CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PREPARED BY: DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

> **ROBERT F. STROM FINANCE DIRECTOR**

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Introductory Section

Allan W. Fung MAYOR



Robert F. Strom FINANCE DIRECTOR

Department of Finance

869 Park Avenue Cranston, RI 02910-2738 (401) 461-1000

December 31, 2018

Honorable Mayor Allan W. Fung and Members of the Cranston City Council Cranston, Rhode Island

The Finance Department is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island for the year ended June 30, 2018. The report includes the independent auditors' report as required by Rhode Island Statutes. The report is prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and standards set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the City. The City maintains four governmental funds that are annually appropriated. They are the two major funds (General Fund and the School Unrestricted Fund) and two others that are part of Other Governmental Funds (Community Development Block Grant and WIA Job Development). Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the calculation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Blum Shapiro & Company P.C., a public accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of municipalities within the State of Rhode Island, has audited the financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Cranston's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it. MD&A immediately follows the independent auditors' report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in a separately issued document.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF CRANSTON

The City was established as a City in 1754 and incorporated as a City in 1910. With a population of 81,479 as determined by the Rhode Island Economic Development Corporation, the City is the third most populous municipality in the State of Rhode Island (the "State"). Primarily a residential community, the City contains many fine developments.

The City operates under a home rule charter adopted in 1962 (the "Charter"), providing for a mayor/council form of government with a nine-member City Council headed by a Council President. The Charter vests all legislative powers of the City in the City Council, including the ordering of any tax, the making of appropriations and the transacting of any other business pertaining to the financial affairs of the City.

Cranston is located immediately south of Rhode Island's Capitol. The City covers an area of almost 30 square miles, stretching from Narragansett Bay in the east to the Town of Scituate in the west. It is bordered on the north by Providence and Johnston and on the south by Warwick, West Warwick and Coventry.

The two main arteries that pass through the City are Routes 1-95 and 1-295. These interstate multi-lane highways run north-south through the City. They provide direct access to Providence and other major cities such as Boston (45 minutes north) and New York (3.5 hours south). Most of Rhode Island's hundreds of miles of scenic coastline are within a half-hour's drive. The City is also just minutes away from the State's T.F. Green Airport located in the City of Warwick.

Howard Industrial Park, located at the interchange of Interstate Route 95 and State Route 37, was the City's major economic development success story of the 1970s and 1980s. This location is home to 38 companies with a workforce of more than 3,000. Premiere national and international companies like Ross Simons and Swarovski help to identify this area as one of the premier industrial parks in the State.

Cranston has one of the best educational systems in the state. It has well-maintained housing, modern recreational facilities and active civic organizations. Its reputation as a comfortable, prosperous city makes it one of the most attractive areas in New England for both commercial and residential settlement.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Population

Ranked second in population among the 39 cities and towns in the State in 2010, the City experienced a 1.4% increase in population from 2000 to 2010.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City of Cranston places a high priority on economic development initiatives in order to solicit and secure new business as well as give continual support to the improvement of the City's present business community, improving the City's tax base and the employment opportunities for Cranston residents. The City has successfully implemented aggressive business recruitment and expansion programs and has reinvested in its urban business corridors. Through a variety of forward thinking legislative initiatives, the city offers investment incentives to increase the financial viability of the City's new and existing development areas. In 2015 the City has passed two new industrial tax incentives for industrial properties. A business expanding or buying a new building spending \$12,000,000.00 to \$20,000,000.00 will be eligible for a phase in 15 year tax incentive on their improvements. In addition, a business expanding or buying a new building spending over \$20,000,000.00 will be eligible for a phase in 20 year tax incentive on their improvements.

The City has a commitment to the economic development of all of its available areas and strives to achieve a balance between appropriate land use and bringing higher quality jobs and living standards to its residents. With the assistance of the Department of Economic Development, the City has been a leader in bringing industrial and commercial development to its numerous sites over the past decade. Convenient highway access, ample water and sewer services, and a tradition of excellent municipal services combine to provide the type of environment that the business community seeks when considering expansion or relocation.

Industrial Park

The Western Cranston Industrial Area – Currently, this is not only Cranston's but one of the State of Rhode Island's fastest developing industrial parks, located centrally in the State at the interchange of Interstate 295 and Route 14. This area continues to develop as one of the most important parts of the City's industrial tax base. National recognized companies like Penske, Cadence Science, Con-Way Trucking, Electro Standards, MPC Corp, Design Fabricators, Jewelry Concepts, TASCA Automotive Parts Warehouse and Bay State Florist are just a few of the industrial tenants that have been attracted to this ever growing industrial area.

Garden City Center

Garden City Center, Rhode Island's premiere outdoor shopping venue has been a shopping destination of choice for five generations. The Center opened in 1948 and was the first suburban shopping center in the state with 500,000 square feet of retail and office space. Its well-manicured landscapes and enhanced gardens frame the architecturally unique shops and restaurants. The Center has national retailers such as LL Bean, Fat Face, Pottery Barn, Crate & Barrel, J Crew, LA Fitness, New Balance, Banana Republic, William Sonoma, Ann Taylor Co, Chico's, Jos A Banks, Talbots, The Container Store, GAP, Anthropologie, Destination Maternity, Soma-Intimates, The Loft, Mel and Me, Clarkes Shoes, L'Occitane, Sephora, White House/Black Market, Anthony's Cole Fired Pizza and Z-Gallerie. The Center also has regional and local retailers and restaurants such as Providence Diamond Company, Applebee's, Barrington Books, Edible Arrangements, Ethan Allan Design Center, Bistro 22, Starbucks, B. Goode, Pinkberry, Legal Sea Bar, Tavern in the Square, Tropical Smoothie, The Simple Greek and Whole Foods Market. In addition, Garden City has completed construction of two new buildings under Phase four development consisting of 37,000 square feet of total space.

Chapel View Shopping Center

Located directly across from Garden City, a new upscale mixed use shopping group, coupled with the many high quality stores of its next door neighbor, will establish this area of Cranston as one of the leading shopping centers of not only the State but of the Southeastern New England Region. Located on the former site of the State's Youth Training and Reform School, the developers have used a number of former historic structures, all over one hundred years old, to develop a European Village atmosphere that encompasses upscale condominiums, office space and retail components. Current tenants include Alex & Ani (Retail and Corporate Headquarters) one of the World's fastest growing companies, The Grille at Chapel View, First Comp a division of Markel Insurance Company, Residential Mortgage Services, Champlain Foundation, Staples, Panera Bread, Massage Envy, Bling Eyewear, Qdoba Mexican Grill, Shaw's Supermarket, Recreational Equipment Inc. (REI), T.J. Max, Koch Eye Associates, Omaha Steaks and Johnny Rockets. Top Golf has signed a lease and is currently in the planning process to open its first location in the State of RI in 2020. Top Golf features fun and competitive golf games for all ages, climate-controlled playing bays for year-round comfort, an impressive food and drink menu, private spaces for groups of any size, HDTVs to watch the big game and a music selection that will make every visit feel like a party.

Recent Development Initiatives

O'Reilly Auto Parts has open at the former El Tappetio Restaurant site. They re-developed the site for an auto parts store which included a new 7000 sf new building.

Cube Smart 950 Phenix Avenue – Mixed use development at the corner of Phenix and Natick has opened. This is also has a multi-use component that include the new home of Little Learners Academy of Cranston.

Carpionato Properties has developed the former Cranston Police property on Attwood Avenue. Two buildings have been constructed to include a Dairy Queen, Enterprise Car Rental and Pizza Hut.as the anchors.

Dollar General has re-developed the former site on the corner of Dyer and Park Avenues.

The Barrett Group has moved their corporate headquarters from Warwick to Cranston on Reservoir Avenue. They will relocate 15 staff members to the new location.

Shaws Market has completed a major renovation at Chapel View.

Coast to Coast Promotional Products purchased 1081 Pontiac Avenue relocating their front office operations and sample department from Greenville, Rhode Island. They are a full-service distributor for a vast assortment of topquality gifts and promotional items established in 1973 by Nicholas Ferranti, Jr.

Revolving Loan Fund

The Revolving Loan Fund is a fixed asset loan program that was established with Federal and matching City Funds approximately 25 years ago. The City's RLF program offers low interest loans to new as well as expanding businesses located in the City of Cranston.

In addition, the RFL fund provides gap financing for companies seeking to purchase equipment, finance renovations, job training and working capital.

The fund has distributed over \$4 million to companies that have located or expanded. The loans have leveraged over \$26 million in additional investments.

- Over 18,000 jobs have been created or retained as a result of the program.
- The loan portfolio has an average loan amount of \$110,000.
- Seventy percent of the loans have been made to companies with 25 or fewer employees.
- There are 13 current loans in the portfolio.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Cranston for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017; In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

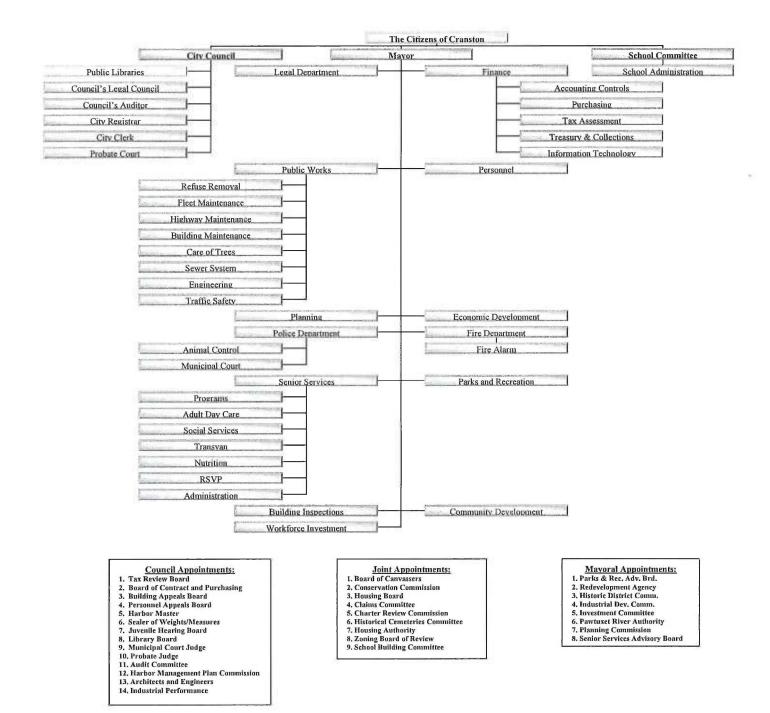
I would like to take this opportunity to thank the members of the Finance Department in the Division of Accounting Control, Treasury and Tax Collection, Contract and Purchase, Assessment and Management Information Systems for their diligence and cooperation on a daily basis in carrying out the duties and responsibilities of this department, The success that the Finance Department has enjoyed is due to their efforts.

I want to extend the grateful appreciation of all Finance Department employees and to you, Mayor and members of the City Council, for the confidence you have shown in us.

Sincerely,

Robert F. Strom

Robert F. Strom, Finance Director



CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND

MAYOR

Allan W. Fung

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Robert F. Strom, Michael Igoe, CPA Mark Capuano David Capuano Mark Marchesi William Aguiar Finance Director City Controller Tax Assessor City Treasurer Purchasing Agent Information Technology Manager

CITY COUNCIL

Michael J. Farina Michael W. Favicchio Christopher G. Paplauskas Paul H. Archetto John E. Lanni Jr. Steven A. Stycos Paul J. McAuley Kenneth J. Hopkins Edward J. Brady Council President Council Vice President



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Cranston Rhode Island

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Financial Section



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blumshapiro.com

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor Allan W. Fung and Members of the Cranston City Council City of Cranston, Rhode Island

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement

As discussed in Note 4L to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions.* The net position of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island has been restated to recognize the net other postemployment benefit liability in accordance with GASB No. 75 and also for the correction of an error in the prior year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information and the pension and OPEB schedules, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, statistical section, and Annual Supplemental Transparency Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Annual Transparency Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Annual Transparency Report are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2018 on our consideration of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Cranston, Rhode Island's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Cranston, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

Cranston, Rhode Island December 31, 2018

Allan W. Fung MAYOR



Robert F. Strom FINANCE DIRECTOR

Department of Finance 869 Park Avenue Cranston, RI 02910-2738 (401) 461-1000

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

As management of the City of Cranston, Rhode Island, we offer readers of the City of Cranston's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

It is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues that the City has encountered.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the City of Cranston exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 by \$245.1 million (*net position*).
- The net position of the City increased by \$13.7 million (or 5.3%) as restated. The governmental net position increased by \$10.3 million (or 3.2%) as restated and the business-type net position increased by \$3.4 million (or 5.7%).
- The governmental activities revenue decreased \$17.0 million (or 5.2%) and the net results from activities increased from prior year by \$42.1 million as restated. In 2018, the results of activities produced an increase in net position of \$10.3 million and in 2017 the results of activities produced a decrease in net position of \$33.0 million as restated.
- The business-type activities revenue decreased by \$0.3 million (or 1.0%), and the net results from activities decreased by \$1.4 million (or 29.9%) from the prior year. In 2018, the results of activities produced an increase in business-type net position of \$3.4 million, while in 2017 the results of activities also produced an increase of \$4.8 million in business-type net position.
- The General Fund (the primary operating fund) reflected on a current financial resource basis reports an increase in fund balance of \$0.1 million (or 0.5%), compared to \$0.1 million increase in the prior year.
- The City's total debt increased by \$6.4 million. The increase is due primarily to the \$10.8 million in bond anticipation notes less current year principal repayments.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit I) and the Statement of Activities (Exhibit II) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. For governmental activities, the fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Reporting the City as a Whole

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the City's net position and changes to net position. You can think of the City's net position as the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base, to assess the overall health of the City.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Cranston that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities present the functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, public libraries, parks and recreation, education, senior services, community development, and interest expense. The business-type activities of the City of Cranston include sewer utilities, the Public Facilities Management Foundation, and the School Lunch Fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits I and II of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2018

The City and School Department maintains 44 and 123 individual governmental funds, respectively. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for both the General Fund and the School Department. For reporting purposes, the amount presented as the General Fund is comprised of the general fund and eight other funds. Similarly for reporting purposes, the amount presented as the School Department is comprised of the school department's general fund and one other fund. Both the General Fund and School Department are considered to be major funds. Data from the City's and School Department's other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled Other Governmental Funds. Individual fund data for each of the other 156 governmental funds, which are consolidated into 16 funds for reporting purposes, is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the installation of new science labs into various schools) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibility for using certain taxes, grants and other money (like grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development).

The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and School Department. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of them as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City of Cranston maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Cranston uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer operations, Public Facilities Management Foundation, and its school non-major programs. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of Cranston and School Department uses an internal service fund to account for certain self-insured risks. Because this fund predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer utilities fund and the Public Facilities Management Foundation, which are considered to be major funds of the City of Cranston. The school lunch program fund is the sole non-major enterprise fund and is presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements. The internal service fund is also presented separately in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits V, VI, and VII of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits VIII, and IX of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following exhibit IX of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning budgetary compliance schedules for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund-School Unrestricted, as well as the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Included below is a condensed Statement of Net Position for the City of Cranston. The condensed format allows the reader to view the overall financial position of the City.

As of June 30 (In Millions)							
	Governmer	ntal Activities (As Restated)	Business-ty	pe Activities		<u>Total</u> (As Restated)	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	<u>2017</u>	
Assets:							
Current and other assets	\$ 76.3	\$ 71.0	\$ 23.3	\$ 22.8	\$ 99.6	\$ 93.8	
Capital assets	125.8	116.1	72.6	72.0	198.4	188.1	
Total Assets	202.1	187.1	95.9	94.8	298.0	281.9	
Deferred Outflow of Resources	107.1	89.4	0.5	0.5	107.6	89.9	
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows of Resources	309.2	276.5	96.4	95.3	405.6	371.8	
<i>Liabilities:</i> Long-term liabilities							
outstanding	546.7	540.5	20.2	21.4	566.9	561.9	
Other liabilities	24.0	25.1	6.2	6.1	30.2	31.2	
Total Liabilities	570.7	565.6	26.4	27.5	597.1	<u>593.1</u>	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	47.0	29.6	6.7	7.9	53.7	37.5	
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows of Resources	_616.7	595.2	33.1	35.4	650.8	<u>630.6</u>	
Net Position:	20.2	20.5	71.5	70.0	110.9	110 4	
Net investment in capital assets. Restricted-Debt Service	39.3	39.5	71.5	70.9	110.8 0.4	110.4 0.5	
Unrestricted	(347.7)	(358.2)	0.4 (8.6)	0.5 (11.5)	(356.3)	0.5 (369.7)	
Total Net Position	\$ (308.4)	\$ (318.7)	\$ 63.3	\$ 59.9	\$ (245.1)	\$ (258.8)	

Condensed Statement of Net Position

The composition of net position and the changes in net position over a period of time serves as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The City's total liabilities at June 30, 2018, exceed assets by \$245.1 million and were comprised of \$(308.4) million from governmental activities and \$63.3 million from business-type activities. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 \$(347.7) million of the total \$(245.1) million in net position is unrestricted.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Net investment in capital assets comprises \$110.8 and \$110.4 million of Net Position at June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. This category reflects the total invested in capital assets (vehicles, equipment, etc.) net of any related debt used to acquire capital assets. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and do not represent resources available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The second category of Net Position, restricted Net Position, represents Net Position that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Restricted Net Position as of June 30, 2018 totaled \$0.4 million for debt service.

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Net Position summary presentation:

Net Results of Activities - which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for Capital - which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital</u> - which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in invested in capital assets and an increase in related net debt which will not change the net investment in capital assets.

<u>Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital</u> - which will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

<u>**Principal Payment on Debt</u>** - which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.</u>

<u>Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation</u> - which will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

Governmental Activities-Condensed Statements of Net Position

The category of "Current and Other Assets" was \$76.4 million at June 30, 2018. This category consisted primarily of "Cash" of \$31.7 million as of June 30, 2018. This balance was attributable to a strong tax collection trend. "Receivables-Property Taxes" of \$9.2 million, "Net pension asset" of \$14.9 million. "Receivables-Intergovernmental was \$11.5 million, "Advanced deposits-hospitalization" was \$4.0 million and net other receivables accounted for \$5.1 million.

"Deferred Outflow of Resources" was \$107.1 million at June 30, 2018 and was comprised of \$105.9 million in "Pension liability" and \$1.2 million from the deferred charge on refunding and OPEB liability.

"Total liabilities" at June 30, 2018 were \$570.7 million. That included long-term liabilities outstanding of \$546.7 million, composed primarily of \$91.1 million in general obligation bonds and leases payable (used to fund various capital projects such as school construction and playground construction and improvements), \$404.8 million in outstanding pension obligations and \$50.8 million in OPEB obligations. Current liabilities total \$24.0 million at June 30, 2018 and were composed \$5.9 million in accounts payable, \$1.0 million of intergovernmental payables, \$2.3 million of accrued liabilities, unearned revenue of \$3.6 million, \$10.1 million in current portion of long-term debt and claims and judgements of \$1.0 million.

"Deferred Inflow of Resources" of \$47.0 million was composed of \$40.0 million related to the City's pension liabilities, \$1.4 million related to the City's OPEB liability, and \$5.7 million of advanced tax collections.

Total net position at June 30, 2018 was \$(308.4) million and was comprised of unrestricted of \$(347.7) and "Net Investment in Capital Assets" of \$39.3 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2018

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities-Condensed Statements of Net Position

For business-type activities, such as the Sewer Enterprise Fund, "Current and Other Assets" of \$23.3 million consisted primarily of \$17.3 million in cash which was available to support the current operations of the Enterprise Funds, "Cash held in escrow" of \$0.4 million, restricted cash of \$1.2 million, receivables of \$4.2 million and other assets of \$0.2 million.

Long-term liabilities of \$20.2 million were comprised primarily of \$18.3 million of "Long-term liabilities due in more than one year" which represents the non-current portion of long-term liabilities, primarily general obligation bonds used to finance the capital operations of the Sewer Plant as well as SRF (state revolving fund) loan from Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank, \$1.8 million of "Net pension liability" and "Net OPEB liability" of \$0.1 million.

Other liabilities of \$6.2 million consisted primarily of \$2.1 million of "Accounts payable", and \$1.1 million for the "Current portion of long-term bonds payable", "Retainage payable" of \$0.8 million, "Accrued interest payable" of \$0.2 million and "Unearned revenue" of \$2.0 million.

"Deferred Inflows of Resources" of \$6.7 million represents \$6.5 million for the "Deferred sewer lease arrangement" and \$0.2 million of "Net pension liability."

The total net position for the Business-type Activities as of June 30, 2018 was \$63.3 million. Net investment in capital assets was the major component of net position for business-type activities and amounted to \$71.5 million at June 30, 2018. As stated above, in the government-wide analysis of the Statement of Net Position \$0.4 million was restricted for debt service and \$(8.6) million was designated "Unrestricted".

Statement of Activities

A condensed Statement of Activities for the City of Cranston is presented below listing the major categories of revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Condensed Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30 (In Millions)

	Government	tal Activities (As Restated)		Business-Type Activities		o <u>tal</u> Restated)
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 18.8	\$ 41.9	\$26.3	\$26.8	\$45.1	\$68.7
Operating grants and contributions	82.7	85.9	2.6	2.7	85.3	88.6
Capital grants and contributions	0.1	0.1	0.2		0.3	0.1
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	190.1	186.4			190.1	186.4
Gain on sale of property						
State special funding for pensions	10.8	7.8			10.8	7.8
Motor vehicle phase-out taxes	3.5	1.0			3.5	1.0
Investment income	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.4	1.2	1.2
Transfers	-	-			-	-
Other	2.9	2.8	0.1	0.1	3.0	2.9
Total revenues	309.7	326.7	29.6	30.0	339.4	356.7

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Statement of Activities (Continued)

	Governmental Activities		Business-T	Business-Type Activities		<u>Fotal</u>		
		(As Restated)	1		(A	(As Restated)		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Program Expenses:								
General government	\$ 16.0	\$ 16.2			\$ 16.0	\$ 16.2		
Public safety	75.8	123.2			75.8	123.2		
Public works	16.7	15.0			16.7	15.0		
Education	177.3	190.1	\$6.1	\$6.1	183.4	196.2		
Parks and recreation	3.5	3.5			3.5	3.5		
Libraries	3.6	3.8			3.6	3.8		
Senior services	3.0	3.1			3.0	3.1		
Community development	1.3	1.0			1.3	1.0		
Sewer			20.2	19.1	20.2	19.1		
Interest and other costs	2.1	2.6			2.1	2.6		
Total expenses	299.3	358.5	26.3	25.2	325.6	383.7		
Change in net position	10.3	(31.8)	3.4	4.8	13.7	(27.0)		
Net Position – July 1	(318.7)	(286.9)	59.9	55.1	(258.8)	(231.8)		
Net Position – June 30	\$(308.4)	\$ (318.7)	\$ 63.3	\$ 59.9	\$ (245.1)	\$ (258.8)		

The Condensed Statement of Net Activities presents revenues, expenses and changes in net position separately for governmental activities and business-type activities. The condensed format allows for presentation of program revenues (charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions) followed by a listing of general revenues to support the City's overall government or business-type activities. Expenses are presented on a functional basis, with depreciation on capital assets directly allocated to the related expense.

Governmental Activities-Condensed Statement of Activities

General revenues include all revenues not required to be reported as "program revenue". The total of other "general revenues" for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$208.2 million and \$198.8 million as restated, respectively. Included in these totals were \$190.1 and \$186.4 million in property taxes for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

"Program expenses" are presented in the Condensed Statement of Activities by function and total \$299.3 and \$358.5 million (as restated) including interest on long-term debt for the fiscal years June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

"Changes in net position" increased \$42.1 million to \$10.3 million from (\$31.8) million, for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 as restated, respectively. The change resulted primarily from a decrease in public safety and education expense related to the recognition of OPEB expenses in the prior fiscal year.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities – Condensed Statement of Activities

Business-Type Activities provided by the City of Cranston consists primarily of the operation of the wastewater facility commonly known as the Sewer Enterprise Fund. The majority of revenues for this fund consist of charges for services. In fiscal years 2018 and 2017, the City generated \$26.3 and \$26.8 million, respectively, in charges for services for all of its business-type activities.

The total amount of expenses for business-type activities were \$26.3 and \$25.2 million, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

The "Change in Net Position" decreased \$1.4 million to \$3.4 million from \$4.8 million for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. This activity increased the "Business-Type Net Position" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 to \$63.3 million as compared to \$59.9 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Financial Analysis of City's Funds

Governmental Funds

The City of Cranston's governmental funds consists of two major funds. The major funds are the City's General Fund and the School Department. Presented below is a condensed Balance Sheet for the two major funds of the Governmental funds.

Combined fund balances for all the Governmental Funds was \$34.9 million. Fund balance was comprised of \$0.3 million "Non-spendable" fund balances, \$15.9 million "Restricted" fund balances and \$0.9 million "Committed" fund balances and \$17.8 million of "Unassigned" fund balances. Under the modified-accrual basis for Fund Financial Statements, the emphasis is on accounting for current financial resources of the City.

Assets of \$62.3 million include primarily \$30.7 million in "Cash", \$6.5 million in "Taxes Receivable", \$11.6 million in "Intergovernmental Receivables", "Other Receivables" of \$4.8 million, "Prepaid" of \$0.1 million, "Advance deposits-hospitalization" of \$0.2 million, "Due from Other Funds" of \$8.4 million.

"Total liabilities and deferred inflows" of \$27.4 million consisted of \$6.7 million of "Accounts Payable", \$4.4 million in "Due to Other Funds", \$9.3 million in "Unearned Revenue", \$1.2 million of Accrued Payroll and other liabilities and \$5.7 million of "Unavailable Revenue".

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2018

Condensed Balance Sheet

As of June 30	
(In Millions)	

	General Fund		School Department		Total Major Funds	
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	(As Restated) <u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	(As Restated) 2017
Assets:						
Current and other assets	<u>\$38.2</u>	\$38.0	\$7.0	\$9.0	\$45.2	\$47.0
Total assets	38.2	38.0	7.0	9.0	45.2	47.0
Liabilities:						
Other liabilities	17.2	17.1	1.7	3.6	18.9	20.7
Total liabilities	17.2	17.1	1.7	3.6	18.9	20.7
Fund Balance:						
Non-spendable	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3
Restricted	0.5	0.5	4.4	4.0	4.9	4.5
Committed			0.8	1.3	0.8	1.3
Assigned						
Unassigned	20.3	20.2		-	20.3	20.2
Total fund balance	<u>\$21.0</u>	\$20.9	\$5.3	\$5.4	\$26.3	\$26.3

General Fund - Condensed Balance Sheet

The General Fund's total assets of \$38.2 million consists primarily of \$22.5 million in "Cash" \$6.5 million of "Taxes Receivable" \$6.7 million of "Intergovernmental Receivables", "Due from Other Funds" of \$2.3 million, "Advanced Deposits-hospitalization" of \$0.2 million.

Total liabilities for the General Fund were \$17.2 million. "Accounts Payable" amounted to \$2.2 million, \$5.8 million represented "Unearned Revenue", \$2.5 million in "Due to Other Funds", \$1.0 million of accrued liabilities and \$5.7 million of "Unavailable Revenue".

As of June 30, 2018 the City's fund balance was \$21.0 million of which \$0.2 million was "Non-spendable", \$0.5 million was "Restricted", and \$20.3 million was "Unassigned".

School Department - Condensed Balance Sheet

The School Department's total assets were \$7.0 million. The majority of that consisted primarily of \$5.9 of "Due from Other Funds", "Prepaid" of \$0.1 million and "Other" assets of \$1.0 million.

Liabilities for the School Department totaled \$1.7 million. The majority of that consisted of \$1.6 million of "Accounts Payable" and \$0.1 million "Due to Other Funds".

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the School Department had a fund balance of \$5.3 million. This was comprised of \$0.1 million "Non-spendable", \$4.4 million "Restricted and \$0.8 million of "Committed" fund balance.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

A condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the City of Cranston is presented below listing the major categories of revenues and expenditures for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. The major funds for the City of Cranston are the "General Fund" and the "School Department."

The fund reporting format, also presented on a functional basis, presented in "Exhibit IV - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds" presents all revenue types followed by the expenditures of the City. The fund financial statements report current year capital expenditures and do not report depreciation on capital assets. Likewise, principal payments on long-term liabilities are reported as current year expenditures and are not offset against the related long-term liability as within the Government-wide Financial Statements. The major source of revenues for the City comes from "General Property Taxes". For the years ending June 30, 2018, and 2017, the City collected \$190.0, and \$187.1 million of property taxes, respectively. Total revenues for all major governmental funds for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, were \$293.6, and \$283.7 million, respectively. For the major governmental funds, the total expenditures for the years ending June 30, 2018, and 2017, were \$293.8, and \$284.9 million, as restated, respectively. For the year ended June 30, 2018, General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$93.7 million before other financing sources (uses) as compared to \$92.7 million for the period ending June 30, 2017.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

	Year Ended (In Milli					
	General Fund			School Department		/lajor <u>mental</u>
	2010	2017		As Restated)	(As Restated)	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:						
General Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$190.0	\$187.1			\$190.0	\$187.1
Intergovernmental	18.2	14.1	\$58.2	\$55.4	76.4	69.5
Charges for services	15.2	13.9	1.3	1.7	16.5	15.6
State fiscal stabilization funds						
State on behalf pension contributions			7.7	7.6	7.7	7.6
Investment income	0.4	0.2			0.4	0.2
Other	1.2	2.1	1.4	1.6	2.6	3.7
Total revenues	225.0	217.4	68.6	66.3	293.6	283.7
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	10.5	9.8			10.5	9.8
Public safety	84.0	80.7			84.0	80.7
Public works	16.3	14.6			16.3	14.6
Education			162.5	160.2	162.5	160.2
Parks and recreation	3.5	3.3			3.5	3.3
Public libraries	3.5	3.3			3.5	3.3
Senior services	3.0	2.9			3.0	2.9
Other	0.2	0.2			0.2	0.2
Debt Service:	•				•	•
Principal	7.3	7.0			2.3	7.0
Interest and other costs	3.0	2.9			3.0	2.9
Total expenditures	131.3	124.7	162.5	160.2	293.8	284.9

	General Fund		School Department (As Restated)		Total Major <u>Governmental</u> (As Restated)	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	93.7	92.7	(93.9)	(93.9)	(0.2)	(1.2)
<i>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</i> Issuance of debt Transfers in Transfers out	(93.6)	(92.6)	93.8	93.2	93.8 (93.6)	93.2 (92.6)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(93.6)	(92.6)	93.8	93.2	0.2	0.6
Net change in fund balances	0.1	0.1	(0.1)	(0.7)	0.0	(0.6)
Fund balance July 1	20.9	20.8	5.4	6.1	26.3	26.9
Fund balance June 30	<u>\$ 21.0</u>	\$ 20.9	\$ 5.3	\$ 5.4	\$ 26.3	\$ 26.3

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

<u>Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-General</u> <u>Fund</u>

The City's General Fund had revenues of \$225.0 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was comprised of \$190.0 million in "General Property Taxes", \$18.2 million of "Intergovernmental" revenues, \$15.2 million in "Charges for Services", \$0.4 million in "Investment Income", and \$1.2 million in "Other" revenue.

Expenditures for the General Fund for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 were \$131.3 million. These expenditures consisted of \$10.5 million in "General Government" expenditures, \$84.0 million of "Public Safety" expenditures, \$16.3 million of "Public Works" expenditures, \$3.5 million of "Parks and Recreation" expenditures, \$3.5 million of "Public Libraries" expenditures, \$3.0 million of "Senior Services" expenditures, \$0.2 million of "Other" expenditures, \$7.3 million of "Debt Service Principal" expenditures, and \$3.0 million of "Interest and Other Costs".

In addition to general operating expenses, the General Fund also had "Net Other Financing Uses" of \$ 93.6 million. This was composed of a \$(93.6) million of "Transfers Out" to the "School Department" for operations.

The net change in fund balances was \$0.1 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This resulted in basically a balanced budget for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2018.

<u>Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-School</u> <u>Department</u>

The "School Department" had revenues for the year ended June 30, 2018 of \$68.6 million. This was derived from \$58.2 million of "Intergovernmental" revenues, \$1.3 million of "Charges for Services", \$7.7 million of "State on Behalf Pension Contribution" and \$1.4 million of "Other Income".

Expenditures for the School Department totaled \$162.5 million. This entire amount represents expenditures related to "Education".

<u>Review of Governmental Major Funds-Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-School</u> <u>Department (Continued)</u>

In addition to general operating revenues, the School Department received \$93.8 million of "Other Financing Sources". This amount was comprised of "Transfers In" from the "General Fund" of \$93.6 million for operations and \$0.2 million from other school special revenue accounts.

The net change in fund balance was (\$0.1) million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was due primarily to use of a capital reserve account for a capital project.

Proprietary Funds

The Proprietary Funds consist of the Sewer Fund, the Non-Major Programs and the Internal Service Funds. The major source of revenues consists of "Charges for Usage and Service" of \$59.3 million. Total operating revenues were \$63.2 million. Total operating expenses for the year ending June 30, 2018, for the Proprietary Funds were \$61.1 million. The "Health Care Management" of the school department of \$24.5 million, the "Contract Payments" of \$16.2 million for sewer privatization, "Operation" expense of \$5.8 million. "Personnel" cost of \$2.1 million, "Claims" of \$10.2 million and \$2.3 million of "Depreciation" comprise the majority of the expenses. Net Non-Operating Income for the year ending June 30, 2018 was \$2.7 million. The Proprietary Funds ended fiscal year 2018 with \$4.7 million more in revenues than expenses. Total Net Position was \$63.3 million at June 30, 2018, of that "Net Investment in Capital Assets" was \$71.5 million, Restricted for Debt Service of \$0.4 million and \$(8.6) million was "Unrestricted". Total Net Position as of June 30, 2018 increased \$4.8 million from \$58.5 million to \$63.3 million or 8.2%.

Analysis of Significant Budget Variations in the General Fund

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the General Fund Revenues were under budget projections by \$0.4 million or 0.2%. General Fund expenditures were under budget by \$0.5 million or 1.1%. This resulted in a \$0.1 million surplus for the General Fund for the year ending June 30, 2018.

Significant revenue variances include:

- General Property Taxes Favorable variance of \$1.2 million due to the implementation of a new software system that allows taxpayers to pay via the internet as either an ACH or credit card payment..
- Intergovernmental Unfavorable variance of \$1.2 million from decrease in the amount budgeted by various departments for grants versus the amount actually received by departments for grants

Most of the departments within the City had minimal surpluses/deficits with regard to their expense budgets. The combined results of these variances were sufficient to offset the shortfalls in revenue leaving the City with a minimal operating surplus of \$0.1 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

The City of Cranston's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 amounted to \$198.4 and \$188.0 million, respectively (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, motor vehicles, machinery and equipment and office furniture and equipment, and infrastructure.

The presentation below for the current fiscal year lists the major categories of capital assets for governmental activities and business-type activities. Infrastructure assets, assets that are long-lived and can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets and that normally are stationary in nature such as streets, sidewalks and curbing are subject to different rules under the standards established by GASB 34. All infrastructure assets are included in the City's capital assets.

Capital Assets at Year End

(In Millions)						
	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business-Type <u>Activities</u>		Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Land	\$ 15.3	\$ 14.9	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.3	\$ 15.6	\$ 15.2
Construction in progress	2.8	1.9	20.5	18.9	23.3	20.8
Land improvements	37.0	29.0	0.3	0.3	37.3	29.3
Buildings	112.0	109.9			112.0	109.9
Motor vehicles	22.0	20.7			22.0	20.7
Equipment	16.1	14.2	0.8	0.6	16.9	14.8
Infrastructure	87.3	86.7			87.3	86.7
Leasehold improvements						
Sewer lines			51.6	50.6	51.6	50.6
Treatment and pumping plant			83.9	83.9	83.9	83.9
Total assets	292.5	277.3	157.4	154.6	449.9	431.9
Less: accumulated depreciation	(166.7)	(161.3)	(84.8)	(82.6)	(251.5)	(243.9)
Net capital assets	\$ 125.8	\$ 116.0	\$ 72.6	\$ 72.0	\$ 198.4	\$ 188.0

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 were \$449.9 million less accumulated depreciation of \$251.5 million for a net investment in capital assets of \$198.4 million.

Governmental Activities:

Major capital asset additions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 included the following:

- \$1.8 million in school renovations
- \$0.8 million in playground upgrades
- \$6.7 million for road repayment and storm drain repairs
- \$0.1 million for library upgrades
- \$1.0 million for bridge infrastructure replacement
- \$1.4 million for fire equipment
- \$0.4 million for building improvements

Business-Type Activities:

Major capital asset additions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 included the following:

- \$1.6 million of construction in progress for improvements at the treatment plant
- \$1.0 million of sewer line infrastructure upgrades

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found on Note III. C. of this report.

Long-Term Liabilities

As of June 30, 2018, the governmental activities had total long-term obligations of \$556.8 million. Of that, \$404.8 million was pension related debt, \$50.8 million was for post-retirement health benefits and \$87.3 million related to bonded debt guaranteed by the City's assets. Based on an actuarial valuations completed as of July 1, 2018 for governmental activities, the net pension liability for unpaid pension contributions increased by \$1.2 million from \$403.6 million at June 30, 2017 to \$404.8 million at June 30, 2018. The net other post-employment benefit obligation (OPEB) liability for governmental activities decreased \$2.7 million from \$53.4 million at June 30, 2017 to \$50.8 million at June 30, 2018. Additional information can be found in Note III. F.

The business-type activities had total long-term obligations of \$21.3 million. Of that, \$19.4 million related to State Revolving Loans (SRF) from Rhode Island Infrastructure Bank (these funds are available for projects related to clean water), \$1.8 million in net pension liabilities, \$0.1 million in net post-retirement health benefit obligations. Based on an actuarial valuations completed as of July 1, 2018 for business-type activities, the net pension obligation liability for unpaid pension contributions decreased by \$0.1 million from \$1.9 million at June 30, 2017 to \$1.8 million at June 30, 2018. The net other post-employment benefit obligation (OPEB) liability for business-type activities remained unchanged at \$0.1 million. Additional information can be found in Note III. F.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Debt Outstanding

For the year ending June 30, 2018, the City had \$87.3 million in debt (bonds, notes, etc.) outstanding as compared to \$79.8 million at June 30, 2017, a net increase of \$7.5 million or 9.4% (considering debt issuances and retirements). The key factors for this increase was the issuance of \$10.8 million in bond anticipation notes offset by the principal repayments on outstanding issues.

For the year ending June 30, 2018, the Business-Type Activities had \$19.4 million in debt (bonds, notes, etc.) outstanding as compared to \$20.4 million at June 30, 2017, a net decrease of \$1.0 million or 4.9% (considering debt retirements). The key factor for this decrease was principal repayments of \$1.0 million.

Outstanding Debt, at June 30 (In Millions)

	2018	<u>2017</u>
Governmental:		
General obligation bonds	. \$73.7	\$76.6
Bond anticipation notes		0.0
Capital lease	. 2.8	3.2
Subtotal	. 87.3	79.8
Business-type:		
	10.4	20.4
Sewer revolving loans		20.4
Subtotal	. <u>19.4</u>	20.4
Total	. <u>\$ 106.7</u>	\$ 100.2

Principal payments of \$7.9 million and \$1.1 million were made in the governmental and business-type activities, respectively, during fiscal year 2018.

Except as explained below, under Rhode Island law the City may not, without special statutory authorization, incur any debt that would increase its aggregate indebtedness not otherwise excepted by law to an amount greater than 3% of the taxable property of the City. Deducted from the computation of aggregate indebtedness is the amount of any borrowing in anticipation of taxes authorized by law and the amount of any sinking funds maintained by the City. There is currently no outstanding debt of the city subject to the 3% debt limit. The current 3% debt limit of the City is \$212.8 million based on taxable property as of December 31, 2016, of approximately \$7.1 billion. On June 30, 2018, the City had \$73.5 million of debt outstanding that is outside the 3% debt limit.

The City's bond ratings are as follows:

- Standard & Poor's : "AA-"
- Fitch Ratings: "AA-"
- Moody's Investors Service : "A1"

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- As noted previously, the Fiscal Year 2019 operating budget was passed by a majority vote of the City Council. Property tax collections were assumed to be collected at 98.9% of the current levy.
- The City budgeted approximately \$22.6 million for Police and Fire Pension Fund contributions and \$5.1 million for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB).

Unemployment Statistics

The table below presents the most recent labor market information summary for not seasonally adjusted unemployment rates for the fiscal years ended June 30th:

				Ann	ualized		7.3% $6.0%$ $5.1%$ $4.1%$ $3.7%$ 7.8 6.0 5.3 4.4 4.3						
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>			
City of Cranston State of Rhode Island United States	11.2% 11.2 9.5	11.7% 11.3 9.4	10.6% 10.9 9.1	10.4% 10.5 8.2	9.3% 9.3 7.5	7.3% 7.8 6.1	6.0	5.3	4.4	4.3			

Source: Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City of Cranston's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Finance Director City of Cranston 869 Park Avenue Cranston, RI 02910



Basic Financial Statements

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Governmental Activities	_	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,681,553	\$	17,264,567 \$	48,946,120
Receivables:					
Property taxes		9,168,795			9,168,795
Sewer assessments and user fees, net		44 540 000		1,301,600	1,301,600
Intergovernmental		11,540,663		2,770,632	14,311,295
Loans		2,891,886		404 700	2,891,886
Other		1,946,411		184,760	2,131,171
Prepaids		126,009		24,304	150,313
Advance deposits - hospitalization		3,120,326		57.040	3,120,326
Inventory Other eccete		2 702		57,042	57,042
Other assets		3,792		(107 419)	3,792
Internal balances Total current assets	-	<u>107,418</u> 60,586,853	-	<u>(107,418)</u> 21,495,487	82,082,340
Total current assets	-	00,000,000	-	21,495,407	02,002,340
Noncurrent Assets:					
Advance deposits - hospitalization		853,000			853,000
Net pension asset		14,923,413		195,778	15,119,191
Restricted cash - debt service reserve		-		1,195,219	1,195,219
Held in escrow		-		439,167	439,167
Other assets		-			-
Total noncurrent assets	_	15,776,413	-	1,830,164	17,606,577
Capital Assets:					
Nondepreciable:					
Land		15,299,094		342,712	15,641,806
Construction in progress		2,757,598		20,516,606	23,274,204
Depreciable (net of accumulated depreciation):		_, ,		20,010,000	
Land improvements		21,782,324		-	21,782,324
Buildings and leasehold improvements		63,618,658		34,023	63,652,681
Sewer service to customers				15,301	15,301
Treatment and pumping plant		-		33,662,025	33,662,025
Vehicles		6,165,490		26,398	6,191,888
Machinery, equipment and furniture		3,026,406		162,129	3,188,535
Infrastructure		13,196,167		17,788,587	30,984,754
Total net capital assets	_	125,845,737	-	72,547,781	198,393,518
T to be a second to control		141 600 150		74 977 045	216 000 005
Total noncurrent assets	_	141,622,150	-	74,377,945	216,000,095
Total assets	_	202,209,003	-	95,873,432	298,082,435
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred charge on refunding		804,816		-	804,816
Deferred outflows of resources realted to pensions		105,858,504		535,362	106,393,866
Deferred outflows of resources realted to OPEB		462,874		1,802	464,676
	_	107,126,194	-	537,164	107,663,358
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	309,335,197	\$_	96,410,596 \$	405,745,793

(Continued on next page)

	-	Governmental Activities	_	Business-Type Activities		Total
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	5,854,574	\$	2,143,759	5	7,998,333
Accrued liabilities		55,469		-		55,469
Accrued payroll		1,121,521		1,582		1,123,103
Compensated absences				38,943		38,943
Accrued interest payable		1,164,935		177,632		1,342,567
Retainage payable		27,980		808,790		836,770
Unearned revenue		3,647,666		1,974,085		5,621,751
Due to fiduciary fund		1,013,038				1,013,038
Claims payable		964,595		-		964,595
Long-term liabilities due within one year		10,107,094		1,079,300		11,186,394
Total current liabilities	_	23,956,872	_	6,224,091	_	30,180,963
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Net pension liability		404,838,085		1,824,226		406,662,311
Net OPEB liability		50,756,692		131,179		50,887,871
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year		91,144,048		18,273,699		109,417,747
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	546,738,825	-	20,229,104		566,967,929
	-	, ,	-	-, -, -		
Total liabilities	-	570,695,697	_	26,453,195		597,148,892
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Advanced tax collections		5,688,631		-		5,688,631
Deferred sewer lease arrangement		-		6,532,707		6,532,707
Deferred inflows of resources realted to pensions		39,964,751		160,869		40,125,620
Deferred inflows of resources realted to OPEB		1,368,312		676		1,368,988
	-	47,021,694		6,694,252	_	53,715,946
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	-	617,717,391	_	33,147,447	_	650,864,838
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		39,345,605		71,468,481		110,814,086
Restricted for:						
Debt Service				439,167		439,167
Unrestricted		(347,727,799)		(8,644,499)		(356,372,298)
Total net position	-	(308,382,194)	-	63,263,149		(245,119,045)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Net Position	\$_	309,335,197	\$_	96,410,596	5_	405,745,793

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Program Revenues						Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position				
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Total	
Governmental Activities														
General government	\$	15,971,432	\$	7,896,754	\$	12,992,345	\$	-	\$	4,917,667	\$	- \$	4,917,667	
Public safety		75,827,868		6,121,655		1,545,758		89,535		(68,070,920)		-	(68,070,920)	
Public works		16,701,972		1,296,471		35,302		-		(15,370,199)		-	(15,370,199)	
Education		177,339,237		1,294,881		66,570,003		-		(109,474,353)		-	(109,474,353)	
Parks and recreation		3,504,777		397,817		-		-		(3,106,960)		-	(3,106,960)	
Public libraries		3,561,920		95,000		582,746		-		(2,884,174)		-	(2,884,174)	
Senior services		3,040,817		1,654,979		-		-		(1,385,838)		-	(1,385,838)	
Community development		1,340,187		-		965,181		-		(375,006)		-	(375,006)	
Interest expense		2,052,994	_	-	_	-	_	-		(2,052,994)	_		(2,052,994)	
Total governmental activities	_	299,341,204		18,757,557	-	82,691,335	_	89,535		(197,802,777)	_		(197,802,777)	
Business-Type Activities														
Sewer fund		20,196,899		22,857,078		-		-		-		2,660,179	2,660,179	
Education		6,119,203		3,466,787		2,603,782		177,000		-		128,366	128,366	
Total business-type activities	_	26,316,102	_	26,323,865		2,603,782	_	177,000		-	_	2,788,545	2,788,545	
Totals	\$	325,657,306	\$	45,081,422	\$	85,295,117	\$_	266,535	-	(197,802,777)		2,788,545	(195,014,232)	
			G	General Revenue	\$									
			-	Property taxes	-					190,112,694		-	190,112,694	
				Motor vehicle pl	าลระ	e-out taxes				3,463,187			3,463,187	
				State special fur						10,838,378		133,349	10,971,727	
				Other income		3 · · · F · · · · · ·				2,912,777		-	2,912,777	
				Investment inco	me					824,602		432,142	1,256,744	
				Total general	reve	enues			-	208,151,638	_	565,491	208,717,129	
			C	Change in Net Po	sitic	n				10,348,861		3,354,036	13,702,897	
			Ν	let Position - July	1, 1	2017, as Restated			_	(318,731,055)	_	59,909,113	(258,821,942)	
			Ν	let Position - Jun	e 30), 2018			\$	(308,382,194)	\$	63,263,149 \$	(245,119,045)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	General Fund	_	School Unrestricted	 Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Assets							
Cash	\$	22,462,680	\$	1,270	\$ 8,222,181	\$	30,686,131
Receivables:							
Property taxes, net		6,436,793		-	-		6,436,793
Intergovernmental		6,699,927		-	4,840,733		11,540,660
Loans		-		-	2,891,886		2,891,886
Other		20,357		983,501	930,384		1,934,242
Security deposits		-		-	9,317		9,317
Prepaids		-		120,484	-		120,484
Advance deposits - hospitalization		207,000		-	-		207,000
Due from City of Cranston		-		1,911,717	-		1,911,717
Due from other funds	_	2,314,247	-	3,961,635	 256,771		6,532,653
Total Assets	\$_	38,141,004	\$	6,978,607	\$ 17,151,272	\$	62,270,883
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	2,159,027	\$	1,608,731	\$ 2,952,546	\$	6,720,304
Accrued payroll		1,026,800		-	94,466		1,121,266
Accrued liabilities		50,000		5,469	-		55,469
Retainage payable		-		-	27,980		27,980
Due to other funds		2,438,821		75,041	1,888,386		4,402,248
Unearned revenue		5,809,265		-	3,527,034		9,336,299
Total liabilities	_	11,483,913	-	1,689,241	 8,490,412	-	21,663,566
Deferred Inflows:							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	_	5,697,528	-	-	 -		5,697,528
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	_	17,181,441	-	1,689,241	 8,490,412		27,361,094
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		207,000		120,484	-		327,484
Restricted		482,879		4,362,478	11,047,075		15,892,432
Committed		44,030		806,404	12,627		863,061
Assigned		-		-	-		-
Unassigned		20,225,654		-	(2,398,842)		17,826,812
Total fund balances	_	20,959,563	-	5,289,366	 8,660,860	· -	34,909,789
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$_	38,141,004	\$	6,978,607	\$ 17,151,272	\$	62,270,883

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit A) are Different from the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. The Details of this Difference are as follows	:		
Total Fund Balance (Exhibit III, Page 1)			\$ 34,909,789
Capital Assets Used In Governmental Activities are not Financial Resources and, Therefore, are not Reported in the Funds:			
Total capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$	292,567,975 (166,722,238)	125,845,737
Other Long-Term Assets are not Available to Pay for Current Period Expenditures and, Therefore, are Deferred in the Funds:			
Property tax, interest and lien accrual, (net) Unearned tax revenues (net of an allowance for uncollectible) are recorded in the funds,			2,732,002
but are not deferred under the measurement focus employed in the Statement of Net Position			5,697,528
Net pension asset			14,923,413
Deferred charge on refunding			804,816
Deferred outflows of net pension Deferred outflows of net OPEB			105,858,504
Deletted outliows of het OPEB			462,874
Internal Service Fund is Used by Management to Charge the Cost of Self-Insurance to Individual Departments:			
The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position			(6,012)
Some Liabilities, Including Bonds Payable, are not Due and Payable in the Current Period and, Therefore, are not Reported in the Funds:			
Bonds and notes payable			(81,366,000)
Capital lease			(2,780,000)
Unamortized premium on bonds payable			(3,158,948)
Compensated absences			(13,787,165)
Deferred salary			(109,029)
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability			(404,838,085)
Claims and judgements			(50,756,692) (50,000)
Deferred inflows of net pension liability			(39,964,751)
Deferred inflows of net OPEB liability			(1,368,312)
Claims payable			(266,928)
Accrued interest payable			 (1,164,935)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ (308,382,194)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	-	General Fund	. <u>-</u>	School Department	-	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
General property taxes	\$	189,995,439	\$	-	\$	-	\$	189,995,439
Intergovernmental	•	18,155,499		58,171,589		9,916,969		86,244,057
Charges for services		15,191,712		1,294,881		2,270,964		18,757,557
Investment income		442,525		-		382,002		824,527
State on-behalf pension contributions		-		7,725,441		-		7,725,441
Other		1,218,023		1,387,901		306,854		2,912,778
Total revenues	-	225,003,198	· -	68,579,812	-	12,876,789	•	306,459,799
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		10,536,548				865,256		11,401,804
Public safety		84,041,754				2,110,144		86,151,898
Public works		16,300,942				-		16,300,942
Education		-		162,466,234		8,221,813		170,688,047
Parks and recreation		3,500,882				10,000		3,510,882
Public libraries		3,446,620				80,700		3,527,320
Senior services		3,030,685				72,969		3,103,654
Community development						1,347,154		1,347,154
Other		157,174						157,174
Debt Service:		7 0 4 4 0 0 0						7 0 4 4 0 0 0
Principal		7,344,000				4 40 700		7,344,000
Interest and other costs		2,950,563				149,789		3,100,352
Capital Outlay:						40.005.000		40.005.000
Capital expenditures	-	404 000 400	· -	400,400,004	-	13,695,602		13,695,602
Total expenditures	-	131,309,168		162,466,234	-	26,553,427		320,328,829
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	93,694,030		(93,886,422)	-	(13,676,638)		(13,869,030)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Issuance of debt		-		-		15,840,000		15,840,000
Bond premium		-		-		590,103		590,103
Transfers in		-		93,369,185		-		93,369,185
Transfers out - others		(420,795)		420,795		-		-
Transfers out	-	(93,182,653)		-	-	(186,532)		(93,369,185)
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(93,603,448)		93,789,980	-	16,243,571		16,430,103
Net Change in Fund Balances		90,582		(96,442)		2,566,933		2,561,073
Fund Balances - July 1, 2017, as restated	-	20,868,981		5,385,808	-	6,093,927		32,348,716
Fund Balances - June 30, 2018	\$	20,959,563	\$	5,289,366	\$	8,660,860	\$	34,909,789

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are due to:	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit D)	\$ 2,561,073
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period:	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense Loss on dispostion of assets	16,539,700 (6,679,033) (49,599)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds and revenues recognized in the Fund Financial Statements are not recognized in the Statement of Activities:	
Change in unearned tax revenues that are recorded in the funds, but are not deferred under the measurement employed Increase in property tax interest and lien revenue Net pension asset Changes in deferred outflows related to pensions Changes in deferred outflows related to OPEB	(400,693) 517,938 (1,961,184) 17,612,142 104,939
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:	
Accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Bond premium incurred Bond premium amortized Debt issuance Principal payments on bonds and notes Capital lease payments	(219,288) (265,908) (590,103) 507,550 (15,840,000) 7,949,000 420,000

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Compensated absences	\$	(943,114)
Deferred salary		5,013
Net pension liability		(1,167,033)
Net OPEB obligation		2,687,909
Changes in deferred inflows related to pensions		(10,476,386)
Changes in deferred inflows related to OPEB		(1,329,968)
Insurance claims payable		(65,292)
Claims and judgements payable		50,000
The net revenue of the activities of the Internal Service Fund is reported with		
Governmental Activities	_	1,381,198
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit B)	\$	10,348,861

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Bu	ess-Type Act terprise Fund	es		Governmental Activities
	-	Major Fund	Nonmajor			Internal Service
	_	Sewer	 Programs	 Totals	-	Fund
Assets						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,593,865	\$ 1,670,702	\$ 17,264,567	\$	995,419
Prepaid expenses		-	24,304	24,304		-
Inventory		-	57,042	57,042		
Receivables:						
Sewer assessments and user fees, net		1,301,600	-	1,301,600		-
Other		-	184,760	184,760		12,170
Due from other funds			177,649	177,649		508,410
Intergovernmental		2,570,595	200,037	2,770,632		-
Claims deposits	_	-	 -	 -		2,913,326
Total current assets	-	19,466,060	 2,314,494	 21,780,554		4,429,325
Noncurrent Assets:						
Advance deposits - medical		-	-	-		853,000
Restricted cash - debt service reserve		1,195,219	-	1,195,219		-
Held in escrow		439,167	-	439,167		-
Net pension asset	_	-	 195,778	 195,778		
Subtotal noncurrent assets		1,634,386	195,778	1,830,164		853,000
Capital Assets:						
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	72,361,351	 186,430	 72,547,781		
Total noncurrent assets	_	73,995,737	 382,208	 74,377,945	•	853,000
Total assets	_	93,461,797	 2,696,702	 96,158,499	•	5,282,325
Deferred Outflow of Resources:						
Deferred outflows of resources realted to pensions		-	535,362	535,362		-
Deferred outflows of resources realted to OPEB		-	1,802	1,802		-
Total deferred outflow of resources	_	-	 537,164	 537,164		-
Total Assets and Deferred outflow of Resources	\$_	93,461,797	\$ 3,233,866	\$ 96,695,663	\$	5,282,325

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds							Governmental Activities
	-	Major Fund			13			Activities
	-	Sewer		Nonmajor Programs	. .	Totals		Internal Service Fund
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,751,089	\$	392,670	\$	2,143,759	\$	147,296
Accrued payroll	Ŷ	1,582	Ψ		Ψ	1,582	Ψ	260
Retainage payable		808,790		_		808.790		200
Compensated absences				38,943		38,943		_
Accrued interest		177,632		50,545		177,632		-
Due to other funds				-		,		-
		285,067		-		285,067		4,443,114
Claims payable		-		-		-		697,667
Unearned revenue		1,920,000		54,085		1,974,085		-
Long-term liabilities due within one year	_	1,079,300		-		1,079,300		-
Total current liabilities	_	6,023,460		485,698		6,509,158		5,288,337
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Net OPEB liability		-		131,179		131,179		-
Net pension liability		-		1,824,226		1,824,226		-
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year		18,273,699		-		18,273,699		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	18,273,699		1,955,405		20,229,104		-
Total liabilities	_	24,297,159		2,441,103	<u> </u>	26,738,262		5,288,337
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred outflows of resources realted to pensions		-		160,869		160,869		-
Deferred outflows of resources realted to OPEB				676		676		
Deferred sewer lease arrangement		6,532,707		-		6,532,707		-
	-	6,532,707		161,545	-	6,694,252		
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources		30,829,866		2,602,648		33,432,514		5,288,337
	-	00,020,000		_,,.	- ·	00,102,011		0,200,001
Net Position:								
Net Investment in capital assets Restricted:		71,282,051		186,430		71,468,481		-
Debt service		439,167				439,167		
		,		-		,		-
Unrestricted (deficit)	-	(9,089,287)		444,788	- •	(8,644,499)		(6,012)
Total net position	_	62,631,931		631,218		63,263,149		(6,012)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	-						<u>_</u>	
and Net Position	\$_	93,461,797	\$	3,233,866	\$	96,695,663	\$	5,282,325

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		В		Governmental Activities				
		Major Fund Sewer		Nonmajor Programs	_	Totals		Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues:								
Charges for usage and service	\$	21,679,157	\$	1,050,821	\$	22,729,978	\$	36,609,173
Tuition		-		2,381,705		2,381,705		-
On-behalf pension contribution		-		133,349		133,349		-
Miscellaneous		1,177,921		34,261	-	1,212,182		53,581
Total operating revenues		22,857,078		3,600,136	-	26,457,214		36,662,754
Operating Expenses:								
Operations		1,102,536		4,225,028		5,327,564		501,285
Personnel		110,459		1,858,079		1,968,538		114,055
Claims		-		671		671		10,162,937
Contract payments		16,224,353		-		16,224,353		-
Health care management		-		-		-		24,503,354
Depreciation	-	2,222,717	_	35,425	_	2,258,142		-
Total operating expenses		19,660,065		6,119,203	-	25,779,268		35,281,631
Operating Income (Loss)		3,197,013		(2,519,067)	_	677,946		1,381,123
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):								
Interest expense		(536,834)		-		(536,834)		-
Investment income		429,306		2,836		432,142		75
Grant income				2,603,782		2,603,782		-
Contributions and donations		-		177,000	_	177,000		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(107,528)		2,783,618	-	2,676,090		75
Change in Net Position		3,089,485		264,551		3,354,036		1,381,198
Net Position - July 1, 2017, as restated		59,542,446	. <u>-</u>	366,667	-	59,909,113	• -	(1,387,210)
Net Position - June 30, 2018	\$	62,631,931	\$	631,218	\$_	63,263,149	\$	(6,012)

			E	nterprise Funds				Governmental Activities
	_	Major Fund Sewer		Nonmajor Programs		Totals	_	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:								
Cash received from customers	\$	21,346,563	\$	3,841,279	\$	25,187,842	\$	36,665,415
Cash paid to suppliers		(16,224,353)		(837,151)		(17,061,504)		-
Cash paid to employees		(110,433)		(1,822,871)		(1,933,304)		(115,071)
Cash paid for claims		-		()-)-)		-		(34,835,702)
Cash paid for other operating expenses		(1,050,958)		(3,352,846)		(4,403,804)		(491,383)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	3,960,819		(2,171,589)	_	1,789,230	_	1,223,259
Cash Flows from NonCapital Financing Activities:								
Non-operating grant		20,466		2,603,782		2,624,248		-
Advances from interfund loans		3,051,069		207,555		3,258,624		(227,998)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		3,071,535		2,811,337		5,882,872	-	(227,998)
		0,011,000		2,011,001		0,002,012	-	(,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:								
Acquisition of capital assets		(2,668,784)		(83,836)		(2,752,620)		-
Principal paid on bonds		(1,090,000)		-		(1,090,000)		-
Interest paid on bonds	_	(542,560)		-		(542,560)	_	-
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(4,301,344)		(83,836)		(4,385,180)	_	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:								
Income from investments		429,306		2,836		432,142		75
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	429,306		2,836	_	432,142	_	75
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash		3,160,316		558,748		3,719,064		995,336
Cash - July 1, 2017 (Including Restricted Cash)		13,628,768		1,111,954		14,740,722		83
Cash - June 30, 2018 (Including Restricted Cash)	\$	16,789,084	\$	1,670,702	\$	18,459,786	\$	995,419
							=	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,197,013	¢	(2,519,067)	¢	677,946	\$	1,381,123
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	Ψ	3,197,013	Ψ	(2,519,007)	Ψ	077,940	Ψ	1,301,123
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation		2,222,717		35,425		2,258,142		_
Increase in net pension asset				21,263		21,263		_
Increase in deferred outflows related to pension plans		_		(52,827)		(52,827)		_
Decrease in deferred inflows related to pension plans				11,286		11,286		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(48,881)		38,726		(10,155)		2,661
Decrease in claims deposit		(40,001)				(10,100)		(776,867)
Decrease in inventory				(324)		(324)		(110,001)
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		(266,937)		330,056		63,119		_
Increase in accounts payable		51,578		35,355		86,933		135,971
Increase in accrued payroll		26				26		(1,016)
Increase in compensated absences		20		(1,454)		(1,454)		(1,010)
Increase (decrease) in prepaid assessments		725,303		(1,404)		725,303		
Increase in OPEB		- 20,000		- 255		255		-
Increase in deferred outflows related to OPEB		-		266		266		-
Inccrease (decrease) in deferred inflows related to OPEB		-		148		148		-
Decrease in claims payable		-						481,387
(Decrease) increase in unearned revenue		(1,920,000)		5,710		(1,914,290)		
Increase in net pension liability	_	(1,520,000)		(76,407)		(1,914,290) (76,407)	_	-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	3,960,819	\$	(2,171,589)	\$	1,789,230	\$	1,223,259
		,,		() (===)		,,		, , ,

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund		Private Purpose Trust Fund	_	Agency Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,318,135	\$	111,657	\$	1,111,424
Investments:				_		_
Guaranteed investment contracts		3,886,392				
Real estate investment trust		48,406				
Common stock		12,964,931				
Pooled equity index funds		320,688				
Pooled fixed income index funds		659,206				
International equity mutual fund		1,684,014				
U.S. equity mutual funds		32,276,576				
Fixed income mutual funds		23,280,240			_	
Total investments		75,120,453	-		_	
Due from other funds		1,013,038			_	
Total assets		78,451,626		111,657	_	1,111,424
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		201,037		-		-
Deposits held in custody for others Total liabilities		- 201,037			-	1,111,424 1,111,424
Not Desition Destricted for Descions and						
Net Position Restricted for Pensions and OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes	\$	78,250,589	\$	111,657	\$	_
	Ψ	10,200,009	. Ψ	111,007	Ψ=	

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund		Private Purpose Trust Fund
Additions:				
Contributions:				
Employer contributions	\$	27,677,159	\$	-
Plan member contributions		1,036,775		4,335
Other	-	53,055		-
Total contributions	-	28,766,989		4,335
Investment Income:				
Interest and dividends		1,704,701		42
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments		3,920,610		-
Total investment income	_	5,625,311		42
Total additions	-	34,392,300		4,377
Deductions:				
Benefits		28,859,785		3,680
Administrative expenses		314,773		-
Total deductions	_	29,174,558		3,680
Change in Net Position	_	5,217,742		697
Net Position Held in Trust for Pensions, and OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes-July 1, 2017 (Restated)	-	73,032,847		110,960
Net Position Held in Trust for Pensions, and OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes-June 30, 2018	\$	78,250,589	\$	111,657
	Ψ.	10,200,009	Ψ.	111,007

History and Organization

The City of Cranston, Rhode Island (the City) was incorporated in 1910 and covers an area of nearly 30 square miles. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government as prescribed by the City's home rule charter, which was adopted in 1962. The Mayor is elected by the voters of the City to a two-year term limited to four consecutive terms. City Council members are elected to two-year terms, limited to five consecutive terms. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), public works (streets and highways), public health and social services, sewers and water, a free public library, and education encompassing grades PreK-12.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Cranston, Rhode Island, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations.

Blended Component Units

The Public Facilities Management Foundation (the Foundation), a non-profit corporation, was created by the City on November 28, 2000. The Foundation consists of five members who are elected by or work for the City of Cranston. These members include the President of the Cranston City Council, the City Solicitor, the Director of Public Works, the Director of Finance and the Director of Administration. The Foundation provides exclusive rights, by a term lease as entered into with the City on November 1, 2000, to the use of land and buildings located in the City to be used as a storage and maintenance facility by the Public Works Department. The Foundation is reported as a non-major program of the proprietary funds. By way of a resolution dated May 25, 2017 the Foundations' Board members dissolved the Foundation. All future activity of the facility will be responsibility of, and be accounted for by, the City of Cranston, Rhode Island.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. *Governmental activities,* which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities,* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus but are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, expenditure reimbursement type grants, certain intergovernmental revenues, transfers, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *School Department Fund* accounts for the financial transactions of the City's School Department which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund consists of state aid, City appropriation and Medicaid revenues.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Department Fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewer operations.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

The *Capital Project Funds* account for the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The Internal Service Fund, a proprietary type fund, is used to account for claims made against the City.

The *Pension Trust Funds* account for the activities of the Cranston Employees' Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The OPEB Trust Fund accumulates resources for future retiree health benefits and retiree life insurance benefits for eligible teachers and police and fire retirees.

The *Private-Purpose Trust Funds* are used to account for employee contributions held in trust for qualified medical related plan expenditures. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may not be used to support the City's activities. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources be preserved as capital.

The *Agency Funds* account for monies held as a custodian on behalf of students, amounts held for unclaimed estates in probate court and amounts held for performance bonds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's sewer operations and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer department enterprise fund and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The sewer department also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/

Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

<u>Deposits</u> - The City's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

<u>Investments</u> - In general, State of Rhode Island Statutes allow the City to invest in obligations of the United States of America or United States government sponsored corporations, in shares or other interests in any custodial arrangement, pool, or no-load, open-end management type investment company or investment trust (as defined), in obligations of any state or political subdivision rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of the State of Rhode Island or political subdivision rated within the top three rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of any nationally recognized rating service. Investment income is recorded in the fund in which it is earned.

The City's pension funds are invested in accordance with the Plan's investment policy, the City has agreements with the investment advisors, who manage the investment portfolios and have full authority for the investment and reinvestment of pension fund assets.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

Receivables and Payables

Interfunds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Property Taxes and Other Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, all trade, property tax, and sewer use amounts are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowance percentages range from 10 to 100% of outstanding receivable balances at June 30, 2018 and are calculated based upon prior collection history.

In the fund financial statements, all property taxes receivable at June 30, which have not been collected within sixty days of June 30, have been recorded as deferred inflows, since they are not considered to be available to finance expenditures of the current year. Taxes collected during the sixty day period have been recorded as revenue.

Property taxes are assessed on property as of December 31. Taxes are billed on or about June 1 (for the subsequent fiscal year) based on the assessed value for all real property, tangible property, and motor vehicles located in the City. Taxes are due in four installments in July, October, January and April. Rhode Island general laws restrict the City's ability to increase either its total tax levy or its tax rates by more than 4.0% over those of the preceding year. Overdue taxes are assessed penalties and will be collected through the sale of tax titles if required.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of valuation.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids are accounted for using the consumption method.

Restricted Assets

The restricted assets for the City are restricted for debt reserve requirements, building improvements and minor maintenance costs associated with the City of Cranston, Rhode Island.

Receivables and Payables

Interfunds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

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Restricted Assets

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Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 in the City and \$5,000 in the School Department for equipment, \$20,000 for improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-50
Leasehold improvements	20
Infrastructure	5-65
Sewer plant	50
Sewer lines and pumping stations	50-100
Vehicles	5
Machinery and equipment	3-20

The City reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. As of June 30, 2018, there were no impairment losses recognized for long-lived assets.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of various contracts and policies, City employees are granted vacation and sick leave based on length of service. The City's policy is to recognize the cost of vacation and sick leave in governmental funds when paid and on the accrual basis in proprietary funds. The amount of earned but unpaid vacation and sick leave relating to governmental fund employees is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plans' fiduciary net position. The pension plans' fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plans for purposes of preparing their statements of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Long-Term Obligations

In the Government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience and investment gains or losses. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental fund financial statements in the current year.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, inflows of resources. represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports advance property tax collections, a deferred sewer lease arrangement and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension and OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension and OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). The deferred lease arrangement represents the unamortized portion of an advanced lease payment that the City collected in connection with the lease of the City's wastewater treatment system. This amount is deferred and recognized ratably over the lease term. Advance property tax collections represent taxes inherently associated with a future period. This amount is recognized during the period in which the revenue is associated. For governmental funds, the City reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from the following sources: property taxes and longterm loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period during which the amounts become available.

Fund Balance and Net Position

Net Position

Net position is classified in the following categories in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of all capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable by the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, the City reported the following governmental fund balances:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed in the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The highest level of decision-making authority for the City of Cranston is the City Council which can commit fund balance through the adoption of resolutions. Similar action must be taken to remove or revise commitments.
- Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund, and any residual deficit balance of any other governmental funds.

Stabilization Arrangements

- Budget Stabilization Fund this fund shall be created, into which the City shall transfer such funds as are available to provide for capital expenditures and other one-time expenditures. The fund was established by a City ordinance. Any such transfer shall not create an operating deficit in the General Fund. Any expenditure from or transfer to this fund must first be approved by the City Council. As of June 30, 2018, the remaining fund balance included in this fund was \$39,259 and is reported in the totals of the City's general fund on the governmental funds balance sheet within the committed fund balance.
- Healthcare Budget Stabilization Fund this fund shall be created, into which the excess of revenues from the various city departments over actual health care claims and related expenses shall be transferred. The fund was established by a City ordinance. Any additions are considered to be approved by the original City ordinance. Any such transfer shall not create an operating deficit in the General Fund. In the event that health care claims and related expenses exceed the budgeted appropriation, then funds may be transferred from the health care budget stabilization fund to cover the deficit. Any expenditure or transfer from this fund must first be approved by the City Council. As of June 30, 2018, the remaining fund balance included in this fund was \$4,771 and is reported in the totals of the City's General Fund on the governmental funds balance sheet within the committed fund balance.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

It is the responsibility of the Mayor, with the cooperation of the Director of Finance, to submit a proposed budget for the following fiscal year to the City Council not later than the first day of April of each year. The City Council acts on the budget no later than the 15th day of May. Public hearings are conducted on the recommended budget and the final recommended budget is legally enacted through an ordinance at the Financial City Council Meeting. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, with the exception of capital project funds.

The level of budgetary control for the General Fund (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is fixed by resolution as part of the annual budget adoption process at the Financial City Council Meeting. Although the resolution prohibits spending in excess of the. authorized budget, it does allow management the right to create intradepartmental transfers at any time during the fiscal year. Interdepartmental transfers and supplemental appropriations are restricted to the fourth quarter and must be approved by the City Council in the form of an ordinance. Interdepartmental transfers reallocate surplus funds from one department to another. Supplemental appropriations increase both revenue appropriation and expenditure appropriation by an equal amount. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 additional appropriations of \$420,795 were made.

The budget for the Schools Unrestricted Fund is prepared annually and approved by the School Committee. The amount of the annual transfer from the General Fund is ultimately determined through the adoption of the General Fund budget. This appropriation does not lapse at year end. The City also adopts budgets for two of the non-major special revenue funds.

Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported in the City's budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year. The budgetary reports are located in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI). Generally, aside from the Capital Projects Fund, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Appropriations for capital projects are reissued in the amount available at the end of the fiscal year.

B. Capital Projects Authorizations

The following is a summary of projects recorded in the Capital Projects Fund at June 30, 2018:

Project Name	А	Project Current Year Authorization Expenditures		Cumulative Expenditures		Balance ne 30, 2018	
Governmental Funds:							
School bond fund	\$	30,310,800	\$	2,345,205	\$ 27,176,963	\$	3,133,837
Police and fire bond fund	\$	14,657,076	\$	1,853,532	\$ 12,816,738	\$	1,840,338
Public building bond fund	\$	2,509,970	\$	368,867	\$ 1,911,407	\$	598,563
Recreation bond fund	\$	6,233,887	\$	1,430,374	\$ 5,912,557	\$	321,330
Highway bond fund	\$	18,029,524	\$	6,722,020	\$ 20,194,432	\$	(2,164,908)
Storm drains bond fund	\$	1,881,893	\$	76,020	\$ 1,530,942	\$	350,951
Library bond fund	\$	933,390	\$	73,344	\$ 658,101	\$	275,289
Neighborhood infrastructure							
fund	\$	3,336,223	\$	976,029	\$ 2,657,254	\$	678,969
Open space bond fund	\$	2,491,090	\$	3	\$ 2,365,223	\$	125,867

Deficits in the capital projects fund will be covered through a bond issuance in the next fiscal year.

C. Deficit Fund Balance

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City had a deficit fund balance in the following funds:

Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Community Development Block Grant	\$ 28,724
WIA Job Development Fund	205,210
Highway Bond Fund	2,164,908
Internal Service Funds	
City Internal Service Fund	\$ 510,197

The nonmajor fund deficits will be eliminated through future intergovernmental grant receipts, new bond issuances, Bond Anticipation Notes or inter-fund contributions. The internal service fund deficits will be eliminated through the monitoring of these fund activities and adjusting working rates for healthcare costs.

3. DETAILED NOTES

A. Cash and Investments

Deposits Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires that deposits be placed in financial institutions that are FDIC insured up to \$250,000 and rated "well capitalized" on the institution's most recent audited financial statements/SEC filings, if deposits exceed \$250,000. As of June 30, 2018, the City's bank balance of \$53,623,537 was insured and collateralized as follows:

Insured	\$ 9,225,319
Collateralized	
Collateral held by Pledging Banks' Trust Department,	
not in the City's name	45,858,417
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Risk	\$ 55,083,736

The City's carrying value of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2018 was \$53,682,555, and is presented within the following in the financial statements:

Governmental Activities	\$	30,686,134
Business Type Activities		18,459,786
Pension Trust Funds		1,642,706
OPEB Trust Funds		675,429
Internal Service Funds		995,419
Private Purpose Trust Funds		111,657
Agency Funds	·	1,111,424
Total	\$	53,682,555

Certain investments are covered by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) up to \$500,000, including \$250,000 of cash from sale or for purchase of investments, but not cash held solely for the purpose of earning interest. SIPC protects securities such as notes, stocks, bonds, debentures, certificates of deposit and money funds.

At June 30, 2018, the City's investments, all of which are in the City's Pension Trust Funds, (including restricted investments) consisted of the following:

			Matu	ırity
Type of Investment	Fair Value	N/A	Less Than 1	1-5 Years
U.S. Equity Mutual Funds	\$ 32,276,576	\$32,276,576	\$-	\$ -
International Equity Mutual Funds Common Stock	1,684,014 12,964,931	1,684,014 12,964,931	-	-
Guaranteed Investment Contracts Pooled Equity Index Funds	3,886,392 320,688	3,886,392 320,688	-	-
Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds Fixed Income Mutual Funds	659,206 23,280,240	-	659,206 23,280,240	-
Real Estate Investment Trusts	48,406	48,406		
Total	\$ 75,120,453	\$51,181,007	\$ 23,939,446	\$ -

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. As noted above, 100% of the City's investments are in mutual funds. These investments do not specify an interest rate rather the rate of return is dependent on operating results and economic conditions. These investments are not rated by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2018 the City's investments totaled \$75,120,453 (held in Fiduciary Funds) and those investment options representing 5% or more of the total investment balance are as follows:

Investment	Percentage	Fair Value
Russell US Small Cap Equity CL A	6.03%	\$ 4,533,028
Skybridge Multi-Advisor Hedge Fund Port LLC Ser G	5.17%	\$ 3,886,392

Credit Risk

The City has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than State Statutes governing investments in obligations of any State or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Rhode Island or political subdivision.

Custodial Credit Risk

The City does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not believe that it has a significant custodial credit risk as all the investments are registered and held in the name of the City.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the amount at which and asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable and willing parties. GASB 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available, of how the market would price the asset or liability. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1

Unadjusted quoted priced in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2

Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs are valued using multidimensional relational models and matrices that consider benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data.

Level 3

Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability (supported by little or no market activity). Level 3 inputs include management's own assumption about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk).

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There has been no change in valuation methodology used at 2018.

Description	Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Fair Value
June 30, 2018:	1)		
U.S. Equity Mutual Funds	\$ 32,276,573	\$-	\$ 32,276,573
International Equity Mutual Funds	1,684,014	-	1,684,014
Common Stock	12,964,933	-	12,964,933
Pooled Equity Index Funds	-	320,689	320,689
Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds	423,227	235,979	659,206
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	23,280,240	-	23,280,240
Real estate Investment Trusts	48,406	-	48,406
Total assets in the fair value hierarchy	70,677,393	556,668	71,234,061
Investments measured at net asset value*			3,886,392
Investments at fair value	\$ 70,677,393	\$ 556,668	\$ 75,120,453

	Investments Measured at Net Asset Value as of June 30, 2018				
	Redemption Redemption Fundir				Funding
		Fair Value	Frequency	Notice Period	Commitments
Hedge Fund	\$	3,886,392	Quarterly	65 Days	None

There were no transfers between any levels during the year ended June 30, 2018.

B. Receivables

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Receivables as of year-end for the City's government-wide financial statements by type, including the applicable allowances for uncollectibles, are as follows:

	Property Taxes					
	Taxes		Total			
Current portion	\$ 8,521,792	\$ 4,310,561	\$	12,832,353		
Less allowance for uncollectibles	(2,085,000)	(1,578,558)		(3,663,558)		
Total Receivable	\$ 6,436,792	\$ 2,732,003	\$	9,168,795		
	Economic					
	Development	CDBG				
	Loans	Loans		Total		
Loans Receivable	\$ 595,584	\$ 2,296,302	\$	2,891,886		

		Sewer	Use Charges	
	Use Charges	Intere	est & Liens	Total
Current portion Less allowance for uncollectibles	1,531,471 (521,504)	\$	625,805 (334,172)	\$ 2,157,276 (855,676)
Total Receivable	\$ 1,009,967	\$	291,633	\$ 1,301,600

Governmental funds report *unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Unearned Revenue:		
Unearned developer security deposits	\$	120,625
Tax Collections in advance		5,688,640
Grant Draw-downs prior to meeting all eligibility requirements		3,527,034
	<u> </u>	
	\$	9,336,299

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2018
Governmental Activities:					000000,2010
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	14,920,308 \$	378,786	\$ -	15,299,094
Construction in Progress	Ŧ	1,889,168	1,088,910	220.480	2,757,598
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		16,809,476	1,467,696	220,480	18,056,692
Capital Assets, being depreciated:					
Land improvements		28,986,162	7,989,323	-	36,975,485
Buildings		109,918,210	2,143,677	-	112,061,887
Machinery and equipment		6,777,641	1,835,736	-	8,613,377
Office furniture and equipment		7,445,574	71,680	-	7,517,254
Vehicles		20,756,276	2,565,487	1,323,606	21,998,157
Infrastructure		86,658,541	686,582	-	87,345,123
Total capital assets being depreciated		260,542,404	15,292,485	1,323,606	274,511,283
Total capital assets		277,351,880	16,760,181	1,544,086	292,567,975
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements		14,045,522	1,147,639	-	15,193,161
Buildings		46,547,931	1,895,298	-	48,443,229
Machinery and equipment		5,457,937	504,022	-	5,961,959
Office furniture and equipment		6,937,991	204,275	-	7,142,266
Vehicles		15,170,613	1,936,061	1,274,007	15,832,667
Infrastructure		73,157,218	991,738		74,148,956
Total accumulated depreciation		161,317,212	6,679,033	1,274,007	166,722,238
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		99,225,192	8,613,452	49,599	107,789,045
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net		5 116,034,668	\$ 10,081,148	\$ 270,079	\$ 125,845,737

	Balance July 1, 2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2018
Business-Type Activities:	···· / ··· / ····			
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land \$	342,712 \$	- \$	<u> </u>	342,712
Construction in Progress	18,949,685	1,566,921	- -	20,516,606
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	19,292,397	1,566,921		20,859,318
Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	266,795	-	-	266,795
Leasehold improvements		34,476	-	34,476
Machinery and equipment	574,423	83,834	-	658,257
Office furniture and equipment	1,124	_	-	1,124
Vehicles	35,838	27.000	-	62,838
Service to customers	98,337		-	98,337
Pumping plant and equipment	3,721,906	-	-	3,721,906
GIS project	1,103,834	-	-	1,103,834
Treatment plant and equipment	78,955,615	-	-	78,955,615
Infrastructure	50,555,977	1,067,389	-	51,623,366
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	135,313,849	1,212,699	-	136,526,548
Total capital assets	154,606,246	2,779,620		157,385,866
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Land improvements	266,795	-	-	266,795
Leasehold improvements	-	453	-	453
Machinery and equipment	463,435	32,693	-	496,128
Office furniture and equipment	1,092	32	-	1,124
Vehicles	30,590	5,850	-	36,440
Service to customers	81,200	1,836	-	83,036
Pumping plant and equipment	2,243,117	70,348	-	2,313,465
GIS project	1,103,833	-	-	1,103,833
Treatment plant and equipment	45,190,057	1,511,975	-	46,702,032
Infrastructure	33,199,824	634,955	-	33,834,779
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	82,579,943	2,258,142		84,838,085
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	52,733,906	(1,045,443)		51,688,463
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 72,026,303	\$ 521,478	\$ -	\$ 72,547,781

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the City as follows:

Gover	nmental A	ctivities:
~		

General Government	\$ 3,837,796
Public Safety	1,440,282
Public Works	577,017
Education	569,598
Parks and Recreation	157,753
Public Libraries	65,834
Senior Services	30,753
Total Depreciation Expense-Governmental Activities	\$ 6,679,033

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Business-Type Activities	
Sewer	\$ 2,222,717
Charter School	6,481
School Lunch	28,944
Total Depreciation Expense-Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,258,142

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2018. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Co	Commitment		
Governmental-Type Activities				
School Bond Fund	\$	2,793,993		
Public Building Bond Fund		299,115		
Business-Type Activities				
Sewer		155,928		
Total	\$	3,249,036		
	-			

D. Interfund Accounts

Interfund Payables and Receivables

A summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Corresponding Fund	Due From	Due To
Major Funds			
General Fund:			
School Unrestricted Fund			1,911,717
Emergency Management Fund			5,295
Community Development Fund		4,982	
Police Evidence			7,119
Economic Development Revolving Loan		5,000	
Special Police Duty		540,278	
Special Fire Duty		3,226	
Public Libraries			263
WIA Job Development Fund		242,942	
Police Federal Seizure			5,375
Police Grants & Donations		18,925	
Internal Service Fund		1,168,967	508,410
RSVP			49
Capital Facilities Development Impact Fees			593
Sewer Fund		285,067	
Total General Fund	-	2,269,387	2,438,821
School Department Unrestricted:			
General Fund-City		1,911,717	
Internal Service Fund		3,961,635	
Charter School Fund			75,041
Total School Special Revenue Unrestricted	-	5,873,352	75,041
Proprietary Funds:			
Sewer Fund	General Fund		285,067
Charter School Fund	School General Fund	177,649	
Total Proprietary Funds	-	177,649	285,067

	Corresponding Fund	Due From	Due To
Nonmajor Funds			
Education	General Fund	\$ 112,460	\$ 902,561
Emergency Management Fund	General Fund	5,295	
Community Development Block Grant Fund	General Fund		49,842
Police Evidence	General Fund	7,119	
Economic Development Revolving Loan	General Fund		5,000
Public Libraries	General Fund	263	
Special Duty Fire Fund	General Fund		3,226
Special Duty Police Fund	General Fund		540,278
Police Federal Forfeiture-Justice	General Fund	5,375	
Police Grants & Donations	General Fund		18,925
Storm Drains Fund	General Fund	125,617	
Capital Facilities Development Impact Fees	General Fund	593	
RSVP	General Fund	49	
Highway Bond Fund	General Fund		125,617
WIA Job Development Fund	General Fund	 	 242,937
Total Nonmajor Funds		 256,771	 1,888,386
Internal Service Fund			
Self Insurance Fund		508,410	1,168,967
Health Insurance Fund			3,274,147
Total Internal Service Funds		 508,410	 4,443,114
Total		\$ 9,085,569	\$ 9,130,429

All interfund balances result from timing between the dates payments occur between funds for short-term internal financing.

Interfund Transfer

A summary of interfund transfers as of June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out		
General Fund School Unrestricted Fund	\$		\$	93,182,653	
Total General Fund			\$	93,182,653	
School Unrestricted General Fund		93,369,185			
School Education Fund				186,532	
Total School Unrestricted		93,369,185		186,532	
Grant Total	\$	93,369,185	\$	93,369,185	

Transfers are used to account for the financing by the General Fund of various programs and activities in other funds, and administration of other funds by the General Fund.

E. Short-Term Obligations - Bond Anticipation Notes

The City uses bond anticipation notes during the construction period of various public projects prior to the issuance of the bonds at the completion of the project.

On September 7, 2017 the City issued a bond anticipation note for \$10,840,000, due September 6, 2018. On August 1, 2018 the City refinanced the bond anticipation note through the issuance of long-term general obligation bonds. Based on the refinancing the bond anticipation notes have been excluded from current liabilities and classified as long-term as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

F. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Summary of Changes

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations during the fiscal year:

	Description	Date of Issue	Amount Issued	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance Outstanding #NULL!	Additions	Retirements	Balance Outstanding #NULL!	Current Portion
Governmer	ntal Activities				·					
	ligation debt:									
158	Public Improvements-158	6/16/2008	13,075,000	4.00-5.00%	7/1/2028 \$	1,540,000	s	925.000 \$	615.000 \$	615.000
158a	Advance Refunding (158) Public Improvements	6/1/2016	7,840,000	3.00-5.00%	7/1/2028	7,840,000			7,840,000	-
159	School Borrow ing-159	8/7/2008	7,000,000	3.75-6.00%	4/1/2029	575,000		575,000	-	-
159a	Advance Refunding (159) School Borrow ing	8/10/2016	4,335,000	3.25-5.00%	5/15/2029	4,335,000			4,335,000	315,000
160	Public Improvements-160	7/1/2010	3,000,000	2.00-4.30%	7/1/2030	2,100,000		150,000	1,950,000	150,000
161	School Borrow ing-161	1/15/2011	700,000	2.00-4.30%	4/1/2021	280,000		70,000	210,000	70,000
162A	Public Improvements-162A	3/29/2012	3,430,000	2.00-4.37%	2/1/2032	2,730,000		175,000	2,555,000	175,000
162B	Refunding-162B (Issue 154 and 155)	3/29/2012	15,955,000	2.00-5.00%	7/1/2023	9,880,000		1,410,000	8,470,000	1,410,000
163	Public Improvements-163	7/30/2013	10,210,000	3.00-4.75%	8/1/2033	8,840,000		520,000	8,320,000	520,000
164	Advance Refunding (156 & 157) Public Improvements-164	7/15/2015	30,715,000	1.25-5.00%	7/15/2035	26,960,000		3,875,000	23,085,000	4,025,000
166	RI Infrastructure Bank-166	4/9/2016	1,755,000	0.40-2.41%	9/1/1935	1,755,000		79,000	1,676,000	79,000
165	School Improvements-RI Infrastructure Bank-165	5/15/2016	4,565,000	2.00-5.00%	5/15/2036	4,400,000		170,000	4,230,000	175,000
167	RI Infrastructure Bank-167	7/15/2016	2,240,000	0.986-2.32%	9/1/2032	2,240,000			2,240,000	134,000
168	School Improvements-RI Infrastructure Bank-168	7/19/2017	5,000,000	3.00-5.00%	4/1/2038	\$	5,000,000		5,000,000	160,000
	Total general obligation bonds					73,475,000	5,000,000	7,949,000	70,526,000	7,828,000
	Bond premiums					3,076,395	482,028	399,475	3,158,948	399,475
TOTAL BO	NDS AND RELATED LIABILITIES					76,551,395	5,482,028	8,348,475	73,684,948	8,227,475
Bond antici	pation notes excluded from current liabilities									
	Capital Project and General Fund Borrow ing	8/24/2017	10,840,000	2.00%	9/6/2018	-	10,840,000	-	10,840,000	10,840,000
	Total Bond Anticipation Notes Payable						10,840,000		10,840,000	10,840,000
					-					
Capital leas				0.0470	745/0000				0 700 000	
	Energy Lease Obligation	11/3/2016	3,200,000	0.0173	7/15/2023	3,200,000		420,000	2,780,000	440,000
	Total Leases Payable					3,200,000		420,000	2,780,000	440,000
						70 761 305	16,322,028	0 700 475	87 204 048	10 507 475
IUIAL BO	NDS, NOTES AND RELATED LIABILITIES				-	79,751,395	16,322,028	8,768,475	87,304,948	19,507,475
	COMPENSATED ABSENCES					12,844,051	7,502,460	6,559,346	13,787,165	1,378,716
	DEFERRED SALARY					114,042		5,013	109,029	10,903
	NET PENSION LIABILITY Municipal employees' retirement system - City of Cranston Municipal employees' retirement system - Police Employees' retirement system Police and Fire employees' retirement system					14,283,961 5,903,418 136,353,002 247,130,671	2,939,901 4,958,822 4,102,817	10,834,507	17,223,862 10,862,240 140,455,819 236,296,164	- - -
	NET OPEB LIABILITY - SCHOOL DEPARTMENT (as restated))				9,541,100	18,562		9,559,662	-
	NET OPEB LIABILITY - CITY (as restated)					43,903,501		2,706,471	41,197,030	-
	CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS					100,000		50,000	50,000	50,000
	Total General Long-Term Obligations				\$	549,925,141 \$	35,844,590 \$	28,923,812 \$	556,845,919 \$	20,947,094

Description Business-Type Activities Enterprise funds:	Date of Issue	Amount Issued	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance Outstanding #NULL!	Additions	Retirements	Balance Outstanding #NULL!	Current Portion
SEWER Ri Infastructure Bank Ri Infastructure Bank Ri Infastructure Bank Ri Infastructure Bank Ri Infastructure Bank	11/13/2003 12/15/2005 12/7/2007 6/24/2010 2/20/2014	2,000,000 900,000 3,000,000 1,000,000 18,000,000	3.00% 3.00% 1.43% 0.52-3.19% 0.35-3.14%	9/1/2024 \$ 9/1/2025 9/1/2028 9/1/1930 9/1/2034	800,000 \$ 540,000 1,800,000 758,000 16,545,000 20,443,000	\$	100,000 \$ 60,000 150,000 43,000 737,000 1,090,000	700,000 \$ 480,000 1,650,000 715,000 15,808,000 19,353,000	100,000 60,000 150,000 45,000 724,300 1,079,300
NET OPEB LIABILITY (as restated)					130,924	255		131,179	-
NET PENSION LIABILITY COMPENSA TED ABSENCES				_	1,900,633 40,397		76,407 #NULL!	1,824,226 #NULL!	-
Total Enterprise funds				\$	22,514,954 \$	\$	#NULL! \$	#NULL! \$	1,079,300

Capital assets obtained from capital leases totaled \$744,770.

The following is a summary of annual debt service requirements to maturity for the retirement of general obligation debt and Clean Water debt:

Year Ending		Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt		<u>Business-</u> Clean V	<u>Type Act</u> Vater Bo	
June 30,		Principal	Interest	 Principal		Interest
2019	\$	7,828,000 \$	2,703,437	\$ 1,079,300	\$	527,552
2020		6,625,000	2,404,762	1,091,967		509,691
2021		5,573,000	1,919,969	1,107,567		489,157
2022		5,635,000	1,693,705	1,125,100		466,053
2023		5,774,000	1,467,367	1,146,567		440,613
2024-2028		22,056,000	4,592,111	6,130,832		1,752,843
2029-2033		11,794,000	1,766,273	5,391,867		874,895
2034-2038		5,241,000	183,371	2,279,800		80,260
	ç	5 70,526,000	\$ 16,730,995	\$ 19,353,000	\$	5,141,064

Compensated Absences

Governmental Activities - The obligation represents the employee (vested and nonvested) compensated absences expected to be paid in the future, aggregating approximately \$13,787,000 as of June 30, 2018. This amount is recorded in the government-wide statements and paid out of the General Fund.

Lease Commitment

The City is obligated under various operating leases to make the following aggregate annual lease payments

Year Ended June 30	
2019	\$ 906,401
2020	897,742
2021	588,543
2022	538,168
2023	538,169
	\$ 3,469,023

Lease expenditures approximated \$1,100,000 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Statutory Debt Limitations

Debt Limit

Except as explained below, under Rhode Island law the City may not, without special statutory authorization, incur any debt which would increase its aggregate indebtedness not otherwise excepted by law to an amount greater than 3% of the taxable property of the City. Deducted from the computation of aggregate indebtedness is the amount of any borrowing in anticipation of taxes authorized by law and the amount of any sinking funds maintained by the City. There is currently no outstanding debt of the City subject to the 3% debt limit. The current 3% debt limit of the City is \$212.8 million based on taxable property as of December 31, 2016, of approximately \$7.1 billion.

The State of Rhode Island General Assembly (General Assembly) may by special act permit the City to incur indebtedness outside the 3% debt limit. Bonds issued either within the 3% debt limit or by special legislation adopted by the General Assembly authorizing the City to incur debt are subject to referendum by the electors of the City. On June 30, 2018, the City had \$70,526,000 of debt outstanding, none of which is subject to the 3% debt limit.

In addition to debt authorized within the 3% debt limit and debt authorized by special act of the General Assembly, Rhode Island General Laws Section 45-12-11 authorizes the State Director of Administration, upon petition by a municipality, to authorize such municipality to incur indebtedness in excess of the 3% debt limit whenever the Director shall determine that the sums appropriated by the municipality or its funds available are insufficient to pay the necessary expenses of the municipality. The City has not requested the State Director of Administration to authorize indebtedness of the City under Section 45-12-11.

In-Substance Defeasance - Prior Years

In prior years, the City has defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the City's government-wide financial statements. As of June 30, 2018, the in-substance defeased bonds, which remain outstanding was \$8,060,000.

Authorized/Unissued Bonds

The amount of authorized, unissued bonds is as follows:

General Schools	\$ 58,480,022 12,421,228
Total	\$ 70,901,250

Unearned Salary

Unearned salary represents an agreement Cranston Public Schools made with the teachers union in 1992. Under the agreement any teacher who was employed by the school system prior to and inclusive of the 1991-1992 school year is eligible, upon departure from the Cranston Public School system, for a stipend. The amount of the stipend is based on the salary step held by the teacher during the 1991-1992 school year. The unearned salary, not to exceed \$1,500 per teacher will be paid in a lump sum upon each teacher's separation from service. In the event a teacher dies while in the employ of the Cranston Public Schools the benefit will be paid to the teacher's estate. As of June 30, 2018, there were 96 teachers eligible for the benefit, with an outstanding balance of \$109,029.

G. Fund Balance

As stated in Note 1, Fund Balance may be classified as one of five categories: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned. Committed Fund Balance represents that amount of fund balance which can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's Council is considered to be the highest level of decision-making authority. In accordance with the City Charter, the Council votes on the annual budget and on any resolutions proposed by the Committees. The passage of the Council's annual budget and proposed resolutions may result in the commitment of fund balance.

At June 30, 2018 Restricted Fund Balance consisted of the following:

Restricted:

Restricted.	
To Fund Future Library Expenses	\$ 126,977
To Fund Education Expenses	3,858,293
To Fund Recreation Bond Expenditures	321,330
To Fund Police and Fire Bond	3,133,837
To Fund Public Building Bond	598,563
To Fund Future Fire Expenses	200,391
To Fund Library Expenses	275,289
To Fund Police and Fire Capital Projects	1,840,338
To Fund Storm Drain Projects	350,951
To Fund Neighborhood Infrastructure Capital Projects	678,969
To Fund Open Space	125,864
To Fund Future Community Development Expenditures	1,508,710
To Fund Future Public Service Expenditures	560,556
To Fund Future Senior Services Expenditures	140,627
To Fund Future Ice Rink	155,511
To Fund Future Parks and Recreation Expenditures	1,751
To Fund Future Health Insurance Costs	504,185
To Fund Future Grant Expenditures	80,269
To Fund Future Capital Facilities Impact Expenditures	711,724
To Fund Future Cemetary Trust Expenditures	4,039
To Fund Future Historical Record Expenditures	 714,258
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 15,892,432
At June 30, 2018 Committed Fund Balance consisted of the following:	
Committed:	
Capital and One-Time Expenditures	\$ 39,259
	A - - i

Capital and One-Time Expenditures	\$ 39,259
Self-Insurance Healthcare Reserve Fund	4,771
School Department Grants	12,627
Encumbrances for Education Supplies	806,404
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ 863,061

At June 30, 2018 Nonspendable Fund Balance consisted of the following:

Nonspendable:	
General Fund	
Advance Deposits-Hospitalization	\$ 207,000
School Department	
Long-Term-Receivable from Health Insurance Fund	120,484
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 327,484

The City of Cranston does not currently have a spending policy regarding the order in which restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are spent when more than one amount is available for the expenditures incurred. Accordingly, by default, the City is following the policy prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54 which specifies that fund balance is reduced first by committed, then by assigned, then by unassigned when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any unrestricted fund balance could be used. In all situations, the City considers restricted fund balance to be used first when available and when expenditures are incurred that meet the requirements of the restricted fund balance.

4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to public official liability, police liability, Board of Education legal liability, theft or impairment of assets, errors and omissions, injury to employees and natural disasters. The City is self-insured in most areas of risk, subject to certain third party "stop loss" coinsurance. Self-insured risks include general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, unemployment and employee health and life insurance claims. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there have not been any significant reductions in insurance coverage from amounts held in prior years.

The City's health insurance program provides coverage to the City's employees and retirees through Healthmate and Blue Cross - Blue Shield of Rhode Island (BC/BS), United Healthcare and Delta Dental of Rhode Island. The City's program is a self-insured program with BC/BS, United Healthcare and Delta Dental Dental acting as third-party agents for the City in the payment of the various claim plans used by the City.

The City of Cranston contributes to a separate account an amount per covered employee which would otherwise have been paid to an insurance carrier. These amounts are determined by an independent third party consultant hired by the City of Cranston who works with the provider to examine past experience and determine an adequate amount for each type of plan offered by the City. Factors considered by the plan administrator include the amount of claims paid during the previous year, claims administration costs and projected insurance industry inflation rates. The City of Cranston, including Cranston Public Schools, incurred approximately \$36 million for fiscal year 2018 under this plan.

The claims liabilities reported in the general and school department funds are related to the self-insurance program and are based upon the provisions of GASB Statements No. 10 and 30, which require that a liability for estimated claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) be recorded. The amount of claim accrual is based on the ultimate costs of settling the claim, which include past experience data, inflation, and other future economic and societal factors and incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of estimated subrogation recoveries. The claim accrual does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses.

In order to avoid catastrophic losses, the City "reinsures" the program by purchasing insurance known as "stop-loss insurance" from BC/BS Insurance Co. and United Healthcare Services. Two types of "stop-loss insurance" are purchased: 1) individual stop-loss; and 2) aggregate stop-loss, with both provided through the Plan Administrator. Under the individual stop-loss insurance, the City pays the first \$200,000/\$225,000 of claims for individual employees or dependents. Any charges accrued by an individual in excess of \$200,000/\$225,000 in a fiscal year are thereafter reimbursed by BC/BS Insurance Co. and United Healthcare Services. The aggregate stop-loss is designed to protect the City for multiple large claims which may not reach the individual stop-loss attachment point (\$200,000/\$225,000). The aggregate stop-loss limit is \$2,000,000/\$2,200,000 per claim.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City established the Cranston Claims Committee (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss.

The City records liabilities for self-insured claims reported if it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The City has established a liability based on historical trends of previous years, where available, and attorney's estimates of pending matters and lawsuits in which the City is involved.

Changes in the self-insurance liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	2018		2017	
July 1	\$	926,280	\$ 850,837	
Add: incurred claims		34,437,678	34,667,579	
Less: payments of claims attributable to events of both the current				
and prior fiscal years:				
Health and life		34,666,291	34,592,136	
Other claims			-	
June 30		#NULL!	\$ 926,280	

The liabilities above have not been discounted to their present value. Incurred claims represent the total of a provision for events of the current fiscal year and any change in the provision for events of the prior fiscal years. The liability at June 30, 2018 has been recorded on the statement of net position under the claims payable line, within the government-wide statements (\$697,667).

The School Department has chosen to participate in the Health Benefits Project provided by the West Bay Community Health, an independent, non-profit organization. Deposits made to the Collaborative are treated as expenditures when it is probable that a claim has been incurred and include estimated amounts for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim and health care trends, and other economic and social factors.

B. Lease of Wastewater Treatment Facility

The City has entered into a Wastewater Treatment Facility Lease and Service Agreement with Triton, LLC/U.S. Filter/Veolia Water (the Company). The terms of the agreement include among others that the City will lease to the Company its Wastewater Treatment System for 25 years. The City will remain owner of the system and will continue to establish and collect all sewer fees. The Company will be responsible for providing wastewater treatment services to the City for that time period; operating and maintaining the City's wastewater treatment facility, pumping stations, force mains, sewer interceptors and the rest of the collection system; designing, constructing and testing certain system improvements; and administering the City's municipal industrial pre-treatment program (MIPP).

The contract required the Company to pay the City a one-time payment as consideration for the lease. The payment of \$48.0 million represents a prepayment of the lease payments due to the City over the next 25 years. These lease payments are "earned" over the life of the lease. Accordingly, unearned revenue has been recorded in the Sewer Enterprise Fund which will be realized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease (25 years).

At June 30, 2018, the balance of unearned revenue related to this was approximately \$8,450,000 which is comprised of a short-term portion of \$1,920,000 and a long-term portion of approximately \$6,530,000.

During the term of the agreement, the City pays the Company a service fee, which is calculated based on definitive components and amounts, as adjusted in accordance with guidelines established in the agreement. The service fee is generally fixed at the beginning of each fiscal year. During 2018, the City paid service fees totaling approximately \$16 million. The City also recognized 4% of the lease payment (\$1,920,000) as revenue for the year ended June 30, 2018.

This transaction was financed with conduit debt "1997 Series Bonds" which were advance refunded on February 28, 2017. On January 31, 2017, there was another conduit debt transaction on the "2017 Series Bonds." This transaction resulted in refunding credit savings of \$4,403,930 over the term of the bond which is due September 2022. This debt is not due and payable from the City of Cranston, Rhode Island but they were a party to the transaction.

C. Commitments and Litigation

Construction and other significant commitments have been reported as reserve for commitments in the fund equity section of the balance sheet.

Amounts received or receivable from Federal and State grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits and the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable. In the opinion of the City attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

D. Employee Retirement System

Summary

The City contributes to five defined benefit pension plans - the Police and Fire Employees' Pension Plan of the City of Cranston (PFERS), a single-employer plan; the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer plan; the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (ERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer plan; the National (Industrial) Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan; and the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan. The PFERS is presented in the accompanying financial statements as a fiduciary fund. MERS, ERS, the National Industrial Pension Plan and the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan are not included in the City's financial statements. Financial information can be obtained for those plans by contacting the State of Rhode Island.

Police and Fire Employees' Pension Plan of the City of Cranston ("PFERS")

Plan Administration

The City of Cranston (City) administers the City of Cranston Fire Department and Police Department Pension Plans (Plan), a defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions for all full-time firefighters and policemen of the City. Employees hired after July 1, 1995 become members of the State plan and do not participate in this plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

PFERS' financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments and contract requirements and investment income is recognized when earned and expenses (benefits, administration and refunds) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. As of June 30, 2017, there are no separate financial statements available for the PFERS plan.

Benefit Provisions

PFERS is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all Police and Fire Department personnel hired before July 1, 1995. The Plan provides retirement, disability and survivorship benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. A member may retire after 20 years of service. The pension is equal to $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ of the member's final compensation for each year of service up to 20 years and increases 2% for each year (up to 10 years) in excess of 20 years. An additional 5% of final compensation is added to the pension at 55 years of age. A deferred pension is available to employees completing 10 years of service.

Retirement eligibility and plan benefits - Effective July 1, 2012 the benefit accrual for all plans is 2.0% per year based on the five-year average compensation, exclusive of overtime. Retirement age is 55 years old with 25 years of total service or for members with five years of service but less than 25 years of service the new retirement age will mirror the Social Security Normal Retirement Age not to exceed 67. Police officers or firefighters who were at least 45 years old, had 10 or more years of contributing service and were eligible to retire prior to age 52 under the law in effect on June 30, 2012, may retire at age 52. Police and fire employees may retire with a reduced pension benefit if they have 20 years of service and are within five years of their retirement eligibility. The actuarially reduced benefit is calculated based on how close the member is to the eligibility date that is prescribed in the Rhode Island Retirement Security Act. Joint and survivor retirement benefit options are available.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Real estate assets are reported at fair value utilizing an income approach to valuation.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of June 30, 2017, the plans' membership consists of:

	Fire	Police	Total
Retirees, disability retirees and beneficiaries			
receiving benefits	218	204	422
Active plan members vested	21	6	27
Totals	239	210	449

There are no members in the plan, but not vested.

Contributions

Police personnel are required to contribute 10% of their base salary to the pension plan and fire personnel are required to contribute 10.5% of their base salary and longevity to the pension plan.

The City establishes contributions based on an actuarially determined contribution recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined contribution is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City contributed \$21,403,849 to the Plan, including \$0 from the State.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the plan as of June 30, 2017 (the date of the most recent actuarial valuation) was as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 302,630,011
Plan fiduciary net position	 66,333,847
Net Pension Liability (NPL)	\$ 236,296,164
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	
total pension liability	21.92%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 2,697,374
NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	8760.23%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Assumptions

The historical trend information was determined as part of the actuarial valuation as of the date indicated in the tabulation. Additional information as of the latest valuation is as follows:

The June 30, 2018 total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2017 valuation results, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Census data was collected as of July 1, 2017. Liabilities measured as of the census date were projected to June 30, 2017 assuming no demographic gains or losses.

Mortality rates for health lives were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment and improvements projected to 2026 with Scale AA. The same tables were used for disabled lives but set forward three years.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table (note that the rates shown below include the inflation component):

Domestic Equity (large cap)	11.13%	35.00%
Domestic Equity (mid cap)	13.16%	5.00%
Domestic Equity (small cap)	13.22%	5.00%
International Equity	9.86%	15.00%
Fixed income	4.16%	35.00%
Real estate	8.35%	5.00%
		100.00%

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.25%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

The assumed discount rate used to measure liabilities for valuation purposes is 7.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for GASB 67 purposes assumed that future City contributions will follow the contribution pattern of the most recent five years (see table below), which results in an assumption that the City will contribute approximately 95.3% of the actuarially determined contributions. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to fall short of meeting all future benefit obligations to current plan members. From the point where assets are projected to be depleted, a municipal bond rate of 2.71%, based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, was used in the development of the blended GASB discount rate. The resulting blended rate of 7.90% was used to measure the Plan's total pension liability.

The ARC for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 was based on the results of the July 1, 2013 valuation, updated to reflect the benefit provisions of the Funding Improvement Plan. An ordinance of such provision changes was passed by the City Council and signed into law by the Mayor in April 2013.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.90%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.90%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.90%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	1% Decrease Rate			1% Increase		
Net Pension Liability	\$	266,940,701	\$	236,296,164	\$	210,374,444

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer recognized pension expense of \$16,034,265. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	erred Outflows f Resources	rred Inflows of Resources
Contributions subject to measurement date	\$ 22,568,319	
Differences between expected and actual earnings	 6,218,153	 (3,212,116)
Total	\$ 6,218,153	\$ (3,212,116)

Year Ending June, 30	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources		
2018	\$	191,274	
2019		191,276	
2020		1,423,917	
2021		1,199,570	
Total	\$	3,006,037	

Municipal Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("MERS")

Plan Description

The Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) - an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. MERS was established under Rhode Island General Law and placed under the management of the Employee's Retirement System of Rhode Island (ERSRI) Board to provide retirement allowances to employees of municipalities, housing authorities, water and sewer districts, and municipal police and fire persons that have elected to participate. Benefit provisions are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the ERSRI website at <u>www.ersri.org.</u>

Benefits Provided

General employees, police officers and firefighters employed by electing municipalities participate in MERS. Eligible employees become members at their date of employment. Anyone employed by a municipality at the time the municipality joins MERS may elect not to be covered. Elected officials may opt to be covered by MERS. Employees covered under another plan maintained by the municipality may not become members of MERS. Police officers and/or firefighters may be designated as such by the municipality, in which case the special contribution and benefit provisions described below will apply to them, or they may be designated as general employees with no special benefits. Members designated as police officers and/or firefighters are treated as belonging to a unit separate from the general employees, with separate contribution rates applicable.

Salary: Salary includes the member's base earnings plus any payments under a regular longevity or incentive plan. Salary excludes overtime, unused sick and vacation leave, severance pay, and other extraordinary compensation. Certain amounts that are excluded from taxable wages, such as amounts sheltered under a Section 125 plan or amounts picked up by the employer under IRC Section 414(h), are not excluded from salary.

Service: Employees receive credit for service while a member. In addition, a member may purchase credit for certain periods by making an additional contribution to purchase the additional service. Special rules and limits govern the purchase of additional service and the contribution required.

Final Compensation: Prior to July 1, 2012 and for general employee members eligible to retire as of June 30, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest three consecutive annual salaries. Effective July 1, 2012, the average was based on the member's highest five consecutive annual salaries. Once a member retires or is terminated, the applicable FAC will be the greater of the member's highest three year FAC as of July 1, 2012 or the five year FAC as of the retirement/termination date. Monthly benefits are based on one-twelfth of this amount.

Subsequent to June 30, 2015, litigation challenging the various pension reform measures enacted in previous years by the General Assembly (2009, 2010, and 2011) was settled. The final settlement approved by the Court on July 8, 2015 also included enactment of the pension settlement provisions by the General Assembly. These amended benefit provisions, which have been included in the determination of the total pension liability at the June 30, 2015 measurement date and are reflected in the summary of benefit provisions described below.

General employees

Members with less than five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 and members hired on or after that date are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age (SSNRA).

Members who had at least five years of contributory service as of June 30, 2012 will be eligible for retirement at an individually determined age. This age is the result of interpolating between the member's prior Retirement Date, described below, and the retirement age applicable to members hired after June 30, 2012 as described above. The interpolation is based on service as of June 30, 2012 divided by projected service at the member's prior Retirement Date. The minimum retirement age is 59.

Members with 10 or more years of contributory service on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If this option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

Effective July 1, 2015, members will be eligible to retire with full benefits at the earlier of their current Rhode Island Retirement Security Act (RIRSA) date described above or upon the attainment of age 65 with 30 years of service, age 64 with 31 years of service, age 63 with 32 years of service, or age 62 with 33 years of service.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members were eligible for retirement on or after age 58 if they had credit for 10 or more years of service, or at any age if they had credit for at least 30 years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

The annual benefit is equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 1.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2015. For all service after June 30, 2015, the annual benefit is equal to 1.0% per year unless the member had 20 or more years of service as of June 30, 2012 in which case the benefit accrual is 2.0% per year for service after June 30, 2015. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC. Benefits are paid monthly.

Police and Fire employees

Members are eligible to retire when they are at least 50 years old and have a minimum of 25 years of contributing service or if they have 27 years of contributing service at any age. Members with less than 25 years of contributing service are eligible for retirement on or after their Social Security normal retirement age.

Members who, as of June 30, 2012, had at least 10 years of contributing service, had attained age 45, and had a prior Retirement Date before age 52 may retire at age 52.

Active members on June 30, 2012 may choose to retire at their prior Retirement Date if they continue to work and contribute until that date. If option is elected, the retirement benefit will be calculated using the benefits accrued as of June 30, 2012, i.e., the member will accumulate no additional defined benefits after this date, but the benefit will be paid without any actuarial reduction.

A member who is within five years of reaching their retirement eligibility date, as described in this section, and has 20 or more years of service, may elect to retire at any time with an actuarially reduced benefit.

Prior to July 1, 2012, members designated as police officers or firefighters were eligible for retirement at or after age 55 with credit for at least 10 years of service or at any age with credit for 25 or more years of service. Members were also eligible to retire and receive a reduced benefit if they are at least age 50 and have at least 20 years of service. If the municipality elected to adopt the 20-year retirement provisions for police officers and/or firefighters, then such a member was eligible to retire at any age with 20 or more years of service. Members eligible to retire before July 1, 2012 were not impacted by the changes to retirement eligibility above.

A monthly benefit is paid equal to 2.00% of the member's monthly FAC for each year of service, up to 37.5 years (75% of FAC maximum).

If the optional 20-year retirement provisions were adopted by the municipality prior to July 1, 2012: benefits are based on 2.50% of the member's FAC for each year of service prior to July 1, 2012 and 2.00% of the member's FAC for each year of service after July 1, 2012. The benefit cannot exceed 75% of the member's FAC.

Active members (including future hires), members who retire after July 1, 2015 and after attaining age 57 with 30 years of service will have a benefit equal to the greater of their current benefit described in (a) and (b) above and one calculated based on a 2.25% multiplier for all years of service.

Other benefit provisions

Death and disability benefits are also provided to members. A member is eligible for a disability retirement provided he/she has credit for at least five years of service or if the disability is work-related. Members are not eligible for an ordinary disability benefit if they are eligible for unreduced retirement.

Joint and survivor benefit options are available to retirees. For some employees, a Social Security Option is also available where an annuity is paid at one amount prior to age 62, and at a reduced amount after age 62, designed to provide a level total income when combined with the member's age 62 Social Security benefit. Benefits cease upon the member's death.

Post-retirement benefit increases are paid to members who retire after June 30, 2012. Members will be eligible to receive cost of living increases at the later of the member's third anniversary of retirement and the month following their SSNRA (age 55 for members designated as police officers and/or firefighters). When a municipality elects coverage, it may elect either COLA C (covering only current and future active members and excluding members already retired) or COLA B (covering current retired members as well as current and future active members).

a. The COLA will be suspended for any unit whose funding level is less than 80%; however, an interim COLA may be granted in four-year intervals while the COLA is suspended. The first interim COLA may begin January 1, 2018.

b. Effective July 1, 2015, the COLA is determined based on 50% of the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%, plus 50% of the lesser of 3.0% or last year's CPI-U increase for a total maximum increase of 3.50%. Previously, it was the plan's five-year average investment rate of return less 5.5% limited to a range of 0.0% to 4.0%

c. The COLA will be limited to the first \$25,000 of the member's annual pension benefit. For retirees and beneficiaries who retired on or before July 1, 2015, years in which a COLA is payable based on the every fourth year provision described in (a) above will be limited to the first \$30,000. These limits will be indexed annually to increase in the same manner as COLAs, with the known values of \$25,000 for 2013, \$25,000 for 2014, \$25,168 for 2015, \$25,855 for 2016, and \$26,098 for 2017.

General Employee Units

At the June 30, 2016 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	From Employer
	Specific Valuation
Inactive, Nonretired Members	330
Retirees and Beneficiaries	588
Active Members	660
Total	1,578

Contributions

The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 2% of their salaries. General employees with more than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 are required to contribute 8.25%. Public safety employees are required to contribute 10% of their salaries. The City of Cranston contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The City of Cranston contributed \$2,342,837 in the year ended June 30, 2018 which was 9.66% of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2016 and rolled forward to June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal-the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodology is used.
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed
Remaining Amortization	19 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smooth Market
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%
Projected Salary Increases:	
General Employees	3.5%-7.5%
Police & Fire Employees	4%-14%
Inflation	2.75%
Mortality	Male employees, MERS General and MERS P&F: 115% of RP- 2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2017 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2017 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2013. The liabilities are rolled forward on-year using standard actuarial methods.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2016 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
Type of Investment	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity		
US Equity	20.60%	6.85%
International Developed Equity	15.90%	6.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	3.50%	8.91%
Private Equity		
Private Energy	11.30%	9.62%
Non-Core RE	2.20%	5.17%
OPP Private Credit	1.50%	9.62%
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	4.26%
REITS	1.00%	5.17%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	4.26%
Private Credit	3.20%	4.26%
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.83%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	3.81%
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.17%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.57%
TIPs	1.00%	1.72%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.98%
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.12%
Absolute Return	6.50%	3.81%
Cash	3.00%	0.83%
	100%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall medium-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net

position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Increase					
	(Decrease) Plan					
	Т	otal Pension	Fiduciary Net		Net	Pension Liability
		Liability		Position		(Asset)
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$	141,597,445	\$	127,196,632	\$	14,400,813
Changes for the year						
Service cost		2,350,820		-		2,350,820
Interest on the total pension liability		10,359,681		-		10,359,681
Changes in benefits						
Differences between expected and actual experience		468,058		-		468,058
Changes in assumptions		7,489,555		-		7,489,555
Employer contributions		-		2,342,837		(2,342,837)
Employee contributions		-		836,339		(836,339)
Net investment income		-		14,401,043		(14,401,043)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(9,287,558)		(9,287,558)		
Administrative expense		-		(136,055)		136,055
Other changes		-		254,209		(254,209)
Net changes		11,380,556		8,410,815		2,969,741
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$	152,978,001	\$	135,607,447	\$	17,370,554

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate.

Current Discount					
1% C	Decrease (6.0%)		Rate (7.0%)	1%	b Increase (8.0%)
\$	35,239,023	\$	17,370,554	\$	4,063,145

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the employer recognized pension expense of \$3,840,550. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows of Resources
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	1,074,051	
Difference in experience		349,017	(1,496,674)
Difference in assumptions		5,598,357	-
Excess (deficit) investment returns		8,569,661	(5,869,263)
Total	\$	14,517,035	\$ (7,365,937)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Outf	et Deferred lows/(Inflows)
Year Ending June 30	01	Resources
2019	\$	1,408,123
2020		3,945,218
2021		2,814,942
2022		(1,017,185)
2023		-
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	7,151,098
	_	

General Employee (Non-Certified) Defined Contribution Plan

Certain employees participating in the defined benefit plan, as described above, may also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees with less than 20 years of service contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. Employers contribute 1.25% for employees with at least 10 years of service but less than 15 years of service as of June 30, 2012 of annual covered salary. Employers contribute 1.50% for employees with at least 15 years of service but less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012 of annual covered salary. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The City of Cranston recognized pension expense of \$1,628,973 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Police Units

At the June 30, 2016 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	From Employer	
	Specific Valuation	
Inactive, nonretired members	9	
Retirees and beneficiaries	19	
Active members	141	
Total	169	

Contributions

The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees are required to contribute 2% of their salaries. Public safety employees are required to contribute 10% of their salaries. The City contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The City contributed \$1,040,242 in the year ended June 30, 2017 which was 9.57% of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2016 and rolled forward to June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal-the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodology is used.
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed
Remaining Amortization	19 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smooth Market
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%
Projected Salary Increases:	
General Employees	3.5%-7.5%
Police & Fire Employees	4%-14%
Inflation	2.75%
Mortality	Male employees, MERS General and MERS P&F: 115% of RP- 2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000. Female Employees, MERS General and MERS P&F: 95% of RP- 2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2017 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2017 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2016 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
Type of Investment	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	5	
US Equity	20.60%	6.85%
International Developed Equity	15.90%	6.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	3.50%	8.91%
Private Equity		
Private Energy	11.30%	9.62%
Non-Core RE	2.20%	5.17%
OPP Private Credit	1.50%	9.62%
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	4.26%
REITS	1.00%	5.17%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	4.26%
Private Credit	3.20%	4.26%
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.83%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	3.81%
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.17%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.57%
TIPs	1.00%	1.72%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.98%
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.12%
Absolute Return	6.50%	3.81%
Cash	3.00%	0.83%
	100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall medium-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Тс	otal Pension Liability	`	Increase crease) Plan iduciary Net Position	Net Pension ability (Asset)
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$	39,612,715	\$	33,709,297	\$ 5,903,418
Changes for the year					
Service cost		2,014,684		-	2,014,684
Interest on the total pension liability		3,011,196		-	3,011,196
Changes in benefits		-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,152,114		-	3,152,114
Changes in assumptions		2,582,739		-	2,582,739
Employer contributions		-		1,040,242	(1,040,242)
Employee contributions		-		1,099,252	(1,099,252)
Net investment income		-		4,095,964	(4,095,964)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(941,558)		(941,558)	-
Administrative expense		-		(38,697)	38,697
Other changes		-		(394,850)	394,850
Net changes		9,819,175		4,860,353	 4,958,822
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$	49,431,890	\$	38,569,650	\$ 10,862,240

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

		Cur	rent Discount		
1% Decrease (6.0%)		Rate (7.0%)		1% Increase (8.0%)	
\$	16,399,655	\$	10,862,240	\$	6,740,256

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the employer recognized pension expense of \$2,380,401. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 1,199,854	\$	-	
Difference in experience	3,148,092		(50,501)	
Difference in assumptions	2,346,162		(411,493)	
Excess (deficit) investment returns	 2,134,524		(1,658,199)	
Total	\$ 7,628,778	\$	(2,120,193)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows/(Inflows)	
Year Ending June 30	of Re	esources
2019	\$	577,089
2020		1,004,004
2021		686,110
2022		186,530
2023		494,352
Thereafter		2,560,500
Total	\$	5,508,585

Defined Contribution Plan Description

Certain employees participating in the defined benefit plan, as described above, may also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 3% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute 3% of annual covered salary. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The City recognized pension expense of \$1,180,547 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Fire Units

At the June 30, 2015 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	From Employer Specific Valuation
Inactive, nonretired members	1
Retirees and beneficiaries	14
Active members	158
Total	173

Contributions

The amount of employee and employer contributions have been established under Rhode Island General Law Chapter 45-21. General employees are required to contribute 2% of their salaries. Public safety employees are required to contribute 10% of their salaries. The City contributes at a rate of covered employee payroll as determined by an independent actuary on an annual basis. The General Assembly can amend the amount of these contribution requirements. The City contributed \$971,858 in the year ended June 30, 2017 which was 7.50% of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2016 and rolled forward to June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal-the Individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodology is used.
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed
Remaining Amortization	19 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smooth Market
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%
Projected Salary Increases:	
General Employees	3.5%-7.5%
Police & Fire Employees	4%-14%
Inflation	2.75%
Mortality	Male employees, MERS General and MERS P&F: 115% of RP- 2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000. Female Employees, MERS General and MERS P&F: 95% of RP- 2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2017 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2017 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2016 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Type of Investment	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity		
US Equity	20.60%	6.85%
International Developed Equity	15.90%	6.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	3.50%	8.91%
Private Equity		
Private Energy	11.30%	9.62%
Non-Core RE	2.20%	5.17%
OPP Private Credit	1.50%	9.62%
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	4.26%
REITS	1.00%	5.17%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	4.26%
Private Credit	3.20%	4.26%
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.83%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	3.81%
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.17%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.57%
TIPs	1.00%	1.72%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.98%
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.12%
Absolute Return	6.50%	3.81%
Cash	3.00%	0.83%
	100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the plans was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	То	otal Pension Liability	•	Increase ecrease) Plan iduciary Net Position	Vet Pension ability (Asset)
Balances as of June 30, 2016	\$	54,736,760	\$	55,576,909	\$ (840,149)
Changes for the year					
Service cost		2,469,994		-	2,469,994
Interest on the total pension liability		4,169,635		-	4,169,635
Changes in benefits		-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(928,566)		-	(928,566)
Changes in assumptions		3,052,432		-	3,052,432
Employer contributions		-		971,858	(971,858)
Employee contributions		-		1,300,194	(1,300,194)
Net investment income		-		6,811,465	(6,811,465)
Benefit payments, including employee refunds		(753,251)		(753,251)	-
Administrative expense		-		(64,352)	64,352
Other changes		-		297,336	(297,336)
Net changes		8,010,244		8,563,250	 (553,006)
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$	62,747,004	\$	64,140,159	\$ (1,393,155)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

		Cu	rrent Discount		
1% Decrease (6.0%)		Rate (7.0%)		1% Increase (8.0%)	
\$	5,583,084	\$	(1,393,155)	\$	(6,585,605)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer recognized pension expense of \$891,292. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 792,107			
Difference in experience		-		(2,898,306)
Difference in assumptions		2,728,133		(417,203)
Excess (deficit) investment returns		3,530,871		(2,770,298)
Total	\$	6,259,004	\$	(6,085,807)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred	
	Outflows	s/(Inflows)
Year Ending June 30	of Res	sources
2019	\$	18,793
2020		727,088
2021		200,958
2022		(625,246)
2023		(109,745)
Thereafter		(38,651)
Total	\$	173,197

Defined Contribution Plan Description:

Certain employees participating in the defined benefit plan, as described above, may also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 3% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute 3% of annual covered salary. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The City recognized pension expense of \$96,712 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island ("ERS")

Plan Description

Certain employees of the Cranston School District participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Employees' Retirement System plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at <u>http://www.ersri.org</u>.

Benefit Provisions

The level of benefits provided to participants is established by Chapter 36-10 of the General Laws, which is subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Member benefit provisions vary based on service credits accumulated at dates specified in various amendments to the General Laws outlining minimum retirement age, benefit accrual rates and maximum benefit provisions. In general, members accumulate service credits for each year of service subject to maximum benefit accruals of 80% or 75%. For those hired after June 30, 2012, the benefit accrual rate is 1% per year with a maximum benefit accrual of 40%. Members eligible to retire at September 30, 2009 may retire with 10 years of service at age 60 or after 28 years of service at any age. The retirement eligibility age increases proportionately for other members reflecting years of service and other factors until it aligns with the Social Security Normal Retirement Age, which applies to any member with less than 5 years of service as of July 1, 2012. Members are vested after 5 years of service.

The plan provides for survivor's benefits for service connected death and certain lump sum death benefits. Joint and survivor benefit provision options are available to members.

Cost of living adjustments are provided but are currently suspended until the collective plans administered by ERSRI reach a funded status of 80%. Until the plans reach an 80% funded status, interim cost of living adjustments are provided at four-year intervals commencing with the plan year ending June 30, 2016.

The plan also provides nonservice-connected disability benefits after five years of service and serviceconnected disability benefits with no minimum service requirement.

Contributions

The funding policy, as set forth in the General Laws, Section 16-16-22, provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions to the plan. For fiscal 2017, Cranston School District teachers were required to contribute 3.75% of their annual covered salary, except for teachers with twenty or more years as of June 30, 2012 must contribute 11% of their annual covered salary. The State and the Cranston School District are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, 40% of which is to be paid by the State and the remaining 60% is to be paid by Cranston School Department; the rates were 9.89% and 13.24% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 for the State and Cranston School Department, respectively. The School Department contributed \$10,119,695, \$10,852,160, and \$10,742,600 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Cranston School District reported a liability of \$142,133,353 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for contributions made by the state. The amount recognized by the Cranston School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Cranston School District were as follows:

Cranston School District proportionate share of	
net pension liability:	\$ 142,133,353
State's proportionate share of the net pension	
liability associated with the Cranston District:	107,418,666
Total net pension liability	\$ 249,552,019

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017. The Cranston School District proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Cranston School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers and the state, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017 the Cranston School District's proportion was 4.50632384%.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Cranston School District recognized gross pension expense of \$23,628,324 and revenue of \$10,967,826 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2018 the Cranston School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date:\$ 11,072,615Changes of assumptions12,413,301Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments:13,444,35525,857,65625,857,656Deferred inflows of resources25,857,656Difference between expected and actual experience:\$ (3,369,646) (2,239,799)Changes of assumptions(2,239,799)Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions:(2,694,938)Net difference between projected and actual earnigns on pension plan investments:(7,407,155)	Deferred outflows of resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments:13,444,355 25,857,656Deferred inflows of resources Difference between expected and actual experience:\$ (3,369,646) (2,239,799)Changes of assumptions employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions:(2,694,938) (2,694,938)Net difference between projected and actual earnigns(2,694,938)	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date:	\$ 11,072,615
earnings on pension plan investments:13,444,35525,857,65625,857,656Deferred inflows of resources25,857,656Difference between expected and actual experience:\$ (3,369,646)Changes of assumptions(2,239,799)Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions:(2,694,938)Net difference between projected and actual earnigns(2,694,938)		12,413,301
25,857,656Deferred inflows of resourcesDifference between expected and actual experience:Changes of assumptionsChanges in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions:(2,694,938)Net difference between projected and actual earnigns		13,444,355
Difference between expected and actual experience:\$ (3,369,646)Changes of assumptions(2,239,799)Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions:(2,694,938)Net difference between projected and actual earnigns(2,694,938)		 <u> </u>
Changes of assumptions(2,239,799)Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions:(2,694,938)Net difference between projected and actual earnigns(2,694,938)	Deferred inflows of resources	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions: (2,694,938) Net difference between projected and actual earnigns	Difference between expected and actual experience:	\$ (3,369,646)
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions:(2,694,938)Net difference between projected and actual earnigns	Changes of assumptions	(2,239,799)
contributions:(2,694,938)Net difference between projected and actual earnigns	Changes in proportion and differences between	
Net difference between projected and actual earnigns	employer contributions and proportionate share of	
	contributions:	(2,694,938)
on pension plan investments: (7,407,155)	Net difference between projected and actual earnigns	
	on pension plan investments:	(7,407,155)
Total \$ (15,711,538)	Total	\$ (15,711,538)

Funding Policy

\$11,072,615 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Cranston School District contributions in fiscal year 2018 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Funding Policy	
2019	\$	1,466,130
2020		3,832,467
2021		2,081,162
2022		(417,147)
2023		1,441,364
Thereafter		1,742,142
Total	\$	10,146,118

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00% to 13.50%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Mortality

Variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2017 and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 30, 2016 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2016 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

Global Equity 20.60% 6.85% International Developed Equity 15.90% 6.71% Emerging Markets Equity 3.50% 8.91% Private Equity 3.50% 8.91% Private Equity 3.50% 8.91% Private Equity 3.50% 8.91% Private Energy 11.30% 9.62% Non-Core RE 2.20% 5.17% OPP Private Credit 1.00% 4.26% REITS 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Inflation Protection Class Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 5.57% 11% IP's 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.88% Volatility Protection 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return <td< th=""><th>Type of Investment</th><th>Target Allocation</th><th>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</th></td<>	Type of Investment	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity 20.60% 6.85% International Developed Equity 15.90% 6.71% Emerging Markets Equity 3.50% 8.91% Private Equity 3.50% 8.91% Private Equity 11.30% 9.62% Non-Core RE 2.20% 5.17% OPP Private Credit 1.50% 9.62% Income 1.00% 4.26% High Yield Infrastructure 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 5.77% Treasury Duration 4.00% 3.81% Systematic Trend 4.00% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volattility Protection I			
International Developed Equity 15.90% 6.71% Emerging Markets Equity 3.50% 8.91% Private Equity 11.30% 9.62% Non-Core RE 2.20% 5.17% OPP Private Credit 1.50% 9.62% Income 1.50% 9.62% High Yield Infrastructure 1.00% 4.26% REITS 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Drivate Credit 3.20% 4.26% Drivate Credit 3.20% 5.57% Treasury Duration 4.00% 3.81% Systematic Trend 4.00% 5.57% Inflation Protection 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00%		20.60%	6 85%
Emerging Markets Equity 3.50% 8.91% Private Equity 3.50% 8.91% Private Energy 11.30% 9.62% Non-Core RE 2.20% 5.17% OPP Private Credit 1.50% 9.62% Income 1.50% 9.62% High Yield Infrastructure 1.00% 4.26% REITS 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Crisis Protection Class 7 7 Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 3.81% Inflation Protection 7 7 Core Real Estate 3.60% 5.17% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 1 1 IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81%			
Private Equity 11.30% 9.62% Non-Core RE 2.20% 5.17% OPP Private Credit 1.50% 9.62% Income 1.50% 9.62% High Yield Infrastructure 1.00% 4.26% REITS 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Crisis Protection Class 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 5.57% Inflation Protection 1.00% 5.57% 1.1% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 3.98% 2.40% 5.57% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% 2.12% Absolute Return			••••
Private Energy 11.30% 9.62% Non-Core RE 2.20% 5.17% OPP Private Credit 1.50% 9.62% Income 1 1.50% 9.62% High Yield Infrastructure 1.00% 4.26% REITS 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Orisis Protection Class 7 7 Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 3.81% Inflation Protection 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 1 1.150% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% 3.00% 0.83%		0.007	0.0170
Non-Core RE 2.20% 5.17% OPP Private Credit 1.50% 9.62% Income 1.00% 4.26% High Yield Infrastructure 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Crisis Protection Class 3.20% 4.26% Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 3.81% Inflation Protection 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection I 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83% 3.00% 0.83%		11.30%	9 62%
OPP Private Credit 1.50% 9.62% Income 1.00% 4.26% High Yield Infrastructure 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 2.80% 4.26% Crisis Protection Class 3.20% 4.26% Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 3.81% Inflation Protection Core Real Estate 3.60% 5.17% Private Infrastructure 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%	6,		
Income 1.00% 4.26% High Yield Infrastructure 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 2.80% 4.26% Crisis Protection Class 3.20% 4.26% Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 3.81% Inflation Protection 0 0.83% Core Real Estate 3.60% 5.17% Private Infrastructure 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 0 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% 3.00% 0.83%			
High Yield Infrastructure 1.00% 4.26% REITS 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Crisis Protection Class 3.20% 4.26% Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 3.81% Inflation Protection 4.00% 5.57% Core Real Estate 3.60% 5.17% Private Infrastructure 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 1 1 IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%		1.0070	0.0270
REITS 1.00% 5.17% Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Crisis Protection Class 3.20% 4.26% Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 3.81% Inflation Protection 7 7 Core Real Estate 3.60% 5.17% Private Infrastructure 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 7 7 IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%		1 00%	4 26%
Liquid Credit 2.80% 4.26% Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Crisis Protection Class Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 3.81% Inflation Protection Core Real Estate 3.60% 5.17% Private Infrastructure 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 2.12% Volatility Protection 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%	5		
Private Credit 3.20% 4.26% Crisis Protection Class Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 3.81% Inflation Protection Core Real Estate 3.60% 5.17% Private Infrastructure 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%			
Crisis Protection Class 4.00% 0.83% Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 0.83% Inflation Protection 2 2 Core Real Estate 3.60% 5.17% Private Infrastructure 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 1 1 IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%	•		
Treasury Duration 4.00% 0.83% Systematic Trend 4.00% 3.81% Inflation Protection Core Real Estate 3.60% 5.17% Private Infrastructure 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%		0.2070	1.2070
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Inflation Protection 3.60% 5.17% Core Real Estate 3.60% 5.57% Private Infrastructure 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 1 1 IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%	•		
Core Real Estate 3.60% 5.17% Private Infrastructure 2.40% 5.57% TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 1 2.12% IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%			
TIPs 1.00% 1.72% Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 1 1.00% 3.98% IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%	Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.17%
Natural Resources 1.00% 3.98% Volatility Protection 1 2.12% IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%	Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.57%
Volatility Protection 11.50% 2.12% IG Fixed Income 6.50% 3.81% Absolute Return 6.50% 0.83% Cash 3.00% 0.83%	TIPs	1.00%	1.72%
Volatility Protection 11.50% 2.12% IG Fixed Income 6.50% 3.81% Absolute Return 6.50% 0.83% Cash 3.00% 0.83%	Natural Resources	1.00%	3.98%
IG Fixed Income 11.50% 2.12% Absolute Return 6.50% 3.81% Cash 3.00% 0.83%	Volatility Protection		
Cash <u>3.00%</u> 0.83%	-	11.50%	2.12%
	Absolute Return	6.50%	3.81%
100.00%	Cash	3.00%	0.83%
		100.00%	

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall medium-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

		Curr	ent Discount	1% Inc	rease
1% Decrease	e (6.0%)	Ra	ate (7.0%)	(8.0)%)
\$ 178,6	627,665	\$	142,133,353	\$ 114	,950,898

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

Defined Contribution Plan Description

Employees participating in the defined benefit plan with less than 20 years of service as of June 30, 2012, as described above, also participate in a defined contribution plan authorized by General Law Chapter 36-10.3. The defined contribution plan is established under IRS section 401(a) and is administered by TIAA-CREF. Employees may choose among various investment options available to plan participants. Employees contribute 5% of their annual covered salary and employers contribute between 1% and 1.5% of annual covered salary depending on the employee's total years of service as of June 30, 2012. Employee contributions are immediately vested while employer contributions and any investment earnings thereon are vested after three years of contributory service. Benefit terms and contributions required under the plan by both the employee and employer are established by the General Laws, which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly.

Amounts in the defined contribution plan are available to participants in accordance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines for such plans.

The Cranston School District recognized pension expense of \$12,660,498 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for plans administered by the system. The report may be obtained at http://www.ersri.org.

Teacher's Survivors Benefits of the State of Rhode Island ("TSB")

Plan Description

Certain employees of the Cranston School Department participate in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan - the Teachers' Survivors Benefit plan - administered by the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System). Under a cost-sharing plan, pension obligations for employees of all employers are pooled and plan assets are available to pay the benefits of the employees of any participating employer providing pension benefits through the plan, regardless of the status of the employers' payment of its pension obligation to the plan. The plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in Social Security.

The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans. The report may be obtained at <u>http://www.ersri.org</u>.

Eligibility and Plan Benefits

The plan provides a survivor benefit to public school teachers in lieu of Social Security since not all school districts participate in the plan. Specific eligibility criteria and the amount of the benefit is subject to the provisions of Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws which are subject to amendment by the General Assembly. Spouse, parents, family and children's benefits are payable following the death of a member. A spouse shall be entitled to benefits upon attaining the age of sixty (60) years. Children's benefits are payable to the child, including a stepchild or adopted child of a deceased member if the child is unmarried and under the age of eighteen (18) years or twenty-three (23) years and a full-time student, and was dependent upon the member at the time of the member's death. Family benefits are provided if at the time of the member's death the surviving spouse has in his or her care a child of the deceased member if the child benefits. Parents benefits are payable to the parent or parents of a deceased member if the member's wages and the parent has reached the age of 60 years, has not remarried, and received support from the member.

In January, a yearly cost-of-living adjustment for spouse's benefits is paid and based on the annual social security adjustment.

Survivors are eligible for benefits if the member has made contributions for at least six months prior to death or retirement.

The TSB plan provides benefits based on the highest salary at the time of retirement of the teacher. Benefits are payable in accordance with the following table:

	Basic Monthly	
Highest Annual Salary:	Spouse's Benef	
\$17,000 or less	\$	750
\$17,001 to \$25,000	\$	875
\$25,001 to \$33,000	\$	1,000
\$33,001 to \$40,000	\$	1,125
\$40,001 and over	\$	1,250

Benefits payable to children and families are equal to the spousal benefit multiplied by the percentage below:

				Three or More			
Parent and One	Parent and Two		Two Children	Children	Dependent		
Child	or More Children	One Child Alone	Alone	Alone	Parent		
150%	175%	75%	150%	175%	100%		

Contributions

The contribution requirements of active employees and the participating school districts were established under Chapter 16-16 of the Rhode Island General Laws, which may be amended by the General Assembly. The cost of the benefits provided by the plan are two percent (2%) of the member's annual salary up to but not exceeding an annual salary of \$9,600; one-half (1/2) of the cost is contributed by the member by deductions from his or her salary, and the other half (1/2) is contributed and paid by the respective school district by which the member is employed. These contributions are in addition to the contributions required for regular pension benefits.

The Cranston School District contributed \$97,874, \$102,845 and \$100,039 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively, equal to 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2018 the Cranston School District reported an asset of \$13,726,036 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset related to its participation in TSB. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. The Cranston School District proportion of the net pension asset was based on its share of contributions to the TSB for fiscal year 2016 relative to the total contributions of all participating employers for that fiscal year. At June 30, 2017 the Cranston School District proportion was 16.59208498%.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Cranston School District recognized pension expense of \$2,751,580. At June 30, 2018, the Cranston School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflows of resources		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date:	\$	122,140
Difference between expected and actual experience: Changes in assumptions: Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of	\$	2,708,933 2,261,244
contributions		166,082
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments:		3,155,743
Total	\$	8,292,002
Deferred inflows of resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	(2,884,371)
on pension plan investments: Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of		(2,278,775)
contributions		(636,373)
Total	\$	(5,799,519)
	¥	(0,100,010)

Funding Policy

\$122,140 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Cranston School District contributions in fiscal year 2018 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the net pension asset for the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2019	\$ 425,623
2020	1,100,508
2021	608,457
2022	(115,423)
2023	285,549
Thereafter	187,769
Total	\$ 2,492,483

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.55%
Salary increases	3.00% to 13.50%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Mortality - variants of the RP-2014 mortality tables - for the improvement scale, update to the ultimate rates of the MP-2016 projection scale.

Cost of living adjustment - eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment - for valuation purposes, a 2.75% cost of living adjustment is assumed.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation and the calculation of the total pension liability at June 20, 2017 were consistent with the results of an actuarial experience study performed as of June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on pension plan investments was determined by the actuary using a building-block method. The actuary started by calculating best-estimate future expected real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, based on a collective summary of capital market expectations from 35 sources. The June 30, 2017 expected arithmetic returns over the long-term (20 years) by asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
Turpo of Invootmont	Torget Allegation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Type of Investment	Target Allocation	
Global Equity	20.60%	C 050/
US Equity	20.60%	6.85%
International Developed Equity	15.90%	6.71%
Emerging Markets Equity	3.50%	8.91%
Private Equity		
Private Energy	11.30%	9.62%
Non-Core RE	2.20%	5.17%
OPP Private Credit	1.50%	9.62%
Income		
High Yield Infrastructure	1.00%	4.26%
REITS	1.00%	5.17%
Liquid Credit	2.80%	4.26%
Private Credit	3.20%	4.26%
Crisis Protection Class		
Treasury Duration	4.00%	0.83%
Systematic Trend	4.00%	3.81%
Inflation Protection		
Core Real Estate	3.60%	5.17%
Private Infrastructure	2.40%	5.57%
TIPs	1.00%	1.72%
Natural Resources	1.00%	3.98%
Volatility Protection		
IG Fixed Income	11.50%	2.12%
Absolute Return	6.50%	3.81%
Cash	3.00%	0.83%
	100.00%	0.0070

These return assumptions are then weighted by the target asset allocation percentage, factoring in correlation effects, to develop the overall long-term expected rate of return best-estimate on an arithmetic basis.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.0% as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate.

% Decrease (6.0%)		Rate (7.0%)		1% Increase (8.0%)		
	\$	(9,388,225)	\$	(13,726,036)	\$	(16,955,426)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERSRI financial report.

National (Industrial) Pension Plan

Plan Description

Upon the date of hire, most of the City's public works' employees and all School Department bus drivers are eligible to participate in the National (Industrial) Pension Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The plan also provides the following types of pensions which pay benefits to a retired participant during their lifetime and thereafter pay benefits to the participant's surviving spouse or other beneficiary: husband-and-wife pension, survivor's option pension, and 120 certain payments option pension. The Plan also provides for a widow/widower's pension. Employees who retire at or after age 62 with at least 5 years of pension credit and have earned at least one of the years of pension credit during the period that their employer is contributing to the pension fund are eligible for benefits through the regular pension that is payable monthly for life. The retirement benefit is determined by the highest contribution rate at which the employee earned pension credit and the years of pension credits they have earned (up to a maximum of 30 years of pension credits). The Plan also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by the Board of Trustees of the Pension Fund. Financial statements for the Plan can be obtained by contacting the Laborers' National (Industrial) Pension Fund, 905 16th Street, N.W., Washington, DC, 20106.

Funding Policy

Covered employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2018 the City was required to contribute \$1.87 per hour, and the School Department was required to contribute \$.99 per hour for each hour worked by the employees to the Plan.

Contributions

Contributions for the past three years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual Required Contribution		Actual Contribution		Percentage Contribution
City					
6/30/2016	\$	259,382	\$	259,382	100%
6/30/2017	\$	301,375	\$	301,375	100%
6/30/2018	\$	333,152	\$	333,152	100%
School Department					
6/30/2016	- \$	124,272	\$	124,272	100%
6/30/2017	\$	136,018	\$	136,018	100%
6/30/2018	\$	155,558	\$	155,558	100%

New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan

Plan Description

Upon the date of hire, most workers within City Hall and other clerical staff throughout the City are eligible to participate in the New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit plan. Benefits under the plan are provided through a trust fund. A copy of the annual report can be obtained by contacting the trustees at: New England Teamsters & Trucking Industry Pension Fund, 1 Wall Street, Burlington, MA 01803.

Funding Policy

Covered employees are currently not required to contribute to the Plan. For the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2018, the City was required to contribute \$1.35 per hour for each hour worked by the employees to the Plan.

Contributions

 Fiscal Year Ended		Annual Required Contribution		Actual	Percentage Contribution	
6/30/2016	\$	296,407	\$	296,407	100%	
6/30/2017 6/30/2018	\$ \$	327,411 342,232	\$ \$	327,411 342,232	100% 100%	

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - Public Safety Employees

Plan Description

The City maintains and administers a single-employer OPEB benefit plan that covers all public safety employees. The plan provides health benefits and life insurance benefits to eligible retired police and fire employees and their beneficiaries. The plans provisions may be amended by the City and the Trustees of the plan. The trust is accounted for as an OPEB trust fund in the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2018, there are no separate financial statements available for the Public Safety Employees OPEB plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The OPEB trust fund financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when they are due, pursuant to formal commitments and contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan.

Valuation of Investments

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. There are no investments of 5% or greater in any one organization.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of July 1, 2018 (date of the last actuarial valuation) membership data was as follows:

Active employees	368
Retirees	324
Total plan members	692

Funding Policy

The City established an Irrevocable Trust Agreement (OPEB Trust) effective July 1, 2006 and has started to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The City pays certain medical premiums for a retiree and certain dependents until they reach the age of 65 years unless they are not covered by Medicare benefits, in that case, coverage continues for life. If a firefighter dies before reaching normal retirement age, the City pays for the benefit of the firefighter's family, if any, the full cost of family medical coverage (as in effect at the time of the firefighter's death) until the firefighter's normal retirement date. In addition, Police retirees are entitled to a City paid life insurance benefit of \$17,000 if they retired after July 1, 1982. Firemen retiring after July 1, 1981 are eligible for the \$17,000 benefit. Fire retirees retired between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2007 are entitled to a City paid life insurance benefit of \$20,000 and if a fireman retirees after July 1, 2007, a \$25,000 life insurance benefit is payable. In addition to the above, firefighters who retire with an occupational injury or illness receive a City paid life insurance benefit of \$50,000 if death occurs within 3 years of his/her retirement date.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Investments

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense was 4.84%. The Money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts of actually invested.

The following was the City's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Large Cap Core Equities	15.0%
Large Cap Value Equities	10.0%
Large Cap Growth Equities	10.0%
Small/Mid Value Equities	5.0%
Small/Mid Growth Equities	5.0%
Non-US Equities	15.0%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	5.0%
Fixed Income	35.0%
	100.0%

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. These rates do not include inflation assumption which is assumed to be 2%. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the

	Long-Term
	Expected Rate of
Asset Class	Return
US REIT	7.5%
International Stocks	7.0%
US Cash	3.0%
US Bonds	4.0%
US Large Cap	7.5%
US Mid Cap	8.0%
US Small Cap	8.5%
Commodity	5.0%
Alternatives	4.2%
Emerging Markets	8.5%

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the City of Cranston at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 48,998,289 7,801,259
City's net OPEB liability	\$ 41,197,030
Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of total OPEB liability	15.92%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Investment rate of return	7.9% of 2018, net of investment expense
Healthcare cost trend rates	5% for 2018 and years later

Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on the RP-2000 Blue Collar mortality table with Scale AA improvement to 2026. Post retirement mortality is represented by the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table, adjusted 115% for males, 95% for females, with Scale AA improvements on the generational basis. Mortality for disabled members is represented by the RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table with Scale AA adjustment to 2026 and set forward of 3 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

			Cur	rent Discount	1	% Increase
	1% D	ecrease (6.9%)	F	Rate (7.9%)		(8.9%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	44,629,702	\$	41,197,030	\$	38,118,074

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Cu	rent Discount	1% Increase
	1% D	ecrease (4.0%)	F	Rate (5.0%)	(6.0%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	38,153,287	\$	41,197,030	\$ 44,637,359

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)				
	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)		
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$	50,035,354 \$	6,131,854 \$	43,903,500		
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		930,661	-	930,661		
Interest on total OPEB liability		3,867,250	-	3,867,250		
Experience (gain) and loss		(1,729,986)	-	(1,729,986)		
Contributions		-	5,477,558	(5,477,558)		
Net investment income (loss)		-	316,629	(316,629)		
Benefit payments		(4,104,990)	(4,104,990)	-		
Administrative expenses		-	(19,792)	19,792		
Net changes		(1,037,065)	1,669,405	(2,706,470)		
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$	48,998,289 \$	7,801,259 \$	41,197,030		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$1,511,770. At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows Of Resources	 Deferred Inflows Of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and	\$	224 672	\$ (1,319,063)
actual earning on OPEB plan investments Total	\$	331,573 331,573	\$ (1,319,063)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2019	\$ 246,873
2020	246,873
2021	246,873
2022	246,871
2023	-
	 987,490

E. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - School Department Employees

Plan Description

The City maintains and administers a single-employer OPEB benefit plan that covers all School Department employees. The plan provides health benefits and dental insurance benefits to eligible retired employees and their beneficiaries. The plans provisions may be amended by the Cranston School Committee and the Trustees of the plan. The OPEB activity is accounted for in the School Unrestricted Fund in the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2018, there are no separate, audited GAAP-basis financial statements available for the Board of Education Employees OPEB plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting

The OPEB activity is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when they are due, pursuant to formal commitments and contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized when earned. Expenses (benefits and administration) are recognized when they are due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan. Administrative costs are generally financed through the School Unrestricted Fund.

Valuation of Investment

Investments are valued at fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. There are no investments of 5% or greater in any one organization.

Classes of Employees Covered

As of July 1, 2018 (date of the last actuarial valuation) membership data was as follows:

1,076
106
1,182

Funding Policy

The City established an Irrevocable Trust Agreement effective July 1, 2015 and has started to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The amounts due for these benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School Department pays 100% of the cost of individual health care insurance and dental insurance benefits for all retired eligible employees retiring before September 1, 2005 until the employee reaches the age of 65. Cost shares have been negotiated for teachers (5% of plan cost) for the retirement period September 1, 2005 and August 31, 2009. Teachers retiring between September 1, 2009 and August 31, 2011 are responsible for a 15% cost share of their benefits. Teachers retiring on or after September 1, 2011 are responsible for a 20% cost share of their benefits.

Administrators retiring prior to July 2005 have no cost share. Administrators retiring between July 1, 2005 and June 30, 2008 are responsible for a 10% cost share of their benefits. Administrators retiring between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2010 are responsible for a 20% cost share of their benefits. Administrators retiring between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011 are responsible for a 22% cost share of benefits. Administrators retiring on or after July 1, 2010 are responsible for a 25% cost share of their benefits. No benefits are paid for employees retiring prior to 1988.

The School Department funds post-retirement benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Expenditures for the benefits described above for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$542,485.

Investments

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense was 6.69%. The Money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts of actually invested.

The following was the City's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Equity	53%
Fixed income	39%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	8%
	100%

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

	Long Term Expected Rate of
Asset Class	Return
U.S. Equities	7.8%
Non-U.S. Equities (Unhedged)	8.2%
Global Equities	8.1%
U.S. Bonds	3.5%
Non-U.S. Bonds (Hedged)	3.0%
Global Bonds (Hedged)	3.3%
U.S. High Yield Bonds	5.9%
Long-Term Credit Bonds	3.9%
Long-Term Government/Credit Index	3.6%
Intermediate-Term Credit Bonds	4.1%
Short-Term Credit Bonds	3.8%
Long -Term Treasuries	3.0%
Intermediate-Term Treasuries	2.9%
Short-Term Treasuries	3.0%
Extended Duration	2.4%
Treasury 10-Year	2.8%
TIPS-Intermediate-Term	2.6%
TIPS-Short-Term	2.6%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	6.6%
Commodities	5.8%
Market neutral	4.3%
Cash	2.9%
Inflation	1.9%

Net OPEB Liability

The following table shows the School Department's annual OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018.

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 10,295,914
Plan fiduciary net position	 605,073
School Department's net OPEB liablity	\$ 9,690,841
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total	
OPEB liability	6%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Investment rate of return	3.8% of 2018, net of investment expense
Healthcare cost trend rates	5% for 2018

Mortality rates for pre-retirement and beneficiary mortality is represented by the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality with Scale MP-2016, fully generational. Mortality for disabled members were represented by the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality with Scale MP-2016, full generational.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2018.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.80 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Current Discount					
	1% D	1% Decrease (2.8%)		ate (3.8%)	1% Increase (4.8%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	10,498,581	\$	9,690,841	\$	8,910,870

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease		Cu	rrent Trend	1	% Increase
		(4.0%)		(5.0%)		(6.0%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	8,407,830	\$	9,690,841	\$	11,217,969

Net OPEB Liability

The Board of Education's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer and employees who elect dependent coverage (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

	Increase (Decrease)							
	 School Liability (a)	Charter Liability (b)	Total OPEB Liability (a)+(b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (c)	Net OPEB Liability (a)+(b)-(c)			
Balances as of June 30, 2017	\$ 9,607,335 \$	131,833 \$	9,739,168	67,144	9,672,024			
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	538,726	7,392	546,118		546,118			
Interest on total OPEB liability	375,478	5,152	380,630		380,630			
Experience (gain) and loss	170,148	2,335	172,483		172,483			
Employer contributions	-	-	-	868,198	(868,198)			
Net investment income (loss)	-	-	-	37,929	(37,929)			
Benefit payments	(535,142)	(7,343)	(542,485)	(368,198)	(174,287)			
Administrative expenses			-		-			
Net changes	 549,210	7,536	556,746	537,929	18,817			
Balances as of June 30, 2018	\$ 10,156,545 \$	139,369 \$	10,295,914	605,073	9,690,841			

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$48,891. At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows Of Resources		Deferred Inflows Of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and	\$		\$	(49,925)
actual earning on OPEB plan investments	-	133,103		
Total	\$_	133,103	_\$_	(49,925)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30

2019	\$ 4,671
2020	4,671
2021	4,671
2022	4,671
2023	17,152
Thereafter	 47,342
	83,178

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Net Position

	Pension Trust Fund	City OPEB Trust Fund	School OPEB Trust Fund	Total
		i unu	i unu	lotui
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,642,706	\$ 675,429 \$	-	\$2,318,135
Investments:				
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	3,886,392			3,886,392
Real Estate Investment Trust	0,000,002		48,406	48,406
Common Stock	12,964,931		,	12,964,931
Pooled Equity Index Funds			320,688	320,688
Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds	423,227		235,979	659,206
International Equity Mutual Funds		1,684,014		1,684,014
U.S. Equity Mutual Funds	29,582,460	2,694,116		32,276,576
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	21,344,540	1,935,700		23,280,240
Total investments	68,201,550	6,313,830	605,073	75,120,453
Due from other funds		1,013,038		1,013,038
Total assets	69,844,256	8,002,297	605,073	78,451,626
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		201,037		201,037
Deposits held in custody for others		201,007		
Total liabilities		201,037		201,037
Net Position Restricted for Pensions and OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 69,844,256	\$ <u>\$7,801,260</u> \$	\$ 605,073	\$ 78,250,589

F. Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	_	Pension Trust Fund		City OPEB Trust Fund		School OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Additions: Contributions:								
Employer contributions	\$	22,568,319	\$	5,108,840	\$	_	\$	27,677,159
Plan member contributions	Ψ	240.058	Ψ	368.718	Ψ	427,999	Ψ	1,036,775
Other		53.055				427,000		53,055
Total contributions		22,861,432		5,477,558		427,999		28,766,989
			-	-,,		,		
Investment Income:								
Interest and dividends		1,348,662		316,630		39,409		1,704,701
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments		3,920,610						3,920,610
Total investment income	_	5,269,272	_	316,630		39,409		5,625,311
Total additions	_	28,130,704		5,794,188		467,408		34,392,300
Deductions:								
Benefits		24,326,797		4,104,990		427,998		28,859,785
Administrative expenses		293,500		19,792		1,481		314,773
Total deductions	_	24,620,297	_	4,124,782		429,479	_	29,174,558
Change in Net Position		3,510,407		1,669,406		37,929		5,217,742
Net Position Held in Trust for Pensions, and OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes-July 1, 2017 (as, Restated)		66,333,849	_	6,131,854		567,144		73,032,847
Net Position Held in Trust for Pensions, and	¢	60 944 256	¢	7 801 260	¢	60E 072	¢	70.050.500
OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes-June 30, 2018	\$_	69,844,256	ъ_	7,801,260	- ^ф =	605,073	\$	78,250,589

G. City of Cranston Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description

The Plan name is "City of Cranston Defined Contribution Plan" ID # is 05-6000110, Determination Letter Form 5300 is filed with IRS, and ING Specimen Adoption Agreement for 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan. Defined Contribution Plan for the Teamsters Bargaining Union and Laborers International Union of North America where the employee and the employer contribute 3% of earnings all stated in Form 5300 and the ING Plan Document. Plan based on approved enabling legislation presented in January 2010 and approved in that session. Total employer contributions made to the plan during June 30, 2018 were \$72,546. Total employee contributions made to the plan during June \$72,546.

H. School Department Defined Contribution Plan

Plan Description

The Plan name is "Cranston Public Schools 401(a) Retirement Plan". ID # is 801343, effective July 1, 2012. Defined Contribution Plan for the Local Rhode Island 153 Bargaining Union where the employee and employer contribute 3% of earnings all stated in the Security Benefit Plan Document. Total employer contributions made to the plan during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 was \$28,460. Total employee contributions made to the plan during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 was \$28,460.

I. On-Behalf Payments

The amount recognized in the general fund intergovernmental revenues and education expenditures for contributions made by the State on behalf of the City's teachers to the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island was \$7,725,441.

J. Tax Abatements

The City of Cranston enters into tax abatement agreements with local businesses under its Economic Development Tax Incentive Program for Commercially Zoned Property. Under the Program, new businesses locating in commercially zoned property with the City of Cranston or existing businesses that are expanding may qualify for a tax incentive.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City of Cranston abated property taxes totaling \$255,980 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreements to new businesses locating in a commercially zoned property or existing businesses that are expanding:

	Percentage of taxes abated during the		of Taxes Abated
Purpose	Fiscal Year	during	the Fiscal Year
Increase size and employment of manufacturing business	14%	\$	45,004
Truck Leasing and maintenance facility for metal frame and masonry	7%	\$	5,439
Renovation of building for medical device company	11%	\$	14,742
Renovation of Theater	19%	\$	19,001
Warehouse Facility	14%	\$	5,498
Masonry block and steel for yoga studio and wellness center	13%	\$	4,971
Additional manufacturing facility for medical device company	17%	\$	23,386
Renovation of restaurant	17%	\$	2,418
Wholesale distribution facility for restaurant supplies company	47%	\$	78,771
Global Supply Chain and Warehouse (Purchase of Building)	41%	\$	56,750

K. Subsequent Events

In August 2018, the City of Cranston issued a Bond for \$15,910,000.

L. Prior Period Adjustment and Restatement

The following restatements were recorded to the beginning of year net position of the governmental activities as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions and to reflect a transfer to the OPEB Fund in 2016 that was previously reflected as a receivable:

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities	Fiduciary Activities
Net position at June 30, 2017, as previously reported	\$	(275,412,172)	59,930,897	72,643,807		
Adjustments:						
Record transfer in (out) from 2017		(500,000)		500,000		
Eliminate net OPEB obligation reported per GASB No. 45		10,306,125	107,600			
Record net/total OPEB liability per GASB No. 75	_	(53,125,009)	(129,384)			
Net Position at July 1, 2017, as Restated	\$_	(318,731,056)	59,909,113	73,143,807		

Required Supplementary Information



CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	-	Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual		Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
Revenues:							
General property taxes	\$	191,290,552	\$ 188,832,449	\$	189,995,439	\$	1,162,990
Intergovernmental		16,670,640	19,243,743		18,005,499		(1,238,244)
Charges for services:			, ,		, ,		(, , ,
Licenses and permits		3,174,466	3,214,466		3,386,994		172,528
Fines and forfeitures		1,560,000	1,560,000		1,547,525		(12,475)
Departmental		8,630,742	8,995,742		9,524,522		528,780
Investment income		225,000	445,000		441,232		(3,768)
Education		60,816,589	60,816,589		60,816,589		-
Other		2,201,450	2,201,450		1,141,956		(1,059,494)
Total revenues	-	284,569,439	 285,309,439	- ·	284,859,756		(449,683)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Executive		576,432	576,432		600,940		(24,508)
City Council		268,630	268,630		228,466		40,164
Law		480,100	1,080,100		1,095,481		(15,381)
Personnel		193,246	193,246		178,218		15,028
City Clerk		1,317,942	1,557,942		1,550,132		7,810
Probate Court		19,339	19,339		18,890		449
Municipal Court		314,383	314,383		301,078		13,305
Board of Canvassers		222,041	222,041		218,418		3,623
City Planning		1,221,083	721,083		662,029		59,054
Economic Development		180,444	180,444		171,414		9,030
Inspections		960,452	860,452		837,169		23,283
Finance		4,650,935	5,210,935		4,674,313		536,622
Fire		30,633,496	31,133,496		31,676,778		(543,282)
Rescue Fund		2,180,000	1,180,000		1,113,938		66,062
Police		23,844,251	23,844,251		23,856,116		(11,865)
Long-term debt		27,194,923	27,194,923		27,194,922		1
Public works		15,561,332	16,386,332		16,300,942		85,390
Parks and recreation		2,660,159	2,760,159		2,775,116		(14,957)
Public libraries		3,427,461	3,427,461		3,427,459		2
Senior services		3,268,412	3,268,412		3,030,685		237,727
Municipal Debt		11,194,678	10,709,678		10,294,563		415,115
Education		153,999,241	153,999,241		153,999,241		-
Community Grants		169,500	169,500		132,375		37,125
Boards and Commissions		25,189	25,189		19,031		6,158
Harbor Master		5,770	5,770		5,768		2
Transfers to other funds		0,110	0,110		420,795		(420,795)
Total Expenditures	-	284,569,439	 285,309,439		284,784,277		525,162
Excess (Deficiency) of Budgeted Revenues Over Expenditures	-	-	 		75,479		75,479
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$ _	=	75,479	\$_	75,479
Fund Balance - July 1, 2017					20,064,185	-	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2018				\$	20,139,664	=	

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - SCHOOL UNRESTRICTED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual		Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
Revenues:								
State aid	\$	58,924,589	\$	58,171,589	\$	58,171,589	\$	-
Federal through State		1,350,000		1,350,000		1,387,901		37,901
Tuition		820,000		820,000		877,575		57,575
Miscellaneous		475,000		475,000	_	187,937		(287,063)
Total revenues		61,569,589		60,816,589		60,625,002		(191,587)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		96,668,004		94,584,179		95,066,533		(482,354)
Employee benefits		38,188,829		37,588,829		36,016,141		1,572,688
Purchased services		16,698,538		16,233,914		16,634,748		(400,834)
Supplies and materials		4,101,700		3,930,549		4,408,483		(477,934)
Capital outlay		2,046,481		1,580,040		1,630,613		(50,573)
Other	_	(1,930,822)		81,730	_	60,520	_	21,210
Total expenditures	-	155,772,730	. <u>-</u>	153,999,241	_	153,817,038		182,203
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	(94,203,141)	· -	(93,182,652)	_	(93,192,036)	-	(9,384)
Other Financing Sources:								
Transfers in City of Cranston		94,203,141		93,182,652		93,182,652		-
Transfers in City of Cranston - All day kindergarten		-		-		420,795		420,795
Transfers from other funds		-		-		186,533		186,533
Transfers out to capital reserve	_	-	_	-	_	(500,000)	_	(500,000)
	-	94,203,141	. <u>-</u>	93,182,652	_	93,289,980		107,328
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	-	\$	-		97,944	\$	97,944
Fund Balance - July 1, 2017					_	4,913,529		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2018					\$_	5,011,473		

Budget - GAAP Reconciliation

A reconciliation of revenues, expenditures, and fund balance between the accounting treatment required by GAAP (Exhibit IV), and budgetary requirements (RSI), is as follows:

		General Fund			Sch	ool Unrestricted F	und
	 Revenues	Expendiutres	Fund Balance	. –	Revenues	Expendiutres	Fund Balance
Balance, Budgetary Basis, June 30, 2018	\$ 284,859,756 \$	284,784,277 \$	20,139,664	\$	60,625,002 \$	153,817,038 \$	5,011,473
Revenues/Expenditures accounted for on the budgetary basis							
associated with Education funds	(60,816,589)	(153,999,241)	-		-	-	-
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2017							
liquidated during the year June 30, 2018	-	-	-		-	1,288,277	(1,288,277)
Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2018							
charged to budgetary expenditures	-	-	-		-	(806,404)	806,404
Transfers to the school department included in the							
City's general fund budget	-	(420,795)	-		-		-
Expenditures in the school department capital reserve fund -not							
budgeted in general fund	-	-	-		229,369	441,882	(212,513)
Fund balance restricted for capital reserve and other purposes and							
removed from budgetary fund balance.	-	-	-		-	-	972,278
Transfer out to budget stabilization fiord not included in the City's							
general fund budget	-	-	-		-	-	-
Opening balances for funds that do not meet the GASB 54 definition							
for a special revenue fund Deficit reduction payment	-	-	804,795		-	-	-
Current year activity for funds that do not meet the GASB 54							
definition for a special revenue fund	960,031	944,927	15,104		-	-	-
Revenue/Expenditure pass-thru	-	-	-				-
State Teachers' Retirement on-behalf payment	 	-	-		7,725,441	7,725,441	-
BALANCE, GAAP BASIS, JUNE 30, 2018	\$ 225,003,198 \$	131,309,168 \$	20,959,563	\$	68,579,812 \$	162,466,234 \$	5,289,365

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CRANSTON RETIREMENT SYSTEM - POLICE AND FIRE PENSION LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	-	2017	-	2016	_	2015		2014
A. Total pension liability								
Service Cost	\$	561,127	\$	550,317	\$	696,010	\$	802,841
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		23,599,906		23,368,984		22,826,090		22,844,850
Changes of benefit terms								
Difference between expected and actual experience								
of the Total Pension Liability		(5,783,927)		1,233,114		(2,386,467)		
Changes of assumptions		(1,790,318)		(4,978,421)		(8,277,796)		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions	-	(23,804,824)	-	(24,053,360)	-	(24,067,694)	_	(23,747,994)
Net change in total pension liability		(7,218,036)		(3,879,366)		(11,209,857)		(100,303)
Total pension liability - beginning	-	309,848,047	-	313,727,413	_	324,937,270	_	325,037,573
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	302,630,011	\$_	309,848,047	\$_	313,727,413	\$_	324,937,270
B. Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	21,403,849	\$	21,316,456	\$	21,994,344	\$	21,994,344
Contributions - employee		279,548		257,734		336,937		368,575
Net investment income (loss)		5,803,466		(2,072,781)		2,983,286		9,690,430
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(23,804,824)		(24,053,360)		(24,067,694)		(23,747,994)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(65,569)		(598,630)		(451,177)		(629,880)
Other	_	1	_		_	429,963	_	381,765
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,616,471		(5,150,581)		1,225,659		8,057,240
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	62,717,376	-	67,867,957	_	66,642,298		58,585,058
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-	66,333,847	-	62,717,376	-	67,867,957	_	66,642,298
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	236,296,164	\$_	247,130,671	\$_	245,859,456	\$_	258,294,972
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		21.92%		20.24%		21.63%		20.51%
E. Covered payroll	\$	2,697,374	\$	2,663,974	\$	2,940,734	\$	2,905,865
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		8760.23%		9276.77%		8360.48%		8888.75%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

		2017	_	2016	-	2015	_	2014
A. Total pension liability								
Service Cost	\$	2,350,820	\$	2,362,034	\$	2,346,927	\$	2,376,369
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	•	10,359,681	Ŧ	10,231,218	Ŧ	9,977,843	Ŧ	9,687,460
Changes of benefit terms						2,581,501		, ,
Difference between expected and actual experience		468,058		(1,706,718)				
Changes of assumptions		7,489,555		. ,		(2,865,321)		233,636
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	-	(9,287,558)	_	(9,048,633)	_	(8,291,699)	_	(8,530,234)
Net change in total pension liability		11,380,556		1,837,901		3,749,251		3,767,231
Total pension liability - beginning	-	141,597,445	_	139,759,544	_	136,010,293	_	132,243,062
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	152,978,001	\$_	141,597,445	\$_	139,759,544	\$_	136,010,293
B. Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	2,342,837	\$	2,403,173	\$	2,479,865	\$	2,276,531
Contributions - employee		836,339		847,508		488,592		478,002
Net investment income		14,401,043		30,596		3,119,891		18,017,830
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(9,287,558)		(9,048,633)		(8,291,699)		(8,530,234)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(136,055)		(193,515)		(124,435)		(112,827)
Other	-	254,209		28,596	_	176,372	_	7,388
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		8,410,815		(5,932,275)		(2,151,414)		12,136,690
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		127,196,632	_	133,128,907	_	135,280,321	-	123,143,631
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		135,607,447	-	127,196,632	_	133,128,907	-	135,280,321
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	17,370,554	\$_	14,400,813	\$_	6,630,637	\$_	729,972
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		88.65%		89.83%		95.26%		99.46%
E. Covered payroll	\$	24,260,270	\$	24,225,987	\$	24,170,205	\$	23,528,405
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		71.60%		59.44%		27.43%		3.10%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - POLICE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2017		2016		2015	_	2014
A. Total pension liability								
Service Cost	\$	2,014,684	\$	1,964,581	\$	1,375,751	\$	1,316,743
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		3,011,196		2,735,086		2,278,196		2,112,199
Changes of benefit terms						2,566,626		
Difference between expected and actual experience								
of the Total Pension Liability		3,152,114		(61,897)				
Changes of assumptions		2,582,739				386,791		(648,637)
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions	_	(941,558)	_	(1,021,160)	_	(598,672)		(594,343)
Net change in total pension liability		9,819,175		3,616,610		6,008,692		2,185,962
Total pension liability - beginning	_	39,612,715	_	35,996,105	_	29,987,413		27,801,451
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	49,431,890	\$_	39,612,715	\$_	35,996,105	\$_	29,987,413
B. Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	1,040,242	\$	1,109,071	\$	857,531	\$	687,959
Contributions - employee		1,099,252		1,087,172		641,751		619,646
Net investment income (loss)		4,095,964		(11,700)		763,454		4,119,654
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(941,558)		(1,021,160)		(598,672)		(594,343)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(38,697)		(31,476)		(30,599)		(25,797)
Other	_	(394,850)		(2)	_	13,001		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,860,353		1,131,905		1,646,466		4,807,119
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	33,709,297		32,577,392	_	30,930,926		26,123,807
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	38,569,650	_	33,709,297	_	32,577,392		30,930,926
C. Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$_	10,862,240	\$_	5,903,418	\$_	3,418,713	\$_	(943,513)
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.03%		85.10%		90.50%		103.15%
E. Covered payroll	\$	10,872,555	\$	10,494,555	\$	8,021,870	\$	7,745,546
F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		99.91%		56.25%		42.62%		-12.18%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - FIRE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2017	2016	2015	2014
A. Total pension liability					
Service Cost	\$	2.469.994 \$	2,326,126 \$	2,143,259 \$	2,109,017
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	Ŧ	4,169,635	3,925,426	3,436,541	3,126,099
Changes of benefit terms		,,	-,,	1,629,797	-, -,
Difference between expected and actual experience				,, -	
of the Total Pension Liability		(928,566)	(2,398,843)	(249,261)	
Changes of assumptions		3,052,432	,		(649,235)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(753,251)	(583,801)	(482,813)	(444,721)
Net change in total pension liability		8,010,244	3,268,908	6,477,523	4,141,160
Total pension liability - beginning	_	54,736,760	51,467,852	44,990,329	40,849,169
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	62,747,004 \$	54,736,760 \$	51,467,852 \$	44,990,329
B. Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	971,858 \$	991,610 \$	1,226,727 \$	1,006,080
Contributions - employee		1,300,194	1,189,766	943,698	933,528
Net investment income (loss)		6,811,465	(19,290)	1,266,662	6,811,997
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(753,251)	(583,801)	(482,813)	(444,721)
Pension Plan Administrative Expense		(64,352)	(51,895)	(50,779)	(42,657)
Other	_	297,336	786	830	727
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		8,563,250	1,527,176	2,904,325	8,264,954
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	55,576,899	54,049,723	51,145,398	42,880,444
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-	64,140,149	55,576,899	54,049,723	51,145,398
C. Net pension asset - ending (a) - (b)	\$_	(1,393,145) \$	(840,139) \$	(2,581,871) \$	(6,155,069)
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		102.22%	101.53%	105.02%	113.68%
E. Covered payroll	\$	12,959,047 \$	12,165,930 \$	11,750,323 \$	11,626,334
F. Net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll		-10.75%	-6.91%	-21.97%	-52.94%

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

RSI-3

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - TEACHERS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	-	2017	 2016		2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability		4.51%	4.63%		4.51%	4.52%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	142,133,353	\$ 138,136,783 \$	6	124,172,981 \$	109,977,503
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the						
school district	-	107,418,666	 94,603,413		84,831,083	75,416,640
Total	\$	249,552,019	\$ 232,740,196 \$	s	209,004,064 \$	185,394,143
City's covered payroll	\$	81,199,212	\$ 79,238,665 \$	5	71,583,452 \$	66,347,524
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		175.04%	174.33%		173.47%	165.76%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		54.00%	54.06%		57.55%	61.40%

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER'S SURVIVOR BENEFIT COST - SHARING PLAN LAST FOUR YEARS*

	-	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension asset		16.59%	16.33%	15.92%	16.15%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	(13,726,036) \$	(16,261,491) \$	(14,863,013) \$	(20,076,310)
City's covered payroll	\$	81,199,212 \$	79,238,665 \$	71,583,452 \$	66,347,524
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		-16.90%	-20.52%	-20.76%	-30.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		136.10%	153.30%	146.60%	173.30%

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 measurement date prior to the fiscal year-end.

RSI-3

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CITY OF CRANSTON PUBLIC SAFETY OPEB TRUST FUND LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS*

RSI-3	

(7 of 8)

		2018	2017
Total OPEB liability			
Service Cost	\$	930.661 \$	890.585
Interest on the total OPEB liability	Ŧ	3,867,250	3,830,040
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,729,986)	
Benefit payments		(4,104,990)	(4,467,496)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,037,065)	253,129
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	50,035,354	49,782,225
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	48,998,289 \$	50,035,354
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$	5,108,840 \$	5,055,716
Contributions - retired members		368,718	362,505
Net investment income		316,629	174,087
Benefit payments		(4,104,989)	(4,467,496)
OPEB Plan Administrative Expense		(19,792)	(17,471)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,669,406	1,107,341
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	6,131,853	5,024,512
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	-	7,801,259	6,131,853
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	41,197,030 \$	43,903,501
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		15.92%	12.26%
Covered payroll	\$	24,041,185 \$	23,228,198
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-171.36%	189.01%

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CRANSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS*

(8 of 8)

		2018	2017
Total OPEB liability			
Service Cost	\$	546,119 \$	538,422
Interest on the total OPEB liability		380,630	363,147
Changes of assumptions			
Differences between expected and actual experience		172,483	
Benefit payments		(542,485)	(357,642)
Net change in total OPEB liability		556,747	543,927
Total OPEB liability - beginning		9,739,167	9,195,240
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$_	10,295,914 \$	9,739,167
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$	868,198 \$	512,786
Net investment income		37,929	49,267
Benefit payments		(368,198)	(512,786)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		537,929	49,267
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	67,144	17,877
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		605,073	67,144
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$_	9,690,841 \$	9,672,023
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		5.88%	0.69%
Covered payroll	\$	83,894,619 \$	82,578,112
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		11.55%	11.71%

*Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS CRANSTON RETIREMENT SYSTEM - POLICE AND FIRE PENSION LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	 2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 21,403,849 \$	21,316,456 \$	21,353,591 \$	21,006,057
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 21,403,849	21,316,456	22,376,110	22,376,109
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	\$	(1,022,519) \$	(1,370,052)
Covered payroll	\$ 2,697,374 \$	2,663,974 \$	2,940,734 \$	2,905,865
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	793.51%	800.18%	760.90%	770.03%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:July 1, 2017Measurement date:June 30, 2017Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar basis,
	Court approved plan: Closed 28-year period beginning with the July 1, 2013 valuation. Opted out of Court approved plan: Closed 23-year period
Remaining amortization period	beginning with the July 1, 2013 valuation
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3%
Investment rate of return	7.90%
Cost of living adjustments	Eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment-for valuation purposes, a 2.75% cost of
	living adjustments is assumed.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - GENERAL EMPLOYEES LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2017	_	2016	 2015	-	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,342,837	\$	2,403,173	\$ 2,479,865	\$	2,276,531
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	2,342,837	_	2,403,173	 2,479,865	-	2,276,531
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$_	-	\$ -	\$_	-
Covered payroll	\$	24,260,270	\$	24,225,987	\$ 24,170,205	\$	23,528,405
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		9.66%		9.92%	10.26%		9.68%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:June 30, 2016Measurement date:June 30, 2017Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	19 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%
	Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Retirement age	
Mortality	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.
wortanty	Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.
	95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - POLICE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	 2017	2016		 2015	_	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,040,242	\$ 1,109	,071	\$ 857,531	\$	687,959
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 1,040,242	1,109	,071	 857,531	_	687,959
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	-	\$ -	\$_	-
Covered payroll	\$ 10,872,555	\$ 10,494	,555	\$ 8,021,870	\$	7,745,546
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.57%	10	.57%	10.69%		8.88%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:June 30, 2016Measurement date:June 30, 2017Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	19 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%
-	Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.
Mortality	Experience-based table of fates that are specific to the type of engibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.
Montainty	Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.
	95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM AGENT PLAN - FIRE LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	971,858	\$	991,610	\$	1,226,727	\$	1,006,080
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	971,858	_	991,610		1,226,727		1,006,080
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	\$	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	12,959,047	\$	12,165,930	\$	11,750,323	\$	11,626,334
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.50%		8.15%		10.44%		8.65%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:June 30, 2016Measurement date:June 30, 2017Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30th of each plan year and effective two years after the actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	19 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	General Employees - 3.50% to 7.50%
	Police & Fire Employees - 4.00% to 14.00%
Investment rate of return Retirement age	7.50%
0	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility conditions. Last updated for 2014 valuation.
Mortality	Males: 115% of PR-2000 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.
	95% of RP-2000 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale AA from 2000.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM - TEACHERS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	11,072,615 \$	10,443,656 \$	8,928,408 \$	8,897,203
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	11,072,615	10,443,656	8,928,408	8,897,203
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	\$	\$	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	81,199,212 \$	79,238,665 \$	65,343,396 \$	75,293,840
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.64%	13.18%	13.66%	11.82%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes:

1) Employers participating in the State Employee's Retirement System are required by RI General Laws, Section 36-10-2, to contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate each year.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:	June 30, 2016
Measurement date:	June 30, 2017

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	20 years at June 30, 2017
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Teachers - 3.0% to 13.0%
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Mortality	

Males: PR-2014 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' SURVIVOR BENEFIT COST-SHARING PLAN LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2017	2016	 2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	122,140	104,893	\$ 96,065 \$	98,373
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	122,140	104,893	 96,065	98,373
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$; <u> </u>	\$ \$	<u>-</u>
Covered payroll	\$	81,199,212	79,238,665	\$ 65,343,396 \$	\$ 75,293,840
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.15%	0.13%	0.15%	0.13%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes:

1) Employers participating in the Teachers" Survivor Benefit Plan contribute at a rate established by RI General Laws, Section 16-16-35.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: June 30, 2016 Measurement date: June 30, 2017

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal-the individual Entry Age Actuarial Cost methodology is used
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	3.0% to 13.0%
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Mortality	
	Male Employees, RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Males with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.
	Female Employees, RP-2014 Combined Healthy for Females with White Collar adjustments, projected with Scale Ultimate MP16.
Cost of Living Adjustment	Eligible survivors receive a yearly cost of living adjustment based on the annual social security adjustment - for valuation purposes, a 2.50% cost of living adjustment is assumed.

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	-	2018	-	2017
Actuarially determined contribution (1)	\$	5,108,840	\$	5,055,716
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	-	5,108,840	-	5,055,716
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	24,041,185	\$	23,228,198
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		21.25%		21.77%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(1) Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB No. 45

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:	July 1, 2018
Measurement date:	June 30, 2018

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	_	2017	2016
Actuarially determined contribution (1)	\$	868,198 \$	512,786
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	868,198	512,786
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	83,894,619 \$	82,578,112
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.03%	0.62%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(1) Actuarially Determined Contributions prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 is based on the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) calculated in accordance with GASB I No. 45
 Valuation date:

Measurement date:

July 1, 2018 June 30, 2018 (8 of 8)

	RSI-5		
CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CITY INVESTMENT RETURNS CITY OF CRANSTON PUBLIC SAFETY OPEB TRUST FUND	(1 of 2)		
LAST FISCAL YEAR*			
	2018		
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	6.15%		

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available

	RSI-5
CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF CRANSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS INVESTMENT RETURNS CRANSTON PUBLIC SCHOOLS OPEB TRUST FUND LAST FISCAL YEAR*	(2 of 2)
Annual money-weighted rate of return,	2018

net of investment expense

6.47%

* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years - additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Supplemental, Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues from specific taxes and other earmarked revenue sources which by law are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government and which, therefore, cannot be diverted to other uses.

Education - This fund accounts for education programs financed with grants from private parties and the federal and state government, which are restricted as governed by the grant agreements.

Community Services - These funds account for various grants and donations that are used throughout the City for the general betterment of the City. Included in this category are the following funds:

- *Flood Mitigation* This fund was established to help mitigate flooding in low lying areas throughout the City.
- **UDAG** This fund accounts for the repayment of principal and interest payments from commercial loans funded by a grant from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- *Economic Development Revolving Loan* This fund accounts for the repayment of principal and interest payments from commercial loans funded by a grant from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- *Public Libraries* -This fund is used to account for gifts, bequests and grants received by the library for the betterment of the public library system.

Public Services -These funds account for public safety activities financed by grants, donations and charges received from private parties and federal and state agencies. This category includes the following funds:

Emergency Management Harbor Master Fire Revolving Loan Fund Special Duty Fire Animal Shelter Police Grants/Donations Police Federal Forfeiture-Justice Police Evidence Police State Seizure Police Federal Forfeiture-Treasury Training Academy Special Duty Police

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Senior Services -The following funds were established to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds for specific activities sponsored by the Senior Citizens Center:

RSVP Multipurpose Center Adult Day Care Senior Service Special Project Cranston Senior Games

Governmental Special Revenue - This fund accounts for special grants and non-capital projects and includes the following funds:

Connetta Park Parks and Recreation Inaugural Committee Capital Facilities Development Impact Fees Cemetery Trust Historical Records

Community Development Block Grant - This fund accounts for Federal Community Development Block Grants.

WIA Job Development - This fund is a joint venture with the City of Providence to help unemployed and underemployed individuals.

Capital Project Funds

The Capital Project Funds account for all resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of capital facilities by the City, except for those financed by the Enterprise Funds.

School Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements to school buildings, and for the acquisition of equipment for the Cranston School District.

Police and Fire Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements to police and fire stations and for the acquisition of police and fire equipment.

Public Building Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements of City buildings and the acquisition of equipment for City Hall.

Recreation Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the construction and improvements of the City's recreation facilities and for the acquisition of open space.

Highway Bond Fund - This fund accounts for construction and improvements to roads and highways within the City.

Storm Drains Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the installation and repair of storm drains within the City.

Neighborhood Infrastructure Bond Fund - This fund accounts for neighborhood improvement projects.

Open Space Bond Fund - This fund accounts for the acquisition of open space.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2018

					Special Revenue	Funds		
	_	Education	Community Services	Public Service	Senior Services	Governmental Special Revenue Funds	Community Development Block Grant	WIA Job Development
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	709,728 \$	1,516,162 \$	713,019	\$ 144,531 \$	5 1,531,958 5	\$ 25,736	\$ 45,997
Receivables:								
Intergovernmental		998,334		-	-	-	-	-
Loans		-	595,584	-	-	-	2,296,302	-
Other		24,959	-	477,603	-	-	-	-
Security deposits		9,317	-	-	-	-	-	
Due from:		110 100	000	17 700	10	500		
Other funds		112,460	263	17,789	49	593		
Total Assets	\$	1,854,798 \$	2,112,009 \$	1,208,411	\$ 144,580 \$	<u> </u>	\$	\$ 45,997
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	222,798 \$	4,110 \$	3,848	\$ 3,953 \$	s 100,779 s	\$-	\$ -
Accrued payroll		-	-	81,578	-	-	4,618	8,270
Retainage payable		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds		902,561	5,000	562,429	-	-	49,842	242,937
Unearned revenues	_	636,543	594,189	-		-	2,296,302	-
Total liabilities	_	1,761,902	603,299	647,855	3,953	100,779	2,350,762	251,207
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		80,269	1,508,710	560,556	140,627	1,431,772	-	-
Committed		12,627	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		-	-	-			(28,724)	(205,210)
Total fund balances	_	92,896	1,508,710	560,556	140,627	1,431,772	(28,724)	(205,210)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,854,798 \$	2,112,009 \$	1,208,411	\$\$	5 <u>1,532,551</u>	\$2,322,038	\$45,997_

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2018

				Сар	oital Project Fi	und	s			Capital Project F	Fui	nds					
	_	School Bond Fund	<u> </u>	Police and Fire Bond Fund	Public Building Bond Fund		Recreation Bond Fund	 Highway Bond Fund	· ·	Storm Drains Bond Fund		Library Bond Fund	Ir	eighborhood nfrastructure Bond Fund	_	Open Space Bond Fund	otal Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds
Assets:																	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	-	\$	1,856,458 \$	679,522	\$	352,101	\$ 9,360	\$	225,334	\$	275,734 \$		10,677	\$	125,864	\$ 8,222,181
Intergovernmental		3,171,708		-	-		-	-		-		-		670,691		-	4,840,733
Loans		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	2,891,886
Other Security deposits Due from:		-		-	-		-	427,822		-		-		-		-	930,384 9,317
Other funds	_	-					-	 	-	125,617					-	<u> </u>	 256,771
Total Assets	\$_	3,171,708	= \$	1,856,458 \$	679,522	\$	352,101	\$ 437,182	\$	350,951	\$_	275,734 \$		681,368	\$	125,864	\$ 17,151,272
Liabilities and Fund Balances																	
Liabilities:																	
Accounts payable	\$	9,891	\$	16,120 \$	80,959	\$	30,771	\$ 2,476,473	\$	- 9	\$	445 \$		2,399	\$		\$ 2,952,546
Accrued payroll		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	94,466
Retainage payable		27,980		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	27,980
Due to other funds		-		-	-		-	125,617		-		-		-		-	1,888,386
Unearned revenues	_	-		-	-		-	 		-		-		-	-	-	 3,527,034
Total liabilities	_	37,871		16,120	80,959		30,771	 2,602,090		-		445		2,399	-	-	 8,490,412
Fund Balances:																	
Restricted		3,133,837		1,840,338	598,563		321,330	-		350,951		275,289		678,969		125,864	11,047,075
Committed		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	12,627
Unassigned				-			-	 (2,164,908)			_	-			_		 (2,398,842)
Total fund balances	_	3,133,837		1,840,338	598,563		321,330	 (2,164,908)	-	350,951		275,289		678,969	-	125,864	 8,660,860
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,171,708	_ \$	1,856,458 \$	679,522	\$	352,101	\$ 437,182	\$	350,951	\$	275,734 \$		681,368	\$	125,864	\$ 17,151,272

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Sn	pecial Revenue I	Funds		
	-	Education	Community Services	Public Service	Senior Services	Governmental Special Revenue Funds	Community Development Block Grant	WIA Job Development
Revenues:	_							
Intergovernmental	\$	8,398,414 \$	- \$	89,535 \$	- \$		965,181 \$	463,839
Charges for services		-	-	1,947,638	49,643	273,683	-	-
Investment income		-	29,698	983	304	6,215	344,772	30
Other	_	-	182,785	124,069	-		-	
Total revenues	_	8,398,414	212,483	2,162,225	49,947	279,898	1,309,953	463,869
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		-	71,485	-	-	210,245	-	583,526
Public safety		-	-	2,110,144	-	-	-	-
Education		8,221,813	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation		-	-	-	-	10,000	-	-
Public libraries		-	73,963	-	-	6,737	-	-
Senior services		-	-	-	72,969	-	-	-
Community development		-	35,302	-	-	-	1,311,852	-
Debt service:								
Interest and other costs		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital:								
Capital expenditures		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	-	8,221,813	180,750	2,110,144	72,969	226,982	1,311,852	583,526
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures	-	176,601	31,733	52,081	(23,022)	52,916	(1,899)	(119,657)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Issuance of general obligation bond		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bond premium		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer out		(186,532)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net other financing sources (uses)	-	(186,532)		-	-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(9,931)	31,733	52,081	(23,022)	52,916	(1,899)	(119,657)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2017	-	102,827	1,476,977	508,475	163,649	1,378,856	(26,825)	(85,553)
Fund Balances - June 30, 2018	\$_	92,896 \$	1,508,710 \$	560,556 \$	140,627 \$	1,431,772 \$	(28,724)	(205,210)

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Capital Project Funds											
		Police	Public		• •			Neighborhood		Total Nonmajor		
	School Bond Fund	and Fire Bond Fund	Building Bond Fund	Recreation Bond Fund	Highway Bond Fund	Storm Drains Bond Fund	Library Bond Fund	Infrastructure Bond Fund	Open Space Bond Fund	Governmental Funds		
Revenues:	Bona Funa	Bona Funa	Bolla Fulla	Bonu Funa	Bonu Funu	Bolia Fulla	Bonu Funu	Bonu Funu	Bolia Fulla	Fullus		
Intergovernmental	\$ - \$	- \$	- 9	6 - \$	-	\$-9	6 - 9		5 -	\$ 9,916,969		
Charges for services	Ψ Ψ -	· •	-	· ·	_	-	-	-	-	2,270,964		
Investment income	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	382,002		
Other	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	306,854		
Total revenues										12,876,789		
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	865,256		
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,110,144		
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,221,813		
Parks and recreation	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,000		
Public libraries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,700		
Senior services	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	72,969		
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,347,154		
Debt service:										.,,		
Interest and other costs	97,735	7,895	2,583	4,005	37,575	23	(28)	1	-	149,789		
Capital:	.,	.,	_,	.,	,		()			,		
Capital expenditures	2,247,470	1,845,637	366,284	1,426,369	6,684,445	75,997	73,372	976,028	-	13,695,602		
Total expenditures	2,345,205	1,853,532	368,867	1,430,374	6,722,020	76,020	73,344	976,029		26,553,427		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over												
Expenditures	(2,345,205)	(1,853,532)	(368,867)	(1,430,374)	(6,722,020)	(76,020)	(73,344)	(976,029)	-	(13,676,638)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Issuance of general obligation bond	5,000,000	3,000,000	1,000,000	1,500,000	5,000,000	-	340,000	-	-	15,840,000		
Bond premium	482,028	29,910	9,970	14,955	49,850	-	3,390	-	-	590,103		
Transfer out	-	-	· -	-	· -	-	-	-	-	(186,532)		
Net other financing sources (uses)	5,482,028	3,029,910	1,009,970	1,514,955	5,049,850		343,390		-	16,243,571		
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,136,823	1,176,378	641,103	84,581	(1,672,170)	(76,020)	270,046	(976,029)	-	2,566,933		
Fund Balances - July 1, 2017	(2,986)	663,960	(42,540)	236,749	(492,738)	426,971	5,243	1,654,998	125,864	6,093,927		
Fund Balances - June 30, 2018	\$ <u>3,133,837</u> \$	1,840,338 \$	598,563	§ <u>321,330</u> \$	(2,164,908)	\$\$50,951_\$	§ <u>275,289</u> \$	678,969	§ <u>125,864</u>	\$8,660,860		

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND NONMAJOR BUDGETARY FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT

	_	Originally Adopted Budget	 Final Approved Budget	 Actual (Budgetary Basis)	 Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:					
Program income	\$	160,000	\$ 160,000	\$ 344,772	\$ 184,772
Federal grants		1,240,900	1,240,900	965,181	(275,719)
Total revenues	_	1,400,900	 1,400,900	 1,309,953	 (90,947)
Expenditures: Current:					
Program activities	_	1,400,900	 1,400,900	 1,311,852	 89,048
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$_		\$ 	\$ (1,899)	\$ (1,899)

WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACT

	-	Originally Adopted Budget	 Final Approved Budget	 Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:					
Program income	\$	576,736	\$ 576,736	\$ 463,839	\$ (112,897)
Investment income		-	-	30	30
Total revenues		576,736	 576,736	 463,869	(112,867)
Expenditures: Current:					
Program activities	_	576,736	 576,736	 583,526	(6,790)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	\$_	-	\$ -	\$ (119,657)	\$ (119,657)



Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise or where the City has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, management control, accountability, public policy or other purposes.

The following is a list of Nonmajor enterprise funds in this section:

School Lunch Fund - This fund accounts for the school lunch program.

Charter School - This fund accounts for the New England Laborers / Cranston Public Schools Construction & Career Academy.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) JUNE 30, 2018

		Business-Type Activities						
	_	School Lunch		Charter School	Totals			
Assets								
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses	\$	1,113,034	\$	557,668 \$ 24,304	1,670,702 24,304			
Inventory Receivables:		57,042		21,001	57,042			
Other Due from other funds		11,788 -		172,972 177,649	184,760 177,649			
Intergovernmental Total current assets	_	200,037 1,381,901		932,593	200,037 2,314,494			
Noncurrent Assets: Net pension asset				195,778	195,778			
	_							
Subtotal noncurrent assets		-		195,778	195,778			
Capital Assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		137,960		48,470	186,430			
Total noncurrent assets	_	137,960		244,248	382,208			
Total assets		1,519,861		1,176,841	2,696,702			
Deferred Outflow of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions				535,362	535,362			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources				<u>1,802</u> 537,164	<u>1,802</u> 537,164			
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	_	1,519,861		1,714,005	3,233,866			
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Compensated absences		333,486		59,184	392,670			
Unearned revenue		- 32,792		38,943 21,293	38,943 54,085			
Total current liabilities	_	366,278		119,420	485,698			
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net OPEB liability				101 170	101 170			
Net pension liability		-		131,179 1,824,226	131,179 1,824,226			
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	-		1,955,405	1,955,405			
Total liabilities	_	366,278		2,074,825	2,441,103			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions				160,869	160,869			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	_	-		676 161,545	676 161,545			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	366,278		2,236,370	2,602,648			
Net Position: Unrestricted:								
Net position from operations-before effect of GASB 68 and OPEB		1,153,583		(522,365)	631,218			
Total net position	_	1,153,583		(522,365)	631,218			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$	1,519,861	\$	1,714,005 \$	3,233,866			

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Business-Type Activities								
	_	School Lunch		Charter School		Totals				
Operating Revenues: Charges for usage and service Intergovernmental	\$	1,050,821	\$	-	\$	1,050,821				
Tuition		-		2,381,705		2,381,705				
On-behalf pension contribution		-		133,349		133,349				
Miscellaneous		34,261		-		34,261				
Total operating revenues		1,085,082		2,515,054		3,600,136				
Operating Expenses:										
Operations		3,345,423		879,605		4,225,028				
Personnel		57,603		1,800,476		1,858,079				
Claims		-		671		671				
Depreciation	_	28,944		6,481		35,425				
Total operating expenses		3,431,970	. <u> </u>	2,687,233		6,119,203				
Operating Loss		(2,346,888)		(172,179)		(2,519,067)				
Non-Operating Revenues:										
Investment income		35		2,801		2,836				
Grant income		2,600,294		3,488		2,603,782				
Contributions and donations				177,000		177,000				
Total nonoperating revenues	_	2,600,329	_	183,289	_	2,783,618				
Change in Net Position		253,441		11,110		264,551				
Net Position - July 1, 2017, as Restated	_	900,142		(533,475)		366,667				
Net Position - June 30, 2018	\$	1,153,583	\$	(522,365)	\$	631,218				

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Business-Type Activities							
	_	School Lunch		Charter School		Totals			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:									
Cash received from customers	\$	1,462,504	\$	2,378,775	\$	3,841,279			
Cash paid to suppliers		-		(837,151)		(837,151)			
Cash paid to employees		(57,603)		(1,765,268)		(1,822,871)			
Cash paid for other operating expenses		(3,352,846)		-		(3,352,846)			
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(1,947,945)		(223,644)		(2,171,589)			
Cash Flows from NonCapital Financing Activities:									
Non-operating grant		2,600,294		3,488		2,603,782			
Advances from interfund loans		68		207,487		207,555			
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		2,600,362	_	210,975		2,811,337			
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:									
Acquisition of capital assets		(83,836)				(83,836)			
Net cash (used in) provided by capital and related financing activities		(83,836)	_	-		(83,836)			
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:									
Income from investments		35		2,801		2,836			
Net cash provided by investing activities		35	_	2,801	_	2,836			
Net Increase in Cash		568,616		(9,868)		558,748			
Cash - July 1, 2017 (Including Restricted Cash)		544,418		567,536		1,111,954			
Cash - June 30, 2018 (Including Restricted Cash)	\$	1,113,034	\$	557,668	\$	1,670,702			
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash									
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,346,888)	\$	(172,179)	\$	(2,519,067)			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash									
provided by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation		28,944		6,481		35,425			
Decrease in net pension asset				21,263		21,263			
Increase in deferred outflows related to pension plans				(52,827)		(52,827)			
Increase in deferred outflows related to OPEB plans				266		266			
Decrease in deferred inflows related to pension plans				11,286		11,286			
Decrease in deferred inflows related to OPEB plans				148		148			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		41,876		(3,150)		38,726			
Increase in inventory		(324)		-		(324)			
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		330,056		-		330,056			
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(7,099)		42,454		35,355			
Increase in compensated absences		-		(1,454)		(1,454)			
Increase (decrease) in prepaid assessments				-		-			
Increase (decrease) in OPEB		E 400		255		255 5 710			
Increase in unearned revenue		5,490		220		5,710			
Increase in net pension liability				(76,407)		(76,407)			
Net (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(1,947,945)	\$	(223,644)	\$	(2,171,589)			



Internal Service Funds

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

School Department Internal Service Fund -This fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the School Departments medical self-insurance plan.

City Internal Service Fund -This fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the City's self-insurance plans for medical, workers compensation, property and casualty, unemployment and general liability claims.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	School Department Internal Service Fund	Go	overnmental Activities City Internal Service Fund		Totals
Assets					
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ -	\$	995,419	\$	995,419
Other Due from other funds Claims deposit	12,170 - 2,913,326	_	508,410	. <u>-</u>	12,170 508,410 2,913,326
Total current assets	2,925,496	-	1,503,829		4,429,325
Noncurrent Assets: Advance deposits - medical Total noncurrent assets	853,000 853,000	-		· -	853,000 853,000
Total assets	3,778,496	-	1,503,829		5,282,325
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Claims payable	164 - 3,274,147 -	_	147,132 260 1,168,967 697,667		147,296 260 4,443,114 697,667
Total current liabilities	3,274,311	-	2,014,026		5,288,337
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	-			-
Total liabilities	3,274,311	-	2,014,026	· -	5,288,337
Net Position: Unrestricted	504,185	-	(510,197)		(6,012)
Total Net Position	\$ 504,185	\$	(510,197)	\$	(6,012)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITON PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	School Department Internal Service Fund		City Internal Service Fund		Totals
Operating Revenues: Charges for usage and service Miscellaneous	\$ 25,982,715 -	\$	10,626,458 53,581	\$	36,609,173 53,581
Total operating revenues	25,982,715		10,680,039		36,662,754
Operating Expenses: Operations Personnel	-		501,285 114,055		501,285 114,055
Claims	-		10,162,937		10,162,937
Health care management	24,503,354	•	-		24,503,354
Total operating expenses	24,503,354	•	10,778,277	•	35,281,631
Operating (Loss) Income	1,479,361	•	(98,238)		1,381,123
Nonoperating Revenues: Investment income			75		75_
Nonoperating Revenues			75		75
Change in Net Position	1,479,361		(98,163)		1,381,198
Net Position - July 1, 2017	(975,176)		(412,034)		(1,387,210)
Net Position - June 30, 2018	\$ 504,185	\$	(510,197)	\$	(6,012)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_				
		School Department Internal Service Fund	City Internal Service Fund		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$	25,985,376	\$ 10,680,039	\$	36,665,415
Cash paid to employees		-	(115,071)		(115,071)
Cash paid for claims		(25,280,057)	(9,555,645)		(34,835,702)
Cash paid for other operating expenses	_	-	(491,383)		(491,383)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	705,319	517,940		1,223,259
Cash Flows from NonCapital Financing Activities:					
Change in interfund loans		(705,319)	477,321		(227,998)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	(705,319)	477,321		(227,998)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Income from investments	-	-	75		75
Net Decrease in Cash		-	995,336		995,336
Cash - July 1, 2016 (Including Restricted Cash)	_		83		83
Cash - June 30, 2017 (Including Restricted Cash)	\$_	-	\$ 995,419	\$	995,419
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Cash Used in Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,479,361	\$ (98,238)	\$	1,381,123
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities:					
Decrease in accounts receivable		2,661	-		2,661
Increase in claims deposits		(776,867)	-		(776,867)
Decrease in accounts payable		164	135,807		135,971
Decrease in accrued payroll		-	(1,016)		(1,016)
(Increase) decrease in claims payable	_	-	481,387		481,387
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$_	705,319	\$ 517,940	\$	1,223,259



Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Pension Trust Funds - A fiduciary fund type used to report resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit contribution plans.

Postemployment Healthcare Trust Fund - This fund is used to account for postemployment benefits for public safety employees.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds - A fiduciary trust fund type used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in pension trust funds or investment trust funds, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds were established to function as clearing mechanisms for cash resources which are collected and disbursed to authorized recipients. The following is a list of Agency Funds included in this section:

Unclaimed Estates in Probate - This fund accounts for unclaimed estates that are currently in probate.

Performance Bonds -This fund accounts for deposits received by the City to ensure certain work is completed by various developers. Once the work has been completed to the satisfaction of the Planning Department, the refunds are returned to the developers.

Student Activity Funds - This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of school student activity programs.

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Pension Trust Fund		City OPEB Trust Fund		School OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Assets:	-							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	1,642,706	\$	675,429	\$	-	\$	2,318,135
Investments:								
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		3,886,392						3,886,392
Real Estate Investment Trust						48,406		48,406
Common Stock		12,964,931						12,964,931
Pooled Equity Index Funds						320,688		320,688
Pooled Fixed Income Index Funds		423,227				235,979		659,206
International Equity Mutual Funds				1,684,014				1,684,014
U.S. Equity Mutual Funds		29,582,460		2,694,116				32,276,576
Fixed Income Mutual Funds	_	21,344,540		1,935,700				23,280,240
Total investments		68,201,550		6,313,830		605,073		75,120,453
Due from other funds	-		. <u> </u>	1,013,038				1,013,038
Total assets	-	69,844,256	. <u> </u>	8,002,297		605,073		78,451,626
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable				201,037				201,037
Deposits held in custody for others								-
Total liabilities	-			201,037	_			201,037
Net Position Restricted for Pensions and OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes	\$_	69,844,256	\$_	7,801,260	\$	605,073	\$	78,250,589

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

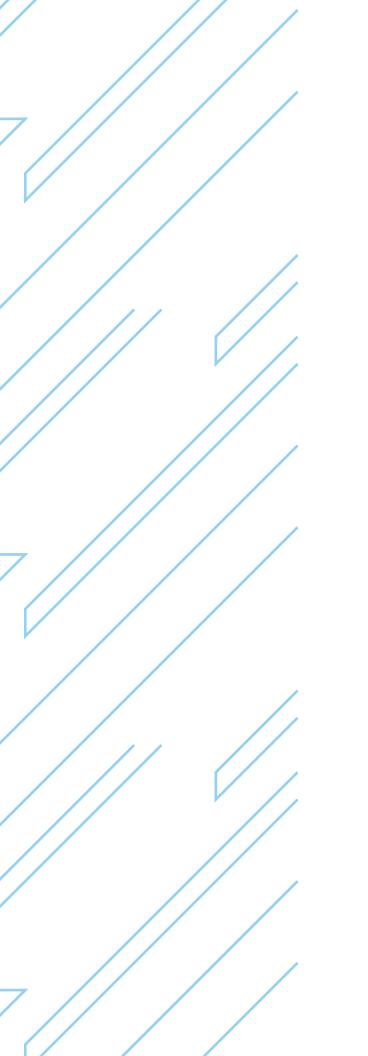
		Pension Trust	City OPEB Trust	School OPEB Trust	
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Additions:					
Contributions: Employer contributions	\$	22,568,319 \$	5,108,840 \$	- \$	27,677,159
Plan member contributions	φ	22,566,319 \$ 240,058	5,106,640 \$ 368,718	- φ 427,999	1,036,775
Other		240,058 53,055	300,710	427,999	53,055
Total contributions	_	22,861,432	5,477,558	427,999	28,766,989
Investment Income:					
Interest and dividends		1,348,662	316,630	39,409	1,704,701
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments		3,920,610			3,920,610
Total investment income	_	5,269,272	316,630	39,409	5,625,311
Total additions		28,130,704	5,794,188	467,408	34,392,300
Deductions:					
Benefits		24,326,797	4,104,990	427,998	28,859,785
Administrative expenses		293,500	19,792	1,481	314,773
Total deductions	_	24,620,297	4,124,782	429,479	29,174,558
Change in Net Position		3,510,407	1,669,406	37,929	5,217,742
Net Position Held in Trust for Pensions, and					
OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes-July 1, 2017 (as, Restated)		66,333,849	6,131,854	567,144	73,032,847
Net Position Held in Trust for Pensions, and					
OPEB Benefits and Other Purposes-June 30, 2018	\$	69,844,256 \$	7,801,260 \$	605,073 \$	78,250,589

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CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
Unclaimed Estates in Probate Court				
ASSET Cash	\$96,845	\$11	\$	\$ <u>96,856</u>
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$96,845	\$11	\$	\$96,856
Performance Bonds				
ASSET Cash	\$	\$ 54,628	\$3,000	\$284,280
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$232,652	\$54,628	\$3,000	\$284,280
Student Activity Funds				
ASSET Cash	\$731,028	\$	\$1,728,051	\$730,288
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$731,028	\$1,727,311	\$	\$730,288
Totals				
ASSET Cash	\$1,060,525	\$1,781,950	\$	\$1,111,424
LIABILITY Deposits Held in Custody for Others	\$1,060,525	\$ <u>1,781,950</u>	\$ <u>1,731,051</u>	\$1,111,424



Other Schedules

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Year	Property Taxes Receivable July 1, 2017	Current Year Assessment	Transfers Addendums (Net)	Abatements and Adjustments	Amount to be Collected	Collections Net of Refunds	Property Taxes Receivable June 30, 2018
2018	\$\$	190,460,481	\$	609,953 \$	189,850,528 \$	188,585,112	\$ 1,265,416
2017	2,646,296			46,152	2,600,144	1,173,074	1,427,070
2016	737,289			10,404	726,885	118,990	607,895
2015	888,081			2,559	885,522	85,126	800,396
2014	864,681			786	863,895	61,617	802,278
2013	851,141			491	850,650	46,553	804,097
2012	840,932			282	840,650	34,000	806,650
2011	938,662				938,662	34,631	904,031
2010	539,100				539,100	11,476	527,624
2009	588,124				588,124	11,789	576,335
Subtotal	8,894,306 \$	190,460,481	\$\$	670,627 \$	198,684,160 \$	190,162,368	8,521,792
Less: estimated allowance							
for uncollectable accounts	2,063,364						2,085,000
Net property taxes receivable	\$6,830,942					:	\$6,436,792

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Collections

Year	 July - August 2017 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY17 Accrual	_	September - June 2018 Collections	Total FY 2018 Collections	July - August 2018 Collections Subject to 60-Day FY18 Accrual
2016	\$	\$	188,585,112 \$	188,585,112	\$\$602,841
2015	774,357		398,717	1,173,074	57,671
2014	83,583		35,407	118,990	27,671
2013	19,771		65,355	85,126	14,628
2012	13,236		48,381	61,617	8,791
2011	4,541		42,012	46,553	9,042
2010	1,675		32,325	34,000	2,355
2009	230		34,401	34,631	3,748
2008	69		11,407	11,476	1,160
2007	304		11,485	11,789	
2006	 735	_	(735)		
Total	\$ 898,501	\$_	189,263,867 \$	190,162,368	\$ 727,907

(Continued on next page)

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Schedule of Ne	Reconciliation of Current Year Propert	y Tax Revenue		
Description of Property	 Valuations	Levy	Current year collections	\$ 190,162,368
Real property Motor vehicle Tangible property	\$ 6,521,313,280 \$ 503,045,688 335,551,224	160,131,907 18,849,061 11,479,513	Revenue received 60 days subsequent to fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 Subtotal	<u>727,907</u> 190,890,275
Total Exemptions and adjustments	7,359,910,192 267,162,116	190,460,481	Prior year revenue received in current year (2016 60 day rule)	(898,501)
Net Assessed Value	\$ 7,092,748,076 \$	190,460,481	Current Year Property Tax Revenue	\$

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Land Im	Land provements Infrastruct	ure Buildings	Vehicles	Office Furniture & Equipment	Machinery And Equipment	Total
General government	\$ 15,299,094 \$	28,986,162 \$ 86,658,	541 \$ 107,193,909	\$ 300,943 \$	\$ 1,394,171 \$	95,636 \$	239,928,456
Public safety	-	60,000 17,	602 74,065	11,096,906	1,229,810	5,991,718	18,470,101
Public works	-	7,196,383 65,		5,456,686	34,093	946,036	13,698,276
Education	-	-	- 4,629,202	3,828,863	1,211,563	4,200	9,673,828
Parks and recreation	-	732,939 603,	902 110,580	787,888	9,511	1,428,099	3,672,919
Public libraries	-	-	- 17,632	17,458	3,572,743	105,050	3,712,883
Senior services	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	- 36,499	509,124	65,363	42,638	653,624
Total	\$\$	<u>36,975,484</u> \$ <u>87,345,</u>	<u>123</u> \$ <u>112,061,887</u>	\$\$	\$7,517,254\$	8,613,377 \$	289,810,087

CITY OF CRANSTON, RHODE ISLAND CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Balance July 1, 2017	 Additions		Retirements		Balance June 30, 2018
General government	\$	239,295,568	\$ 658,268	\$	25,380	\$	239,928,456
Public safety		16,866,751	2,658,933		1,055,583		18,470,101
Public works		5,863,951	7,958,893		124,568		13,698,276
Education		7,084,821	2,685,957		96,950		9,673,828
Parks and recreation		2,110,572	1,583,472		21,125		3,672,919
Public libraries		3,623,924	88,959		-		3,712,883
Senior services	_	617,125	 36,499	-		_	653,624
Total Capital Assets	\$_	275,462,712	\$ 15,670,981	\$	1,323,606	\$_	289,810,087



Annual Supplementary Transparency Report

City of Cranston Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

REVENUE	Municipal	Education Department		
Current Year Levy Tax Collection	\$ 189,187,954	\$-		
Last Year's Levy Tax Collection	456,388	Ŷ _		
Prior Years Property Tax Collection	347,432	-		
Interest & Penalty	1,050,977	-		
PILOT & Tax Treaty (excluded from levy) Collection	214,219			
Other Local Property Taxes	-	_		
Licenses and Permits	4,646,587	-		
Fines and Forfeitures	496,998	-		
Investment Income	442,629	-		
Departmental	5,069,827	-		
Rescue Run Revenue	4,114,236	-		
Police & Fire Detail	2,359,183	-		
Other Local Non-Property Tax Revenues	1,255,805	-		
Tuition	-	997,865		
Impact Aid	-	-		
Medicaid	-	1,387,901		
Federal Stabilization Funds	-	-		
Federal Food Service Reimbursement	-	2,600,294		
CDBG	327,953	-		
COPS Grants	-	-		
SAFER Grants	-	-		
Other Federal Aid Funds	-	7,430,457		
MV Excise Tax Reimbursement & Phase-out	3,463,187	-		
State PILOT Program	5,403,870	-		
Distressed Community Relief Fund	1,341,001	-		
Library Resource Aid	582,746	-		
Library Construction Aid	-	-		
Public Service Corporation Tax	991,411	-		
Meals & Beverage Tax / Hotel Tax	2,024,745	-		
LEA Aid	-	58,171,589		
Group Home	-	-		
Housing Aid Capital Projects	-	229,369		
Housing Aid Bonded Debt	2,480,924	-		
State Food Service Revenue	-	23,256		
Incentive Aid	-	-		
Property Revaluation Reimbursement	350,796	-		
Other State Revenue	958,738	465,763		
Other Revenue	-	1,631,700		
Local Appropriation for Education	-	93,182,652		
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-		
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	420,795		
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-		
Other Education Appropriation	-	-		
Rounding	- -	\$ 166.541.641		
Total Revenue	\$ 227,567,606	\$ 166,541,641		
Financing Sources: Transfer from Capital Funds	\$-	\$-		
Financing Sources: Transfer from Other Funds	-	-		
Financing Sources: Debt Proceeds	-	-		
Financing Sources: Other	-	-		
Rounding				
Total Other Financing Sources	\$ -	\$-		

City of Cranston Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

EXPENDITURES	General Government	Finance	Social Services	Centralized IT	Planning	Libraries	Public Works	Parks and Rec	Police Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ 1,440,176	\$ 1,377,577	\$ 1,387,482	\$ 420,319	\$ 849,244	\$ 2,139,809	\$ 4,215,243	\$ 1,680,940	\$ 10,182,066
Compensation - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,160,327
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A	6,060	52,608	19,880	52,825	6,158	33,000	119,399	96,278	1,115,718
Overtime - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	127,145
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Police & Fire Detail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,954,095
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	222,857	207,706	267,782	78,548	178,290	238,522	855,965	277,365	2,207,740
Active Medical Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	237,469
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Active Dental insurance- Group A	11,729	10,932	14,094	4,134	9,384	12,554	45,051	14,598	109,675
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,498
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payroll Taxes	110,625	111,837	102,268	35,765	67,279	128,047	346,916	133,337	341,448
Life Insurance	3,854	4,360	4,695	1,267	2,708	6,336	15,868	4,128	55,231
State Defined Contribution- Group A	6,652	9,098	8,464	3,320	5,197	8,817	36,759	10,465	317,470
State Defined Contribution - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,092
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group A	14,072	242,347	33,567	11,591	7,749	18,754	206,314	60,862	2,531,523
Other Benefits- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,969,515
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C				-	-	-	-	-	-
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	87,710	81,885	76,178	29,882	46,776	148,622	330,830	96,803	1,201,526
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80,018
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	50,185	68,636	63,853	25,048	39,208	-	277,304	76,434	84,690
Purchased Services	1,204,568	64,461	43,364	-	15,248	-	428,115	92,277	427,708
Materials/Supplies	18,639	120,064	782,743	32,502	1,937	50,000	398,247	135,192	340,513
Software Licenses	-	-	-	147,817	15 205	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlays Insurance	- 886,427	-	73,618	55,575	15,295	24,161	18,000	-	366,541
Maintenance	000,427	1,420	27,934	148,660	-	- 65,000	17,514	25,300	- 381,297
Vehicle Operations	_	1,420	51,773	148,000	6,812	2,000	564,427	39,155	224,989
Utilities	-	-	2,337	218,705	0,012	110,000	436,891	98,326	48,543
Contingency			2,557	210,705		110,000	430,851	58,520	40,545
Street Lighting							1,467,089		
Revaluation		417,870					1,407,085		
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts		.17,070					934,473		
Trash Removal & Recycling	-	-		-	-	-	5,401,105	-	-
Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Community Support	4,413	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Operation Expenditures	1,489,437	100,514	70,655	1,414	419,327	461,000	136,883	659,422	1,732,668
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	· -	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Appropriation for Education		-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-		-	_	_	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Qualified OPEB Trust Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rounding	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-								
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,557,406	\$ 2,871,314	\$ 3,030,687	\$ 1,267,373	\$ 1,670,613	\$ 3,446,622	\$ 16,252,392	\$ 3,500,883	\$ 35,220,504

City of Cranston Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

EXPENDITURES	Fire Department	Centralized Dispatch	Public Safety Other	Education Appropriation	Debt	OPEB	Total Municipal	Education Department
Compensation- Group A	\$ 13,296,915	\$ -	\$ 185,036	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 37,174,808	\$ 76,958,423
Compensation - Group B	798,722	-	-	-	-	-	1,959,048	7,894,549
Compensation - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,460,350
Compensation -Volunteer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Overtime- Group A	4,923,412	-	860	-	-	-	6,426,198	-
Overtime - Group B	292,619	-	-	-	-	-	419,764	-
Overtime - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	483,614
Police & Fire Detail	48,658	-	-	-	-	-	2,002,753	-
Active Medical Insurance - Group A	3,861,988	-	37,832	-	-	-	8,434,596	12,472,340
Active Medical Insurance- Group B	198,343	-	-	-	-	-	435,812	1,007,503
Active Medical Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,214,879
Active Dental insurance- Group A	175,642	-	1,991	-	-	-	409,784	819,358
Active Dental Insurance- Group B	10,439	-	-	-	-	-	22,937	72,112
Active Dental Insurance- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	370,056
Payroll Taxes	370,186	-	13,518	-	-	-	1,761,226	2,560,818
Life Insurance	65,736	-	845	-	-	-	165,028	63,933
State Defined Contribution- Group A	420,848	-	1,088	-	-	-	828,179	1,742,251
State Defined Contribution - Group B	6,843	-	-	-	-	-	16,935	147,154
State Defined Contribution - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110,722
Other Benefits- Group A	3,881,305	-	1,006	-	-	-	7,009,088	654,875
Other Benefits- Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,452
Other Benefits- Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97,511
Local Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	12,596,836	-	-	-	-	-	22,566,351	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Local Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	122,913
State Defined Benefit Pension- Group A	811,899	-	9,795	-	-	-	2,921,906	10,026,100
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group B	56,442	-	-	-	-	-	136,460	994,363
State Defined Benefit Pension - Group C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	984,180
Other Defined Benefit / Contribution	-	-	8,210	-	-	-	693,567	-
Purchased Services	1,131,706	-	-	-	-	-	3,407,448	18,188,066
Materials/Supplies	287,847	-	37,334	-	-	-	2,205,019	2,207,370
Software Licenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	147,817	484,890
Capital Outlays	340,695	-	-	-	-	-	893,886	1,930,200
Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	886,427	765,165
Maintenance	250,846	-	140,891	-	-	-	1,058,860	1,367,386
Vehicle Operations	197,486	-	-	-	-	-	1,086,642	998,027
Utilities	712,329	-	-	-	-	-	1,627,131	2,473,634
Contingency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Street Lighting	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,467,089	-
Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	417,870	-
Snow Removal-Raw Material & External Contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	934,473	-
Trash Removal & Recycling	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,401,105	-
Claims & Settlements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Support	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,413	400
Other Operation Expenditures	387,735	-	3,131	-	-	-	5,462,185	282,568
Local Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	93,182,652	-	-	93,182,652	-
Regional Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional Supplemental Appropriation for Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Education Appropriation	-	-	-	420,795	-	-	420,795	-
Municipal Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	6,794,000	-	6,794,000	-
Municipal Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	2,400,863	-	2,400,863	-
School Debt- Principal	-	-	-	-	550,000	-	550,000	-
School Debt- Interest	-	-	-	-	549,700	-	549,700	-
Retiree Medical Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retiree Dental Insurance- Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OPEB Contribution- Total	-	-	-	-	-	5,108,840	5,108,840	427,998
Non-Qualified OPEB Trust Contribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rounding		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures	\$ 45,125,476	\$ -	\$ 441,537	\$ 93,603,447	\$ 10,294,563	\$ 5,108,840	\$ 227,391,657	\$ 166,447,161

Financing Uses: Transfer to Capital Funds	\$	-	\$	-
Financing Uses: Transfer to Other Funds		-		-
Financing Uses: Payment to Bond Escrow Agent		-		-
Financing Uses: Other		-		-
Total Other Financing Uses	\$	-	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance ¹		175,949		94,480
Fund Balance1- beginning of year	\$20	,888,447	\$	6,827,244
Funds removed from Reportable Government Services (RGS)		-		-
Funds added to Reportable Government Services (RGS)		-		-
Prior period adjustments		-		(500,000)
Misc. Adjustment		-		(21,535)
Fund Balance ¹ - beginning of year adjusted	20	,888,447	_	6,305,709
Rounding				
Fund Balance ¹ - end of year	\$ 21	,064,396	\$	6,400,189

¹ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

City of Cranston Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Municipal Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description	Total Revenue	Total Other Financing Sources	Total Expenditures	Total Other Financing Uses	Net Change in Fund Balance ¹	Beginning Fund Fund Balance [±] (Deficit)	Prior Period Adjustment	Restated Beginning Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Ending Fund Balance [±] (Deficit)
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2017 No funds removed from RGS for fiscal 2018 No funds added to RGS for Fiscal 2018 No misc. adjustments made for fiscal 2018 Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2017 adjusted						\$ 20,888,447 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		\$ 20,888,447	
General Fund Fire Detail Police Detail CDBG	\$ 225,003,198 56,751 1,828,906 1,309,953	\$ - - -	\$ 131,309,168 \$ 48,658 1,751,634 1,311,852	93,603,447 - - -	\$ 90,583 8,093 77,272 (1,899)	<u> </u>) -	\$ 20,868,980 (2,599 22,067 (26,825	=) \$ 20,959,563)) 5,494 7 99,339
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 228,198,808	\$ -	\$ 134,421,312 \$	93,603,447	\$ 174,049	\$ 20,861,623	\$ -	\$ 20,861,623	\$ 21,035,672
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2									
Reclassify transfer of municipal appropriation to Education Department as expenditure on MTP2 Transfer to School Department-Contingency Expenditures Community Development Block Grant-To remove loan activity Revaluation reflected as net in the Financials Rounding	\$ - (982,000) 350,798	\$ - - - -	93,182,652 420,795 (983,899) 350,797	(93,182,652) (420,795) - - -	\$ - - 1,899 1 -	\$	-	\$ - 26,825 (1	. 1
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 227,567,606	\$ -	\$ 227,391,657 \$	-	\$ 175,949	\$ 20,888,447	\$ -	\$ 20,888,447	\$ 21,064,396

¹ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

City of Cranston Combining Schedule of Reportable Government Services with Reconciliation to MTP2 Education Department Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Per Audited Fund Financial Statements Fund Description	 Total Revenue	Total Other Financing Sources	Total Expenditures	Total Other Financing Uses	Net Change in Fund Balance ¹	Beginning Fund Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Prior Period Adjustment	Restated Beginning Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)	Ending Fund Balance ¹ (Deficit)
Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2017 Miscellaneous variances from FY 17 impacting Fiscal year 2018 Prior period audit adjustment for fiscal year 2018 Fund Balance ¹ - per MTP-2 at June 30, 2017 adjusted					-	\$ 6,827,244 (21,535) - \$ 6,805,709	; (500,000) ; ;	6,827,244 (21,535) (500,000) 6,305,709	
School Unrestricted Fund Enterprise Fund1 School Special Revenue Funds	\$ 68,579,812 \$ 3,685,411 8,398,414	93,789,979 \$ - -	162,466,234 3,431,970 8,221,813	\$ - 186,532	\$ (96,443) 253,441 (9,931)	\$ 5,885,808 900,142 102,827	\$ (500,000) \$ - -	5,385,808 900,142 102,827	\$ 5,289,365 1,153,583 92,896
Totals per audited financial statements	\$ 80,663,637 \$	93,789,979 \$	174,120,017	\$ 186,532	\$ 147,067	\$ 6,888,777	\$ (500,000) \$	6,388,777	\$ 6,535,844
Reconciliation from financial statements to MTP2 Municipal appropriation for Education reported as a transfer on financial statements but as revenue on MTP2 Supplemental Municipal appropriation for Education reported as a transfer on financial statements but a revenue on MTP2 State contributions on behalf of teacher pensions are reported as revenue and expenditures on financial statements only	\$ 93,182,652 \$ 420,795 (7,725,441)	(93,182,652) \$ (420,795) -	- - (7,725,441)	\$	\$	\$	\$ - \$ - -	- - -	\$
For financial statements, indirect cost charges and recovery are reported in federal grant funds and also actual expenditures & reimbursement reported in School Unrestricted Fund. Capital purchase in school lunch fund reported as an expenditure on the MPT-2 but recorded as an asset on the June 30, 2018 financial statements Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2017	- -	(186,532) - -	- 83,836	(186,532) - -	- (83,836) -	- (83,068) -	-	- (83,068) -	- (166,904) -
Depreciation expense not recorded in UCOA Miscellaneous variances between UCOA & Financial Statements Rounding	 - (2)	-	(28,944) (2,308) 1	-	28,944 2,308 (3)	-	- -	-	28,944 2,308 (3)
Totals Per MTP2	\$ 166,541,641 \$	- \$	166,447,161	\$ -	\$ 94,480	\$ 6,805,709	\$ (500,000) \$	6,305,709	\$ 6,400,189
Reconciliation from MTP2 to UCOA									
Transfer from School Unrestricted Fund to Internal Service Fund. Amount recorded as a transfer by the School District while the auditor reported it as an expenditure.	\$ 	\$	(975,176)						
Totals per UCOA Validated Totals Report	\$ 166,541,641	\$	165,471,985						

 $^{\rm 1}$ and Net Position if Enterprise Fund activity is included in the transparency portal report.

Notes to Supplementary Information – Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)

NOTE 1. Basis of Presentation

The *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* is a supplemental schedule required by the State of Rhode Island General Laws 45-12-22.2 and 44-35-10. This supplementary schedule included within the audit report is part of a broader project to create a municipal transparency portal (MTP) website to host municipal financial information in a centralized location.

The format of the *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* was prescribed by the State Department of Revenue (Division of Municipal Finance), Office of the Auditor General, and the Department of Education.

NOTE 2. Reportable Government Services

Data consistency and comparability are among the key objectives of the State's Municipal Transparency portal. Consistent with that goal, the State has defined "reportable government services", RGS, to include those operational revenues, expenditures, and transfers related to activities which are essential to the achievement of municipal operations. The determination of RGS may be different from the activities included within the legally adopted budget of the municipality. In practice, some communities report certain RGS in separate funds (e.g., special revenue funds, enterprise funds) rather than the municipality's general fund. The *Annual Supplemental Transparency Report (MTP2)* includes a reconciliation to the fund level statements.

NOTE 3. Allocations

The State reporting requires expenditures to be reported by departments, as defined by the State. Some of the departmental groupings are not consistent with the departments reflected in the City's (or Town's) budget and accounting system. To report these costs, the City (or Town) made allocations of costs to the State's departmental groupings based on a reasonable basis.

NOTE 4. Employee Groups - Compensation and Benefit Costs

Compensation includes salaries, longevity, stipends, clothing allowance/maintenance, shift differential, out-of-rank, holiday pay and bonuses.

For Public Safety departments (i.e., police, fire, and centralized dispatch) and the Education Department, compensation and most benefits costs are reported in the following employee groupings:

Group A: This group consists of employees who serve the primary function of the department.

- Police Department police officers (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Fire Department fire fighters (e.g., uniform personnel including, leadership positions)
- Centralized Dispatch Department civilian dispatchers only
- Education Department professional staff providing direct services to students
- For the remaining departments all employees' compensation and benefits are reported under Group A

Group B: For Police and Fire Departments, compensation and benefits paid to its administrative employees and civilian dispatch employees are reported under Group B. The Education Department reports compensation and benefits paid to executive/mid-level educational administration employees under Group B.

Group C: This group is only used for the Education Department and it includes administrative and support staff.

Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are not reported by employee groups on the MTP2. They are reported in total as either (1) contributions to a qualified OPEB trust or (2) the amount paid for medical and dental insurance for retirees when an OPEB trust fund has not been established. The detail employee group information for the Education Department can be found on the State's Municipal Transparency portal website.

NOTE 5. Education Revenue and Expenditures

The revenues and expenditures presented on the MTP2 under the Education Department is consistent with existing Uniform Chart of Accounts (UCOA) guidelines. Each MTP account code has been mapped to the corresponding UCOA code or group of UCOA codes to facilitate the preparation of the MTP reporting.

Additional guidance and definitions regarding the State's Municipal Transparency Portal can be found on the State Division of Municipal Finance website: <u>http://www.municipalfinance.ri.gov/</u>.



Statistical Section

Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- *Financial trends information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- *Revenue capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate *own-source revenues* (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- *Debt capacity information* is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2018	2017	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 (As Restated)	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)	2010	2009 (As Restated)
Governmental Activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	\$ 52,965,605	\$ 39,483,273	\$ 32,242,050	\$ 28,003,223	\$ 19,411,174 	\$49,660,029	\$41,265,304 	\$ 38,755,896	\$36,911,322 2,770,499	\$ 30,061,368 754,859
Unrestricted	(361,347,810)	(313,782,667)	(319,188,692)	(315,174,995)	(320,500,997)	(86,076,389)	(85,654,610)	(81,803,993)	(79,180,678)	(63,493,862)
Total Governmental Activities	(308,382,205)	(274,299,394)	(286,946,642)	(287,171,772)	(301,089,823)	(36,416,360)	(44,389,306)	(43,048,097)	(39,498,857)	(32,677,635)
Business-Type Activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	71,466,481 439,167	70,956,771 459,633	69,185,030 2,129,729	66,195,785 8,598,629	37,961,522	55,410,689	54,943,414	55,835,806 	54,279,242 501,295	58,955,899 501,302
Unrestricted	(8,644,499)	(11,485,507)	(16,171,019)	(22,951,735)	11,138,372	(7,230,976)	(9,165,835)	(11,349,807)	(12,293,232)	(18,495,702)
Total Business-Type Activities	63,261,149	59,930,897	55,143,740	51,842,679	49,099,894	48,179,713	45,777,579	44,485,999	42,487,305	40,961,499
Total City										
Net investment in capital assets	124,432,086	110,440,044	101,427,080	94,199,008	57,372,696	105,070,718	96,208,718	94,591,702	91,190,564	89,017,267
Restricted Unrestricted	439,167 (369,992,309)	459,633 (325,268,174)	2,129,729 (335,359,711)	8,598,629 (338,126,730)	(309,362,625)		(94,820,445)	(93,153,800)	3,271,794 <u>(91,473,910</u>)	1,256,161 (81,989,564)
Total City	<u>\$(245,121,056</u>)	<u>\$ (214,368,497</u>)	<u>\$(231,802,902</u>)	<u>\$(235,329,093)</u>	<u>\$(251,989,929</u>)	<u>\$11,763,353</u>	\$ 1,388,273	<u>\$ 1,437,902</u>	<u>\$ 2,988,448</u>	\$ 8,283,864

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2018	2017	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 (As Restated)	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)	2010	2009 (As Restated)
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 15,971,432	\$ 16,186,223	\$ 13,529,838	\$ 15,760,616	\$ 13,331,926	\$ 13,332,988	\$ 14,124,547	\$ 11,681,983	\$ 11,927,606	\$ 13,502,051
Public safety	75,827,868	85,859,541	77,077,346	76,316,860	76,071,254	80,850,179	76,501,580	74,176,278	75,005,742	69,891,470
Public works	16,701,972	14,976,564	15,878,037	15,539,611	15,709,766	15,002,479	15,167,301	14,162,027	14,132,084	14,286,657
Education	177,339,237	183,512,973	200,479,946	175,923,426	148,510,719	143,177,724	145,560,327	148,737,275	147,353,569	144,564,947
Parks and recreation	3,504,777	3,450,619	3,595,810	3,100,766	2,502,784	2,187,997	2,271,516	1,674,918	1,564,980	2,249,144
Public libraries	3,561,920	3,836,411	3,295,271	3,302,163	3,130,504	3,111,686	3,068,582	2,929,901	2,918,385	3,210,102
Senior services	3,040,817	3,077,015	2,904,766	3,172,283	3,091,950	2,902,182	2,894,707	2,747,580	2,822,873	2,948,510
Community development	1,340,187	1,042,849	1,724,439	1,430,568	716,188	1,240,559	1,467,564	1,560,098	1,981,805	1,095,367
Interest expense	2,052,994	2,609,611	2,778,437	3,245,053	3,659,457	2,887,674	5,143,233	5,003,790	4,985,466	4,962,888
Other	<u> </u>				284,552,076		124,638	119,225		
Total Governmental Activities	299,341,204	314,551,806	321,263,890	297,791,346	551,276,624	264,693,468	266,323,995	262,793,075	262,692,510	256,711,136
Business-type activities:										
Sewer	20,196,899	19,111,340	19,788,661	19,809,246	18,636,282	18,184,729	19,076,141	17,604,843	17,312,453	17,381,311
Public Facilities Management Foundation					92,137	77,010	93,501	200,937	219,337	228,248
Charter School Fund						2,648,536	2,710,210	2,960,621	3,090,636	
School lunch					5,581,170	2,867,369	3,073,738	2,565,806	2,721,200	2,900,867
Other	6,119,203	6,107,972	5,835,392	5,698,896	1,526,883					
Total Business-Type Activities	26,316,102	25,219,312	25,624,053	25,508,142	25,836,472	23,777,644	24,953,590	23,332,207	23,343,626	20,510,426
Total City Expenses	325,657,306	339,771,118	346,887,943	323,299,488	577,113,096	288,471,112	291,277,585	286,125,282	286,036,136	277,221,562

TABLE 2 (1 OF 3)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

						FISCAL YEAR				
	2018	2017	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 (As Restated)	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)	2010	2009 (As Restated)
Program Revenues				· ·				•		<u>.</u>
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 7,896,754	\$ 7,216,284	\$ 6,900,084	\$ 6,326,794	\$ 5,823,451	\$ 5,623,627	\$ 5,786,052	\$ 5,968,476	\$ 5,726,884	\$ 5,396,283
Public safety	6,121,655	6,116,849	6,432,342	6,257,323	5,597,507	5,256,803	5,512,505	3,893,316	5,575,477	6,162,035
Public works	1,296,471	1,056,208	941,631	1,026,133	747,410	925,173	737,643	681,668	455,374	481,865
Education	1,294,881	25,931,408	23,803,519	23,076,779	2,583,038	1,735,671	1,499,384	1,860,578	1,850,584	2,805,729
Parks and recreation	397,817	355,064	396,967	356,124	345,788	301,996	286,551	266,406	289,310	320,967
Public libraries	95,000	99,100	99,100	87,400	87,400	87,400	87,400	87,400	89,000	100,000
Senior services	1,654,979	1,646,558	1,612,507	1,729,051	1,668,453	1,723,744	1,651,421	1,806,092	1,691,795	1,670,440
Other activities										
Operating grants and contributions	82,691,335	85,884,786	81,983,286	79,836,039	76,706,418	74,953,160	61,072,753	59,840,449	63,617,708	56,934,360
Capital grants and contributions	89,535	77,484	112,842	185,562	218,721	96,781	330,885	638,392	585,627	182,166
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	101,538,427	128,383,741	122,282,278	118,881,205	93,778,186	90,704,355	76,964,594	75,042,777	79,881,759	74,053,845
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Sewer	22,857,078	23,182,878	22,192,444	22,135,939	20,565,668	19,341,561	19,359,122	18,876,713	18,640,991	17,208,694
Public Facilities Management Foundation					26,775	35,300	41,900	136,911	208,574	211,061
Non-major funds	3,466,787	3,573,946	3,608,947	3,338,096	3,302,480	3,738,516	4,281,139	3,942,173	4,091,991	1,659,229
Operating grants and contributions			2,483,891	2,420,657	2,441,887	2,256,490	2,225,893	1,787,715	1,538,371	1,300,849
Capital grants and contributions	177,000	2,668,371								
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	26,500,865	29,425,195	28,285,282	27,894,692	26,336,810	25,371,867	25,908,054	24,743,512	24,479,927	20,379,833
Total City Revenues	128,039,292	157,808,936	150,567,560	146,775,897	120,114,996	116,076,222	102,872,648	99,786,289	104,361,686	94,433,678
Net (expenses) revenues:										
Governmental activities	(197,802,777)	(186,168,065)	(198,981,612)	(178,910,141)	(457,498,438)	(173,989,113)	(189,359,401)	(187,750,298)	(182,810,751)	(182,657,291)
Business-type activities	184,763	4,205,883	2,661,229	2,386,550	500,338	1,594,223	954,464	1,411,305	1,136,301	(130,593)
Total City Net Expense	<u>(197,618,014</u>)	(181,962,182)	(196,320,383)	(176,523,591)	(456,998,100)	(172,394,890)	(188,404,937)	(186,338,993)	(181,674,450)	(182,787,884)

TABLE 2 (1 OF 3)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

						FISCAL YEAR				
	2018	2017	2016	2015 (As Restated)	2014 <u>(As Restated)</u>	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)	2010	2009 (As Restated)
General Revenues and other Changes										
in Net Assets										
Governmental activities										
General revenues:										
Property taxes and other	\$190,112,684	\$ 186,383,002	\$ 186,026,404	\$ 184,125,495	\$ 189,420,459	\$ 177,673,789	\$183,880,964	\$178,871,587	\$ 172,909,856	\$173,615,269
Grants and contributions not restricted										
to specific programs										2,086,520
Gain/(Loss) on sale of assets						1,000,000		662,520	303,537	
State special funding for pension	10,838,378	7,816,659	10,167,762	5,169,920						
Unrestricted investment earnings	824,602	772,132	491,493	552,058	252,218	626,522	586,730	577,703	706,945	1,065,331
Transfers		(18,900)	(17,889)	(25,662)	(1,737,409)	(20,826)	(23,817)	488,880		
Miscellaneous	2,912,777	3,862,424	2,538,972	3,006,381	4,889,709	2,682,574	3,574,315	3,600,368	2,069,191	1,912,658
Motor vehicle phase-out taxes	3,463,187									
Total Governmental Activities	208,151,628	198,815,317	199,206,742	192,828,192	192,824,977	181,962,059	188,018,192	184,201,058	175,989,529	178,679,778
Business-type activities:										
State special funding for pension	133,349	105,988	133,040							
Unrestricted investment earnings	432,142	456,385	488,905	257,825	368,591	363,136	313,299	342,267	389,505	268,956
Transfers		18,900	17,889	25,662	25,218	20,826	23,817	(488,880)		
Miscellaneous				72,748	26,035					
Total Business-Type Activities	565,491	581,273	639,834	356,235	419,844	383,962	337,116	(146,613)	389,505	268,956
Total City	208,717,119	199,396,590	199,846,576	193,184,427	193,244,821	182,346,021	188,355,308	184,054,445	176,379,034	178,948,734
Change in Net Assets										
Governmental activities	10,348,851	12,647,252	225,130	13,918,051	(264,673,461)	7,972,946	(1,341,209)	(3,549,240)	(6,821,222)	(3,977,513)
Business-type activities	750,254	4,787,156	3,301,063	2,742,785	920,182	1,978,185	1,291,580	1,264,692	1,525,806	138,363
·····										
Total City Change in Net Assets	<u>\$ 11,099,105</u>	<u>\$ 17,434,408</u>	\$ 3,526,193	\$ 16,660,836	<u>\$ (263,753,279</u>)	<u>\$ 9,951,131</u>	<u>\$ (49,629</u>)	<u>\$ (2,284,548</u>)	<u>\$ (5,295,416</u>)	<u>\$ (3,839,150</u>)

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR									
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012 (As Restated)	2011 (As Restated)	2010	2009 (As Restated)
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 207,000	\$ 1,706,660	\$ 5,366,568	\$ 7,261,553	\$ 3,264,015	\$	\$
Restricted	482,879	468,363	275,374	279,040	256,362	420,657	464,805			
Committed	44,030	44,025	42,892	2,115,631	1,884,028	1,653,133	2,356,649	6,390,443		
Assigned								1,300,761		
Unassigned	20,225,654	20,149,590	20,220,712	20,452,035	20,934,388	16,714,677	13,545,115	10,423,711		
Reserved									7,624,361	8,990,340
Unreserved			<u> </u>						13,315,506	14,581,605
Total General Fund	20,959,563	20,868,978	20,745,978	23,053,706	24,781,438	24,155,035	23,628,122	21,378,930	20,939,867	23,571,945
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	120,484	116,183	147,689	3,900,353	4,543,783	6,123,093	5,606,358	3,489,492		
Restricted	11,677,153	11,222,461	16,219,384	9,344,674	12,885,640	8,908,234	8,945,331	8,234,662		
Committed	819,031	1,291,734	1,900,091	634,041	320,650	97,321	119,410	92,887		
Assigned					11,656					
Unassigned	1,333,558	(650,642)	(171,829)	(152,166)	(3,506,353)	(8,578,569)	(11,865,051)	(10,727,614)		
Reserved									2,441,699	754,859
Unreserved, designated - school										
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds									(3,378,407)	(3,022,478)
Capital project funds									2,416,361	6,688,914
Total All Other Governmental Funds	13,950,226	11,979,736	18,095,335	13,726,902	14,255,376	6,550,079	2,806,048	1,089,427	1,479,653	4,421,295
Grand Total	<u>\$ 34,909,789</u>	<u>\$ 32,848,714</u>	\$ 38,841,313	\$ 36,780,608	\$ 39,036,814	\$ 30,705,114	\$ 26,434,170	<u>\$ 22,468,357</u>	<u>\$ 22,419,520</u>	\$ 27,993,240

The General Fund fund balance increased \$90,582 or 0.4% for FY18. The increase was due primarily favorable economic conditions throughout the City. All Other Governmental Funds increased \$2,470,491 or 21.5% for FY18. This was due to the unspent proceed of various capital projects in FY18.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1) (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL YEAR										
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011 (As Restated)	2010	2009 (As Restated)	
Revenues											
Property taxes	\$ 189,995,439	\$ 187,047,423	\$ 184,814,710	\$ 181,540,560	\$ 180,400,427	\$ 179,645,778	\$ 184,783,590	\$ 178,724,593	\$ 165,623,300	\$ 159,040,147	
Intergovernmental revenue	86,244,057	79,375,874	76,241,305	74,551,512	71,702,358	70,263,785	56,219,867	54,891,645	67,192,078	62,680,327	
Charges for services	18,757,557	17,364,637	16,496,783	16,074,252	15,692,399	15,014,414	14,910,956	13,913,936	15,183,424	16,336,920	
Licenses and permits											
Fines and interest on late payments	824,527	772,089	491,455	550,694	250,841	624,555	408,711	389,697	529,705	885,302	
Interest on investments State fiscal stabilization funds	024,327	772,009	491,400	550,094	230,641	024,555	2,396	814,266	2,410,080	2,090,303	
State on-behalf pension contributions	7,725,441	7,639,642	6,859,907	6,746,731	6,125,457	5,670,313	6,144,339	5,716,721	5,056,767	6,661,428	
Other revenues	2,912,778	3,787,970	2,448,080	2,922,776	4,798,810	2,629,867	3,494,320	3,519,553	2,038,060	1,825,834	
			007.050.040					057 070 444		0.40 500 004	
Total Revenues	306,459,799	295,987,635	287,352,240	282,386,525	278,970,292	273,848,712	265,964,179	257,970,411	258,033,414	249,520,261	
Expenditures Current:											
General government	11,401,804	10,728,233	9,932,588	9,670,263	10,227,750	9,497,003	10,346,906	8,392,000	7,727,864	8,488,491	
Public safety	86,151,898	82,402,327	80,899,232	78,150,559	77,395,466	76,404,816	72,975,293	69,125,309	70,172,182	68,605,728	
Public works	16,300,942	14,574,335	15,555,096	15,267,760	15,525,053	14,824,224	15,636,714	14,445,497	13,625,913	13,963,806	
Human resources	170 600 047	160 040 051	160 400 004	155 000 005	140.070.100	445 577 047	144 144 042	142 024 470	147 100 000	142 190 521	
Education Parks and recreation	170,688,047 3,510,882	168,040,851 3,318,164	160,498,034 3,486,804	155,280,225 3,034,746	148,879,136 2,363,957	145,577,247 2,236,847	144,144,843 2,195,590	143,931,478 1,836,292	147,100,982 2,065,678	143,189,521 2,287,973	
Public libraries	3,527,320	3,864,354	3,273,998	3,270,495	3,439,402	3,074,267	3,142,384	3,072,541	2,981,728	3,190,251	
Senior services	3,103,654	3,045,115	2,908,045	3,119,557	3,084,039	2,872,279	2,911,362	2,754,871	2,780,245	2,946,217	
Community development	1,347,154	1,144,284	1,724,439	1,487,068	1,659,368	1,908,299	1,467,564	1,560,098	1,981,805	1,095,367	
Other	157,174	179,589	184,049	178,112	128,974	115,972	124,638	119,225	170,780	161,411	
Capital outlay	13,695,602	10,211,687	12,091,531	4,455,146	6,069,584	4,196,151	2,268,257	5,063,077	4,853,492	7,942,434	
Debt service:											
Principal	7,344,000	7,035,000	7,020,000	7,355,000	6,815,000	5,530,000	6,360,000	6,440,000	5,860,000	5,115,000	
Interest	3,100,352	2,857,393	3,445,373	3,348,140	3,635,359	3,319,837	4,064,249	4,263,972	4,286,465	4,474,678	
Total Expenditures	320,328,829	307,401,332	301,019,189	284,617,071	279,223,088	269,556,942	265,637,800	261,004,360	263,607,134	261,460,877	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(13,869,030)	(11,413,697)	(13,666,949)	(2,230,546)	(252,796)	4,291,770	326,379	(3,033,949)	(5,573,720)	(11,940,616)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Issuance of debt	15,840,000	5,440,000	37,035,000		10,210,000		19,385,000	3,700,000		7,000,000	
Bond premium	590,103		2,573,150		111,906		1,066,929	91,420		73,734	
Transfers in	93,369,185	93,155,894	91,682,652	93,693,519	92,055,646	91,574,333	90,891,152	90,032,050	87,023,036	95,952,192	
Repayment of debt to escrow agent Transfers out	(93,369,185)	(93,174,794)	(23,862,607) (91,700,541)	(93,719,181)	(93,793,055)	(91,595,159)	(16,788,678) (90,914,969)	(90,740,684)	(87,023,036)	(95,952,192)	
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	16,430,103	5,421,100	15,727,654	(25,662)	8,584,497	(20,826)	3,639,434	3,082,786		7,073,734	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 2,561,073	<u>\$ (5,992,597)</u>	\$ 2,060,705	\$ (2,256,208)	<u>\$ 8,331,701</u>	\$ 4,270,944	\$ 3,965,813	\$ 48,837	\$ (5,573,720)	\$ (4,866,882)	
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	<u>3.4%</u>	<u>3.3%</u>	<u>3.7%</u>	<u>3.8%</u>	<u>3.9%</u>	<u>3.4%</u>	<u>4.0%</u>	<u>4.2%</u>	<u>3.9%</u>	<u>3.8%</u>	

(1) This schedule includes expenditures of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds.

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1) (UNAUDITED)

REAL PROPERTY					PERSONAL PROPERTY					то			
Year Ended June 30,	Assessed Value (1)	Direct Tax Rate	Commercial Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value (1)	Direct Tax Rate Tangible	Direct Tax Rate Motor Vehicle	Direct Tax Rate Inventory	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Total Assessed to Total Estimated Actual Value
2009	\$ 6,886,982,312	15	\$ 1,474,304,800	23	\$ 8,361,287,112	\$ 801,388,590	23	42	N/A	\$ 801,388,590	\$ 9,162,675,702	\$ 9,162,675,702	1.000
2010	\$ 5,670,869,300	19	\$ 1,352,953,200	29	\$ 7,023,822,500	\$ 754,417,429	29	42	N/A	\$ 754,417,429	\$ 7,778,239,929	\$ 7,778,239,929	1.000
2011	\$ 5,696,562,900	20	\$ 1,363,784,200	29	\$ 7,060,347,100	\$ 781,306,230	29	42	N/A	\$ 781,306,230	\$ 7,841,653,330	\$ 7,841,653,330	1.000
2012	\$ 5,712,462,800	20	\$ 1,361,533,300	30	\$ 7,073,996,100	\$ 778,330,466	30	42	N/A	\$ 778,330,466	\$ 7,852,326,566	\$ 7,852,326,566	1.000
2013	\$ 4,857,922,900	23	\$ 1,333,042,700	34	\$ 6,190,965,600	\$ 788,030,196	34	42	N/A	\$ 788,030,196	\$ 6,978,995,796	\$ 6,978,995,796	1.000
2014	\$ 4,868,431,400	23	\$ 1,329,501,500	34	\$ 6,197,932,900	\$ 786,121,128	34	42	N/A	\$ 786,121,128	\$ 6,984,054,028	\$ 6,984,054,028	1.000
2015	\$ 4,882,850,900	23	\$ 1,310,585,835	34	\$ 6,193,436,735	\$ 834,519,001	34	42	N/A	\$ 834,519,001	\$ 7,027,955,736	\$ 7,027,955,736	1.000
2016	\$ 5,127,157,200	22	\$ 1,331,450,700	34	\$ 6,458,607,900	\$ 844,756,803	34	42	N/A	\$ 844,756,803	\$ 7,303,364,703	\$ 7,303,364,703	1.000
2017	\$ 5,141,214,200	22	\$ 1,336,494,580	34	\$ 6,477,708,780	\$ 880,194,812	34	42	N/A	\$ 880,194,812	\$ 7,357,903,592	\$ 7,357,903,592	1.000
2018	\$ 5,159,551,900	23	\$ 1,361,761,380	34	\$ 6,521,313,280	\$ 838,596,912	34	42	N/A	\$ 838,596,912	\$ 7,359,910,192	\$ 7,359,910,192	1.000

(1) Gross amount is reflected without deduction for exemptions.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

		GRAND LIST YEAR						
			2018			2009		
Name	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage Net Taxable Grand List (1)	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage Net Taxable Grand List (2)	
Carpionato Alfred	Real Estate Management	\$ 117,278,696	1	1.59%	\$ 104,361,083	1	1.14%	
Gateway Woodside Inc.	Real Estate Management	98,347,477	3	1.34%	82,404,667	2	0.90%	
Picerne Properties	Real Estate Management	59,746,595	4	0.81%	63,468,482	3	0.69%	
National Grid (formerly Narragansett Electric/Prov. Gas)	Utility	116,114,925	2	1.58%	52,788,808	4	0.58%	
Brewery Parkade	Real Estate Management	35,670,866	5	0.48%	38,468,700	5	0.42%	
SMC Terraces (formerly Cranston Addison)	Real Estate Management	22,357,700	7	0.30%				
Swarovski American	Industrial Manufacturing	17,590,935	10	0.24%				
Cox Communications Inc.	Cable Communications	16,831,065	9	0.23%	21,702,766	8	0.24%	
Independence Way	Real Estate Management	19,686,500	8	0.27%	27,515,500	6	0.30%	
Lowes	Retail Hardware	14,650,951	11	0.20%	15,866,200	10	0.17%	
Calvi Realty Co., Inc.	Real Estate Management	14,197,352	12	0.19%				
Tasca Auto Group	Car Dealership	23,356,967	6	0.32%			0.00%	
BFMIT II Cranston LLC	Real Estate Management				23,770,330	7	0.26%	
Independence Park Property	Real Estate Management				18,842,000	9	0.21%	
TKG Cranston Development LLC	Retail	12,191,900	13	<u>0.17%</u>			0.00%	
TOTAL		\$ 568,021,929		<u>7.72%</u>	\$ 449,188,536		<u>4.91%</u>	

Source: Town Assessor Department.

(1) Based on a net taxable Grand List of \$7,359,910,192

(2) Based on a net taxable Grand List of \$9,162,675,702

TAX RATES, LEVIES AND CASH COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30,	Total Adjusted Tax Levy	Net Current Levy Tax Collections	Percentage of Current Taxes Collected	C	Net linquent Tax Collections ubsequent Years	Total Net Taxes Collected All Years	Percentage of Total Tax Collected to Total Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percentage of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
2009	\$ 153,150,874	\$ 151,086,526	98.7%	\$	1,386,786	\$ 152,473,312	99.6%		0.0%
2010	\$ 160,419,261	\$ 159,080,002	99.2%	\$	1,204,204	\$ 160,284,206	99.9%	527,816	0.3%
2011	\$ 175,003,222	\$ 171,899,372	98.2%	\$	1,637,939	\$ 173,537,311	99.2%	905,505	0.5%
2012	\$ 180,715,853	\$ 177,799,124	98.4%	\$	1,521,384	\$ 179,320,508	99.2%	802,577	0.4%
2013	\$ 181,367,888	\$ 178,631,631	98.5%	\$	1,271,653	\$ 179,903,284	99.2%	808,049	0.4%
2014	\$ 181,591,061	\$ 179,327,785	98.8%	\$	1,502,029	\$ 180,829,814	99.6%	803,885	0.4%
2015	\$ 182,559,745	\$ 180,321,237	98.8%	\$	953,236	\$ 181,274,473	99.3%	808,293	0.4%
2016	\$ 185,998,132	\$ 183,674,083	98.8%	\$	1,651,905	\$ 185,325,988	99.6%	720,435	0.4%
2017	\$ 188,071,063	\$ 185,964,064	98.9%	\$	1,173,074	\$ 187,137,138	99.5%	901,490	0.5%
2018	\$ 190,460,481	\$ 188,585,112	99.0%	\$		\$ 188,585,112	99.0%	2,243,743	1.2%
Source:	City's audit report	S.						<u>\$ 8,521,793</u>	

(1) This represents the City's mill rate per \$1,000 of taxable property.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						BUSINESS-TY	PE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	-	
Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Bond Premiums	Capital Leases	Certificates of Participation	Total	Bond Premiums	Certificates of Participation	RI Infrastructure Notes	Total	Total	Percentage of Personal Income	Debt Per Capita
2009	\$ 90,095,000	\$ 2,833,815	\$	\$ 2,860,000	\$ 95,788,815	\$	\$ 2,860,000	\$ 8,423,654	\$ 11,283,654	\$ 107,072,469	N/A	1,336
2010	\$ 84,585,000	\$ 2,661,842	\$	\$ 2,510,000	\$ 89,756,842	\$	\$ 2,510,000	\$ 8,467,917	\$ 10,977,917	\$ 100,734,759	N/A	1,253
2011	\$ 82,630,000	\$ 2,568,449	\$	\$ 1,725,000	\$ 86,923,449	\$	\$ 1,725,000	\$ 7,510,841	\$ 9,235,841	\$ 96,159,290	N/A	1,195
2012	\$ 80,515,000	\$ 3,459,476	\$	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 85,374,476	\$ 11,199	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 6,515,386	\$ 7,926,585	\$ 93,301,061	N/A	1,158
2013	\$ 74,320,000	\$ 3,178,199	\$	\$ 1,065,000	\$ 78,563,199	\$ 7,466	\$ 1,065,000	\$ 5,952,516	\$ 7,024,982	\$ 85,588,181	N/A	1,061
2014	\$ 78,060,000	\$ 3,048,679	\$	\$ 720,000	\$ 81,828,679	\$ 3,733	\$ 720,000	\$ 23,387,188	\$ 24,110,921	\$ 105,939,600	N/A	1,313
2015	\$ 71,060,000	\$ 2,758,348	\$	\$ 365,000	\$ 74,183,348	\$	\$ 365,000	\$ 22,818,364	\$ 23,183,364	\$ 97,366,712	N/A	1,207
2016	\$ 78,270,000	\$ 3,451,770	\$	\$	\$ 81,721,770	\$	\$	\$ 21,525,000	\$ 21,525,000	\$ 103,246,770	N/A	1,275
2017	\$ 73,475,000	\$ 3,076,397	\$ 3,200,000	\$	\$ 79,751,397	\$	\$	\$ 20,463,267	\$ 20,463,267	\$ 100,214,664	N/A	1,237
2018	\$ 71,131,000	\$ 3,158,949	\$ 2,780,000	\$	\$ 77,069,949	\$	\$	\$ 19,353,000	\$ 19,353,000	\$ 96,422,949	N/A	1,187

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

RATIOS OF GENERAL DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	 General Deb	t Outs	standing		
Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds		Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Debt Per Capita
2009	\$ 90,095,000	\$	90,095,000	0.98%	1,124
2010	\$ 84,585,000	\$	84,585,000	1.09%	1,052
2011	\$ 82,630,000	\$	82,630,000	1.05%	1,027
2012	\$ 80,515,000	\$	80,515,000	1.03%	999
2013	\$ 74,320,000	\$	74,320,000	1.06%	921
2014	\$ 78,060,000	\$	78,060,000	1.12%	967
2015	\$ 71,060,000	\$	71,060,000	1.01%	878
2016	\$ 78,270,000	\$	78,270,000	1.07%	967
2017	\$ 73,475,000	\$	73,475,000	1.00%	907
2018	\$ 71,131,000	\$	71,131,000	0.97%	876

NOTE: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial stater

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

Assessed value Less: exemptions	\$ 7,359,910,192 (267,162,116)
Net Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 7,092,748,076
Debt limit - 3 percent of total assessed value Amount of debt applicable to debt limit: Total bonded debt	\$ 212,782,442
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 212,782,442

Note The City has no debt issues outstanding under the Maximum Aggregate Indebtedness provision (3% Debt Limit) - Rhode Island General Law 45-12-2. All other City debt has been incurred through special statutory authority which consists of approval by the legislature and voter referendum.

The State Legislature may by special act permit the City to incur indebtedness in excess of the three percent (3%) limit in accordance with Rhode Island General Law 45-12-11. The City of Cranston has never requested authorization under the Authority for the issuance of Indebtedness Excess - Rhode Island General Law 45-12-11.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ended June 30,	Debt Limit	Арр	t Debt blicable Limit	Legal Debt Margin		
2009	\$ 258,941,444	\$		\$	258,941,444	
2010	\$ 219,211,804	\$		\$	219,211,804	
2011	\$ 227,144,751	\$		\$	227,144,751	
2012	\$ 227,602,133	\$		\$	227,602,133	
2013	\$ 202,307,525	\$		\$	202,307,525	
2014	\$ 202,495,272	\$		\$	202,495,272	
2015	\$ 203,692,047	\$		\$	203,692,047	
2016	\$ 211,558,045	\$		\$	211,558,045	
2017	\$ 213,378,825	\$		\$	213,378,825	
2018	\$ 212,782,442	\$		\$	212,782,442	

DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year Ended June 30,	(1) Population	(4) Personal Income	(1) er Capita ncome	(1) Median Age	Education Level in Years of Schooling	(2) School Enrollment	(3) Unemployment Percentage
2009	80,126	N/A	\$ 21,978	39	N/A	10,658	11.2%
2010	80,387	N/A	\$ 21,978	39	N/A	10,744	11.7%
2011	80,450	N/A	\$ 25,653	39	N/A	10,735	10.6%
2012	80,571	N/A	\$ 28,496	39	N/A	10,685	10.4%
2013	80,701	N/A	\$ 28,496	39	N/A	10,559	9.3%
2014	80,696	N/A	\$ 29,218	41	N/A	10,374	7.3%
2015	80,972	N/A	\$ 29,218	41	N/A	10,271	6.0%
2016	81,014	N/A	\$ 29,878	40	N/A	10,443	5.1%
2017	81,034	N/A	\$ 30,553	41	N/A	10,417	4.1%
2018	81,202	N/A	\$ 30,553	41	N/A	10,365	3.7%

(1) Figures obtained from the Rhode Island Census Data Center derived from the 2006, 2010 and estimated 2017 census data.

(2) Cranston School Department

(3) Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training (as of June 30th).

(4) N/A - Information not available

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

		2018			2009		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	
State of Rhode Island	5,500	1	14.71%	3,927	1	11.24%	
City of Cranston	2,419	2	6.47%	2,513	2	7.20%	
Citizens Bank			0.00%	1,601	3	4.58%	
Tasca Motor Group	391	5	1.05%				
Walmart	320	9	0.86%				
Taco, Inc.	377	6	1.01%	395	5	1.13%	
CranstonARC			0.00%	400	4	1.15%	
Thielsch Engineering	372	7	0.99%				
Swarovski Consumer Goods Ltd.	300	10	0.80%	300	7	0.86%	
The Stop & Shop Co., Inc.	425	4	1.14%	280	9	0.80%	
Ross-Simons of Warwick				264	10	0.76%	
U.S. Security Associates				300	8	0.86%	
Access Point RI	503	3				0.00%	
Falvey Linen	325	8					
North Safety Products				314	6	0.90%	
Total	10,932		27.03%	10,294		29.48%	

SOURCE: State Department of Labor (1) Based on 6/30/17 total City employment of 37,389 (2) Based on 6/30/08 total City employment of 34,925

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FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
Function/Program	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
General Government										
Mayor	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	7
Department of Personnel	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	2
City Clerk	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8	8
Municipal Court	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3
Board of Canvassers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
City Planning		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5
Economic Development		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finance		3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
Division of Accounting & Control		5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Division of Assessment		6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	8
Division of Contracts & Purchasing .	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	4	4
Information Technology		6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8	8
Division of Treasury & Collection	7	6	6	6	7	6	6	6	6	6
Police										
Officers	153	153	153	151	152	150	143	140	153	153
Civilians	27	27	26	26	26	25	25	25	26	29
Animal Control	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5
Fire										
Chief	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Uniformed	194	194	194	193	197	178	178	181	200	200
Civilians	15	15	15	15	16	16	16	16	7	7
Inspections	11	11	10	12	12	11	12	12	14	16
Public Works										
Administration	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	4	4
Engineering	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0
Highway		39	39	38	39	39	38	38	41	44
Building		23	23	23	24	24	24	24	26	26
Fleet Management	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Refuse Removal	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Traffic Safety		1	1	0	1	1	3	3	4	0
Parks and Recreation	21	20	20	20	20	20	20	19	20	21
Public Libraries	32	32	32	32	32	31	32	30	32	32
Senior Services	25	24	24	24	22	23	23	23	30	32
Community Development	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4
Other	9	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Education	1,534	1,527	1,462	1,442	1,437	1,431	1,461	1,528	1,523	1,570
Total	2,165	2,152	2,085	2,063	2,065	2,033	2,060	2,123	2,173	2,226

SOURCE: City Budget

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/ PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

				Fi	scal Year Ei	nded June 3	0											
Function/Program	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009								
Governmental Activities																		
Public Safety																		
Fire:																		
Total incidents	15,572	15,311	14,203	7,497	12,614	6,859	14,717	14,407	15,111	14,065								
Rescue/medical calls	10,247	10,048	9,349	5,466	8,438	5,116	11,327	10,067	9,976	8,965								
Rescue/non-medical calls	5,325	5,263	4,854	2,031	4,176	1,743	3,390	4,340	5,135	5,100								
Fire hydrants	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,922								
Police:																		
Number of calls	83,970	81,239	78,896	65,422	66,243	67,937	66,542	66,030	68,620	65,814								
Total 911 calls received	6,112	8,864	5,646	5,120	5,327	5,227	5,105	4,786	5,156	5,554								
Formal investigations	22,128	23,312	20,039	17,075	16,097	15,150	14,706	14,923	15,920	16,717								
City Clerk																		
Number of documents recorded	15,226	15,267	15,036	14,513	15,036	16,381	14,529	14,793	15,683	15,726								
Health and Welfare																		
Number of food service facilities inspections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A								
New homes built	33	49	64	20	41	37	26	34	52	N/A								
Land Use																		
Total subdivisions approved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A								
Total commercial applications approved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A								
Building Permits	1,890	1,747	1,864	26	48	41	28	39	58	38								
Public Works																		
Highway department:																		
Streets (miles):																		
Paved City roads	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	317								
Paved State roads	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69								
Private roads	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5								
Roads under construction (maintained																		
by City	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A								
Sidewalks (miles)	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64								
Education																		
Enrollment:																		
High School Grades 9-12	3,319	3,356	3,279	3,213	3,223	3,303	3,504	3,580	3,551	3,478								
Middle School Grades 6-8	2,478	2,467	1,695	1,661	1,486	1,637	1,482	1,579	1,637	1,713								
Elementary Schools Grades K-5		4,594	5,469	5,397	5,665	5,619	5,699	5,576	5,556	5,467								
	10,365	10,417	10,443	10,271	10,374	10,559	10,685	10,735	10,744	10,658								

Business-Type Activities

SOURCES: Various City Departments

(1) Information not available due to the construction and consolidation of schools and related grade levels.

N/A - Information not available

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS (UNAUDITED)

-	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
Function/Program	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Governmental Activities										
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage (includes all open space)										
Parks and Public Squares	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Marinas	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Playgrounds	35	36	36	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Walking tracks	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Basketball courts	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Tennis courts	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Baseball fields	28	28	28	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Softball fields	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Other fields	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Ice Rink	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Swimming Pool	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Stadium and Field House	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety										
Fire Stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Fire alarm boxes	47	47	120	149	149	149	149	149	149	149
Fire hydrants	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,922	1,922	1,922	1,921	1,922
Police department:										
Stations	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Animal Control Building	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Highway department:										
Streets (miles)	324	324	324	324	324	324	315	315	315	315
Sidewalks (miles)	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64
Public Libraries										
Number of branches	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Education										
Number of High Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of Middle Schools	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of Elementary Schools	16	16	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Number of Charter Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Adult Education Buildings	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Senior Services										
Senior Citizens Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Development										
Number of loans issued	22	34	24	28	23	27	30	41	53	15
Business-Type Activities										
Sewer Fund										
Sewer mains (miles)	263	263	263	263	263	263	250	250	250	245
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)		20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200	20,200
Sewerage Disposal Plant	, 1	່ 1	[′] 1	1	[′] 1	1	່ 1	່ 1	່ 1	1
Pumping Stations	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons) Sewerage Disposal Plant	20,200 1	20,200 1	20,200 1	20,200 1	20,200 1	20,200 1	20,200 1	20,200 1	20,200 1	20,200 1

SOURCES: Various City Departments

N/A - Information not available