_	3,668,462
Total liabilities	_	7,602,475	-	3,205,269	 3,054,800		9,163,703	-	23,026,247
Deferred Inflows:									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		5,012,705							5,012,705
Advanced tax collections	_	7,791,465						_	7,791,465
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	12,804,170		-	 -		-	_	12,804,170
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	_	20,406,645		3,205,269	 3,054,800		9,163,703	-	35,830,417
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		207,000		135,219					342,219
Restricted		353,193		3,337,595	8,048,051		5,133,786		16,872,625
Committed		44,043		806,404			29,490		879,937
Unassigned	_	18,335,669				_	(2,593,433)	_	15,742,236
Total fund balances	-	18,939,905		4,279,218	8,048,051		2,569,843	_	33,837,017
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and									
Fund Balances	\$_	39,346,550	\$	7,484,487	\$ 11,102,851	\$	11,733,546	\$	69,667,434

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are Different from the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. The Details of this Difference are as follows:

Total Fund Balance (Exhibit III, Page 1)

\$ 33,837,017

Capital Assets Used In Governmental Activities are not Financial Resources and, Therefore, are not Reported in the Funds:

Total capital assets
Accumulated depreciation

(172,780,172) 138,636,092

311,416,264

Other Long-Term Assets are not Available to Pay for Current Period

Expenditures and, Therefore, are Deferred in the Funds:

Property tax, interest and lien accrual, (net)

Unearned tax revenues (net of an allowance for uncollectible) are recorded in the funds,
but are not deferred under the measurement focus employed in the Statement of Net Position

Net pension asset

Deferred charge on refunding

Deferred outflows of net pension

5,012,705

53,852,374

538,908

53,442,476

Deferred outflows of net OPEB

Internal Service Fund is Used by Management to Charge the Cost of Self-Insurance to Individual Departments:

The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position

(685, 252)

Some Liabilities, Including Bonds Payable, are not Due and Payable in the Current Period and, Therefore, are not Reported in the Funds:

Bonds and notes payable	(89,943,000)
Capital lease	(2,340,000)
Unamortized premium on bonds payable	(6,470,533)
Compensated absences	(13,836,066)
Deferred salary	(105,828)
Net pension liability	(404,354,137)
Net OPEB liability	(48,257,356)
Deferred inflows of net pension liability	(14,157,652)
Deferred inflows of net OPEB liability	(5,546,679)
Accrued interest payable	(1,409,517)

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (333,789,656)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	-	General Fund	- -	School Department		School Bond Fund	Other Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:									
General property taxes	\$	188,054,377	\$		\$		\$	\$	188,054,377
Intergovernmental		19,660,197		61,037,669			10,813,196		91,511,062
Charges for services		15,413,247		1,447,882			2,755,632		19,616,761
Investment income		757,748					439,468		1,197,216
State on-behalf pension contributions				8,057,883					8,057,883
Other	_	1,299,174	_	1,416,687			254,940	_	2,970,801
Total revenues	-	225,184,743		71,960,121		-	14,263,236	-	311,408,100
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		10,798,553					663,201		11,461,754
Public safety		85,313,484					2,509,292		87,822,776
Public works		15,673,496		107.055.404			0.000.050		15,673,496
Education Parks and recreation		0.755.005		167,055,194			9,099,058		176,154,252
Public libraries		3,755,035					4,800		3,759,835
Senior services		3,581,282 3,213,188					243,153 84,460		3,824,435 3,297,648
Community development		3,213,100					1,428,317		1,428,317
Other		220,217					1,420,317		220,217
Debt Service:		220,217							220,211
Principal		7,694,000							7,694,000
Interest and other costs		3,058,326				201,970	815,602		4,075,898
Capital Outlay:									
Capital expenditures						8,038,053	9,341,571		17,379,624
Total expenditures	-	133,307,581		167,055,194	-	8,240,023	24,189,454	_	332,792,252
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	91,877,162		(95,095,073)		(8,240,023)	(9,926,218)	_	(21,384,152)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Issuance of debt						11,335,000	5,070,000		16,405,000
Bond premium						1,819,237	2,087,142		3,906,379
Transfers in				94,084,926					94,084,926
Transfers out	-	(93,896,822)					(188,104)	-	(94,084,926)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(93,896,822)		94,084,926		13,154,237	6,969,038	_	20,311,379
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,019,660)		(1,010,147)		4,914,214	(2,957,180)		(1,072,773)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2018	-	20,959,565		5,289,365		3,133,837	5,527,023	_	34,909,790
Fund Balances - June 30, 2019	\$_	18,939,905	\$	4,279,218	\$	8,048,051	\$ 2,569,843	\$_	33,837,017

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2019

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit II) are due to:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit IV)

\$ (1,072,773)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital outlay20,488,245Depreciation expense(7,628,598)Loss on disposition of assets(69,291)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and revenues recognized in the Fund Financial Statements are not recognized in the Statement of Activities:

Change in unearned tax revenues that are recorded in the funds, but are not deferred under the measurement employed (684,823)
Increase in property tax interest and lien revenue (187,960)
Net pension asset 928,961
Changes in deferred outflows related to pensions (49,305,452)
Changes in deferred outflows related to OPEB 2,989,875

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Accrued interest payable	(244,582)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(265,908)
Bond premium incurred	(3,906,379)
Bond premium amortized	594,794
Debt issuance	(16,405,000)
Principal payments on bonds and notes	7,828,000
Capital lease payments	440,000

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

er, per anian de un une ger en militare i		
Compensated absences	\$	(48,900)
Deferred salary		3,201
Net pension liability		483,948
Net OPEB liability		2,499,336
Changes in deferred inflows related to pensions		22,715,265
Changes in deferred inflows related to OPEB		(4,197,062)
Insurance claims payable		266,881
Claims and judgements payable		50,000
The net revenue of the activities of the Internal Service Fund is reported with		
Governmental Activities	_	(679,240)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)	\$_	(25,407,462)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds							Governmental Activities
	_	Major Fund		Nonmajor			•	Internal Service
	_	Sewer	-	Programs	-	Totals		Fund
Assets								
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,948,153	\$	1,897,491	\$	15,845,644	\$	940,356
Prepaid expenses				45,108		45,108		
Inventory				64,189		64,189		
Receivables:								
Sewer assessments and user fees, net		1,121,884				1,121,884		
Other						-		2,930
Due from other funds		4,465,934		12,698		4,478,632		
Intergovernmental		2,818,881		146,578		2,965,459		
Claims deposits	_					-		3,950,456
Total current assets	_	22,354,852		2,166,064		24,520,916		4,893,742
Noncurrent Assets:								
Advance deposits - medical								853,000
Restricted cash - debt service reserve		1,195,219				1,195,219		000,000
Held in escrow		418,467				418,467		
Net pension asset		,		193,440		193,440		
•	_		-	,	-	,	•	
Subtotal noncurrent assets		1,613,686		193,440		1,807,126		853,000
Capital Assets:								
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		70,639,999		582,696		71 222 605		
Capital assets, fiet of accumulated depreciation	_	70,039,999	-	302,090	-	71,222,695	•	
Total noncurrent assets		72,253,685		776,136		73,029,821		853,000
	_						-	
Total assets	_	94,608,537	-	2,942,200	-	97,550,737		5,746,742
Deferred Outflow of Resources:								
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions				475,381		475,381		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB				41,475		41,475		
Total deferred outflow of resources	_			516,856		516,856		
Tatal Assats and Defended out to the CD	_		<u></u>		<u></u>		•	
Total Assets and Deferred outflow of Resources	\$_	94,608,537	\$	3,459,056	\$	98,067,593	\$	5,746,742

(Continued on next page)

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds							Governmental Activities
	_	Major Fund		Nonmajor		Tatala		Internal Service
	_	Sewer		Programs	-	Totals		Fund
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	3,053,895	\$	622,460	\$	3,676,355	\$	377,970
Accrued payroll		1,613				1,613		
Retainage payable		808,790		00.045		808,790		
Compensated absences		170 150		36,315		36,315		
Accrued interest Due to other funds		172,158				172,158		E 202 E76
Claims payable						-		5,283,576 770,448
Unearned revenue		1,920,000		60,087		1,980,087		770,446
Long-term liabilities due within one year		1,091,967		00,007		1,091,967		
Total current liabilities	_	7,048,423		718,862	-	7,767,285		6,431,994
	_							
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Compensated absences, net of current portion								
Net OPEB liability				179,552		179,552		
Net pension liability				1,946,231		1,946,231		
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year	_	17,161,033				17,161,033		
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	17,161,033		2,125,783		19,286,816		
Total liabilities	_	24,209,456		2,844,645		27,054,101		6,431,994
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions				130,148		130,148		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB				689		689		
Deferred sewer lease arrangement		4,866,643				4,866,643		
	_	4,866,643		130,837	•	4,997,480		-
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources		29,076,099		2,975,482		32,051,581		6,431,994
Net Position:								
Net Investment in capital assets		52,386,999		582,696		52,969,695		
Restricted:		32,300,999		302,090		32,909,093		
Debt service		418,467				418,467		
Unrestricted (deficit)		12,726,972		(99,122)		12,627,850		(685,252)
Total net position	_	65,532,438		483,574		66,016,012		(685,252)
					-			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	φ	04 000 507	φ	0.450.050	ሱ	00 007 500	ተ	F 740 740
and Net Position	\$_	94,608,537	\$	3,459,056	\$	98,067,593	\$	5,746,742

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		В		Governmental Activities				
		Major Fund		Interprise Fund			•	
		Sewer	•	Nonmajor Programs	-	Totals	•	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues:								
Charges for usage and service	\$	21,835,857	\$	1,050,764	\$	22,886,621	\$	36,313,266
Grant income				2,666,408		2,666,408		
Tuition				2,538,588		2,538,588		
On-behalf pension contribution		000 545		137,640		137,640		54.000
Miscellaneous Total operating revenues		980,515 22,816,372		28,773 6,422,173	-	1,009,288 29,238,545		54,609 36,367,875
Total operating revenues		22,010,372		0,422,173	-	29,230,343		30,307,073
Operating Expenses:								
Operations		1,023,822		4,460,326		5,484,148		785,068
Personnel		112,883		2,138,367		2,251,250		,
Claims						-		11,544,134
Contract payments		16,628,715				16,628,715		
Health care management						-		24,719,184
Depreciation		2,255,687		65,779	-	2,321,466		07.040.000
Total operating expenses		20,021,107		6,664,472	-	26,685,579		37,048,386
Operating Income (Loss)	·	2,795,265	ı,	(242,299)	-	2,552,966	ı,	(680,511)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):								
Interest expense		(522,077)				(522,077)		
Investment income		627,318		5,449		632,767		1,271
Grant income	i			89,207	_	89,207		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		105,241		94,656	-	199,897		1,271
Change in Net Position		2,900,506		(147,643)		2,752,863		(679,240)
Net Position - July 1, 2018	•	62,631,932	1 1	631,217	-	63,263,149	1 1	(6,012)
Net Position - June 30, 2019	\$	65,532,438	\$	483,574	\$	66,016,012	\$	(685,252)

	_		E	Enterprise Funds			_	Governmental Activities
	_	Major Fund						
	_	Sewer	_	Nonmajor Programs		Totals	-	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Cash received from customers	\$	21,081,738	\$	6,529,663	\$	27,611,401	\$	36,377,115
Cash paid to suppliers		(16,628,715)		(978,816)		(17,607,531)		, ,
Cash paid to employees		(112,852)		(1,841,039)		(1,953,891)		(260)
Cash paid for claims						-		(37,097,331)
Cash paid for other operating expenses	_	278,984	_	(3,279,671)		(3,000,687)	_	(684,731)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	4,619,155	_	430,137		5,049,292	-	(1,405,207)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:								
Non-operating grant		20,700		88,299		108,999		
Change in interfund loans		(4,751,001)		164,951		(4,586,050)		1,348,873
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	_	(4,730,301)	_	253,250		(4,477,051)	-	1,348,873
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Acquisition of capital assets		(534,334)		(462,047)		(996,381)		
Principal paid on bonds		(1,100,000)		(10=,011)		(1,100,000)		
Interest paid on bonds		(527,550)				(527,550)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(2,161,884)	_	(462,047)	_	(2,623,931)	-	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:								
Income from investments		627,318		5,449		632,767		1,271
Net cash provided by investing activities		627,318	_	5,449		632,767	-	1,271
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash		(1,645,712)		226,789		(1,418,923)		(55,063)
Cash - July 1, 2018 (Including Restricted Cash)	_	16,789,084	_	1,670,702		18,459,786	_	995,419
Cash - June 30, 2019 (Including Restricted Cash)	\$	15,143,372	\$_	1,897,491	\$	17,040,863	\$	940,356
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash								
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,795,265	\$	(242,299)	\$	2,552,966	\$	(680,511)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				, ,				, , ,
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation		2,255,687		65,779		2,321,466		
Increase in net pension asset Increase in deferred outflows related to pension plans				2,338		2,338		
Decrease in deferred inflows related to pension plans				59,981 (30,721)		59,981 (30,721)		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		179,716		184,760		364,476		9,240
Increase (Decrease) in claims deposits		,		,		-		(1,037,130)
Increase in prepaid expenses				(20,804)		(20,804)		,
Decrease in inventory				(7,147)		(7,147)		
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		(248,286)		54,368		(193,918)		
Increase in accounts payable		1,302,806		229,790		1,532,596		230,673
Increase in accrued payroll Increase in compensated absences		31		(2,628)		31 (2,628)		(260)
Increase (decrease) in prepaid assessments		253,936		(2,020)		253,936		
Increase in OPEB		200,000		48,373		48,373		
Increase in deferred outflows related to OPEB				(39,673)		(39,673)		
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to OPEB				13		13		
Decrease in claims payable						-		72,781
(Decrease) increase in unearned revenue Increase in net pension liability	_	(1,920,000)	_	6,002 122,005		(1,913,998) 122,005	-	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$_	4,619,155	\$_	430,137	\$	5,049,292	\$	(1,405,207)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	_	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund		Private Purpose Trust Fund		Agency Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	2,710,805	\$	113,553	\$	1,251,419
Investments:						
Guaranteed investment contracts		3,992,508				
Real estate investment trust		51,738				
Common stock		13,398,152				
Pooled equity index funds		342,761				
Pooled fixed income index funds		252,221				
International equity mutual fund		1,740,209				
U.S. equity mutual funds		31,451,587				
Fixed income mutual funds		25,307,982				
Total investments	_	76,537,158		=	-	
Contribution receivable	_	758,897	-			
Total assets	_	80,006,860		113,553		1,251,419
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		47,466				
Due to primary government		120,000				
Deposits held in custody for others		,				1,251,419
Total liabilities	-	167,466		-		1,251,419
Net Position Restricted for Pensions and						
OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes	\$_	79,839,394	\$	113,553	\$	

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund		Private Purpose Trust Fund
Additions:	-			
Contributions:				
Employer contributions	\$	25,996,524	\$	
Plan member contributions		1,065,125		4,778
Other	_	57,856	_	
Total contributions	-	27,119,505	-	4,778
Investment Income:				
Interest and dividends		1,635,524		44
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments		2,920,040		• •
Total investment income	-	4,555,564		44
Total additions	-	31,675,069		4,822
Deductions:				
Benefits		29,844,784		2,926
Administrative expenses		241,481		
Total deductions	-	30,086,265		2,926
Change in Net Position		1,588,804		1,896
Net Position - July 1, 2018	-	78,250,590		111,657
Net Position - June 30, 2019	\$	79,839,394	\$_	113,553

History and Organization

The City of Cranston, Rhode Island (the City) was incorporated in 1910 and covers an area of nearly 30 square miles. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government as prescribed by the City's home rule charter, which was adopted in 1962. The Mayor is elected by the voters of the City to a two-year term limited to four consecutive terms. City Council members are elected to two-year terms, limited to five consecutive terms. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), public works (streets and highways), public health and social services, sewers and water, a free public library, and education encompassing grades PreK-12.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Cranston, Rhode Island, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations.

Blended Component Units

The Public Facilities Management Foundation (the Foundation), a non-profit corporation, was created by the City on November 28, 2000. The Foundation consists of five members who are elected by or work for the City of Cranston. These members include the President of the Cranston City Council, the City Solicitor, the Director of Public Works, the Director of Finance and the Director of Administration. The Foundation provides exclusive rights, by a term lease as entered into with the City on November 1, 2000, to the use of land and buildings located in the City to be used as a storage and maintenance facility by the Public Works Department. The Foundation is reported as a non-major program of the proprietary funds. By way of a resolution dated May 25, 2017 the Foundations' Board members dissolved the Foundation. All future activity of the facility will be responsibility of, and be accounted for by, the City of Cranston, Rhode Island.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. *Governmental activities,* which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities,* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus but are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, expenditure reimbursement type grants, certain intergovernmental revenues, transfers, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The School Unrestricted Fund accounts for the financial transactions of the City's School Department which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund consists of state aid, City appropriation and Medicaid revenues.

The *School Bond Fund* is for the construction and improvements to school buildings, and for the acquisition of equipment for the Cranston School District.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Department Fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewer operations.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

The *Capital Project Funds* account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The Internal Service Fund, a proprietary type fund, is used to account for claims made against the City.

The *Pension Trust Funds* account for the activities of the Cranston Employees' Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The *OPEB Trust Fund* accumulates resources for future retiree health benefits and retiree life insurance benefits for eligible teachers and police and fire retirees.

The *Private-Purpose Trust Funds* are used to account for employee contributions held in trust for qualified medical related plan expenditures. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may not be used to support the City's activities. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital.

The *Agency Funds* account for monies held as a custodian on behalf of students, amounts held for unclaimed estates in probate court and amounts held for performance bonds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's sewer operations and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer department enterprise fund and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The sewer department also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/

Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

<u>Deposits</u> - The City's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

<u>Investments</u> - In general, State of Rhode Island Statutes allow the City to invest in obligations of the United States of America or United States government sponsored corporations, in shares or other interests in any custodial arrangement, pool, or no-load, open-end management type investment company or investment trust (as defined), in obligations of any state or political subdivision rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of the State of Rhode Island or political subdivision rated within the top three rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service. Investment income is recorded in the fund in which it is earned.

The City's pension funds are invested in accordance with the Plan's investment policy, the City has agreements with the investment advisors, who manage the investment portfolios and have full authority for the investment and reinvestment of pension fund assets.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Interfunds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property Taxes and Other Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, all trade, property tax, and sewer use amounts are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowance percentages range from 10 to 100% of outstanding receivable balances at June 30, 2019 and are calculated based upon prior collection history.

In the fund financial statements, all property taxes receivable at June 30, which have not been collected within sixty days of June 30, have been recorded as deferred inflows, since they are not considered to be available to finance expenditures of the current year. Taxes collected during the sixty day period have been recorded as revenue.

Property taxes are assessed on property as of December 31. Taxes are billed on or about June 1 (for the subsequent fiscal year) based on the assessed value for all real property, tangible property, and motor vehicles located in the City. Taxes are due in four installments in July, October, January and April. Rhode Island general laws restrict the City's ability to increase either its total tax levy or its tax rates by more than 4.0% over those of the preceding year. Overdue taxes are assessed penalties and will be collected through the sale of tax titles if required.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of valuation.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids are accounted for using the consumption method.

Restricted Assets

The restricted assets for the City are restricted for debt reserve requirements, building improvements and minor maintenance costs associated with the City of Cranston, Rhode Island.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 in the City and \$5,000 in the School Department for equipment, \$20,000 for improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-50
Leasehold improvements	20
Infrastructure	5-65
Sewer plant	50
Sewer lines and pumping stations	50-100
Vehicles	5
Machinery and equipment	3-20

The City reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. As of June 30, 2019, there were no impairment losses recognized for long-lived assets.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of various contracts and policies, City employees are granted vacation and sick leave based on length of service. The City's policy is to recognize the cost of vacation and sick leave in governmental funds when paid and on the accrual basis in proprietary funds. The amount of earned but unpaid vacation and sick leave relating to governmental fund employees is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plans' fiduciary net position. The pension plans' fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plans for purposes of preparing their statements of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Long-Term Obligations

In the Government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience and investment gains or losses. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental fund financial statements in the current year.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports advance property tax collections, a deferred sewer lease arrangement and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). The deferred lease arrangement represents the unamortized portion of an advanced lease payment that the City collected in connection with the lease of the City's wastewater treatment system. This amount is deferred and recognized ratably over the lease term. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. For governmental funds, the City reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period during which the amounts become available.

Fund Balance and Net Position

Net Position

Net position is classified in the following categories in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of all capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of
 accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes,
 or other borrowings that are attributable by the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those
 assets.
- Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, the City reported the following governmental fund balances:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Fund balance is
 reported as restricted when constraints placed in the use of resources are either externally imposed by
 creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through
 constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant
 to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
 Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or
 changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those
 amounts. The highest level of decision-making authority for the City of Cranston is the City Council
 which can commit fund balance through the adoption of resolutions. Similar action must be taken to
 remove or revise commitments.
- Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used
 for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (a)
 the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee) or official to which the governing
 body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund, and any residual deficit balance of any other governmental funds.

Stabilization Arrangements

- Budget Stabilization Fund this fund shall be created, into which the City shall transfer such funds as are available to provide for capital expenditures and other one-time expenditures. The fund was established by a City ordinance. Any such transfer shall not create an operating deficit in the General Fund. Any expenditure from or transfer to this fund must first be approved by the City Council. As of June 30, 2019, the remaining fund balance included in this fund was \$39,259 and is reported in the totals of the City's general fund on the governmental funds balance sheet within the committed fund balance.
- Healthcare Budget Stabilization Fund this fund shall be created, into which the excess of revenues from the various city departments over actual health care claims and related expenses shall be transferred. The fund was established by a City ordinance. Any additions are considered to be approved by the original City ordinance. Any such transfer shall not create an operating deficit in the General Fund. In the event that health care claims and related expenses exceed the budgeted appropriation, then funds may be transferred from the health care budget stabilization fund to cover the deficit. Any expenditure or transfer from this fund must first be approved by the City Council. As of June 30, 2019, the remaining fund balance included in this fund was \$4,784 and is reported in the totals of the City's General Fund on the governmental funds balance sheet within the committed fund balance.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

It is the responsibility of the Mayor, with the cooperation of the Director of Finance, to submit a proposed budget for the following fiscal year to the City Council not later than the first day of April of each year. The City Council acts on the budget no later than the 15th day of May. Public hearings are conducted on the recommended budget and the final recommended budget is legally enacted through an ordinance at the Financial City Council Meeting. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, with the exception of capital project funds.

The level of budgetary control for the General Fund (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is fixed by resolution as part of the annual budget adoption process at the Financial City Council Meeting. Although the resolution prohibits spending in excess of the authorized budget, it does allow management the right to create intradepartmental transfers at any time during the fiscal year. Interdepartmental transfers and supplemental appropriations are restricted to the fourth quarter and must be approved by the City Council in the form of an ordinance. Interdepartmental transfers reallocate surplus funds from one department to another. Supplemental appropriations increase or decrease both revenue appropriation and expenditure appropriation by an equal amount. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 there was a \$307,853 decrease in appropriations.

The budget for the Schools Unrestricted Fund is prepared annually and approved by the School Committee. The amount of the annual transfer from the General Fund is ultimately determined through the adoption of the General Fund budget. This appropriation does not lapse at year end. The City also adopts budgets for two of the non-major special revenue funds.

Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in the City's budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. The budgetary reports are located in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI). Generally, aside from the Capital Projects Fund, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Appropriations for capital projects are reissued in the amount available at the end of the fiscal year.

B. Capital Projects Authorizations

The following is a summary of projects recorded in the Capital Projects Fund at June 30, 2019:

Project Name	Project Authorization	Current Year Expenditures	Cumulative Expenditures	Balance June 30, 2019
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	·
Governmental Funds:				
School bond fund	\$ 43,465,037	\$ 8,240,023	\$ 35,416,986	\$ 8,048,051
Police and fire bond fund	15,762,427	2,785,042	15,601,780	160,647
Public building bond fund	2,563,975	610,495	2,521,902	42,073
Recreation bond fund	6,963,109	454,923	6,367,480	595,629
Highway bond fund	23,000,415	5,218,140	25,412,572	(2,412,157)
Storm drains bond fund	1,881,893	177,320	1,708,262	173,631
Library bond fund	951,752	241,056	899,157	52,595
Neighborhood infrastructure				
fund	3,615,581	667,699	3,324,953	290,628
Open space bond fund	2,491,087	2,498	2,367,721	123,366

Deficits in the capital projects fund will be covered through a bond issuance in the next fiscal year.

C. Deficit Fund Balance

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City had a deficit fund balance in the following funds:

Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Community Development Block Grant	\$ 29,605
WIOA Job Development Fund	151,671
Highway Bond Fund	2,412,157
Internal Service Funds	
City Internal Service Fund	\$ 1,840,965
Non-Major Proprietary Funds	
Charter School	\$ 738,925

The nonmajor fund deficits will be eliminated through future intergovernmental grant receipts, new bond issuances, Bond Anticipation Notes or inter-fund contributions. The internal service fund deficits will be eliminated through the monitoring of these fund activities and adjusting working rates for healthcare costs.

3. DETAILED NOTES

A. Cash and Investments

Deposits Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires that deposits be placed in financial institutions that are FDIC insured up to \$250,000 and rated "well capitalized" on the institution's most recent audited financial statements/SEC filings, if deposits exceed \$250,000. As of June 30, 2019, the City's bank balance of \$51,754,017 was insured and collateralized as follows:

Insured	\$ 8,358,435
Collateralized	
Collateral held by Pledging Banks' Trust Department,	
not in the City's name	 43,395,582
	 _
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Risk	\$ 51,754,017

The City's carrying value of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 was \$52,953,257, and is presented within the following in the financial statements:

Governmental Activities	\$	30,896,261
Business Type Activities		17,040,863
Pension Trust Funds		1,389,456
OPEB Trust Funds		1,321,349
Internal Service Funds		940,356
Private Purpose Trust Funds		113,553
Agency Funds		1,251,419
	- <u></u>	_
Total	\$	52,953,257

Certain investments are covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) up to \$500,000, including \$250,000 of cash from sale or for purchase of investments, but not cash held solely for the purpose of earning interest. SIPC protects securities such as notes, stocks, bonds, debentures, certificates of deposit and money funds.

At June 30, 2019, the City's investments, all of which are in the City's Pension Trust Funds, (including restricted investments) consisted of the following:

			Matu	urity
Type of Investment	Fair Value	N/A	Less Than 1	1-5 Years
U.S. Equity Mutual Funds	\$ 31,451,587	\$ 31,451,587	\$	\$
International Equity Mutual Funds	1,740,209	1,740,209		
Common Stock	13,398,152	13,398,152		
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	3,992,508	3,992,508		
Pooled Equity Index Funds	342,761	342,761		
Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds	252,221		252,221	
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	25,307,982		25,307,982	
Real Estate Investment Trusts	51,738	51,738		
Total	\$ 76,537,158	\$ 50,976,955	\$ 25,560,203	\$ -

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. These investments do not specify an interest rate rather the rate of return is dependent on operating results and economic conditions. These investments are not rated by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2019, the City's investments totaled \$76,537,158 (held in Fiduciary Funds) and those investment options representing 5% or more of the total investment balance are as follows:

Investment	Percentage	Fair Value
Russell US Small Cap Equity CL A	5.27%	\$ 4,037,329
Skybridge Multi-Advisor Hedge Fund Port		
LLC Ser G	5.22%	\$ 3,992,508

Credit Risk

The City has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations of any State or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Rhode Island or political subdivision.

Custodial Credit Risk

The City does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not believe that it has a significant custodial credit risk as all the investments are registered and held in the name of the City.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the amount at which and asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable and willing parties. GASB 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available, of how the market would price the asset or liability. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1

Unadjusted quoted priced in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2

Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs are valued using multidimensional relational models and matrices that consider benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data.

Level 3

Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability (supported by little or no market activity). Level 3 inputs include management's own assumption about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There has been no change in valuation methodology used at 2019.

Description	Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Fair Value
June 30, 2019:			
U.S. Equity Mutual Funds	\$ 31,451,587	\$	\$ 31,451,587
International Equity Mutual Funds	1,740,209		1,740,209
Common Stock	13,398,152		13,398,152
Pooled Equity Index Funds		342,761	342,761
Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds		252,221	252,221
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	25,307,982		25,307,982
Real estate Investment Trusts	51,738		51,738
Total assets in the fair value hierarchy	71,949,668	594,982	72,544,650
Investments measured at net asset value*			3,992,508
Investments at fair value	\$ 71,949,668	\$ 594,982	\$ 76,537,158

	Investments Measured at Net Asset Value as of June 30, 2019					
		Redemption	Redemption	Funding		
	Fair Value	Frequency	Notice Period	Commitments		
Hedge Fund	\$ 3,992,508	Quarterly	65 Days	None		

There were no transfers between any levels during the year ended June 30, 2019.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the City's government-wide financial statements by type, including the applicable allowances for uncollectibles, are as follows:

	Property Taxes							
		Taxes	Inte	erest & Liens		Total		
Current portion	9	7,877,532	\$	4,288,103	\$	12,165,635		
Less allowance for uncollectibles		(2,166,000)		(1,744,061)		(3,910,061)		
			_					
Total Receivable	9	5,711,532	\$	2,544,042	\$	8,255,574		
		Г						
	_	Economic		0000				
	Ľ	evelopment)		CDBG				
		Loans		Loans		Total		
Loans Receivable	9	609,366	\$	2,170,300	\$	2,779,666		
		_						
			Sew	er Use Charges				
		Jse Charges	Inte	erest & Liens		Total		
Current portion	\$	1,443,604	\$	694,341	\$	2,137,945		
Less allowance for uncollectibles		(578,617)		(437,444)	,	(1,016,061)		
Total Receivable	\$_	864,987	\$	256,897	\$	1,121,884		

Governmental funds report *unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

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Unearned developer security deposits	\$ 109,599
Tax Collections in advance	7,681,866
Grant Draw-downs prior to meeting all eligibility requirements	3,668,462
	\$ 11,459,927

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Baland July 1, 2		Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2019
Governmental Activities:	- ,				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 15,2	99,094 \$		\$	\$ 15,299,094
Construction in Progress	2,7	57,598	9,770,224	4,160,488	8,367,334
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	18,0	56,692	9,770,224	4,160,488	23,666,428
Capital Assets, being depreciated:					
Land improvements	36,9	75,485	4,095,393		41,070,878
Buildings	112,0	61,887	4,539,490		116,601,377
Machinery and equipment	8,6	13,377	1,733,071		10,346,448
Office furniture and equipment	7,5	17,254	14,981		7,532,235
Vehicles	21,9	98,157	4,461,966	1,639,955	24,820,168
Infrastructure	87,3	45,123	33,608		87,378,731
Total capital assets being depreciated	274,5	11,283	14,878,509	1,639,955	287,749,837
Total capital assets	292,5	67,975	24,648,733	5,800,443	311,416,265
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements	15,1	93,161	1,477,025		16,670,186
Buildings	48,4	43,229	1,955,382		50,398,611
Machinery and equipment	5,9	61,959	753,748		6,715,707
Office furniture and equipment	7,1	42,266	143,102		7,285,368
Vehicles	15,8	32,667	2,418,056	1,570,664	16,680,059
Infrastructure	74,1	48,956	881,285		75,030,241
Total accumulated depreciation	166,7	22,238	7,628,598	1,570,664	172,780,172
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	107,7	89,045	7,249,911	69,291	114,969,665
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 125,8	45,737	\$17,020,135	\$ 4,229,779	\$ 138,636,093

Business-Type Activities: Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land	040.740				
	040.740				
	040.740				
		¢	¢.	¢.	242 742
Construction in Progress	- ,		\$ 20.805.224	\$	342,712
_	20,516,606 20,859,318				319,445 662,157
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	20,009,310	090,103	20,095,324		002,137
Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized:					
Land improvements	266,795	4.000			270,795
Leasehold improvements	34,476	,			48,244
Machinery and equipment	658,257	,			869,934
Office furniture and equipment	1,124	,			1,124
Vehicles	62,838				72,838
Service to customers	98,337	,			157,107
Pumping plant and equipment	3,721,906	,			4,223,495
GIS project	1,103,834				1,103,834
Treatment plant and equipment	78,955,615				99,349,350
Infrastructure	51,623,366				51,623,366
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	136,526,548	21,193,539	-		157,720,087
Total capital assets	157,385,866	21,891,702	20,895,324		158,382,244
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:	200 705	107			000 000
Land improvements	266,795				266,962
Leasehold improvements	453	, -			2,720
Machinery and equipment	496,128	,			557,486
Office furniture and equipment	1,124				1,124
Vehicles	36,440	,			44,273
Service to customers	83,036	,			85,470
Pumping plant and equipment	2,313,465	,			2,384,649
GIS project	1,103,833				1,103,833
Treatment plant and equipment	46,702,032				48,241,174
Infrastructure	33,834,779	637,079	<u> </u>		34,471,858
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	84,838,085	2,321,464	_		87,159,549
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized, net_	51,688,463	18,872,075	<u>-</u>		70,560,538
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, net	72,547,781			\$	71,222,695

Depreciation	expense was	charged to	functions	of the City	v as follows:
					,

Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safety Public Works Education	\$ 3,759,363 1,775,718 1,029,821 750,938
Parks and Recreation	193,641
Public Libraries	79,979
Senior Services	39,138_
Total Depreciation Expense-Governmental Activities Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:	\$ 7,628,598
Business-Type Activities Sewer Charter School School Lunch	\$ 2,255,686 9,181 56,597
Total Depreciation Expense-Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,321,464

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2019. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Commitment		
Governmental-Type Activities		_	
School Bond Fund	\$	4,607,291	
Fire Bond Fund		10,000	
Total	\$	4,617,291	

D. Interfund Accounts

Interfund Payables and Receivables

A summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Corresponding			
	Fund	Due From		Due To
Major Funds				
General Fund:				
School Unrestricted Fund	\$		\$	1,459,797
Emergency Management Fund		230		
Community Development Fund		24,651		
Police Evidence				1,631
Economic Development Revolving Loan		5,000		
Special Police Duty		234,531		
Special Fire Duty		2,030		
Senior Services		30		
Public Libraries				2,280
WIOA Job Development Fund		148,585		
Police Federal Seizure				5,678
Police Grants & Donations				829
Internal Service Fund		1,632,903		
Sewer Fund				2,960,723
Total General Fund	-	2,047,960		4,430,938
School Department Unrestricted:				
General Fund-City		1,459,798		
Internal Service Fund		4,710,050		
Education				87,276
Charter School Fund				12,698
Total School Special Revenue Unrestricted	-	6,169,848	_	99,974
Proprietary Funds:				
Sewer Fund	General Fund	4,465,934		
Charter School Fund	School General Fund	12,698		
Total Proprietary Funds	• -	4,478,632		_

	Corresponding		
	Fund	ue From	Due To
Nonmajor Funds			
Education	General Fund	\$ 54,406	\$ 1,026,507
Emergency Management Fund	General Fund		
Community Development Block Grant Fund	General Fund		24,651
Police Evidence	General Fund	1,631	
Economic Development Revolving Loan	General Fund		5,000
Public Libraries	General Fund	2,280	
Public Services	General Fund		236,791
Senior Services	General Fund		30
Police Federal Forfeiture-Justice	General Fund	5,678	
Police Grants & Donations	General Fund	829	
Highway Bond Fund	General Fund		1,505,212
WIOA Job Development Fund	General Fund		148,585
Total Nonmajor Funds		64,824	2,946,776
Internal Service Fund			
Self Insurance Fund			1,632,903
Health Insurance Fund			3,650,673
Total Internal Service Funds		_	5,283,576
Total		\$ 12,761,264	\$ 12,761,264

All interfund balances result from timing between the dates payments occur between funds for short-term internal financing. Interfund Transfer

A summary of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Transfers Out	Transfers In
General Fund School Unrestricted Fund	\$	\$ 93,896,822
Total General Fund		93,896,822
School Unrestricted General Fund	94,084,926	
School Education Fund		188,104
Total School Unrestricted	94,084,926	188,104
Grant Total	\$ 94,084,926	\$ 94,084,926

Transfers are used to account for the financing by the General Fund of various programs and activities in other funds, and administration of other funds by the General Fund.

E. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Summary of Changes

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations during the fiscal year:

						Balance			Balance	
		Date of	Amount	Interest	Maturity	Outstanding			Outstanding	Current
	Description	Issue	Issued	Rate	Date	6/30/18	Additions	Retirements	6/30/19	Portion
	ntal Activities									
	ligation debt:									
158	Public Improvements-158	6/16/2008	13,075,000	4.00-5.00%	7/1/2028 \$	615,000 \$	\$	615,000 \$	- \$	005.000
158a 160	Advance Refunding (158) Public Improvements Public Improvements-160	6/1/2016 7/1/2010	7,840,000 3,000,000	3.00-5.00% 2.00-4.30%	7/1/2028 7/1/2030	7,840,000 1,950,000		150,000	7,840,000 1,800,000	635,000 150,000
162A	Public Improvements-162A	3/29/2012	3,430,000	2.00-4.37%	2/1/2032	2,555,000		175,000	2,380,000	170,000
162B	Refunding-162B (Issue 154 and 155)	3/29/2012	15,955,000	2.00-5.00%	7/1/2023	8,470,000		1,410,000	7,060,000	1,415,000
163	Public Improvements-163	7/30/2013	10,210,000	3.00-4.75%	8/1/2033	8,320,000		520,000	7,800,000	520,000
164	Advance Refunding (156 & 157) Public Improvements-164	7/15/2015	30,715,000	1.25-5.00%	7/15/2035	23,085,000		4,025,000	19,060,000	2,780,000
169	Public Improvements-169	7/24/2018	15,910,000	2.00-5.00%	8/1/2036		15,910,000		15,910,000	510,000
						52,835,000	15,910,000	6,895,000	61,850,000	6,180,000
	owings debt:									
159a	Advance Refunding (159) School Borrowing	8/10/2016	4,335,000	3.25-5.00%	5/15/2029	4,335,000		315,000	4,020,000	330,000
161	School Borrowing-161	1/15/2011	700,000	2.00-4.30%	4/1/2021	210,000		70,000	140,000	70,000
166	RI Infrastructure Bank-166	4/9/2016	1,755,000	0.40-2.41%	9/1/2035	1,676,000		79,000	1,597,000	80,000
165 167	School Improvements-RI Infrastructure Bank-165	5/15/2016	4,565,000	2.00-5.00%	5/15/2036 9/1/2032	4,230,000		175,000	4,055,000	175,000
168	RI Infrastructure Bank-167 School Improvements-RI Infrastructure Bank-168	7/15/2016 7/19/2017	2,240,000 5,000,000	0.986-2.32% 3.00-5.00%	9/1/2032 4/1/2038	2,240,000 5,000,000		134,000 160,000	2,106,000 4,840,000	135,000 165,000
170	School Borrowing-170	4/11/2019	11,335,000	4.00-5.00%	5/15/2040	3,000,000	11,335,000	100,000	11,335,000	103,000
170	Concor Bonowing-170	4/11/2015	11,000,000	4.00-0.0070	3/13/2040	17,691,000	11,335,000	933,000	28,093,000	955,000
	Total general obligation bonds					70,526,000	27,245,000	7,828,000	89,943,000	7,135,000
	Bond premiums					3,158,948	3,906,379	594,794	6,470,533	399,475
TOTAL BO	NDS AND RELATED LIABILITIES					73,684,948	31,151,379	8,422,794	96,413,533	7,534,475
Bond antic	pation notes excluded from current liabilities									
	Capital Project and General Fund Borrowing	8/24/2017	10,840,000	2.00%	9/6/2018	10,840,000		10,840,000		
	Total Bond Anticipation Notes Payable					10,840,000	-	10,840,000	-	
Capital lea	se									
	Energy Lease Obligation	11/3/2016	3,200,000	0.0173	7/15/2023	2,780,000		440,000	2,340,000	450,000
	Total Leases Payable					2,780,000		440,000	2,340,000	450,000
TOTAL BO	NDS, NOTES AND RELATED LIABILITIES					87,304,948	31,151,379	19,702,794	98,753,533	7,984,475
	COMPENSATED ABSENCES					13,787,165	5,276,428	5,227,527	13,836,066	1,383,607
	DEFERRED SALARY					109,029		3,201	105,828	10,583
						,		-,	,	,
	NET PENSION LIABILITY					47.000.000		770 005	10 117 507	
	Municipal employees' retirement system - City of Cranston Municipal employees' retirement system - Police					17,223,862 10,862,240		776,295 429,542	16,447,567 10,432,698	
	Employees' retirement system - Folice					140.455.819	881,849	429,342	141,337,668	
	Police and Fire employees' retirement system					236,296,164	001,043	159,960	236,136,204	
	NET OPEB LIABILITY - SCHOOL DEPARTMENT					9,559,662	3,546,358	,		
							3,040,300		13,106,020	
	NET OPEB LIABILITY - CITY					41,197,030		6,045,694	35,151,336	
	CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS					50,000		50,000	-	
	Total General Long-Term Obligations				\$	556,845,919 \$	40,856,014 \$	32,395,013 \$	565,306,920 \$	9,378,665

Description Business-Type Activities	Date of Issue	Amount Issued	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance Outstanding 6/30/18	Additions	Retirements	Balance Outstanding 6/30/19	Current Portion
Enterprise funds:									
SEWER RI Infrastructure Bank	11/13/2003 12/15/2005 12/7/2007 6/24/2010 2/20/2014	2,000,000 900,000 3,000,000 1,000,000 18,000,000	3.00% 3.00% 1.43% 0.52-3.19% 0.35-3.14%	9/1/2024 \$ 9/1/2025 9/1/2028 9/1/2030 9/1/2034	700,000 \$ 480,000 1,650,000 715,000 15,808,000	\$	100,000 \$ 60,000 150,000 45,000 745,000	600,000 \$ 420,000 1,500,000 670,000 15,063,000 18,253,000	100,000 60,000 150,000 46,000 735,967
NET OPEB LIABILITY					131,179	48,373		179,552	-
NET PENSION LIABILITY					1,824,226	146,368	24,363	1,946,231	-
COMPENSATED ABSENCES				_	38,943		2,628	36,315	36,315
Total Enterprise Funds				\$	21,347,348 \$	194,741 \$	1,126,991 \$	20,415,098 \$	1,128,282

Capital assets obtained from capital leases totaled \$960,466.

The following is a summary of annual debt service requirements to maturity for the retirement of general obligation debt and Clean Water debt:

		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities		
Year Ending	_	General Obliga	ation Debt	Bonds from Direct	ct Borrowings	Clean Water Bond Borrowi		
June 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2020	\$	6,180,000 \$	2,555,529 \$	955,000 \$	1,223,145 \$	1,091,967 \$	509,691	
2021		5,410,000	2,313,328	1,323,000	1,140,531	1,107,567	489,157	
2022		5,510,000	2,084,429	1,300,000	1,090,861	1,125,100	466,053	
2023		5,615,000	1,851,660	1,349,000	1,040,123	1,146,567	440,613	
2024		5,705,000	1,619,648	1,403,000	983,413	1,167,967	413,026	
2025-2029		18,000,000	5,352,770	7,993,000	3,940,334	6,095,299	1,589,209	
2030-2034		10,200,000	2,347,148	6,926,000	2,311,803	5,358,733	685,524	
2035-2039		5,230,000	521,450	5,964,000	836,756	1,159,800	20,239	
2040-2044	_			880,000	42,000			
	\$_	61,850,000 \$	18,645,962 \$	28,093,000 \$	12,608,966 \$	18,253,000 \$	4,613,512	

Compensated Absences

Governmental Activities - The obligation represents the employee (vested and nonvested) compensated absences expected to be paid in the future, aggregating \$13,836,066 as of June 30, 2019. This amount is recorded in the government-wide statements and paid out of the General Fund.

Lease Commitment

The City is obligated under various operating leases to make the following aggregate annual lease payments:

Year Ended June 30		
2020	\$	1,107,359
2021		798,160
2022		747,785
2023		416,829
2024	_	210,963
	_	
	\$_	3,281,096

Lease expenditures approximated \$900,000 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Statutory Debt Limitations

Debt Limit

Except as explained below, under Rhode Island law the City may not, without special statutory authorization, incur any debt which would increase its aggregate indebtedness not otherwise excepted by law to an amount greater than 3% of the taxable property of the City. Deducted from the computation of aggregate indebtedness is the amount of any borrowing in anticipation of taxes authorized by law and the amount of any sinking funds maintained by the City. There is currently no outstanding debt of the City subject to the 3% debt limit. The current 3% debt limit of the City is \$239.2 million based on taxable property as of December 31, 2017, of approximately \$8.0 billion.

The State of Rhode Island General Assembly (General Assembly) may by special act permit the City to incur indebtedness outside the 3% debt limit. Bonds issued either within the 3% debt limit or by special legislation adopted by the General Assembly authorizing the City to incur debt are subject to referendum by the electors of the City. On June 30, 2019, the City had \$89,943,000 of debt outstanding, none of which is subject to the 3% debt limit.

In addition to debt authorized within the 3% debt limit and debt authorized by special act of the General Assembly, Rhode Island General Laws Section 45-12-11 authorizes the State Director of Administration, upon petition by a municipality, to authorize such municipality to incur indebtedness in excess of the 3% debt limit whenever the Director shall determine that the sums appropriated by the municipality or its funds available are insufficient to pay the necessary expenses of the municipality. The City has not requested the State Director of Administration to authorize indebtedness of the City under Section 45-12-11.

Authorized/Unissued Bonds

The amount of authorized, unissued bonds is as follows:

General Schools	\$ 44,045,023 1,611,228
Total	\$ 45,656,251

Unearned Salary

Unearned salary represents an agreement Cranston Public Schools made with the teachers union in 1992. Under the agreement any teacher who was employed by the school system prior to and inclusive of the 1991-1992 school year is eligible, upon departure from the Cranston Public School system, for a stipend. The amount of the stipend is based on the salary step held by the teacher during the 1991-1992 school year. The unearned salary, not to exceed \$1,500 per teacher will be paid in a lump sum upon each teacher's separation from service. In the event a teacher dies while in the employ of the Cranston Public Schools the benefit will be paid to the teacher's estate. As of June 30, 2019, there were 96 teachers eligible for the benefit, with an outstanding balance of \$105,828.

F. Fund Balance

As stated in Note 1, Fund Balance may be classified as one of five categories: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned. Committed Fund Balance represents that amount of fund balance which can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's Council is considered to be the highest level of decision-making authority. In accordance with the City Charter, the Council votes on the annual budget and on any resolutions proposed by the Committees. The passage of the Council's annual budget and proposed resolutions may result in the commitment of fund balance.

At June 30, 2019, Nonspendable Fund Balance consisted of the following:

Nonspendable:

General Fund Advance	
Deposits-Hospitalization	\$ 207,000
School Department Long-Term-Receivable	
from Health Insurance Fund	 135,219
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 342,219

At June 30, 2019, Restricted Fund Balance consisted of the following:

Rest	ricted	1 :

To Fund Future Library Expenses	\$ 88,525
To Fund Education Expenses	2,181,882
To Fund Recreation Bond Expenditures	595,629
To Fund School Bond	8,048,051
To Fund Public Building Bond	42,073
To Fund Future Fire Expenses	171,104
To Fund Library Expenses	52,595
To Fund Police and Fire Capital Projects	160,647
To Fund Storm Drain Projects	173,631
To Fund Neighborhood Infrastructure Capital Projects	290,628
To Fund Open Space	123,366
To Fund Future Community Development Expenditures	1,447,310
To Fund Future Public Service Expenditures	806,123
To Fund Future Senior Services Expenditures	134,901
To Fund Future Ice Rink	93,564
To Fund Future Parks and Recreation Expenditures	1,754
To Fund Future Health Insurance Costs	1,155,713
To Fund Future Grant Expenditures	9,691
To Fund Future Capital Facilities Impact Expenditures	591,667
To Fund Future Cemetery Trust Expenditures	3,497
To Fund Future Historical Record Expenditures	700,274
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$16,872,625

At June 30, 2019, Committed Fund Balance consisted of the following:

Committed:

Capital and One-Time Expenditures Self-Insurance Healthcare Reserve Fund School Department Grants Encumbrances for Education Supplies	\$ 39,259 4,784 29,490 806,404
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ 879,937

The City of Cranston does not currently have a spending policy regarding the order in which restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are spent when more than one amount is available for the expenditures incurred. Accordingly, by default, the City is following the policy prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54 which specifies that fund balance is reduced first by committed, then by assigned, then by unassigned when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any unrestricted fund balance could be used. In all situations, the City considers restricted fund balance to be used first when available and when expenditures are incurred that meet the requirements of the restricted fund balance.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to public official liability, police liability, Board of Education legal liability, theft or impairment of assets, errors and omissions, injury to employees and natural disasters. The City is self-insured in most areas of risk, subject to certain third party "stop loss" coinsurance. Self-insured risks include general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, unemployment and employee health and life insurance claims. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there have not been any significant reductions in insurance coverage from amounts held in prior years.

The City's health insurance program provides coverage to the City's employees and retirees through Healthmate and Blue Cross - Blue Shield of Rhode Island (BC/BS), United Healthcare and Delta Dental of Rhode Island. The City's program is a self-insured program with BC/BS, United Healthcare and Delta Dental acting as third-party agents for the City in the payment of the various claim plans used by the City.

The City of Cranston contributes to a separate account an amount per covered employee which would otherwise have been paid to an insurance carrier. These amounts are determined by an independent third-party consultant hired by the City of Cranston who works with the provider to examine past experience and determine an adequate amount for each type of plan offered by the City. Factors considered by the plan administrator include the amount of claims paid during the previous year, claims administration costs and projected insurance industry inflation rates. The City of Cranston, including Cranston Public Schools, incurred approximately \$37 million for fiscal year 2019 under this plan.

The claims liabilities reported in the general and school department funds are related to the self-insurance program and are based upon the provisions of GASB Statements No. 10 and 30, which require that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) be recorded. The amount of claim accrual is based on the ultimate costs of settling the claim, which include past experience data, inflation, and other future economic and societal factors and incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of estimated subrogation recoveries. The claim accrual does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

In order to avoid catastrophic losses, the City "reinsures" the program by purchasing insurance known as "stop-loss insurance" from BC/BS Insurance Co. and United Healthcare Services. Two types of "stop-loss insurance" are purchased: 1) individual stop-loss; and 2) aggregate stop-loss, with both provided through the Plan Administrator. Under the individual stop-loss insurance, the City pays the first \$200,000/\$225,000 of claims for individual employees or dependents. Any charges accrued by an individual in excess of \$200,000/\$225,000 in a fiscal year are thereafter reimbursed by BC/BS Insurance Co. and United Healthcare Services. The aggregate stop-loss is designed to protect the City for multiple large claims which may not reach the individual stop-loss attachment point (\$200,000/\$225,000). The aggregate stop-loss limit is \$2,000,000/\$2,200,000 per claim.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City established the Cranston Claims Committee (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

The City records liabilities for self-insured claims reported if it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The City has established a liability based on historical trends of previous years, where available, and attorney's estimates of pending matters and lawsuits in which the City is involved.

Changes in the self-insurance liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	2019		2018	
July 1 Add incurred claims Less payments of claims attributable to events of both the current and prior fiscal years:	\$	697,667 36,429,454	\$ 926,280 34,437,678	
Health and life	3	36,356,673	34,666,291	
Year Ended June 30	\$	770,448	\$ 697,667	

The liabilities above have not been discounted to their present value. Incurred claims represent the total of a provision for events of the current fiscal year and any change in the provision for events of the prior fiscal years. The liability at June 30, 2019 has been recorded on the statement of net position under the claims payable line, within the government-wide statements (\$770,448).

The School Department has chosen to participate in the Health Benefits Project provided by the West Bay Community Health, an independent, non-profit organization. Deposits made to the Collaborative are treated as expenditures when it is probable that a claim has been incurred and include estimated amounts for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim and health care trends, and other economic and social factors.

B. Lease of Wastewater Treatment Facility

The City has entered into a Wastewater Treatment Facility Lease and Service Agreement with Triton, LLC/U.S. Filter/Veolia Water (the Company). The terms of the agreement include among others that the City will lease to the Company its Wastewater Treatment System for 25 years. The City will remain owner of the system and will continue to establish and collect all sewer fees. The Company will be responsible for providing wastewater treatment services to the City for that time period; operating and maintaining the City's wastewater treatment facility, pumping stations, force mains, sewer interceptors and the rest of the collection system; designing, constructing and testing certain system improvements; and administering the City's municipal industrial pre-treatment program (MIPP).

The contract required the Company to pay the City a one-time payment as consideration for the lease. The payment of \$48.0 million represents a prepayment of the lease payments due to the City over the next 25 years. These lease payments are "earned" over the life of the lease. Accordingly, unearned revenue has been recorded in the Sewer Enterprise Fund which will be realized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease (25 years).

At June 30, 2019, the balance of unearned revenue related to this was approximately \$6,787,000 which is comprised of a short-term portion of \$1,920,000 and a long-term portion of approximately \$4,867,000.

During the term of the agreement, the City pays the Company a service fee, which is calculated based on definitive components and amounts, as adjusted in accordance with guidelines established in the agreement. The service fee is generally fixed at the beginning of each fiscal year. During 2019, the City paid service fees totaling approximately \$17 million. The City also recognized 4% of the lease payment (\$1,920,000) as revenue for the year ended June 30, 2019.

This transaction was financed with conduit debt "1997 Series Bonds" which were advance refunded on February 28, 2017. On January 31, 2017, there was another conduit debt transaction on the "2017 Series Bonds." This transaction resulted in refunding credit savings of \$4,403,930 over the term of the bond which is due September 2022. This debt is not due and payable from the City of Cranston, Rhode Island but they were a party to the transaction.

C. Commitments and Litigation

Construction and other significant commitments have been reported as reserve for commitments in the fund equity section of the balance sheet.

Amounts received or receivable from Federal and State grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits and the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable. In the opinion of the City attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

D. Employee Retirement System

Summary

The City contributes to five defined benefit pension plans - the Police and Fire Employees' Pension Plan of the City of Cranston (PFERS), a single-employer plan; the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer plan; the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (ERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer plan; the National (Industrial) Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan; and the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. The PFERS is presented in the accompanying financial statements as a fiduciary fund. MERS, ERS, the National Industrial Pension Plan and the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan are not included in the City's financial statements. Financial information can be obtained for those plans by contacting the State of Rhode Island.

Police and Fire Employees' Pension Plan of the City of Cranston (PFERS)

Plan Administration

The City of Cranston (City) administers the City of Cranston Fire Department and Police Department Pension Plans (Plan), a defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions for all full-time firefighters and policemen of the City. Employees hired after July 1, 1995 become members of the State plan and do not participate in this plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

PFERS' financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments and contract requirements and investment income is recognized when earned and expenses (benefits, administration and refunds) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. As of June 30, 2019, there are no separate financial statements available for the PFERS plan.

Benefit Provisions

PFERS is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all Police and Fire Department personnel hired before July 1, 1995. The Plan provides retirement, disability and survivorship benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. A member may retire after 20 years of service. The pension is equal to 2 ½% of the member's final compensation for each year of service up to 20 years and increases 2% for each year (up to 10 years) in excess of 20 years. An additional 5% of final compensation is added to the pension at 55 years of age. A deferred pension is available to employees completing 10 years of service.

Retirement eligibility and plan benefits - Effective July 1, 2012 the benefit accrual for all plans is 2.0% per year based on the five-year average compensation, exclusive of overtime. Retirement age is 55 years old with 25 years of total service or for members with five years of service but less than 25 years of service the new retirement age will mirror the Social Security Normal Retirement Age not to exceed 67. Police officers or firefighters who were at least 45 years old, had 10 or more years of contributing service and were eligible to retire prior to age 52 under the law in effect on June 30, 2012, may retire at age 52. Police and fire employees may retire with a reduced pension benefit if they have 20 years of service and are within five years of their retirement eligibility. The actuarially reduced benefit is calculated based on how close the member is to the eligibility date that is prescribed in the Rhode Island Retirement Security Act. Joint and survivor retirement benefit options are available.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Real estate assets are reported at fair value utilizing an income approach to valuation.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of June 30, 2019, the plans' membership consists of:

Retirees, disability retirees and beneficiaries	
receiving benefits	427
Active plan members vested	19
Totals	446

Contributions

Police personnel are required to contribute 10% of their base salary to the pension plan and fire personnel are required to contribute 10.5% of their base salary and longevity to the pension plan.

The City establishes contributions based on an actuarially determined contribution recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined contribution is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City contributed \$21,569,803 to the Plan, including \$0 from the State.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the plan as of June 30, 2019 (the date of the most recent actuarial valuation) was as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 306,705,941
Plan fiduciary net position	70,569,737
Net Pension Liability (NPL)	\$ 236,136,204
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	
the total pension liability	23.01%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 2,043,982
NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	11552.75%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Assumptions

The historical trend information was determined as part of the actuarial valuation as of the date indicated in the tabulation. Additional information as of the latest valuation is as follows:

The June 30, 2019, total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2018 valuation results, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Census data was collected as of July 1, 2018. Liabilities measured as of the census date were projected to June 30, 2019 assuming no demographic gains or losses.

Mortality rates for health lives were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment and improvements projected to 2026 with Scale AA. The same tables were used for disabled lives but set forward three years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table (note that the rates shown below include the inflation component):

	Long-Term Expected Rate of	
Asset Class	Return	Target Allocation
Domestic Equity (large cap)	11.13%	35.00%
Domestic Equity (mid cap)	13.16%	5.00%
Domestic Equity (small cap)	13.22%	5.00%
International Equity	9.86%	15.00%
Fixed income	4.16%	35.00%
Real estate	8.35%	5.00%
		100.00%
		100.00%

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 5.64%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

The assumed discount rate used to measure liabilities for valuation purposes is 7.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for GASB 67 purposes assumed that future City contributions will follow the contribution pattern of the most recent five years (see table below), which results in an assumption that the City will contribute approximately 95.3% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to fall short of meeting all future benefit obligations to current plan members. From the point where assets are projected to be depleted, a municipal bond rate of 2.71%, based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, was used in the development of the blended GASB discount rate. The resulting blended rate of 7.90% was used to measure the Plan's total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Police and Fire Pension Plan

	Increase (Decrease)					
	To	otal Pension Liability	F	Plan iduciary Net Position	١	Net Pension Liability
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$	301,728,442	\$	69,844,258	\$	231,884,184
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		434,021				434,021
Interest on the total pension liability		22,902,534				22,902,534
Differences between expected and actual experience		6,629,821				6,629,821
Changes in assumptions						-
Employer contributions				21,569,803		(21,569,803)
Employee contributions				201,448		(201,448)
Net investment income				4,016,741		(4,016,741)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(24,988,877)		(24,988,877)		-
Administrative expense		,		(73,636)		73,636
Other changes				,		-
Net changes		4,977,499	_	725,479		4,252,020
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$	306,705,941	\$	70,569,737	\$	236,136,204

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.90%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.90%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.90%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	1	l% Decrease		Rate	•	1% Increase
Net Pension Liability	\$	266,968,794	\$	236,136,204	\$	210,007,816

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer recognized pension expense of \$26,116,570. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outflov		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net differences betw	veen expected and actual earnings	\$	3,630,925	\$
Total		\$	3,630,925	\$ -
	Voor Ending June 20	(Net Deferre Outflows (Inflo	ows)
-	Year Ending June, 30		OI NESOUICE	
	2020 2021 2022		\$ 1,668, 1,443, 244,	821
	2023		274,	685
	Total	_	\$ 3,630,	925

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (MERS) - General, Police and Fire

Plan Description

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) - an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at www.ersri.org.

Benefits Provided

General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

Salary: Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under IRC Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

Service: Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

Final Compensation: Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable FAC will be the greater of the member's highest three year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.

General employees

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012 as described above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with 33 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

Police and Fire employees

Members are eligible to retire when they are at least 50 years old and have a minimum of 25 years of contributing service or if they have 27 years of contributing service at any age. Members with less than 25 years of contributing service are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age.

Members who, as of June 30, 2012, had at least 10 years of contributing service, had attained age 45, and had a prior Retirement Date before age 52 may retire at age 52.

Active members on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date, as described in this section, and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members designated as police officers or firefighters were eligible for retirement at or after age 55 with credit for at least 10 years of service or at any age with credit for 25 or more years of service. Members were also eligible to retire and receive a reduced benefit if they are at least age 50 and have at least 20 years of service. If the municipality elected to adopt the 20-year retirement provisions for police officers and/or firefighters, then such a member was eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

A monthly benefit is paid equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service, up to 37.5 years (75% of FAC maximum).

If the optional 20-year retirement provisions were adopted by the municipality prior to July 1, 2012: benefits are based on 2.50% of the member's FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 2.00% of the member's FAC for each year of service after July 1, 2012. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC.

Active members (including future hires), members who retire after July 1, 2015 and after attaining age 57 with 30 years of service will have a benefit equal to the greater of their current benefit described in (a) and (b) above and one calculated based on a 2.25% multiplier for all years of service.

Other benefit provisions

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA (age 55 for members designated as police officers and/or firefighters). When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

- a. The COLA will be suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%; however, an interim COLA may be granted in four-year intervals while the COLA is suspended. The first interim COLA may begin January 1, 2018.
- b. Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%
- c. The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$25,000 for 2013, \$25,000 for 2014, \$25,168 for 2015, \$25,855 for 2016, and \$26,098 for 2017.

Special Provisions Applying to Specific Units

Prior to July 1, 2012, some units had specific provisions that apply only to that unit. Per section 45-21.2-5 benefits for members eligible to retire prior to June 30, 2012 are preserved for the calculation of the retirement benefits. For service accrued after July 1, 2012, retirement benefits will be calculated in accordance with section 45-21.2-2 and adjustments to benefits will be provided as set forth in 45-21-52. The following summarizes those provisions:

Cranston fire department hired after July 1, 1995 or with less than 5 years of service at that date - Rhode Island General Law § 45-21.2-5 (7) and § 45-21.2-14 9 (e).

Under these special provisions, the final compensation for benefit computation is based on the members' highest year of earnings. In addition, the members shall receive a three percent (3%) escalation of their pension payment compounded each year on January 1st following the year of retirement and continuing on an annual basis on that date. The member contribution rate is 10.00%. Compensation for benefit purposes includes base, longevity, and holiday pay.

Cranston police department hired after July 1, 1995 or with less than 5 years of service at that date - Rhode Island General Law §§ 45-21.2-5 (8) and § 45-21.2-14 (f).

Under these special provisions, the final compensation for benefit computation is based on the members' highest year of earnings. In addition, the members shall receive a three percent (3%) escalation of their pension payment compounded each year on January 1st following the year of retirement and continuing on an annual basis on that date. The member contribution rate is 10.00%. Compensation for benefit purposes includes base, longevity, and holiday pay.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the June 30, 2017 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	<u>Municipal</u>	Police	Fire
Inactive, Nonretired Members	333	10	5
Retirees and Beneficiaries	596	22	17
Active Members	658	144	168
Total	1,587	176	190

Contributions

The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 2% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.25%. Public safety employees are required to contribute 10% of their salaries. The City of Cranston contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The City of Cranston contributed \$2,342,837 in the year ended June 30, 2019 which was 9.66% of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal-the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost

methodology is used.

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll-Closed

Remaining Amortization:

General & Police Employees 20 Years Fire Employees 24 Years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smooth Market Investment Rate of Return 7.5%

Projected Salary Increases:

General Employees3.5%-7.5%Police & Fire Employees4%-14%Inflation2.75%

Mortality Male employees, MERS General and MERS P&F: 115% of RP-

2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

Female Employees, MERS General and MERS P&F: 95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar

adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2018 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2018 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Type of Investment	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Growth		
Global Equity		
US Equity	20.80%	6.43%
International Developed Equity	14.40%	6.72%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.80%	8.90%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Equity		
Private Energy	11.30%	9.08%
Non-Core RE	2.20%	5.03%
OPP Private Credit	1.50%	9.08%
Sub-total	15.00%	
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.81%
REITS	1.00%	5.03%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.81%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Stability		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.61%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	4.00%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.03%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.61%
TIPs	1.00%	1.75%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.14%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.00%
Cash	3.00%	0.61%
Sub-total	21.00%	
	100%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall medium-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Municipal Employee's Retirement System - General Employees

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		N	let Pension bility (Asset)
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$	152,978,001	\$	135,607,447	\$	17,370,554
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		2,449,869				2,449,869
Interest on the total pension liability		10,473,985				10,473,985
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions		(494,724)				(494,724) -
Employer contributions				2,161,301		(2,161,301)
Employee contributions				812,598		(812,598)
Net investment income				10,452,584		(10,452,584)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(9,149,144)		(9,149,144)		_
Administrative expense		,		(139,150)		139,150
Other changes				(57,545)		57,545
Net changes		3,279,986		4,080,644		(800,658)
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$	156,257,987	\$	139,688,091	\$	16,569,896

Municipal	Employ	∕ee's Retiı	rement S [,]	ystem - P	olice
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	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary		Net Pension	
			N	Net Position		bility (Asset)
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$	49,431,890	\$	38,569,650	\$	10,862,240
Changes for the year:						· · ·
Service cost		2,148,101				2,148,101
Interest on the total pension liability		3,498,259				3,498,259
Differences between expected and actual experience		(648,949)				(648,949)
Changes in assumptions						-
Employer contributions				1,199,854		(1,199,854)
Employee contributions				1,057,127		(1,057,127)
Net investment income				3,212,740		(3,212,740)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(1,061,625)		(1,061,625)		-
Administrative expense				(42,770)		42,770
Other changes				2		(2)
Net changes		3,935,786		4,365,328		(429,542)
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$	53,367,676	\$	42,934,978	\$	10,432,698

Municipal Employee's Retirement System - Fire

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension			an Fiduciary let Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)		
		Liability	11	et Fosition	Lia	Dility (Asset)	
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$	62,747,004	\$	64,140,159	\$	(1,393,155)	
Changes for the year:						,	
Service cost		2,942,326				2,942,326	
Interest on the total pension liability		4,470,059				4,470,059	
Differences between expected and actual experience		181,502				181,502	
Changes in assumptions						-	
Employer contributions				792,107		(792,107)	
Employee contributions				1,406,154		(1,406,154)	
Net investment income				5,312,666		(5,312,666)	
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(720,365)		(720,365)		_	
Administrative expense				(70,725)		70,725	
Other changes				138,343		(138,343)	
Net changes		6,873,522		6,858,180		15,342	
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$	69,620,526	\$	70,998,339	\$	(1,377,813)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

			Cur	rent Discount				
_	1% I	1% Decrease (6.0%)		Rate (7.0%)		1% Increase (8.0%)		
		-	-	•	-	_		
General Employe	\$	34,781,029	\$	16,569,896	\$	3,007,728		
Police		16,415,108		10,432,698		5,979,494		
Fire		6,348,578		(1,377,813)		(7,128,435)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the employer recognized pension expense of \$7,676,556. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Municipal		Police		Fire		Total
Deferred outflow of resources:							
Difference in experience	\$	229,976	\$	2,825,333	\$	161,746	\$ 3,217,055
Difference in assumptions		3,679,919		2,109,585		2,403,834	8,193,338
Excess (deficit) investment returns		1,259,854		15,569		17,025	1,292,448
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,365,565		1,439,364		819,835	4,624,764
Total deferred outflow of resources	\$	7,535,314	\$	6,389,851	\$	3,402,440	\$ 17,327,605
	N	M unicipal		Police		Fire	Total
Deferred inflow of resources:							
Difference in experience	\$	(742,188)	\$	(632,253)	\$	(2,522,270)	\$ (3,896,711)
Difference in assumptions				(352,207)		(359,195)	(711,402)
Total deferredinflow of resources	\$	(742,188)	\$	(984,460)	\$	(2,881,465)	\$ (4,608,113)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	<u>Municipal</u>		June 30 Municipal		Police		Fire		<u>Total</u>	
2020	\$	3,582,827	\$	848,000	\$	593,092	\$	5,023,919		
2021		2,452,551		530,106		66,962		3,049,619		
2022		(1,371,200)		30,526		(759,242)		(2,099,916)		
2023		(236,617)		338,349		(243,743)		(142,011)		
2024				432,853		(89,989)		342,864		
Thereafter				1,786,193		134,060		1,920,253		
Total	\$	4,427,561	\$	3,966,027	\$	(298,860)	\$	8,094,728		

General Employee (Non-Certified) Defined Contribution Plan

Certain employees participating in the defined benefit plan, as described above, may also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees with less than 20 years of service contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. Employers contribute 1.25% for employees with at least 10 years of service but less than 15 years of service as of June 30, 2012 of annual covered salary. Employers contribute 1.50% for employees with at least 15 years of service but less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 of annual covered salary. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The City of Cranston recognized pension expense of \$6,254,968 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (ERS)

Plan Description

Certain employees of the Cranston School District participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Employees' Retirement System plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Benefit Provisions

The level of benefits provided to participants is established by Chapter 36-10 of the General Laws, which is subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Member benefit provisions vary based on service credits accumulated at dates specified in various amendments to the General Laws outlining minimum retirement age, benefit accrual rates and maximum benefit provisions. In general, members accumulate service credits for each year of service subject to maximum benefit accruals of 80% or 75%. For those hired after June 30, 2012, the benefit accrual rate is 1% per year with a maximum benefit accrual of 40%. Members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at any age. The retirement eligibility age increases proportionately for other members reflecting years of service and other factors until it aligns with the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, which applies to any member with less than 5 years of service as of July 1, 2012. Members are vested after 5 years of service.

The plan provides for survivor's benefits for service connected death and certain lump sum death benefits. Joint and survivor benefit provision options are available to members.

Cost of living adjustments are provided but are currently suspended until the collective plans administered by ERSRI reach a funded status of 80%. Until the plans reach an 80% funded status, interim cost of living adjustments are provided at four-year intervals commencing with the plan year ending June 30, 2016.

The plan also provides nonservice-connected disability benefits after five years of service and service-connected disability benefits with no minimum service requirement.

Contributions

The funding policy, as set forth in the General Laws, Section 16-16-22, provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions to the plan. For fiscal 2017, Cranston School District teachers were required to contribute 3.75% of their annual covered salary, except for teachers with twenty or more years as of June 30, 2012 must contribute 11% of their annual covered salary. The State and the Cranston School District are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, 40% of which is to be paid by the State and the remaining 60% is to be paid by Cranston School Department; the rates were 9.89% and 13.24% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 for the State and Cranston School Department, respectively. The School Department contributed \$10,119,695, \$10,852,160, and \$10,742,600 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Cranston School District reported a liability of \$143,161,570 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for contributions made by the state. The amount recognized by the Cranston School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Cranston School District were as follows:

Total net pension liability	\$ 249,949,818
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Cranston District:	106,788,248
net pension liability:	\$ 143,161,570
Cranston School District proportionate share of	

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The Cranston School District proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Cranston School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018 the Cranston School District's proportion was 4.50583532%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Cranston School District recognized gross pension expense of \$23,249,829 and revenue of \$10,505,395 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019 the Cranston School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflows of resources Contributions subsequent to the measurement date:	\$	11 610 646
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date.	Ψ	11,610,646
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	2,093,958 10,399,039
earnings on pension plan investments:		1,710,006
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,982,349
	\$	16,185,352
Deferred inflows of resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience: Changes of assumptions	\$	2,730,539 1,684,712
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of		.,00 .,
contributions:		2,254,551
Total	\$	6,669,802

\$11,610,646 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Cranston School District contributions in fiscal year 2019 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2020 2021	\$ 3,856,477 2,109,134
2022 2023	(383,524) 1,470,817
2024 Thereafter	1,754,941 707,705
Total	\$ 9,515,550

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% to 13.50%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Mortality

Variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2018 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2018 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Type of Investment	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Growth	rarget / thooation	rtato or rtotarri
Global Equity		
US Equity	20.80%	6.43%
International Developed Equity	14.40%	6.72%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.80%	8.90%
Sub-total Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Equity		
Private Energy	11.30%	9.08%
Non-Core RE	2.20%	5.03%
OPP Private Credit	1.50%	9.08%
Sub-total	15.00%	
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.81%
REITS	1.00%	5.03%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.81%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Stability		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.61%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	4.00%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.03%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.61%
TIPs	1.00%	1.75%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.14%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.00%
Cash	3.00%	0.61%
Sub-total	21.00%	
	100%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall medium-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

	Current Discount	1% Increase
1% Decrease (6.0%)	Rate (7.0%)	(8.0%)
\$ 180,121,775	\$ 143,161,570	\$115,632,755

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Defined Contribution Plan Description

Employees participating in the defined benefit plan with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012, as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute between 1% and 1.5% of annual covered salary depending on the employee's total years of service as of June 30, 2012. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The Cranston School District recognized pension expense of \$12,744,434 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Teacher's Survivors Benefits of the State of Rhode Island (TSB)

Plan Description

Certain employees of the Cranston School Department participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Teachers' Survivors Benefit plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in Social Security.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Eligibility and Plan Benefits

The plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in the plan. Specific eligibility criteria and the amount of the benefit is subject to the provisions of Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Spouse, parents, family and children's benefits are payable following the death of a member. A spouse shall be entitled to benefits upon attaining the age of sixty (60) years. Children's benefits are payable to the child, including a stepchild or adopted child of a deceased member if the child is unmarried and under the age of eighteen (18) years or twenty-three (23) years and a full-time student, and was dependent upon the member at the time of the member's death. Family benefits are provided if at the time of the member's death the surviving spouse has in his or her care a child of the deceased member entitled to child benefits. Parents benefits are payable to the parent or parents of a deceased member if the member did not leave a widow or child who could ever qualify for monthly benefits on the member's wages and the parent has reached the age of 60 years, has not remarried, and received support from the member.

In January, a yearly cost-of-living adjustment for spouse's benefits is paid and based on the annual social security adjustment.

Survivors are eligible for benefits if the member has made contributions for at least six months prior to death or retirement.

The TSB plan provides benefits based on the highest salary at the time of retirement of the teacher. Benefits are payable in accordance with the following table:

	Basic	Basic Monthly		
Highest Annual Salary:	Spouse	e's Benefit:		
\$17,000 or less	\$	750		
\$17,001 to \$25,000	\$	875		
\$25,001 to \$33,000	\$	1,000		
\$33,001 to \$40,000	\$	1,125		
\$40,001 and over	\$	1,250		

Benefits payable to children and families are equal to the spousal benefit multiplied by the percentage below:

Parent and One	Parent and Two or		Two Children	Three or More	Dependent
Child	More Children	One Child Alone	Alone	Children Alone	Parent
150%	175%	75%	150%	175%	100%

Contributions

The contribution requirements of active employees and the participating school districts were established under Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws, which may be amended by the General Assembly. The cost of the benefits provided by the plan are two percent (2%) of the member's annual salary up to but not exceeding an annual salary of \$9,600; one-half (1/2) of the cost is contributed by the member by deductions from his or her salary, and the other half (1/2) is contributed and paid by the respective school district by which the member is employed. These contributions are in addition to the contributions required for regular pension benefits.

The Cranston School District contributed \$122,309, \$97,874 and \$102,845 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2019 the Cranston School District reported an asset of \$14,668,001 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset related to its participation in TSB. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The Cranston School District proportion of the net pension asset was based on its share of contributions to the TSB for fiscal year 2018 relative to the total contributions of all participating employers for that fiscal year. At June 30, 2018 the Cranston School District proportion was 16.43854871%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Cranston School District recognized pension expense of \$(356,720). At June 30, 2019, the Cranston School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflows of resources: Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 123,899
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between	\$ 2,499,162 1,932,642
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	274,744
on pension plan investments	332,882
Total	\$ 5,039,430
Deferred inflows of resources: Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ (2,461,402)
Total	\$ (3,009,885)

\$122,291 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Cranston School District contributions in fiscal year 2019 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2020	\$ 1,044,258
2021	556,760
2022	(160,422)
2023	236,840
2024	336,139
Thereafter	 15,970
Total	\$ 2,029,545

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%
Salary increases 3.00% to 13.00%
Investment rate of return 7.00%

Mortality - variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

Cost of living adjustment - eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment - for valuation purposes, a 2.5% cost of living adjustment is assumed.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2018 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 34 sources. The June 30, 2018 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
Type of Investment	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Growth	U	
Global Equity		
US Equity	20.80%	6.43%
International Developed Equity	14.40%	6.72%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.80%	8.90%
Sub-total	40.00%	
Private Equity		
Private Energy	11.30%	9.08%
Non-Core RE	2.20%	5.03%
OPP Private Credit	1.50%	9.08%
Sub-total	15.00%	
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	3.81%
REITS	1.00%	5.03%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	3.81%
Private Credit	3.20%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Stability		
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.61%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	4.00%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.03%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.61%
TIPs	1.00%	1.75%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.81%
Sub-total	8.00%	
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.14%
Absolute Return	6.50%	4.00%
Cash	3.00%	0.61%
Sub-total	21.00%	
	100%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0% as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate.

Current Discount Rate 1% Increase							
1% Decrease (6.0%)		(7.0%)		(8.0%)			
\$	(10,178,839)	\$	(14,668,001)	\$	(18,010,240)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

National (Industrial) Pension Plan

Plan Description

Upon the date of hire, most of the City's public works' employees and all School Department bus drivers are eligible to participate in the National (Industrial) Pension Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The plan also provides the following types of pensions which pay benefits to a retired participant during their lifetime and thereafter pay benefits to the participant's surviving spouse or other beneficiary: husband-and-wife pension, survivor's option pension, and 120 certain payments option pension. The Plan also provides for a widow/widower's pension. Employees who retire at or after age 62 with at least 5 years of pension credit and have earned at least one of the years of pension credit during the period that their employer is contributing to the pension fund are eligible for benefits through the regular pension that is payable monthly for life. The retirement benefit is determined by the highest contribution rate at which the employee earned pension credit and the years of pension credits they have earned (up to a maximum of 30 years of pension credits). The Plan also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by the Board of Trustees of the Pension Fund. Financial statements for the Plan can be obtained by contacting the Laborers' National (Industrial) Pension Fund, 905 16th Street, N.W., Washington, DC, 20106.

Funding Policy

Covered employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019, the City was required to contribute \$1.87 per hour, and the School Department was required to contribute \$.99 per hour for each hour worked by the employees to the Plan.

Contributions

Contributions for the past three years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution		Actual Contribution		Percentage Contribution	
City						
6/30/2017	\$	301,375	\$	301,375	100%	
6/30/2018		333,152		333,152	100%	
6/30/2019		346,921		346,921	100%	
School Department	_					
6/30/2017	_	136,018		136,018	100%	
6/30/2018		155,558		155,558	100%	
6/30/2019		181,422		181,422	100%	

New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan

Plan Description

Upon the date of hire, most workers within City Hall and other clerical staff throughout the City are eligible to participate in the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Benefits under the plan are provided through a trust fund. A copy of the annual report can be obtained by contacting the trustees at: New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Fund, 1 Wall Street, Burlington, MA 01803.

Funding Policy

Covered employees are currently not required to contribute to the Plan. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2019, the City was required to contribute \$1.35 per hour for each hour worked by the employees to the Plan.

Contributions

Contributions for the past three years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Required Ended Contribution		Actual ntribution	Percentage Contribution
6/30/2017	\$	327,411	\$ 327,411	100%
6/30/2018		342,232	342,232	100%
6/30/2019		364,025	364,025	100%

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - Public Safety Employees

Plan Description

The City maintains and administers a single-employer OPEB benefit plan that covers all public safety employees. The plan provides health benefits and life insurance benefits to eligible retired police and fire employees and their beneficiaries. The plans provisions may be amended by the City and the Trustees of the plan. The trust is accounted for as an OPEB trust fund in the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, there are no separate financial statements available for the Public Safety Employees OPEB plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The OPEB trust fund financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when they are due, pursuant to formal commitments and contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. There are no investments of 5% or greater in any one organization.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of June 30, 2019 (date of the last actuarial valuation) membership data was as follows:

Active employees	358
Retirees	320
Total Plan Members	678

Funding Policy

The City established an Irrevocable Trust Agreement (OPEB Trust) effective July 1, 2006 and has started to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The City pays certain medical premiums for a retiree and certain dependents until they reach the age of 65 years unless they are not covered by Medicare benefits, in that case, coverage continues for life. If a firefighter dies before reaching normal retirement age, the City pays for the benefit of the firefighter's family, if any, the full cost of family medical coverage (as in effect at the time of the firefighter's death) until the firefighter's normal retirement date. In addition, Police retirees are entitled to a City paid life insurance benefit of \$17,000 if they retired after July 1, 1982. Firemen retiring after July 1, 1981 are eligible for the \$17,000 benefit. Fire retirees retired between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2007 are entitled to a City paid life insurance benefit of \$20,000 and if a fireman retires after July 1, 2007, a \$25,000 life insurance benefit is payable. In addition to the above, firefighters who retire with an occupational injury or illness receive a City paid life insurance benefit of \$50,000 if death occurs within 3 years of his/her retirement date.

Investments

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense was 5.92%. The Money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts of actually invested.

The following was the City's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Large Cap Core Equities	15.0%
Large Cap Value Equities	10.0%
Large Cap Growth Equities	10.0%
Small/Mid Value Equities	5.0%
Small/Mid Growth Equities	5.0%
Non-U.S. Equities	15.0%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	5.0%
Fixed Income	35.0%
	<u> </u>
	100.0%

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. These rates do not include inflation assumption which is assumed to be 2%. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. REIT	7.5%
International Stocks	7.0%
U.S. Cash	3.0%
U.S. Bonds	4.0%
U.S. Large Cap	7.5%
U.S. Mid Cap	8.0%
U.S. Small Cap	8.5%
Commodity	5.0%
Alternatives	4.2%
Emerging Markets	8.5%

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the City of Cranston at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 43,774,273 8,622,937
City's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 35,151,336
Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of total OPEB liability	19.70%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Investment rate of return 7.1% of 2019, net of investment expense

Healthcare cost trend rates 5% for 2019 and years later

Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on the RP-2000 Blue Collar mortality table with Scale AA improvement to 2026. Post retirement mortality is represented by the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table, adjusted 115% for males, 95% for females, with Scale AA improvements on the generational basis. Mortality for disabled members is represented by the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table with Scale AA adjustment to 2026 and set forward of 3 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2019.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current					
	19 	1% Decrease (6.9%)		Discount Rate (7.9%)		1% Increase (8.9%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	38,259,285	\$	35,151,336	\$	32,369,389	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current					
	19 	1% Decrease (4.0%)		Discount Rate (5.0%)		1% Increase (6.0%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	32,190,333	\$	35,151,336	\$	38,511,937	

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)					
		Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)			
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$_	48,998,289 \$	7,801,259 \$	41,197,030			
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		954,238		954,238			
Interest on total OPEB liability		3,776,605		3,776,605			
Experience (gain) and loss		(5,576,847)		(5,576,847)			
Contributions			4,812,502	(4,812,502)			
Net investment income (loss)			410,584	(410,584)			
Benefit payments		(4,378,012)	(4,378,012)	-			
Administrative expenses			(23,396)	23,396			
Net changes	_	(5,224,016)	821,678	(6,045,694)			
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$_	43,774,273 \$	8,622,937 \$	35,151,336			

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$2,476,675. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows Of Resources	 Deferred Inflows Of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and	\$		\$ (5,496,184)		
actual earning on OPEB plan investments	-	413,045	 		
Total	\$_	413,045	\$ (5,496,184)		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2020	\$ (1,259,554)
2021	(1,259,552)
2022	(986,727)
2023	(944,474)
2024	 (632,832)
	\$ (5,083,139)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - School Department Employees

Plan Description

The City maintains and administers a single-employer OPEB benefit plan that covers all School Department employees. The plan provides health benefits and dental insurance benefits to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The plans provisions may be amended by the Cranston School Committee and the Trustees of the plan. The OPEB activity is accounted for in the School Unrestricted Fund in the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, there are no separate, audited GAAP-basis financial statements available for the Board of Education Employees OPEB plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The OPEB activity is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when they are due, pursuant to formal commitments and contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan. Administrative costs are generally financed through the School Unrestricted Fund.

Valuation of Investment

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. There are no investments of 5% or greater in any one organization.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of July 1, 2017 (date of the last actuarial valuation) membership data was as follows:

Active employees	1,076
Inactive employees	
Retirees	106
Total Plan Members	1,182

Funding Policy

The City established an Irrevocable Trust Agreement effective July 1, 2015 and has started to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The amounts due for these benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School Department pays 100% of the cost of individual health care insurance and dental insurance benefits for all retired eligible employees retiring before September 1, 2005 until the employee reaches the age of 65. Cost shares have been negotiated for teachers (5% of plan cost) for the retirement period September 1, 2005 and August 31, 2009. Teachers retiring between September 1, 2009 and August 31, 2011 are responsible for a 15% cost share of their benefits. Teachers retiring on or after September 1, 2011 are responsible for a 20% cost share of their benefits.

Administrators retiring prior to July 2005 have no cost share. Administrators retiring between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2008 are responsible for a 10% cost share of their benefits. Administrators retiring between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2010 are responsible for a 20% cost share of their benefits. Administrators retiring between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011 are responsible for a 22% cost share of benefits. Administrators retiring on or after July 1, 2010 are responsible for a 25% cost share of their benefits. No benefits are paid for employees retiring prior to 1988.

The School Department funds post-retirement benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Expenditures for the benefits described above for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$662,755.

Investments

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense was 7.14%. The Money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts of actually invested.

The following was the City's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019:

Target Allocation
53% 39%
8%
100%

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term
	Expected Rate
Asset Class	of Return
U.S. Equities	7.8%
Non-U.S. Equities (Unhedged)	8.2%
Global Equities	8.1%
U.S. Bonds	3.5%
Non-U.S. Bonds (Hedged)	3.0%
Global Bonds (Hedged)	3.3%
U.S. High Yield Bonds	5.9%
Long-Term Credit Bonds	3.9%
Long-Term Government/Credit Index	3.6%
Intermediate-Term Credit Bonds	4.1%
Short-Term Credit Bonds	3.8%
Long -Term Treasuries	3.0%
Intermediate-Term Treasuries	2.9%
Short-Term Treasuries	3.0%
Extended Duration	2.4%
Treasury 10-Year	2.8%
TIPS-Intermediate-Term	2.6%
TIPS-Short-Term	2.6%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	6.6%
Commodities	5.8%
Market neutral	4.3%
Cash	2.9%
Inflation	1.9%

Net OPEB Liability

The following table shows the School Department's annual OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 13,932,292
Plan fiduciary net position	 646,720
School Department's Net OPEB Liability	\$ 13,285,572
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	E0/
total OPEB liability	5%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Investment rate of return	7.14% of 2019, net of investment expense
Healthcare cost trend rates	5% for 2019

Mortality rates for pre-retirement and beneficiary mortality is represented by the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality with Scale MP-2016, fully generational. Mortality for disabled members were represented by the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality with Scale MP-2016, full generational.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.80 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Current					
	1%	1% Decrease (2.8%)		Discount Rate (3.8%)		1% Increase (4.8%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	14,348,346	\$	13,285,572	\$	12,256,272	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	19			rrent Trend (5.0%)	1% Increase (6.0%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	11,588,531	\$	13,285,572	\$ 15,299,742	

Net OPEB Liability

The Board of Education's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer and employees who elect dependent coverage (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

	Increase (Decrease)											
	School Charter Liability Liability (a) (b)		Liability		Total OPEB Liability (a)+(b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (c)	Net OPEB Liability (a)+(b)-(c)					
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$	10,156,545 \$	139,369	\$	10,295,914 \$	605,073 \$	9,690,841					
Changes for the year:												
Service cost		562,969	7,725		570,694		570,694					
Interest on total OPEB liability		395,035	5,421		400,456		400,456					
Experience (gain) and loss		3,282,934	45,049		3,327,983		3,327,983					
Employer contributions					-	449,828	(449,828)					
Net investment income (loss)					-	43,177	(43,177)					
Benefit payments		(653,784)	(8,971)		(662,755)	(449,828)	(212,927)					
Administrative expenses					· -	(1,530)	1,530					
Net changes	_	3,587,154	49,224	_	3,636,378	41,647	3,594,731					
Balances as of June 30, 2019	\$	13,743,699 \$	188,593	\$	13,932,292 \$	646,720 \$	13,285,572					

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$48,891. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

-	Deferred Outflows Of Resources		Deferred Inflows Of Resources
\$	3,081,179	\$	(51,184)
\$	3 081 179	 \$	(51,184)
	\$ \$ -	Outflows Of Resources \$ 3,081,179	Outflows Of Resources \$ 3,081,179 \$

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2020	\$ 380,643
2021	380,645
2022	390,360
2023	395,556
2024	399,597
Thereafter	 1,083,194
	\$ 3,029,995

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position

	Pension Trust Fund		School OPEB Trust Fund	Total
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,389,456 \$	1,321,349 \$		\$ 2,710,805
Investments:				
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	3,992,508			3,992,508
Real Estate Investment Trust			51,738	51,738
Common Stock	13,398,152			13,398,152
Pooled Equity Index Funds			342,761	342,761
Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds			252,221	252,221
International Equity Mutual Funds		1,740,209		1,740,209
U.S. Equity Mutual Funds	28,629,476	2,822,111		31,451,587
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	23,280,445	2,027,537		25,307,982
Total investments	69,300,581	6,589,857	646,720	76,537,158
Contribution receivable		758,897		758,897
Total assets	70,690,037	8,670,103	646,720	80,006,860
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	300	47,166		47,466
Due to primary government	120,000	,		120,000
Total liabilities	120,300	47,166		167,466
Net Position Restricted for Pensions and				
OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 70,569,737 \$	8,622,937 \$	646,720	\$ 79,839,394

Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	_	Pension Trust Fund		Trust		City OPEB Trust Fund	_	School OPEB Trust Fund	_	Total
Additions: Contributions:										
Employer contributions	\$	21,569,803	9	4,426,721	\$		\$	25,996,524		
Plan member contributions Other	Ψ	201,448 57,856	4	385,781	Ψ	477,896	Ψ	1,065,125 57,856		
Total contributions	_	21,829,107	_	4,812,502		477,896	_	27,119,505		
Investment Income:			_							
Interest and dividends		1,432,910		159,437		43,177		1,635,524		
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments	_	2,668,893	_	251,147	_		_	2,920,040		
Total investment income	_	4,101,803	-	410,584	_	43,177	_	4,555,564		
Total additions	_	25,930,910	_	5,223,086	_	521,073	_	31,675,069		
Deductions:										
Benefits		24,988,876		4,378,012		477,896		29,844,784		
Administrative expenses		216,555		23,396		1,530		241,481		
Total deductions	_	25,205,431		4,401,408		479,426	_	30,086,265		
Change in Net Position		725,479		821,678		41,647		1,588,804		
Net Position - July 1, 2018	_	69,844,258	-	7,801,259	_	605,073	_	78,250,590		
Net Position - June 30, 2019	\$_	70,569,737	\$	8,622,937	\$_	646,720	\$_	79,839,394		

City of Cranston Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description

The Plan name is "City of Cranston Defined Contribution Plan" ID # is 05-6000110, Determination Letter Form 5300 is filed with IRS, and ING Specimen Adoption Agreement for 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan. Defined Contribution Plan for the Teamsters Bargaining Union and Laborers International Union of North America where the employee and the employer contribute 3% of earnings all stated in Form 5300 and the ING Plan Document. Plan based on approved enabling legislation presented in January 2010 and approved in that session. Total employer contributions made to the plan during June 30, 2019 were \$90,759. Total employee contributions made to the plan during June 30, 2019 were \$90,759.

School Department Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description

The Plan name is "Cranston Public Schools 401(a) Retirement Plan". ID # is 801343, effective July 1, 2012. Defined Contribution Plan for the Local Rhode Island 153 Bargaining Union where the employee and employer contribute 3% of earnings all stated in the Security Benefit Plan Document. Total employer contributions made to the plan during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 was \$33,008. Total employee contributions made to the plan during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 was \$33,008.

On-Behalf Payments

The amount recognized in the general fund intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures for contributions made by the State on behalf of the City's teachers to the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island was \$8,057,883.

E. Tax Abatements

The City of Cranston enters into tax abatement agreements with local businesses under its Economic Development Tax Incentive Program for Commercially Zoned Property. Under the Program, new businesses locating in commercially zoned property with the City of Cranston or existing businesses that are expanding may qualify for a tax incentive.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City of Cranston abated property taxes totaling \$242,885 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreements to new businesses locating in a commercially zoned property or existing businesses that are expanding:

	Percentage of taxes	
Purpose	abated during the Fiscal Year	Amount of Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year
Increase size and employment of manufacturing business	11%	\$ 31,849
Renovation of building for medical device company	5%	6,520
Renovation of Theater	8%	8,404
Warehouse Facility	5%	2,431
Masonry block and steel for yoga studio and wellness center	8%	2,748
Additional manufacturing facility for medical device company	13%	17,732
Renovation of restaurant	6%	1,140
Wholesale distribution facility for restaurant supplies company	46%	60,972
Global Supply Chain and Warehouse (Purchase of Building)	31%	59,103
Increase in employment of services business	69%	51,986

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

F. Subsequent Events

In July 2019, the City of Cranston issued \$13,410,000 in general obligation bonds. The proceeds will be used by the City to fund the following: repairs and construction of a fire station; Citywide drainage improvements; roads and sidewalk improvements; and playground and athletic fields repairs. The bonds will be payable over the next 15 years at interest rates between 4.0-5.0%.

Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	-	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	_(Favorable/ Unfavorable)
Revenues:								
General property taxes	\$	187,310,663	\$	187,310,663	\$	188,054,377	\$	743,714
Intergovernmental	•	20,907,218	•	20,907,218	•	19,489,696	•	(1,417,522)
Charges for services:						,,		(:,:::,===)
Licenses and permits		3,251,287		3,251,287		3,535,771		284,484
Fines and forfeitures		1,705,000		1,705,000		1,776,431		71,431
Departmental		9,466,203		9,466,203		9,301,463		(164,740)
Investment income		400,000		400,000		756,522		356,522
Education		63,990,522		63,682,669		63,682,669		-
Other		2,201,650		2,201,650		1,299,174		(902,476)
Total revenues	-	289,232,543	-	288,924,690		287,896,103		(1,028,587)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Executive		600,788		600,788		562,873		37,915
City Council		288,543		288,543		260,094		28,449
Law		501,125		501,125		1,187,790		(686,665)
Personnel		210,947		210,947		168,498		42,449
City Clerk		1,516,542		1,516,542		1,581,810		(65,268)
Probate Court		19,339		19,339		18,839		500
Municipal Court		319,023		319,023		379,183		(60,160)
Board of Canvassers		411,543		411,543		405,700		5,843
City Planning		989,946		989,946		386,736		603,210
Economic Development		182,168		182,168		177,968		4,200
Inspections		1,022,641		1,022,641		963,275		59,366
Finance		4,748,349		4,748,349		4,705,787		42,562
Fire		30,951,363		30,951,363		33,368,381		(2,417,018)
Rescue Fund		2,200,000		2,200,000		1,284,599		915,401
Police		24,947,126		24,947,126		24,659,286		287,840
Long-term debt		25,801,218		25,801,218		25,801,218		-
Public works		16,093,916		16,093,916		15,673,496		420,420
Parks and recreation		2,702,508		2,702,508		2,893,308		(190,800)
Public libraries		3,542,614		3,542,614		3,542,614		-
Senior services		3,195,603		3,195,603		3,213,188		(17,585)
Municipal Debt		10,899,438		10,899,438		10,752,326		147,112
Education		157,887,344		157,579,491		157,579,491		-
Community Grants		169,500		169,500		194,125		(24,625)
Boards and Commissions		25,189		25,189		20,469		4,720
Harbor Master	_	5,770	_	5,770	_	5,623		147
Total Expenditures	-	289,232,543	-	288,924,690		289,786,677	_	(861,987)
Excess (Deficiency) of Budgeted Revenues Over Expenditures	_	-	· -	_		(1,890,574)	_	(1,890,574)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	-		(1,890,574)	\$_	(1,890,574)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2018					-	20,139,664		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2019					\$	18,249,090		

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SCHOOL UNRESTRICTED
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGETARY BASIS
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

December	=	Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual		Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	•	04 045 500	•	04 007 000	•			
State aid	\$	61,345,522	\$	61,037,669	\$	61,037,669	\$	<u>-</u>
Federal through State		1,350,000		1,350,000		1,416,687		66,687
Tuition		820,000		820,000		1,108,239		288,239
Miscellaneous	_	475,000		475,000	_	305,422		(169,578)
Total revenues	_	63,990,522	-	63,682,669	-	63,868,017		185,348
Expenditures:								
Salaries		97,642,865		97,062,160		98,290,756		(1,228,596)
Employee benefits		38,323,436		37,572,578		36,124,420		1,448,158
Purchased services		17,371,400		16,907,911		17,247,176		(339,265)
Supplies and materials		4,194,832		4,151,385		4,166,739		(15,354)
Capital outlay		1,887,848		1,795,702		1,458,064		337,638
Other		(902,392)		89,755		89,387		368
Total expenditures	_	158,517,989	-	157,579,491	-	157,376,542		202,949
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	(94,527,467)		(93,896,822)	-	(93,508,525)	-	388,297
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers in City of Cranston		94,527,467		93,896,822		93,896,822		-
Transfers from other funds						188,104		188,104
Total other financing sources	_	94,527,467		93,896,822	_	94,084,926		188,104
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_		\$			576,401	\$	576,401
Fund Balance - July 1, 2018					_	4,558,180		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2019					\$	5,134,581		

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Budget - GAAP Reconciliation

A reconciliation of revenues, expenditures, and fund balance between the accounting treatment required by GAAP (Exhibit IV), and budgetary requirements (RSI), is as follows:

				General Fund			Sc	ho	ol Unrestricted	Fu	und	
	_	Revenues	_	Expenditures		Fund Balance	Revenues	_	Expenditures	_	Fund Balance	
Balance, Budgetary Basis, June 30, 2019 Revenues/Expenditures accounted for on the budgetary basis	\$	287,896,103	\$	289,786,677	\$	18,249,090 \$	63,868,017	\$	157,376,542	\$	5,134,581	
associated with Education funds		(63,682,669)		(157,579,491)		-					-	
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2019 charged to budgetary expenditures						-			(210,698)		210,698	
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2018 liquidated during the year June 30, 2019 Expenditures in the school department capital reserve fund - not						-			691,814		(691,814)	
budgeted in general fund						-	34,221		1,139,653		(1,105,432)	
Fund balance restricted for capital reserve and other purposes and removed from budgetary fund balance. Opening balances for funds that do not meet the GASB 54 definition for						-					731,185	
a special revenue fund Deficit reduction payment						819,900					-	
Current year activity for funds that do not meet the GASB 54 definition for a special revenue fund State Teachers' Retirement on-behalf payment		971,309		1,100,395		(129,086)	8,057,883	_	8,057,883		<u>-</u>	
BALANCE, GAAP BASIS, JUNE 30, 2019	\$_	225,184,743	\$_	133,307,581	\$_	18,939,904 \$	71,960,121	\$	167,055,194	\$_	4,279,218	

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CRANSTON RETIREMENT SYSTEM - POLICE AND FIRE PENSION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

(1 of 6)

	-	2019	 2018		2017	_	2016	-	2015	-	2014
A. Total pension liability											
Service cost	\$	434,021	\$ 517,492	\$	561,127	\$	550,317	\$	696,010	\$	802,841
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		22,902,534	23,006,008		23,599,906		23,368,984		22,826,090		22,844,850
Changes of benefit terms											
Difference between expected and actual experience											
of the Total Pension Liability		6,629,821	(98,273)		(5,783,927)		1,233,114		(2,386,467)		
Changes of assumptions					(1,790,318)		(4,978,421)		(8,277,796)		
Benefit payments, including refunds											
of employee contributions	-	(24,988,877)	(24,326,796)		(23,804,824)	_	(24,053,360)	-	(24,067,694)	_	(23,747,994)
Net change in total pension liability		4,977,499	(901,569)		(7,218,036)		(3,879,366)		(11,209,857)		(100,303)
Total pension liability - beginning	-	301,728,442	 302,630,011		309,848,047	-	313,727,413	-	324,937,270	-	325,037,573
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	306,705,941	\$ 301,728,442	\$	302,630,011	\$	309,848,047	\$_	313,727,413	\$	324,937,270
B. Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	\$	21,569,803	\$ 22,568,319	\$	21,403,849	\$	21,316,456	\$	21,994,344	\$	21,994,344
Contributions - employee		201,448	240,058		279,548		257,734		336,937		368,575
Net investment income (loss)		4,016,741	5,322,330		5,803,466		(2,072,781)		2,983,286		9,690,430
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(24,988,877)	(24,326,796)		(23,804,824)		(24,053,360)		(24,067,694)		(23,747,994)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(73,636)	(293,500)		(65,569)		(598,630)		(451,177)		(629,880)
Other	-				1_	_		-	429,963	_	381,765
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		725,479	3,510,411		3,616,471		(5,150,581)		1,225,659		8,057,240
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	69,844,258	66,333,847	-	62,717,376	-	67,867,957	-	66,642,298	_	58,585,058
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-	70,569,737	 69,844,258		66,333,847	-	62,717,376	-	67,867,957	-	66,642,298
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	236,136,204	\$ 231,884,184	\$	236,296,164	\$	247,130,671	\$_	245,859,456	\$_	258,294,972
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		23.01%	23.15%		21.92%		20.24%		21.63%		20.51%
E. Covered payroll	\$	2,043,982	\$ 2,403,064	\$	2,697,374	\$	2,663,974	\$	2,940,734	\$	2,905,865
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		11552.75%	9649.52%		8760.23%		9276.77%		8360.48%		8888.75%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

(2 of 6)

		2018	-	2017		2016	. <u>-</u>	2015	_	2014
A. Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	2,449,869	\$	2,350,820	\$	2,362,034	\$	2,346,927	\$	2,376,369
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	•	10,473,985	Ψ	10,359,681	*	10,231,218	Ψ	9,977,843	Ψ	9,687,460
Changes of benefit terms		,,		, ,		,,		2,581,501		-,,
Difference between expected and actual experience		(494,724)		468,058		(1,706,718)		_,,		
Changes of assumptions		(, , ,		7,489,555		(, , , ,		(2,865,321)		233,636
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(9,149,144)		(9,287,558)		(9,048,633)		(8,291,699)		(8,530,234)
Net change in total pension liability		3,279,986	-	11,380,556	-	1,837,901	_	3,749,251	_	3,767,231
Total pension liability - beginning		152,978,001	_	141,597,445		139,759,544		136,010,293	_	132,243,062
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	156,257,987	\$	152,978,001	\$	141,597,445	\$	139,759,544	\$_	136,010,293
B. Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	2,161,301	\$	2,342,837	\$	2,403,173	\$	2,479,865	\$	2,276,531
Contributions - employee		812,598		836,339		847,508		488,592		478,002
Net investment income		10,452,584		14,401,043		30,596		3,119,891		18,017,830
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(9,149,144)		(9,287,558)		(9,048,633)		(8,291,699)		(8,530,234)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(139,150)		(136,055)		(193,515)		(124,435)		(112,827)
Other		(57,545)	_	254,209		28,596		176,372	_	7,388
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,080,644		8,410,815		(5,932,275)		(2,151,414)		12,136,690
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		135,607,447	_	127,196,632		133,128,907		135,280,321	_	123,143,631
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		139,688,091	-	135,607,447		127,196,632		133,128,907	_	135,280,321
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	16,569,896	\$	17,370,554	\$	14,400,813	\$_	6,630,637	\$_	729,972
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		89.40%		88.65%		89.83%		95.26%		99.46%
E. Covered payroll	\$	24,696,262	\$	24,260,270	\$	24,225,987	\$	24,170,205	\$	23,528,405
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		67.09%		71.60%		59.44%		27.43%		3.10%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - POLICE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

(3 of 6)

	_	2018	. <u> </u>	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
A. Total pension liability										
Service Cost	\$	2,148,101	\$	2,014,684	\$	1,964,581	\$	1,375,751	\$	1,316,743
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	•	3,498,259	•	3,011,196	•	2,735,086	*	2,278,196	•	2,112,199
Changes of benefit terms		, ,		, ,				2,566,626		
Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability		(648,949)		3,152,114		(61,897)		,,-		
Changes of assumptions		,		2,582,739		, ,		386,791		(648,637)
Benefit payments, including refunds										, ,
of employee contributions		(1,061,625)		(941,558)		(1,021,160)		(598,672)		(594,343)
Net change in total pension liability	_	3,935,786		9,819,175		3,616,610		6,008,692		2,185,962
Total pension liability - beginning	_	49,431,890	_	39,612,715	_	35,996,105	_	29,987,413	_	27,801,451
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	53,367,676	\$_	49,431,890	\$_	39,612,715	\$_	35,996,105	\$_	29,987,413
B. Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	1,199,854	\$	1,040,242	\$	1,109,071	\$	857,531	\$	687,959
Contributions - employee		1,057,127		1,099,252		1,087,172		641,751		619,646
Net investment income (loss)		3,212,740		4,095,964		(11,700)		763,454		4,119,654
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,061,625)		(941,558)		(1,021,160)		(598,672)		(594,343)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(42,770)		(38,697)		(31,476)		(30,599)		(25,797)
Other	_	2	_	(394,850)	_	(2)		13,001		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,365,328		4,860,353		1,131,905		1,646,466		4,807,119
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	38,569,650	_	33,709,297	_	32,577,392	_	30,930,926	_	26,123,807
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	42,934,978	_	38,569,650	_	33,709,297	_	32,577,392	_	30,930,926
C. Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$_	10,432,698	\$_	10,862,240	\$_	5,903,418	\$_	3,418,713	\$_	(943,513)
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.45%		78.03%		85.10%		90.50%		103.15%
E. Covered payroll	\$	10,571,361	\$	10,872,555	\$	10,494,555	\$	8,021,870	\$	7,745,546
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		98.69%		99.91%		56.25%		42.62%		-12.18%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - FIRE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

(4 of 6)

	_	2018	_	2017	2016	_	2015	2014
A. Total pension liability								
Service Cost	\$	2,942,326	\$	2,469,994 \$	2,326,126	\$	2,143,259 \$	2,109,017
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	·	4,470,059	·	4,169,635	3,925,426	·	3,436,541	3,126,099
Changes of benefit terms							1,629,797	
Difference between expected and actual experience of the Total Pension Liability	/	181,502		(928,566)	(2,398,843)		(249,261)	
Changes of assumptions				3,052,432	,		,	(649,235)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(720,365)		(753,251)	(583,801)	_	(482,813)	(444,721)
Net change in total pension liability		6,873,522		8,010,244	3,268,908		6,477,523	4,141,160
Total pension liability - beginning	_	62,747,004	_	54,736,760	51,467,852	_	44,990,329	40,849,169
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	69,620,526	\$_	62,747,004 \$	54,736,760	\$_	51,467,852 \$	44,990,329
B. Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	792,107	\$	971,858 \$	991,610	\$	1,226,727 \$	1,006,080
Contributions - employee		1,406,154		1,300,194	1,189,766		943,698	933,528
Net investment income (loss)		5,312,666		6,811,465	(19,290)		1,266,662	6,811,997
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(720,365)		(753,251)	(583,801)		(482,813)	(444,721)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(70,725)		(64,352)	(51,895)		(50,779)	(42,657)
Other	_	138,343	_	297,336	786	_	830	727
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		6,858,180		8,563,250	1,527,176		2,904,325	8,264,954
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	64,140,159	_	55,576,909	54,049,733	_	51,145,398	42,880,444
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	70,998,339	_	64,140,159	55,576,909	_	54,049,723	51,145,398
C. Net pension asset - ending (a) - (b)	\$_	(1,377,813)	\$_	(1,393,155) \$	(840,149)	\$_	(2,581,871) \$	(6,155,069)
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		101.98%		102.22%	101.53%		105.02%	113.68%
E. Covered payroll	\$	14,044,515	\$	12,959,047 \$	12,165,930	\$	11,750,323 \$	11,626,334
F. Net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll		-9.81%		-10.75%	-6.91%		-21.97%	-52.94%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - TEACHERS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

(5 of 6)

	_	2018		2017	2016		2015	_	2014	
City's proportion of the net pension liability		4.52%		4.51%		4.63%		4.51%		4.52%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	143,161,570	\$	142,133,353	\$	138,136,783	\$	124,172,981	\$	109,977,503
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the										
school district	_	106,788,248		107,418,666	-	94,603,413	•	84,831,083	-	75,416,640
Total	\$ _	249,949,818	\$	249,552,019	\$	232,740,196	\$	209,004,064	\$ _	185,394,143
City's covered payroll	\$	83,700,855	\$	81,199,212	\$	79,238,665	\$	71,583,452	\$	66,347,524
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		171.04%		175.04%		174.33%		173.47%		165.76%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		54.30%		54.00%		54.06%		57.55%		61.40%

Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER'S SURVIVOR BENEFIT COST - SHARING PLAN LAST FIVE YEARS*

(6 of 6)

	_	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension asset		16.44%	16.59%	16.33%	15.92%	16.15%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$_	(14,668,001) \$	(13,726,036) \$	(16,261,491) \$	(14,863,013) \$	(20,076,310)
City's covered payroll	\$	83,700,855 \$	81,199,212 \$	79,238,665 \$	71,583,452 \$	66,347,524
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		17.52%	16.90%	20.52%	20.76%	30.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset		136.10%	136.10%	153.30%	146.60%	173.30%

Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS **CRANSTON RETIREMENT SYSTEM - POLICE AND FIRE PENSION LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS***

(1 of 6)

	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 21,569,803 \$	22,568,319 \$	21,403,849 \$	21,316,456 \$	21,353,591 \$	21,006,057
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 21,569,803	22,568,319	21,403,849	21,316,456	22,376,110	22,376,109
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ \$	\$_	\$	\$	(1,022,519) \$	(1,370,052)
Covered payroll	\$ 2,043,982 \$	2,403,064 \$	2,697,374 \$	2,663,974 \$	2,940,734 \$	2,905,865
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1055.28%	939.15%	793.51%	800.18%	760.90%	770.03%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: July 1, 2018 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal Amortization method Level dollar basis,

Court approved plan: Closed 28-year period beginning with the July 1, 2013 valuation. Opted out of Court approved plan: Closed 23-year period

Remaining amortization period

beginning with the July 1, 2013 valuation

Asset valuation method

Market value of assets

Inflation Salary increases 2.75%

Investment rate of return

3%

Cost of living adjustments

7.90%

Eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment-for valuation purposes, a 2.75% cost of

living adjustments is assumed.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

(2 of 6)

	_	2019	_	2018	_	2017	 2016		2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,161,301	\$	2,342,837	\$	2,403,173	\$ 2,479,865	\$	2,276,531
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	2,161,301		2,342,837	_	2,403,173	 2,479,865		2,276,531
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$ -	\$_	
Covered payroll	\$	24,696,262	\$	24,260,270	\$	24,225,987	\$ 24,170,205	\$	23,528,405
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.75%		9.66%		9.92%	10.26%		9.68%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

June 30, 2017 Valuation date: Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

2.75% Inflation

General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50% Salary Increases

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return

7.50%

Retirement age

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.

Mortality

Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - POLICE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

(3 of 6)

	_	2019	_	2018	. <u> </u>	2017		2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,199,854	\$	1,040,242	\$	1,109,071	\$	857,531 \$	687,959
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	1,199,854	_	1,040,242	_	1,109,071		857,531	687,959
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_		\$_		\$_		\$_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Covered payroll	\$	10,571,361	\$	10,872,555	\$	10,494,555	\$	8,021,870 \$	7,745,546
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.35%		9.57%		10.57%		10.69%	8.88%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2017 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years

5-year smoothed market Asset valuation method

2.75% Inflation

General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50% Salary Increases

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age

Mortality

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.

Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS
MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - FIRE
LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

(4 of 6)

	_	2019	· <u>-</u>	2018	· <u>-</u>	2017	· <u>-</u>	2016	_	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	792,107	\$	971,858	\$	991,610	\$	1,226,727	\$	1,006,080
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	792,107		971,858	_	991,610	_	1,226,727	_	1,006,080
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_		\$_		\$_	-
Covered payroll	\$	14,044,515	\$	12,959,047	\$	12,165,930	\$	11,750,323	\$	11,626,334
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		5.64%		7.50%		8.15%		10.44%		8.65%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2017 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%

Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.

Mortality

Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - TEACHERS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

(5 of 6)

	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	11,610,057 \$	11,072,615 \$	10,443,656 \$	8,928,408 \$	8,897,203
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	11,610,057	11,072,615	10,443,656	8,928,408	8,897,203
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	83,700,855 \$	81,199,212 \$	79,238,665 \$	65,343,396 \$	75,293,840
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.87%	13.64%	13.18%	13.66%	11.82%

Notes:

1) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2017 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Teachers - 3.0% to 13.0%

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Mortality Males: PR-2014 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' SURVIVOR BENEFIT COST-SHARING PLAN LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

(6 of 6)

	_	2019	 2018	_	2017	 2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	122,291	\$ 122,140	\$	104,893	\$ 96,065 \$	98,373
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	-	122,291	 122,140	_	104,893	 96,065	98,373
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _		\$ 	\$_		\$ \$	
Covered payroll	\$	83,700,855	\$ 81,199,212	\$	79,238,665	\$ 65,343,396 \$	75,293,840
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.15%	0.15%		0.13%	0.15%	0.13%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes:

1) Employers participating in the Teachers" Survivor Benefit Plan contribute at a rate established by RI General Laws, Section 16-16-35.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2017 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal-the individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodology is used

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.0% to 13.0%

Investment rate of return 7.00%

Mortality Male Employees, RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

Female Employees, RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

Cost of Living Adjustment Eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment - for valuation purposes, a 2.50% cost of living

adjustment is assumed.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
CITY OF CRANSTON PUBLIC SAFETY OPEB TRUST FUND
LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS*

(1 of 2)

	_	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	954,238 \$	930,661 \$	890,585
Interest on the total OPEB liability		3,776,605	3,867,250	3,830,040
Differences between expected and actual experience		(5,576,847)	(1,729,986)	
Benefit payments		(4,378,012)	(4,104,990)	(4,467,496)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(5,224,016)	(1,037,065)	253,129
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	48,998,289	50,035,354	49,782,225
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ __	43,774,273 \$	48,998,289 \$	50,035,354
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	\$	4,426,721 \$	5,108,840 \$	5,055,716
Contributions - retired members	•	385,781	368,718	362,505
Net investment income		410,584	316,629	174,087
Benefit payments		(4,378,012)	(4,104,989)	(4,467,496)
OPEB Plan Administrative Expense		(23,396)	(19,792)	(17,471)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		821,678	1,669,406	1,107,341
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	7,801,259	6,131,853	5,024,512
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	8,622,937	7,801,259	6,131,853
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$_	35,151,336 \$	41,197,030 \$	43,903,501
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		19.70%	15.92%	12.26%
Covered payroll	\$	24,825,724 \$	24,041,185 \$	23,228,198
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-141.59%	-171.36%	189.01%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CRANSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS*

(2 of 2)

		2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	570.694 \$	546,119 \$	538,422
Interest on the total OPEB liability	·	400,456	380,630	363,147
Changes of assumptions		,	,	•
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,327,983	172,483	
Benefit payments		(662,755)	(542,485)	(357,642)
Net change in total OPEB liability		3,636,378	556,747	543,927
Total OPEB liability - beginning		10,295,914	9,739,167	9,195,240
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	13,932,292 \$	10.295.914 \$	9,739,167
, ,	·		,	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	\$	449,828 \$	868,198 \$	512,786
Contributions - retired members				
Net investment income		43,177	37,929	49,267
Benefit payments		(449,828)	(368, 198)	(512,786)
OPEB Plan Administrative Expense		(1,530)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		41,647	537,929	49,267
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		605,073	67,144	17,877
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		646,720	605,073	67,144
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	13,285,572 \$	9,690,841 \$	9,672,023
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		4.64%	5.88%	0.69%
Covered payroll	\$	86,830,931 \$	83,894,619 \$	82,578,112
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		15.30%	11.55%	11.71%

^{*}Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS CITY OF CRANSTON PUBLIC SAFETY OPEB TRUST FUND LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS*

(1 of 2)

	-	2019	_	2018	_	2017
Actuarially determined contribution (1)	\$	4,426,721	\$	5,108,840	\$	5,055,716
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	-	4,426,721	_	5,108,840	_	5,055,716
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	_	\$_		\$_	
Covered payroll	\$	24,825,724	\$	24,041,185	\$	23,228,198
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.83%		21.25%		21.77%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2019 Measurement date: June 30, 2019

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

⁽¹⁾ Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS CRANSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS*

(2 of 2)

	-	2019	2018	2017
Actuarially determined contribution (1)	\$	449,828 \$	868,198 \$	512,786
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	-	449,828	868,198	512,786
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	\$	<u> </u>	
Covered payroll	\$	86,830,931 \$	83,894,619 \$	82,578,112
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.52%	1.03%	0.62%

(1) Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

Valuation date: July 1, 2017 Measurement date: June 30, 2018

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY INVESTMENT RETURNS CITY OF CRANSTON PUBLIC SAFETY OPEB TRUST FUND LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS*

(1 of 2)

	2019	2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
net of investment expense	5.92%	6.15%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CRANSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS INVESTMENT RETURNS CRANSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS*

(2 of 2)

	2019	2018
Annual money-weighted rate of return,		
net of investment expense	7.14%	6.47%

^{*} Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Supplemental, Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues from specific taxes and other earmarked revenue sources which by law are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government and which, therefore, cannot be diverted to other uses.

Education - This fund accounts for education programs financed with grants from private parties and the federal and state government, which are restricted as governed by the grant agreements.

Community Services - These funds account for various grants and donations that are used throughout the City for the general betterment of the City. Included in this category are the following funds:

- **Flood Mitigation** This fund was established to help mitigate flooding in low lying areas throughout the City.
- UDAG This fund accounts for the repayment of principal and interest payments from commercial loans funded by a grant from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- Economic Development Revolving Loan This fund accounts for the repayment of principal and interest payments from commercial loans funded by a grant from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- **Public Libraries** -This fund is used to account for gifts, bequests and grants received by the library for the betterment of the public library system.

Public Services -These funds account for public safety activities financed by grants, donations and charges received from private parties and federal and state agencies. This category includes the following funds:

Emergency Management

Harbor Master

Fire Revolving Loan Fund

Special Duty Fire

Animal Shelter

Police Grants/Donations

Police Federal Forfeiture-Justice

Police Evidence

Police State Seizure

Police Federal Forfeiture-Treasury

Training Academy

Special Duty Police

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Senior Services -The following funds were established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for specific activities sponsored by the Senior Citizens Center:

RSVP

Multipurpose Center Adult Day Care

Senior Service Special Project

Cranston Senior Games

Governmental Special Revenue - This fund accounts for special grants and non-capital projects and includes the following funds:

Connetta Park

Parks and Recreation

Inaugural Committee

Capital Facilities Development Impact Fees

Cemetery Trust

Historical Records

Community Development Block Grant -This fund accounts for Federal Community Development Block Grants.

WIA Job Development -This fund is a joint venture with the City of Providence to help unemployed and underemployed individuals.

Capital Project Funds

The Capital Project Funds account for all resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of capital facilities by the City, except for those financed by the Enterprise Funds.

Police and Fire Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements to police and fire stations and for the acquisition of police and fire equipment.

Public Building Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements of City buildings and the acquisition of equipment for City Hall.

Recreation Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements of the City's recreation facilities and for the acquisition of open space.

Highway Bond Fund - This fund accounts for construction and improvements to roads and highways within the City.

Storm Drains Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the installation and repair of storm drains within the City.

Neighborhood Infrastructure Bond Fund - This fund accounts for neighborhood improvement projects.

Open Space Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the acquisition of open space.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds							
	_	Education	Community Services	Public Service	Senior Services	Governmental Special Revenue Funds	Community Development Block Grant	WIOA Job Development	
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	1,046,826 \$	1,473,844 \$	601,017 \$	135,569 \$	1,387,554 \$	\$	4,353	
Intergovernmental Loans		1,127,895	609,366				2,170,300		
Other Security deposits Due from:		10,249 9,249	000,000	549,459			2,170,000		
Other funds	_	54,406	2,280	8,138					
Total Assets	\$ ₌	2,248,625 \$	2,085,490	\$1,158,614\$	135,569	1,387,554	2,170,300	\$	
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	294,141 \$	23,814		638	90,362		,	
Accrued payroll				95,080			4,954	6,283	
Due to other funds		1,026,507	5,000	236,791	30		24,651	148,585	
Unearned revenues	_	888,796	609,366				2,170,300		
Total liabilities	_	2,209,444	638,180	352,491	668	90,362	2,199,905	156,024	
Fund Balances:									
Restricted		9,691	1,447,310	806,123	134,901	1,297,192			
Committed		29,490							
Unassigned							(29,605)	(151,671)	
Total fund balances	_	39,181	1,447,310	806,123	134,901	1,297,192	(29,605)	(151,671)	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	2,248,625 \$	2,085,490	\$1,158,614\$	135,569	1,387,554	2,170,300	\$ 4,353	

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

	Capital Project Funds								
	Police and Fire Bond Fund	Public Building Bond Fund	Recreation Bond Fund	Highway Bond Fund	Storm Drains Bond Fund	Library Bond Fund	Neighborhood Infrastructure Bond Fund	Open Space Bond Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Intergovernmental Loans Other Security deposits Due from: Other funds	\$ 357,438 \$	120,173 \$	595,629 \$	789,588 \$	213,624 \$	52,595 \$	290,628 \$	123,366	\$ 7,192,204 1,127,895 2,779,666 559,708 9,249 64,824
Total Assets	\$ 357,438	\$ 120,173	595,629	\$ <u>789,588</u> \$	<u>213,624</u> \$	52,595 \$	290,628 \$	123,366	\$ 11,733,546
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Unearned revenues	\$ 196,791	\$ 78,100 \$	\$	\$ 1,696,533 \$ 1,505,212	39,993 \$	\$	\$	i	\$ 2,442,148 106,317 2,946,776 3,668,462
Total liabilities	196,791	78,100		3,201,745	39,993			-	9,163,703
Fund Balances: Restricted Committed	160,647	42,073	595,629		173,631	52,595	290,628	123,366	5,133,786 29,490
Unassigned				(2,412,157)					(2,593,433)
Total fund balances	160,647	42,073	595,629	(2,412,157)	173,631	52,595	290,628	123,366	2,569,843
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 357,438	\$ <u>120,173</u> \$	595,629	789,588 \$	<u>213,624</u> \$	52,595 \$	290,628 \$	123,366	\$ 11,733,546

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds								
	_	Education	Community Services	Public Service	Senior Services	Governmental Special Revenue Funds	Community Development Block Grant	WIOA Job Development		
Revenues:										
Intergovernmental	\$	9,233,447 \$	\$	65,608 \$	\$	\$	1,020,835	\$ 493,306		
Charges for services				2,450,901	78,455	226,276				
Investment income			19,148	982	279	12,360	406,601	51		
Other			41,332	213,608						
Total revenues	_	9,233,447	60,480	2,731,099	78,734	238,636	1,427,436	493,357		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government			9,297			214,086		439,818		
Public safety				2,485,532		23,760				
Education		9,099,058								
Parks and recreation						4,800				
Public libraries			112,583			130,570				
Senior services					84,460					
Community development							1,428,317			
Debt service:										
Interest and other costs										
Capital:										
Capital expenditures	_									
Total expenditures	-	9,099,058	121,880	2,485,532	84,460	373,216	1,428,317	439,818		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over										
Expenditures	_	134,389	(61,400)	245,567	(5,726)	(134,580)	(881)	53,539		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Issuance of general obligation bond										
Bond premium										
Transfer out	_	(188,104)								
Net other financing sources (uses)	-	(188,104)	- -	- -	- -	<u>-</u>		-		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(53,715)	(61,400)	245,567	(5,726)	(134,580)	(881)	53,539		
Fund Balances - July 1, 2018	_	92,896	1,508,710	560,556	140,627	1,431,772	(28,724)	(205,210)		
Fund Balances - June 30, 2019	\$ <u></u>	39,181 \$	1,447,310 \$	806,123 \$	134,901 \$	1,297,192	(29,605)	\$ (151,671)		

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Capital Projects Fund								
	Police and Fire Bond Fund	Public Building Bond Fund	Recreation Bond Fund	Highway Bond Fund	Storm Drains Bond Fund	Library Bond Fund	Neighborhood Infrastructure Bond Fund	Open Space Bond Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other	\$	\$ \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 47	\$	10,813,196 2,755,632 439,468 254,940
Total revenues	-	-					47		14,263,236
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Education Parks and recreation Public libraries Senior services Community development Debt service: Interest and other costs	99.941	30,276	E1 E40	624,317		6.817	2,711		663,201 2,509,292 9,099,058 4,800 243,153 84,460 1,428,317 815,602
Capital:	99,941	30,276	51,540	624,317		6,817	2,711		815,602
Capital expenditures	2,685,101	580,219	403,383	4,593,823	177,320	234,239	664,988	2,498	9,341,571
Total expenditures	2,785,042	610,495	454,923	5,218,140	177,320	241,056	667,699	2,498	24,189,454
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,785,042)	(610,495)	(454,923)	(5,218,140)	(177,320)	(241,056)	(667,652)	(2,498)	(9,926,218)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of general obligation bond Bond premium Transfer out Net other financing sources (uses)	629,250 476,101 1,105,351	54,005	470,696 258,526 729,222	3,723,134 1,247,757 4,970,891		18,362	246,920 32,391 279,311		5,070,000 2,087,142 (188,104) 6,969,038
rect other initiationing sources (dises)	1,100,001	04,000	120,222	4,570,051		10,002	273,011		0,303,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,679,691)	(556,490)	274,299	(247,249)	(177,320)	(222,694)	(388,341)	(2,498)	(2,957,180)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2018	1,840,338	598,563	321,330	(2,164,908)	350,951	275,289	678,969	125,864	5,527,023
Fund Balances - June 30, 2019	\$ 160,647	\$ 42,073	595,629	(2,412,157)	173,631	52,595	290,628	123,366	2,569,843

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NONMAJOR BUDGETARY FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

	_	Originally Adopted Budget		Final Approved Budget	. <u>-</u>	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	 Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:							
Program income	\$	160,000	\$	160,000	\$	406,601	\$ 246,601
Federal grants		1,306,700		1,306,700		1,020,835	(285,865)
Total revenues	_	1,466,700	_	1,466,700		1,427,436	(39,264)
Expenditures: Current:							
Program activities	_	1,466,700	_	1,466,700		1,428,317	 38,383
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$_		\$ <u></u>		\$	(881)	\$ (881)

WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACT

	_	Originally Adopted Budget	. <u>-</u>	Final Approved Budget	 Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:						
Program income	\$	587,650	\$	587,650	\$ 493,306	\$ (94,344)
Investment income					51	51
Total revenues	_	587,650	-	587,650	 493,357	(94,293)
Expenditures: Current:						
Program activities	-	587,650		587,650	 439,818	147,832
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	\$_	_	\$	-	\$ 53,539	\$ 53,539

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise or where the City has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, management control, accountability, public policy or other purposes.

The following is a list of Nonmajor enterprise funds in this section:

School Lunch Fund - This fund accounts for the school lunch program.

Charter School - This fund accounts for the New England Laborers / Cranston Public Schools Construction & Career Academy.

	Business-Type Activities				
	School Lunch	Charter School	Totals		
Assets					
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ Prepaid expenses Inventory	1,128,723 64,189	\$ 768,768 45,108	\$ 1,897,491 45,108 64,189		
Receivables: Due from other funds Intergovernmental Total current assets	145,669 1,338,581	12,698 909 827,483	12,698 146,578 2,166,064		
Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset		193,440	193,440		
Subtotal noncurrent assets	-	193,440	193,440		
Capital Assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	543,408	39,288	582,696		
Total noncurrent assets	543,408	232,728	776,136		
Total assets	1,881,989	1,060,211	2,942,200		
Deferred Outflow of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	1,881,989	475,381 41,475 516,856 1,577,067	475,381 41,475 516,856 3,459,056		
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Compensated absences Unearned revenue Total current liabilities	616,616 42,874 659,490	5,844 36,315 17,213 59,372	622,460 36,315 60,087 718,862		
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities		179,552 1,946,231 2,125,783	179,552 1,946,231 2,125,783		
Total liabilities	659,490	2,185,155	2,844,645		
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources		130,148 689 130,837	130,148 689 130,837		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	659,490	2,315,992	2,975,482		
Net Position: Net Investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	543,408 679,091	39,288 (778,213)	582,696 (99,122)		
Total net position	1,222,499	(738,925)	483,574		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position \$	1,881,989	\$1,577,067	\$ 3,459,056		

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Business-Type Activities							
		School Lunch	<u> </u>	Charter School	. <u> </u>	Totals			
Operating Revenues:									
Charges for usage and service	\$	1,050,764	\$		\$	1,050,764			
Intergovernmental		2,666,408				2,666,408			
Tuition				2,538,588		2,538,588			
On-behalf pension contribution				137,640		137,640			
Miscellaneous		28,773				28,773			
Total operating revenues	_	3,745,945	_	2,676,228	_	6,422,173			
Operating Expenses:									
Operations		3,555,654		904,672		4,460,326			
Personnel		64,808		2,073,559		2,138,367			
Depreciation		56,598		9,181		65,779			
Total operating expenses	_	3,677,060	_	2,987,412	_	6,664,472			
Operating Loss	_	68,885	. <u> </u>	(311,184)		(242,299)			
Nonoperating Revenues:									
Investment income		32		5,417		5,449			
Grant income				89,207		89,207			
Total nonoperating revenues		32	_	94,624	_	94,656			
Change in Net Position		68,917		(216,560)		(147,643)			
Net Position - July 1, 2018		1,153,582	_	(522,365)	_	631,217			
Net Position - June 30, 2019	\$	1,222,499	\$_	(738,925)	\$_	483,574			

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Business-Type Activities					
	_	School Lunch	_	Charter School		Totals	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:							
Cash received from customers	\$	3,822,183	\$	2,707,480	\$	6,529,663	
Cash paid to suppliers	•	2,022,000	*	(978,816)	*	(978,816)	
Cash paid to employees		(64,808)		(1,776,231)		(1,841,039)	
Cash paid for other operating expenses		(3,279,671)		, , ,		(3,279,671)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	477,704	_	(47,567)	_	430,137	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:							
Non-operating grant				88,299		88,299	
Advances from interfund loans				164,951		164,951	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		5	_	253,250	_	253,250	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:							
Acquisition of capital assets		(462,047)		-		(462,047)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(462,047)				(462,047)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:							
Income from investments		32		5,417		5,449	
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	32	_	5,417		5,449	
Net Increase in Cash		15,689		211,100		226,789	
Cash - July 1, 2018 (Including Restricted Cash)		1,113,034	_	557,668		1,670,702	
Cash - June 30, 2019 (Including Restricted Cash)	\$	1,128,723	\$	768,768	\$	1,897,491	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash							
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	68,885	\$	(311,184)	\$	(242,299)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash							
provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation		56,598		9,181		65,779	
Increase in net pension asset				2,338		2,338	
Increase in deferred outflows related to pension plans Decrease in deferred inflows related to pension plans				59,981 (30,721)		59,981	
Increase in deferred outflows related to OPEB plans				(39,673)		(30,721) (39,673)	
Decrease in deferred inflows related to OPEB plans				(39,073)		(39,073)	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		11,788		172,972		184,760	
Increase in prepaid expenses		11,700		(20,804)		(20,804)	
Increase in inventory		(7,147)		(20,001)		(7,147)	
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		54,368				54,368	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		283,130		(53,340)		229,790	
Increase in compensated absences				(2,628)		(2,628)	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB				48,373		48,373	
Increase in unearned revenue		10,082		(4,080)		6,002	
Increase in net pension liability				122,005		122,005	
Net Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	477,704	\$	(47,567)	\$	430,137	



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

School Department Internal Service Fund -This fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the School Departments medical self-insurance plan.

City Internal Service Fund -This fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the City's self-insurance plans for medical, workers compensation, property and casualty, unemployment and general liability claims.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

			overnmental Activities		
	-	School Department Internal Service Fund	City Internal Service Fund		Totals
Assets	•				
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$		\$ 940,356	\$;	940,356
Other		2,930			2,930
Claims deposit		3,950,456			3,950,456
Total current assets		3,953,386	940,356		4,893,742
			_		_
Noncurrent Assets:					
Advance deposits - medical		853,000			853,000
Total noncurrent assets		853,000	 		853,000
Total assets		4 000 000	040.050		F 740 740
Total assets		4,806,386	 940,356		5,746,742
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable			377,970		377,970
Due to other funds		3,650,673	1,632,903		5,283,576
Claims payable			770,448		770,448
Total current liabilities		3,650,673	2,781,321		6,431,994
Net Position:					
Unrestricted		1,155,713	(1,840,965)		(685,252)
5 ooii otaa	•	1,100,710	 (1,040,000)		(000,202)
Total Net Position	\$	1,155,713	\$ (1,840,965)	\$;	(685,252)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	GovernmentalActivities							
	School Department Internal Service Fund	·	City Internal Service Fund		Totals			
Operating Revenues:								
Charges for usage and service	\$ 25,370,712	\$	10,942,554	\$	36,313,266			
Miscellaneous			54,609	_	54,609			
Total operating revenues	25,370,712	ı	10,997,163	_	36,367,875			
Operating Expenses: Operations			785,068		785,068			
Claims			11,544,134		11,544,134			
Health care management	24,719,184			_	24,719,184			
Total operating expenses	24,719,184	ı	12,329,202	_	37,048,386			
Operating (Loss) Income	651,528		(1,332,039)		(680,511)			
Nonoperating Revenues: Investment income		·	1,271	_	1,271			
Change in Net Position	651,528		(1,330,768)		(679,240)			
Net Position - July 1, 2018	504,185	ı	(510,197)	_	(6,012)			
Net Position - June 30, 2019	\$ 1,155,713	\$	(1,840,965)	\$_	(685,252)			

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	_	School Department Internal Service Fund	G	overnmental Activities City Internal Service Fund		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:						
Cash received from customers	\$	25,379,952	\$	10,997,163	\$	36,377,115
Cash paid to employees	Ψ	20,070,002	Ψ	(260)	Ψ	(260)
Cash paid for claims		(25,756,478)		(11,340,853)		(37,097,331)
Cash paid for other operating expenses		(, , , ,		(684,731)		(684,731)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(376,526)		(1,028,681)	-	(1,405,207)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Change in interfund loans		376,526		972,347		1,348,873
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	376,526	,	972,347	-	1,348,873
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				4.074		4.074
Income from investments	_	<u>-</u>		1,271	-	1,271
Net Decrease in Cash		-		(55,063)		(55,063)
Cash - July 1, 2018 (Including Restricted Cash)	_		·	995,419	_	995,419
Cash - June 30, 2019 (Including Restricted Cash)	\$_		\$	940,356	\$	940,356
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash					-	
Cash Used in Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	651,528	\$	(1,332,039)	\$	(680,511)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		·		,		, ,
cash used in operating activities:						
Decrease in accounts receivable		9,240				9,240
Increase (Decrease) in claims deposits		(1,037,130)				(1,037,130)
Decrease in accounts payable		(164)		230,837		230,673
Decrease in accrued payroll				(260)		(260)
(Increase) decrease in claims payable	_	_		72,781	-	72,781
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$_	(376,526)	\$	(1,028,681)	\$_	(1,405,207)



Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Pension Trust Funds - A fiduciary fund type used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit contribution plans.

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund - This fund is used to account for postemployment benefits for public safety employees.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds - A fiduciary trust fund type used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in pension trust funds or investment trust funds, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds were established to function as clearing mechanisms for cash resources which are collected and disbursed to authorized recipients. The following is a list of Agency Funds included in this section:

Unclaimed Estates in Probate -This fund accounts for unclaimed estates that are currently in probate.

Performance Bonds -This fund accounts for deposits received by the City to ensure certain work is completed by various developers. Once the work has been completed to the satisfaction of the Planning Department, the refunds are returned to the developers.

Student Activity Funds - This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of school student activity programs.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Pension Trust	City OPEB Trust	School OPEB Trust		
		Fund	 Fund	 Fund		Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,389,456	\$ 1,321,349	\$	\$_	2,710,805
Investments:						
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		3,992,508				3,992,508
Real Estate Investment Trust				51,738		51,738
Common Stock		13,398,152		0.40 704		13,398,152
Pooled Equity Index Funds				342,761		342,761
Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds			1,740,209	252,221		252,221
International Equity Mutual Funds U.S. Equity Mutual Funds		28,629,476	2,822,111			1,740,209 31,451,587
Fixed Income Mutual Funds		23,280,445	2,022,111			25,307,982
Total investments	•	69,300,581	 6,589,857	 646,720	_	76,537,158
Contribution receivable			758,897			758,897
Contribution receivable	•		 		_	100,001
Total assets		70,690,037	 8,670,103	 646,720	_	80,006,860
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		300	47,166			47,466
Due to primary government		120,000	,			120,000
Total liabilities		120,300	 47,166	-	_	167,466
Net Position Restricted for Pensions and						
OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes	\$	70,569,737	\$ 8,622,937	\$ 646,720	\$	79,839,394

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	-	Pension Trust Fund	City OPEB Trust Fund	School OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Additions: Contributions:						
Employer contributions	\$	21,569,803 \$	4,426,721 \$		\$	25,996,524
Plan member contributions Other		201,448 57,856	385,781	477,896		1,065,125 57,856
Total contributions		21,829,107	4,812,502	477,896	_	27,119,505
Investment Income:		_				
Interest and dividends		1,432,910	159,437	43,177		1,635,524
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments	_	2,668,893	251,147		_	2,920,040
Total investment income	_	4,101,803	410,584	43,177	_	4,555,564
Total additions	_	25,930,910	5,223,086	521,073	_	31,675,069
Deductions:						
Benefits		24,988,876	4,378,012	477,896		29,844,784
Administrative expenses		216,555	23,396	1,530		241,481
Total deductions	_	25,205,431	4,401,408	479,426	_	30,086,265
Change in Net Position		725,479	821,678	41,647		1,588,804
Net Position - July 1, 2018	_	69,844,258	7,801,259	605,073	_	78,250,590
Net Position - June 30, 2019	\$_	70,569,737 \$	8,622,937 \$	646,720	\$_	79,839,394

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

•	OIX	 ILAN	LIADED	JOINE	. JU, ZU	IJ

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019
Unclaimed Estates in Probate Court				
ASSET Cash	\$ 96,852	\$ 78,147	\$ 274	\$ <u>174,725</u>
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ 96,852	\$ 78,147	\$ 274	\$ <u>174,725</u>
Performance Bonds				
ASSET Cash	\$ 284,280	\$ 11,188	\$ 18,239	\$ 277,229
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ 284,280	\$ 11,188	\$ 18,239	\$ 277,229
Student Activity Funds				
ASSET Cash	\$ 730,288	\$ <u>1,401,668</u>	\$ 1,332,491	\$ 799,465
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ 730,288	\$ <u>1,401,668</u>	\$ <u>1,332,491</u>	\$ <u>799,465</u>
<u>Totals</u>				
ASSET Cash	\$ <u>1,111,420</u>	\$ <u>1,491,003</u>	\$ <u>1,351,004</u>	\$ <u>1,251,419</u>
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$ <u>1,111,420</u>	\$ <u>1,491,003</u>	\$ <u>1,351,004</u>	\$ <u>1,251,419</u>



CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

<u> </u>	Property Taxes Receivable July 1, 2018	Current Year Assessment	Transfers Addendums (Net)	Abatements and Adjustments	Amount to be Collected	Collections Net of Refunds	Property Taxes Receivable June 30, 2019
2019	\$	\$ 188,499,042 \$;	\$ 437,584 \$	188,061,458 \$	186,142,420	\$ 1,919,038
2018	2,243,743		183,501	409,702	2,017,542	1,360,229	657,313
2017	901,490		145,135	17,379	1,029,246	286,229	743,017
2016	720,435		1,993	2,208	720,220	78,795	641,425
2015	808,293		1,070	1,715	807,648	60,768	746,880
2014	803,885		141	516	803,510	54,626	748,884
2013	808,049			2,008	806,041	38,173	767,868
2012	802,577			3,359	799,218	24,251	774,967
2011	905,505		839	317	906,027	27,887	878,140
2010	527,816			506,873	20,943	20,943	
Subtotal	8,521,793	\$ 188,499,042 \$	332,679	\$ <u>1,381,661</u> \$	195,971,853 \$	188,094,321	7,877,532
Less estimated allowance for uncollectable accounts	2,085,000						2,166,000
Net property taxes receivable	\$6,436,793						\$ 5,711,532

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Collections

<u>Y</u> ear	_	July - August 2018 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY18 Accrual	- -	September - June 2019 Collections	 Total FY 2019 Collections	July - August 2019 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY19 Accrual
2019	\$		\$	186,142,420	\$ 186,142,420	\$ 598,593
2018		608,632		751,597	1,360,229	49,024
2017		61,177		225,052	286,229	19,892
2016		27,905		50,890	78,795	11,882
2015		14,743		46,025	60,768	6,200
2014		9,329		45,297	54,626	4,787
2013		9,812		28,361	38,173	2,372
2012		2,532		21,719	24,251	3,265
2011		3,963		23,924	27,887	3,304
2010 2009		1,170		19,773	20,943	
Total	\$	739,263	\$	187,355,058	\$ 188,094,321	\$ 699,319

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Sche	edule of Net Assessed Property Value by Ca Assessed December 31, 2018	Reconciliation of Current Year Property Tax Revenue							
Description of Property		aluations	Levy	Current year collections	\$ 188,094,321				
Real property Motor vehicle Tangible property		480,696,700 \$ 489,018,348 339,223,772	161,833,773 16,396,277 10,268,992	Revenue received 60 days subsequent to fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 Subtotal	699,319 188,793,640				
Total Exemptions and adjustments	•	308,938,820 336,429,202	188,499,042	Prior year revenue received in current year (2018 60 day rule)	(739,263)				
Net Assessed Value	\$ <u>7</u> ,	972,509,618 \$	188,499,042	Current Year Property Tax Revenue	\$ <u>188,054,377</u>				

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Land	Land Improvements	Infrastructure	Buildings	Vehicles	Office Furniture & Equipment	Machinery And Equipment	Total
General government	\$ 15,299,094	\$ 28,991,401	86,658,541	\$ 107,688,884	\$ 296,566	\$ 1,401,993	\$ 509,603	\$ 240,846,082
Public safety		60,000	17,602	459,423	13,035,986	1,229,810	6,918,405	21,721,226
Public works		11,035,368	98,686	401	5,511,233	34,093	1,179,860	17,859,641
Education				7,679,206	4,662,129	1,211,563	4,200	13,557,098
Parks and recreation		984,109	603,902	263,153	801,952	9,511	1,514,354	4,176,981
Public libraries				444,805	17,458	3,579,902	115,495	4,157,660
Senior services				65,505	494,844	65,363	104,531	730,243
Total	\$ 15,299,094	\$ 41,070,878	87,378,731	\$ 116,601,377	\$ 24,820,168	\$ 7,532,235	\$ 10,346,448	\$ 303,048,931

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Balance July 1, 2018		Additions	<u>.</u>	Retirements	_	Balance June 30, 2019
General government	\$	239,928,456	\$	951,056	\$	33,430	\$	240,846,082
Public safety		18,470,101		3,887,263		636,138		21,721,226
Public works		13,698,276		4,898,102		736,737		17,859,641
Education		9,673,828		4,010,470		127,200		13,557,098
Parks and recreation		3,672,919		596,232		92,170		4,176,981
Public libraries		3,712,883		444,777				4,157,660
Senior services	_	653,624	. <u>-</u>	90,899	. ,	14,280	_	730,243
Total Capital Assets	\$_	289,810,087	\$	14,878,799	\$	1,639,955	\$_	303,048,931



City of Cranston

Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>revenue</u>	Municipal	Education Department
Current Year Levy Tax Collection	\$ 186,620,937	\$ -
Last Year's Levy Tax Collection	920,697	-
Prior Years Property Tax Collection	508,873	_
Interest & Penalty	1,089,022	_
PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection	219,399	_
Other Local Property Taxes	-	_
Licenses and Permits	4,623,696	_
Fines and Forfeitures	687,759	_
Investment Income	757,904	_
Departmental	4,668,794	-
Rescue Run Revenue	4,285,081	-
Police & Fire Detail	2,667,635	-
Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues	1,188,088	-
Tuition	-	1,239,924
Impact Aid	-	-
Medicaid	-	1,416,687
Federal Stabilization Funds	-	-
Federal Food Service Reimbursement	-	2,666,408
CDBG	331,661	-
COPS Grants	-	-
SAFER Grants	-	-
Other Federal Aid Funds	-	7,996,588
MV Excise Tax Reimbursement	1,042,441	-
State PILOT Program	5,403,870	-
Distressed Community Relief Fund	1,233,378	-
Library Resource Aid	599,627	-
Library Construction Aid	-	-
Public Service Corporation Tax	1,020,662	-
Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax	1,992,379	-
LEA Aid	-	61,123,935
Group Home	-	-
Housing Aid Capital Projects	-	34,221
Housing Aid Bonded Debt	2,069,711	-
State Food Service Revenue	-	22,772
Incentive Aid	-	-
Property Revaluation Reimbursement	-	-
Other State Revenue	-	663,335
Motor Vehicle Phase Out	4,873,529	-
Other Revenue	970,083	1,717,792
Local Appropriation for Education	-	93,896,822
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-
Rounding	- -	
Total Revenue	\$ 227,775,225	\$ 170,778,484
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds	\$ -	\$ -
Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds	-	-
Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds	-	-
Financing Sources: Other	-	-
Rounding		
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ -	\$ -

City of Cranston Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	General Government	Finance	Social Services	Centralized IT	Planning	Libraries	Public Works	Parks and Rec	Police Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ 1,447,521	\$ 1,390,888	\$ 1,535,526	\$ 433,065	\$ 1,003,982	\$ 2,220,699	\$ 4,475,053	\$ 1,729,947	\$ 10,587,678
Compensation - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,206,549
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A	14,965	41,064	23,942	42,181	14,918	27,000	111,068	98,814	1,093,856
Overtime - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	124,654
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Police & Fire Detail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,124,935
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	205,967	208,983	317,220	76,490	206,557	249,365	861,135	281,547	2,150,523
Active Medical Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	244,698
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Active Dental insurance- Group A	10,840	10,999	16,696	4,026	10,871	13,124	45,323	14,818	113,014
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,879
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payroll Taxes	115,157	111,732	115,916	36,131	74,129	131,183	361,363	136,701	358,671
Life Insurance	3,539	4,420	4,984	1,238	3,055	6,336	15,915	4,169	53,926
State Defined Contribution- Group A	11,592	9,969	9,450	3,639	5,610	9,806	41,003	10,822	365,177
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,609
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group A	11,883	199,678	29,769	13,384	5,293	16,800	200,501	59,090	2,697,485
Other Benefits- Group B		-	-	-	-	-			
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	9,537,542
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B		-	-				-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	134,640	89,724	85,050	32,747	50,487	165,301	369,029	103,954	1,382,083
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	- /	-	-	-	-	92,042
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution		75,207	71,289	27,449	42,319		309,322	81,641	97,416
Purchased Services	1,291,350	68,277	48,721		9,407	_	354,254	79,407	470,971
Materials/Supplies	16,026	128,190	775,929	33,142	3,152	56,990	409,578	165,671	352,388
Software Licenses	· -			164,603			· -	· -	· -
Capital Outlays	_		24,053	54,891	_	43,668	_	-	383,729
Insurance	1,000,000	_	-	- ,	_	-	_	_	-
Maintenance	-	665	17,552	170,771	_	65,000	9,759	7,032	389,730
Vehicle Operations	_	_	54,201	-	7,950	2,000	588,553	37,592	243,942
Utilities	_	_	6,288	209,946	- ,	110,000	578,264	155,213	64,252
Contingency		_	-		_	,	-		
Street Lighting	_	_	_	_	_	_	678,206	_	_
Revaluation	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	_	_	_	_	_	_	766,100	_	_
Trash Removal & Recycling	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,628,758	_	_
Claims & Settlements	_	_	_	_	_	_	-,020,730	_	_
Community Support	3,836								
Other Operation Expenditures	1,843,726	60,277	76,602	2,011	90,249	464,010	143,570	788,616	1,678,707
Tipping Fees	1,043,720	00,277	70,002	2,011	30,243	404,010	662,491	700,010	1,070,707
Local Appropriation for Education							002,431		
Regional Appropriation for Education									
Supplemental Appropriation for Education		_				_	_	_	_
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education									
Other Education Appropriation	-		_	-	_	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Interest Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPEB Contribution- Total	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rounding				-	-				

 Total Expenditures
 \$ 6,111,042
 \$ 2,400,074
 \$ 3,213,187
 \$ 1,305,713
 \$ 1,527,979
 \$ 3,581,282
 \$ 15,609,246
 \$ 3,755,035
 \$ 35,838,457

City of Cranston Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>expenditures</u>	Fire Department	Centralized Dispatch	Public Safety Other	Education Appropriation	Debt	ОРЕВ	Total Municipal	Education Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ 13,473,263	\$ -	\$ 174,902	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,472,523	\$ 79,482,570
Compensation - Group B	808,427		-			· -	2,014,976	8,196,732
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,293,978
Compensation -Volunteer	- 126 695	-	1 105	-	-	-		-
Overtime- Group A Overtime - Group B	5,126,685 304,701	-	1,185	-	-	-	6,595,678 429,354	-
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	426,759
Police & Fire Detail	30,027	-	-	-	-	-	2,154,962	-
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	4,266,814	-	33,308	-	-	-	8,857,909	12,252,245
Active Medical Insurance- Group B	199,968	-	-	-	-	-	444,666	1,028,976
Active Medical Insurance- Group C Active Dental insurance- Group A	177,080		1,753	-			418,545	5,018,903 667,258
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	10,525	_	1,755	_	_	_	23,403	59,986
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	298,923
Payroll Taxes	376,299	-	12,895	-	-	-	1,830,178	2,590,038
Life Insurance	63,597	-	774	-	-	-	161,954	71,024
State Defined Contribution- Group A	437,763	-	1,025	-	-	-	905,856	1,807,118
State Defined Contribution - Group B State Defined Contribution - Group C	7,118			-		-	18,727	154,465 117,249
Other Benefits- Group A	4,156,332	_	_	_	_	_	7,390,214	635,993
Other Benefits- Group B		-	-	-	-	-		62,212
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	101,079
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	12,032,261	-	-	-	-	-	21,569,803	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	0.331	-	-	-	- 2 266 771	130,809
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	844,533 58,711		9,224 7,732	-			3,266,771 158,485	10,508,327 1,050,475
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	JO,/11 -		1,132				130,403	1,121,370
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	704,644	-
Purchased Services	1,301,449	-	-	-	-	-	3,623,836	19,474,368
Materials/Supplies	317,434	-	39,476	-	-	-	2,297,977	1,987,974
Software Licenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	164,603	483,701
Capital Outlays	200,000	-	-	-	-	-	706,341	2,767,980
Insurance Maintenance	235,981		161,762	-		-	1,000,000 1,058,251	858,080 1,176,563
Vehicle Operations	201,912	-	101,702	_	_	-	1,136,151	1,184,646
Utilities	1,109,755	-	-	-	-	-	2,233,718	2,451,727
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	-	678,206	-
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	766,100	-
Trash Removal & Recycling Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,628,758	-
Community Support	_	-	_	_	_	-	3,836	_
Other Operation Expenditures	856,046	-	1,000	-	-	-	6,004,814	239,455
Tipping Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	662,491	-
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	93,896,822	-	-	93,896,822	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education		-		-		-		-
Other Education Appropriation	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	6,924,600	-	6,924,600	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	2,446,661	-	2,446,661	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	769,400	-	769,400	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	611,665	-	611,665	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPEB Contribution- Total	-					4,426,721	4,426,721	- 477,896
Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	\$ 46,596,680	\$ -	\$ 445,035	\$ 93,896,822	\$ 10,752,326	\$ 4,426,721	\$ 229,459,598	\$ 172,178,878
		Financing Uses	: Transfer to Cap	ital Funds			\$ -	\$ -
		_	: Transfer to Oth				-	-
			: Payment to Bo	nd Escrow Agen	t		-	-
		Financing Uses Total Other Fin					\$ -	\$ -
		Total Other Fill	iancing oses				<u>-</u>	, -
		Net Change in	Fund Balance ¹				(1,684,373)	(1,400,394)
		Fund Balance1	- beginning of y	ear			\$21,064,396	\$6,400,189
		Funds removed	from Reportab	le Government S	Services (RGS)		-	-
			Reportable Go				-	-
		Prior period ad					-	-
		Misc. Adjustme						(2,305)
		Fund Balance	- beginning of y	ear adjusted			21,064,396	6,397,884
		Rounding						
		Fund Balance ¹	- end of year				\$ 19,380,023	\$ 4,997,490

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

City of Cranston

Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)
Combining Schedule of
Reportable Government Services with
Reconciliation to MTP2
Municipal
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements	Total	Total Other Financing	Total	Total Other Financing	Net Change in Fund	Beginning Fund Fund Balance	Prior Period	Restated Beginning Fund Balance ¹	Ending Fund Balance ¹
Fund Description	Revenue	Sources	Expenditures	Uses	Balance ¹	(Deficit)	Adjustment	(Deficit)	(Deficit)
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 No funds removed from RGS for fiscal 2018 No funds added to RGS for Fiscal 2018 No misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2018 Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2018 adjusted					- -	\$ 21,064,396 - - - \$ 21,064,396	- - - -	\$ 21,064,396 - - - - \$ 21,064,396	_
General Fund Fire Detail Police Detail CDBG	\$ 225,184,743 33,948 2,224,874 1,427,436	\$ - - - -	\$ 133,307,581 \$ 30,027 1,893,508 1,428,317	93,896,822	\$ (2,019,660) 3,921 331,366 (881)	\$ 20,959,564 5,494 99,339 (28,724)	-	\$ 20,959,564 5,494 99,339 (28,724	9,415 430,705
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 228,871,001	\$ -	\$ 136,659,433 \$	93,896,822	\$ (1,685,254)	\$ 21,035,673	\$ -	\$ 21,035,673	\$ 19,350,419
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2 Reclassify transfer of municipal appropriation to Education Department as expenditure on MTP2 Community Development Block Grant-To remove loan activity Rounding	\$ - (1,095,774) (2)		\$ 93,896,822 \$ (1,096,655) (2)	(93,896,822) - -	\$ - 881 -	\$ - 28,724 (1)		\$ - 28,724 (1	
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 227,775,225	\$ -	\$ 229,459,598 \$	-	\$ (1,684,373)	\$ 21,064,396	\$ -	\$ 21,064,396	\$ 19,380,023

 $^{^{\ 1}}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

City of Cranston Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Education Department Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description	Total Revenue	Fir	al Other nancing ources	Total Expenditures	Fina	Other incing ses	Net Change in Fund Balance ¹		Seginning Fund Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Prior Per Adjustm	iod	Restated Beginning Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Fun	Ending d Balance ¹ (Deficit)
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June Miscellaneous variances from 2018 Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, adjusted								\$	6,400,189 (2,305) 6,397,884		- \$ - \$	6,400,189 (2,305 6,397,884)	
School Unrestricted Fund Enterprise Fund School Special Revenue Funds	\$ 71,960,121 3,745,977 9,233,447	\$ 9	4,084,926 - -	\$ 167,055,194 3,677,060 9,099,058	1	- .88,104	\$ (1,010,147 68,917 (53,715	,	5,289,365 1,153,583 92,896	\$	- \$ - -	5,289,365 1,153,583 92,896		4,279,218 1,222,500 39,181
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 84,939,545	\$ 9	4,084,926	\$ 179,831,312	\$ 1	.88,104	\$ (994,945	5) \$	6,535,844	\$	- \$	6,535,844	\$	5,540,899
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2 Municipal appropriation for Education reported as a transfer on financial statements but a revenue on MTP2 State contributions on behalf of teacher pensions are reported as revenue and expenditures on financial statements only	\$ 93,896,822 (8,057,883)	\$ (9	3,896,822) -	\$ - (8,057,883)	\$	-	\$ -	- \$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-
For financial statements, indirect cost charges and recovery are reported in federal grant funds and also actual expenditures & reimbursement reported in School Unrestricted Fund. Capital purchases in School Lunch Fund reported as an expense on the MPT-2 but recorded as an asset on the June 30, 2019 financial statements Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2018 Depreciation expense not recorded in UCOA Rounding	- - - -		(188,104) - - -	462,046 - (56,598) 1	(1	.88,104) - - - -	(462,046 - 56,598 (1	3	- (137,960) -		- - - -	- - (137,960 - -		(462,046) (137,960) 56,598 (1)
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 170,778,484	\$	_	\$ 172,178,878	\$	-	\$ (1,400,394	1) \$	6,397,884	\$	- \$	6,397,884	\$	4,997,490
Reconciliation from MTP2 to UCOA														
No reconciling items from MTP2 to UCOA	 -	-		-	-									
Totals per UCOA Validated Totals Report	\$ 170,778,484	Ī		\$ 172,178,878	=									

¹ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Notes to Supplementary Information – Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) is a supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-22.2 and 44-35-10. This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General, and the Department of Education.

NOTE 2. Reportable Government Services

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

NOTE 3. Allocations

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the City's (or Town's) budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the City (or Town) made allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

NOTE 4. Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs

Compensation includes salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing allowance/maintenance, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses.

For Public Safety departments (i.e., police, fire, and centralized dispatch) and the Education Department, compensation and most benefits costs are reported in the following employee groupings:

Group A: This group consists of employees who serve the primary function of the department.

- Police Department police officers (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Fire Department fire fighters (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Centralized Dispatch Department civilian dispatchers only
- Education Department professional staff providing direct services to students
- For the remaining departments all employees' compensation and benefits are reported under Group A

Group B: For Police and Fire Departments, compensation and benefits paid to its administrative employees and civilian dispatch employees are reported under Group B. The Education Department reports compensation and benefits paid to executive/mid-level educational administration employees under Group B.

Group C: This group is only used for the Education Department and it includes administrative and support staff.

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are not reported by employee groups on the MTP2. They are reported in total as either (1) contributions to a qualified OPEB trust or (2) the amount paid for medical and dental insurance for retirees when an OPEB trust fund has not been established. The detail employee group information for the Education Department can be found on the State's Municipal Transparency portal website.

NOTE 5. Education Revenue and Expenditures

The revenues and expenditures presented on the MTP2 under the Education Department is consistent with existing Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCOA) guidelines. Each MTP account code has been mapped to the corresponding UCOA code or group of UCOA codes to facilitate the preparation of the MTP reporting.

Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/.



Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR											
	2019	2018	2017 (As Restated)	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 (As Restated)	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)	2010		
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets	\$ 40,421,468	\$ 39,345,605	\$ 39,483,273	\$ 32,242,050	\$ 28,003,223	\$ 19,411,174	\$ 49,660,029	\$ 41,265,304	\$ 38,755,896	\$ 36,911,322 2,770,499		
Restricted Unrestricted	(374,211,124)	(347,727,799)	(358,214,329)	(319,188,692)	(315,174,995)	(320,500,997)	(86,076,389)	(85,654,610)	(81,803,993)	(79,180,678)		
Total Governmental Activities	(333,789,656)	(308,382,194)	(318,731,056)	(286,946,642)	(287,171,772)	(301,089,823)	(36,416,360)	(44,389,306)	(43,048,097)	(39,498,857)		
Business-Type Activities												
Net investment in capital assets	52,969,695	71,468,481	70,956,771	69,185,030	66,195,785	37,961,522	55,410,689	54,943,414	55,835,806	54,279,242		
Restricted	418,467	439,167	459,633	2,129,729	8,598,629					501,295		
Unrestricted	12,627,850	(8,644,499)	(11,507,291)	(16,171,019)	(22,951,735)	11,138,372	(7,230,976)	(9,165,835)	(11,349,807)	(12,293,232)		
Total Business-Type Activities	66,016,012	63,263,149	59,909,113	55,143,740	51,842,679	49,099,894	48,179,713	45,777,579	44,485,999	42,487,305		
Total City												
Net investment in capital assets	93,391,163	110,814,086	110,440,044	101,427,080	94,199,008	57,372,696	105,070,718	96,208,718	94,591,702	91,190,564		
Restricted	418,467	439,167	459,633	2,129,729	8,598,629					3,271,794		
Unrestricted	(361,583,274)	(356,372,298)	(369,721,620)	(335,359,711)	(338,126,730)	(309,362,625)	(93,307,365)	(94,820,445)	(93,153,800)	(91,473,910)		
Total City	\$(267,773,644)	<u>\$(245,119,045)</u>	\$(258,821,943)	\$(231,802,902)	\$(235,329,093)	\$(251,989,929)	\$ 11,763,353	\$ 1,388,273	\$ 1,437,902	\$ 2,988,448		

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR											
	2019	2018	2017 (As Restated)	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 (As Restated)	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)	2010		
Expenses												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 17,435,819	\$ 15,971,432	\$ 16,186,223	\$ 13,529,838	\$ 15,760,616	\$ 13,331,926	\$ 13,332,988	\$ 14,124,547	\$ 11,681,983	\$ 11,927,606		
Public safety	108,645,221	75,827,868	123,175,761	77,077,346	76,316,860	76,071,254	80,850,179	76,501,580	74,176,278	75,005,742		
Public works	16,677,300	16,701,972	14,976,564	15,878,037	15,539,611	15,709,766	15,002,479	15,167,301	14,162,027	14,132,084		
Education	179,996,641	177,339,237	190,115,630	200,479,946	175,923,426	148,510,719	143,177,724	145,560,327	148,737,275	147,353,569		
Parks and recreation	3,716,927	3,504,777	3,450,619	3,595,810	3,100,766	2,502,784	2,187,997	2,271,516	1,674,918	1,564,980		
Public libraries	3,740,372	3,561,920	3,836,411	3,295,271	3,302,163	3,130,504	3,111,686	3,068,582	2,929,901	2,918,385		
Senior services	3,202,095	3,040,817	3,077,015	2,904,766	3,172,283	3,091,950	2,902,182	2,894,707	2,747,580	2,822,873		
Community development	1,425,753	1,340,187	1,042,849	1,724,439	1,430,568	716,188	1,240,559	1,467,564	1,560,098	1,981,805		
Interest expense	3,417,594	2,052,994	2,609,611	2,778,437	3,245,053	3,659,457	2,887,674	5,143,233	5,003,790	4,985,466		
Other						284,552,076		124,638	119,225			
Total Governmental Activities	338,257,722	299,341,204	358,470,683	321,263,890	297,791,346	551,276,624	264,693,468	266,323,995	262,793,075	262,692,510		
Business-type activities:												
Sewer	20,543,184	20,196,899	19,111,340	19,788,661	19,809,246	18,636,282	18,184,729	19,076,141	17,604,843	17,312,453		
Public Facilities Management Foundation						92,137	77,010	93,501	200,937	219,337		
Charter School Fund							2,648,536	2,710,210	2,960,621	3,090,636		
School lunch						5,581,170	2,867,369	3,073,738	2,565,806	2,721,200		
Other	6,664,472	6,119,203	6,129,756	5,835,392	5,698,896	1,526,883						
Total Business-Type Activities	27,207,656	26,316,102	25,241,096	25,624,053	25,508,142	25,836,472	23,777,644	24,953,590	23,332,207	23,343,626		
Total City Expenses	365,465,378	325,657,306	383,711,779	346,887,943	323,299,488	577,113,096	288,471,112	291,277,585	286,125,282	286,036,136		

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2019	2018	2017 (As Restated)	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 (As Restated)	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)	2010
Program Revenues	-		,		,	,			/	-
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 8,083,806	\$ 7,896,754	\$ 7,216,284	\$ 6,900,084	\$ 6,326,794	\$ 5,823,451	\$ 5,623,627	\$ 5,786,052	\$ 5,968,476	\$ 5,726,884
Public safety	6,561,184	6,121,655	6,116,849	6,432,342	6,257,323	5,597,507	5,256,803	5,512,505	3,893,316	5,575,477
Public works	1,321,215	1,296,471	1,056,208	941,631	1,026,133	747,410	925,173	737,643	681,668	455,374
Education	1,447,882	1,294,881	25,418,622	23,803,519	23,076,779	2,583,038	1,735,671	1,499,384	1,860,578	1,850,584
Parks and recreation	400,370	397,817	355,064	396,967	356,124	345,788	301,996	286,551	266,406	289,310
Public libraries	75,000	95,000	99,100	99,100	87,400	87,400	87,400	87,400	87,400	89,000
Senior services	1,727,304	1,654,979	1,646,558	1,612,507	1,729,051	1,668,453	1,723,744	1,651,421	1,806,092	1,691,795
Other activities										
Operating grants and contributions	85,529,484	82,691,335	85,884,786	81,983,286	79,836,039	76,706,418	74,953,160	61,072,753	59,840,449	63,617,708
Capital grants and contributions	65,608	89,535	77,484	112,842	185,562	218,721	96,781	330,885	638,392	585,627
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	105,211,853	101,538,427	127,870,955	122,282,278	118,881,205	93,778,186	90,704,355	76,964,594	75,042,777	79,881,759
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Sewer	22,816,372	22,857,078	23,182,878	22,192,444	22,135,939	20,565,668	19,341,561	19,359,122	18,876,713	18.640.991
Public Facilities Management Foundation	,,	,,	,,	,,	,	26,775	35,300	41,900	136,911	208,574
Non-major funds	3,618,125	3,466,787	3,573,946	3,608,947	3,338,096	3,302,480	3,738,516	4,281,139	3,942,173	4,091,991
Operating grants and contributions	2,755,615	2,603,782		2,483,891	2,420,657	2,441,887	2,256,490	2,225,893	1,787,715	1,538,371
Capital grants and contributions		177,000	2,668,371							
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	29,190,112	29,104,647	29,425,195	28,285,282	27,894,692	26,336,810	25,371,867	25,908,054	24,743,512	24,479,927
Total City Revenues	134,401,965	130,643,074	157,296,150	150,567,560	146,775,897	120,114,996	116,076,222	102,872,648	99,786,289	104,361,686
Net (expenses) revenues: Governmental activities	(233,045,869)	(197,802,777)	(230,599,728)	(198,981,612)	(178,910,141)	(457,498,438)	(173,989,113)	(189,359,401)	(187,750,298)	(182,810,751)
Business-type activities	1,982,456	2,788,545	4,184,099	2,661,229	2,386,550	500,338	1,594,223	954,464	1,411,305	1,136,301
Total City Net Expense	(231,063,413)	(195,014,232)	(226,415,629)	(196,320,383)	(176,523,591)	(456,998,100)	(172,394,890)	(188,404,937)	(186,338,993)	(181,674,450)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2019	2018	2017 (As Restated)	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 (As Restated)	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)	2010
General Revenues and other Changes										
in Net Assets										
Governmental activities General revenues:										
Property taxes and other	\$ 187.181.594	\$ 190.112.694	\$ 186,383,002	\$ 186,026,404	\$ 184,125,495	\$ 189.420.459	\$ 177.673.789	\$ 183.880.964	\$ 178,871,587	\$ 172.909.856
Grants and contributions not restricted	φ 107,101,394	φ 190,112,094	\$ 100,303,002	\$ 100,020,404	\$ 104,123,493	φ 109,420,439	φ 177,073,769	φ 103,000,904	φ 170,071,307	\$ 172,909,000
to specific programs										
Gain/(Loss) on sale of assets							1,000,000		662,520	303,537
State special funding for pension	10,371,555	10,838,378	7,816,659	10,167,762	5,169,920					
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,198,487	824,602	772,132	491,493	552,058	252,218	626,522	586,730	577,703	706,945
Transfers			(18,900)	(17,889)	(25,662)	(1,737,409)	(20,826)	(23,817)	488,880	
Miscellaneous	2,970,801	2,912,777	3,862,424	2,538,972	3,006,381	4,889,709	2,682,574	3,574,315	3,600,368	2,069,191
Motor vehicle phase-out taxes	5,915,970	3,463,187								
Total Governmental Activities	207,638,407	208,151,638	198,815,317	199,206,742	192,828,192	192,824,977	181,962,059	188,018,192	184,201,058	175,989,529
Business-type activities:										
State special funding for pension	137,640	133,349	105,988	133,040						
Unrestricted investment earnings	632,767	432,142	456,385	488,905	257,825	368,591	363,136	313,299	342,267	389,505
Transfers			18,900	17,889	25,662	25,218	20,826	23,817	(488,880)	
Miscellaneous					72,748	26,035				
Total Business-Type Activities	770,407	565,491	581,273	639,834	356,235	419,844	383,962	337,116	(146,613)	389,505
Total City	208,408,814	208,717,129	199,396,590	199,846,576	193,184,427	193,244,821	182,346,021	188,355,308	184,054,445	176,379,034
Change in Net Assets										
Governmental activities	(25,407,462)	10,348,861	(31,784,411)	225,130	13,918,051	(264,673,461)	7,972,946	(1,341,209)	(3,549,240)	(6,821,222)
Business-type activities	2,752,863	3,354,036	4,765,372	3,301,063	2,742,785	920,182	1,978,185	1,291,580	1,264,692	1,525,806
Total City Change in Net Assets	\$ (22,654,599)	\$ 13,702,897	\$ (27,019,039)	\$ 3,526,193	\$ 16,660,836	\$ (263,753,279)	\$ 9,951,131	\$ (49,629)	\$ (2,284,548)	\$ (5,295,416)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		FISCAL YEAR											
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012 (As Restated)	2011 (As Restated)	2010			
General Fund													
Nonspendable	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 1,706,660	\$ 5,366,568	\$ 7,261,553	\$ 3,264,015	\$			
Restricted	353,193	482,879	468,363	275,374	279,040	256,362	420,657	464,805					
Committed	44,043	44,030	44,025	42,892	2,115,631	1,884,028	1,653,133	2,356,649	6,390,443				
Assigned									1,300,761				
Unassigned	18,335,669	20,225,654	20,149,590	20,220,712	20,452,035	20,934,388	16,714,677	13,545,115	10,423,711				
Reserved										7,624,361			
Unreserved										13,315,506			
Total General Fund	18,939,905	20,959,563	20,868,978	20,745,978	23,053,706	24,781,438	24,155,035	23,628,122	21,378,930	20,939,867			
All Other Governmental Funds													
Nonspendable	135,219	120,484	116,183	147,689	3,900,353	4,543,783	6,123,093	5,606,358	3,489,492				
Restricted	16,519,432	11,677,153	11,222,461	16,219,384	9,344,674	12,885,640	8,908,234	8,945,331	8,234,662				
Committed	835,894	819,031	1,291,734	1,900,091	634,041	320,650	97,321	119,410	92,887				
Assigned						11,656							
Unassigned	(2,593,433)	1,333,558	(650,642)	(171,829)	(152,166)	(3,506,353)	(8,578,569)	(11,865,051)	(10,727,614)				
Reserved										2,441,699			
Unreserved, designated - school													
Unreserved, reported in:													
Special revenue funds										(3,378,407)			
Capital project funds										2,416,361			
Total All Other Governmental Funds	14,897,112	13,950,226	11,979,736	18,095,335	13,726,902	14,255,376	6,550,079	2,806,048	1,089,427	1,479,653			
Grand Total	\$ 33,837,017	\$ 34,909,789	\$ 32,848,714	\$ 38,841,313	\$ 36,780,608	\$ 39,036,814	\$ 30,705,114	\$ 26,434,170	\$ 22,468,357	\$ 22,419,520			

The General Fund balance decreased \$2.0 million or 9.6% for FY19. The decrease was due primarily to cost overruns in the fire department to a severe chemical fire that occurred in the City. All Other Governmental Funds increased \$0.9 million or 6.8% for FY19. This was due to the unspent proceed of various capital projects in FY19.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1) (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR																			
		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012	(A	2011 As Restated)		2010
Revenues Property taxes	\$	188.054.377	\$	189.995.439	\$	187,047,423	\$	184,814,710	\$	181,540,560	\$	180,400,427	\$	179,645,778	\$	184,783,590	\$	178,724,593	\$	165.623.300
Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Licenses and permits	Ψ	91,511,062 19,616,761	Ψ	86,244,057 18,757,557	Ψ	79,375,874 17,364,637	Ψ	76,241,305 16,496,783	Ψ	74,551,512 16,074,252	Ψ	71,702,358 15,692,399	Ψ	70,263,785 15,014,414	Ψ	56,219,867 14,910,956	Ψ	54,891,645 13,913,936	Ψ	67,192,078 15,183,424
Fines and interest on late payments Interest on investments Departmental		1,197,216		824,527		772,089		491,455		550,694		250,841		624,555		408,711		389,697		529,705
State fiscal stabilization funds																2,396		814,266		2,410,080
State on-behalf pension contributions Other revenues		8,057,883 2,970,801		7,725,441 2,912,778		7,639,642 3,787,970	_	6,859,907 2,448,080	_	6,746,731 2,922,776	_	6,125,457 4,798,810	_	5,670,313 2,629,867		6,144,339 3,494,320	_	5,716,721 3,519,553		5,056,767 2,038,060
Total Revenues		311,408,100	_	306,459,799		295,987,635	_	287,352,240	_	282,386,525	_	278,970,292	_	273,848,712	_	265,964,179	_	257,970,411	_	258,033,414
Expenditures Current:																				
General government		11,461,754		11,401,804		10,728,233		9,932,588		9,670,263		10,227,750		9,497,003		10,346,906		8,392,000		7,727,864
Public safety		87,822,776		86,151,898		82,402,327		80,899,232		78,150,559		77,395,466		76,404,816		72,975,293		69,125,309		70,172,182
Public works		15,673,496		16,300,942		14,574,335		15,555,096		15,267,760		15,525,053		14,824,224		15,636,714		14,445,497		13,625,913
Education		176,154,252		170,688,047		168,040,851		160,498,034		155,280,225		148,879,136		145,577,247		144,144,843		143,931,478		147,100,982
Parks and recreation		3,759,835		3,510,882		3,318,164		3,486,804		3,034,746		2,363,957		2,236,847		2,195,590		1,836,292		2,065,678
Public libraries		3,824,435		3,527,320		3,864,354		3,273,998		3,270,495		3,439,402		3,074,267		3,142,384		3,072,541		2,981,728
Senior services		3,297,648		3,103,654		3,045,115		2,908,045		3,119,557		3,084,039		2,872,279		2,911,362		2,754,871		2,780,245
Community development Other		1,428,317 220,217		1,347,154 157,174		1,144,284 179.589		1,724,439 184,049		1,487,068 178,112		1,659,368 128,974		1,908,299 115.972		1,467,564 124,638		1,560,098 119,225		1,981,805 170,780
Capital outlay Debt service:		17,379,624		13,695,602		10,211,687		12,091,531		4,455,146		6,069,584		4,196,151		2,268,257		5,063,077		4,853,492
Principal		7,694,000		7,344,000		7,035,000		7,020,000		7,355,000		6,815,000		5,530,000		6,360,000		6,440,000		5,860,000
Interest		4,075,898		3,100,352		2,857,393		3,445,373		3,348,140	_	3,635,359	_	3,319,837		4,064,249	_	4,263,972	_	4,286,465
Total Expenditures		332,792,252		320,328,829		307,401,332		301,019,189		284,617,071	_	279,223,088	_	269,556,942		265,637,800	_	261,004,360	_	263,607,134
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	(21,384,152)	_	(13,869,030)		(11,413,697)		(13,666,949)	_	(2,230,546)	_	(252,796)	_	4,291,770		326,379	_	(3,033,949)	_	(5,573,720)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																				
Issuance of debt		16,405,000		15,840,000		5,440,000		37,035,000				10,210,000				19,385,000		3,700,000		
Bond premium		3,906,379		590,103				2,573,150				111,906				1,066,929		91,420		
Proceeds from leasing				-				-												
Transfers in		94,084,926		93,369,185		93,155,894		91,682,652		93,693,519		92,055,646		91,574,333		90,891,152		90,032,050		87,023,036
Repayment of debt to escrow agent				-				(23,862,607)								(16,788,678)				
Transfers out	-	(94,084,926)		(93,369,185)		(93,174,794)		(91,700,541)		(93,719,181)	_	(93,793,055)	_	(91,595,159)		(90,914,969)	_	(90,740,684)	_	(87,023,036)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)		20,311,379	_	16,430,103	_	5,421,100	_	15,727,654	_	(25,662)	_	8,584,497	_	(20,826)	_	3,639,434	_	3,082,786	_	<u></u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(1,072,773)	\$	2,561,073	\$	(5,992,597)	\$	2,060,705	\$	(2,256,208)	\$	8,331,701	\$	4,270,944	\$	3,965,813	\$	48,837	\$	(5,573,720)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		3.8%		3.4%		3.3%		<u>3.7%</u>		3.8%		3.9%		3.4%		4.0%		4.2%		<u>3.9%</u>

⁽¹⁾ This schedule includes expenditures of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1)
(UNAUDITED)

	REAL PROPERTY						PER	SONAL PRO	PERTY		TO	TAL	
Year Ended June 30,	Assessed Value (1)	Direct Tax Rate	Commercial Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value (1)	Direct Tax Rate Tangible	Direct Tax Rate Motor Vehicle	Direct Tax Rate Inventory	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Total Assessed to Tota Estimated Actual Value
2010	\$ 5,670,869,300	19	\$ 1,352,953,200	29	\$ 7,023,822,500	\$ 754,417,429	29	42	N/A	\$754,417,429	\$7,778,239,929	\$7,778,239,929	1.000
2011	\$ 5,696,562,900	20	\$ 1,363,784,200	29	\$ 7,060,347,100	\$ 781,306,230	29	42	N/A	\$781,306,230	\$7,841,653,330	\$7,841,653,330	1.000
2012	\$ 5,712,462,800	20	\$ 1,361,533,300	30	\$ 7,073,996,100	\$778,330,466	30	42	N/A	\$778,330,466	\$7,852,326,566	\$7,852,326,566	1.000
2013	\$ 4,857,922,900	23	\$ 1,333,042,700	34	\$ 6,190,965,600	\$ 788,030,196	34	42	N/A	\$788,030,196	\$6,978,995,796	\$6,978,995,796	1.000
2014	\$ 4,868,431,400	23	\$ 1,329,501,500	34	\$ 6,197,932,900	\$ 786,121,128	34	42	N/A	\$ 786,121,128	\$6,984,054,028	\$6,984,054,028	1.000
2015	\$ 4,882,850,900	23	\$ 1,310,585,835	34	\$ 6,193,436,735	\$834,519,001	34	42	N/A	\$834,519,001	\$7,027,955,736	\$7,027,955,736	1.000
2016	\$ 5,127,157,200	22	\$ 1,331,450,700	34	\$ 6,458,607,900	\$844,756,803	34	42	N/A	\$844,756,803	\$7,303,364,703	\$7,303,364,703	1.000
2017	\$ 5,141,214,200	22	\$ 1,336,494,580	34	\$ 6,477,708,780	\$880,194,812	34	42	N/A	\$880,194,812	\$7,357,903,592	\$7,357,903,592	1.000
2018	\$ 5,159,551,900	23	\$ 1,361,761,380	34	\$ 6,521,313,280	\$838,596,912	34	42	N/A	\$838,596,912	\$7,359,910,192	\$7,359,910,192	1.000
2019	\$ 6,000,994,700	20	\$ 1,479,702,000	30	\$ 7,480,696,700	\$828,242,120	30	42	N/A	\$828,242,120	\$8,308,938,820	\$8,308,938,820	1.000

⁽¹⁾ Gross amount is reflected without deduction for exemptions.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

				GRAND LI	ST YEAR		
			2019			2010	
Name	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage Net Taxable Grand List (1)	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage Net Taxable Grand List (2)
Carpionato Alfred	Real Estate Management	\$ 127,547,414	1	1.54%	\$ 104,710,472	1	1.35%
Gateway Woodside Inc.	Real Estate Management	101,966,860	3	1.23%	76,079,683	2	0.98%
Picerne Properties	Real Estate Management	62,658,860	4	0.75%	65,472,408	3	0.84%
National Grid (formerly Narragansett Electric/Prov. Gas)	Utility	121,457,848	2	1.46%	58,045,855	4	0.75%
Brewery Parkade	Real Estate Management	35,670,866	5	0.43%	34,321,700	5	0.44%
SMC Terraces (formerly Cranston Addison)	Real Estate Management	22,357,700	7	0.27%			
Swarovski American	Industrial Manufacturing	16,822,170	10	0.20%			
Cox Communications Inc.	Cable Communications	21,086,628	8	0.25%	18,344,399	8	0.24%
Independence Way	Real Estate Management	19,686,500	9	0.24%	24,126,300	6	0.31%
Lowes	Retail Hardware			0.00%	18,111,755	9	0.23%
Calvi Realty Co., Inc.	Real Estate Management			0.00%			
Tasca Auto Group	Car Dealership	23,356,967	6	0.28%			0.00%
BFMIT II Cranston LLC	Real Estate Management				20,865,600	7	0.27%
CRE IP LLC	Real Estate Management				16,158,000	10	0.21%
TKG Cranston Development LLC	Retail			0.00%			0.00%
TOTAL		\$ 552,611,813		<u>6.65%</u>	\$436,236,172		<u>5.62%</u>

Source: Town Assessor Department.

⁽¹⁾ Based on a net taxable Grand List of \$8,308,938,820

⁽²⁾ Based on a net taxable Grand List of \$7,778,239,929

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND TAX RATES, LEVIES AND CASH COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30,	Total Adjusted Tax Levy	Net Current Levy Tax Collections	Percentage of Current Taxes Collected	(Net linquent Tax Collections subsequent Years	Total Net Taxes Collected All Years	Percentage of Total Tax Collected to Total Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percentage of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
2010	\$ 160,419,261	\$ 159,080,002	99.2%	\$	1,223,082	\$ 160,303,084	99.9%		0.0%
2011	\$ 175,003,222	\$ 171,899,372	98.2%	\$	1,664,072	\$ 173,563,444	99.2%	878,140	0.5%
2012	\$ 180,715,853	\$ 177,799,124	98.4%	\$	1,549,570	\$ 179,348,694	99.2%	774,967	0.4%
2013	\$ 181,367,888	\$ 178,631,631	98.5%	\$	1,305,532	\$ 179,937,163	99.2%	767,868	0.4%
2014	\$ 181,591,061	\$ 179,327,785	98.8%	\$	1,552,020	\$ 180,879,805	99.6%	748,884	0.4%
2015	\$ 182,559,745	\$ 180,321,237	98.8%	\$	1,006,685	\$ 181,327,922	99.3%	746,880	0.4%
2016	\$ 185,998,132	\$ 183,674,083	98.8%	\$	1,715,719	\$ 185,389,802	99.7%	641,425	0.3%
2017	\$ 188,071,063	\$ 185,964,064	98.9%	\$	1,405,142	\$ 187,369,206	99.6%	743,017	0.4%
2018	\$ 190,460,481	\$ 188,585,112	99.0%	\$	1,045,009	\$ 189,630,121	99.6%	657,313	0.3%
2019	\$ 188,499,042	\$ 186,620,937	99.0%	\$		\$ 186,620,937	99.0%	1,919,038	1.0%
Source:	City's audit report	S.						\$ 7,877,532	

⁽¹⁾ This represents the City's mill rate per \$1,000 of taxable property.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						BUSINESS-T	YPE ACTIVITIES	3	TOTAL	_	
Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Bond Premiums	Capital Leases	Certificates of Participation	Total	Bond Premiums	Certificates of Participation	RI Infrastructure Notes	Total	Total	Percentage of Personal Income	Debt Per Capita
2010	\$ 84,585,000	\$ 2,661,842	\$	\$ 2,510,000	\$89,756,842	\$	\$ 2,510,000	\$ 8,467,917	\$10,977,917	\$100,734,759	N/A	1,253
2011	\$ 82,630,000	\$ 2,568,449	\$	\$ 1,725,000	\$86,923,449	\$	\$ 1,725,000	\$ 7,510,841	\$ 9,235,841	\$ 96,159,290	N/A	1,195
2012	\$ 80,515,000	\$ 3,459,476	\$	\$ 1,400,000	\$85,374,476	\$ 11,199	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 6,515,386	\$ 7,926,585	\$ 93,301,061	N/A	1,158
2013	\$ 74,320,000	\$ 3,178,199	\$	\$ 1,065,000	\$78,563,199	\$ 7,466	\$ 1,065,000	\$ 5,952,516	\$ 7,024,982	\$ 85,588,181	N/A	1,061
2014	\$ 78,060,000	\$ 3,048,679	\$	\$ 720,000	\$81,828,679	\$ 3,733	\$ 720,000	\$23,387,188	\$24,110,921	\$105,939,600	N/A	1,313
2015	\$ 71,060,000	\$ 2,758,348	\$	\$ 365,000	\$74,183,348	\$	\$ 365,000	\$22,818,364	\$23,183,364	\$ 97,366,712	N/A	1,207
2016	\$ 78,270,000	\$ 3,451,770	\$	\$	\$81,721,770	\$	\$	\$21,525,000	\$21,525,000	\$103,246,770	N/A	1,275
2017	\$ 73,475,000	\$ 3,076,397	\$ 3,200,000	\$	\$79,751,397	\$	\$	\$20,463,267	\$20,463,267	\$100,214,664	N/A	1,237
2018	\$ 71,131,000	\$ 3,158,949	\$ 2,780,000	\$	\$77,069,949	\$	\$	\$19,353,000	\$19,353,000	\$ 96,422,949	N/A	1,190
2019	\$ 89,943,000	\$ 6,470,534	\$ 2,340,000	\$	\$98,753,534	\$	\$	\$18,253,000	\$18,253,000	\$117,006,534	N/A	1,440

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND RATIOS OF GENERAL DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	 General Deb	t Outs	standing		
Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds		Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Debt Per Capita
2010	\$ 84,585,000	\$	84,585,000	1.09%	1,052
2011	\$ 82,630,000	\$	82,630,000	1.05%	1,027
2012	\$ 80,515,000	\$	80,515,000	1.03%	999
2013	\$ 74,320,000	\$	74,320,000	1.06%	921
2014	\$ 78,060,000	\$	78,060,000	1.12%	967
2015	\$ 71,060,000	\$	71,060,000	1.01%	878
2016	\$ 78,270,000	\$	78,270,000	1.07%	966
2017	\$ 73,475,000	\$	73,475,000	1.00%	907
2018	\$ 71,131,000	\$	71,131,000	0.97%	876
2019	\$ 89,943,000	\$	89,943,000	1.08%	1,107

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial stater

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

Assessed value Less exemptions	\$ 8,308,938,820 (336,429,202)
Net Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 7,972,509,618
Debt limit - 3 percent of total assessed value	\$ 239,175,289
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit: Total bonded debt	 <u></u>
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 239,175,289

Note:

The City has no debt issues outstanding under the Maximum Aggregate Indebtedness provision (3% Debt Limit) - Rhode Island General Law 45-12-2. All other City debt has been incurred through special statutory authority which consists of approval by the legislature and voter referendum.

The State Legislature may by special act permit the City to incur indebtedness in excess of the three percent (3%) limit in accordance with Rhode Island General Law 45-12-11. The City of Cranston has never requested authorization under the Authority for the issuance of Indebtedness Excess - Rhode Island General Law 45-12-11.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ended June 30,	Debt Limit	App	t Debt blicable Limit	Legal Debt Margin
2010	\$ 219,211,804	\$		\$ 219,211,804
2011	\$ 227,144,751	\$		\$ 227,144,751
2012	\$ 227,602,133	\$		\$ 227,602,133
2013	\$ 202,307,525	\$		\$ 202,307,525
2014	\$ 202,495,272	\$		\$ 202,495,272
2015	\$ 203,692,047	\$		\$ 203,692,047
2016	\$ 211,558,045	\$		\$ 211,558,045
2017	\$ 213,378,825	\$		\$ 213,378,825
2018	\$ 212,782,442	\$		\$ 212,782,442
2019	\$ 239,175,289	\$		\$ 239,175,289

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

						Education		
Year	440	(4)	_	(1)	(1)	of Schooling	(2)	(3)
Ended	(1)	Median		er Capita	Median	Level in Years-	School	Unemployment
June 30,	Population	Income		Income	Age	Bachelors Degree	Enrollment	Percentage
2010	80,387	N/A	\$	21,978	39	N/A	10,744	11.7%
2011	80,450	N/A	\$	25,653	39	N/A	10,735	10.6%
2012	80,571	N/A	\$	28,496	39	N/A	10,685	10.4%
2013	80,701	64,282	\$	28,496	39	N/A	10,559	9.3%
2014	80,696	64,282	\$	29,218	41	N/A	10,374	7.3%
2015	80,972	64,282	\$	29,218	41	N/A	10,271	6.0%
2016	81,014	64,282	\$	29,878	40	N/A	10,443	5.1%
2017	81,034	64,282	\$	30,553	41	N/A	10,417	4.1%
2018	81,202	64,282	\$	30,553	41	N/A	10,365	3.7%
2019	81,274	64,282	\$	31,607	41	31.40%	10,324	3.3%

⁽¹⁾ Figures obtained from the Rhode Island Census Data Center derived from the 2006, 2010 and estimated 2017 census data.

⁽²⁾ Cranston School Department

⁽³⁾ Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training (as of June 30th).

⁽⁴⁾ US Census Bureau

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS **CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO** (UNAUDITED)

		2019		2010				
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment (1)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment (2)		
State of Rhode Island	5,500	1	14.01%	5,500	1	14.56%		
City of Cranston	2,526	2	6.43%	2,173	2	5.75%		
Citizens Bank			0.00%	1,601	3	4.24%		
Tasca Motor Group	300	9	0.76%					
Walmart	310	8	0.79%					
Taco, Inc.	376	7	0.96%	380	5	1.01%		
CranstonARC	400	6	1.02%	400	4	1.06%		
Thielsch Engineering	427	4	1.09%	350	6	0.93%		
Swarovski Consumer Goods Ltd.	254		0.65%	300	9	0.79%		
The Stop & Shop Co., Inc.	445	3	1.13%	280	10	0.74%		
Honeywell Safety Products	300	10		300	7	0.79%		
U.S. Security Associates	300			300	8	0.79%		
Access Point RI	402	5						
The Cedars	260							
Total	11,800		26.84%	11,584		30.66%		

SOURCE: State Department of Labor

⁽¹⁾ Based on 6/30/19 total City employment of 39,268 (2) Based on 6/30/10 total City employment of 37,767

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

_	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
General Government										
Mayor	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5
Department of Personnel	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	2
City Clerk	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8
Municipal Court	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3
Board of Canvassers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
City Planning	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Economic Development	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3
Division of Accounting & Control	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Division of Assessment	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7
Division of Contracts & Purchasing	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	4
Information Technology	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8
Division of Treasury & Collection	7	7	6	6	6	7	6	6	6	6
Police										
Officers	153	153	153	153	151	152	150	143	140	153
Civilians	27	27	27	26	26	26	25	25	25	26
Animal Control	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Fire										
Chief	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Uniformed	194	194	194	194	193	197	178	178	181	200
Civilians	15	15	15	15	15	16	16	16	16	7
Inspections	11	11	11	10	12	12	11	12	12	14
Public Works										
Administration	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	4
Engineering	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Highway	40	40	39	39	38	39	39	38	38	41
Building	23	23	23	23	23	24	24	24	24	26
Fleet Management	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Refuse Removal	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Traffic Safety	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	3	3	4
Parks and Recreation	21	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	19	20
Public Libraries	32	32	32	32	32	32	31	32	30	32
Senior Services	25	25	24	24	24	22	23	23	23	30
Community Development	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
Other	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8
Education	1,530	1,534	1,527	1,462	1,442	1,437	1,431	1,461	1,528	1,523
Total	2,161	2,165	2,152	2,085	2,063	2,065	2,033	2,060	2,123	2,173

SOURCE: City Budget

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/ PROGRAM
LAST TEN YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

<u> </u>	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Function/Program										
Governmental Activities										
Public Safety										
Fire:										
Total incidents	16,629	15,572	15,311	14,203	7,497	12,614	6,859	14,717	14,407	15,111
Rescue/medical calls	10,712	10,247	10,048	9,349	5,466	8,438	5,116	11,327	10,067	9,976
Rescue/non-medical calls	5,917	5,325	5,263	4,854	2,031	4,176	1,743	3,390	4,340	5,135
Fire hydrants	1,947	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1.923	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922
Police:	1,011	1,020	1,020	1,020	1,020	1,020	1,022	1,022	1,022	1,022
Number of calls	91.258	83,970	81,239	78.896	65.422	66.243	67.937	66,542	66.030	68.620
Total 911 calls received	4,832	6,112	8,864	5.646	5,120	5,327	5,227	5,105	4,786	5,156
Formal investigations.	22,949	22,128	23,312	20,039	17,075	16,097	15,150	14,706	14,923	15,920
· ·	22,949	22,120	23,312	20,039	17,073	10,097	13,130	14,700	14,923	13,920
City Clerk										
Number of documents recorded	13,690	15,226	15,267	15,036	14,513	15,036	16,381	14,529	14,793	15,683
Health and Welfare										
Number of food service facilities inspections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
New homes built	40	33	49	64	20	41	37	26	34	52
Land Use										
Total subdivisions approved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total commercial applications approved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		14/73								
Building Permits	1,871	1,890	1,747	1,864	26	48	41	28	39	58
Public Works										
Highway department:										
Streets (miles):										
Paved City roads	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318
Paved State roads	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69
Private roads	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Roads under construction (maintained										
by City	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sidewalks (miles)	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Education										
Enrollment:										
High School Grades 9-12	2 205	3,319	2 256	3,279	2 212	2 222	3,303	3,504	2 500	2 554
	3,295 2,470	3,319 2,478	3,356	3,279 1,695	3,213	3,223 1,486			3,580	3,551 1,637
Middle School Grades 6-8	,	,	2,467	,	1,661	,	1,637	1,482	1,579	,
Elementary Schools Grades K-5		4,568	4,594	5,469	5,397	5,665	5,619	5,699	5,576	5,556
<u> </u>	10,324	10,365	10,417	10,443	10,271	10,374	10,559	10,685	10,735	10,744

Business-Type Activities

SOURCES: Various City Departments

N/A - Information not available

⁽¹⁾ Information not available due to the construction and consolidation of schools and related grade levels.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

- Function/Program	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Governmental Activities										
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage (includes all open space)										
Parks and Public Squares	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Marinas	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Playgrounds	35	35	36	36	35	35	35	35	35	35
Walking tracks	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Basketball courts	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Tennis courts	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Baseball fields	28	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	27	27
Softball fields	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Other fields	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Ice Rink	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Swimming Pool	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stadium and Field House	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	'	'		'		'	,	,	ı	
Public Safety										
Fire Stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Fire alarm boxes	37	47	47	120	149	149	149	149	149	149
Fire hydrants	1,945	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,921
Police department:										
Stations	4	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4
Animal Control Building	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Highway department:										
Streets (miles)	324	324	324	324	324	324	324	315	315	315
Sidewalks (miles)	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Public Libraries										
Number of branches	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Education										
Number of High Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of Middle Schools	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of Elementary Schools	16	16	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Number of Charter Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Adult Education Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Senior Services										
Senior Citizens Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Development										
Number of loans issued	18	22	34	24	28	23	27	30	41	53
Business-Type Activities										
Sewer Fund										
Sewer mains (miles)	263	263	263	263	263	263	263	250	250	250
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200
Sewerage Disposal Plant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pumping Stations	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
SOURCES: Various City Departments										
COUNCED. Various City Departments										

N/A - Information not available