COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND



FOR THE YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2018

PREPARED BY:

LAURA SITRIN, CPA DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2018

	Introductory Section	Page
	Letter of Transmittal	i-v
	Organizational Chart of the Government of the City of Newport, RI	vi
	Principal Elected and Appointed Officials	vii
	GFOA Certificate of Achievement	viii
	Financial Section	
	Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-15
	Basic Financial Statements	
Exhibit	_	
	Government-Wide Financial Statements:	10
	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	16 17
II	Statement of Activities	17
	Fund Financial Statements:	
	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	18-19
IV	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	00.04
V	Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	20-21
v	Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis - General Fund	22
VI	Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	23
VII	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -	
	Proprietary Funds	24
VIII	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	25
IX	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	26
Х	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	27
	Notes to the Financial Statements	28-86
	Required Supplementary Information	
RSI-1	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -	
	Police Pension Plan	87
RSI-2	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -	00
	Fire Pension Plan	88
RSI-3	Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Teachers Retirement Plan	89
RSI-4	Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability -	09
	Teachers Survivors Benefits Cost-Sharing Plan	90
RSI-5	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -	
	Municipal Employees' Retirement System Agent Plan	91
RSI-6	Schedule of City Contributions - Police and Fire Pension Plans	92
RSI-7	Schedule of City Contributions - Teachers Retirement Plan	93

Exhibit

RSI-8	Schedule of City Contributions - Teachers' Survivors Benefits Cost-Sharing Plan	94
RSI-9	Schedule of City Contributions - Municipal Employees' Retirement System Agent Plan	95
RSI-10 RSI-11	Schedule of Investment Returns - Police and Fire Pension Plans Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Other Post-	96
RSI-12 RSI-13	Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Employer Contributions - Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Investment Returns - Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan	97 98 99
	Supplemental, Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
A-1 A-2	General Fund: Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - City General Fund and School Unrestricted Fund - Budget and Actual Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual	100 101
A-3 A-4	Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	102
A-5 A-6	Budget and Actual - School Unrestricted Fund Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	103 104 105
B-1 B-2	Permanent Trust Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	106 107
C-1 C-2	Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	108 109
D-1 D-2 D-3	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds: Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows	110 111 112
E-1	Fiduciary Funds: Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Funds	113
E-2	Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Private-Purpose Trust Funds	114
E-3	Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Funds	115
E-4	Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Private-Purpose Trust Funds	116
E-5	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Nonexpendable Scholarship Trusts Agency Funds:	117
F-1	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	118

Annual Supplemental Transparency Report

G-1	Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)	119-121
G-2	Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 - Municipal	122
G-3	Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 - Education Department Notes to Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)	123 124

Table	Statistical Section	Page
	Financial Trends:	
1	Net Position by Component	125
2	Changes in Net Position	126-127
3	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	128
4	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	129
	Revenue Capacity:	
5	Assessed Values and Actual Values of Taxable Property	130
6	Principal Property Taxpayers	131
7	Property Tax Levies and Collections	132
	Debt Capacity:	
8	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	133
9	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	134
10	Legal Debt Margin Information	135
11	Pledged Revenue Coverage	136
	Demographic and Economic Statistics:	
12	Demographic and Economic Statistics	137
13	Principal Employers	138
	Operating Information:	
14	Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	139
15	Operating Indicators by Function/Program	140
16	Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	141



Introductory Section



December 10, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, Councilors, and Citizens of the City of Newport, Rhode Island:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year (June 30) a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Newport, Rhode Island as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Newport, Rhode Island. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Newport, Rhode Island has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Newport, Rhode Island's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Newport, Rhode Island's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Newport, Rhode Island's financial statements have been audited by Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Newport, Rhode Island for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 were free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Newport, Rhode Island's financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Newport, Rhode Island was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City of Newport, Rhode Island's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Newport, Rhode Island's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Newport, Rhode Island (City), founded in 1639, incorporated in 1784 and re-chartered in 1853, is located at the southern end of Aquidneck Island in Narragansett Bay, about 30 miles southeast of Rhode Island's capital of Providence. The City is bounded by the Atlantic Ocean on the east and south and Narragansett Bay on the west. The City is 11 square miles in size, with 7.7 square miles of land and 3.3 square miles of inland water. The City has a year-round population of about 25,000, which grows substantially during the summer months. The City is also visited by over 4,000,000 people annually.

The City operates under a Home Rule Charter providing for a council/city manager form of government. There is a seven-member City Council serving two-year terms, headed by its Chairperson, who is elected by the at large City Councilors and also holds the title of Mayor. Four of the Councilors are elected at large and three from voting wards. All legislative powers of the City are vested in the City Council by the Charter, including the ordering of any tax, making appropriations, and transacting any other business pertaining to the financial affairs of the City. The City Council is also responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the City Manager, City Solicitors, and Municipal Judges. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing all other employees.

An elected seven-member School Committee, all at large and serving two-year terms, is vested with autonomous legislative authority over the public school system. The School Committee appoints the Superintendent of Schools as the chief executive officer for the school system. The school system provides elementary and primary education to City residents and vocational programs to other Newport County residents.

Municipal services include public safety; potable water and wastewater collection, treatment and distribution; solid waste and recyclables collection and disposal; street and sidewalk maintenance; beach, harbor, recreation, tourism and parking operations; and planning, zoning and economic development functions.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments and the Newport Public Schools are required to submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager by May 14th of each year. In practice, budget preparation begins in December. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager presents the proposed budget to the City Council for review no later than 45 days prior to June 30. The Council is required to hold 2 public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than June 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g. public safety) and department. Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department with City Manager approval. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for the City's general operating fund and the school general operating fund.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local economy

From its early years when commerce involved the whale-oil trade, to today's highly sophisticated research in electronic submarine warfare, the seaport has continued to play a vital role in Newport's economy. The U.S. Navy, beginning with the founding of the Naval War College in 1884, influenced the development of the City and continues to do so as one of the major contributors to the local economy.

Newport's location, natural and cultural resources, and sense of history are responsible for the growth of tourism into a primary source of revenue. The third largest economic factor in Newport, the service sector, benefits from both the defense and tourism industries. As the State's principal tourist center and resort community, Newport is visited annually by millions of tourists who attend special events, sail and view the City's mansions and other attractions. The City's popularity has stimulated significant private investment in retail shopping facilities, hotels, timeshare units, restaurants, clubs and other tourist-oriented enterprises.

The personal income per capita in 2016 (latest available data) for Newport County is \$61,367 compared to \$50,427, and \$49,246 for Rhode Island and the United States, respectively. The unemployment rate is 3.5% compared to the state unemployment rate of 4.3% as of June 2018. The median selling price of an existing home in June 2018 is \$490,000 compared to \$400,000 in June 2017. The City continues to attract older retired residents and empty-nesters as well as tourists. Properties, especially those over \$1 million, continue to maintain value and have not declined to the extent that they have in other parts of the state and country due to the City's proximity to the Narragansett Bay and Atlantic Ocean. The tourist industry continues to grow.

Long-term financial planning

The City was awarded a federal grant for the redevelopment and adaptive reuse of the former Sheffield public school to be used as the Newport TechWorks Accelerator and Innovation Center. Another major economic development initiative is the establishment of a North End Innovation Hub. In addition, the City continues to evaluate redevelopment options for excessed Navy property including the old naval hospital.

Long-term financial planning includes continuing significant capital renovation and additions in both the Water and Water Pollution Control (sewer) funds in response to new state and federal water quality standards and deteriorating buildings and systems. The replacement of the Lawton Valley Water Treatment Plant and significant long-term improvements to the Station 1 Water Plant in order to comply with new federal drinking water standards have been completed. The cost associated with this project was approximately \$85 million.

The City has developed a long-term master plan for Combined Sewer Overflow (CSO) that has been approved as part of a consent decree with the federal Environmental Protection Agency and the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management. Projects on the master plan are in process and in compliance with the consent decree. Total costs of the options in the master plan are estimated at \$100 million spread over 30 years. The City has completed about \$50 million of projects and is in the process of major upgrades to the wastewater treatment plant. Funds have come from a variety of sources including state subsidized revenue bonds, grants, and rates.

The City is evaluating options concerning the sale or redevelopment of three former elementary schools that can be used for economic development possibilities.

Financial Policies

The City has a set of Council approved financial policies that were developed to ensure that financial resources are well managed and available to meet the present and future needs of the citizens of the City of Newport. Financial policies have impacted decisions in both the year under audit (FY2018) and future years.

One key policy is that budgets must balance which means that budgeted current revenues must be equal to or greater than budgeted current expenditures in governmental funds; and revenues and other sources of cash must equal expenditures and other uses of cash in the enterprise funds. In conjunction with this is a policy that revenues must be increased or expenditures decreased in the same fiscal year that deficits appear. A third budget policy states that significant one-time revenues shall only be used for one-time expenditures.

The City Council is required by law to adopt balanced budgets although at times fund balance is appropriated for a specific use. There was one adopted budgeted appropriation in FY2018 of \$600,000 to purchase and implement an educational program of technology for student use in the Newport Public Schools. The City has appropriated an additional \$800,000 to complete the student technology purchase and implementation in FY2019. The City has also authorized a one-time transfer of \$450,000 to the schools to cover a portion of a school deficit at June 30, 2018.

Other financial policies deal with debt. These policies state that annual general fund debt service expenditures shall be less than 9% of annual general fund expenditures. The actual general fund debt service expenditures were significantly less than 9%.

A second debt policy says that the term of any bond issue shall not exceed the useful life of the capital project/facility or equipment for which the borrowing is intended. The City has complied with this policy.

There are reporting compliance policies that require the City administration to provide budget to actual reports to the City Council on a monthly basis and to provide quarterly budget, actual and projected revenues and expenditures to the State Office of Municipal Affairs. The City administration complied with these policies during FY2018.

Pension and other postemployment benefits

The City sponsors two single-employer defined benefit pension plans for police and fire employees. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the pension plans calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the City must make to the pension plans to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, the City fully funds each year's annual actuarially determined contributions to the pension plans. The City also fully funds the calculation by the actuary of the annual amortization of the unfunded actuarially accrued liability. The liability is being amortized over a closed 30-year period. The City is in the 13th year (declining to 1). The plans are currently funded at 54% for the fire plan and 71% for the police plan.

The City provides pension benefits for its non-public safety employees (except teachers) through a statewide plan managed by the State Treasurer. Newport teachers are members of the State of Rhode Island Employee Retirement System. State-hired actuaries determine the funding level and unfunded actuarially accrued liability for each individual participating employer. The City is 61% funded in the State's municipal employees' retirement plan. The State of Rhode Island General Assembly enacted legislation that significantly changed the pension plan for participants in the State Municipal Employees Plan and the State Teachers Plan and reduced the long-term liability. These changes are reflected in the June 30, 2018 Statements of Net Position and Activities, footnotes and required supplementary information. The City provides postretirement health coverage for all vested retirees, certain dependents and beneficiaries and life insurance benefits to police retirees. Vesting and participation is determined by bargaining contract and varies by length of employment and type of employment. As of June 30, 2018, 535 retirees were eligible to receive health insurance benefits, which are currently financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The actuarial calculation of the combined municipal and school liability as of July 1, 2018 is \$125 million. The City has established and is funding a trust to accumulate assets for the payment of other post-employment benefits in the future. Assets of \$47 million have been accumulated as of July 1, 2018. Benefits will not be paid from the trust until such time as City management feels that sufficient assets are available to begin paying benefits. Retiree benefits and various options are currently being studied in order to reduce the liability.

Additional information on the City's pension arrangements and postemployment benefits can be found in Notes 13 and 14 in the notes to the basic financial statements. The City implemented Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, entitled *Accounting and Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions* for the financial statements ending June 30, 2018. Essentially, the City added another post employment (OPEB) liability of \$77,704,228 as of July 1, 2017, as a restatement to beginning net position. Changes in the liability were recorded in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2018.

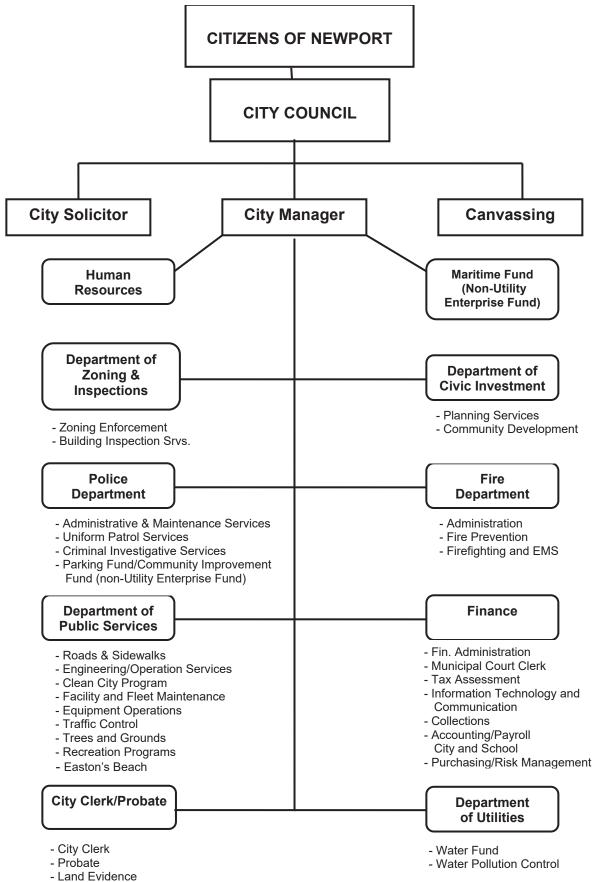
The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for achieving and maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Newport's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Janeo J. Strin

Laura L. Sitrin, CPA Director of Finance

THE CITY OF NEWPORT, RI



CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND

PRINCIPAL ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Elected Officials:

Honorable Henry F. Winthrop Susan D. Taylor Lynn Underwood Ceglie Kathryn E. Leonard Marco T. Camacho Jeanne-Marie Napolitano Jamie Bova Jo Eva Gaines Rebecca Bolan David R. Carlin III Sandra J. Flowers, Ph.D. Raymond E. Gomes Kathleen Silvia

Principal Appointed Officials:

Joseph J. Nicholson, Jr. Laura L. Sitrin, CPA Colleen B. Jermain Christopher J. Behan, Esq. Julia Forgue William Riccio Gary Silva Brian Dugan Laura C. Swistak

- Mayor 1st Ward Councilor 2nd Ward Councilor, Vice-Chair 3rd Ward Councilor Councilor At Large Councilor At Large Councilor At Large School Committee School Committee School Committee School Committee School Committee School Committee School Committee
- City Manager Director of Finance Superintendent of Schools City Solicitor Director of Utilities Director of Public Services Police Chief Fire Chief City Clerk



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Newport Rhode Island

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

viii



Financial Section



1 Capital Way Cranston, RI 02910 Tel 401.272.5600 Fax 401.331.4511

blumshapiro.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the City Council City of Newport, Rhode Island

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Newport, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Newport, Rhode Island's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Newport, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City of Newport, Rhode Island, adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions.* The net position of the City of Newport, Rhode Island has been restated to recognize the net other postemployment benefit liability in accordance with GASB No. 75. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Newport, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statistical section, and Annual Supplemental Transparency Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Annual Transparency Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Annual Supplementary Transparency Report are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2018 on our consideration of the City of Newport, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Newport, Rhode Island's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Newport, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

Cranston, Rhode Island December 10, 2018

As management of the City of Newport, we offer readers of the City of Newport's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Newport for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the Introductory section of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Newport exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$68,185,120 (net position).
- The government's net position increased by \$13,370,672 for the fiscal year 2018. However, beginning net assets were reduced by \$77,704,228 because the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standard No. 75 Accounting and Reporting for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions. Governmental activities' net position increased \$7,055,063 due to a decrease in net pension liability in the police and fire pension plans and an increase in operating and capital grants. Business-type activities had an increase of \$6,315,609 in net position due to programmed rate increases in the water pollution control department to pay current and projected debt service related to consent decree mandated upgrades to the wastewater treatment plant and pump stations.
- At June 30, 2018, the City of Newport's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$43,964,823, an increase of \$1,396,673 in comparison to the prior year fund balance. Of the total fund balance, \$30,735,927 (70%) is either nonspendable, restricted or committed, leaving \$13,228,896 as available for spending at the City's discretion (assigned and unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the general fund was \$15,611,709, or 13.70% of total general fund expenditures and net other financing uses. \$2,349,159 of the fund balance is nonspendable, restricted or committed leaving \$13,262,550 of assigned or unassigned fund balance. The general fund total fund balance is split between the control of the City Council and the School Committee. Assigned and unassigned fund balance under the control of the City Council is \$14,014,354, or 15.07% of city operating expenditures and other financing uses. The School's assigned and unassigned general fund balance is a deficit of (\$751,804).
- The City of Newport's long-term liabilities increase of \$62,756,743 is the result adding the liability for other post employment benefits.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Newport's basic financial statements. The City of Newport's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Newport's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Newport's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Newport is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Newport that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Newport include general government, education, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, economic development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Newport include water utilities, sewer utilities (water pollution control utilities), parking facilities, and harbor facilities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits I and II of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Newport uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Newport can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Newport maintains twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund (made up of four funds, including the City's General Fund, the School Unrestricted Fund, the Property Acquisition Fund and the Gifts Fund), the Community Development Block Grant Fund, the Capital Projects Fund and the Permanent Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for the combined General Fund is included on Exhibits A-5 and A-6 of this report. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is included on Exhibits C-1 and C-2 of this report.

The City of Newport adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and School Unrestricted Fund. A Budgetary comparison statement has been provided on Exhibit V.

Proprietary funds

The City of Newport maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Newport uses enterprise funds to account for its water operations, water pollution control operations, parking operations, and its maritime (harbor) operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Newport's various functions. The City of Newport uses an internal service fund to account for its fleet and equipment maintenance operations. Because this fund predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Utilities Fund and for the Water Pollution Control operation, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Newport. The Parking Operations Fund and Maritime Fund are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. The internal service fund is presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits VI, VII and VIII of this report.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Newport's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits IX and X of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26-86 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Newport's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the general fund, nonmajor governmental funds and proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Newport, assets exceeded liabilities by \$68,185,120 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The City of Newport's net position at the beginning of the year prior to restatement was \$132,518,676. The net position was reduced by \$77,704,228 to a restated net position at the beginning of the year of \$54,814,448. The unrestricted net deficit at June 30, 2018 is (\$186,606,661). Consistent with prior years the City of Newport has a significant investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Newport uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Newport's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governme Activiti		Business-t Activitie	•••	9	Total					
	Activiti	2017	Activitie	5	2017		TOLAI		2017		
	2018	(as Restated)	2018	(as Restated)			2018	6	as Restated)		
Current and other assets	\$ 54,797,146		\$ 39,906,890	\$		\$		\$	97,706,547		
Capital assets	131,510,260		252,684,274		234,448,511		384,194,534		365,486,775		
Total assets	186,307,406	182,318,267	292,591,164		280,875,055		478,898,570		463,193,322		
Deferred outflows of	i i				· ·						
resources	24,970,203	21,272,173	2,169,644		1,595,669		27,139,847		22,867,842		
Total assets and outflows	<u> </u>								<u> </u>		
of resources	211,277,609	203,590,440	294,760,808		282,470,724		506,038,417		486,061,164		
Long-term liabilities	246,374,108	188,665,578	136,393,586		131,345,373		382,767,694		320,010,951		
Other liabilities	14,277,117	12,816,673	16,875,840		13,230,870		31,152,957		26,047,543		
Total liabilities	260,651,225	201,482,251	153,269,426		144,576,243		413,920,651		346,058,494		
Deferred inflows of			,,		,0.0,2.0		,0_0,00.		0.0,000,000		
resources	22,807,966	7,164,875	1,124,680		319,119		23,932,646		7,483,994		
Total liabilities and inflows	,		, ,		,		, ,				
of resources	283,459,191	208,647,126	154,394,106		144,895,362		437,853,297		353,542,488		
Net assets:									· · ·		
Net investment in capital assets	92,189,696	87,510,639	119,347,616		106,853,154		211,537,312		194,363,793		
Restricted	12,899,320	12,052,981	30,355,149		36,277,706		43,254,469		48,330,687		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(177,270,598)		(9,336,063)		(5,555,498)		(186,606,661)		(110,175,804)		
Total Net Position	\$ (72,181,582)) \$ (5,056,686)	\$ 140,366,702	\$	137,575,362	\$	68,185,120	\$	132,518,676		

City of Newport's Net Position

An additional portion of the City of Newport's net position (63%) represents resources that are restricted by external parties.

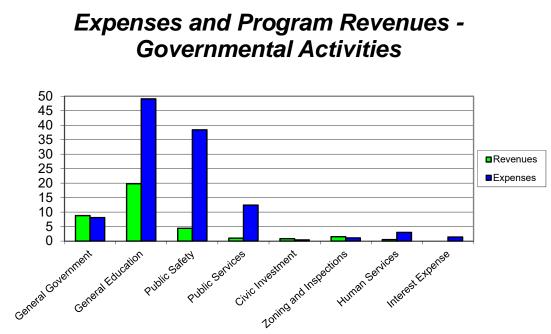
The City's net position increased by \$13,370,672 during the current fiscal year. The primary reasons for the increase is because sewer rates were increased to cover debt service related to mandated capital projects in the business-type activities; and an increase in property taxes and operating and capital grants in the governmental activities. There were significant increases in activities expenses from the prior year due to increased pension and other post employment benefit costs, as well as education expense. The increases were offset by reductions in other expenditures due to good departmental management, and increased revenues and grants.

Governmental Activities

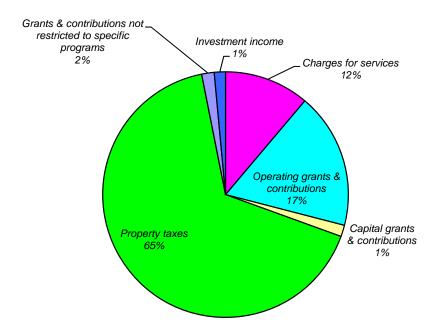
Governmental activities net position increased by \$7,055,063. A comparison of FY2018 and FY2017 activity can be found below which indicates the changes identified above.

		City of New	vport	's Changes in	Net Position				
	Governmer Activitie			Business-t Activities			Total		
	2018	2017		2018	2017		2018		2017
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	+ -,, -	\$ 12,977,555	\$	38,860,798	\$ 37,911,168	\$	52,300,035		50,888,723
Operating grants and contributions	21,451,434	19,885,710					21,451,434		19,885,710
Capital grants and contributions	1,811,795	915,808					1,811,795		915,808
General revenues:									
Property taxes	79,746,848	77,746,437					79,746,848	7	77,746,437
Grants and contributions not									
restricted to specific programs	1,974,129	1,758,319					1,974,129		1,758,319
Investment income	1,777,489	1,613,258		126,204	12,546		1,903,693		1,625,804
Total revenues	120,200,932	114,897,087		38,987,002	37,923,714		159,187,934	15	52,820,801
Expenses:									
General government	8,072,122	7,372,458					8,072,122		7,372,458
General education	49,050,514	45,453,582					49,050,514	4	45,453,582
Public safety	38,361,508	39,921,674					38,361,508	3	39,921,674
Public services	12,405,363	11,728,084					12,405,363		11,728,084
Civic investment	423,068	489,296					423,068		489,296
Inspections and zoning	1,096,513	1,028,570					1,096,513		1,028,570
Human services	3,014,102	3,121,298					3,014,102		3,121,298
Interest expense	1,397,679	1,493,058					1,397,679		1,493,058
Water				14,236,860	14,826,722		14,236,860		14,826,722
Water pollution control				15,296,821	13,857,667		15,296,821		13,857,667
Nonmajor business-type				2,462,712	2,393,388		2,462,712		2,393,388
Total expenses	113,820,869	110,608,020		31,996,393	31,077,777		145,817,262	14	1,685,797
Increase in net position	6,380,063	4,289,067		6,990,609	6,845,937		13,370,672	1	11,135,004
Transfers	675,000	100,000		(675,000)	(100,000)			
Change in net position	7,055,063	4,389,067		6,315,609	6,745,937		13,370,672	1	11,135,004
Net position beginning	(79,236,645)	(9,445,753)		134,051,093	130,829,425		54,814,448	12	21,383,672
Restatement		(74,179,959)			(3,524,269)	-	(7	77,704,228)
Net Position Ending	\$ (72,181,582)	\$ (79,236,645)	\$	140,366,702	\$ 134,051,093	\$	68,185,120	\$ 5	54,814,448

City of Newport's Changes in Net Position



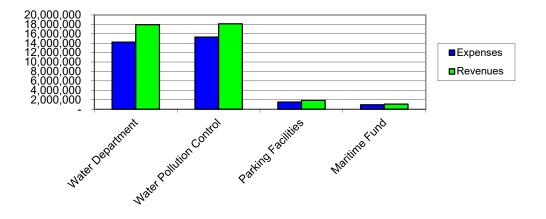
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities' net position increased by \$6,315,609. Revenues have been increasing in the last few years to pay for debt service on mandated water and sewer capital projects. The water fund projects of approximately \$85 million have been completed, and the City has begun work on a \$50 million expansion of the wastewater treatment plant capacity and upgrades of combined sewer overflow pump stations. These are part of the projected \$100 million in capital projects resulting from a consent decree.

The Water Fund had income before transfers of \$3,691,858 for the year ended June 30, 2018, the Water Pollution Control Fund had income before transfers of \$2,820,137, and the non-major proprietary funds had income before transfers of \$478,614.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Newport uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Newport's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Newport's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Newport's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$43,964,823, an increase of \$1,396,673 in comparison with the prior year fund balance. The increase is the result of investment returns of \$1,086,529 in the permanent fund and expenditures less than the amount budgeted in the City general fund. \$1,300,000 in budgeted transfers were made from the Property Acquisition Fund into the Capital Projects and Sheffield Hub Fund, a redevelopment project. There was a fiscal year end surplus of \$2,400,412 in the Capital Project Fund which is the result of the timing of project cash flows. The School department had a deficit for the year of \$1,727,394 leaving them with a June 30, 2018 fund deficit of (\$751,804). The deficit will be covered in the next five years through a combination of transfers from the City and budgeted appropriations. Much of the total combined ending fund balance amount (\$30,735,927) constitutes fund balance that is either nonspendable, restricted by outside legal sources or committed for capital or contractual purposes. An additional \$637,126 of the fund balance is assigned by the City Council. The balance of \$12,591,770 is unassigned and available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the combined operating general fund of the City of Newport and the operating general fund of the Newport Public Schools. Two smaller funds are combined into the General Fund as well. They include the property acquisition fund and a gifts fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,625,424, while total fund balance was \$15,611,709. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and net transfers. Unassigned fund balance in the general fund represents 11.2% of total general fund expenditures and transfers, while total fund balance represents 13.9% of that same amount.

The total fund balance in the general operating fund of the City (does not include the gift fund and the property acquisition fund also combined into the general fund) under the control of the City Council is \$15,652,034, an increase of \$988,854 which is 16% of City operating expenditures and other financing uses. The general operating fund of the Newport Public Schools is under the control of the elected School Committee. That fund deficit is (\$751,804).

The fund balance of the Newport Schools under the control of the School Committee decreased by \$1,727,394 due to higher than anticipated costs and lower than anticipated revenues.

The table on this page shows the comparison of revenues and expenditures in the City and School general funds between FY2018 and FY2017.

	City Gen	əral	Fund	School Gener	al Fund
	2018		2017	2018	2017
Local Taxes	\$ 79,856,764	\$	77,505,920	\$ \$	
Intergovernmental Revenues	3,803,823		3,411,092	14,392,794	13,541,210
Charges for Services	10,626,598		10,494,746	803,973	775,739
Use of money and property	151,231		28,926	478,544	238,899
Contributions			191,715		
Other Revenues	271,738		27,974		
Total Revenues	94,710,154		91,660,373	15,675,311	14,555,848
Total Expenditures	64,745,861		63,160,471	43,497,628	40,124,336
Other Financing Sources (Uses	 (28,975,439)		(28,737,982)	26,094,923	25,283,301
Net Change in Fund Balances	988,854		(238,080)	(1,727,394)	(285,187)
Fund Balance, Beginning	14,663,180		14,901,260	975,590	1,260,777
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 15,652,034	\$	14,663,180	\$ (751,804) \$	975,590

City and School General Funds Comparison Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	Com	oine	d
	2018		2017
Local Taxes	\$ 79,856,764	\$	77,505,920
Intergovernmental Revenues	18,196,617		16,952,302
Charges for Services	11,430,571		11,270,485
Use of money and property	629,775		267,825
Contributions	-		191,715
Other Revenues	271,738		27,974
Total Revenues	110,385,465		106,216,221
Total Expenditures	108,243,489		103,284,807
Other Financing Sources (Uses	(2,880,516)		(3,454,681)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(738,540)		(523,267)
Fund Balance, Beginning	15,638,770		16,162,037
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 14,900,230	\$	15,638,770

The Capital Projects Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$2,400,412 that is primarily the result of timing differences between revenues and actual expenditures as of June 30, 2018.

The Permanent Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$846,339 due to net results from market returns.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were primarily due to budgetary carryovers from fiscal year 2017 of \$489,361 and an appropriation of \$600,000 of fund balance for technology for students in Newport Public Schools.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Newport's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmentwide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water Fund at the end of the year amounted to a deficit of (\$11,816,639) while restricted net position was \$16,222,656 and net investment in capital assets was \$51,516,745. The Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission (PUC) sets rates at a level that allows revenues to the extent that they cover approved operating, debt service and capital expenditures. The rates do not allow for reserves, thus any unforeseen expense is covered by curbing operating and maintenance expenses. Cash is restricted in the Water Fund because it is subject to debt covenant requirements and PUC requirements.

Unrestricted net position of the Water Pollution Control Fund at the end of the year amounted to a deficit of (\$3,499,236) while restricted net position was \$14,132,493 and net investment in capital assets was \$62,860,424. Much of the revenue in the Water Pollution Control Fund is to fund debt service or non-debt funded capital improvements. Cash is restricted in the Water Pollution Control Fund because it is subject to debt covenant requirements.

The Parking Fund had unrestricted net position of \$4,634,309 and the Maritime Fund had unrestricted net position of \$1,345,503. Factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Newport's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City of Newport's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 is \$384,194,534 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and systems, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure and construction in progress. There was a total increase in the City of Newport's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year of 5.1%.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$6,911,000 was spent on water treatment plants, water infrastructure, and mains.
- \$18,112,000 was spent on combined sewer overflow and other water pollution control issues.
- \$1,430,000 was spent on Sheffield Hub redevelopment project.
- \$1,814,000 was spent on road and sidewalk reconstruction and improvements.
- \$699,000 was spent on facilities, parks and playgrounds
- \$335,000 was spent on seawall repairs.

City of Newport's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmen	tal	Activities	Business-typ	e A	ctivities				
	 2018		2017	2018		2017		2018		2017
Land	\$ 4,880,057	\$	4,880,057	\$ 6,492,359	\$	6,492,359	\$	11,372,416	\$	11,372,416
Construction in progress	3,678,275		1,902,305	25,921,744		22,530,057		29,600,019		24,432,362
Buildings & systems	67,511,156		68,882,743	218,668,340		204,015,649		286,179,496		272,898,392
Machinery & equipment	3,285,572		2,466,617	548,299		364,643		3,833,871		2,831,260
Vehicles	4,280,251		4,801,461	1,053,532		1,045,803		5,333,783		5,847,264
Infrastructure	47,874,949		48,105,081					47,874,949		48,105,081
Total	\$ 131,510,260	\$	131,038,264	\$ 252,684,274	\$	234,448,511	\$	384,194,534	\$	365,486,775

Additional information on the City of Newport's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Newport had total bonded debt outstanding of \$170,809,226. Of this amount, \$36,211,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City of Newport's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Government	al A	ctivities	Business-ty	oe A	ctivities	Total					
	2018		2017	2018	2017	2017 2018			2017			
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 36,211,000	\$	40,000,000				\$	36,211,000	\$	40,000,000		
Revenue Bonds				134,598,226		131,420,200		134,598,226		131,420,200		
Total	\$ 36,211,000	\$	40,000,000	\$ 134,598,226	\$	131,420,200	\$	170,809,226	\$	171,420,200		

The City of Newport's total bonds decreased by \$610,974 during the current fiscal year. Debt increased by \$10,375,103 from revenue bond drawdowns for the sewer project. Bonds of \$10,986,077 were retired during fiscal year 2018.

The City of Newport maintains an "AA+" rating from Standard and Poor for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may have outstanding to 3% of its assessed property values. The current debt limitation for the City is \$205,445,517, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$36,211,000.

Additional information on the City of Newport's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the Financial Statements of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The average annual not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate as of June 2018 for the City of Newport was 3.5%, which is less than the state's unemployment rate of 4.3% and the federal unemployment rate of 4.0%.
- The occupancy rate of the government's central business district is about 98% during the summer tourist season (May through October) and 65% in the remaining months.
- Inflationary trends in the region follow national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Newport's budget for the 2019 fiscal year.

Fund balance in the City's general operating fund at June 30, 2018 is \$15,652,034 or 16.0% of City general operating fund expenditures, which complies with the City's fiscal policy of maintaining a minimum of 10% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out as a reserve.

The Water Pollution Control Fund's rates are expected to increase in the next two years to fund projects required under a consent decree with the federal Environmental Protection Agency. The total cost for projects associated with the consent decree is not known but is estimated to be \$100 million. The Water Fund rates are controlled and set by the Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission. A rate increase was approved effective October 1, 2016.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Newport's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Laura Sitrin, City of Newport, 43 Broadway, Newport, Rhode Island 02840.



Basic Financial Statements

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Primary (Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	Activities	Activities	10141
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,195,637	\$ 5,403,656	\$ 13,599,293
Investments	23,270,485	1,277,819	24,548,304
Receivables, net	5,251,776	4,228,296	9,480,072
Internal balances (advances)	1,553,195	(1,553,195)	-
Inventories	12,806	294,165	306,971
Prepaid expenses	277,724		277,724
Total current assets	38,561,623	9,650,741	48,212,364
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Temporarily restricted cash and cash equivalents		28,044,590	28,044,590
Permanently restricted investments	12,760,718		12,760,718
Bond proceeds		2,211,559	2,211,559
Receivables, net	601,716	, ,	601,716
Net pension asset	2,873,089		2,873,089
Capital assets not being depreciated	8,558,332	32,414,103	40,972,435
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	122,951,928	220,270,171	343,222,099
Total noncurrent assets	147,745,783	282,940,423	430,686,206
Total assets	186,307,406	292,591,164	478,898,570
Deferred outflow of resources:			
Deferred outflows - pensions	24,008,631	2,122,681	26,131,312
Deferred outflows - other post employment benefit	961,572	46,963	1,008,535
Total deferred outflow of resources	24,970,203	2,169,644	27,139,847
Liabilities: Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	3,811,906	5,484,417	9,296,323
Accrued liabilities	1,006,930	2,304,305	3,311,235
Unearned revenue	1,000,000	25,032	25,032
Other liabilities	1,150,821	99,000	1,249,821
Current portion of long-term obligations	8,307,460	8,963,086	17,270,546
Total current liabilities	14,277,117	16,875,840	31,152,957
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term obligations	246,374,108	136,393,586	382,767,694
Total liabilities	260,651,225	153,269,426	413,920,651
Deferred inflow of resources:	14.004.000	707 000	44.000.004
Deferred inflows - pensions	14,261,608	707,283	14,968,891
Deferred inflows - other post employment benefit	8,546,358	417,397	8,963,755
Total deferred inflow of resources	22,807,966	1,124,680	23,932,646
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	92,189,696	119,347,616	211,537,312
Restricted for:			
Various endowments:			
Expendable	10,297,669		10,297,669
Nonexpendable	2,601,651		2,601,651
Held in trust		99,000	99,000
Debt service		30,256,149	30,256,149
Unrestricted (deficit)	(177,270,598)	(9,336,063)	(186,606,661
Total net position	\$(72,181,582)	\$ 140,366,702	\$ 68,185,120

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			_		Р	rogram Revenues			Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Governmental Activities:															
General government General education Public safety Public services Civic investment Zoning and inspections Human services Interest expense	\$	8,072,122 49,050,514 38,361,508 12,405,363 423,068 1,096,513 3,014,102 1,397,679	\$	7,108,842 948,690 3,858,914 215,284 1,472,991 (165,484)	\$	1,745,741 18,802,682 331,151 52,496 30,282 489,082	\$	236,158 681,281 801,584 92,772	\$	782,461 (29,299,142) (33,935,285) (11,456,302) 408,798 376,478 (2,597,732) (1,397,679)	\$		\$	782,461 (29,299,142) (33,935,285) (11,456,302) 408,798 376,478 (2,597,732) (1,397,679)	
Total governmental activities	_	113,820,869		13,439,237		21,451,434	_	1,811,795	_	(77,118,403)		-		(77,118,403)	
Business-type activities: Water Department Water Pollution Control Recreational and parking facilities Total business-type activities	_	14,236,860 15,296,821 2,462,712 31,996,393		17,857,261 18,071,759 2,931,778 38,860,798			_		-	-	· _	3,620,401 2,774,938 469,066 6,864,405	. <u> </u>	3,620,401 2,774,938 469,066 6,864,405	
Total	\$	145,817,262	\$	52,300,035	\$	21,451,434	\$	1,811,795		(77,118,403)		6,864,405		(70,253,998)	
	F	nvestment incom ansfers	ibutic ne	ons not restricted t enues and transfe		Decific programs	_		-	79,746,848 1,974,129 1,777,489 <u>675,000</u> 84,173,466	· -	126,204 (675,000) (548,796)		79,746,848 1,974,129 1,903,693 	

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	1,974,129		1,974,129
Investment income	1,777,489	126,204	1,903,693
Transfers	675,000	(675,000)	-
Total general revenues and transfers	84,173,466	(548,796)	83,624,670
Change in net position	7,055,063	6,315,609	13,370,672
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as restated	(79,236,645)	134,051,093	54,814,448
	• • • • • • • • • •		
Net Position at End of Year	\$ <u>(72,181,582)</u> \$	140,366,702 \$	68,185,120

The accomapnying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	General	Community Development Block Grant	 Permanent Funds	 Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental	 Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables:	\$	1,226,528 23,270,485	\$ 2,413,498	\$ 142,405 12,760,718	\$ 10,348,358	\$ 3,053,630	\$ 17,184,419 36,031,203
Property taxes Motor vehicle excise		1,080,015 533,226					1,080,015 533,226
Intergovernmental Note/loan		555,220	137,680 1,195,557			1,675,175 105,000	1,812,855
Other Prepaid items		1,973,616 61,148	1,193,337			26,250	1,999,866 61,148
Due from other funds Advances to other funds	_	516,998 749,991				26,250 267,459	 543,248 1,017,450
Total Assets	\$_	29,412,007	\$ 3,746,735	\$ 12,903,123	\$ 10,348,358	\$ 5,153,764	\$ 61,563,987

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES

Liabilities: Cash overdraft Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$	8,225,616 2,741,725 807,199 26,250 1,150,821 12,951,611	\$ 16,950 16,950	\$ 3,803	\$	476,569 476,569	\$	858,669 \$ 555,140		9,084,285 3,794,187 807,199 26,250 1,150,821 14,862,742
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	-	848,687	 1,195,557 40,572 1,236,129	 -	· _			424,959 226,647 651,606		848,687 1,620,516 <u>267,219</u> 2,736,422
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances	_	61,148 74,353 2,213,658 637,126 12,625,424 15,611,709	 2,493,656	 2,601,651 10,297,669 12,899,320	· _	9,871,789 9,871,789	_	3,122,003 (33,654) 3,088,349		2,662,799 15,987,681 12,085,447 637,126 12,591,770 43,964,823
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	29,412,007	\$ 3,746,735	\$ 12,903,123	\$_	10,348,358	\$	5,153,764 \$	s	61,563,987

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2018

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position: Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:				
Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)		:	\$	43,964,823
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation Net capital assets	\$ _	188,270,534 (56,760,274)		131,510,260
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds: Net pension asset Prepaid interest from school bonds Unavailable property taxes, loans and grant revenues Allowance for doubtful accounts Property tax and loan interest accrual				2,873,089 216,576 2,736,422 (1,524,678) 611,126
 Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of fleet maintenance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and deferred inflows of resources, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not 				168,457
reported in the funds: Bonds payable Bond premium Interest payable on bonds and notes Capital lease payable Claims and judgments Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability				(36,211,000) (2,756,546) (218,326) (353,018) (465,000) (6,609,729) (136,431,195) (71,855,080)
Certain transactions related to pensions have deferred outflows and inflows not required to be reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources - other post employment benefit Deferred inflows of resources - other post employment benefit Deferred outflows of resources - pensions Deferred inflows of resources - pensions			_	961,572 (8,546,358) 24,008,631 (14,261,608)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I)		:	\$_	(72,181,582)

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_	General	-	Community Development Block Grant	-	Permanent Funds	-	Capital Projects	•	Nonmajor Governmental		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:												
Property taxes	\$	79,856,764	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	79,856,764
Intergovernmental revenues		18,196,617		168,450				576,451		4,087,668		23,029,186
Charges for services		11,430,571		148,969				1,241,130		312,217		13,132,887
Use of money and property		629,775		35,782		1,086,529		28		25,375		1,777,489
Contributions		52,496						214,968		1,110,641		1,378,105
Other revenues	_	271,738	-	050.004	-	4 000 500	-	0.000 577		E 505 004	_	271,738
Total revenues	-	110,437,961	-	353,201	-	1,086,529	-	2,032,577	•	5,535,901	-	119,446,169
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government		7,401,749										7,401,749
General education		42,498,659								3,790,895		46,289,554
Public safety		37,464,378								154,475		37,618,853
Public services		9,304,094								7,915		9,312,009
Civic investment		239,188								9,970		249,158
Zoning and inspections		1,071,244										1,071,244
Human services		1,986,467		210,689		240,190				564,876		3,002,222
Pension expenditures		1,509,419										1,509,419
Debt service:												
Principal		3,899,733										3,899,733
Interest		1,650,512										1,650,512
Capital outlays	_	1,310,308	_	-			_	3,623,811		1,785,924	_	6,720,043
Total expenditures	_	108,335,751	-	210,689	-	240,190	-	3,623,811		6,314,055	_	118,724,496
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
over Expenditures	_	2,102,210	_	142,512	-	846,339	_	(1,591,234)		(778,154)	_	721,673
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Transfers in from other funds		30,887						4,091,286		1,294,757		5,416,930
Transfers out to other funds		(4,211,403)						(99,640)		(430,887)		(4,741,930)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(4,180,516)		-	•	-	-	3,991,646	•	863,870		675,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(2,078,306)	-	142,512		846,339	-	2,400,412		85,716	-	1,396,673
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, adjusted	_	17,690,015	_	2,351,144	_	12,052,981	_	7,471,377	_	3,002,633	_	42,568,150
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	15,611,709	¢	2,493,656	\$	12,899,320	\$	9,871,789	¢	3,088,349	¢	43,964,823
I UNU DAIANUES AL LINU ULI EAI	Ψ_	13,011,709	- Ψ	2,433,000	Ψ.	12,033,320	- φ	3,011,109	. φ	5,000,349	Ψ=	-0,304,023

EXHIBIT IV

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:		
Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,396,673
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Capital outlay Loss on disposal of assets Depreciation expense		6,677,120 (741,374) (5,455,867)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not in the statement of activities:		
Property tax receivable - accrual basis change Property tax and loan interest receivable Change in allowance for doubtful accounts Activity related to property tax and loan receivable Change in net pension assets Change in deferred outflows - related to pensions Change in deferred outflows - related to OPEB		(109,916) (156,532) 426,914 169,511 (411,470) 2,324,988 961,572
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issues, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:		
Bond principal payments Capital lease payments		3,789,000 110,733
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in compensated absences Change in claims and judgments Change in deferred inflows - related to pensions Change in deferred inflows - related to OPEB Change in net pension liability Change in net OPEB liability Amortization of prepaid interest Change in accrued interest Amortization of bond premiums	_	(109,705) 127,000 (7,096,733) (8,546,358) 4,817,635 8,629,039 (72,192) 17,698 307,327
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)	\$	7,055,063

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Budgetee	d A	mounts	-		Variance with Final Budget -
	_	Original		Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	80,664,572	\$	80,664,572	\$	79,856,764	\$ (807,808)
Intergovernmental revenues	Ŧ	16,205,954	Ŧ	16,205,954	Ŧ	16,442,667	236,713
Charges for services		9,820,052		9,820,052		10,626,598	806,546
Use of money and property		350,000		350,000		151,231	(198,769)
Other revenues		1,321,397	_	1,321,397		1,554,255	232,858
Total revenues	_	108,361,975		108,361,975		108,631,515	269,540
Expenditures:							
General government:							
Mayor and City Council		102,674		102,674		96,770	5,904
City Manager		1,045,856		1,050,856		975,608	75,248
City Solicitor		538,910		538,910		481,607	57,303
Canvassing		255,901		255,901		217,427	38,474
City Clerk		552,933		552,933		620,578	(67,645)
Finance		4,077,294		4,207,964		4,071,553	136,411
Reserve accounts School:		935,000		930,000		1,162,731	(232,731)
General Education		39,380,364		39,380,364		41,743,678	(2,363,314)
Public Safety:		10 000 150		10 001 450		10 004 050	67 405
Police Department		18,089,158		18,091,458		18,024,053	67,405
Fire Department Public Services		19,381,437 10,742,389		19,381,437 11,183,780		19,390,165 10,812,474	(8,728) 371,306
Civic Investment		339,337		254,337		239,188	15,149
Zoning and Inspections		1,039,347		1,039,347		1,071,244	(31,897)
Human Services:		1,000,047		1,000,047		1,071,244	(01,007)
Donations		118,450		118,450		118,450	_
Public Library		1,868,017		1,868,017		1,868,017	-
Pension expenditures		1,614,700		1,614,700		1,509,419	105,281
Debt service		5,563,922		5,563,922		5,550,245	13,677
Total expenditures	_	105,645,689		106,135,050		107,953,207	(1,818,157)
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures		2,716,286		2,226,925		678,308	(1,548,617)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		25,585,004		25,585,004		26,215,891	630,887
Transfers out		(28,401,290)	_	(29,001,290)		(29,096,406)	(95,116)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(2,816,286)		(3,416,286)		(2,880,515)	535,771
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources over							
over Expenditures and Other Uses	\$_	(100,000)	\$	(1,189,361)	=	(2,202,207)	\$ (1,012,846)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year					-	15,149,409	
Fund Balance at End of Year					\$	12,947,202	
					Ψ:	12,041,202	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

	-	Bus	ine	ss-Type Activit	ties	- Enterprise F	und	s		Governmental Activities
		Majo	r Fu	inds						
	-	Water Fund		W.P.C. Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total		Internal Service Fund
Assets:										
Current assets:	•		•		•		•		•	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable:	\$	21,728	\$		\$	5,381,928 1,277,819	\$	5,403,656 1,277,819	\$	95,503
User fees (net of allowances) Other		1,728,322		2,484,192		15,782		4,228,296		40,525
Due from other funds				140,691				140,691		18,747
Inventories	-	294,165						294,165		12,806
Total current assets	-	2,044,215		2,624,883		6,675,529		11,344,627	•	167,581
Noncurrent assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		14,011,097		14,033,493				28,044,590		
Bond proceeds - restricted		2,211,559						2,211,559		10
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	-	<u>133,545,223</u> 149,767,879		<u>113,968,604</u> 128,002,097		<u>5,170,447</u> 5,170,447		<u>252,684,274</u> 282,940,423		<u>18,595</u> 18,595
Total honcurrent assets	-	149,707,079		120,002,097		5,170,447		202,940,423		10,595
Total assets	-	151,812,094		130,626,980		11,845,976	. <u>-</u>	294,285,050		186,176
Deferred outflow of resources: Deferred outflows - pension		1,626,356		404,413		91,912		2,122,681		
Deferred outflows - other post employment benefit		46,274		,		689		46,963		
Total deferred outflow of resources	-	1,672,630		404,413		92,601	· -	2,169,644		-
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Unearned revenue Due to other funds		1,285,076 1,548,064 676,436		4,146,984 706,141		52,357 50,100 25,032		5,484,417 2,304,305 25,032 676,436		17,719
Escrow held in Trust Current portion bonds payable		4,463,000		99,000 4,500,086				99,000 8,963,086		
Total current liabilities	-	7,972,576		9,452,211		127,489		17,552,276		17.719
Long-term liabilities: Advances from other funds Notes payable Bonds payable Net pension liability	-	79,777,037 5,401,259		749,991 45,858,103 1,342,686		267,459 200,000 305,156	. –	1,017,450 200,000 125,635,140 7,049,101		
Net OPEB liability	-	3,457,871				51,474		3,509,345		
Total long-term liabilities	-	88,636,167		47,950,780		824,089		137,411,036		
Total liabilities	-	96,608,743		57,402,991		951,578		154,963,312		17,719
Deferred inflow of resources: Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - other post employment benefit Total deferred inflow of resources	-	541,944 411,275 953,219		134,721 134,721	· -	30,618 6,122 36,740	· -	707,283 417,397 1,124,680		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets		51,516,745		62,860,424		4,970,447		119,347,616		18,595
Restricted by regulatory agencies and bond covenants Assets held in trust		16,222,656		14,033,493 99,000				30,256,149 99,000		
Unrestricted	-	(11,816,639)		(3,499,236)		5,979,812		(9,336,063)		149,862
Total Net Position	\$	55,922,762	\$	73,493,681	\$	10,950,259	\$	140,366,702	\$	168,457

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	-	Bus Major			ties	- Enterprise Fu	nd	5	-	Governmental Activities
	_	Water Fund	-	W.P.C. Fund	-	Nonmajor Funds		Total	-	Internal Service Fund
Operating revenues:										
User fees Other revenues	\$	17,195,771 661,490	\$	18,071,759	\$	2,931,778	\$	38,199,308 661,490	\$	1,242,609
Total operating revenues	-	17,857,261	-	18,071,759	-	2,931,778		38,860,798	-	1,242,609
Operating expenses:										
Salaries and benefits		4,464,055		1,820,938		894,799		7,179,792		1,573
Materials and supplies		628,130		87,471		81,580		797,181		388,809
Repairs and maintenance Support services		573,539 43,843		121,157		331,049 440,807		1,025,745 7,080,290		75,485
Utilities		43,643 1,344,337		6,595,640 720,839		440,807 50,866		2,116,042		748,160 23,605
Administrative and other		1,010,886		515.720		349,166		1,875,772		23,003
Property taxes		535,316		010,720		040,100		535,316		+1+
Depreciation		3,047,461		3,830,458		314,445		7,192,364		4,503
Total operating expenses	_	11,647,567	-	13,692,223	_	2,462,712		27,802,502		1,242,609
Operating Income	_	6,209,694	-	4,379,536	_	469,066		11,058,296		-
Nonoperating revenues and expenses:										
Investment income		71,457		45,199		9,548		126,204		
Interest expense Net operating revenues and	_	(2,589,293)	-	(1,604,598)	_			(4,193,891)		
expenses	_	(2,517,836)	_	(1,559,399)	_	9,548		(4,067,687)		-
Income Before Transfers		3,691,858		2,820,137		478,614		6,990,609		
Transfers:										
Transfers out	_		-		_	(675,000)		(675,000)		
Change in Net Position		3,691,858		2,820,137		(196,386)		6,315,609		-
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as Restated	_	52,230,904	-	70,673,544	_	11,146,645		134,051,093		168,457
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	55,922,762	\$_	73,493,681	\$	10,950,259	\$	140,366,702	\$	168,457

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	-	Busines Major Fi	s-Type Activitie	s - Enterprise	F	unds	-	Governmental Activities
	-	Water Fund	W.P.C. Fund	Nonmajor Funds		Total	-	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Payment of property taxes	\$	17,723,172 \$ (2,101,985) (4,878,676) (535,316)	17,563,722 \$ (6,054,076) (1,073,278)	3,106,559 (892,802) (886,815)	\$	38,393,453 (9,048,863) (6,838,769) (535,316)	\$	1,202,166 (1,226,665) (41,721)
Payment of administrative expense Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	(1,010,886) 9,196,309	(515,720) 9,920,648	(349,166) 977,776		(1,875,772) 20,094,733		(474) (66,694)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Interfund loans and transfers	_		749,991	(675,000)		74,991		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from borrowing Principal paid on bonds, notes and loans Interest paid on bonds, notes and loans Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activitie	s	(6,911,496) 1,813,315 (4,366,000) (2,619,473) (12,083,654)	(18,112,376) 10,375,103 (2,831,077) (1,463,818) (12,032,168)	(420,855)		(25,444,727) 12,188,418 (7,197,077) (4,083,291) (24,536,677)	-	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Investment income	_	71,457	45,199	16,592		133,248		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(2,815,888)	(1,316,330)	(101,487)		(4,233,705)		(66,694)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	-	16,848,713	15,349,823	5,483,415		37,681,951		162,197
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	14,032,825 \$	14,033,493 \$	5,381,928	\$	33,448,246	\$	95,503
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (Ioss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (Ioss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	6,209,694 \$	4,379,536 \$	469,066	\$	11,058,296	\$	
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		3,047,461	3,830,458	314,445		7,192,364		4,503
Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable - other		(134,089)	(478,010)	179,749		(432,350)		(29,798)
Decrease (Increase) in due from other funds Decrease (Increase) in inventory Decrease (Increase) in deferred outflows of resources:		(1,761)	(30,027)			(30,027) (1,761)		(10,645) 6,194
Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - other post employment benefit (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable		(221,084) (46,274) 293,288	(287,245) - 1,471,031	(18,683) (689) 11,500		1,775,819		(181)
(Decrease) Increase in accrued expenses (Decrease) Increase in unearned revenue (Decrease) Increase in due to other funds (Decrease) Increase net pension liability (Decrease) Increase net other post employment benefit liability (Decrease) Increase in deferred inflows of resources:		(61,886) 196,337 (342,300) (415,254)	59,809 863,807	5,587 (4,968) 5,856 (6,182)		3,510 (4,968) 196,337 (342,300) (415,254)		(36,767)
Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - other post employment benefit	_	260,902 411,275	111,289 -	15,973 6,122			-	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	9,196,309 \$	9,920,648 \$	977,776	\$	20,094,733	\$	(66,694)

Noncash Investing, Capital and Related Financing Transactions: Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments

\$ (7,044) \$ (7,044)

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Pension and Other Post- Employment Benefit Trust Funds		Private Purpose Trust Funds	_	Agency Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	2,594,280	\$	25,581	\$_	311,673
Investments, at fair value:		07 740 505		500.000		
Fixed income mutual funds		27,746,525		592,962		
Domestic equity mutual funds		107,567,585		1,390,342		
International equity mutual funds Alternative investments		23,410,560 19,742,214				
Total investments	-	178,466,884		1,983,304	-	
rotar investments	-	170,400,004	• •	1,303,304	-	
Total assets	-	181,061,164		2,008,885	_	311,673
Liabilities:						
Cash overdraft		704,858		77,043		
Accounts payable		130,032		636		
Amounts held in escrow	-				_	311,673
Total liabilities	-	834,890		77,679	_	311,673
Net Position: Restricted for Pension/Other Post-Employment Benefits and Other Purposes	\$_	180,226,274	\$	1,931,206	\$_	

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Pension and Other Post- Employment Benefit Trust Funds	-	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions: Contributions: Employees	\$	1,050,362	\$	
Employer Contributions Total contributions	-	17,153,077	-	35,065 35,065
Investment income: Net change in fair value of investments Interest and dividends Total investment income	-	7,074,920 <u>11,871,840</u> 18,946,760	_	3,209 <u>165,269</u> 168,478
Less investment expenses	-	476,367	_	9,690
Net investment income	-	18,470,393	-	158,788
Total additions	-	36,673,832	_	193,853
Deductions: Benefits Administration Awards Total deductions	-	17,830,796 180,877 18,011,673	-	1,507 53,254 54,761
Change in Net Position		18,662,159		139,092
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	161,564,115	_	1,792,114
Net Position at End of Year	\$	180,226,274	\$_	1,931,206

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Newport, Rhode Island (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities. In certain circumstances, summaries of the City's significant accounting policies have been presented throughout the notes to the basic financial statements in conjunction with other disclosures to which they relate.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was founded in 1639, incorporated under the laws of the State of Rhode Island in 1784 and rechartered in 1853. The City is governed by a home rule charter which provides for a Council/City Manager form of government. Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member City Council, of which four are elected at large and three from voting wards. The Mayor is chosen by council members from among its four at-large members. A seven-member School Committee, all elected at large, is vested with autonomous legislative authority over the public school system. Members of both the City Council and School Committee are elected to non-partisan biennial terms.

The City Manager is appointed by the Council and serves as the chief executive officer over all municipal services except those performed by the Solicitor and municipal judges, each of whom is appointed by and reports directly to the Council. Municipal services include public safety; potable water and wastewater collection, treatment and distribution; solid waste collection and disposal; street and sidewalk maintenance and operations which support economic and residential development, open space preservation and State law and City code enforcement.

The Superintendent of Schools, appointed by the School Committee, is the chief executive officer for the school system. The school system provides elementary and primary education to City residents and vocational programs to other Newport County residents.

The accompanying financial statements present the government. The City does not have any organizations that meet the definition of component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable, under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61.

B. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus - Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency Funds have no measurement focus but are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments for the interfund services provided between the governmental funds and enterprise and internal service funds, and charges for services between the water fund and the water pollution control fund.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Local taxes, including property taxes and franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It is combined with the School's unrestricted fund, the property proceeds fund and the gift fund for purposes of financial reporting.

The *Community Development Block Grant Fund* (CDBG fund) is a special revenue fund, whereby the City receives federal funding to promote specific types of community and economic development. Funds can only be spent in accordance with a legally binding grant agreement.

The *Permanent Funds* are used to account for resources legally held in trust for specific functions, normally provided by governments. In most cases, only the earnings on the principal can be expended.

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water Fund* records the costs of collection and treatment of raw water and the distribution of potable water for user consumption and fire protection. The City's water system directly serves retail users throughout Newport and in parts of two neighboring towns. The Water Fund also provides water to the United States Naval Base and customers of a neighboring water and fire district through wholesale contracts. Costs of servicing the users are recovered through both fixed and commodity charges under tariffs regulated by the Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission.

The *Water Pollution Control Fund* records the costs of collection and treatment of wastewater, the collection and treatment of stormwater, the extraction and treatment of sludge and the discharge of treated effluent. These costs are recovered from the retail customers through rates assessed on their metered water charges and from contractual agreements with the United States Naval Base and a neighboring town.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes by an external party.

The *Internal Service Fund*, a proprietary type fund, is used to account for fleet management services provided to other departments of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *Enterprise Funds* are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business, primarily through user charges.

The *Private-Purpose Trust Fund* is used to account for resources legally held in trust for use by outside individuals, trusts or organizations to provide awards and scholarships in accordance with a donor's specific instructions or criteria.

The *Pension Trust Fund* accounts for the activities of the Police Retirement Fund and the Fire Retirement Fund, which accumulate resources for pension benefits to qualified police and fire employees.

The OPEB Trust Fund accumulates resources for future retiree health benefits and retiree life insurance benefits for eligible teachers and police retirees.

The *Agency Funds* are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds include student activity funds that exist for purposes normally provided by the School.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule include fees for services provided by one fund to another fund, annual lease payments for vehicles paid to the capital projects fund, and other charges between the City's water and water pollution control (sewer) function and various other functions of the City.

Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Fund, the Water Pollution Control Fund, the Parking Fund, the Maritime Fund and the City's Internal Service Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

It is the City's policy for all funds, that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including fund balances, are available, the City considers restricted amounts to be spent before any unrestricted amounts are used. Furthermore, it is the City's policy that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned resources, including fund balances, are available, the City considers committed amounts to be spent first, followed by assigned amounts and lastly unassigned amounts.

D. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City's deposits are subject to certain State and municipal restrictions. Under Rhode Island general laws, depository institutions must insure deposits of the City or pledge eligible collateral equal to 100% of deposits maturing in greater than 60 days. Any institution not meeting certain federally prescribed minimum capital standards must insure deposits or provide collateral regardless of maturities. The City Council has further enacted restrictions which essentially limit short-term investments to U.S. Treasuries or debt instruments issued by agencies of the U.S. Government or certificates of deposit less than or equal to the amount covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or the Federal Savings and Loan Corporation (FSLIC). Maturities of these instruments are required to be matched to any underlying liabilities.

Investments

Investments of the City are reported at fair value. The City accounts for the carrying value of investments by utilizing the specific identification method. Fair value is determined by the last reported bid price on the last business day of the year.

The City Council restricts both the type and maturity of instruments in which City assets, other than those of fiduciary funds and deferred compensation plans, may be invested. Acceptable investments include certificates of deposit, debt instruments issued by the U.S. Treasury and agencies of the Federal government, or high grade municipal securities. Maturities must be matched to meet the underlying obligations for which invested proceeds were collected. The authority for investing fiduciary assets is vested with a commission appointed by and accountable to the City Council.

E. Receivables and Payables

Interfunds

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property Taxes and Other Receivables

All property tax receivables, user fees receivables and notes receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance at June 30, 2018, is equal to 36% of outstanding property taxes. Other allowances vary depending on the nature of the receivable and the history of collections.

Taxes are levied each July 1 on (a) the full and fair value of real and tangible personal property owned within the City the previous December 31; and (b) the value, as determined by the Rhode Island Vehicle Valuation Commission, of vehicles registered within the City the previous calendar year, prorated for the actual number of days so registered. Taxes are levied for the year commencing on that date, payable in equal quarterly installments on the fifth days of August, November, February and May. Taxes are considered overdue on the 6th day of each quarter and are assessed penalties and will be collected through the sale of tax titles if required. The City has a tax lien on the property as a matter of law on the date the roll is certified, which is December 31 of the previous year.

Rhode Island general laws restrict the City's ability to increase its total tax levy by more than 4%.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of valuation.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepayments will be recognized as an expenditure during the period benefited by the prepayment.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as machinery and equipment with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000, land or building improvements of more than \$20,000 and infrastructure of more than \$25,000, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The value of both governmental and business-type activities infrastructure is fully reported and depreciated as applicable.

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40-125
Building improvements	20-40
Water and sewer improvements	20-50
Water and sewer infrastructure	50-100
Infrastructure	75
Equipment and other capital assets	6-30

H. Compensated Absences

City and school employees are allowed under various labor agreements and by City ordinance to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. The City reports a liability based on the various provisions as follows:

- Supervisory (Nonunion); Supervisory (NEA); AFSCME-City maximum sick leave accrual is 960 hours maximum sick leave payout is 65% up to \$7,500 - \$25,000 if 10 years of service maximum vacation accrual and payout is 200-300 hours
- Police and Fire:

maximum vacation accrual and payout is 400 hours, except that police officers hired after July 1, 2014 and firefighters hired after July 1, 2015 are capped at 300 hours. Police officers are capped at \$25,000 maximum payout for sick leave; firefighter sick leave payout is capped at the higher of the accrued amount in existence at January 1, 2016 or \$25,000.

• Teachers:

sick leave payout of 25% of number of days in excess of 50 and up to a maximum of 165.

• AFSCME - School:

maximum vacation accrual of 40 days to be paid out upon separation, except that an employee with twenty or more years of service as of his/her retirement date is allowed to accumulate 65 days in year leading up to retirement all of which will be paid out at retirement; maximum sick leave accrual of 225 days; payout 30% of days greater than 60 and less than 123.

All vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The current portion of the leave is determined based on historical and current usage. The current and non-current portion is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The entire amount is reported as current in the proprietary fund financial statements.

I. Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities

The net pension and OPEB liabilities are measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension/OPEB liability), net of the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension/OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

J. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Newport OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the City's fiduciary net position have been determined on the economic resources basis using full accrual accounting. For this purpose, the City recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using a straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures for judgments and claims are recorded on the basis of settlements reached or judgments entered within the current fiscal year. In the government-wide financial statements, the estimated liability for all judgments and claims is recorded as a liability.

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide and business-type activities, enterprise funds statements of net position. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension or OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension or OPEB expense, as applicable, in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plans (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide and business-type activities, enterprise funds statements of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension or OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension or OPEB expense, as applicable, in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plans (active employees and inactive employees).

For governmental funds, the City reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds' balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from three sources: property taxes, loans receivable, and intergovernmental receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Police and Fire Pension Plans have been determined on the economic resources basis using full accrual accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State of Rhode Island Teacher's Retirement System, The State of Rhode Island Teachers Survivor Benefits Fund and the State of Rhode Island Municipal Retirement System Pension Plans have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the State of Rhode Island Retirement System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Water Pollution Control Fund and Water Fund revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because they are maintained in separate escrow accounts managed by trustees in accordance with bond covenants. These include debt service reserves and capitalized interest.

The Water Fund has additional cash on the balance sheet classified as restricted since, by order of the Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission, it may only be used for debt service, capital, electricity, certain specified retiree/new hire benefits, or chemical expenditures.

Endowment funds held by the City for various purposes are restricted to expenditure of the investment income only for the purposes designated by the various donors.

O. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

P. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Q. Fund Balance Policies

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances in one of five categories depending on the purposes of the revenue sources. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, for instance the nonexpendable portion of a trust; or are resources in nonspendable form such as inventory and prepaid amounts. Amounts that are legally required by outside parties to be used for a specific purpose; or have restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, are classified in the restricted category.

Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of authority is a city ordinance properly adopted by the City Council. Committed fund balance also includes contractual obligations where resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted or committed. Only the City Council or School Committee may assign fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund, the school unrestricted fund, and deficit fund balances in other funds.

R. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. Reclassifications

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget is adopted for the General and School Unrestricted Funds on the modified accrual basis with the exception that encumbrances are treated as budgeted expenditures in the year of the commitment to purchase.

In accordance with the City Charter, the City Manager must present to the Council a recommended annual budget for the operations of all municipal departments no later than 45 days prior to the commencement of each fiscal year. The recommended budget must include an appropriation to fund mandated contractual obligations in excess of school anticipated revenues. The Council may amend recommended municipal appropriations but not those of the school. The budget must be adopted by ordinance by the last Council meeting prior to the new fiscal year.

- Budgets are adopted on a legally enacted budgetary basis, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in that budgetary expenditures for goods and nonemployment services are recognized when legally binding orders referred to as encumbrances are placed.
- In addition to limits enforced by the budget ordinance, the City Charter further restricts the incurrence of municipal expenditures or expenses to budgeted revenues at the fund level. The City Manager must periodically review revenues and reduce annual appropriations sufficiently to cover any shortfalls in budgeted revenues.
- Costs of operations for all departments established within the City Charter must be appropriated through an annual budget ordinance. These departments are presented within the General Fund and the School Unrestricted Fund.
- Municipal budgetary control is legally enforced at the department level.
- Appropriation transfers between departments require approval by five of the seven-member Council. Other appropriation increases require both the establishment of a funding source and passage of a budget amendment ordinance. The City approved an additional \$600,000 appropriation from fund balance to pay for school technology for students. The difference between the original and final expenditure budget for the City of \$489,361 is due to prior year appropriation carryovers.
- Intra-departmental transfers of municipal appropriations may be made with the approval of the City Manager or his designee.
- Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. School budgetary control is legally enforced only at the unrestricted fund level; inter-departmental transfers may be made without School Committee approval.

B. Budgetary-GAAP Reporting Reconciliation

The General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) in the financial statements presents comparisons of the legally adopted budget with actual data on a budgetary basis. The budgetary basis differs from GAAP because the GAAP basis includes encumbrances that are not recognized under the budgetary basis.

A reconciliation of revenues, expenditures, and fund balance between the accounting treatment required by GAAP (Exhibit IV), and budgetary requirements (Exhibit V), is as follows:

		General Fund	
	Revenues and Transfers In	Expenditures and Transfers Out	Fund Balance
Balance, Budgetary Basis, Exhibit V - June 30, 2018	\$ 134,847,406	\$ 137,049,613	\$ 12,947,202
Add unbudgeted Property Acquisition Fund and Gift Fund	52,496	92,261	711,479
State teachers' retirement on-behalf payments	1,753,950	1,753,950	
Elimination of school unrestricted transfers	(26,185,004)	(26,185,004)	
Liquidation of prior year approved carryovers			489,361
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2018			
charged to budgetary expenditures		(1,463,667)	1,463,667
Balance, GAAP Basis, Exhibit IV - June 30, 2018	\$ 110,468,848	\$ 111,247,153	\$ 15,611,709

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The legal level of control for which expenditures cannot exceed appropriations is at the category level within a department. The table below shows the amounts by which certain departmental expenditures exceeded fiscal year 2018 appropriations (after approved transfers).

Department	•	enditures in ss of Budget
City Clerk	\$	67,645
Reserve Accounts		232,731
School Education		2,363,314
Fire Department		8,728
Zoning and Inspections		31,897
Transfers Out		95,116

The deficits above were offset, in most cases, by expenditure savings in other departments. The school department deficit will have to be corrected in future budgets.

D. Deficit Fund Equity

The following fund had a deficit net position balance as of June 30, 2018:

	Amount
Nonmajor and Other Funds: Substance Abuse Task Force	\$ 33,654

The deficit is the result of timing differences between expenditures and grant reimbursements.

E. Donor Restricted Endowments

Investments in marketable equity and all debt securities are carried at market value. The City allocates investment income in accordance with donor restrictions and Rhode Island Iaw, which adopted the provisions of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA). UPMIFA requires the investment of endowments in good faith and with the care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances. It requires prudence in incurring investment costs, authorizing only costs that are appropriate and reasonable. Factors to be considered in investing are expanded to include, for example, the effects of inflation. UPMIFA emphasizes that investment decisions be made in relation to the overall resources of the City. Net appreciation on investments at June 30, 2018 was \$1,188,699 and is reported in restricted net position.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. Rhode Island public law requires 100% of public deposits in a qualified public depository with maturities greater than sixty (60) days are collateralized with either bank segregated assets, in a trust department or in custodial accounts at a federal reserve bank or federal home loan bank. Any institution not meeting certain federally prescribed minimum capital standards must insure deposits or provide collateral regardless of maturities. The City Council further restricts deposits and short-term investments (less than 3 months) to insured or collateralized cash accounts, U.S. Treasuries, debt instruments issued by U.S. Government agencies or Certificates of Deposit (CDs) less than or equal to the amount covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The City Council also requires that CDs in excess of FDIC limits and any repurchase agreements are collateralized in amounts of at least 102% of the market value of the deposit. At June 30, 2018, the City's deposits are not exposed to custodial risk since most of the above deposits are collateralized at 102% with assets held either in trust or by a third party bank, in U.S. Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) pass-through pools or Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities held in the City's name. The remaining deposits are insured by the FDIC.

As of June 30, 2018, the City's bank balance of \$45,657,430 was insured and collateralized as follows:

Insured	\$ 1,136,135
Collateralized:	
Collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department	
in the City's name	44,521,295
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 45,657,430

Investments

Certain investments are covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) up to \$500,000, including \$100,000 of cash from sale or for purchase of investments, but not cash held solely for the purpose of earning interest. SIPC protects securities such as notes, stocks, bonds, debentures, certificates of deposit and money funds.

At June 30, 2018, the City's investments (including restricted investments) consisted of the following:

				Inve	estment Matu	iritie	es (In Years)		
Type of Investment	Fair Value	L	ess Than 1.		1 - 5		6 - 10	Мо	re Than 10
Debt Securities:									
Money market funds	\$ 187,743	\$	187,743	\$		\$		\$	
Certificates of deposit	18,943,677		13,186,289		3,114,724		1,840,111		802,553
U.S. Government agency securities	5,564,840				79,106		427,416		5,058,318
Fixed income mutual funds	 32,154,185		6,958,468		13,949,357		5,993,430		5,252,930
	56,850,445	\$	20,332,500	\$	17,143,187	\$	8,260,957	\$	11,113,801
Other Investments:									
Alternative investments	19,742,214								
Equity mutual funds	 141,312,964	-							
Total	217,905,623								
Money market funds classified									
as cash equivalents	 (187,743)	-							
	\$ 217,717,880								

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

	June 30,			Fair Value Measurements Using					
		2018	-	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Investments by fair value level:	-								
U.S. Government securities	\$	5,564,840	\$	5,564,840	\$		\$		
Mutual funds		173,467,149		133,640,679		39,826,470			
Alternative investments		19,742,214				15,107,308		4,634,906	
Certificates of deposit		18,943,677		18,943,677					
Money market	-	187,743		918		186,825			
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$	217,905,623	\$	158,150,114	\$	55,120,603	\$	4,634,906	

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Alternative investments classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques.

U.S. Government Securities

U.S. Government securities are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

Mutual Funds

Mutual funds are valued at the quoted price of shares held by the City at year end.

Alternative Investments

Alternative investments are valued by incorporating subjective judgments and assumptions including capitalization rates, discount rates, cash flows and other factors that are not observable in the market. The alternative investment's valuation use significant unobservable inputs.

Certificates of Deposit

Certificates of deposit are valued by discounting the related cash flows based on current yields of similar instruments with comparable durations considering the creditworthiness of the issuer.

Money Market

Money market funds are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the fund is traded.

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The City Investment Policy requires that at least 90% of investments shall at any time be invested in U.S. Treasury or Agency securities, top grade (AAA, AA and A or those with bond insurance) municipal securities, certificates of deposit backed by collateral consisting of U.S. Treasuries or Agencies or covered by FDIC or FSLIC insurance, and repurchase contracts backed by collateral consisting of U.S. Treasuries or Agencies and delivered to the City or held by an independent third party. The policy also allows for investment in uncollateralized Certificates of Deposit of Rhode Island banks. The policy further restricts investments with a maturity of greater than one year to 10% of total investments or \$2,000,000, whichever is lower. The State of Rhode Island does not have any pertinent laws on investments that apply to municipalities.

Certificates of Deposit

Certificates of Deposit are all insured by FDIC insurance. The weighted average maturity of certificates of deposit held with Wells Fargo is 0.20 years. The City intends to hold all certificates to maturity, although they are subject to interest rate risk in the event that they are sold prior to maturity.

The City's investments in money market funds, government securities and fixed income mutual funds had average ratings as follows by Standard & Poor's.

Average Rating	-	Money Market Funds	-	U.S. Government Agency Securities	 Fixed Income Funds
AA+ AA- A-	\$	187,743	\$	5,564,840	\$ 16,636,899 15,517,286
	\$_	187,743	\$	5,564,840	\$ 32,154,185

Custodial Credit Risk

The City does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The following City investments are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name, and, therefore, are subject to custodial credit risk.

	Total	Less Insured Amounts	Amount Subject To Custodial Credit Risk
U.S. Government Agency Securities	\$ 5,564,840	\$ 500,000	\$ 5,064,840

Fiduciary and Permanent Funds

The City Council and Charter grant authority to a five-member Trust and Investment Commission (Commission) to manage fiduciary fund assets. The members are appointed by the City Council. The fiduciary funds include the police pension plan assets, the fire pension plan assets, the OPEB Trust assets, trust assets and scholarship assets. Separate investment policies exist as these assets are invested for long-term growth and/or to meet specific funding targets. The policies identify the asset allocation plans and objectives developed by the Commission. The absolute objectives are to achieve growth in the principal value of assets while maintaining a level of stability and liquidity sufficient to ensure the timely payment of obligations, and to achieve the target rate of return as defined by the actuarial rate of return, currently 7.0% for the pension plans, and 7.5% for the OPEB Trust, and trust investments per year net of investment expenses, over a full market cycle defined as 5 to 7 years. The policies are used to inform investment managers, consultants and custodians of the Commission's goals, objectives, and restrictions. The policies are also designed to identify and mitigate performance risk. Investments are not restricted to any particular type of investment. The investment managers are held to certain performance standards as compared to an appropriate national index. The current asset allocation plans set minimum, maximum and target allocation percentages of assets. The Large Cap Value and Large Cap Growth performances are benchmarked against the Russell 1000 Value and Russell 1000 Growth Indices, respectively. The Mid Cap performance is benchmarked against the S & P 400 Index. The Small Cap is compared to the Russell 2000 Growth, the International Equity to the MSCI All-World Free Ex-US Index, and the Fixed Income to the Barclays Aggregate Index. Further, the Commission instructs managers to invest the equity portion of the portfolio so as to prevent the returns from underperforming the equity index in any three consecutive guarters. Currently, most of the funds are invested in mutual funds or collective trusts. For mutual funds, the managers are subject to the mutual fund prospectus. The assets are rebalanced quarterly as needed.

Fiduciary and Permanent Fund investments included in the financial statements as of June 30, 2018 totaled \$193,210,906.

4. RECEIVABLES

At June 30, 2018, receivables, including the applicable allowances for doubtful accounts, are as follows:

Governmental Activities

	General		CDBG Fund		Other Govern- mental Funds		Total
Taxes	\$ 1,613,241		\$		\$		\$ 1,613,241
Intergovernmental			137,680		1,675,175		1,812,855
Interest	580,111	*	31,015	*		*	611,126
Other	2,014,141	**			26,250		2,040,391
Notes/loans			1,195,557		105,000		1,300,557
	4,207,493		1,364,252		1,806,425	•	7,378,170
Less allowance for							
doubtful accounts	(1,031,911)	*	(492,767)	*		*	(1,524,678)
	3,175,582		871,485		1,806,425	•	5,853,492
Less current portion	3,175,582	,	269,769		1,806,425	•	5,251,776
Net Long-Term Portion	\$-	:	\$ 601,716		\$-	:	\$ 601,716

* Amount is not included in the fund financial statements.

** Includes \$40,525 of other receivables recognized for government-wide financial statements.

Business-type Activities

	Water Fund	W.P.C. Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	
User fees Less allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 1,803,322 (75,000)	\$ 2,534,192 (50,000)	\$ 15,782	\$ 4,353,296 (125,000)	
Net Receivables	\$ 1,728,322	\$ 2,484,192	\$ 15,782	\$ 4,228,296	

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Balance July 1, 2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2018	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 4,880,057 1,902,305	\$ <u>1,775,970</u>		\$ 4,880,057 3,678,275	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,782,362	1,775,970		8,558,332	
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	91,332,764 8,954,554 10,584,711 67,128,808	1,357,999 1,257,931 631,066 1,654,154	(869,323) (181,737) (2,109,097) (29,628)	91,821,440 10,030,748 9,106,680 68,753,334	
Total capital assets being depreciated	178,000,837	4,901,150	(3,189,785)	179,712,202	
Total capital assets	184,783,199	6,677,120	(3,189,785)	188,270,534	
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	22,450,021 6,487,937 5,783,250 19,023,727	2,368,706 416,024 815,056 1,860,584	(508,443) (158,785) (1,771,877) (5,926)	24,310,284 6,745,176 4,826,429 20,878,385	
Total accumulated depreciation	53,744,935	5,460,370	(2,445,031)	56,760,274	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	124,255,902	(559,220)	(744,754)	122,951,928	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 131,038,264	\$ 1,216,750	\$ (744,754)	\$ 131,510,260	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 520,800
General education	1,370,199
Public safety	730,619
Public services	2,652,148
Civic Support	170,221
Human services	11,880
Capital assets held by the City's internal service fund	
are charged to various functions based on usage of the assets	 4,503
	\$ 5,460,370

Business-Type Activities

	Balance July 1, 2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land improvements Construction in progress	\$ 6,492,359 22,530,057	\$ <u>13,278,372</u>	\$ (9,886,685)	\$ 6,492,359 25,921,744
Total capital assets not being depreciated	29,022,416	13,278,372	(9,886,685)	32,414,103
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and systems Machinery and equipment Vehicles	313,062,911 4,887,425 1,592,439	21,714,293 234,620 252,040	(437,941) (302,492) (38,560)	334,339,263 4,819,553 1,805,919
Total capital assets being depreciated	319,542,775	22,200,953	(778,993)	340,964,735
Total capital assets	348,565,191	35,479,325	(10,665,678)	373,378,838
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and systems Machinery and equipment Vehicles	109,047,262 4,522,782 546,636	6,922,975 34,397 234,992	(299,314) (285,925) (29,241)	115,670,923 4,271,254 752,387_
Total accumulated depreciation	114,116,680	7,192,364	(614,480)	120,694,564
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	205,426,095	15,008,589	(164,513)	220,270,171
Net Capital Assets, Business-Type Activities	\$ 234,448,511	\$ 28,286,961	\$ (10,051,198)	\$ 252,684,274

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Water Water Pollution Control	\$ 3,047,461 3,830,458
Maritime	156,884
Parking	157,561
	\$ 7,192,364

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Corresponding Fund	Due From	Due To	Description
Major Governmental Funds General Fund				
	Water Fund Nonmajor Governmental Fund	\$ 516,998	\$ 26,250	Payroll, benefits and overhead Library parking lot
	Total	516,998	26,250	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds UDAG Fund	5			
	General Fund	26,250		Library parking lot
		\$ 543,248	\$ 26,250	
Major Enterprise Funds Water Fund				
	Water Pollution Control Fund General Fund Internal Service Fund	\$	\$ 140,691 516,998 18,747	Sludge charges Payroll, benefits and overhead Maintenance charges
	Total		676,436	
Water Pollution Control Fund				
	Water Fund	140,691		Sludge charges
	Total	140,691		
Total Enterprise Funds		\$ 140,691	\$ 676,436	
Internal Service Fund				
	Water Funds	\$ 18,747	\$-	Maintenance charges
Total All Funds		\$ 702,686	\$ 702,686	

All interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates payments occurred between funds and services or short-term internal financing were provided.

Advances

The City's general fund loaned \$749,991 to the Water Pollution Control Fund for equipment purchases. The loan is non-interest bearing, and will be repaid over the next three years at \$250,000 annually.

The Newport Redevelopment Authority transferred the armory building and related debt to the City of Newport Maritime Fund in April 2010. The related debt includes a loan from the urban development special revenue fund. The remaining balance of \$267,459 is due to the urban development grant fund only upon sale of the armory building. No interest accrues on the advance.

Advance From	Advance To			Description
<u>Major Funds</u>				
General Fund	Water Pollution Control	\$	749,991	Equipment loan
Nonmajor Funds				
Urban Development	Maritime Fund		267,459	Loans related to armory building
Total advances to other funds		\$	1,017,450	

Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Transfers In							
	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds	-	Total Transfers Out	- Purpose
Transfer out:								
General Fund	\$	\$	3,416,286	\$	795,117	\$	4,211,403	Capital Projects
Capital Projects Fund					99,640		99,640	Capital Projects
Nonmajor Governmental Fund	30,887				400,000		430,887	Capital Projects
Nonmajor Business-Type Funds			675,000				675,000	Capital Projects
Total	\$ 30,887	\$	4,091,286	\$	1,294,757	\$	5,416,930	=

Transfers are generally programmed amounts used to finance capital assets or for other required activities in other funds.

7. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The City issues general obligation and revenue bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Revenue bonds are obligations that pledge the revenues derived from the use of services in that particular fund. These are issued for business-type activities and are generally collateralized by the asset under construction or renovation. Changes in bonded debt outstanding during fiscal year 2018 are summarized as follows:

	Date Issued	Maturity Date	Interest Rate (%)	Outstanding July 1, 2017		 Additions	 Retired	outstanding Ine 30, 2018
Governmental Activities:								
Thompson School Refunding	2010	2021	1.50 to 5.0	\$	6,405,000	\$	\$ 1,190,000	\$ 5,215,000
Road and Bridge Loan	2014	2024	0.12 - 5.0		1,215,000		144,000	1,071,000
Roadway Improvements	2009	2023	2.50 to 5.0		2,000,000		250,000	1,750,000
Road and Facility Improve	2015	2025	2.0 - 5.0		4,740,000		515,000	4,225,000
Rogers Roof	2016	2026	2.0 - 4.0		2,680,000		255,000	2,425,000
Pell School	2013	2033	0.55 to 5.0		22,960,000	 	 1,435,000	 21,525,000
Total Governmental Activities				\$	40,000,000	\$ -	\$ 3,789,000	\$ 36,211,000
Business-type Activities:								
Sewer Improvements - SRF	2002	2023	1.90	\$	4,804,612	\$	\$ 738,077	\$ 4,066,535
Sewer Improvements - SRF	2009	2029	0.84 to 3.16		4,694,532		297,000	4,397,532
Sewer Improvements - SRF	2010	2030	0.55 to 3.25		7,082,000		404,000	6,678,000
Sewer Improvements - SRF	2011	2031	0.73 to 3.81		2,495,505		128,000	2,367,505
Sewer Improvements	2011	2026	4.30		7,625,000		620,000	7,005,000
Sewer Improvements - SRF	2015	2034	0.69 to 2.89		4,661,182	453,196	236,000	4,878,378
Sewer Improvements - SRF	2016	2035	0.37 to 2.41		8,210,062	931,938	408,000	8,734,000
Energy Efficiency Bond	2016	2027	0.765 - 1.709		635,018	7,868		642,886
Sewer Improvements - SRF	2017	2036	0.59 - 2.44		2,606,252	8,982,101		11,588,353
Total W.P.C. Fund					42,814,163	 10,375,103	 2,831,077	 50,358,189
Water Improvements - SRF	2007	2027	3.28 - 3.72		1,904,000		144,000	1,760,000
Water Improvements - SRF	2012	2033	0.94 - 3.61		46,811,000		2,166,000	44,645,000
Water Improvements - SRF	2013	2034	0.37 - 2.92		28,484,000		1,279,000	27,205,000
Water Improvements	2011	2027	3.40		4,596,037		375,000	4,221,037
Water Improvements - SRF	2008	2029	2.08 - 3.63		4,283,000		261,000	4,022,000
Water Improvements - SRF	2009	2030	0.65 to 3.54		2,528,000		141,000	2,387,000
Total Water Fund					88,606,037	 -	 4,366,000	 84,240,037
Total Business-type Activities				\$	131,420,200	\$ 10,375,103	\$ 7,197,077	\$ 134,598,226

All long-term liabilities listed under Governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

The Water Pollution Control (W.P.C.) Fund borrowed \$6,595,532 in FY2009 from the state revolving loan fund. Of that, \$995,579 of American Reinvestment and Recovery Act (ARRA) funds will be applied against principal over the life of the 20-year bond. The W.P.C. Fund borrowed \$33,443,000 in FY2017 from the state revolving loan fund. Of that, \$896,200 of federal funds will be applied against principal over the life of the bond for "green projects." The Water Fund borrowed \$3,300,000 in FY2009 from the state revolving loan fund. Over the 20-year life of the bond, \$765,452 of ARRA funds will be applied against principal. The annual offsets will be taken into revenue each year the bonds are outstanding.

The City of Newport Water and W.P.C Funds have the following outstanding State Revolving Fund (SRF) revenue bonds and non-SRF revenue bonds all issued through the Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank (RIIB). The bond proceeds are held by RIIB or their escrow agent. Bonds are issued for a specific purpose and for a total approved amount. The revenue bonds are drawdown bonds whereby the City sends vendor invoices to RIIB for payment and the City's outstanding bond amounts equal the total of the drawdowns less principal payments per a set amortization schedule. The following schedule shows the amounts of the bonds and the purpose for which it was issued. Each revenue bond issue requires a debt service reserve to be held by the City's escrow agent.

Description	Fund	Year Issued	Total Bond	Amount Drawn Down To Date	Debt Service Reserve	ARRA Funding
Radio read meter system and improvements to plants	Water	2008	\$ 5,900,000	\$ 5,900,000	\$ 433,173	N/A
St. Mary's Raw Water Main Project	Water	2007	3,000,000	3,000,000	212,633	N/A
Distribution improvements	Water	2009	3,300,000	3,300,000	181,313	\$765,452
Easton's Pond Dam and Moat Repairs	Water	2011	6,640,000	6,286,037	544,095	N/A
Water Treatment Plants	Water	2012	53,100,000	53,100,000	3,476,201	N/A
Water Treatment Plants	Water	2013	31,000,000	31,000,000	2,275,831	N/A
Sew er Improvements	WPC	2002	13,000,000	13,000,000	894,371	N/A
Easton Pond ultraviolet disinfection system; railroad interceptor replacement; combined sew er overflow projects	WPC	2009	6,595,532	6,595,532	384,978	995,579
Thames Street and Wellington Avenue interceptor repairs and replacement; and Long Wharf force main repairs	WPC	2010	9,327,000	9,327,000	650,475	N/A
Long Wharf force main repairs	WPC	2011	3,095,505	3,095,505	224,754	N/A
Long Wharf force main repairs	WPC	2011	10,345,000	10,345,000	544,095	N/A
Wellington CSO Repairs	WPC	2015	5,400,000	5,400,000	372,878	N/A
Sew er Plant Upgrades	WPC	2016	9,142,000	9,142,000	611,388	N/A
Sew er Plant Upgrades	WPC	2017	33,443,000	11,588,353	2,178,395	N/A

	Governmental Activities			Business-typ			be Activities		
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2019	\$	3.836.000	\$	1.486.381	\$	8.963.086	\$	4,401,038	
2020	Ŧ	3,963,000	Ŧ	1,331,942	Ŧ	9,178,877	Ŧ	4,269,487	
2021		4,020,000		1,153,127		9,405,474		4,050,217	
2022		4,147,000		978,204		9,657,904		3,813,382	
2023		2,775,000		831,416		9,927,193		3,558,928	
2024-2028		10,295,000		2,684,361		48,625,000		13,564,384	
2029-2033		7,175,000		904,050		43,313,037		6,267,904	
2034-2037						18,387,000		780,184	
Amounts Not Yet Drawn						(22,859,345)			
	\$	36,211,000	\$	9,369,481	\$	134,598,226	\$	40,705,524	

Bonded indebtedness on June 30, 2018 matures over fiscal years through 2037 as follows:

Debt authorized by the City Council and voters, where applicable, and not yet issued at June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Road Improvement Bonds Capital Projects Fund	\$ 2,505,000
Municipal Facilities	1,760,000
Water System Improvements	900,000
Sewer System Improvements	13,788,000

8. NOTES PAYABLE

Business-Type Activities

In 1984, the Redevelopment Agency of Newport purchased a vacant building in an area of the City designed for redevelopment. As part of the financing for this purchase, the State of Rhode Island loaned the Redevelopment Agency \$200,000. The underlying note bears no stated interest rate or maturity and is secured with a mortgage on the building. The Redevelopment Agency turned over the building to the City of Newport Maritime Fund in April 2010. As of June 30, 2018, \$200,000 was payable. The note is required to be paid only upon the sale of the building.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2017 (as Restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2018	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable Bond premium Leases payable Claims and judgments Compensated absences * Net pension liability * Net OPEB liability *	\$ 40,000,000 3,063,873 463,751 592,000 6,500,024 141,248,830 80,484,119	\$ 3,972,833	\$ 3,789,000 307,327 110,733 127,000 3,863,128 4,817,635 8,629,039	\$ 36,211,000 2,756,546 353,018 465,000 6,609,729 136,431,195 71,855,080	\$ 3,836,000 307,327 114,133 150,000 3,900,000
TOTAL	\$ 272,352,597	\$ 3,972,833	\$ 21,643,862	\$ 254,681,568	\$ 8,307,460
Business-type activities:					
Bonds payable Note payable Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$ 131,420,200 200,000 6,521,738 3,930,781	\$ 10,375,103 527,363	\$ 7,197,077 421,436	\$ 134,598,226 200,000 7,049,101 3,509,345	\$ 8,963,086
TOTAL	\$ 142,072,719	\$ 10,902,466	\$ 7,618,513	\$ 145,356,672	\$ 8,963,086

* Generally, the liabilities for compensated absences, net pension liability and net OPEB liability are liquidated by the General Fund.

Statutory Debt Limitations

Rhode Island General Laws cap the amount of each municipality's general obligation bonds that may be outstanding to 3% of its assessed property values. Exceptions apply to bonds financed from non-tax revenues, bonds issued under special acts of the legislature, and special exemptions are granted for other purposes as well. The net assessed value of Newport properties at December 31, 2017 was \$6,848,183,901 limiting the amount of non-excepted general obligation bonds outstanding to \$205,445,517. Bonds of \$36,211,000 outstanding at June 30, 2018 are general obligations and subject to the statutory limitation.

9. OPERATING LEASES

The City leases certain office equipment under multi-year agreements that are subject to annual appropriation. Additionally, the Water Fund assesses the General Fund an annual lease charge of \$589,193 for providing a public fire protection system owned by the Water Fund pursuant to tariffs mandated by the Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the General Fund incurred expenditures of \$589,193 associated with these agreements. The minimum annual lease obligations of the General Fund related to these agreements are \$589,193 until such time as the Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission approves a rate change.

10. CAPITAL LEASES

The City entered into an agreement to lease purchase a new HVAC system for the School Department in the principal amount of \$1,062,226 at an interest rate of 3.07%. Payments of principal and interest are being amortized as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	F	Principal	Interest		
2019	\$	114,133	\$	10,838	
2020		117,637		7,334	
2021		121,248		3,722	
	\$	353,018	\$	21,894	

Equipment under capital leases in capital assets at June 30, 2018 included the following:

Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,239,457 (754,003)
Net	\$ 485,454

11. FUND BALANCES

The following table details the purposes for which fund balances may be nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

	-	General Fund	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant	F	Permanent Fund	Capital Projects Fund	i	Other Governmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable:											
Prepaids	\$	61,148	\$		\$	0.004.054	\$		\$	\$	61,148
Endowments						2,601,651					2,601,651
Total Nonspendable		61,148		-		2,601,651		-	-		2,662,799
Restricted:											
Trust purposes						10,297,669				1	0,297,669
Education									338,348		338,348
For recreation by donors		74,353									74,353
Planning, urban and economic											
development									2,254,460		2,254,460
Public safety									529,195		529,195
Community and social services				2,493,656					,		2,493,656
Total Restricted		74,353		2,493,656		10,297,669		-	3,122,003	1	5,987,681
O-maritta d											
Committed:		4 400 007									4 400 007
General government		1,463,667									1,463,667
Water pollution control		749,991					0.074				749,991
Capital improvements		0.040.050					9,871,7			-	9,871,789
Total Committed		2,213,658		-		-	9,871,7	89	-	1	2,085,447
Assigned:											
Public improvements		637,126									637,126
Unassigned		12,625,424							(33,654)	1	2,591,770
ondooignou		12,020,724							(00,004)		2,001,110
Totals	\$	15,611,709	\$	2,493,656	\$	12,899,320	\$ 9,871,7	'89	\$ 3,088,349	\$4	3,964,823

The restricted amounts consist of state and federal grants as well as the expendable portion of the trust funds. Funds cannot be spent for any purpose other than that specified by the grantor, trust donor or law.

The committed amounts in the general fund are encumbrances wherein the amounts or service has been ordered but not yet delivered.

The assigned amount in the general fund is the balance of proceeds from the sale of schools. The Council has assigned those amounts by resolution.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

Through its operations, the City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, general liability, errors and omissions, and property losses due to theft, damage, or destruction, each of which is insured through a public entity risk pool; and to employee injuries and claims for unemployment, for which the City retains the risk of loss. Terms of collective bargaining agreements also require the City to assume risks of employee financial losses resulting from health and dental catastrophes and death, each of which the City has transferred to commercial insurers.

The City is a member of the Rhode Island Inter-local Risk Management Trust (the Trust), a non-profit public entity risk pool which provides insurance coverage to participants in exchange for an annual premium and a pro-rata share of certain administrative expenses. Coverage is provided in accordance with each member's policy, subject to deductibles, through a pooling of risks among participants, supplemented by commercial reinsurance for excess losses. Management believes the Trust's reserves to be adequate to meet all reported claims, as well as an estimate of potential claims for losses incurred but not reported. Accordingly, no accrual has been made for potential liabilities arising from risks once they have been transferred to the Trust.

The City maintains \$2,000,000 of liability insurance per incident and insures property for replacement cost. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage through the Trust in any of the past three years.

13. PENSION PLANS

All eligible employees of the City are covered by one of four pension plans, the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (Teachers' Plan), the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (Municipal Plan), the Firemen's Pension Plan and the Policemen's Pension Plan. The Teachers' Plan covers all School Department personnel certified by the Rhode Island Department of Education who are or have been engaged in teaching as a principal occupation. The Municipal Plan covers all employees not covered under the Teachers' Plan. However, fire employees and police officers have elected to participate in a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the City. The Firemen's Pension Plan and Policemen's Pension Plan cover all employees covered under a collective bargaining agreement either with the International Association of Firefighters, Local 1080 or the Fraternal Order of Police, Lodge Number 8. Total covered payroll under all plans during 2018 was \$44,787,267. Total City payroll was \$54,685,873 for the same period.

The Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (the System) acts as a common investment and administrative agent for pension benefits to be provided through various defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans. The System is administered by the State of Rhode Island Retirement Board which was authorized, created and established as an independent retirement board to hold and administer, in trust, the funds of the retirement system. Each plan's assets are accounted for separately and may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that plan, in accordance with the terms of that plan.

A. Teachers' Plan

Plan Description

Certain employees of the City of Newport participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Employees' Retirement System (ERS) Plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement, disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

The Plan covers teachers, superintendents, principals, school nurses, and certain other school officials in the public schools in the cities and towns. Membership in the Plan is mandatory for all covered state employees and teachers.

Benefit Provisions

The level of benefits provided to participants is established by Chapter 36-10 of the General Laws, which is subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Member benefit provisions vary based on service credits accumulated at dates specified in various amendments to the General Laws outlining minimum retirement age, benefit accrual rates and maximum benefit provisions. In general, members accumulate service credits for each year of service subject to maximum benefit accruals of 80% or 75%. For those hired after June 30, 2012, the benefit accrual is 1% per year with a maximum benefit accrual of 40%. Members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at any age. The retirement eligibility age increases proportionately for other members reflecting years of service and other factors until it aligns with the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, which applies to any member with less than 5 years of service as of July 1, 2012. Members are vested after 5 years of service.

The Plan provides for survivor's benefits for service connected death and certain lump sum death benefits. Joint and survivor benefit provision options are available to members.

Cost of living adjustments are provided but are currently suspended until the collective plans administered by ERSRI reach a funded status of 80%. Until the plans reach an 80% funded status, interim cost of living adjustments are provided at four-year intervals commencing with the plan year ending June 30, 2016.

The plan also provides nonservice-connected disability benefits after five years of service and serviceconnected disability benefits with no minimum service requirement.

Contributions

The funding policy, as set forth in the General Laws, Section 16-16-22, provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions to the plan. For fiscal year 2018, City teachers were required to contribute 3.75% of their annual covered salary, except that teachers with twenty or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 must contribute 11% of their annual covered salary. The state and the City are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, 40% of which is to be paid by the state and the remaining 60% is to be paid by the City; the rates were 9.89% and 13.24% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 for the state and the City, respectively. The City contributed \$2,532,188, \$2,436,992 and \$2,383,068 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Teachers' Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$32,872,313 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, that reflected a reduction for contributions made by the State. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$32,872,313
State's proportionate share of net pension liability	24,843,571
Total Net Pension Liability	<u>\$57,715,884</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was 1.04% (rounded).

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized gross (combined state and city) pension expense for the teachers' Plan of \$5,580,165 and revenue of \$2,590,208 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual	\$	2,543,488	\$	1,713,112	
experience				779,325	
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of	F	2,870,923		518,016	
contributions City contributions subsequent to the		2,434,309		1,604,373	
measurement date		2,532,188			
Totals	\$	10,380,908	\$	4,614,826	

The amount of \$2,532,188 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. The proportionate share reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		
22/2	•	
2019	\$	400,947
2020		948,228
2021		543,190
2022		(34,614)
2023		421,870
Thereafter		954,273

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment Rate of Return - 7.0%

Projected Salary Increases - 3.0% to 13.5%

Inflation - 2.5%

Mortality - variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2017 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2016 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2016 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Type of Investment	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity:		
U.S. Equity	20.6%	6.85%
International Developed	15.9%	6.71%
International Emerging Ma	arkets 3.5%	8.91%
Private Growth:		
Private Equity	11.3%	9.62%
Non-Core RE	2.2%	5.17%
OPP Private Credit	1.5%	9.62%
Income:		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.0%	4.26%
REITS	1.0%	5.17%
Liquid Credit	2.8%	4.26%
Private Credit	3.2%	4.26%
Crisis Protection Class:		
Treasury Duration	4.0%	0.83%
Systematic Trend	4.0%	3.81%
Inflation Protection:		
Core Real Estate	3.6%	5.17%
Private Infrastructure	2.4%	5.57%
TIPs	1.0%	1.72%
Natural Resources	1.0%	3.98%
Volatility Protection:		
IG Fixed Income	11.5%	2.12%
Absolute Return	6.5%	3.81%
Cash	3.0%	0.83%

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the ERS plan was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 41,312,643	\$ 32,872,313	\$ 26,585,610

B. Teachers' Survivors Benefit Plan

Plan Description

Certain employees of the City's School District participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Teachers' Survivors Benefit plan - (TSB Plan) administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in Social Security.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Eligibility and Plan Benefits

The plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security. Specific eligibility criteria and the amount of the benefit is subject to the provisions of Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Spouse, parents, family and children's benefits are payable following the death of a member. A spouse shall be entitled to benefits upon attaining the age of sixty (60) years. Children's benefits are payable to the child, including a stepchild or adopted child of a deceased member if the child is unmarried and under the age of eighteen (18) years or twenty-three (23) years and a full-time student, and was dependent upon the member at the time of the member's death. Family benefits are provided if at the time of the member's death the surviving spouse has in his or her care a child of the deceased member if the member did not leave a widow, widower, or child who could ever qualify for monthly benefits on the member's wages and the parent has reached the age of 60 years, has not remarried, and received support from the member.

In January, a yearly cost-of-living adjustment for spouse's benefits is paid and based on the annual social security adjustment. Survivors are eligible for benefits if the member has made contributions for at least six months prior to death or retirement. The TSB plan provides benefits based on the highest salary at the time of retirement of the teacher. Benefits are payable in accordance with the following table:

Highest Annual Salary	c Monthly <u>e's Benefit</u>
\$17,000 or less	\$ 750
\$17,001 to \$25,000	875
\$25,001 to \$33,000	1,000
\$33,001 to \$40,000	1,125
\$40,001 and over	1,250

Benefits payable to children and families are equal to the spousal benefit multiplied by the percentage below:

Parent and 1	Parent and 2 or	1 Child	2 Children	3 or More	Dependent
Child	More Children	Alone	Alone	Children Alone	Parent
150%	175%	75%	150%	175%	100%

Contributions

The contribution requirements of active employees and the participating school districts were established under Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws, which may be amended by the General Assembly. The cost of the benefits provided by the plan are two percent (2%) of the member's annual salary up to but not exceeding an annual salary of \$9,600; one-half (1/2) of the cost is contributed by the member by deductions from his or her salary, and the other half (1/2) is contributed and paid by the respective school district by which the member is employed. These contributions are in addition to the contributions required for regular pension benefits.

The City of Newport School District contributed \$27,070, \$20,487 and \$20,862 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the TSB Plan

At June 30, 2018, the City of Newport School District reported an asset of \$2,873,089 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset related to its participation in TSB. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on its share of contributions to the TSB for fiscal year 2016 relative to the total contributions of all participating employers for that fiscal year. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion was 3.47% (rounded).

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$567,502 - a decrease in the net pension asset. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual	\$ 660,550	\$	476,986
experience Changes in assumptions	567,025 473,316		603,747
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions City contributions subsequent to the	204,468		334,447
measurement date	 27,070		
Totals	\$ 1,932,429	\$	1,415,180

The amount of \$27,070 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions in fiscal year 2018 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2019	\$ 80,640
2020	221,905
2021	118,910
2022	(32,610)
2023	51,320
Thereafter	50,014

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment Rate of Return - 7.0%

Projected Salary Increases - 3.0% to 13.5%

Inflation - 2.55%

Mortality - variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale

Cost of living adjustment - eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment - for valuation purposes, a 2.75% cost of living adjustment is assumed.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation rolled and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2016 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2016 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Type of Investment	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity:		
U.S. Equity	20.6%	6.85%
International Developed	15.9%	6.71%
International Emerging Ma		8.91%
Private Growth:	arkets 5.570	0.9170
Private Equity	11.3%	9.62%
Non-Core RE	2.2%	5.17%
OPP Private Credit	1.5%	9.62%
	1.370	9.02%
Income:	1.0%	4.26%
High Yield Infrastructure REITS		
	1.0%	5.17%
Liquid Credit	2.8%	4.26%
Private Credit	3.2%	4.26%
Crisis Protection Class:	4.00/	0.000/
Treasury Duration	4.0%	0.83%
Systematic Trend	4.0%	3.81%
Inflation Protection:		
Core Real Estate	3.6%	5.17%
Private Infrastructure	2.4%	5.57%
TIPs	1.0%	1.72%
Natural Resources	1.0%	3.98%
Volatility Protection:		
IG Fixed Income	11.5%	2.12%
Absolute Return	6.5%	3.81%
Cash	3.0%	0.83%

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0% as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (1,965,113)	\$ (2,873,089)	\$ (3,549,055)

C. Municipal Employees' Plan (MERS)

General Information about the Plan

Plan Description

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) - an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at <u>www.ersri.org.</u>

Summary of Benefit Provisions

General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Teachers and school administrators are covered by the separate Employees' Retirement System Plan, but other school employees may be covered by MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered by another plan maintained by the employer may not become members of MERS. Members designated as police officers are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable. The City provides separate plans for all firefighters and police officers hired prior to January 1, 2015. Police officers hired on or after January 1, 2015 are covered by MERS.

Salary: Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensations. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan are not excluded from salary.

Service: Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

For general employees prior to June 30, 2012 the plan provided retirement benefits equal to 2% of a member's final average salary multiplied by the number of years of total service up to a maximum of 75%. Such benefits are available to members at least age 58 with 10 years of service or after 30 years of service at any age. Benefits accrued at June 30, 2012 are protected under the Rhode Island Retirement Security Act until it is exceeded by the member's full years of service credit, including service after June 30, 2012, multiplied by the average of five consecutive years of compensation. Effective July 1, 2012, the retirement age mirrors the Social Security Normal Retirement Age not to exceed age 67. Members will receive a benefit accrual of 1.0% per year based on the five-year average compensation.

Effective July 1, 2015, general employees with more than 20 years of service at July 1, 2012 increased their employee contribution rates to 8.25% (9.25% for units with a cost of living adjustment provision) and participate solely in the defined benefit plan. These members receive a benefit accrual of 2% per year based on the three or five-year average compensation.

Effective July 1, 2015, general employees are eligible to retire upon the attainment of: age 65 with 30 years of service, 64 with 31 years of service, 63 with 32 years of service, or 62 with 33 years of service. Members may retire earlier if they are eligible under a transition rule.

Joint and survivor options are available. For members with 10 years of service as of July 1, 2005, the Service Retirement Allowance (SRA) Plus option provides for the payment of a larger benefit before the attainment of age 62 and a reduced amount thereafter. The reduced amount is equal to the benefit before age 62, including the cost-of-living increases, minus the member's estimated social security benefit payable at age 62.

Police officers may retire at age 50 with 25 years of service, or any age with 27 years of service. MERS Police personnel contribute 9.00%. The City did not elect the additional cost-of-living option for police MERS members. Note that differing eligibility requirements may exist for members hired prior to January 1, 2015, but those are not listed here as they do not apply to the City of Newport MERS police plan. A description of all eligibility can be found on the ERSRI website.

For police officers in the MERS plan, the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year based on the five-year average compensation exclusive of overtime. Police employees may retire with a reduced pension benefit if they have 20 years of service and are within five years of their retirement eligibility date.

Other Benefit Provisions

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA. The City has elected a COLA B option for general employees, which allows COLA's for current retired members as well as current and future active members.

An optional cost-of-living provision is provided for general employees. The Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) has been suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%. The COLA provision can be reviewed in a five-year interval. When the funding level of a plan exceeds 80%, funded eligible retirees may receive a COLA annually effective on their date of retirement plus one month.

The COLA calculation is represented by the following formula: 50% of the COLA is calculated by taking the previous 5-year average investment return, less 5.5% (5-year return - 5.5%, with a maximum of 4%) and 50% calculated using the percentage increase in the CPI-U from the prior September 30 (maximum of 3%) for a total maximum COLA of 3.5%. This COLA is calculated on the first \$30,000 for members and beneficiaries who retired on or before June 30, 2015.

This COLA is calculated on the first \$26,098, effective January 1, 2017, for all other members/beneficiaries and indexed as of that date as well. The indexing formula is run annually regardless of funding level each year. The COLA will be delayed until the later of the Social Security Retirement Age or three years after retirement for general employees. Once the plan achieves 80% funding, the COLA limitation will be returned to the \$26,098, which will continue to be indexed annually.

At the June 30, 2017 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Beneficiaries	253
Inactive, Non-Retired Members	137
Active Members - Police	6
Active Members	
Total	670

Contribution

Contribution requirements for plan members and employers are established pursuant to Rhode Island General Laws. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate for the defined benefit plans. Employer contributions for the defined contribution plan are prescribed by statute. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements.

General Employees contribute 2% of salary to the defined benefit plan and 5% of salary to the defined contribution plan. General employees with 20 plus years of service as of July 1, 2012 contribute 9.25% to the defined benefit plan. Police employees contribute 9% of salary to the defined benefit plan. The City's actuarial determined rates of contribution are 22.74% for general employees and 8.33% for police employees. The City contributed \$3,208,916 in the year ended June 30, 2018, which was 21.85% of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability

The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2016 and rolled forward to June 30, 2017, which is the plan measurement date for fiscal 2018 reporting. The valuations were performed using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions Used in the Valuations to Determine the Net Pension Liability at the June 30, 2017 Measurement Date (June 30, 2016 Valuation Rolled Forward to June 30, 2017)

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization	Level Percent of Payroll - Closed
Asset Valuation Method	5 year smoothed market
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.50% to 7.50% general employees;
	4.00% to 14.00% for Police and Fire
Inflation	2.50%
Mortality	Variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables

Cost of Living Adjustment is equal to the average five-year fund asset performance (percent) greater than 5.5% up to a maximum of 4% - the COLA is to be applied to the first \$25,000 of benefits, indexed over time. COLA is delayed until the latter of Social Security eligibility age or 3 years after retirement. A 2% COLA is assumed after January 1, 2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation and a measurement date of June 30, 2017. The liabilities are rolled forward one-year using standard actuarial methods.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2016 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Type of Investment	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity:		
U.S. Equity	20.6%	6.85%
International Developed	15.9%	6.71%
International Emerging Ma		8.91%
Private Growth:		
Private Equity	11.3%	9.62%
Non-Core RE	2.2%	5.17%
OPP Private Credit	1.5%	9.62%
Income:		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.0%	4.26%
REITS	1.0%	5.17%
Liquid Credit	2.8%	4.26%
Private Credit	3.2%	4.26%
Crisis Protection Class:		
Treasury Duration	4.0%	0.83%
Systematic Trend	4.0%	3.81%
Inflation Protection:		
Core Real Estate	3.6%	5.17%
Private Infrastructure	2.4%	5.57%
TIPs	1.0%	1.72%
Natural Resources	1.0%	3.98%
Volatility Protection:		
IG Fixed Income	11.5%	2.12%
Absolute Return	6.5%	3.81%
Cash	3.0%	0.83%

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0% (reduced from 7.5% in FY2018). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

MERS Plan	То	Total PensionPlan FiduciaryLiabilityNet Position(a)(b)		Net Pension Liability (c)		
Beginning Balances	\$	73,776,503	\$	43,841,950	\$	29,934,553
Changes for the Year:						
Service Cost		1,183,562				1,183,562
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		5,388,417				5,388,417
Benefit Changes						
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		(1,135,652)				(1,135,652)
Changes in Assumptions		3,826,008				3,826,008
Other				274,332		(274,332)
Contributions - Employer				3,100,551		(3,100,551)
Contributions - Employees				513,971		(513,971)
Net Investment Income				5,065,942		(5,065,942)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of						
Member Contributions		(5,045,437)		(5,045,437)		-
Plan Administrative Expenses				(47,861)		47,861
Net Changes		4,216,898		3,861,498		355,400
Ending Balances	\$	77,993,401	\$	47,703,448	\$	30,289,953

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.00%	Current Discount Rate 7.00%	1% Increase 8.00%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability- General Employees	\$ 39,649,772	\$ 30,515,588	\$ 23,712,626
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability- Police Employees	\$ (213,184)	\$ (225,635)	\$ (234,927)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer recognized pension expense of \$3,524,277 and (\$187,163) for general and police employees, respectively. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the MERS pensions from the following sources:

		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	2,948,562	\$	2,079,633
Assumption changes		2,988,533		
Difference between expected and actual experience City contributions subsequent to the		133,397		1,001,173
measurement date		3,208,916		
Totals	\$	9,279,408	\$	3,080,806

The amount of \$3,208,916 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Net Deferred Outflow (Inflows) of Resource				
2019	\$	707,319			
2020		1,422,465			
2021		896,006			
2022		(45,366)			
2023		686			
Thereafter		8,576			

D. Fire Pension Plan and Police Pension Plan

The City has separately established and administers two defined benefit pension plans; the Firemen's Pension Plan (Fire Plan) and the Policemen's Pension Plan (Police Plan). Each plan is reported as a pension trust fund in the City's fiduciary fund net assets. A separate report on these pension plans is not available; they are audited as part of the City's audit.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. There are no investments of 5% or greater in any one organization. The City uses an actuarial smoothing method to value assets. The actuarial value of assets used in the development of plan contributions phases in the recognition of differences between the actual return on market value and expected return on market value over a 5-year period at 20% per year.

Plan Administration

The City's police and fire pension plans are administered internally except that retiree benefits are paid by a third-party administrator.

The City Council and Charter grant authority to a five-member Trust and Investment Commission (Commission) to manage fiduciary fund assets. The members are appointed by the City Council. The fiduciary funds include the police pension plan assets, the fire pension plan assets, the OPEB Trust assets, trust assets and scholarship assets.

Plan Descriptions and Contribution Information

As of June 30, 2018, membership in each plan was as follows:

	Fire Plan	Police Plan
Total active employees Inactive employees with vested rights	95	63 1
Pensioners and beneficiaries	119	129
Total Plan Members	214	193

Benefits Provided

Each plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan which provides retirement, disability and death benefits to its participants. For fiscal year 2018, covered payroll under the plans was \$6,835,155 and \$5,175,212 for the fire and police plans, respectively. Rights to pension benefits become fully vested for fire and police participants after ten years of service. Police are eligible to retire after 20 years of service, and firefighters hired prior to July 1, 2011 are eligible to retire after 25 years of service. Firefighters hired on or after July 1, 2011 shall not be entitled to collect any pension or retirement benefits until they have attained the age of 58 or have completed 30 years of service.

Police benefits are equal to 50% of salary with an additional 2.5% for each year of service after 20 years and up to 24 years of service. The percentage increases to 65% of salary at 25 years of service. Police retirees who work more than 25 years are entitled to an additional 1.5%, with the total benefit not to exceed 70% of salary.

The fire pension plan entitles retirees to benefits equal to 65% of salary for those who retire at 25 years. The percentage increases by 1% per year until the maximum of 70% of salary is attained.

For pension purposes, annual salary includes regular and longevity pay.

Pre-retirement benefits at a minimum of 25% and 50% of salary are provided to disabled fire and police participants, respectively. However, fire employees are eligible for an additional 2.5% of salary for each year of service in excess of 10 years until a maximum benefit of 62.5% of salary is attained. Surviving spouses under both plans are also eligible for pre-retirement death benefits of 67.5% of salary, subject to a pro-rata reduction for participants having fewer than 20 years of service.

Cost of living adjustments are provided to both police and fire retirees. All police retirees and fire retirees that have retired prior to September 30, 2011 are entitled to the same cost of living adjustment as that negotiated by the bargaining unit for active participants. Police retirees on or after July 1, 2014 will not be eligible to receive a COLA until they would have attained 25 years of service. Fire retirees that have retired on or after September 30, 2011 receive a cost of living adjustment equal to the Northeast Urban Wage Earner's Consumer Price Index not to exceed 3% in any given year but in no event less than .5%.

The Police Pension Plan is closed to new hires. Police officers hired after January 1, 2015 are put into the State of Rhode Island Municipal Employees' Retirement Plan.

Contributions

Under terms of their collective bargaining agreements, firefighters are required to contribute 9% of salary and policemen are required to contribute 8% of salary to their respective pension plans. The City establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability. The unfunded accrued liability is being amortized over a closed 30-year period of which there are 13 years remaining. Rhode Island general laws, City ordinances and collective bargaining agreements establish minimum employer funding.

Financial Information

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Police Pension Fund	Fire Pension Fund
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 73,632,348	\$ 59,376,422
Liabilities: Accounts payable	53,776	41,450
Net Position: Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Police Pension Fund	Fire Pension Fund
Additions:		
Contributions and other income	\$ 4,849,589	\$ 6,739,635
Investment gain, net of investment expenses	8,533,829	5,150,801
Total additions	13,383,418	11,890,436
Deductions: Benefits Administration Total deductions	5,746,765 74,866 5,821,631	6,189,816 57,662 6,247,478
Changes in Net Position	7,561,787	5,642,958
Net Position at Beginning of Year	66,016,785	53,692,014
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 73,578,572	\$ 59,334,972

Investment Policy

The City Council and Charter grant authority to a five-member Trust and Investment Commission (Commission) to manage fiduciary fund assets. The members are appointed by the City Council. The fiduciary funds include the police pension plan assets, the fire pension plan assets, the OPEB Trust assets, trust assets and scholarship assets. Separate investment policies exist as these assets are invested for long-term growth and/or to meet specific funding targets. The policies identify the asset allocation plans and objectives developed by the Commission. The absolute objectives are to achieve growth in the principal value of assets while maintaining a level of stability and liquidity sufficient to ensure the timely payment of obligations, and to achieve the target rate of return as defined by the actuarial rate of return, currently 7.25% for the pension plans and 7.50% for the OPEB Trust per year net of investment expenses, over a full market cycle defined as 5 to 7 years. The policies are used to inform investment

managers, consultants and custodians of the Commission's goals, objectives and restrictions. The policies are also designed to identify and mitigate performance risk. Investments are not restricted to any particular type of investment. The investment managers are held to certain performance standards as compared to an appropriate national index. The current asset allocation plans set minimum, maximum and target allocation percentages of assets. The Large Cap Value and Large Cap Growth performances are benchmarked against the Russell 1000 Value and Russell 1000 Growth Indices, respectively. The Mid Cap performance is benchmarked against the S & P 400 Index. The Small Cap is compared to the Russell 2000 Growth, the International Equity to the MSCI All-World Free Ex-US Index, and the Fixed Income to the Barclays Aggregate Index. Further, the Commission instructs managers to invest the equity portion of the portfolio so as to prevent the returns from underperforming the equity index in any three consecutive quarters. Currently, most of the funds are invested in mutual funds or collective trusts. For mutual funds, the managers are subject to the mutual fund prospectus. The assets are rebalanced quarterly as needed.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Actuarially Determined Nominal Mean
Large Cap Equity	20%	9.2%
Mid Cap Equity	15%	11.4%
Small Cap Equity	15%	8.8%
International Equity	15%	6.4%
Fixed Income	25%	5.7%
Real Estate and Timber	10%	10.1%

Concentrations

As of June 30, 2018, and during the year then ended, no pension assets were invested in any organization which collectively held 5% or more of the total assets of either plan.

Rate of Return

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 12.62% for police and 9.08% for fire for the year ended June 30, 2018. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The components of the net pension liability of the City at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Police Plan	Fire Plan
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$103,915,509 (73,578,572)	\$109,316,065 (59,334,972)
City's Net Pension Liability	\$ 30,336,937	\$ 49,981,093
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	70.81%	54.28%

Actuarial Assumptions

Pension assets are valued at their fair market value's as established by quotations from applicable national securities exchanges. Valuations of pension liabilities and pension assets for both plans are performed annually as of June 30.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in each valuation are summarized as follows:

	Fire	Police
Valuation Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset appreciation Salary increases	Individual Entry Age Level Dollar Closed 13 years 7.25% annually 2.6% plus longevity increases of 3.00% annually after 7 th year of employment	Individual Entry Age Level Dollar Closed 13 years 7.25% annually 2.6% plus longevity increases of 3.00% annually after 7 th year of employment
Cost of living increase: Members retired prior to 8/21/11 Members retiring after 8/21/11	2.6% Bureau of Labor CPI for Northeast Urban Wage Earners, not exceeding 3.00% or less than .05%	2.6%
Inflation	2.6%	2.6%
Mortality: Healthy Members (police and fire) Disabled Members (police and fire)	RP2014 Adjusted to 2006 Tot projected to valuation date wi 1985 Wyatt Pension Disability	th Scale MP-2017

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liabilities is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	19	6.25%	Current Discount Rate 7.25%		1% Increase 8.25%	
Net pension liability - police	\$	44,079,346	\$	30,336,937	\$	19,097,093
Net pension liability - fire		63,895,672		49,981,093		38,504,643

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Policemen's Pension Plan	To	otal Pension Liability (a)		an Fiduciary et Position (b)	N	et Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2017, Policemen's Plan	\$	102,420,432	\$	66,016,785	\$	36,403,647
Changes for the Year: Service Cost		1,384,448				1,384,448
Interest Changes of Benefit Terms		7,321,178				7,321,178 -
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions		(288,627) (1,175,156)				(288,627) (1,175,156)
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employees Net Investment Income		(, , ,		4,396,285 453,304 8,533,830		(4,396,285) (453,304) (8,533,830)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Plan Administrative Expenses		(5,746,766)		(5,746,766) (74,866)		74,866
Net Changes		1,495,077		7,561,787		(6,066,710)
Balances at June 30, 2018, Policemen's Plan	\$	103,915,509	\$	73,578,572	\$	30,336,937
Eiromon's Dension Plan	Т	otal Pension Liability		an Fiduciary et Position	N	et Pension Liability
Firemen's Pension Plan	Т(N	
Firemen's Pension Plan Balances at June 30, 2017, Firemen's Plan	т. \$	Liability		et Position	N \$	Liability
Balances at June 30, 2017, Firemen's Plan Changes for the Year:		Liability (a) 106,788,608	N	et Position (b)		Liability (a) - (b) 53,096,594
Balances at June 30, 2017, Firemen's Plan Changes for the Year: Service Cost		Liability (a) 106,788,608 1,732,271	N	et Position (b)		Liability (a) - (b) 53,096,594 1,732,271
Balances at June 30, 2017, Firemen's Plan Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		Liability (a) 106,788,608 1,732,271 7,647,309 (433,125)	N	et Position (b)		Liability (a) - (b) 53,096,594 1,732,271 7,647,309 (433,125)
Balances at June 30, 2017, Firemen's Plan Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employees		Liability (a) 106,788,608 1,732,271 7,647,309	N	et Position (b) 53,692,014 6,142,577 597,058		Liability (a) - (b) 53,096,594 1,732,271 7,647,309 (433,125) (229,183) (6,142,577) (597,058)
Balances at June 30, 2017, Firemen's Plan Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employees Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions		Liability (a) 106,788,608 1,732,271 7,647,309 (433,125)	N	et Position (b) 53,692,014 6,142,577 597,058 5,150,800 (6,189,815)		Liability (a) - (b) 53,096,594 1,732,271 7,647,309 (433,125) (229,183) (6,142,577) (597,058) (5,150,800)
Balances at June 30, 2017, Firemen's Plan Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Contributions - Employer Contributions - Employees Net Investment Income		Liability (a) 106,788,608 1,732,271 7,647,309 (433,125) (229,183)	N	et Position (b) 53,692,014 6,142,577 597,058 5,150,800		Liability (a) - (b) 53,096,594 1,732,271 7,647,309 (433,125) (229,183) (6,142,577) (597,058)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,330,096 and \$5,545,618 for the Police and Fire Plans, respectively. The City reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Police Pension Plan:		
Difference between expected and actual experience experience	\$ 1,104,599	\$ (575,410)
Difference between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		(2,838,113)
Changes in assumptions	1,289,121	 (895,357)
Total Police Pension Plan	\$ 2,393,720	\$ (4,308,880)
Fire Pension Plan:		
Difference between expected and actual experience experience	\$ 24,407	\$ (1,206,817)
Difference between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		(152,714)
Changes in assumptions	 2,120,264	 (189,669)
Total Fire Pension Plan	\$ 2,144,671	\$ (1,549,200)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	E	Police Pension	Fire Pension
2019 2020 2021	\$	775,164 (134,581) (1,762,026)	\$ 842,198 596,290 (464,920)
2021 2022 2023		(793,717)	(464,920) (286,744) (91,353)

E. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Employees participating in the defined Teachers' benefit plan and MERS benefit plan, as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a), and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Teachers contribute 7% of their annual covered salary, police employees that are in the MERS Plan contribute 3% of their annual covered salary, and all other employees in the MERS Plan contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. Employees contribute 1% of annual covered salary for municipal and non-certified school employees, and 3% for teachers and police officers in MERS who are not eligible for social security. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws of the State of Rhode Island, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Employees with 20 or more years of service as of July 1, 2012 do not participate in the defined contribution plan. Employers continue to contribute 1% for employees in the system that had less than 10 years of service as of July 1, 2012. Employers contribute 3.25% of annual covered salary teachers and 1.25% of annual covered salary for MERS participants that had between 10 and 15 years of service as of July 1, 2012.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with IRS guidelines for such plans.

The City recognized defined contribution pension expense of \$594,556 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statement and required supplementary information for plans administered by the System. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

14. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City offers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan to retirees and life insurance to police retirees. The plan is administered by the City and is reported as an OPEB trust fund in the City's financial statements. The plan does not issue separate financial statements. The City Council and Charter grant authority to a five-member Trust and Investment Commission (Commission) to manage fiduciary fund assets. The members are appointed by the City Council. The fiduciary funds include the police pension plan assets, the fire pension plan assets, the OPEB Trust assets, trust assets and scholarship assets.

Employees vest for OPEB after 10 years of service. Retired police employees receive \$25,000 in retiree life insurance. Employees can choose individual or family coverage when active, which is paid by the City. All employees contribute towards the cost of their health insurance, while active and after retirement. If an employee retires prior to age 65, the employee remains in their pre-retirement medical plan from the date of their retirement until age 65. At age 65, employees enter Plan65 unless they are grandfathered in under another medical plan or are Medicare ineligible. AFSCME and NEA employees, police employees hired after July 1, 2009, fire employees hired after July 1, 2011, and teachers that did not have 29 years of service or 25 years of service as of June 30, 2015 that retire before June 30, 2018 are not entitled to Plan65. Medicare ineligible participants remain in the medical plan they chose as active employees. The School Department has a Memorandum of Understanding with teacher retirees which eliminates extended benefit coverage for School retirees.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of June 30, 2018, membership data was as follows:

Active employees	687
Retirees	535
Total Plan Members	1,222

Benefit Provisions and Contributions

A portion of health insurance premiums is borne by the City, dependent upon each retiree's covered group, date of retirement and credited service. For members covered under the Police Pension Plan retiring after June 30, 1987, the City pays 50% of premiums plus an additional 5% of premiums for each year of service between 11 and 20 years, until 100% is paid. Retirees prior to that date are responsible for premiums for each year between 11 and 25 years, until 100% is paid. Employees hired after July 1, 2009 are not eligible for Plan65. Police retirees contribute various amounts towards the cost of their health insurance depending upon their date of retirement. For members covered under the Fire Pension Plan that retired prior to September 12, 2007, the City pays 100% of health insurance premiums for members, provided that the retiree was eligible for retirement (age 58 or 30 years of service) at the date of separation from service. Members that retire after September 12, 2007 contribute 1% of their pension benefit towards the cost of retiree health insurance. For retirees with less than 25 years of service, the City contribution is reduced 4% per year of service less than 25. Members hired after July 1, 2011 are not eligible for Plan65. Premiums for retirees of both the Teachers' Plan and the Municipal Plan are fully paid by the City (less a retiree premium share) until age 65, provided the retiree was eligible for retirement at the time of separation of service. The City pays for a \$25,000 life insurance policy for retired police with at least 10 years of service, and for a temporary (until age 65) \$50,000 life insurance policy for retired teachers. Retirees contribute a portion of the cost of the life insurance policy.

Basis of Accounting

The OPEB trust fund financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when they are due, pursuant to formal commitments and contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan.

Investment Policy

The City Council and Charter grant authority to a five-member Trust and Investment Commission (Commission) to manage fiduciary fund assets. The members are appointed by the City Council. The fiduciary funds include the police pension plan assets, the fire pension plan assets, the OPEB Trust assets, trust assets and scholarship assets. Separate investment policies exist as these assets are invested for long-term growth and/or to meet specific funding targets. The policies identify the asset allocation plans and objectives developed by the Commission. The absolute objectives are to achieve growth in the principal value of assets while maintaining a level of stability and liquidity sufficient to ensure the timely payment of obligations, and to achieve the target rate of return as defined by the actuarial rate of return, currently 7.50% for the OPEB Trust per year net of investment expenses, over a full market cycle defined as 5 to 7 years. The policies are used to inform investment managers, consultants and custodians of the Commission's goals, objectives and restrictions. The policies are also designed to identify and mitigate performance risk. Investments are not restricted to any particular type of investment. The investment managers are held to certain performance standards as compared to an appropriate national index. The current asset allocation plans set minimum, maximum and target allocation percentages of assets. The Large Cap Value and Large Cap Growth performances are benchmarked against the Russell 1000 Value and Russell 1000 Growth Indices, respectively. The Mid Cap performance is benchmarked against the S & P 400 Index. The Small Cap is compared to the Russell 2000 Growth, the International Equity to the MSCI All-World Free Ex-US Index, and the Fixed Income to the Barclays Aggregate Index. Further, the Commission instructs managers to invest the equity portion

of the portfolio so as to prevent the returns from underperforming the equity index in any three consecutive quarters. Currently, most of the funds are invested in mutual funds or collective trusts. For mutual funds, the managers are subject to the mutual fund prospectus. The assets are rebalanced quarterly as needed.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Actuarially Determined Nominal Mean
Large Cap Equity	20%	8.4%
Mid Cap Equity	15%	11.0%
Small Cap Equity	15%	9.2%
International Equity	15%	6.7%
Fixed Income	20%	5.3%
Real Estate and Timber	15%	9.8%

Concentrations

As of June 30, 2018, and during the year then ended, no pension or other post-employment benefit assets were invested in any organization which collectively held 5% or more of the total assets of either plan.

Rate of Return

The annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB Trust plan investments, net of OPEB plan investment expense was 11.26% for the year ended June 30, 2018. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability of the City

During the year, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans (OPEB).* This Statement requires the net OPEB liability to be measured as the total OPEB liability, less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The components of the net OPEB liability of the City at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 122,677,157 47,312,731
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 75,364,426
Plan fiduciary net position as a Percentage of the total OPEB liability	38.57%

Actuarial Assumptions

OPEB Trust assets are valued at their fair market value as established by quotations from applicable national securities exchanges. The July 1, 2017 Actuarial Valuation total OPEB liability was increased by service cost and interest and decreased by benefit payments to estimate the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018.

The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was determined using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method with the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.30%
Medical Care Inflation	5.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.6% by 2075
Wage Inflation	3.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Amortization Period	20-year remaining level percent of pay, closed basis
•	n the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, applied on ng Mortality Projection Scale AA.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liabilities is 7.50%. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed. Best estimates of the real rates of return for each major asset class are included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation.

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*	Weighting
Large Cap Equity	20.00%	4.50%	0.90%
Mid Cap Equity	15.00%	5.00%	0.75%
Small Cap Equity	15.00%	5.00%	0.75%
International Equity	15.00%	5.25%	0.79%
Fixed Income	20.00%	2.50%	0.50%
Real Estate and Timber	15.00%	4.50%	0.68%
	100.00%		4.37%
Long-Term Inflation Expectation			2.60%
Long-Term Expected Nominal Return			6.97%

* Long-Term Returns are geometric means and do not reflect additional returns through investment selection, asset allocation and rebalancing. The results support a rate between 7.00% and 7.50%.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	_	Ir	ncrease (Decrease)	
	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Postion (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$	126,270,216 \$	41,855,316 \$	84,414,900
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost		1,602,911		1,602,911
Interest on total OPEB liability		9,373,447		9,373,447
Differences in experience		(9,989,353)		(9,989,353)
Changes in assumptions		1,314,151		1,314,151
Employer contributions			6,614,215	(6,614,215)
Net investment income (loss)			4,785,765	(4,785,765)
Benefit payments		(5,894,215)	(5,894,215)	
Administrative expenses	_		(48,350)	48,350
Net changes	_	(3,593,059)	5,457,415	(9,050,474)
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$	122,677,157 \$	47,312,731 \$	75,364,426

The mortality table assumptions have been changed to an RP-2014 Table with a Scale of MP-2017 based on the most recent study published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA). Life expectancies generally continue to increase, and the mortality assumption reflects this trend. Scale MP-2017 captures the most recent pensioner mortality experience available (as published by the SOA in October 2017), with respect to future expected mortality improvement. The impact of the mortality assumption change is to increase the plan's total actuarial liability by about 2.6%, all else being equal.

The inflation and salary scale assumptions have been reduced from 3.00% to 2.60%, to reflect lower long-term inflation expectations going forward (a long-term inflation assumption of 2.6% is consistent with the Social Security Administration's current best estimate of the long-term (75-year horizon) annual percentage increase in CPI, as published in the 2018 OASDI Trustees Report). The impact of the proposed assumption change has virtually no impact on the OPEB plan's actuarial liability, but produces an UAL amortization pattern that is slightly less back-loaded over the long-term, thereby increasing the ADEC in the near-term by about 2.2%, all else being equal.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease	e Current Discount		1% Increase	
6.50%	7.50%		8.50%	
\$ 89,770,957	\$ 75,364,426	\$	63,288,696	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (4.6% decreasing to 3.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.6% decreasing to 5.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase
Healthcare Cost		Healthcare Cost		Healthcare Cost
Trend Rates		Trend Rates		Trend Rates
(4.5% decreasing to 3.6%)		(5.5% decreasing to 4.6%)		(6.5% decreasing to 5.6%)
10 3.0707	• •	10 4.070	-	10 0.070
\$ 61,445,220	\$	75,364,426	\$	92,113,398

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$5,518,962. The City reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as of June 30, 2018:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 	\$	(7,666,248)
Changes of assumptions	1,008,534		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		. ·	(1,297,507)
Total	\$ 1,008,534	\$	(8,963,755)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2019	\$ (2,341,865)
2020	(2,341,865)
2021	(2,341,865)
2022	(929,626)
2023	-
Thereafter	-

Summary Financial Information

The Other Post Employment Benefits Trust summary financial information reported in the financial statements is as follows:

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND JUNE 30, 2018

Assets: Cash and investments	\$	47,347,536
Liabilities:		24.000
Accounts payable		34,806
Net Position:		
Net Position Restricted for OPEB Benefits	\$	47,312,730
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018		
Additions:		
Contributions and other income	\$	6,614,215
Investment income, net of investment expenses	Ŧ	4,785,763
Total additions		11,399,978
Deductions:		<u> </u>
Benefits		5,894,215
Administration		48,349
Total deductions		5,942,564
Changes in net position		5,457,414
Net Position at Beginning of Year		41,855,316
Net Position at End of Year	\$	47,312,730

15. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City negotiates property tax abatement agreements on an individual basis. The City has one tax abatement agreement as of June 30, 2018. The agreement was entered into on October 14, 2015 to promote economic development and employment opportunities, which complies with City ordinance 4.08.110. The agreement allows for an exemption of taxes for any assessed value of this property that exceeds \$4,000,000 as a result of the improvements to land and property on the parcels. The pro-rata exemption is 80% exempt for the first year of new assessment; 60% exempt for the second year; 40% exempt for the third year; and 20% exempt for the fourth year. The exemption took effect with the taxes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Total taxes abated during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 under this agreement were \$8,230.

16. CONTINGENCIES

The City is involved in several lawsuits and claims. Both City officials and their legal counsel are unable to express an opinion as to the ultimate outcome of the cases, and no provision for loss has been made in the accompanying financial statements. It is the opinion of both the City officials and their legal counsel that the results of the cases would have no materially adverse effect on the City's financial position.

17. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The amount recognized in the general fund intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures for contribution made by the state on behalf of the City's teachers to the State Employees' Retirement System of Rhode Island was \$1,753,950.

18. RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

The following restatements were recorded to the beginning net position of the governmental and business-type activities as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*:

	_	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Net position at June 30, 2017, as previously reported Adjustments:	\$	(5,056,686) \$	137,575,362
Eliminate net OPEB obligation reported per GASB No. 45 Record starting total OPEB liability per GASB No. 75	_	6,304,160 (80,484,119)	406,512 (3,930,781)
Net Position at July 1, 2017, as Restated	\$	(79,236,645) \$	134,051,093

The following restatements were recorded to the beginning net position of the enterprise funds activities as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*:

	_	Major Funds Water Fund	Nonmajor Funds Maritime Fund
Net position at June 30, 2017, as previously reported Adjustments:	\$	55,697,517	\$ 4,945,767
Eliminate net OPEB obligation reported per GASB No. 45		406,512	
Record starting total OPEB liability per GASB No. 75	_	(3,873,125)	(57,656)
Net Position at July 1, 2017, as Restated	\$	52,230,904	\$ 4,888,111

Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	-	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total pension liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$	1,384,448 \$ 7,321,178	1,419,028 \$ 7,009,454	1,354,511 \$ 6,884,180	1,175,418 \$ 6,344,119 1,138,222	1,159,989 \$ 6,127,676	1,089,741 \$ 6,119,883	1,185,085 5,678,713
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		(288,627) (1,175,156)	1,006,987 494,208	(982,867) 2,833,210	3,395,866	413,108	(1,568,795) (1,055,592)	2,472,564 931,710
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Net change in total pension liability	-	(5,746,766) 1,495,077	(5,449,333) 4,480,344	(5,075,242) 5,013,792	(4,990,121) 7,063,504	(4,676,133) 3,024,640	(4,431,444) 153,793	(4,154,488) 6,113,584
Total pension liability, beginning	-	102,420,432	97,940,088	92,926,296	85,862,792	82,838,152	82,684,359	76,570,775
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	\$	103,915,509 \$	102,420,432 \$	97,940,088 \$	92,926,296 \$	85,862,792 \$	82,838,152 \$	82,684,359
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	4,396,285 \$ 453,304 8,533,830 (5,746,766) (74,866) 7,561,787	4,314,776 \$ 418,174 8,344,427 (5,449,333) (176,061) 7,451,983	4,012,174 \$ 447,063 (896,323) (5,075,242) (125,892) (1,638,220)	4,012,174 \$ 487,883 3,315,144 (4,990,121) (130,044) 2,695,036	3,954,174 \$ 407,872 9,496,182 (4,676,133) (86,063) 9,096,032	3,461,972 \$ 403,980 6,725,692 (4,431,444) (114,392) 6,045,808	2,899,580 393,524 (525,652) (4,154,488) (114,960) (1,501,996)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	66,016,785	58,564,802	60,203,022	57,507,986	48,411,954	42,366,146	43,868,142
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	73,578,572 \$	66,016,785 \$	58,564,802 \$	60,203,022 \$	57,507,986 \$	48,411,954 \$	42,366,146
City's Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)	\$	30,336,937 \$	36,403,647 \$	39,375,286 \$	32,723,274 \$	28,354,806 \$	34,426,198 \$	40,318,213
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.81%	64.46%	59.80%	64.79%	66.98%	58.44%	51.24%
Covered employee payroll	\$	5,175,212 \$	5,003,060 \$	5,351,641 \$	5,489,942 \$	5,246,624 \$	5,147,999 \$	5,033,625
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		586.20%	727.63%	735.76%	596.06%	540.44%	668.73%	800.98%

Notes to Schedule:

Amounts reported as changes of assumptions were primarily the result of adjustments in mortality rates.

The police received a slight increase in 2015 in benefits meant to encourage retirement at 25 years rather than 20 in exchange for closing the plan to new entrants.

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

The changes in the liability in 2016 result primarily from a reduction in the assumed investment rate of return from 7.50% to 7.25%.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIRE PENSION PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total pension liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,732,271 \$ 7,647,309 (433,125)	1,657,897 \$ 7,426,079 (1,067,973)	7,256,466 (268,376)	1,288,336 \$ 7,047,145 78,639	1,301,858 \$ 6,926,242 (880,942)	1,347,221 \$ 6,935,131 (1,813,565)	1,167,259 6,083,467 8,664,711
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Net change in total pension liability	-	(229,183) (6,189,815) 2,527,457	993,720 (5,880,883) 3,128,840	2,868,540 (5,794,738) 5,521,352	(5,793,864) 2,620,256	(5,651,902) 1,695,256	(1,018,173) (5,400,180) 50,434	981,952 (6,032,049) 10,865,340
Total pension liability, beginning	-	106,788,608	103,659,768	98,138,416	95,518,160	93,822,904	93,772,470	82,907,130
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	\$	109,316,065 \$	106,788,608 \$	103,659,768 \$	98,138,416 \$	95,518,160 \$	93,822,904 \$	93,772,470
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer Contributions - member Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	6,142,577 \$ 597,058 5,150,800 (6,189,815) (57,662) 5,642,958	5,918,258 \$ 594,650 6,435,115 (5,880,883) (135,705) 6,931,435	6,048,094 \$ 602,467 (1,435,206) (5,794,738) (96,388) (675,771)	6,048,094 \$ 607,260 2,366,045 (5,793,864) (98,299) 3,129,236	5,990,094 \$ 518,936 6,786,391 (5,651,902) (64,329) 7,579,190	4,822,711 \$ 501,618 5,211,622 (5,400,180) (85,948) 5,049,823	4,560,741 541,383 (395,285) (6,032,049) (86,457) (1,411,667)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	53,692,014	46,760,579	47,436,350	44,307,114	36,727,924	31,678,101	33,089,768
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	59,334,972 \$	53,692,014 \$	46,760,579 \$	47,436,350 \$	44,307,114 \$	36,727,924 \$	31,678,101
City's Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)	\$_	49,981,093 \$	53,096,594 \$	56,899,189 \$	50,702,066 \$	51,211,046 \$	57,094,980 \$	62,094,369
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		54.28%	50.28%	45.11%	48.34%	46.39%	39.15%	33.78%
Covered employee payroll	\$	6,835,155 \$	6,734,507 \$	6,585,483 \$	6,205,276 \$	5,505,579 \$	5,509,307 \$	5,532,707
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		731.24%	788.43%	864.01%	817.08%	930.17%	1036.34%	1122.31%

Notes to Schedule:

Amounts reported as changes of assumptions were primarily the result of adjustments in mortality rates.

Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

The changes in the liability in 2016 result primarily from a reduction in the assumed investment rate of return from 7.50% to 7.25%.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	-	2018	2017	 2016	-	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability		1.042213410%	0.949724730%	1.015625070%		1.031202720%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	32,872,313	\$ 28,335,774	\$ 27,960,185	\$	25,099,478
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	-	24,843,571	19,405,844	 19,101,521	-	17,211,868
Total Liability	\$	57,715,884	\$ 47,741,618	\$ 47,061,706	\$_	42,311,346
City's covered employee payroll	\$	18,564,634	\$ 18,329,802	\$ 17,015,623	\$	16,643,677
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		177.07%	154.59%	164.32%		150.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		54.00%	54.06%	57.55%		61.40%

Notes to Schedule:

1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' SURVIVORS BENEFITS COST-SHARING PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	_	2018	2017	2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension asset		3.47300144%	3.29868150%	3.52658498%	3.31356806%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(2,873,089) \$	(3,284,559) \$	(3,292,265) \$	(4,119,452)
City's covered employee payroll	\$	18,564,634 \$	18,329,802 \$	17,015,623 \$	16,643,677
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		-15.48%	-17.92%	-19.35%	-24.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		146.6%	146.6%	146.6%	173.3%

Notes to Schedule:

- 1.) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.
- 2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	_	2018	 2017	 2016	_	2015
Total pension liability: Service cost	\$	1,183,562	\$ 1,112,632	\$ 1,012,748	\$	1,027,962
Interest Changes of benefit terms		5,388,417	5,264,384	5,102,024 1,364,563		5,004,233
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,135,652)	264,579	(434,672)		
Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		3,826,008 (5,045,437)	(5,001,120)	(4,858,492)		180,610 (4,944,136)
Net change in total pension liability	-	4,216,898	 1,640,475	 2,186,171	-	1,268,669
Total pension liability, beginning	-	73,776,503	 72,136,028	 69,949,857	-	68,681,188
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	\$	77,993,401	\$ 73,776,503	\$ 72,136,028	\$	69,949,857
Plan fiduciary net position:						
Contributions - employer Contributions - member	\$	3,100,551 513,971	\$ 2,670,159 465,743	\$ 2,518,304 234,906	\$	2,240,214 226,656
Net investment income		5,065,942	21,439	1,073,486		6,243,957
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(5,045,437)	(5,001,120)	(4,858,492)		(4,944,136)
Administrative expense Other		(47,861) 274,332	(77,595)	(43,154) 1,235		(39,099) 119,179
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	3,861,498	 (43,443) (1,964,817)	 (1,073,715)	-	3,846,771
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	43,841,950	 45,806,767	 46,880,482	-	43,033,711
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	47,703,448	\$ 43,841,950	\$ 45,806,767	\$_	46,880,482
City's Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)	\$_	30,289,953	\$ 29,934,553	\$ 26,329,261	\$	23,069,375
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total		C4 4C9/	50 400/			67.000/
pension liability		61.16%	59.43%	63.50%		67.02%
Covered employee payroll	\$	13,388,168	\$ 12,543,133	\$ 11,708,075	\$	11,271,517
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		226.24%	238.65%	224.88%		204.67%

Notes to Schedule:

1.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE AND FIRE PENSION PLANS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Fire Pe	ension Plan		
Actuarial Valuation Date July 1	 Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	% of ADC Contributed	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2009	\$ 3,310,557 \$	3,491,226	\$ (180,669)	105.5% \$	5,047,963	69.16%
2010	3,781,258	3,981,258	(200,000)	105.3%	5,526,615	72.04%
2011	4,359,109	4,359,109	-	100.0%	4,891,283	89.12%
2012	4,560,741	4,560,741	-	100.0%	5,532,707	82.43%
2013	4,822,711	4,822,711	-	100.0%	5,509,307	87.54%
2014	5,990,094	5,990,094	-	100.0%	5,505,579	108.80%
2015	5,778,428	6,048,094	(269,666)	104.7%	6,205,276	97.47%
2016	5,436,487	6,048,094	(611,607)	111.3%	6,585,483	91.84%
2017	5,918,258	5,918,258	-	100.0%	6,734,507	87.88%
2018	6,142,577	6,142,577	-	100.0%	6,835,155	89.87%
			Police F	Pension Plan		
Actuarial Valuation Date July 1	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	 Police F Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pension Plan % of ADC Contributed	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
Valuation Date	\$ Determined		\$ Contribution Deficiency	% of ADC	Employee	as a Percentage of Covered
Valuation Date July 1	\$ Determined Contribution	Contribution	\$ Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (66,086)	% of ADC Contributed	Employee Payroll	as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payrol 48.81%
Valuation Date July 1 2009	\$ Determined Contribution 2,406,091	Contribution 2,472,177	\$ Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	% of ADC Contributed 102.7% \$	Employee Payroll 5,064,850	as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payrol 48.81% 53.17%
Valuation Date July 1 2009 2010	\$ Determined Contribution 2,406,091 2,470,822	Contribution 2,472,177 2,670,822	\$ Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (66,086)	% of ADC Contributed 102.7% \$ 108.1%	Employee Payroll 5,064,850 5,023,341	as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payrol 48.81% 53.17% 61.73%
Valuation Date July 1 2009 2010 2011	\$ Determined Contribution 2,406,091 2,470,822 3,116,642	Contribution 2,472,177 2,670,822 3,116,642	\$ Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (66,086)	% of ADC Contributed 102.7% \$ 108.1% 100.0%	Employee Payroll 5,064,850 5,023,341 5,048,815	as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payrol 48.81% 53.17% 61.73% 57.60%
Valuation Date July 1 2009 2010 2011 2012	\$ Determined Contribution 2,406,091 2,470,822 3,116,642 2,899,580	Contribution 2,472,177 2,670,822 3,116,642 2,899,580	\$ Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (66,086)	% of ADC Contributed 102.7% \$ 108.1% 100.0% 100.0%	Employee Payroll 5,064,850 5,023,341 5,048,815 5,033,625	as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payrol 48.81% 53.17% 61.73% 57.60% 67.25%
Valuation Date July 1 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013	\$ Determined Contribution 2,406,091 2,470,822 3,116,642 2,899,580 3,461,972	Contribution 2,472,177 2,670,822 3,116,642 2,899,580 3,461,972	\$ Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (66,086)	% of ADC Contributed 102.7% \$ 108.1% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	Employee Payroll 5,064,850 5,023,341 5,048,815 5,033,625 5,147,999	as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payrol 48.81% 53.17% 61.73% 57.60% 67.25% 75.37%
Valuation Date July 1 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	\$ Determined Contribution 2,406,091 2,470,822 3,116,642 2,899,580 3,461,972 3,954,174	Contribution 2,472,177 2,670,822 3,116,642 2,899,580 3,461,972 3,954,174	\$ Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (66,086) (200,000)	% of ADC Contributed 102.7% \$ 108.1% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%	Employee Payroll 5,064,850 5,023,341 5,048,815 5,033,625 5,147,999 5,246,624	as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll 48.81% 53.17% 61.73% 57.60% 67.25% 75.37% 73.08%
Valuation Date July 1 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015	\$ Determined Contribution 2,406,091 2,470,822 3,116,642 2,899,580 3,461,972 3,954,174 3,729,898	Contribution 2,472,177 2,670,822 3,116,642 2,899,580 3,461,972 3,954,174 4,012,174	\$ Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (66,086) (200,000) - - - - (282,276)	% of ADC Contributed 102.7% \$ 108.1% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 107.6%	Employee Payroll 5,064,850 5,023,341 5,048,815 5,033,625 5,147,999 5,246,624 5,489,942	as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payrol

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	13 years
Asset valuation method	Actuarial Value of assets; phases in recognition of differences between return on Market Value and expected return on Market Value over a 5-year period at 20% per year.
Inflation	2.60%
Salary increases, including longevity	2.60% per year plus longevity increases after seventh year of employment
Investment rate of return	7.25% effective July 1, 2016
Retirement age	Police members who have completed 20 years of service may retire
	Fire members who retired prior to July 1, 2011 may retire with 20 years of service and those who retire on or after July 1, 2011 with the earlier of age 58 or 30 years of service
Mortality	RP-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Mortality Table projected to valuation date with Scale AA

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF THE CITY CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	_	2018		2017	 2016	_	2015		2014
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,532,188	\$	2,436,992	\$ 2,383,068	\$	2,213,075	\$	2,030,553
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	2,532,188		2,436,992	 2,383,068		2,213,075	_	2,030,553
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$ \$	\$		\$	
City's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	18,564,634	\$	18,329,802	\$ 17,015,623	\$	16,643,677	\$	16,002,256
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		13.64%		13.30%	14.01%		13.30%		12.69%

Notes to Schedule:

- 1.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.
- 2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years additional years will be displayed as they become available.
- 3.) In May 2017, the Employees' Retirement System of Rhode Island Board voted to lower the investment rate of return assumption from 7.5% to 7.0% which will be reflected in the determination of the net pension liability for the various plans administered by the System beginning with the June 30, 2017 measurement date valuations.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' SURVIVORS BENEFIT COST-SHARING PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS

	2018		. <u>-</u>	2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	27,070	\$	20,487	\$	20,862	\$	21,216
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	27,070		20,487	. <u>-</u>	20,862		21,216
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	-	\$	-	\$		\$_	<u> </u>
City's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	18,564,634	\$	18,329,802	\$	17,015,623	\$	16,643,677
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.15%		0.11%		0.12%		0.13%

Notes to Schedule:

1.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

3.) In May 2017, the Employees' Retirement System of Rhode Island Board voted to lower the investment rate of return assumption from 7.5% to 7.0% which will be reflected in the determination of the net pension liability for the various plans administered by the System beginning with the June 30, 2017 measurement date valuations.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	_	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,208,916 \$	2,988,105 \$	2,811,308 \$	2,506,948 \$	2,343,262 \$	2,045,444 \$	1,803,085
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	3,208,916	2,988,105	2,811,308	2,506,948	2,343,262	2,045,444	1,803,085
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$_	\$	
City's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	13,388,168 \$	13,217,927 \$	12,860,503 \$	11,692,085 \$	11,259,620 \$	10,891,431 \$	10,971,505
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		23.97%	22.61%	21.86%	21.44%	20.81%	18.78%	16.43%

Notes to Schedule:

1.) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

2.) Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

3.) In May 2017, the Employees' Retirement System of Rhode Island Board voted to lower the investment rate of return assumption from 7.5% to 7.0% which will be reflected in the determination of the net pension liability for the various plans administered by the System beginning with the June 30, 2017 measurement date valuations.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.50% to 7.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Retirement age	Varies depending on years of service and age
Mortality	Males: 115% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000
	Females: 95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments,

projected with Scale AA from 2000

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE AND FIRE PENSION PLANS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense *		13.83%	-2.40%	4.98%	19.04%	16.32%
Police Plan Fire Plan	12.62% 9.08%					

* The plans are invested together and the amount per plan was not calculated prior to 2018.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

		2018		2017
Total OPEB liability:				
Service cost	\$	1,602,911	\$	1,365,521
Interest Observes of how of the serves		9,373,447		8,932,105
Changes of benefit terms		(0.000.252)		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		(9,989,353) 1,314,151		
Benefit payments		(5,894,215)		(6,244,280)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(3,593,059)	-	4,053,346
		(0,090,009)		4,000,040
Total OPEB liability, beginning	_	126,270,216	_	122,216,870
Total Pension Liability, Ending (a)	\$	122,677,157	\$_	126,270,216
Dian fiducian (not position)				
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions - employer	\$	6,614,215	\$	6,964,280
Net investment income	φ	4,785,765	φ	4,972,032
Benefit payments		(5,894,215)		(6,244,280)
Administrative expense		(48,350)		(45,922)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		5,457,415		5,646,110
		0,101,110		0,010,110
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		41,855,316	_	36,209,206
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	47,312,731	\$_	41,855,316
City's Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)	\$	75,364,426	\$	84,414,900
	· —	· · · -		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB				
liability		38.57%		33.15%
Covered employee payroll	\$	44,521,160	\$	44,273,402
		400.000/		400.07%
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		169.28%		190.67%

Notes to Schedule:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 7,162,648 \$	7,666,176 \$	8,018,221 \$	6,943,534 \$	7,304,803 \$	7,687,252 \$	9,519,080 \$	11,191,505 \$	9,243,181 \$	10,615,386
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	6,614,215	6,964,280	7,132,978	7,332,694	7,836,934	9,320,601	10,261,400	9,810,529	11,241,301	11,099,555
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$\$	701,896 \$	885,243 \$	(389,160) \$	(532,131) \$	(1,633,349) \$	(742,320) \$	1,380,976 \$	(1,998,120) \$	(484,169)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 44,521,160 \$	44,273,402 \$	42,091,451 \$	40,192,005 \$	38,097,950 \$	37,728,040 \$	38,064,841 \$	37,623,567 \$	38,198,664 \$	36,366,493
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.86%	15.73%	16.95%	18.24%	20.57%	24.70%	26.96%	26.08%	29.43%	30.52%

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Amortization period	20 year remaining
Asset valuation method	Market value
Inflation	2.30%
Healthcare cost trend rates	2018 - 5.5%; 2019 - 5.4%; 2020 - 5.3%; Ultimate 4.6%
Salary increases	3.0 - 6.0%
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy and Disabled Mortality, Male and Female, with generational projection per Scale AA

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2018	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	11.26%	13.65%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Supplemental, Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules





GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is composed of four separate funds.

The City's general operating fund is used to account for all activities of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The City's general operating fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the City (i.e., general government, public safety, public works, health, social services, recreation, etc.). These activities are funded principally by property taxes, user fees and grants from other governmental units. This fund is under the control of the City Council.

The School Unrestricted Fund is under control of the elected School Committee and is used to account for all activities of the school except for those required to be accounted for in the School Restricted Fund (primarily federal and state aid).

The City's Property Acquisition Fund is used to account for proceeds from the sale of City-owned properties. These funds are assigned by Council resolution for one-time expenditures or capital improvements.

The City's Gift Fund is used to account for monies given by outside donors for specific activities provided by the City. Examples include basketball tournaments, evening and children's programs and public safety equipment. These funds are considered restricted by donors.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE CITY GENERAL FUND AND SCHOOL UNRESTRICTED FUND BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Paragrage	-	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:								
City:	¢	00 664 570	¢	00 664 570	ሱ	70.050.704	¢	(007.000)
Property taxes	\$	80,664,572	Ф	80,664,572	Ф	79,856,764	Ф	(807,808)
Intergovernmental revenues		3,597,491		3,597,491		3,803,823		206,332
Charges for services		9,820,052		9,820,052		10,626,598		806,546
Use of money and property		350,000		350,000		151,231		(198,769)
Other revenues		134,500		134,500		271,738		137,238
School:		10 000 400		10 600 460		10 600 044		20.204
Intergovernmental revenues		12,608,463		12,608,463		12,638,844		30,381
Local revenues	-	1,186,897		1,186,897		1,282,517		95,620
Total revenues	-	108,361,975		108,361,975		108,631,515		269,540
Expenditures: City:								
Mayor and city council		102,674		102,674		96,770		5,904
City manager		1,045,856		1,050,856		975,608		75,248
City solicitor		538,910		538,910		481,607		57,303
Canvassing		255,901		255,901		217,427		38,474
City clerk		552,933		552,933		620,578		(67,645)
Finance		4,077,294		4,207,964		4,071,553		136,411
Reserve accounts		935,000		930,000		1,162,731		(232,731)
Police department		18,089,158		18,091,458		18,024,053		67,405
Fire department		19,381,437		19,381,437		19,390,165		(8,728)
Public services		10,742,389		11,183,780		10,812,474		371,306
Civic investment		339,337		254,337		239,188		15,149
Zoning and inspections		1,039,347		1,039,347		1,071,244		(31,897)
Donations		118,450		118,450		118,450		-
Public library		1,868,017		1,868,017		1,868,017		-
Pension expenditures		1,614,700		1,614,700		1,509,419		105,281
Debt service		5,563,922		5,563,922		5,550,245		13,677
School:								
General education	_	39,380,364		39,380,364		41,743,678		(2,363,314)
Total expenditures	-	105,645,689		106,135,050		107,953,207		(1,818,157)
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	-	2,716,286		2,226,925		678,308		(1,548,617)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): City:								
Transfers in						30,887		30,887
Transfers out		(28,401,290)		(29,001,290)		(29,006,325)		(5,035)
School:								
Transfers out						(90,081)		(90,081)
Transfers in	-	25,585,004		25,585,004		26,185,004		600,000
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(2,816,286)		(3,416,286)		(2,880,515)		535,771
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$_	(100,000)	\$	(1,189,361)	: -	(2,202,207)	\$_	(1,012,846)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year								
City fund balance, beginning						14,173,819		
School fund balance, beginning					-	975,590	-	
Combined fund balance, beginning					-	15,149,409	-	
Fund Balances at End of Year								
City fund balance, ending						13,699,006		
School fund balance, ending					_	(751,804)	-	
Combined Fund Balance, Ending					\$	12 0/7 202		
Combined Fund Dalance, Linding					φ=	12,947,202	=	

		Priginal Budget		Final Budget	-	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	_	Variance with Final Budget
Property Taxes: Current taxes - Real Estate	\$7	2,644,995	\$	72,644,995	\$	71,485,159	\$	(1,159,836)
Current taxes - MV		2,106,872	Ψ	2,106,872	Ψ	1,923,697	Ψ	(183,175)
Delinquent taxes & penalties Tax Abatements		1,720,000		1,720,000 (1,000,000)		1,375,157		(344,843) 1,000,000
Meals and beverage tax		2,592,705		2,592,705		2,626,679		33,974
Hotel occupancy tax Total property taxes		2,600,000 0,664,572	_	2,600,000 80,664,572	-	2,446,072 79,856,764	_	(153,928) (807,808)
Intergovernmental Revenues:								
Telephone company tax Miscellaneous state and federal aid		316,689 94,560		316,689 94,560		305,570 86,036		(11,119) (8,524)
MV tax phase out		77,989		77,989		263,311		185,322
School housing aid PILOT		1,535,005 1,405,248		1,535,005 1,405,248		1,564,530 1,405,248		29,525
State aid - library construction Total intergovernmental revenues		<u>168,000</u> 3,597,491		<u>168,000</u> 3,597,491		<u>179,128</u> 3,803,823	_	<u>11,128</u> 206,332
Charges for Services:		<u>-,</u>	_	-,	•	-,,	_	
GMH service fees		360,000		360,000 180,000		361,975 201,763		1,975
Hope IV Project service fees Salve Regina service charges		180,000 6,902		6,902		6,902		21,763
Police special detail		1,900,000		1,900,000		1,722,925		(177,075)
Document prep and handling Planning Services		65,000 900		65,000 900		59,105 904		(5,895) 4
Solid waste hauler fees		4,500		4,500		3,500		(1,000)
Management services Fire alarm assessments		832,750 154,000		832,750 154,000		830,436 157,200		(2,314) 3,200
Bulky waste sticker program		25,000		25,000		24,640		(360)
HR regional testing Recreation activity fees		3,500 85,000		3,500 85,000				(3,500) (85,000)
Ballfield rentals		28,000		28,000				(28,000)
Recreation Scholarship Revenue Recreation Program Revenue		25,000		25,000		3,400 151,070		3,400 126,070
Parking tickets		800,000		800,000		960,643		160,643
Recording fees Conveyance tax		300,000 800,000		300,000 800,000		273,601 972,498		(26,399) 172,498
Probate fees		45,000		45,000		41,422		(3,578)
Rescue fees Archival Trust revenue		700,000		700,000		916,780 92,729		216,780 92,729
General business		90,000		90,000		95,685		5,685
Hotel registration fees Entertainment		7,000 25,000		7,000 25,000		17,400 28,890		10,400 3,890
Liquor		190,000		190,000		190,435		435
Mech amusement		12,000 25,000		12,000 25,000		9,800		(2,200)
Sunday selling Victualing		25,000 56,000		25,000 56,000		24,173 57,200		(827) 1,200
Animal		4,000		4,000		4,171		171
Marriage Building		5,000 1,000,000		5,000 1,000,000		5,888 1,004,377		888 4,377
Plumbing		50,000		50,000		72,462		22,462
Mechanical Electrical		170,000 150,000		170,000 150,000		207,187 128,303		37,187 (21,697)
Board of Appeals		17,000		17,000		44,012		27,012
HDC application fee Road opening		12,000 80,000		12,000 80,000		16,650 36,174		4,650 (43,826)
Fire inspection fees		100,000		100,000		69,316		(30,684)
Fire - sundry Police - sundry		15,000 10,000		15,000 10,000		21,690 10,360		6,690 360
Municipal court cost assessment		120,000		120,000		131,325		11,325
Payphone commissions Vendor rights						220 145		220 145
Newport Grand Slot Machines		450,000		450,000		477,135		27,135
Other miscellaneous Parking fund salary reimbursement		101,000		101,000		115,914 100,000		14,914 100,000
Beach bounce fees						28,306		28,306
Bathhouses Rotunda rentals		44,000 130,000		44,000 130,000		52,995 113,267		8,995 (16,733)
Carousel		15,000		15,000		16,371		1,371
Food service concessions Outside vendor commissions		48,000 6,000		48,000 6,000		52,922 21,264		4,922 15,264
Beach parking		515,000		515,000		644,280		129,280
Beach store Beach meters		20,000 37,500		20,000 37,500		3,746 43,042		(16,254) 5,542
Total charges for services		9,820,052		9,820,052	-	10,626,598	_	806,546
Use of Money and Property: Rental of property		100,000		100,000		106,850		6,850
Investment interest		350,000		350,000		44,381		(305,619)
Total use of money and property		450,000		450,000	-	151,231		(298,769)
Other Revenues:								
Sale of surplus equipment Public donations		3,000 131,500		3,000 131,500		88,126 183,612		85,126 52,112
Total other revenues		134,500	_	134,500	•	271,738	_	137,238
Total revenues	9	4,666,615		94,566,615		94,710,154		36,689
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in						30,887		30,887
Appropriated Fund Balance			_	600,000	-	<u> </u>	_	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$9	4,666,615	\$	95,166,615	\$	94,741,041	\$	67,576
-				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		·

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures:	_		_		_		_	
General Government:								
Mayor and City Council	\$	102,674	\$	102,674	\$	96,770	\$	5,904
City Manager		1,045,856		1,050,856		975,608		75,248
City Solicitor		538,910		538,910		481,607		57,303
Canvassing		255,901		255,901		217,427		38,474
City Clerk		552,933		552,933		620,578		(67,645)
Finance		4,077,294		4,207,964		4,071,553		136,411
Reserve Accounts		935,000		930,000		1,162,731		(232,731)
Public Safety:								
Police Department		18,089,158		18,091,458		18,024,053		67,405
Fire Department		19,381,437		19,381,437		19,390,165		(8,728)
Public Services		10,742,389		11,183,780		10,812,474		371,306
Civic Investment		339,337		254,337		239,188		15,149
Zoning and Inspections		1,039,347		1,039,347		1,071,244		(31,897)
Human services:								
Donations		118,450		118,450		118,450		-
Public Library		1,868,017		1,868,017		1,868,017		-
Pension expenditures		1,614,700		1,614,700		1,509,419		105,281
Debt service		5,563,922		5,563,922	_	5,550,245		13,677
Total expenditures		66,265,325		66,754,686		66,209,529		545,157
Other financing uses:								
Transfers out	_	28,401,290	_	29,001,290	_	29,006,325	_	(5,035)
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$_	94,666,615	\$_	95,755,976	\$_	95,215,854	\$	540,122

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND SCHOOL UNRESTRICTED FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues: Federal revenues State revenues Local revenues Total revenues	\$	1,075,973 11,532,490 1,186,897 13,795,360	\$	1,075,973 11,532,490 1,186,897 13,795,360	\$ 1,071,409 11,567,435 1,282,517 13,921,361	\$	(4,564) 34,945 95,620 126,001
Expenditures: General education Excess of Expenditures over Revenues	-	39,380,364 (25,585,004)		39,380,364 (25,585,004)	<u>41,743,678</u> (27,822,317)	_	(2,363,314) (2,237,313)
Other Financing Sources: Transfers out Transfers in	-	25,585,004		25,585,004	(90,081) 26,185,004	_	(90,081) 600,000
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_		\$_		\$ (1,727,394) <u>975,590</u> (751,804)	\$_	(1,727,394)

Budget - GAAP Reconciliation: A reconciliation of revenues and expenditures between the accounting treatment required by GAAP (Schedule A-6) and budgetary requirements (Schedule A-4) is as follows:

		School Unrestricted							
	_	Revenues		Expenditures					
Balance, Budgetary Basis, Schedule A-4 - June 30, 2018	\$	13,921,361	\$	41,743,678					
State teachers' retirement on-behalf payments		1,753,950		1,753,950					
Balance, GAAP Basis, Schedule A-6 - June 30, 2018	\$	15,675,311	\$	43,497,628					

					Total					
	-	City General Fund		Unrestricted Acquis		Property Acquisition Fund	uisition Gift			Governmental General Funds
Assets:	\$		¢	466,200	\$	679,382	\$	<u>80 046</u>	¢	1 226 529
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	Ф	23,270,485	\$	400,200	φ	079,302	Ф	80,946	\$	1,226,528 23,270,485
Receivables:		20,270,400								20,270,400
Property taxes		1,080,015								1,080,015
Motor vehicle excise		533,226								533,226
Other		1,550,651		422,965						1,973,616
Prepaid expenses		61,148								61,148
Due from other funds		516,998								516,998
Advances from other funds	-	749,991	· —		_					749,991
Total Assets	\$_	27,762,514	\$	889,165	\$_	679,382	\$	80,946	\$	29,412,007
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources										
and Fund Balances:										
Liabilities:										
Cash overdraft	\$	8,225,616	\$		\$		\$		\$	8,225,616
Accounts payable		1,331,450		1,401,426		2,256		6,593		2,741,725
Accrued liabilities		567,656		239,543						807,199
Due to other funds		26,250								26,250
Other liabilities	_	1,110,821			_	40,000				1,150,821
Total liabilities	-	11,261,793	· -	1,640,969	-	42,256		6,593	_	12,951,611
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	-	848,687	· _		-		_			848,687
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		61,148								61,148
Restricted								74,353		74,353
Committed		2,213,658								2,213,658
Assigned						637,126				637,126
Unassigned	_	13,377,228		(751,804)	_		_			12,625,424
Total fund balances	-	15,652,034	· _	(751,804)	-	637,126		74,353	_	15,611,709
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			•		•					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	27,762,514	\$	889,165	\$_	679,382	\$_	80,946	\$_	29,412,007

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			Total						
	_	City General Fund		School Unrestricted Fund		Property Acquisition Fund		Gift Fund	Governmental General Funds
Revenues:									
Local taxes	\$	79,856,764	\$		\$	\$	5		\$ 79,856,764
Intergovernmental revenues		3,803,823		14,392,794					18,196,617
Charges for services		10,626,598		803,973					11,430,571
Use of money and property		151,231		478,544					629,775
Contributions								52,496	52,496
Other revenues	_	271,738	_						271,738
Total revenues	-	94,710,154	-	15,675,311		<u>.</u>		52,496	110,437,961
Expenditures: Current:									
General government		7,388,255				13,494			7,401,749
General education				42,498,659					42,498,659
Public safety		37,414,217						50,161	37,464,378
Public services		9,275,487						28,607	9,304,094
Civic investment		239,188							239,188
Zoning and inspections		1,071,244							1,071,244
Human services		1,986,467							1,986,467
Pension expenditures		1,509,419							1,509,419
Debt service:									
Principal		3,899,733							3,899,733
Interest		1,650,512							1,650,512
Capital outlays		311,339		998,969					1,310,308
Total expenditures	_	64,745,861	-	43,497,628		13,494		78,768	108,335,751
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over									
Expenditures	_	29,964,293	_	(27,822,317)		(13,494)		(26,272)	2,102,210
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers out		(29,006,326)		(90,081)		(1,300,000)			(30,396,407)
Transfers in		30,887		26,185,004		(1,500,000)			26,215,891
Net other financing sources (uses)	-	(28,975,439)	-	26,094,923	• •	(1,300,000)		-	(4,180,516)
Net other infancing sources (uses)	-	(20,970,409)	-	20,094,920	• •	(1,300,000)			(4,100,010)
Net Change in Fund Balances		988,854		(1,727,394)		(1,313,494)		(26,272)	(2,078,306)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	-	14,663,180	-	975,590		1,950,620		100,625	17,690,015
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	15,652,034	\$_	(751,804)	\$	637,126 \$	s	74,353	\$ 15,611,709



Permanent Trust Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting City's programs.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET PERMANENT TRUST FUND JUNE 30, 2018

	Cash and Investments	_	Accounts Payable		Reserved for Endowments	_	Unreserved Fund Balance
David Sears Trusts 1-12 (City Portion)	\$ 4,156,248	\$		\$	750,000	\$	3,406,248
David Sears Trust - Heirs of David Sears	1,656,688				1,039,381		617,307
David Sears Trust - Public Improvements	48,577						48,577
Joseph Hammett Fund (1892)	44,966				1,500		43,466
Henderson Home Fund (1980)	1,292,591				139,781		1,152,810
Freebody Fund	170,741				97,000		73,741
EV Coles Fund (1899)	418,271				61,321		356,950
Hunter Industrial Fund (1942)	137,572				25,000		112,572
King School Fund (1864)	284,380				8,914		275,466
City Burial Lots	638,262						638,262
Private Burial Lots	11,604						11,604
Belmont Memorial Fund (1950)	55,313				2,000		53,313
Judah Touro M & C Fund (1879)	212,148				10,000		202,148
Touro Street Fund (1823)	111,690				5,000		106,690
Derby Fuel Fund (1849)	24,246				500		23,746
Fry Orphan Fund (1859)	35,519				5,131		30,388
R & E Bullock Fund (1944)	93,247				1,000		92,247
Poor and Aged Fund (1863)	1,432,101				100,000		1,332,101
Alexander Agassiz Fund (1901)	215,787				31,087		184,700
George H Norman Foundation Fund (1901)	73,961				6,899		67,062
Barbara Chapman Fund (1990)	7,077				2,000		5,077
E Townsend Fund (1889)	353,447				155,137		198,310
George N Buckout Fund (1955)	169,600				15,000		154,600
Edward Newton Fund (1959)	59,061						59,061
Braman Cemetery	274,962						274,962
Louis H Hobbs Fund (1988)	63,308				25,000		38,308
RIICAN Fund	13,381						13,381
Pell School Tech Endowment Fund (2015)	844,572				120,000		724,572
Unallocated	3,803	-	3,803	• •		-	
Total Permanent Trust Funds	\$ 12,903,123	\$_	3,803		2,601,651	\$	10,297,669

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES PERMANENT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Fund Balance June 30, 2017	_	Revenues Use of Money and Property and Investment Changes		Expenditures Human Services	Fund Balance June 30, 2017
David Sears Trusts 1-10 (City Portion)	\$	3,845,149	\$	311,099	\$	\$	4,156,248
David Sears Trust - Heirs of David Sears	Ŧ	1,532,031	Ŧ	124,657	Ŧ	¥	1,656,688
David Sears Trust - Public Improvements		129,736		341		(81,500)	48,577
Joseph Hammett Fund (1892)		43.978		1.818		(830)	44,966
Henderson Home Fund (1980)		1,234,585		103,946		(45,940)	1,292,591
Freebody Fund		158,905		11,836		(,)	170,741
EV Coles Fund (1899)		401,666		31,345		(14,740)	418,271
Hunter Industrial Fund (1942)		132,112		10,310		(4,850)	137,572
King School Fund (1864)		273,089		21,311		(10,020)	284,380
City Burial Lots		593,431		44,831			638,262
Private Burial Lots		10,771		833			11,604
Belmont Memorial Fund (1950)		51,426		3,887			55,313
Judah Touro M & C Fund (1879)		203,730		15,898		(7,480)	212,148
Touro Street Fund (1823)		103,842		7,848			111,690
Derby Fuel Fund (1849)		24,154		1,002		(910)	24,246
Fry Orphan Fund (1859)		34,195		2,584		(1,260)	35,519
R & E Bullock Fund (1944)		92,915		3,842		(3,510)	93,247
Poor and Aged Fund (1863)		1,374,099		107,211		(49,209)	1,432,101
Alexander Agassiz Fund (1901)		207,226		16,171		(7,610)	215,787
George H Norman Foundation Fund (1901)		71,029		5,542		(2,610)	73,961
Barbara Chapman Fund (1990)		6,579		498			7,077
E Townsend Fund (1889)		328,611		24,836			353,447
George N Buckout Fund (1955)		157,682		11,918			169,600
Edward Newton Fund (1959)		54,910		4,151			59,061
Braman Cemetery		255,640		19,322			274,962
Louis H Hobbs Fund (1988)		58,863		4,445			63,308
RIICAN Fund		12,440		941			13,381
Pell School Tech Endowment Fund (2015)		660,187		184,385			844,572
Unallocated Investment Expense			-	9,720		(9,721)	
Total Permanent Trust Funds	\$	12,052,981	\$	1,086,528	\$_	(240,190) \$	12,899,320



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

School Restricted Funds

This fund is used to account for educational grants that are restricted by the federal government or the State of Rhode Island for specific programs.

UDAG Fund

This fund is used to account for urban development grant activities.

State Grants Fund

This fund is used to account for grants received from the State of Rhode Island that are restricted for specific programs or purposes.

Substance Abuse Task Force

This fund is used to account for activities funded by grants and private donations for specific purposes.

Sheffield Hub Grant

This fund is used to account for activities funded by the EDA grant and City match for special purposes.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_				Spe	ecial Revenu	e					Total
	School Restricted Funds			UDAG Fund	State Grants Fund		Substance Abuse Task Force		Sheffield			Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:	•		•	044474	•	500.050	•		•	0.000.000	•	0.050.000
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$		\$	244,174	\$	523,358	\$		\$	2,286,098	\$	3,053,630
Intergovernmental		1,174,067				10,377		28,914		461,817		1,675,175
Note/loan		1,174,007		105,000		10,577		20,914		401,017		105,000
Other				26,250								26,250
Due from other funds				26,250								26,250
Advances to other funds				267,459			_		_			267,459
Total Assets	\$	1,174,067	\$	669,133	\$	533,735	\$_	28,914	\$_	2,747,915	\$	5,153,764
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources												
and Fund Balances:												
Liabilities:												
Cash overdraft	\$	835,719	\$		\$		\$	22,950	\$		\$	858,669
Accounts payable	_					4,540	_	10,704	_	539,896		555,140
Total liabilities		835,719		-	·	4,540	_	33,654	-	539,896	· _	1,413,809
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable				424,959								424,959
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental receivable	_		_				_	28,914	_	197,733		226,647
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		424,959	· —	-	_	28,914	-	197,733	· -	651,606
Fund Balances:												
Restricted		338,348		244,174		529,195				2,010,286		3,122,003
Unassigned								(33,654)				(33,654)
Total fund balances	_	338,348		244,174	_	529,195	_	(33,654)	-	2,010,286	· _	3,088,349
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and												
Fund Balances	\$	1,174,067	\$	669,133	\$	533,735	\$_	28,914	\$_	2,747,915	\$_	5,153,764

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Spe	ecial Reven	ue					Total
	Scho Restric Fund	ted	UDAG Fund		State Grants Fund		Substance Abuse Task Force	_	Sheffield Hub Grant	-	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:											
Intergovernmental revenues		539 \$	407 500	\$	566,591	\$	134,454	\$	264,084	\$	4,087,668
Charges for services Use of money and property	144,	/ 1 /	167,500 25,375								312,217 25,375
Contributions	451	091	20,070		120,050		2,000		537,500		1,110,641
Total Revenues	3,718		192,875	_	686,641	· -	136,454	-	801,584	-	5,535,901
Expenditures:											
Current: General education	3,790	805									3,790,895
Public safety	5,750	030			154,475						154,475
Public services					7,915						7,915
Civic investment					1,581				8,389		9,970
Human services					411,404		153,472				564,876
Debt service											-
Capital outlays					382,284		450.470	-	1,403,640	-	1,785,924
Total Expenditures	3,790	895			957,659		153,472	-	1,412,029	-	6,314,055
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over					<i></i>		<i></i>		<i></i>		/ · · · · · ·
Expenditures	(72)	548)	192,875		(271,018)		(17,018)	_	(610,445)	-	(778,154)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in	90	081			1,883		3,153		1,199,640		1,294,757
Transfers out			(400,000)		(30,887)			_		-	(430,887)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	90	081	(400,000)		(29,004)		3,153	_	1,199,640	-	863,870
Net Change in Fund Balances	17	533	(207,125)		(300,022)		(13,865)		589,195		85,716
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	320,	815	451,299		829,217		(19,789)	_	1,421,091	-	3,002,633
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$338	348 \$_	244,174	\$	529,195	\$	(33,654)	\$_	2,010,286	\$	3,088,349

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the City's Council is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the City's Council has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

Maritime Fund

This fund is used to account for the activity associated with the City's harbor operations.

Parking Operations Fund

This fund is used to account for the activity associated with the City's parking operations.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Maritime Fund	Parking Operations Fund	_	Totals
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable:	\$	1,958,957 \$	\$3,422,971 1,277,819	\$	5,381,928 1,277,819
User fees (net of allowances)		15,782			15,782
Total current assets	_	1,974,739	4,700,790		6,675,529
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets		4,753,501	3,812,494		8,565,995
Less accumulated depreciation		(977,628)	(2,417,920)		(3,395,548)
Total noncurrent assets		3,775,873	1,394,574	-	5,170,447
	_				
Total Assets	_	5,750,612	6,095,364	_	11,845,976
Deferred outflow of resources:					
Deferred outflows - pension		91,912			91,912
Deferred outflows - other post employment benefit		689			689
Total deferred outflow of resources	_	92,601			92,601
Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable		21,871	30,486		52,357
Accrued expenses		39,137	10,963		50,100
Unearned revenue		00,107	25,032		25,032
Total current liabilities	_	61,008	66,481	_	127,489
Long-term liabilities:					
Notes payable		200,000			200,000
Advances from other funds		267,459			267,459
Net OPEB liability		51,474			51,474
Net pension liability		305,156			305,156
Total long-term liabilities	_	824,089			824,089
Total Liabilities		885,097	66,481	_	951,578
Deferred inflow of resources:					
Deferred inflows - pension		30,618			30,618
Deferred inflows - other post employment benefit	_	6,122		_	6,122
Total deferred inflow of resources	_	36,740			36,740
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets		3,575,873	1,394,574		4,970,447
Unrestricted		1,345,503	4,634,309		5,979,812
Total Net Position	\$_	4,921,376	6,028,883	\$_	10,950,259

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Maritime Fund	-	Parking Operations Fund	-	Totals
Operating Revenues: User fees	\$	1,070,662	\$	1,861,116	\$	2,931,778
Operating Expenses: Salaries and benefits		417,465		477,334		894,799
Materials and supplies Repairs and maintenance Support services		60,961 84,641 33,754		20,619 246,408 407,053		81,580 331,049 440,807
Utilities Administrative and other		35,271 148,441		15,595 200,725		50,866 349,166
Depreciation Total operating expenses	_	156,884 937,417	-	157,561 1,525,295	-	314,445 2,462,712
Operating Income Nonoperating revenues and expenses:		133,245		335,821		469,066
Investment income Income Before Transfers		20 133,265	-	9,528 345,349	-	9,548 478,614
Transfers: Transfers out						
Changes in Net Position		(100,000) 33,265	-	(575,000) (229,651)	_	(675,000) (196,386)
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as Restated	_	4,888,111	-	6,258,534	_	11,146,645
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	4,921,376	\$	6,028,883	\$_	10,950,259

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Maritime Fund	_	Parking Operations Fund	_	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Payment of administrative expense Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	1,130,884 (212,966) (413,424) (148,441) 356,053	\$	1,975,675 (679,836) (473,391) (200,725) 621,723	\$	3,106,559 (892,802) (886,815) (349,166) 977,776
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Interfund loans and transfers		(100,000)		(575,000)	-	(675,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(309,676)	_	(111,179)	_	(420,855)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Investment income (loss)		20		16,572	-	16,592
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(53,603)		(47,884)		(101,487)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		2,012,560	_	3,470,855	_	5,483,415
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	1,958,957	\$_	3,422,971	\$_	5,381,928
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$	133,245	\$	335,821	\$	469,066
provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:		156,884		157,561		314,445
Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (Increase) in deferred outflows of resources:		60,222		119,527		179,749
Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - other post employment benefit (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable (Decrease) Increase in unearned revenues (Decrease) Increase in accrued liabilities (Decrease) Increase in net pension liability (Decrease) Increase in net OPEB liability (Decrease) Increase in deferred inflow of resources: Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - other post employment benefit Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(18,683) (689) 1,661 1,644 5,856 (6,182) 15,973 6,122 356,053	-	9,839 (4,968) 3,943 621,723	-	(18,683) (689) 11,500 (4,968) 5,587 5,856 (6,182) 15,973 6,122 977,776
Net Cash Flovided by (Osed in) Operating Activities	Φ	330,033	φ =	021,123	Φ=	911,110
Noncash Investing, Capital and Related Financing Transactions: Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$		\$_	(7,044)	\$_	(7,044)



Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Pension Trust Funds

A fiduciary fund type used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit pension plans.

The City has two pension plans covering police and fire department employees. Substantially all of its other employees, except teachers, are covered by the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (Municipal Plan). Teachers are covered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (Teachers' Plan). The Firemen's Pension Plan and the Policemen's Pension Plan are contributory defined benefit plans.

Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for post-employment benefits provided to eligible retirees of the City.

Private Purpose Trust Funds

These funds are used to account for and report all trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to report resources held by the reporting government in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities).

Student Activity Funds

These funds are used to account for expenditures for educational extracurricular activities at various schools. Financing is provided by individual fundraising projects and private donations.

Newport Municipal Charitable Improvement Fund, Inc.

These funds are used to account for expenditures for municipal improvement projects. Financing is provided by fundraising and private donations.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Police Pension Fund	Pen	ision Trust F Fire Pension Fund	un	ds Total Pension Trust Funds	-	Other Post- Employment Benefit Trust Fund		Total Pension and Other Post- Employment Benefit Trust Funds
Assets:									
Cash	\$	\$	2,078,850	\$	2,078,850	\$	515,430	\$	2,594,280
Investments, at fair value:									
Fixed income mutual funds	11,440,965		8,818,458		20,259,423		7,487,102		27,746,525
Domestic equity mutual funds	44,869,008		34,584,098		79,453,106		28,114,479		107,567,585
International equity mutual funds	9,747,398		7,513,092		17,260,490		6,150,070		23,410,560
Alternative investments	8,279,835		6,381,924	_	14,661,759	-	5,080,455		19,742,214
Total assets	74,337,206		59,376,422	_	133,713,628	-	47,347,536		181,061,164
Liabilities:									
Cash overdraft	704,858				704,858				704,858
Accounts payable	53,776		41,450		95,226		34,806		130,032
Total liabilities	758,634		41,450	-	800,084	-	34,806	· -	834,890
Net Position:									
Net position - restricted for pension benefits	73,578,572		59,334,972		132,913,544				132,913,544
Net position - restricted for other post-employment benefit				-		-	47,312,730		47,312,730
Total Net Position	\$ <u>73,578,572</u>	\$	59,334,972	\$	132,913,544	\$	47,312,730	\$	180,226,274

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Private-Purpose Trust Funds					
		Expendable Scholarship Funds		Nonexpendable Scholarship Trusts		Total Private Purpose Trust Funds	
Assets: Cash Investments, at fair value: Fixed income mutual funds	\$	25,581	\$	592,962	\$	25,581 592,962	
Domestic equity mutual funds Total assets	•	25,581		1,390,342 1,983,304		1,390,342 2,008,885	
Liabilities: Cash overdraft Accounts payable Total liabilities		-		77,043 636 77,679		77,043 636 77,679	
Net Position: Net position - restricted for trust purposes		25,581		1,905,625		1,931,206	
Total Net Position	\$	25,581	\$	1,905,625	\$	1,931,206	

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

TOR THE TEAK ENDED SONE 30, 2010					Total Pension and	
		Pension Trust Fur	Other Post-	Other Post-		
	Police Pension Fund	Fire Pension Fund	Total Pension Trust Funds	Employment Benefit Trust Fund	Employment Benefit Trust Funds	
Additions:						
Contributions:						
Employees	\$ 453,304	, , ,	, ,		, ,	
Employer	4,396,285	6,142,577	10,538,862	6,614,215	17,153,077	
Total contributions	4,849,589	6,739,635	11,589,224	6,614,215	18,203,439	
Investment income:						
Net change in fair value of investments	3,871,416	1,555,918	5,427,334	1,647,586	7,074,920	
Interest, dividends and realized gains	4,864,271	3,750,471	8,614,742	3,257,098	11,871,840	
Total investment income	8,735,687	5,306,389	14,042,076	4,904,684	18,946,760	
Less investment expenses	201,858	155,588	357,446	118,921	476,367	
Net investment income	8,533,829	5,150,801	13,684,630	4,785,763	18,470,393	
Total additions	13,383,418	11,890,436	25,273,854	11,399,978	36,673,832	
Deductions:						
Benefits	5,746,765	6,189,816	11,936,581	5,894,215	17,830,796	
Administration	74,866	57,662	132,528	48,349	180,877	
Total deductions	5,821,631	6,247,478	12,069,109	5,942,564	18,011,673	
Changes in Net Position	7,561,787	5,642,958	13,204,745	5,457,414	18,662,159	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	66,016,785	53,692,014	119,708,799	41,855,316	161,564,115	
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 73,578,572	\$ <u>59,334,972</u> \$	5 132,913,544	\$ <u>47,312,730</u> \$	180,226,274	

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	-	Expendable Scholarship Funds	-	Non- Expendable Scholarship Trusts	Total Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions: Contributions Investment income:	\$_	10,000	\$_	25,065	\$ 35,065
Net appreciation in fair value of investments Interest, dividends and realized gains Total investment income	-		-	3,209 165,269	3,209 165,269
Less investment expenses	-	-	-	168,478 9,690	168,478 9,690
Net investment income	-	-	-	158,788	158,788
Total additions	-	10,000	-	183,853	193,853
Deductions: Awards Administration Total deductions	-	9,000 9,000	-	44,254 1,507 45,761	53,254 1,507 54,761
Changes in Net Position		1,000		138,092	139,092
Net Position at Beginning of Year	-	24,581	-	1,767,533	1,792,114
Net Position at End of Year	\$	25,581	\$	1,905,625	\$ 1,931,206

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION NONEXPENDABLE SCHOLARSHIP TRUSTS

JUNE 30, 2018

	Net Assets	Addi	itions	Deductions	Net Assets
	Held In Trust		Investment	Awards and	Held In Trust
	For Purposes		Income	Investment	For Purposes
	Beginning	Donations	(Loss)	Expense	Ending
Peter P Integlia Physical Education Scholarship	\$ 23,038	\$ - 9	\$ 1,827 \$	6 -	\$ 24,865
American Culinary Federation Award	¢ 20,000 52,496	Ψ . -	4,630	-	¢ 24,000 57,126
Eileen Jeanes Jachna Award	43,784	-	3,976	(1,490)	46,270
William T Bull Award	40,515	-	3,677	(1,613)	42,579
Mercedes S Coulombe Award	114,870	-	10,147	-	125,017
Carol Ann Page Award	8,861	-	804	(200)	9,465
Avis G Marden Award	6,797	-	597	(245)	7,149
Class of 41 American Government Award	7,761	-	681	-	8,442
PF Carroll Scholarship	34,885	-	3,262	(1,395)	36,752
J Fitzgerald Scholarship	3,154	-	290	-	3,444
Smales Scholarship	18,673	-	1,698	(778)	19,593
Henry Vaughn Memorial Award	7,572	-	688	(269)	7,991
Adelson Biology Award	5,351	-	499	(102)	5,748
Leavitt Trust Award	23,145	-	2,100	(899)	24,346
Alliance Francaise Award	1,870	-	170	(45)	1,995
Lalli Trust Award	7,913	-	713	-	8,626
Goldstein Music Award	7,396	-	671	-	8,067
MB Howard Award	20,439	-	1,856	(795)	21,500
Newport School Book Award	524	-	46	-	570
Edward King Medal Award	97,685	-	8,643	-	106,328
Koehne Latin Award	4,966	-	454	-	5,420
Mirman Math Award	4,130	-	373 992	(160)	4,343
GH Norman Award Peckham Award	10,602 129,913	-	992 11,418	(3,302)	11,594 138,029
Pell Medal	3,961	-	348	(3,302)	4,309
Read Medal #1	1,330	-	117	-	4,309
Read Medal #2	1,476		130		1,606
Charles B King Award	25,227	-	2,291	-	27,518
Rogers High School Centennial Award	58,378	-	5,290	(2,260)	61,408
Almira Coffin Award	6,355	-	577	(2,200)	6,932
HH Toole Scholarship	20,450	-	1,853	(794)	21,509
Henry Heffernan Award	98,798	-	9,230	(3,940)	104,088
Bruen Scholarship	34,151	-	3,195	(1,300)	36,046
Sullivan Scholarship	52,363	-	4,817	(2,063)	55,117
Joseph P Cotton Memorial Award	30,742	-	2,790	-	33,532
Rufus E Darrah Memorial Award	10,522	-	925	(398)	11,049
Margaret P Stevens Award	1,222	-	107	-	1,329
Christine Meek Sullivan/Marx Award	23,853	-	2,100	-	25,953
Zelda Mirman Music/Drama Award	43,541	-	4,008	(838)	46,711
Wosencroft Scholarship	9,398	-	853	(360)	9,891
M/M Thomas Archambault Award	20,423	-	1,852	-	22,275
Class of 46 Rogers High School DLS Award	23,914	-	2,167	(880)	25,201
General Contractors Association Award	32,260	-	2,924	(1,250)	33,934
Cohen Scholarship	8,475	-	793	(190)	9,078
Townsend Scholarship	10,529	-	955	(400)	11,084
Dorothy Drinkwater Lecraw Award	70,276	-	6,370	(2,730)	73,916
Nicholas Logothets Award	7,188	-	616	-	7,804
Helene Lewis Memorial Scholarship	109,005	-	9,902	-	118,907
Kristen Jorge Memorial Scholarship	26,414	-	2,393	(975)	27,832
James Colton Crowley Award	115,496	-	10,475	(4,481)	121,490
Florence J Alofsin English Award	8,566	-	778	(318)	9,026
Sandra Clooney Memorial Scholarship	36,101	-	3,272	(1,402)	37,971
Allan Family Scholarship	130,666	-	12,227	(5,232)	137,661
Loeb/George Washington Essay Award	8,015	-	704 5,647	(750)	7,969
Tift-Oxley Scholarship Fund John J Egan Scholarship	62,098	- 25,065	3,047	(2,400)	65,345 25,065
Unallocated Investment Expense		- 20,000	(1,130)	- (1,507)	(2,637)
Total Nonexpendable Scholarship Trusts	\$ 1,767,533	\$ 25,065	\$ 158,788 \$	6 (45,761)	\$ 1,905,625

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	Balance Beginning	Additions	Deductions	Balance Ending
Cash: Thompson Middle School Student Funds Rogers High School Student Funds Newport Tech Student Funds Chandler Student Funds	\$ 93,652 \$ 190,051 21,117 <u>3,143</u>	33,580 179,424 116,676 <u>1,666</u>	\$ 39,093 \$ 173,222 115,321	88,139 196,253 22,472 4,809
Total Assets	\$ 307,963 \$	331,346	\$ <u>327,636</u> \$	311,673
LIABILITIES				
Amounts held in escrow: Student activity funds	\$ 307,963_\$	331,346	\$\$	311,673
Total Liabilities	\$ 307,963 \$	331,346	\$ <u>327,636</u> \$	311,673



Annual Supplemental Transparency Report

City of Newport Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUE	Municipal	Education Department
Current Year Levy Tax Collection	\$ 73,411,207	\$-
Last Year's Levy Tax Collection	996,718	÷ -
Prior Years Property Tax Collection	64,898	-
Interest & Penalty	311,190	-
PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection	-	-
Other Local Property Taxes	-	-
Licenses and Permits	1,845,971	-
Fines and Forfeitures	1,091,968	-
Investment Income	53,929	-
Departmental	8,359,320	-
Rescue Run Revenue	916,780	-
Police & Fire Detail	1,722,925	-
Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues	2,446,072	-
Tuition	-	803,973
Impact Aid	-	560,654
Medicaid	-	430,239
Federal Stabilization Funds	-	-
Federal Food Service Reimbursement	-	916,988
CDBG	-	-
COPS Grants	-	-
SAFER Grants	-	-
Other Federal Aid Funds	-	2,875,884
MV Excise Tax Reimbursement & Phase-out	263,311	-
State PILOT Program	1,405,248	-
Distressed Community Relief Fund	-	-
Library Resource Aid	-	-
Library Construction Aid	179,128	-
Public Service Corporation Tax	305,570	-
Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax	2,626,679	-
LEA Aid	-	11,567,435
Group Home	-	-
Housing Aid Capital Projects	-	-
Housing Aid Bonded Debt	1,564,530	-
State Food Service Revenue	-	10,182
Incentive Aid	-	-
Property Revaluation Reimbursement	86,036	-
Other State Revenue	-	-
Other Revenue	-	474,353
Local Appropriation for Education	-	25,585,004
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	600,000
Rounding	-	-
Total Revenue	\$ 97,651,480	\$ 43,824,712
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds	\$-	\$-
Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds	30,887	· _
Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds	,	-
Financing Sources: Other	-	-
Rounding	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ 30,887	\$ -

City of Newport Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

EXPENDITURES	General Government	Finance	Social Services	Centralized IT	Planning	Libraries	Public Works	Parks and Rec	Police Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ 1,413,182	\$ 1,487,177	\$ -	Ś -	\$ 841,605	\$ -	\$ 1,315,831	\$ 1,909,063	\$ 6,552,746
Compensation - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,111,110
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A	62,712	32,812	-	-	45	-	60,916	49,360	623,717
Overtime - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Police & Fire Detail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,206,593
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	259,257	231,194	-	-	101,322	-	215,433	299,970	1,112,692
Active Medical Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194,755
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Active Dental insurance- Group A	19,988	18,524	-	-	7,525	-	15,715	20,776	68,903
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,113
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payroll Taxes	91,745	116,063	-	-	64,347	-	99,172	152,775	236,153
Life Insurance	913	1,277	-	-	885	-	1,982	987	7,822
State Defined Contribution- Group A	8,713	24,259	-	-	7,365	-	7,385	11,988	27,305
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,344
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,396,285
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	172 220	-	-	-	75 910
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	258,631	326,251	-	-	172,338	-	255,035	272,420	75,810 188,199
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C		-	-	_		-	-	-	100,199
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution									
Purchased Services	443,700	977,629	_	_	96,317	-	342,191	191,350	330,387
Materials/Supplies	99,077	482,333	-	-	16,070	-	137,301	269,336	240,273
Software Licenses	-	265,839	-	-		-		4,248	
Capital Outlays	-		-	-	11,200	-	504,930	.,2.10	150,000
Insurance	377,303	-	-	-		-		-	
Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,401	59,980	54,049
Vehicle Operations	1,001	-	-	-	22,055	-	212,379	165,456	329,478
Utilities	100,000	-	-	-	-	-	23,135	69,406	71,145
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	-	733,542	-	-
Revaluation	-	134,663	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	119,682	-	-
Trash Removal & Recycling	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,923,784	-	-
Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Support	118,450	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Operation Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	1,868,017	-	-	-
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Qualified OPEB Trust Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,254,672	\$ 4,098,021	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,341,074	\$ 1,868,017	\$ 6,028,814	\$ 3,477,115	\$ 16,997,879

City of Newport Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Compensation- Group A			Other	Appropriation	Debt	OPEB	Municipal	Department
	\$ 7,450,328	\$ -	\$ 760,967	\$ - :	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,730,899	\$ 18,327,762
Compensation - Group B	-	· .	-	· -	·	-	1,111,110	1,794,803
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,393,122
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A	972,614	-	7,346	-	-	-	1,809,522	-
Overtime - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	102,319
Police & Fire Detail	405,840	-	-	-	-	-	1,612,433	-
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	1,469,943	-	36,236	-	-	-	3,726,047	2,118,641
Active Medical Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	194,755	160,747
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	737,645
Active Dental insurance- Group A	93,165	-	2,284	-	-	-	246,880	171,707
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,113	11,241
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,836
Payroll Taxes	124,206	-	52,621	-	-	-	937,082	709,113
Life Insurance	15,053	-	162	-	-	-	29,081	200,055
State Defined Contribution- Group A	-	-	1,594	-	-	-	88,609	419,182
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,344	33,493
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,115
Other Benefits- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,644
Other Benefits- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,069
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	202,744
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	6,142,577	-	-	-	-	-	10,538,862	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	31,192	-	-	-	1,391,677	2,312,853
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	188,199	470,328
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	860,522
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased Services	798,049	-	440,807	-	-	-	3,620,430	6,338,407
Materials/Supplies	254,430	-	433,143	-	-	-	1,931,963	551,308
Software Licenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	270,087	149,854
Capital Outlays	575,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,241,130	602,911
Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	377,303	193,795
Maintenance	32,995	-	331,049	-	-	-	538,474	701,960
Vehicle Operations	103,865	-	-	-	-	-	834,234	93,667
Utilities	56,386	-	50,866	-	-	-	370,938	1,055,690
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	-	733,542	-
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	134,663	-
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	119,682	-
Trash Removal & Recycling	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,923,784	-
Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,606
Community Support	-	-	-	-	-	-	118,450	778
Other Operation Expenditures	-	-	314,445	-	-	-	2,182,462	91,242
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	25,585,004	-	-	25,585,004	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	600,000	-	-	600,000	-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	1,099,876	-	1,099,876	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	298,360	-	298,360	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	2,799,857	-	2,799,857	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	1,352,152	-	1,352,152	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-	-	3,635,574	3,635,574	2,584,418
Non-Qualified OPEB Trust Contribution	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
č								

Financing Uses: Transfer to Capital Funds	\$ 2,816,286	\$ -
Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds	680,035	-
Financing Uses: Payment to Bond Escrow Agent	-	-
Financing Uses: Other	-	-
Total Other Financing Uses	\$ 3,496,321	\$ -
Net Change in Fund Balance ¹	792,468	(1,709,861)
Fund Balance1- beginning of year	\$25,809,825	\$1,296,405
Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS)	-	-
Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS)	-	-
Prior period adjustments	-	-
Misc. Adjustment	-	-
Fund Balance ¹ - beginning of year adjusted	25,809,825	1,296,405
Rounding		-
Fund Balance ¹ - end of year	\$ 26,602,293	\$ (413,456)

 $^{\rm 1}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

City of Newport Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Municipal Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements	Total		al Other nancing	Total			et Change in Fund	inning Fund nd Balance ¹	Pric	or Period	Restated Beginr Fund Balance			ding Balance ¹
Fund Description	Revenue	Sc	ources	Expenditures	Us	ses l	Balance ¹	(Deficit)	Adj	justment	(Deficit)		(De	ficit)
General Fund Maritime Fund Parking Fund	\$ 94,710,154 1,070,682 1,870,644	\$	30,887 - -	\$ 64,745,861 \$ 937,417 1,525,295		9,006,326 \$ 100,000 575,000	988,854 33,265 (229,651)	\$ 14,663,180 4,945,767 6,258,534	\$	(57,656) -	4,888		4,9	652,034 921,376 028,883
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 97,651,480	\$	30,887	\$ 67,208,573	\$ 29,	9,681,326 \$	792,468	\$ 25,867,481	\$	(57,656)	\$ 25,809	9,825	\$ 26,6	602,293
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2														
Reclassify transfer of municipal appropriation to Education Department as expenditure on MTP2 Reclassify one-time transfer of municipal appropriation to Education Department for student technology	\$-	\$	-	25,585,004	(25,	5,585,004) \$	-	\$ -	\$	- :	\$	-	\$	-
as expenditure on MTP2 Rounding	-		-	600,000 1	((600,000) (1)	-	\$ -		-		-		-
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 97,651,480	\$	30,887	\$ 93,393,578 \$	\$3,	3,496,321 \$	792,468	\$ 25,867,481	\$	(57,656)	\$ 25,809	9,825	\$ 26,6	602,293

 $^{\rm 1}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

City of Newport Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Education Department Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Total Revenue	Total Other Financing Sources	Total Expenditures	Total Other Financing Uses	Net Change in Fund Balance ¹	Beginning Fund Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Prior Period Adjustment	Restated Beginning Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Ending Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)
-	-	-	\$ 90,081 - - -	-	-	-	\$ 975,590 - - 320,815	-
		i	\$ 90,081				\$ 1,296,405	i
			\$-	-	\$-		\$	\$
600,000		-	-	-	-		-	-
	(90,081)	-	(90,081) _	-	-	-	-
\$ 43,824,71	2\$-	\$ 45,534,573	\$ -	\$ (1,709,861)	\$ 1,296,405	\$ -	\$ 1,296,405	5 \$ (413,456)
-		-						
\$ 43,824,71	2	\$ 45,534,573	=					
	Revenue \$ 15,675,311 3,718,341 - \$ 19,393,658 \$ 19,393,658 \$ 25,585,004 (1,753,950 600,000 - - \$ 43,824,712	Total Revenue Financing Sources \$ 15,675,311 \$ 26,185,004 3,718,347 90,081 . \$ 19,393,658 \$ 26,275,085 \$ 25,585,004 \$ 25,585,004 .(1,753,950) 600,000 	Total Revenue Financing Sources Total Expenditures \$ 15,675,311 \$ 26,185,004 \$ 43,497,628 - - - - - - 3,718,347 90,081 3,790,895 \$ 47,288,523 \$ 19,393,658 \$ 26,275,085 \$ 47,288,523 \$ 19,393,658 \$ 26,275,085 \$ 47,288,523 \$ 19,393,658 \$ 26,275,085 \$ 47,288,523 \$ 19,393,658 \$ 26,275,085 \$ 47,288,523 \$ 19,393,658 \$ 26,275,085 \$ 47,288,523 \$ 10,753,950 - \$ (1,753,950) - \$ 600,000 (600,000) - - - \$ 43,824,712 \$ - \$ 45,534,573	Total Financing Sources Total Financing Uses \$ 15,675,311 \$ 26,185,004 \$ 43,497,628 \$ 90,081 - - - - - - - - 3,718,347 90,081 3,790,895 -	Total Revenue Financing Sources Total Expenditures Financing Uses in Fund Balance ¹ \$ 15,675,311 \$ 26,185,004 \$ 43,497,628 \$ 90,081 \$ (1,727,394) 	Total Revenue Financing Sources Total Expenditures Financing Uses in Fund Balance ¹ Fund Balance ¹ \$ 15,675,311 \$ 26,185,004 \$ 43,497,628 \$ 90,081 \$ (1,727,394) \$ 975,590 	Total Revenue Financing Sources Total Expenditures Financing Uses in Fund Balance ¹ Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit) Prior Period Adjustment \$ 15,675,311 \$ 26,185,004 \$ 43,497,628 \$ 90,081 \$ \$ (1,727,394) \$ 975,590 \$ - -	Total Revenue Financing Sources Total Expenditures Financing Uses in Fund Balance ¹ Fund Balance ¹ Prior Period Adjustment Fund Balance ¹ \$ 15,675,311 \$ 26,185,004 \$ 43,497,628 \$ 90,081 \$ (1,727,394) \$ 975,590 \$. \$ 975,590 \$. \$ 975,590 \$. \$ 975,590 \$. \$ 975,590 \$. \$.<

 $^{\rm 1}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Notes to Supplementary Information - Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation

The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) is a new supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island, as a result of newly enacted legislation, Article 8 of the Appropriations Act (2016 House Bill 7454 sub A as amended). This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) on the Division of Municipal Finance website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General and the Department of Education.

NOTE 2. Reportable Government Services

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

NOTE 3. Allocations

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the City's (or Town's) budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the City (or Town) made reasonable allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

NOTE 4. Employee Groups

Group A - This item includes compensation (salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing, shift differential, outof-rank, holiday pay, and bonuses) and benefits (medical and dental insurance, pension contributions, OPEB (pay-go and ADC contributions) for the primary work force of the department (Police Department: Police Officers, Fire Department: Fire Fighters, Education Department: Certified Employees, and Other Departments: All Employees).

Group B - This item would only include compensation (salaries, longevity, stipend, clothing, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses) and benefits (medical and dental insurance, pension contributions, OPEB (pay-go and ADC contributions) for administrative and civilian dispatch employees in Police and Fire Departments and Non-Certified employees for Education Department.

NOTE 5. Education Revenue and Expenditures

The revenues and expenditures presented on the MTP2 under the Education Department is consistent with existing Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCOA) guidelines. Each MTP account code has been mapped to the corresponding UCOA code or group of UCOA codes to facilitate the preparation of the MTP reporting.

Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/. (Documents pertaining to the Transparency Portal will be posted in January 2017)



Statistical Section

Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- *Financial trends information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- *Revenue capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate *own-source revenues* (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- *Debt capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment, and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					Fisc	al Year				
								(as Restated)		
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 59,259,977	\$ 58,114,920	\$ 62,576,195 \$	65,841,497	\$ 65,282,126	\$ 75,523,117	\$ 71,918,140 \$	\$ 81,672,157	\$ 87,510,639	92,189,696
Permanent funds:										
Expendable	4,356,646	4,753,846	5,955,530	5,844,993	6,813,099	8,179,376	8,070,909	7,865,444	9,451,330	10,297,669
Nonexpendable	1,890,210	1,976,581	2,181,651	2,181,651	2,181,651	2,095,016	2,601,651	2,601,651	2,601,651	2,601,651
Debt service	1,065,923	1,228,776	1,400,360	1,605,509	1,797,817	1,996,439	2,202,084	2,001,001	2,001,001	2,001,001
Unrestricted	5.807.577	9,706,280	4,508,285	7,549,172	14,794,102	15,092,614	(93,982,709)	(101,585,005)	(104,620,306)	(177,270,598)
Total governmental activities net position	72,380,333	75,780,403	76,622,021	83,022,822	90,868,795	102,886,562	(9,189,925)	(9,445,753)	(5,056,686)	(72,181,582)
· · ···· g· · · ···· · · · · · · · · ·							(0,00,000)	(0,,)	(0,000,000)	
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	90,719,216	87,919,616	91,514,668	87,882,885	94,138,176	90,596,425	96,257,736	89,858,674	106,853,154	119,347,616
Held in trust	,,	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000
Restricted - other purposes	3,900,192	8,825,854	9,074,231	19,435,998	22,114,096	27,776,957	27,392,934	34,426,954	36,178,706	30,256,149
Unrestricted	1,207,853	2,214,069	(749,281)	3,602,780	494,384	2,653,117	599,161	6,444,797	(5,555,498)	(9,336,063)
Total business-type activities net position	95,827,261	99,058,539	99,938,618	111,020,663	116,845,656	121,125,499	124,348,831	130,829,425	137,575,362	140,366,702
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	· ·	· · ·	· · · · ·	·	<u> </u>	· · · · ·		· · · ·
Primary government:										
Net investment in capital assets	149,979,193	146,034,536	154,090,863	153,724,382	159,420,302	166,119,542	168,175,876	171,530,831	194,363,793	211,537,312
Restricted for:										
Permanent funds:										
Expendable	4,356,646	4,753,846	5,955,530	5,844,993	6,813,099	8,179,376	8,070,909	7,865,444	9,451,330	10,297,669
Nonexpendable	1,890,210	1,976,581	2,181,651	2,181,651	2,181,651	2,095,016	2,601,651	2,601,651	2,601,651	2,601,651
Held in trust		99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000	99,000
Debt service	4,966,115	10,054,630	10,474,591	21,041,507	23,911,913	29,773,396	29,595,018	34,426,954	36,178,706	30,256,149
Education										
Unrestricted	7,015,430	11,920,349	3,759,004	11,151,952	15,288,486	17,745,731	(93,383,548) *	(95,140,208)	* (110,175,804) *	(186,606,661)
Total primary government net position	\$ 168,207,594	\$ 174,838,942	\$\$	194,043,485	\$	\$ 224,012,061	\$ <u>115,158,906</u>	\$121,383,672	\$ 132,518,676	68,185,120

* Governmental accounting standards 67 and 68 were implemented affecting unrestricted fund balance

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018*
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 5,638,586 \$	6,782,232 \$	6,197,935	6,449,503 \$	6,082,791	\$ 6,460,341	\$ 6,870,007	\$ 7,575,124	5 7,372,458	\$ 8,072,12
General education	45,273,034	43,071,429	43,124,023	42,960,456	41,859,273	39,877,482	41,716,565	45,116,380	45,453,582	49,050,51
Public safety	30.380.376	31.829.739	35.191.714	32.531.976	34.008.599	34,730,531	36.070.275	39,702,989	39.921.674	38.361.50
Public services	8,396,219	8,023,199	8,240,164	8,306,613	8,979,859	10,927,989	12,094,748	11,472,956	11,728,084	12,405,36
Civic investment	1,829,568	1,363,899	1,744,516	1,510,493	1,639,008	628,940	511,690	1,202,455	489,296	423,06
Zoning and inspections	1,092,871	769,888	753,272	477,422	553,546	745,706	772,793	1.017.597	1,028,570	1,096,51
Human services	3.361.996	3,241,886	3,207,552	2,887,012	3,091,514	2,979,211	2,428,828	2,951,701	3,121,298	3,014,10
Interest expense	682,805	863,546	626,020	761,420	717,665	1,405,987	1,480,976	1,571,539	1,493,058	1,397,67
Total governmental activities	96,655,455	95,945,818	99,085,196	95,884,895	96,932,255	97,756,187	101,945,882	110,610,741	110,608,020	113,820,86
Business-type activities:										
Water	9,003,205	8,982,066	10,528,183	9,527,155	11,109,044	12,158,289	12,966,669	14,240,369	14,826,722	14,236,86
Water Pollution Control	7,428,839	8,108,213	10,114,458	10,123,815	10,522,134	10,399,257	10.508.627	10.615.475	13.857.667	15,296,82
Nonmajor	2.662.517	2,914,382	2,718,580	2,946,530	3,050,165	2,280,095	2,156,032	2.230.085	2,393,388	2.462.71
Total business-type activities	19,094,561	20,004,661	23,361,221	22,597,500	24,681,343	24,837,641	25,631,328	27,085,929	31.077.777	31,996,39
Total primary government expenses	115,750,016	115,950,479	122,446,417	118,482,395	121,613,598	122,593,828	127,577,210	137,696,670	141,685,797	145,817,26
Program Revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	4,395,451	4,207,690	4,343,388	4,014,183	5,301,995	6,023,083	5,765,967	5,471,717	6,377,401	7,108,84
General education	1,782,477	1,790,646	1,440,324	1,321,351	837,653	840,696	873,012	1,039,993	1,180,588	948,69
Public safety	3,574,759	3,874,660	3,484,757	3,192,258	3,820,994	3,095,399	3,790,637	3,631,210	3,636,896	3,858,91
Public services	94,164	57,937	99,195	87,460	34,370	216,626	237,252	229,091	223,173	215,28
Civic investment	947,823	868,638	908,497	925,484	1,318,890	59,629	,	,	,	
Zoning and inspections	129,025	117,510	113,660	137,297	144,068	1,675,596	1,643,399	1,439,847	1,376,854	1,472,99
Human services	238,794	(22,957)	(262,752)	951,451	245,112	152,053	1,793,683	,,-	182,643	(165,48
Operating grants and contributions	20.403.551	20,039,597	21,164,485	20,050,143	19,682,834	20,758,313	19,838,253	20.528.850	19,885,710	21,451,43
Capital grants and contributions	2,981,072	1,773,730	551,913	2,423,972	648,087	3,112,761	136,278	168,394	915,808	1,811,79
Total governmental activities program						<u> </u>				
revenues	34,547,116	32,707,451	31,843,467	33,103,599	32,034,003	35,934,156	34,078,481	32,509,102	33,779,073	36,702,46
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water	9,614,675	10,466,106	10,270,053	12,257,011	13,407,886	15,238,273	18,458,859	17,880,464	17,709,574	17,857,26
Water Pollution Control	7,865,579	7,951,054	10,530,416	13,486,581	12,850,160	12,245,091	12,701,733	13,558,415	17,327,524	18,071,75
Recreational and parking facilities	2,922,394	3,068,368	3,322,473	3,403,559	3,391,446	2,621,380	2,615,748	2,816,648	2,874,070	2,931,77
Capital grants and contributions	154,107	154,107	78,856	4,494,396	853,295	484,760				
Total business-type activities	20,556,755	21,639,635	24,201,798	33,641,547	30,502,787	30,589,504	33,776,340	34,255,527	37,911,168	38,860,79
Total primary government program revenues	55,103,871	54,347,086	56,045,265	66,745,146	62,536,790	66,523,660	67,854,821	66,764,629	71,690,241	75,563,26
Net (Expense)/Revenue:										
Governmental activities	(62,108,339)	(63,238,367)	(67,241,729)	(62,781,296)	(64,898,252)	(61,822,031)	(67,867,401)	(78,101,639)	(76,828,947)	(77,118,40
Business-type activities	1,462,194	1,634,974	840,577	11,044,047	5,821,444	5,751,863	8,145,012	7,169,598	6,833,391	6,864,40
Total primary government net expense	(60,646,145)	(61,603,393)	(66,401,152)	(51,737,249)	(59,076,808)	(56,070,168)	(59,722,389)	(70,932,041)	(69,995,556)	(70,253,99

(Continued)

TABLE 2 (1 of 2)

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED) (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

					Fiscal Ye	ear				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets: Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	\$ 62,169,011	\$ 63,583,199 \$	64,518,899 \$	67,296,737 \$	69,218,686 \$	71,303,614 \$	74,033,014 \$	5 74,300,180 \$	77,746,437 \$	79,746,848
Unrestricted grants and contributions	3,506,886	2,540,966	1,257,171	1,353,015	1,387,855	1,543,540	1,723,595	1,629,686	1,758,319	1,974,129
Investment income (loss) Gain on sale of assets	(1,008,699)	1,257,806	1,989,248	692,470	1,431,220 730,000	2,054,867	1,148,704 2,422,500	1,353,830	1,613,258	1,777,489
Transfers	(102,103)	(743,534)		25,200	(23,536)	(1,062,223)	300,000	100,000	100,000	675,000
Total governmental activities	64,565,095	66,638,437	67,765,318	69,367,422	72,744,225	73,839,798	79,627,813	77,383,696	81,218,014	84,173,466
Business-type activities:										
Investment income (loss)	84,612	78,285	39,502	63,198	(19,987)	46,272	26,405	27,939	12,546	126,204
Capital contributions		320,000								
Loss on disposal of assets	400.400	740 504		(05.000)		(2,291,267)	(000.000)	(100.000)	(100.000)	(075,000)
Transfer from primary government	102,103	743,534		(25,200)	23,536	1,062,223	(300,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(675,000)
Total business-type activities	186,715	1,141,819	39,502	37,998	3,549	(1,182,772)	(273,595)	(72,061)	(87,454)	(548,796)
Special Item - Forgiveness of debt	. <u> </u>	454,485								
Total primary government	64,751,810	68,234,741	67,804,820	69,405,420	72,747,774	72,657,026	79,354,218	77,311,635	81,130,560	83,624,670
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	2,456,756	3,400,070	523,589	6,586,126	7,845,973	12,017,767	11,760,412	(717,943)	4,389,067	7,055,063
Business-type activities	1,648,909	3,231,278	880,079	11,082,045	5,824,993	4,569,091	7,871,417	7,097,537	6,745,937	6,315,609
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,105,665	\$ 6,631,348 \$	1,403,668 \$	17,668,171 \$	13,670,966 \$	16,586,858 \$	19,631,829 \$	66,379,594\$	11,135,004 \$	13,370,672

(Concluded)

The City combined the recreation division with public services in FY2014; The City closed Easton's Beach operations (a business-type activity) into governmental activities in FY2014; The City split the planning, zoning and inspections division into two divisions in FY2014.

* The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standard No. 75 in FY 2018.

TABLE 2 (2 of 2)

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

					Fisc	cal Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	(as restated) 2016	2017	2018
General Fund:										
Nonspendable	\$	\$\$:	\$\$	\$		\$\$	55,628 \$	58,385	\$ 61,148
Restricted by donors				65,453	88,288	99,453	105,183	595,162	465,571	74,353
Committed	773,846	838,101	1,157,839	554,702	759,186	689,885	1,291,706	315,896	489,362	2,213,658
Assigned			864,852	869,960	1,534,889	452,243	2,844,064 (2)	2,167,743	1,950,620	637,126
Unassigned	8,011,145	9,175,856	7,646,392	10,146,290	11,247,717 (⁻	11,810,021	13,369,154	15,316,638	14,726,077	12,625,424
Total general fund	8,784,991	10,013,957	9,669,083	11,636,405	13,630,080	13,051,602	17,610,107	18,451,067	17,690,015	15,611,709
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Nonspendable	1,890,210	1,976,581	2,181,651	2,181,651	2,181,651	2,095,016	2,601,651	2,601,651	2,601,651	2,601,651
Restricted for Trusts	4,356,646	4,753,846	5,955,530	5,844,993	6,813,099	8,179,376	8,070,909	7,865,444	9,451,330	10,297,669
Restricted for Debt Service	1,065,923	1,228,776	1,400,360	1,605,509	1,797,817	1,996,439	2,202,084			
Restricted by Grants	3,358,230	3,131,649	2,630,585	2,627,638	2,775,198	3,390,416	3,830,470	5,447,751	5,373,566	5,615,659
Committed for Capital Projects	885,671	4,994,692	3,052,879	7,902,015	7,233,629	5,562,794	11,480,237	7,538,289	7,471,377	9,871,789
Assigned by City Council	1,816,113	863,630								
Assigned by School Committee	1,200,000	1,153,152	1,370,211							
Unassigned			(71,296)	(28,728)	(246,686)		(64,680)	(18,859)	(19,789)	(33,654)
School Unassigned	1,785,759	292,259	202,464		(1)				
Total all other governmental funds	16,358,552	18,394,585	16,722,384	20,133,078	20,554,708	21,224,041	28,120,671	23,434,276	24,878,135	28,353,114
Grand Total	\$	\$ <u>28,408,542</u> \$	26,391,467	\$ <u>31,769,483</u> \$	34,184,788 \$	34,275,643	\$ <u>45,730,778</u> \$	41,885,343 \$	42,568,150	\$ 43,964,823

Notes:

Capital project fund balance depends on timing of state and federal reimbursements and type of temporary or permanent debt that may exist. These items cause the fund balance to fluctuate from year to year.

(1) - The School Unrestricted Fund was combined with the City's General Fund, Property Acquisition Fund and Gifts Fund in FY2012

(2) - Sale of surpluses school building

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 Revenues: Taxes 5 52.081.048 5.034.550.58 5.043.570 5.735.736.48 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.583 7.735.80.593 7.737.80 7.777.80 7.735.83 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.738 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.778.79 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.778.79 7.777.89 7.778.79 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89 7.777.89								Fisca	al Ye	ear							
Twees \$ 62,061,094 \$ 63,465,526 \$ 64,41,72 \$ 67,369,40 \$ 71,336,008 \$ 73,324,776 \$ 75,173,854 \$ 77,059,20 \$ 79,857,245 \$ Unlengovernment levroues 10,255,066,03 \$ 22,252,565 \$ 33,234,471 \$ 17,377,489 \$ 71,316,464 \$ 21,017,71 \$ 11,327,727 \$ 12,435,381 \$ 11,327,425 \$ 13,334,413 \$ 12,87,225 \$ 13,132,887 \$ 13,132,881 \$ 1,13,132,881 \$ 1		2009	2010		2011	2012		2013		2014	2015		2016	_	2017	_	2018
Twees \$ 6 20,010,04 \$ 6 3,465,26 \$ 6 4,41,72 \$ 6 7,396,40 \$ 71,336,06 \$ 73,924,77 \$ 75,173,854 \$ 77,058,10 \$ 77,0	Revenues																
Integrovermental levenues 25,556,603 25,056,739 22,22,263 23,002,160 21,572,262 21,430,002 22,204,355 23,022,160 Charges for services 10,0259,66 9,975,467 9,721,040 11,502,148 11,997,787 12,628,853 13,33,4413 12,976,225 13,132,887 Use of money and property 10,0269,066 12,377,265 2,014,016 692,470 1,431,220 2,064,867 1,148,704 1,333,330 1,613,228 1,777,483 Other revenues 1,194,563 1,273,953 1,122,052,033 102,428 11,468,70 106,460,003 111,644,564 114,056,882 111,644,564 114,056,882 114,044,564 114,046,882 114,044,564 114,046,882 114,044,564 114,046,882 114,044,564 114,046,882 114,044,564 114,046,883 7,071,740 2,721,738 30,016,44 6,280,035 6,035,037 7,401,740 133,022,014,44 6,422,650 5,690,685 5,980,604 3,037,24 2,71,748 3,016,444 6,422,650 5,697,693 3,007,691 0,045,503 0,312,000 1,370		\$ 62.081.0	94 \$ 63,485.52	6 \$	64.411.792 \$	67.395.943	\$ 69	.092.746 \$	5	71.336.608 \$	73.924.776	\$	75.173.854	\$	77.505.920	\$	79.856.764
Charges for services 10.258,966 9.975,467 9.41/1,761 9.721,001 11520,148 11.967,787 12.629,853 13.384,413 12.978,225 13.332,830 15.338,30 15.3388,30 15.338,30 15.338		• • • • • • •							*	, ,				Ŷ		Ŷ	
Use of money and property (1.08,609) 1.257,726 2.014,016 692,470 1.431,220 2.04,867 1.144,704 1.353,830 1.613,256 1.777,489 Other revenues 1.194,553 1.128,855 100,007 126,862 102,428 11,896 88,856 27,974 27,17,38 Total revenues 98,70,010 101,103,664 100,43,176 102,052,033 104,116,870 108,000,191 109,890,033 111,8454 119,405,882 119,44,169 Expenditures: General government 5,558,102 5,931,444 5,435,280 5,691,806 5,482,380 5,890,858 5,980,047 6,280,935 6,635,035 7,401,749 General docation 42,227,289 41,349,792 42,740,155 41,521,644 40,783,783 33,375,366 5,285,264 41,578,444 43,901,644 46,285,554 Public services 6,938,674 6,733,48 7,31,032 6,565,799 7,214,122 8,542,660 9,579,519 9,907,518 9,905,7619 9,904,503 9,312,009 Civic investiment 1,217,653<	5	- , , -	, ,		-,,			, ,		, , .	, ,		, ,		, ,		
Dometrix Description Description <thdescription< th=""> <thdescription< th=""> <t< td=""><td></td><td>(1.008.6</td><td>99) 1.257.72</td><td>6</td><td>2.014.016</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td></td></t<></thdescription<></thdescription<>		(1.008.6	99) 1.257.72	6	2.014.016						, ,		, ,		, ,		
Other revenues 1194,553 1.273,953 1.128,852 100.017 128,852 102,428 11,866 8.856 27,974 271,738 Expenditures: Current: General government 5,558,102 5,931,444 5,435,280 5,691,806 5,482,360 5,890,858 5,980,047 6,280,935 6,635,035 7,401,749 General government 5,258,102 5,931,444 5,435,280 5,691,806 5,482,360 33,373,366 41,322,644 41,578,444 43,301,644 46,280,533 9,410,504 35,247,244 83,483,83 3761,853 39,171,493 39,410,7504 35,242,562 9,577,893 9,057,691 9,045,503 9,312,009 35,320,12 483,803 3761,853 30,1025,559 1007,124 83,484,803 3761,853 30,1025,559 1007,124 83,484,803 1762,358 1,341,546 1,442,241 1,944,164 1,000,449 30,022,22 9,993,903 3,1187,373 1,021,556 9,017,149 100,424,91 100,424,91 1,021,456 1,021,456 1,021,456 1,021,456 1,021,456,433,120,120,133,122,4264 1,021		· · · ·	, , ,								, ,		, ,		, ,		
Total revenues 98.178.010 101.103.664 100.543.176 102.052.033 104.116.870 108.000.191 109.699.083 111.644.554 114.908.882 119.446.169 Expenditures: Current: General quovernment 5.558.102 5.931.444 5.435.280 5.691.806 5.482.360 5.890.858 5.989.047 6.280.935 6.635.035 7.401.749 Public services 6.963.674 7.837.724 42.271.894 7.317.86 7.401.749 3.9375.366 41.832.644 41.576.444 43.901.644 42.828.55 Public services 6.963.674 6.787.748 7.331.020 5.587.169 7.214.72 8.542.569 9.577.693 9.057.569 10.075.559 1.071.244 Human services 3.358.488 3.067.205 3.033.72 2.278.11 7.420.155 4.969.991 2.907.235 2.835.075 2.949.071 3.110.260 3.302.022 Persion expenses 5.206.246 3.247.795 2.722.514 3.935.002 3.388.489 1.762.388 1.341.546 1.448.244 1.914.981 1.569.413 Persion expenses<	Other revenues												,				
Current: General government 5.558,102 5.931,444 5.435,280 5.691,806 5.482,360 5.880,688 5.988,047 6.280,935 6.355,035 7.401,749 General government 43.227,289 44.349,782 42,740,185 14.821,694 40,793,783 39.375,386 41.832,664 41.578,444 43.901,644 46,280,554 Public services 6,963,674 6.767,348 7.331,032 6,558,789 30.675,814 542,262 9.577,693 9.057,691 9.045,603 3312,009 Civic investment 1.271,737 1.610,554 1.382,714 1.426,254 9.577,693 9.057,691 9.045,503 3.312,009 Paration expenses 633,419 600,505 500,617 426,155 496,911 745,706 746,609 953,201 3.002,225 2.85,075 2.049,071 3.110,260 3.002,225 Pension expenses 5.206,245 3.247,795 2.722,514 3.935,092 3.388,499 1.762,358 1.341,546 1.448,234 1.959,419 Det service: 712,750 866,577 </td <td>Total revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>104</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>111,644,554</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Total revenues						104		_				111,644,554	_			
General government 5,58,102 5,331,444 5,435,260 5,482,380 5,880,488 5,980,047 6,280,935 6,635,035 7,401,749 General government 43,227,229 44,347,949 22,2470,185 41,202,445,160 40,917,504 35,245,809 35,257,214 36,346,838 37,618 44,222,251 32,445,160 34,107,504 35,245,809 35,207,214 36,346,838 37,618,837 Public services 6,963,674 6,767,348 7,331,032 6,558,789 7,214,122 8,442,562 9,577,893 9,067,691 9,045,503 9,045,503 1,249,158 Zoring and inspections 653,419 600,050 590,817 422,155 496,9911 745,706 744,009 983,503 1,025,599 1,071,244 Human services 3,256,488 3,247,795 2,722,514 3,935,5092 3,388,499 1,762,388 1,341,546 1,448,224 1,914,981 1,509,419 Debt services: Trinopal 1,224,266 1,237,114 1,040,489 1,752,389 3,013,999 3,257,800 3,241,550	Expenditures:																
General education 43,227,289 44,349,792 42,740,185 41,921,694 40,793,783 39,375,586 41,832,684 41,578,444 42,901,644 42,292,593 Public services 6,953,674 6,767,348 7,331,032 6,558,789 7,214,122 83,457,190 34,107,504 35,245,509 53,207,14 36,48,83 39,312,009 Civic investment 1,271,653 1,167,737 1,601,554 1,222,831 1,495,174 532,220 406,602 435,090 333,201 249,153 Zoning and inspections 653,874 6,767,348 7,303,032 2,781,564 2,969,991 2,907,235 2,885,075 2,949,071 3,110,260 30,002,223 1,341,346 1,448,241 1,914,981 1,509,419 Debt service: Principal 1,224,266 1,237,114 1,040,489 1,756,211 1,732,932 1,623,784 3,945,319 (1) 3,703,000 (1) 8,999,733 Interest 712,760 896,577 693,395 516,1633 124,586,073 106,847,113 108,675,918 115,826,945 9,600,318	Current:																
Public safety 28,267,498 30,194,522 22,635,798 30,683,872 32,455,190 34,107,504 35,247,214 36,346,838 37,618,853 Public sarety 1,271,653 1,187,737 1,601,564 1,322,831 1,495,174 532,280 406,602 435,090 353,201 249,198 Zoning and inspections 6,533,483 3,087,205 5,303,372 2,781,564 2,967,298 2,355,075 2,949,071 3,110,206 3,002,222 Pension expenses 5,206,246 3,247,795 2,722,514 3,335,092 3,384,489 1,766,211 1,732,932 1,405,062 1,629,784 3,945,319 11 3,090,000 19,635,013 Debt service: 712,750 866,577 693,395 6,165,54 727,832 3,013,993 3,275,760 3,711,900 1,860,643 1,650,512 Capital expenditures 102,445,83 1,024,551 1,023,156 3,237,000 3,71,508 9,624,956 9,680,381 6,720,043 Capital expenditures (6,302,21) (1,627,702) (3,256,531) (3,	General government	5,558,1	02 5,931,44	4	5,435,280	5,691,806	5	,482,360		5,890,858	5,988,047		6,280,935		6,635,035		7,401,749
Public services 6,963,674 6,767,348 7,331,032 6,583,789 7,241,22 8,542,562 9,577,893 9,045,503 9,312,009 Civic investment 1,271,653 1,187,737 1,601,554 1,322,831 1,495,174 532,280 406,802 405,802 435,090 353,201 249,155 Coning and inspections 653,419 600,505 590,817 420,155 449,811 745,706 764,609 953,033 1,025,553 1,071,244 Human services 3,358,488 3,007,205 2,338,489 1,062,222 3,338,489 1,071,244 1,040,489 1,765,211 7,735 2,949,071 3,110,260 3,007,202 1,023,156 1,448,234 1,194,981 1,509,419 Debt service: Deft Debt service: Debt service: 1,722,932 1,405,082 1,629,764 3,945,319 (1) 3,703,000 (1) 3,703,000 (1,620,702) 3,257,809 3,245,819 (1) 3,703,000 (1,620,512) (1,62,702) (3,256,531) (3,564,640) 20,469,073 1,068,	General education	43,227,2	89 44,349,79	2	42,740,185	41,921,694	40	,793,783		39,375,366	41,832,664		41,578,444		43,901,644		46,289,554
Circ investment 1.217.163 1.187.737 1.601.554 1.22.231 1.495.174 532.280 406.802 435.000 1.335.201 249.188 Zoning and inspections 653.419 600.505 509.817 426.155 496.911 745.706 786.609 953.053 1.025.559 1.071.244 Human services 3.384.488 3.087.205 5.206.245 3.247.795 2.722.514 3.395.092 3.388.499 1.762.358 1.341.546 1.448.224 1.914.981 1.509.419 Debt service: 7 1.224.266 1.237.114 1.040.499 1.756.211 1.732.932 1.405.682 1.629.764 3.945.319 (1) 3.703.000 (1) 8.099.733 Total expenditures 712.750 896.577 693.395 616.537 124.586.073 106.847.113 108.647.613 128.24.643 165.543 124.586.073 106.847.113 108.647.613 124.586.073 105.64.713 108.647.613 124.586.073 102.8165 118.724.486 118.724.486 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	Public safety	28,267,4	98 30,194,52	2	32,635,798	30,683,872	32	,455,190		34,107,504	35,245,809		35,297,214		36,346,838		37,618,853
Zoning and inspections 653,419 600,505 500,817 226,155 496,911 745,706 744,609 953,053 1,025,559 1,071,244 Human services 5,206,245 3,087,205 3,033,732 2,781,564 2,969,991 2,907,235 2,835,075 2,949,071 3,110,260 3,002,222 Pension expenses 5,206,245 3,247,795 2,722,514 3,935,092 3,886,489 1,762,358 1,341,546 1,448,234 1,914,981 1,509,718 Debt service: Principal 1,224,266 1,237,114 1,040,489 1,752,211 1,732,932 1,405,062 1,629,784 3,945,319 11 3,703,000 11 3,899,733 Interest 712,750 896,577 693,935 616,534 725,389 3,013,999 3,257,000 3,711,590 1,830,043 1,650,512 Capital outilay 8,039,837 524,266 103,799,707 105,616,673 124,586,073 106,847,113 108,675,918 115,481,597 117,562,445 118,724,496 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over </td <td>Public services</td> <td>6,963,6</td> <td>6,767,34</td> <td>8</td> <td>7,331,032</td> <td>6,558,789</td> <td>7</td> <td>,214,122</td> <td></td> <td>8,542,562</td> <td>9,577,893</td> <td></td> <td>9,057,691</td> <td></td> <td>9,045,503</td> <td></td> <td>9,312,009</td>	Public services	6,963,6	6,767,34	8	7,331,032	6,558,789	7	,214,122		8,542,562	9,577,893		9,057,691		9,045,503		9,312,009
Human services 3,358,488 3,087,205 3,237,22 2,781,564 2,969,991 2,907,235 2,835,075 2,949,071 3,110,260 3,002,229 Pension expenses 5,206,245 3,247,795 2,722,514 3,935,092 3,388,489 1,762,358 1,341,546 1,448,234 1,914,981 1,509,419 Debt service: 7100,000 1,224,266 1,237,114 1,040,489 1,756,211 1,732,932 1,405,082 1,629,784 3,945,319 (1) 3,703,000 (1) 3,899,733 Capital outlay 8,039,837 5,231,327 5,974,911 9,922,125 27,831,732 8,564,163 5,775,889 9,824,956 9,680,381 6,720,043 Total expenditures (6,305,211) (1,627,702) (3,256,531) (3,564,640) (20,469,203) 1,153,078 1,023,165 (3,837,043) (2,653,563) 721,673 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds (14,091,304) 102,780 9,000,000 5,735,000 2,865,000 371,370 Sale of property (14,091,304) 102,780	Civic investment	1,271,6	53 1,187,73	7	1,601,554	1,322,831	1	,495,174		532,280	406,802		435,090		353,201		249,158
Pension expenses 5,206,245 3,247,795 2,722,514 3,935,092 3,388,489 1,762,358 1,341,546 1,448,234 1,914,981 1,509,419 Debt service: Principal 1,224,266 1,237,114 1,040,489 1,752,932 1,405,082 1,629,784 3,945,319 (1) 3,703,000 (1) 3,889,733 Interest 712,750 896,577 693,395 616,534 725,389 3,013,999 3,257,800 3,711,500 1,836,043 1,650,512 Capital outlay 8,038,837 102,731,366 103,799,707 105,616,673 124,586,073 106,847,113 108,675,918 115,481,597 117,562,445 118,724,496 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (6,305,211) (1,627,702) (3,256,531) (3,564,640) (20,469,203) 1,153,078 1,023,165 (3,837,043) (2,653,563) 721,673 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from borrowing 1,49,278 102,780 2,603,044 423,546 371,370 1,419,278 Transfers in 1,239,457 730,	Zoning and inspections	653,4	19 600,50	5	590,817	426,155		496,911		745,706	784,609		953,053		1,025,559		1,071,244
Debt service: Principal Interest 1.224,266 1.237,114 1,040,489 1,756,211 1,732,932 1,405,082 1,629,784 3,945,319 1) 3,703,000 1) 3,899,733 Capital outlay 8,039,837 5,231,327 5,974,911 9,922,125 27,831,732 8,564,163 5,775,889 9,824,956 9,990,381 6,720,043 Total expenditures 104,483,221 102,731,366 103,799,707 105,616,673 124,586,073 106,847,113 108,675,918 115,481,597 117,562,445 118,724,496 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (6,305,211) (1,627,702) (3,256,531) (3,564,640) (20,469,203) 1,153,078 1,023,165 (3,837,043) (2,653,563) 721,673 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from borrowing Bond premium 1,149,278 9,000,000 1,9575,000 5,735,000 2,865,000 2,865,000 Brance se proceeds 1,239,457 730,000 2,422,500 1,239,457 1,239,457 102,780 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 </td <td>Human services</td> <td>3,358,4</td> <td>88 3,087,20</td> <td>5</td> <td>3,033,732</td> <td>2,781,564</td> <td>2</td> <td>,969,991</td> <td></td> <td>2,907,235</td> <td>2,835,075</td> <td></td> <td>2,949,071</td> <td></td> <td>3,110,260</td> <td></td> <td>3,002,222</td>	Human services	3,358,4	88 3,087,20	5	3,033,732	2,781,564	2	,969,991		2,907,235	2,835,075		2,949,071		3,110,260		3,002,222
Principal 1,224,266 1,237,114 1,040,489 1,756,211 1,732,932 1,405,082 1,629,784 3,945,319 (1) 3,703,000 (1) 3,899,733 Interest 712,750 896,577 693,395 616,554 725,389 3,013,999 3,227,800 3,711,590 1,328,043 1,650,612 Capital outlay 104,483,221 102,731,366 103,799,707 105,616,673 124,586,073 106,847,113 108,675,918 115,481,597 117,562,445 118,724,496 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (6,305,211) (1,627,702) (3,256,531) (3,564,640) (20,469,203) 1,153,078 1,023,165 (3,837,043) (2,653,563) 721,673 Other Financing Sources (Uses): r (6,305,211) (1,627,702) (3,256,531) (3,564,640) (20,469,203) 1,153,078 1,023,165 (3,837,043) (2,653,563) 721,673 Other Financing Sources (Uses): r r 102,780 2,603,044 423,546 371,370 371,370 Payment to refunding escrow agent 1,149,278 102,780 2,603,044 423,546 371,370 1,2	Pension expenses	5,206,2	45 3,247,79	5	2,722,514	3,935,092	3	,388,489		1,762,358	1,341,546		1,448,234		1,914,981		1,509,419
Interest Capital outlay Total expenditures 712,750 896,577 693,395 616,534 725,389 3,013,999 3,257,800 3,711,500 1,836,043 1,650,512 Capital outlay Total expenditures 8,039,837 5,231,327 5,974,911 9,922,125 27,831,732 8,664,163 5,775,889 9,824,956 9,680,381 6,720,043 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (6,305,211) (1,627,702) (3,256,531) (3,564,640) (20,469,203) 1,153,078 1,023,165 (3,837,043) (2,653,563) 721,673 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from borrowing Bad premium Payment to refunding secrow agent Sale of property Lease proceeds 1,24,966 2,000,000 19,575,000 5,735,000 2,865,000 2,865,000 2,865,000 2,865,000 2,865,000 2,865,000 2,865,000 2,865,000 2,421,633 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Payment to refunding secrow agent Sale of property Lease proceeds 1,239,467 730,000 2,422,500 3,905,921 5,416,930 3,805,921 6,416,32,59 3,905,921 5,416,930 Transfers out Transfers in<	Debt service:																
Capital outlay Total expenditures 8,039,837 5,231,327 5,974,911 9,922,125 27,831,732 8,564,163 5,775,889 9,824,956 9,690,381 6,720,043 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (6,305,211) (1,627,702) (3,256,531) (3,564,640) (20,469,203) 1,153,078 1,023,165 (3,837,043) (2,653,563) 721,673 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from borrowing Bond premium 18,285,000 9,000,000 19,575,000 5,735,000 2,865,000 371,370 2,865,000 371,370 371,370 371,370 2,865,000 371,370 1,140,278 102,780 2,603,044 423,546 371,370 371,370 2,865,000 371,370 371,370 2,865,000 371,370 371	Principal						1							(1)		(1)	
Total expenditures 104,483,221 102,731,366 103,799,707 105,616,673 124,586,073 106,847,113 108,675,918 115,481,597 117,562,445 118,724,496 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (6,305,211) (1,627,702) (3,256,531) (3,564,640) (20,469,203) 1,153,078 1,023,165 (3,837,043) (2,653,563) 721,673 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from borrowing Bond premium Payment to refunding escrow agent Sale of property Lease proceeds 18,285,000 9,000,000 19,575,000 5,735,000 2,865,000 371,370 Transfers in Transfers in 25,924,266 24,606,361 24,517,821 24,387,564 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Total other financing sources (uses) (102,103) 4,599,440 1,239,457 9,127,980 22,884,508 (1,062,223) 10,381,046 100,000 3,336,370 675,000 Net Change in Fund Balances § (6,407,314) 2,971,738 (2,017,074) \$ 5,563,340 2,415,305 90,855 \$ 11,404,211 (3,737,043) 682,807 \$	Interest	712,7	50 896,57	7	693,395	616,534		725,389		3,013,999	3,257,800		3,711,590		1,836,043		1,650,512
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (6,305,211) (1,627,702) (3,256,531) (3,564,640) (20,469,203) 1,153,078 1,023,165 (3,837,043) (2,653,563) 721,673 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from borrowing 18,285,000 9,000,000 19,575,000 5,735,000 2,865,000 Bond premium 1,149,278 102,780 2,603,044 423,546 371,370 Payment to refunding escrow agent (14,091,304) 1,239,457 730,000 2,422,500 Lease proceeds 1,239,457 730,000 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Transfers in 25,924,266 24,606,361 24,517,821 24,387,564 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 (6,663,259) (3,805,921) (4,741,930) Total other financing sources (uses) (102,103) 4,599,440 1,239,457 9,127,980 22,884,508 (1,062,223) 10,381,046 100,000 3,336,370 675,000 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (6,407,314) \$ 2,971,738 \$ (2,017,074) \$ 5,563,340 \$ 2,415,305 \$ 90,855 \$ 11,404,211 \$ (3,737,043) \$ 682,807 \$ 1,396,673 1,396,673 <	Capital outlay	8,039,8	37 5,231,32	7	5,974,911	9,922,125	27	,831,732		8,564,163	5,775,889		9,824,956	_	9,690,381		6,720,043
expenditures (6,305,211) (1,627,702) (3,256,531) (3,564,640) (20,469,203) 1,153,078 1,023,165 (3,837,043) (2,653,563) 721,673 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from borrowing 18,285,000 9,000,000 19,575,000 5,735,000 2,865,000 Bond premium 1,149,278 102,780 2,603,044 423,546 371,370 Payment to refunding escrow agent 1,149,278 102,780 2,603,044 423,546 371,370 Sale of property 1,239,457 730,000 2,422,500 2,422,500 1,239,457 Transfers in 25,924,266 24,606,361 24,517,821 24,387,564 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Transfers out (26,026,369) (25,349,895) (24,517,821) (24,362,364) (2,424,229) (3,660,473) (4,266,338) (6,063,259) (3,805,921) (4,741,930) Total other financing sources (uses) (102,103) 4,599,440 1,239,457 9,127,980 22,884,508 (1,062,223) 10,381,046 100,000 3,336,370 675,000 Ne	Total expenditures	104,483,2	21 102,731,36	6	103,799,707	105,616,673	124	,586,073		106,847,113	108,675,918	_	115,481,597	_	117,562,445	_	118,724,496
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from borrowing 18,285,000 9,000,000 19,575,000 5,735,000 2,865,000 Bond premium 1,149,278 102,780 2,603,044 423,546 371,370 Payment to refunding escrow agent (14,091,304) 102,780 2,603,044 423,546 371,370 Sale of property 730,000 2,422,500 1,239,457 730,000 2,422,500 Transfers in 25,924,266 24,606,361 24,517,821 24,387,564 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Transfers out (26,026,369) (25,349,895) (24,517,821) (24,362,364) (2,424,229) (3,660,473) (4,266,338) (6,063,259) (3,805,921) (4,741,930) Total other financing sources (uses) (102,103) 4,599,440 1,239,457 9,127,980 22,884,508 (1,062,223) 10,381,046 100,000 3,336,370 675,000 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (6,407,314) \$ 2,971,738 \$ (2,017,074) \$ 5,563,340 \$ 2,415,305 \$ 90,855																	
Proceeds from borrowing Bond premium 18,285,000 9,000,000 19,575,000 5,735,000 2,865,000 Bond premium 1,149,278 102,780 2,603,044 423,546 371,370 Payment to refunding escrow agent Sale of property 1,239,457 102,780 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Transfers in 25,924,266 24,606,361 24,517,821 24,387,564 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Transfers out Transfers out (26,026,369) (25,349,895) (24,517,821) (24,362,364) (2,424,229) (3,660,473) (4,266,338) (6,063,259) (3,805,921) (4,741,930) Total other financing sources (uses) (102,103) 4,599,440 1,239,457 9,127,980 22,884,508 (1,062,223) 10,381,046 100,000 3,336,370 675,000 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (6,407,314) 2,971,738 \$ (2,017,074) \$ 5,563,340 \$ 2,415,305 \$ 90,855 \$ 11,404,211 \$ (3,737,043) \$ 682,807 \$ <td>expenditures</td> <td>(6,305,2</td> <td>(1,627,70</td> <td>2)</td> <td>(3,256,531)</td> <td>(3,564,640)</td> <td>(20</td> <td>,469,203)</td> <td></td> <td>1,153,078</td> <td>1,023,165</td> <td></td> <td>(3,837,043)</td> <td>_</td> <td>(2,653,563)</td> <td></td> <td>721,673</td>	expenditures	(6,305,2	(1,627,70	2)	(3,256,531)	(3,564,640)	(20	,469,203)		1,153,078	1,023,165		(3,837,043)	_	(2,653,563)		721,673
Bond premium 1,149,278 102,780 2,603,044 423,546 371,370 Payment to refunding escrow agent (14,091,304) 1,239,457 730,000 2,422,500 Transfers in 25,924,266 24,606,361 24,517,821 24,387,564 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Transfers out (26,026,369) (25,349,895) (24,517,821) (24,362,364) (2,424,229) (3,660,473) (4,266,338) (6,063,259) (3,805,921) (4,741,930) Total other financing sources (uses) (102,103) 4,599,440 1,239,457 9,127,980 22,884,508 (1,062,223) 10,381,046 100,000 3,336,370 675,000 Net Change in Fund Balances (6,407,314) 2,971,738 (2,017,074) 5,563,340 2,415,305 90,855 11,404,211 (3,737,043) 682,807 1,396,673 Debt service as a percentage of 5,563,340 2,415,305 90,855 11,404,211 (3,737,043) 682,807 1,396,673	e ()																
Payment to refunding escrow agent (14,091,304) 1,500,000 Sale of property 730,000 2,422,500 Lease proceeds 1,239,457 Transfers in 25,924,266 24,606,361 24,517,821 24,387,564 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Transfers out (26,026,369) (25,349,895) (24,517,821) (24,362,364) (2,424,229) (3,660,473) (4,266,338) (6,063,259) (3,805,921) (4,741,930) Total other financing sources (uses) (102,103) 4,599,440 1,239,457 9,127,980 22,884,508 (1,062,223) 10,381,046 100,000 3,336,370 675,000 Net Change in Fund Balances (6,407,314) 2,971,738 (2,017,074) 5,563,340 2,415,305 90,855 11,404,211 (3,737,043) 682,807 1,396,673 Debt service as a percentage of 1,396,673 1,396,673	8																
Sale of property 730,000 2,422,500 Lease proceeds 1,239,457 Transfers in 25,924,266 24,606,361 24,517,821 24,387,564 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Transfers out (26,026,369) (25,349,895) (24,517,821) (24,362,364) (2,424,229) (3,660,473) (4,266,338) (6,063,259) (3,805,921) (4,741,930) Total other financing sources (uses) (102,103) 4,599,440 1,239,457 9,127,980 22,884,508 (1,062,223) 10,381,046 100,000 3,336,370 675,000 Net Change in Fund Balances $(6,407,314)$ 2,971,738 (2,017,074) 5,563,340 2,415,305 90,855 11,404,211 (3,737,043) 682,807 1,396,673 Debt service as a percentage of $(6,407,314)$ $(2,017,074)$ $(5,563,340$ $(2,415,305$ 90,855 11,404,211 $(3,737,043)$ $(682,807)$ $(1,396,673)$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					102,780	2	,603,044							371,370		
Lease proceeds 1,239,457 Transfers in 25,924,266 24,606,361 24,517,821 24,387,564 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Transfers out (26,026,369) (25,349,895) (24,517,821) (24,362,364) (2,424,229) (3,660,473) (4,266,338) 6,063,259) (3,805,921) (4,741,930) Total other financing sources (uses) (102,103) 4,599,440 1,239,457 9,127,980 22,884,508 (1,062,223) 10,381,046 100,000 3,336,370 675,000 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (6,407,314) \$ 2,971,738 \$ (2,017,074) \$ 5,563,340 \$ 2,415,305 \$ 90,855 \$ 11,404,211 \$ (3,737,043) \$ 682,807 \$ 1,396,673 Debt service as a percentage of 5 5 5 5 5 90,855 \$ 11,404,211 \$ (3,737,043) \$ 682,807 \$ 1,396,673	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(14,091,30	4)				700.000									
Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) 25,924,266 24,606,361 24,517,821 24,387,564 2,400,693 2,598,250 4,566,338 6,163,259 3,905,921 5,416,930 Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) (102,103) 4,599,440 1,239,457 9,127,980 22,884,508 (1,062,223) 10,381,046 100,000 3,336,370 675,000 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (6,407,314) \$ 2,971,738 \$ (2,017,074) \$ 5,563,340 2,415,305 90,855 \$ 11,404,211 \$ (3,737,043) \$ 682,807 \$ 1,396,673 Debt service as a percentage of 5 5 5 5 90,855 \$ 11,404,211 \$ (3,737,043) \$ 682,807 \$ 1,396,673					4 000 457			730,000			2,422,500						
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) (26,026,369) (102,103) (25,349,895) (4,599,440) (24,517,821) (1,239,457) (24,362,364) (2,127,980) (2,424,229) (2,884,508) (3,660,473) (1,062,223) (4,266,338) (100,000) (6,063,259) (3,336,370) (4,741,930) (675,000) Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (6,407,314) \$ 2,971,738 \$ (2,017,074) \$ 5,563,340 \$ 2,415,305 \$ 90,855 \$ 11,404,211 \$ (3,737,043) \$ 682,807 \$ 1,396,673 Debt service as a percentage of		05 004 0	00 04 000 00			04 007 504		400.000		0 500 050	4 500 000		0 400 050		0.005.004		5 440 000
Total other financing sources (uses) (102,103) 4,599,440 1,239,457 9,127,980 22,884,508 (1,062,223) 10,381,046 100,000 3,336,370 675,000 Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (6,407,314) \$ 2,971,738 \$ (2,017,074) \$ 5,563,340 \$ 2,415,305 \$ 90,855 \$ 11,404,211 \$ (3,737,043) \$ 682,807 \$ 1,396,673 Debt service as a percentage of \$ 100,000 \$ 1,396,673 \$ 1,396,673 \$ 1,396,673			, ,								, ,		, ,		, ,		
Net Change in Fund Balances \$ (6,407,314) \$ 2,971,738 \$ (2,017,074) \$ 5,563,340 \$ 2,415,305 \$ 90,855 \$ 11,404,211 \$ (3,737,043) \$ 682,807 \$ 1,396,673 Debt service as a percentage of ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		(.)).							_	<u>, , , ,</u> .				_			
Debt service as a percentage of	l otal other financing sources (uses)	(102,1	03) 4,599,44	0	1,239,457	9,127,980	22	,884,508		(1,062,223)	10,381,046		100,000	_	3,336,370		675,000
	Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (6,407,3	<u>14)</u> \$ <u>2,971,73</u>	8 \$	(2,017,074) \$	5,563,340	\$2	,415,305 \$	₿	90,855 \$	11,404,211	\$	(3,737,043)	\$_	682,807	\$	1,396,673
noncapital expenditures 2.01% 2.19% 1.77% 2.48% 2.54% 4.50% 4.75% 6.63% 5.13% 4.96%																	
	noncapital expenditures	2.0	2.19	%	1.77%	2.48%		2.54%	_	4.50%	4.75%	_	6.63%	_	5.13%	_	4.96%

Notes:

(1) City paid off a QZAB loan from a debt service account

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND ASSESSED VALUES AND ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					A	ssessed Value							
Fiscal Year Ended June 30		lential perty	 Commercial Property	 Personal Property		Inventory	Motor Vehicles	 Less Exemptions	 Total Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate Residential	Total Direct Tax Rate Commercial	 Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2009	\$ 4,709,	562,778	\$ 1,201,925,122	\$ 88,011,158	\$	26,281,325 \$	147,144,534	\$ 120,615,344	\$ 6,052,309,573	8.67	12.93	\$ 6,172,924,917	98.05%
2010	4,408,2	295,797	1,241,526,100	114,604,821		-	131,104,659	118,475,513	5,777,055,864	9.52	13.20	5,895,531,377	97.99%
2011	4,403,6	658,951	1,212,935,549	108,725,938		-	152,504,333	120,086,201	5,757,738,570	9.56	13.25	5,877,824,771	97.96%
2012	4,427,	191,489	1,194,775,611	127,148,070		-	151,523,236	118,811,520	5,781,826,886	9.93	13.76	5,900,638,406	97.99%
2013	3,966,	146,314	1,071,247,506	117,777,139		-	159,306,729	119,297,700	5,195,179,988	11.36	15.75	5,314,477,688	97.76%
2014	3,968,6	689,640	1,080,838,650	119,993,234		-	160,804,599	114,141,051	5,216,185,072	11.71	16.23	5,330,326,123	97.86%
2015	4,540,	796,670	1,266,557,910	119,935,595		-	165,559,532	107,843,228	5,985,006,479	10.67	14.79	6,092,849,707	98.23%
2016	4,563,	119,573	1,261,766,017	127,689,244		-	169,600,313	107,860,620	6,014,314,527	10.93	15.16	6,122,175,147	98.24%
2017	4,561,	159,167	1,270,197,223	130,135,183		-	171,273,074	104,045,168	6,028,719,479	11.21	15.55	6,132,764,647	98.30%
2018	5,264,4	464,237	1,402,000,263	130,881,404		-	146,005,110	95,167,113	6,848,183,901	9.99	14.98	6,943,351,014	98.63%

Source: City of Newport, Rhode Island Assessor

Notes:

The City's total levy cannot exceed 4.00% of the prior year's total levy

The City of Newport has no overlapping debt nor does it collect taxes for any other entity.

The City switched to a two-tiered tax in FY2002

The City had a full revaluation of real property in 2010 (effective 2011). The full revaluation is required by state law every 9 years. Statistical updates are required every 3 years.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

		2018			2009	
			Percent of			Percent of
			Total City			Total City
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
	 Value	Rank	Value	 Value	Rank	Value
Mass Mutual Life (Marriott)	\$ 74,621,000	1	1.09%	\$ 57,591,799	1	0.95%
Newport Restoration Foundation	61,222,100	2	0.89%	53,675,153	3	0.89%
GINRI Assets, LLC	60,109,600	3	0.88%	56,908,805	2	0.94%
LSRef3 Viking LLC	59,639,500	4	0.87%	44,700,376	4	0.74%
Shaner Newport Harbour LLC	33,138,500	5	0.48%	24,864,678	6	0.41%
RK Newport, LLC	31,036,300	6	0.45%	32,227,500	5	0.53%
Narraganset Gas	30,426,936	7	0.44%			
Eastern Resorts Company	29,361,900	8	0.43%	22,450,300	9	0.37%
Narraganset Electric	21,763,146	9	0.32%	17,965,557	10	0.30%
Admiral Newport LLC	20,132,000	10	0.29%			
New York Yacht Club				23,490,031	3	0.39%
Newport Jai Alai, LLC		-		 22,921,700	10	0.38%
Total	\$ 421,450,982	=	6.15%	\$ 356,795,899	=	5.90%

Source: City of Newport Assessor

TABLE 6

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the					Collected w Fiscal Year o			Collections		Total Collections to Da		
Ended June 30		Fiscal Year et abatements)	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy	ir 	n Subsequent Years	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy			
2009	\$	58,617,626	\$	57,082,656	97.4%	\$	1,507,654	\$	58,590,310	100.0%			
2010		60,163,158		58,578,657	97.4%		1,529,130		60,107,787	99.9%			
2011		60,831,265		59,194,513	97.3%		1,582,275		60,776,788	99.9%			
2012		63,291,283		61,974,383	97.9%		1,257,261		63,231,644	99.9%			
2013		65,143,925		63,789,524	97.9%		1,230,341		65,019,865	99.8%			
2014		67,298,950		65,882,954	97.9%		1,351,536		67,234,490	99.9%			
2015		69,680,408		68,356,351	98.1%		1,212,081		69,568,432	99.8%			
2016		70,239,804		68,936,347	98.1%		1,227,393		70,163,740	99.9%			
2017		72,685,804		71,587,413	98.5%		996,718		72,584,131	99.9%			
2018		74,476,044		73,427,810	98.6%		-		73,427,810	98.6%			

Source: City of Newport Tax Collector

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		Governmenta	I Activities		Busi	iness-Type A	ctivities					Net Bonded
Fiscal Year June 30,	General Obligation Bonds (2)	QZAB (1)	Bond Premium	Capital Leases	Water Bonds (2)	Maritime Notes	Water Pollution Control Bonds (2)	Total	U.S. Census Estimated Population	Net Bonded Debt per Capita	Taxable Assessed Value	Debt as % of Taxable Assessed Value
50ne 50,	Donus (2)	QZAD (I)	Treimain	Leases	Bollus (2)	Notes	Bolius (2)	Total	ropulation	Capita	Value	Value
2009 \$	15,153,587 \$	1,863,536 \$	\$		\$ 7,909,210 \$	\$ 200,000	5 10,341,988 \$	35,468,321	24,409 \$	5 1,453 \$	6,052,309,573	0.59%
2010	18,951,472	1,863,536			9,274,225	200,000	26,433,662	56,722,895	24,409	2,324	5,777,055,864	0.98%
2011	17,918,036	1,863,536		1,239,457	13,829,917	200,000	34,705,503	69,756,449	24,672	2,827	5,757,738,570	1.21%
2012	25,161,825	1,863,536	969,290	969,865	26,129,751	200,000	35,651,317	90,945,584	24,672	3,686	5,781,826,886	1.57%
2013	43,010,000	1,863,536	3,344,500	874,670	52,367,654	200,000	34,775,635	136,435,995	25,543	5,341	5,195,179,988	2.63%
2014	40,130,000	1,863,536	3,116,666	776,552	83,148,410	200,000	32,850,267	162,085,431	25,543	6,346	5,216,185,072	3.11%
2015	46,178,536	1,863,536	3,270,022	675,422	90,096,260	200,000	30,863,776	173,147,552	25,543	6,779	5,985,006,479	2.89%
2016	40,838,000		2,999,830	571,186	92,887,037	200,000	31,323,678	168,819,731	25,543	6,609	6,014,314,527	2.81%
2017	40,000,000		3,063,873	463,751	88,606,037	200,000	42,814,163	175,147,824	25,543	6,857	6,028,719,479	2.91%
2018	36,211,000		2,756,546	353,018	84,240,037	200,000	50,358,189	174,118,790	25,543	6,817	6,848,183,901	2.54%

Notes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements.

* See Schedule 12 for personal income and population data used to calculate these ratios.

(1) The City of Newport is paying annual sinking fund payments of \$133,110 to a bank for repayment of the QZAB bond. Please see the Notes to Financial Statements for additional information.

(2) Includes outstanding bond anticipation notes and revenue anticipation notes

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	_	Governmental Activities							Percentage				
Fiscal Year June 30,		General Obligation Bonds		Bond Premium		QZAB		Total	of Actual Taxable Value of Property *	Percentage of Personal Income	U.S. Census Estimated Population	_	Per Capita **
2009	\$	15,153,587	\$		\$	1,863,536	\$	17,017,123	0.28%	0.42%	24,409	\$	697
2010		18,951,472				1,863,536		20,815,008	0.36%	0.48%	24,409		853
2011		17,899,756				1,863,536		19,763,292	0.34%	0.46%	24,672		801
2012		16,161,825		969,290		1,863,536		18,994,651	0.33%	0.42%	24,672		770
2013		43,010,000		3,344,500		1,863,536		48,218,036	0.93%	1.04%	25,543		1,888
2014		40,130,000		3,116,666		1,863,536		45,110,202	0.85%	0.95%	25,543		1,766
2015		46,178,536		3,270,022		1,863,536		51,312,094	0.85%	1.01%	25,543		2,009
2016		40,838,000		2,999,830				43,837,830	0.73%	0.86%	25,543		1,716
2017		40,000,000		3,063,873				43,063,873	0.71%	Not Available	25,543		1,686
2018		36,211,000		2,756,546				38,967,546	0.57%	Not Available	25,543		1,526

Notes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The City of Newport has no overlapping debt nor does it collect taxes for any other entity.

* See Schedule 5 for property value data.

** Population data can be found in Schedule 12.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

	•	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total assessed value Rhode Island General Law debt	\$	6,052,309,573 \$	5,777,055,864 \$	5,757,738,570 \$	5,900,638,406 \$	5,195,179,988 \$	5,216,185,072 \$	5,985,006,479 \$	6,014,314,527 \$	6,028,719,479 \$	6,848,183,901
limitation as % of assessed value		3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Debt limit		181,569,287	173,311,676	172,732,157	177,019,152	155,855,400	156,485,552	179,550,194	180,429,436	180,861,584	205,445,517
Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds		17,017,123	20,815,008	20,712,430	18,407,430	44,873,536	41,993,536	48,042,072	40,838,000	40,000,000	36,211,000
Legal debt limit		181,569,287	173,311,676	172,732,157	177,019,152	155,855,400	156,485,552	179,550,194	180,429,436	180,861,584	205,445,517
Total net debt applicable to the limit	-	17,017,123	20,815,008	20,712,430	18,407,430	44,873,536	41,993,536	48,042,072	40,838,000	40,000,000	36,211,000
Legal debt margin	\$	164,552,164 \$	152,496,668 \$	152,019,727 \$	158,611,722 \$	110,981,864 \$	114,492,016 \$	131,508,122 \$	139,591,436 \$	140,861,584 \$	169,234,517
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	_	10.34%	13.65%	13.72%	11.61%	40.43%	36.68%	36.53%	29.26%	28.40%	21.40%

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

			Water Revenu	e Bonds				Water F	ollution Control	Revenue Bonds		
Fiscal Year	Utility Service	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt Se	rvice		Utility Service	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt Se	rvice	
June 30,	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2009 \$	9,614,675 \$	7,351,579 \$	2,263,096 \$	974,627 \$	280,770	1.80 \$	7,865,579 \$	5,167,234 \$	2,698,345 \$	925,429 \$	209,504	2.38
2010	10,466,106	7,241,885	3,224,221	1,362,914	368,855	1.86	7,951,054	5,507,303	2,443,751	977,313	567,363	1.58
2011	10,270,053	7,570,428	2,699,625	927,679	416,452	2.01	10,530,416	6,854,557	3,675,859	901,737	638,443	2.39
2012	12,257,011	7,186,396	5,070,615	1,004,789	719,275	2.94	13,486,581	5,576,173	7,910,408	1,235,096	1,131,893	3.34
2013	13,407,886	7,875,093	5,532,793	1,165,069	1,570,155	2.02	12,850,160	5,823,981	7,026,179	1,862,909	1,132,054	2.35
2014	15,238,273	7,780,097	7,458,176	808,000	2,667,530	2.15	12,245,091	5,802,679	6,442,412	1,925,368	1,088,093	2.14
2015	18,458,856	8,159,858	10,298,998	2,903,000	2,875,038	1.78	12,701,733	6,004,037	6,697,696	1,986,491	1,037,329	2.21
2016	17,880,464	8,616,975	9,263,489	4,206,000	2,799,198	1.32	13,558,415	6,106,879	7,451,536	2,046,303	1,000,695	2.45
2017	17,709,574	9,165,405	8,544,169	4,281,000	2,709,941	1.22 (1)	17,327,524	8,917,038	8,410,486	2,349,824	1,384,128	2.25
2018	17,857,261	8,600,106	9,257,155	4,366,000	2,589,293	1.33	18,071,759	9,861,765	8,209,994	2,831,077	1,604,598	1.85

Notes:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation expense.

"(1) Rates were increased effective October 1, 2016 so first quarter was under old rates.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year June 30,	Population		Per Capita Personal Income >	Total County Personal Income > (thousands)	Total State Personal Income > (thousands)	School Enrollment ^	Unemployment Rate <
2009	24,409 *	\$	50,290 \$	4,038,311 \$	43,594,132	2,134	9.9%
2010	24,409 *		50,259	4,295,271	44,200,452	2,132	11.2%
2011	24,672 *	**	53,089	4,303,320	46,125,394	2,119	10.9%
2012	24,672 *	**	55,682	4,529,740	46,112,864	2,029	10.5%
2013	24,672 *	**	56,472	4,653,093	49,409,583	2,097	9.2%
2014	24,672 *	**	57,488	4,734,561	51,026,876	1,988	7.7%
2015	24,672 *	**	61,666	5,082,707	52,833,501	2,078	6.0%
2016	24,672 *	**	61,367	5,080,183	53,272,444	2,130	5.4%
2017	24,672 *	**	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	2,171	4.2%
2018	24,672 *	**	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	2,207	2.7%

- * Source: Rhode Island Department of Planning.
- ** Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census.
- *** Source: 2010 US Census
- Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Information System. The City's population is 31.0% of the County.
- ^ Source: City School Department.
- < Source: RI Department of Labor & Training.

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

2	2018			200)9		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Naval Station Newport	4,632	1	33.9%	Naval Undersea Warfare Center	2,824	1	17.3%
Newport Harbor Corporation	1,139	2	8.3%	Naval Ondersea Wahare Center	2,024	I	0.0%
Lifespan	853	3	6.2%	Newport Hospital (Lifespan)	859	3	5.3%
City of Newport	735	4	5.4%	City of Newport	800	4	4.9%
Salve Regina University	568	5	4.2%	Salve Regina University	500	6	3.1%
Gurney's Newport Resort & Marina	400	6	2.9%	Hyatt Regency (Gurney's)	330	8	2.0%
Preservation Society of Newport County	388	7	2.8%	Preservation Society of Newport County	361	7	2.2%
East Bay Community Action Program	361	8	2.6%	, , ,			
James L. Maher Center	328	9	2.4%	James L. Maher Center	650	5	4.0%
Marriott International Inc.	211	10	1.5%				
				Naval Education and Training Center (NETC)	950	2	5.8%
				Child & Family Services of Newport County	280	10	1.7%
				Bank Newport	275	9	1.7%
Total	9,615		70.3%	Total	7,829		47.9%

Note: No reductions in the Naval Undersee Warfare Center or Naval Education and Training Center are recommended by the Base Realignment & Closing Commission (BRAC).

http://www.dlt.ri.gov/lmi/pdf/lausreport.pdf

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

					Fisc	al Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General government:										
Mayor and Council	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
City Manager	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25
City Solicitor	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Canvassing	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance	22	22	22	21	22	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5	22.5
City Clerk	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	6
Civic Investment	13	13	13	14	5	5	4	4	3	2
Zoning & Inspections					9	9	9	9	10	11
Total General Government	59	59	59	59	59	55.25	55.25	55.25	55.25	60.25
Public safety:										
Police	111.5	104.5	104.5	104.5	104.5	104.5	104.5	104.5	104.5	104.5
Fire	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
	210.5	203.5	203.5	203.5	203.5	203.5	203.5	203.5	203.5	203.5
Public health:										
Public works	40	40	40	40	43	43	46	46	47	49
Water	46.4	46.4	46.4	46.4	46.4	46.4	46.4	46.4	46.4	46.4
Wastewater	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	14.1
	88	88	88	88	91	91	94	94	95	109.5
Public welfare:										
Recreation and parks	4	4	4	3	3	3	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Public education:										
Teachers	201	197.5	211.5	212.1	208.4	198.2	208	210	224	220
Pupil support	60	58.5	45.5	48	51	50	59	70	66	79
Executive and administrative	74	69	63	59.5	56.4	57	57	61	64	66
	335	325	320	319.6	315.8	305.2	324	341	354	365
Total	696.5	679.5	674.5	673.1	672.3	657.95	676.75	693.75	707.75	738.25
i otai	090.0	019.0	0/4.3	073.1	012.3	001.90	010.15	033.13	101.15	130.23

Source: City budgets and School Business Manager

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (UNAUDITED)

					Fiscal Year					
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program										
Police:										
Arrests	1,777	1,723	1,827	1,185	1,372	1,721	1,526	1,431	1,240	1,301
Parking violations	40,962	35,535	31,679	34,765	28,804	20,775	22,753	31,152	30,689	35,031
Calls for Service	35,677	30,058	29,220	28,785	28,620	30,804	31,728	32,180	32,757	35,326
Fire:										
Emergency responses	5,891	3,675	3,719	4,162	4,340	4,057	4,138	3,729	3,662	3,818
Fires extinguished	78	109	78	123	156	118	77	109	105	107
Inspections	948	1,414	1,136	1,545	1,466	1,584	1,301	780	599	572
Refuse collection:										
Refuse collected (tons/day, average)	29.30	28.22	27.57	27.58	26.68	27.29	22.49	21.25	21.10	23.26
Recyclables collected (tons/day, average)	8.94	8.66	8.64	8.59	8.69	9.18	9.92	10.29	10.29	10.42
Other public works:										
Street resurfacing (miles)	1.90	4.2	9.43	6.5	9.26	3.283	1.41	3.61	1.34	1.51
Parks and recreation:										
Athletic field and facility rentals	309	325 ***	331	335	415	420	428	468	378	457
Library:										
Volumes in collections	211,767	167,209 ****	183,506 *****	172,814 *****	195,105 ^	206,451 ^	191,980	187,113	184,949	611,715 *****
Water:										
New connections	35	30	30	44	55	23	52	49	63	50
Water mains breaks	25	35	24	19	28	31	19	23	21	16
Average daily production (avail for sale)										
(million gallons per day)	6.93	6.65	6	5.9	5.67	5.79	5.55	5.44	5.34	5.36
Wastewater:										
Average daily sewage treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	10,000	11,100	8,550	9,463	8,240	7,094	7,200	7.14MGD	7.68MGD	7.92MGD

Note:

 ** Capacity exceeded in an effort to reduce CSO's. A CSO abatement program

under RIDEM approval is currently underway.

*** In addition to tracking Salve Regina University and the Gulls' renters, this information now includes newly tracked use of Cardine's Field by sunset league and also

2-hr field use rentals for various practices/functions.

**** The bulk of the difference is back issues of periodicals that were discarded

***** Includes 11,180 electronic holdings (in 2012); includes 459,803 Hoopla items

^ Includes 25,553 e books purchased consortially through Ocean State Libraries

Sources: Various city departments

CITY OF NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (UNAUDITED)

					Fiscal	Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function/Program										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	86	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79
Fire stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Public works:										
Streets (miles)	94	94	94	94	96.80	96.80	96.80	96.80	96.80	96.80
Streetlights	1,974	1,974	1,918	1,918	1,918	1,918	1,918	1,940	1,940	1,940
Traffic signals	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Parks and recreation:										
Acreage	183	183	183	183	183	183	183	416 *	427	427
Playgrounds	13	13	13	13	13	13	15	16 *	16	17
Multi purpose playing fields	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	16 *	16	16
Tennis courts	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	17 *	16	17
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 *	1	1
Water:										
Water mains (miles)	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	163	175	175
Fire hydrants	999	1,034	1,034	1,034	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,039	1,042	1,042
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons-treated)	10,500	10,500	10,500	10,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	8.25M **	8.25M	8.25M
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	90.2	90.2	90.2
Storm sewers (miles)	46.5	46.5	46.5	46.5	46.5	52.0	52.0	50.1	50.1	50.1
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons) (daily)	10,700	10,700	10,700	10,700	10,700	10,700	10,700	19.7M ***	19.7M	19.7M

Source: Various city departments * Per new Open Space Master Plan ** New water plant *** Wastewater System Improvements